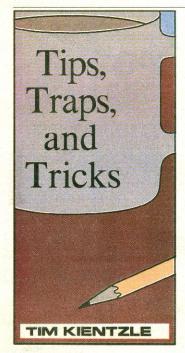
THE COLOR COMPUTER MONTHLY MAGAZINE

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Playing the Odds

This is the first installment of a column directed toward intermediate programmers. As you gain experience and begin to tackle larger programming projects, there are a number of problems and issues you'll have to solve. My goal then is to discuss these issues, which often arise when writing larger, more complex programs. I also hope to point out some common strategies for dealing with problems.

Although much of the discussion in this column will tend to be aimed at programmers working with C or assembly language, the same issues arise in BASIC and many other languages. Hopefully the techniques presented here will be useful to you as well. In addition, beginning and advanced users should find food for thought here.

To start, let's take a look at a topic that many people programming in BASIC and C take for granted (and that many assembly-language programmers consider quite mysterious): random numbers. As it turns out, generating random numbers need not be mysterious at all. But it should be taken seriously.

What are Random Numbers?

The longer you think about the subject

of random numbers, the more complex it becomes. Let's clarify what we mean by random numbers. It should be apparent that no computer program can generate truly random numbers, since anyone who knows the method being used can (at least in theory) predict the exact sequence of "random" numbers. For this reason, we should really be referring to such numbers as pseudo-random numbers.

It should also be apparent that the random properties we want are actually properties of the sequence of numbers, not of any one number itself. So when we attempt to generate "good" pseudo-random numbers, we should think of a list of consecutive numbers produced by our method, and consider properties this list of numbers should have. Some of these include:

www Uniform Distribution — this is really just a fancy way of saying that no 2number should appear much more often than any other (i.e., the list shouldn't be "loaded"). www Long Cycle — it isn't hard to prove that any reasonable method will eventually repeat itself. Ideally, this should only happen after a very long time,

Uncorrelated—this means that there should be no apparent connection between one number and the next. As an example, if our pseudo-random number generator just returns 1, 2, 3, 4, etc., then it does satisfy our first two conditions but still can't be considered very random.

The last of these three requirements is by far the most technical, requiring a strong knowledge of statistics to analyze. Most supposed random-number generators fail the second requirement. Odds are that if you write a pseudo-random number generator without a good theoretical understanding, the sequence you get will eventually settle into a very short cycle. Clearly, the numbers 2, 27, 342, 2, 27, 342, 2, 27, 342, etc., cannot be considered random.

The point of all this is that you shouldn't try developing your own method of generating random numbers unless you really know what you're doing. In *The Art of Computer Programming*, Donald Knuth summarizes this by emphasizing that "random numbers should not be generated with a method chosen at random." A specific example of this trap is when people try to make numbers *more* random by randomly listing a bunch of numbers. Such efforts are almost always counterproductive, resulting in a less random sequence that takes longer to generate.

So How Do You Do It?

Despite the theoretical complexity, there

are several highly effective means of generating random numbers. These techniques have been extensively analyzed, are known to produce good results and are quite easy to program. The simplest is the *linear congruential* generator, which we'll look at here. This routine typically requires only one multiplication and one addition for each new number. To implement this using 16-bit arithmetic, we start with a seed number, then generate the next random number in the sequence using

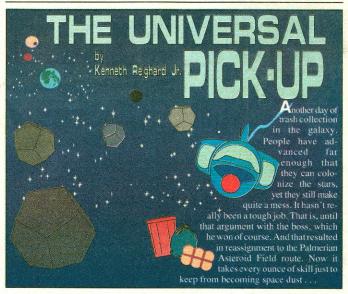
seed = (13849 * seed + 25173) mod 65536

Notice that the mod 65536 part simply becomes "ignore the overflow" if we're using 16-bit arithmetic. The two values 13849 and 25173 are not chosen at random; they satisfy a number of requirements that help guarantee the resulting sequence will have appropriate properties. Despite the simplicity of this method, it performs quite well and should be more than adequate for all but the most sophisticated statistical applications.

In 6809 assembly language, the linear congruential method can be implemented by setting aside a two-byte value for the seed, then using the subroutine rand shown in Figure 1. If you don't have much experience working with multiple-precision multi-

SEE ODDS ON PAGE 16

Feature Program



SEE PICK-UP ON PAGE 10

In this issues		Sketch in ASCII	
In this issue:		by Michael Gochoco	13
		Sort With BASIC09	
		by Ken Kobes	4
Add Program Headers	XIII CONTRACTOR	Tips, Tricks and Traps	en e
by Pete Blackwell	12	by Tim Kientzle	_ 1
Back Issue Information	11	Track Car Repairs	
CoCo Consultations		by David Polonsky	6
by Marty Goodman	7	Word Processor Database	
Delphi Bureau		by Keiran Kenny	6
by Eddie Kuns	13	Zippy Animation in BASIC?	
Inter-Planetary Trash		by Joseph Pendell	3
by Kenneth Reighard Jr.	1		
Letters to Rainbow	2	Product Reviews:	
Molecular Mass		The CoCo Collection	
by Kevin Speight	16	from Sheldon Parsons	10
OS-9 BBS Database		CoCo Font Pro	TA
by Phil Scherer	17		
Received and Certified	11	from Color Computing	16
See What You Delete		PAGE 13	V
by Geoff Friesen	12		
by Geogj Priesen	12		1

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LETTERS

Kudos

Editor:

Well, it's time to renew my subscription to THE RAINBOW, and it's the only bill I don't mind paying. It may be true that the number of pages in THE RAINBOW has decreased, but I believe the quality of the content has steadily increased.

Perry Friesen Box 1743 High Level, AB T0H 1Z0 Canada

Thanks! We needed that.

Looking for a Source

Editor.

I have a 128K Color Computer 3 with a CM-8 monitor, a single-drive FD-502, a DMP-132 printer and a CCR-81. Could you please send me a list or catalog with all of your software and equipment for the Color Computer 3?

James Kinney 731 St. Martin Cahokia, IL 62206

THE RAINBOW is the catalog, of sorts, for Color Computer hardware and software. If you see something you want, you simply contact the specific advertisers offering that item. We know of no other "catalog" for CoCo products.

The Compleat CoCo 3 Manual? Editor:

I am looking for a complete, detailed, yet easy-to-understand manual explaining the CoCo 3. Ineed a simple guide telling me just what this computer will and won't do, and what it can and can't be connected to. Please tell me where I can write to order such a book.

R. Melanson 71½ Mecklenburg St. John, NB E2L 1P9 Canada

To the best of our knowledge, there is no single complete guide to using the CoCo 3. The manual that comes with the computer provides all you need to know about its general use (connecting it to a television or monitor, running programs, etc.). The biggest resource available for your Color Computer is back issues of THE RAINBOW. Here you will find hints, in-depth articles, programs, answers to technical questions and more. January back issues usually follow a "beginner" theme and include several how-to articles you might find helpful.

How 'bout It, Folks?

Editor:

I enjoy reading THE RAINBOW and look forward each month to receiving the new issue. I have been a subscriber since January 1987, and many articles in the magazine have been "launching pads" for programs I have written.

A few months ago I purchased OS-9 Level II. Shortly after that I upgraded to 512K RAM and added a second disk drive. Since then I have entered nearly all the OS-9 programs I have found. There are, however, some noteworthy utilities that I cannot enter because OS-9 Level II does not come with an assembler. Three that come to

mind are *Dsort* (March 1988, Page 186), *Nice* (March 1990, Page 96) and *Find* (March 1992, Page 27). Would it be possible to print an article in your magazine that presented these programs in the form of BASICO9 programs that generate the executable files (i.e., MakeDsort, MakeNice and MakeFind)?

I realize that space is at a premium in THE RAINBOW. However, there would be no need to include explanations for the listings. Simply provide references back to the issues in which the orginal programs appeared. I am sure there are many readers who, like me, would be grateful for these and other programs they could enter and use.

Clinton Huber 2727 Neff Road East Regina, SK S4V 1X7 Canada

Wants Astronomy and Ham Software

Editor:

I am new to the Color Computer world and have just bought a 512K CoCo 3, two disk drives, two RGB monitors, two printers, and a bunch of software. I also have a 128K CoCo 3 and a 64K CoCo 2.

I am looking for programs dealing with the subjects of astronomy and amateur radio. I know there are many of these types of programs for the IBM and also the Macintosh, but I haven't been able to find anything for the CoCo.

I also have back issues for 10 years of THE RAINBOW. I have read them but didn't find anything that would help me. Perhaps another RAINBOW reader can help me?

Bud Helck 1127 Perry Avenue Bremerton, WA 98310

Needs More Spreadsheet Power

Editor

I have been a subscriber to THERAINBOW for many years, and I own quite a bit of software that I have purchased for my CoCo 2 and CoCo 3 through ads in your magazine.

I am the treasurer for an investment club, and I use VIP Calc to create all my financial reports. However, this is a very troublesome process. Can anyone recommend a higher-performance spreadsheet for the CoCo?

I also bought OS-9 Level II, and I have not been able to work with it.

Ghislain Renaud 640, rang des Sables Chabord, PQ GOW 1G0 Canada

In terms of features, VIP Calc supports most of those available with any other Color Computer spreadsheet program (though the graphics-screen update is a bit slow). Given more information about your exact needs and what the problem is, perhaps we (or a reader) could offer helpful suggestions for reducing the trouble you are encountering.

Wants a Standard Environment

Editor:

I want to use the env.file that comes with Multi-Vue on some of my custom system-masters disks. How can I be sure the env.file is being read? Would adding something to my startup file help?

Ernest Bazzinotti, Jr. 91 Huggins Road Rockland, MA 02370

Multi-Vue includes a built-in routine that reads the environment file when you start Multi-Vue. This is not part of the OS-9 systemitself; OS-9 does not provide support for an environment setup of this nature. This cannot be changed simply by installing a call to env. file in your startup file. On the other hand, OS-9 automatically knows how much memory you have, and drivers are loaded for all the disk drives and other devices. Specific changes (e.g., selecting an RGB monitor instead of composite) are handled through external commands.

Going Once, Going Twice . . .

Editor:

I have an extra FD-502 disk system (without cable) that I am willing to part with if anyone needs one. I'm making it available as separate parts (drive, case and power supply, and controller).

I'm also forming a CoCo users group in the Pottstown/Allentown/Reading area. All you need to join is a CoCo, one program to contribute to the library, and an intense interest in the CoCo Community.

Ryan Boughter 176 Henry Road Barto, PA 19504

See the letter from Adam Tiday in this issue. He is trying to locate a new drive system, and perhaps you could help him out.

Needs a New Drive

Editor:

My FD-502 disk drive is no longer working. I'm looking for a new one, but I'm having a lot of trouble finding a seller. Can you help?

I'm also looking for the Peeks, Pokes'n Execs series of books from Microcom Software (mentioned in the August 1991 issue, Page 13). Could you tell me where and for how much I could get them?

Adam Tiday 499 Hill Top Road York Springs, PA 17372

Adam, see the letter from Ryan Boughter in this issue for information on a replacement disk-drive system. As best we can tell, no vendors are currently selling the Peeks, Pokes 'n Execs series from Microcom.

Where's the Memory?

Editor:

Does anyone make (or have plans to do so) a memory-expansion board for the CoCo 3 that uses the 256K SIMMS Macintosh users are discarding in droves as they upgrade to 4MB and beyond? It seems to me a perfect opportunity for someone to develop such a board that takes advantage of these relatively inexpensive 256KB and/or 1MB SIMMS. If anyone has information on this subject, please contact me at the address below.

It also saddened me to learn THE RAIN-BOW is now available by subscription only. For some time I have purchased the first copy available at my newsstand. It looks like I'll have to get a gift subscription for my brother-in-law (he bought my CoCo 3 when I defected to the Macintosh world). My kids still have a CoCo 2, and one of my coworkers bought my venerable CoCo I. In addition, my daughter loves the GUI that TCE's Child Writer uses.

Alan Routier 4766 Weaver Avenue Indianapolis, IN 46227

THE RAINBOW welcomes letters to the editor. Mail should be addressed to: Letters to Rainbow, The Falsoft Building, 9509 U.S. Hwy 42, P.O. Box 385, Prospect, KY 40059 Letters should include the writer's full name and address, Letters may be edited for clarity or to conserve space.

serve space.

Letters to the editor may also be sent to us through our Delphi CoCo SIG. From the CoCo SIG> prompt, enter RAI to get to the Rainbow Magazine Services area of the SIG. At the RAINBOW> prompt, enter LET to reach the LETTERS> prompt, then select Letters for Publication. Be sure to include your complete name and address.

Feature Program

Lippy Animation n BASIC? by Joseph Pendell

I've always wanted to use 3-D rotating graphics programs but found them too complicated; it sometimes seems that you need a doctorate to figure out what numbers to enter in order to generate the graphics. I decided it was time to make things simpler, so I wrote I-Spin. After you enter the program and run it, you'll see a large letter I spinning in the center of the screen; and you don't have to enter any numbers to get it to work

When I was considering how to approach writing I-Spin, I at first thought it would be next to impossible to create rotating graphics with BASIC. After all, there are a lot of calculations to perform for each movement the figure makes. So I designed I-Spin to take care of all the calculations beforehand. During the display part of the program, the only job the computer has to perform is that of drawing the graphics images.

Program Notes

Line 270 contains six pairs of x and y values, corresponding to points in Cartesian coordinates. These coordinates define the endpoints of the lines required to draw a capital letter I. Lines 120 through 250 read these data points, converting them to polar

coordinates. This is done to simplify rotation of the image.

Once the coordinates are in polar form, the points are transformed back into Cartesian coordinates; however, the values of their angles are changed, thus producing rotated coordinates. The new points are then stored in two-dimensional arrays, X and Y (lines 260 through 400). Each of these arrays has two indices, the first of which determines which of the 64 rotations (see Line 30) the figure is in. The second index differentiates between the six line endpoints.

Enough with the technical stuff --- here are some practical ways to modify I-Spin. Consider using the high-speed poke (POKE 65497,0 for the CoCo 3, POKE 65495,0 for the CoCo 1 or 2). While the movement is already pretty quick, it is amazing to see this BASIC rotation at high-speed. Don't forget to slow the computer down, however, before any disk or tape I/O (POKE 65496,0 for the CoCo 3, POKE 65494,0 for the CoCo 1 or 2).

Another simple modification is to change the figure size. To do this, change the value 5 in Line 100.

As written, the figure rotates in the

counter-clockwise direction. To make it turn clockwise, change Line 470 to

470 FOR I=RFS-1 TO 1 STEP -.1

Let's change the figure. To see a rotating triangle instead of the letter I, make the following line changes:

40 NUMPOINTS=3

270 DATA 0,15,-10,-15,10,-15

500 LINE(X(I,1),Y(I,1))-(X(I,2), Y(I,2)), PSET

510 LINE-(X(I.3),Y(I.3)).PSET

520 LINE-(X(I.1),Y(I.1)).PSET

For another quick modification, try changing Line 480 to

480 C=C+1:IF C=16 THEN C=0:PCLS

There are several other changes I've

experimented with. For instance, to get the fastest rotation possible, use PMODE 0 instead of PMODE 1. You'll lose some of the resolution, but it'll move quicker. Or rewrite the data to draw a clock hand. You could even carry this to the point of creating your own CoCo grandfather clock. A final suggestion is to make the center of the rotating object move, producing a rolling effect. It will take some work, but it can be done, and the effect is well worth the

Joseph Pendell has a degree in electrical engineering from the University of Maryland. In addition to programming the Color Computer, Joseph enjoys using the Macintosh. His hobbies include riding skateboards and playing Super Nintendo.

CoCo 3

9

The Listing: ISPIN

'I-SPIN 'BY JOSEPH PENDELL

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3Ø RES=64

30 KES=04 40 NUMPOINTS=6 50 DIM R(NUMPOINTS) 60 DIM TH(NUMPOINTS) 70 DIM X(RES, NUMPOINTS) 80 DIM Y(RES, NUMPOINTS) 90 PI=2*ATN(1E10)

'GET COORDINATES AND MAKE PO

FOR I=1 TO NUMPOINTS

READ X.Y

130 READ X,Y
140 R(I)—MOU*SOR(X*X+Y*Y)
150 IF X<>0 THEN 210
160 'SPECIAL CASE ANGLES
170 IF Y=0 THEN TH(I)=0
180 IF Y>0 THEN TH(I)=1/2
190 IF Y<0 THEN TH(I)=3*PI/2
200 COTO 250

200 GOTO 250 210 TH(I)=ATN(Y/X)

220 'ACCOUNT FOR DIFFERENT QUADR

230 IF X<0 THEN TH(I)=TH(I)+PI 240 IF X>0 AND Y<0 THEN TH(I)=TH (I)+2*PI

250 NEXT 260 'X.Y COORDINATES FOR ROTATIN

270 DATA -10,15,10,15,-10,-15,10

15,0,15,0,-15

290 PRINT@0,"SETTING UP GRAPHICS

300 INC=2*PI/RES BASE=Ø

'CALCULATE POINTS FOR ROTATE

D FIGURE 330 FOR DANGLE=0 TO 2*PI STEP IN 34Ø FOR I=1 TO NUMPOINTS 35Ø X(BASE,I)=128+R(I)*COS(TH(I) 360 Y(BASE,I)=96-R(I)*SIN(TH(I)+ DANGLE) 370 PRINT"."; 380 NEXT I 390 BASE=BASE+1 400 NEXT DANGLE 410 'START THE SHOW! 420 PMODE 1.1 440 SCREEN 1,0 450 PMODE 1.3 460 FOR J=1 TO 4 470 FOR I=0 TO RES-1 STEP J 480 PCLS 'CONNECT POINTS 500 LINE(X(I,1),Y(I,1))-(X(I,2), Y(I,2)), PSET 510 LINE(X(I,3), Y(I,3))-(X(I,4), 520 LINE(X(I.5),Y(I.5))-(X(I.6), Y(I,6)), PSET 53Ø PCOPY 3 TO 1 54Ø PCOPY 4 TO 2 550 NEXT I 560 NEXT J 57Ø GOTO 46Ø



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4 October 1992 THE RAINBOW

Feature Program

Sort Directories with BASICO9

sometimes find it hard to keep up with my OS-9 directories since entries are never in alphabetical order. In short directories this isn't a big problem, but in directories with many entries ... well, confusion reigns. Having seen a directory-sorting utility on my father's PC compatible, I decided to write one for the CoCo using BASIC09 — SortDir is the result.

Flow for the program is fairly straightforward: read the directory entries, sort them and rewrite them. The source code shown in the listing is commented to give some guidance.

Using SortDir is easy: Get BASIC09 running, enter and save the source code (or load it from disk if you've already entered it), then run it. SortDir prompts you for the path to the directory you want sorted. Once you enter this, the program goes to work.

Alternatively, to have *SortDir* ready all the time, pack it into the CMDS directory. Then you can enter sortdir at the OS-9 prompt (make sure runb is also in the current execution directory).

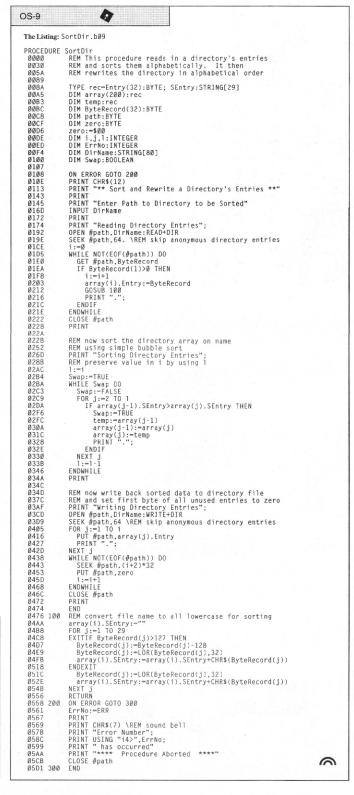
As written, SortDir sorts directories after temporarily converting all entries to lowercase. If you follow the standard OS-9 practice of naming subdirectories in uppercase and files in lowercase, you'll find directories intermingled with files instead of all bubbled to the top of the directory listing after you run SortDir. To change this, remove the two lines containing LOR statements at offsets \$04E9 and \$051C in the listing. The best way to do this is to change them to remark statements.

I believe you'll find this little utility is a big help when it comes to organizing your OS-9 disk files. I know I do!

Ken Kobes enjoys using the OS-9 operating system and programming his Color Computer in BASICO9. He can be contacted at 1107 Bingham Avenue, Sault St. Marie, MI 49783. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.

NEW PRODUCT

Delmar Company recently announced the release of *DataDex* by J. Stephen Carville. This free-form data-management program for the OS-9/68000 operating system is designed to keep records in much the same way as a 3"-by-5" card file. *DataDex* does not require that users learn a database programming language. For more information, contact Delmar Company at P.O. Box 78, Middletown, DE 19709. (302) 378-2555.



Reviewer Information

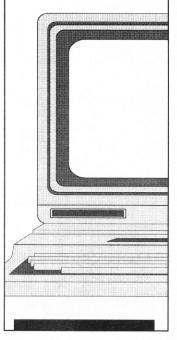
In order to continue to bring Tandy Color Computer users all the best information about new hardware and software products each month, we are constantly looking for new people to join our independent review staff. Therefore, we invite you to join THE RAINBOW's elite fleet of reviewers

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Send us a cover letter with your name, address, occupation, list of equipment, areas of general interests, and a sample review of a CoCo product you are currently using. We look forward to your response. After all, we already see you have the best taste in computers.

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October 1992 THE RAINBOW

Feature Program

by David Polonsky

Track Auto Repairs the Easy Way

ar Log is a CoCo 3 filing system designed to help you keep track of repairs made on your automobiles. It works in the same fashion as all the Versabase filers I presented in the February 1992 issue of THE RAINBOW ("Versabase, Page 10).

Car Log allows you to record which car was serviced, the mileage at the time of service, the type of work done, where the car was serviced, the date and the cost. As with the earlier Versabase filers, you can keep a separate database for each car you own, or store all the information in one file.

Car Log requires a CoCo 3 and a disk drive. You'll also need to have entered one of the Versabase filers from the February 1992 article. To get the program running, first enter the listing as shown, then save it to disk in ASCII format (SAVE "CARLOG", A).

Now, load one of the original Versabase programs into memory, then merge Car Log by entering

MERGE "CARLOG"

After the program has been merged, simply save it to disk. I chose to switch disks and use the same program name (CARLOG). However, you could also save it with a different name, such as AUTOLOG. Now run the program and start entering data. [Editor's Note: For convenience, Car Log is provided as a ready-to-run program on this month's RAINBOW ON TAPE/DISK. Tape and Disk subscribers won't need to merge the program before running it. However, tape users will need to copy the program to disk

Once merged, Car Log is a complete

filing system. The program is relatively user-friendly, so I won't go into detail on its operation. Refer to the February issue for specific points of operation.



David Polonsky is currently on disability retirement from a position as a special education teacher. Most of the programs he has written were originally designed to assist his students. He cn be contacted at 4 Tudor Court, Apt. 15, 800 N. Broad Street, Elizabeth, NJ 07208, (908) 352-8931. Please include an SASE when requesting a

Feature Program

Use a ORD PROCESSOR

by Keiran Kenny

fter recently spending many weary hours searching for certain files in my disordered disk collection, I decided to organ-

ize things. I wrote Directory Saver as a means to this end.

Directory Saver is a simple BASIC program that reads the directory from the disk in Drive 0 and saves the directory information in ASCII form on that disk. The data is saved with the filename DIRFILES.DAT. Once you have run Directory Saver, you can load this data file into a word processor for editing and storage.

Before saving the directory information, Directory Saver asks you for a disk number. Simply assign a unique number to each of your disks before running the program, then enter the appropriate number at this

After you have run all your disks through

Directory Saver, boot your word processor. At this point, load the file DIRFILES.DAT from each disk, storing them in the word processor's buffer one after another. (Hint: It might make it easier later if you load these text files in order.) Notice that Directory Saver is designed to add spaces, formatting the ASCII data for 80 columns. If you don't have 80-column capability with your wordprocessor, you can either modify the program or edit the spaces once the data file is loaded. When I had all my files loaded into the word processor, I saved them together in one file named DSKFILES. I can load it anytime to find out what is on each disk or on which disk a specific file is located, using my word processor's Find (search)

When I want to change the file record for a disk on which I have added or deleted files, I just run Directory Saver again. After this, I append the file to my DSKFILES file as before. Finally, to keep things neat, I delete the old record and use the word processor's Move function to relocate the new directory information. Note that this isn't strictly necessary; it just helps to keep things in order.

Word processors make excellent filing programs for storing just about any information in text form. As a freelance writer, I need to keep research material and references on a variety of topics. With Telewriter-128 I have more than 48K of memory available for each topic. When I want to find a "record" in these files. I use the Find function: it's faster than the fastest-stenping disk databases.

Keiran Kenny's interests lie mainly with the Color Computer's graphics and math capabilities. But in his own words. "I like to try everything." He may be contacted at van Montfoortlaan 31,2596 SP The Hague, Holland. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.

CoCo 3 Disk



The Listing: CARLOG

0440 LOCATE15,5:LINEINPUT C\$ 450 IF LEN(C\$)>10 THEN LOCATE15, 5:PRINTSTRING\$(60,32):GOSUB1200: LY-5:AY-4:PL-16:GOSUB1230:GOTO44

04 460 LOCATE15,7:LINEINPUT T\$ 470 IF LEN(T\$)>30 THEN LOCATE15, 7:PRINTSTRING\$(60,32):GOSUB1200: LY-7:AY-2:PL-16:GOSUB1230:GOTO46

00 500 LOCATE15,11:LINEINPUT X\$ 510 IF LEN(X\$)>9 THEN LOCATE15,1 1:PRINTSTRING\$(60,32):GOSUB1200: LY-11:AY-7:PL-9:GOSUB1230:GOTO50

0 520 LOCATE15,13:LINEINPUT Z\$ 530 IF LEN(Z\$)>10 THEN LOCATE15 13:PRINTSTRING\$(60,32):GOSUB1200 LY=13:AY=1:PL=8:G0SUB1230:G0T05

:LY-13:AY-1:PL=8:BUSUBLESS
20
600 LOCATE6, 2:ATTR1.0:PRINT"AUTO
MOBILE LOG #"PT::ATTR0, 0
610 LOCATE9, 4
620 PRINT" CAR:
".NMS(PT)
630 PRINT" MILEAGE:
";ADS(PT)
640 PRINT" TYPE OF REPAIR:
":CTS(PT)
650 PRINT" WHERE:
";STS(PT) DATE OF REPAIR :

";ST\$(PT) 660 PRINT" ";BB\$(PT) 670 PRINT" COST :

1032 PRINT#-2,CHR\$(27);CHR\$(15) 1040 PRINT#-2,CHR\$(27);CHR\$(31); CHR\$(27);CHR\$(20);CHR\$(15):PRINT #-2,"NO. CAR MILEAGE OF REPAIR DATE OF REPAIR

DATE OF REPAIR COST
":PRINT#-2,""
1051 FORI-1TONE:PRINT#-2,USING"# % %

% % % % % % % (I);CT\$([);ST\$([);BB\$([);DP*([);DP*([

16K Extended The Listing: DIRSAVER

'DIRECTORY SAVER
'BY KEIRAN KENNY
'COPYRIGHT (C) 1992
'BY FALSOFT, INC.

3 'CDPYNIGH' (C) 1992'
4 'BY FALSOFT, INC.
5 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE
10 CLS:CLEARIDOD
20 PRINT@224, "INSERT DISK - PRES
S ANY KEY"
30 EXEC44539:CLS:PRINT@192
40 INPUT"DISK NO:":DN\$
50 DN\$="0ISK NO:":DN\$
60 OPEN"O".#1, "DIRFILES"
70 PRINT#1, DN\$
80 FORX—37011
90 DSK1\$0,17, X, A\$, B\$
100 C\$=A\$+LEFT\$(B\$, 127)
110 NAM\$(0)—LEFT\$(C\$, 8)

EXT\$(0)-MID\$(C\$,9,3) FORN-1T07 NAM\$(N)-MID\$(C\$,N*32+1,8) EXT\$(N)-MID\$(C\$,9+N*32,3) 150 EXIS(N)=M1DS(C\$,9+N*32,3)
160 NEXTN
170 FORN=0TO 7
180 IFLEFT\$(NAM\$(N),1)=CHR\$(255)
THEN210ELSEIFLEFT\$(NAM\$(N),1)=CH
R\$(0)THEN190ELSEPRINT#1,NAM\$(N)+
"/"+EXI3(N), 190 NEXTN 200 NEXTX 210 CLOSE#1 220 END





THE RAINBOW October 1992



MARTY GOODMAN

Easy 6309 Upgrades

Is there any easier way to replace a bad 68B09E with a good one (or to replace a 68B09E with a Hitachi 63B09E) than de-soldering the chip? Also, what have you heard concerning assemblers for use with the extended instruction set in the Hitachi 63B09E?

Dennis McMillan (COCOKIWI) Pittsburg, California

Chris Burke, developer of the Power-Boost software that takes advantage of the extra power of the 6309 and applies it to OS-9, has come up with a clever means of replacing the microprocessor in a Color Computer that does not require desoldering the old 68B09E chip. This works well in computers with working 68B09E chips where you want to add, switchably, a 6309. It is a very clever approach.

I'm not sure I can recommend this approach, though, in cases where the 68B09E is blown out because it's possible that the CPU was damaged in such a way that this technique will not work. Indeed, in cases where one has done this technique and has later fried the processor by jiggling or removing a Multi-Pak Interface or card with the power on, I would tend to recommend that any repair involve completely desoldering the original chip — just to get it out of the picture entirely. What follows is Chris Burke's procedure for adding a 63B09E. I must again emphasize that while this approach will work if you start with a working computer, I am concerned that you may have to rip out the entire modification and do a proper, complete replacement of the 68B09E if you ever blow out your computer.

- Cut Pin 39 (TSC) on the 6809, leaving a small piece sticking out of the processor so you can solder to it.
- Cut off pins 5, 6, 33, 36 and 38 from a 40pin IC socket. Bend out Pin 39 so you can solder to it.
- Stack the 40-pin socket on top of the 6809. Solder all corresponding pins together. However, do not solder Pin 39 of the 68B09E to the socket.

At this point you have two options:

- Solder a wire from Pin 39 of the 6809 to +5 volts and another wire from Pin 39 of the socket to ground; or
- Solder a 4.7K-ohm resistor from Pin 39 of the 6809 to +5 volts and solder another 4.7K-ohm resistor from Pin 39 of the socket to +5 volts. Then take an SPDT (singlepole, double-throw) switch, connect the common contact to ground, connect one end of the switch to Pin 39 of the 6809, and connect the other end of the switch to Pin 39 of the socket.

In either case, finish up by plugging the 6309 into the socket. If you picked Option 1, you now have a 6309 system. If you picked Option 2, your system is now switch-

able between the 6809 and the 6309 (before power-up — not while running!).

Regarding your question about assemblers for the 6309, Bill Vergona of Cer-Comp has just announced that he is well into making a working assembler for the 6309's extended instruction set. As I write this, he is in the process of puzzling out the last few details regarding some instructions that were not well-documented, and expects to have this assembler available as a commercial product in the not too distant future. I believe this will be a Disk BASIC-based product, but perhaps at some point he will arrange to have it ported to OS-9.

Modifying the Kitz EPROM Burner

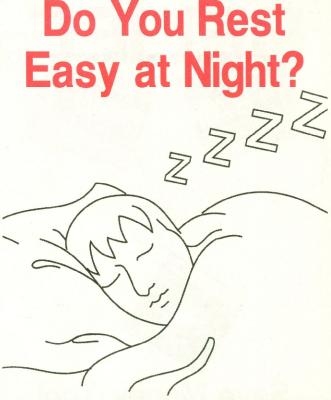
I have a Kitz EPROM burner and want to burn 27128 EPROMs. However, my burner handles only V_{pp} voltages of 25 and 21 volts, and most 27218s I've seen require a 12.5-volt V_{pp}. Where can I get 27128 EPROMs that use 21-volt programming voltages?

John Gordon-Reid (TICTOC) New York

Early 27128s were made that used a 21-volt programming level, but all modern units require 12.5 volts. The last time I checked, the 27128 series of EPROMs was fairly consistently labeled as follows: Parts that have 27128 as their part number use a 21-volt programming level, and those that were numbered 27128A require 12.5 volts for programming. Most (but not all) 27128A parts also had written on them "Program at 12.5 volts." Thus, if you can get parts whose numbers are 27128 (and not 27128A), which do not say on them "Program at 12.5 volts," they will almost certainly be 21-volt type parts. Note that the above logic is not true for 27256 EPROMs. There, some of the parts labeled 27256 (no "a") require 21 volts for V_{pp} (such as some Fujitsu parts) whereas other 27256 (again, no "a") parts take 12.5 volts for program-

The best approach is to modify your Kitz burner so that it supplies the required 12.5-volt $V_{\rm pp}$. $V_{\rm pp}$ on the Kitz burner is set by a simple circuit consisting of a zener diode and a resistor. The raw +27 volts from your three 9-volt batteries is fed into the resistor, and the resistor in turn connects to the cathode (the end with the stripe on it) of a zener diode, whose other side goes to ground. The zener conducts at a precise voltage, causing regulation to occur. The zeners for the 21- and 25-volt settings are chosen to conduct at close to those voltages.

You can add another zener diode in parallel with the existing zener that sets the 21-volt V_{pp} , with a SPST (single-pole, single-throw) switch that connects or disconnects it from ground. This other zener must be chosen to conduct at around 12-volts. Radio Shack sells a 12-volt zener diode that might do the job. With this added zener switched in, your Kitz burner will, when jumpered for 21-volts V_{pp} , supply 12.5 volts instead.



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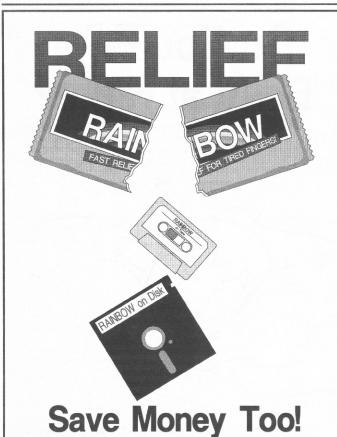
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You can check the voltage of the V_{pp} circuit using a simple volt meter to be sure you've got it right before you try it on an EPROM. Anything between 12.1 and 12.8 volts should work just fine. If you find yourself burning exclusively 12.5-volt EPROMs, you might want to modify your battery pack to use only two, not three, batteries to take a little strain off the 12.5-volt zener by dropping its input voltage from 27 to 18 volts.

Debugging the 6309

I'm writing an assembler for the 6309. The information I have concerning the AIM, 01M, EIM and TIM instructions is vague. I know these are meant to be analogous to similarly named instructions in the 6801's instruction set. In the documentation for the 6309 I got from Delphi, it lists these as three-byte instructions. But the opcode is one byte and a direct address is specified by only one byte, which makes two. So why do the docs lists these are three-byte instructions?

Bill Vergona (CERCOMPVILLV) Las Vegas

Art Flexser (ARTFLEXSER) replied to Bill's question on Delphi. Following is his response:

Bill, I did some experimenting with the 6309 in my computer, and here's what I think is going on: I believe the I in those four instructions stands for Immediate. A, O, E, and T stand for And, Or, Exclusive Or and Test, respectively. The M stands for memory and, yes, you are right, it is in Direct Addressing mode. Thus, the instructions are three bytes long, as your documentation says. The first byte is the opcode, the second byte is the Immediate Value, and the third byte is the Direct Address. Specifically:

— AIM #nn, \$aa means to AND the contents of \$aa with nn, then store the result in \$aa.
— OIM #nn, \$aa means to OR the contents of \$aa with nn, then store the result in \$aa.

— EIM #nn, \$aa means to EOR the contents of \$aa with nn, then store the result in \$aa. — TIM #nn, \$aa means to AND the contents of \$aa with nn, then TST the result without changing the contents of \$aa.

Note that you might want to play a bit with TIM; I am not absolutely certain I've got that one exactly right. But if I'm not right, I'm probably quite close. Good luck on your work on the 6309 assembler!

Faster Chips, Faster Computer?

What exact phrase do 1 use when ordering memory chips for a 512K memory board? Will a CoCo 3 run any faster if 1 replace the 120ns 41256 chips in my 512K upgrade with 70ns 41256 chips Dan Holly (DANHOLLY)

Frankfort, Kentucky

When ordering memory chips for a CoCo 3 512K memory board, you should specify that you want 16-pin, 256K-by-1-bit dynamic RAM chips (generically known as 41256 chips) rated at 120 nanoseconds. Your CoCo 3 will most likely run OK if the chips are rated at 150, 100, 80 or 70ns; but I suggest, if you can get them, you specify 120ns. These chips typically cost anywhere from fifty cents to a dollar each if you buy them from chip salvagers used; they may run a buck to a buck fifty or so each if you buy prime, new parts.

The answer to whether buying faster chips will make your CoCo 3 actually run faster is no. The speed rating of the chips (given as an access time in nanoseconds)

indicates the fastest speed at which the chips are capable of operating. However, the speed at which they actually operate is determined not by their access time but by the system clock of the computer in which they are installed. The CoCo 3's system clock is fixed by the crystal and GIME chip on the motherboard. Changing to faster DRAMs will in no way change the speed of the rest of the system.

You can't speed the CoCo 3 system by changing the crystal without seriously messing up other aspects of the CoCo 3, such as its video synchronization and software baud rates because those are tied to the same crystal within the GIME chip. In fact, empirical reports indicate that 120ns chips often work slightly better than faster rated chips, especially in CoCo 3's with 1-Meg upgrades. If true, this would be explained by very subtle aspects of the internal timing of the chips. Similarly, I have heard reports of 512K CoCo 3's that replacing 150ns chips with 100ns chips has resulted in the DRAM running much cooler. However, what is happening in those cases may not be related to the rated access time but to some other subtle timing difference between the different brands of chips used.

Martin H. Goodman, M.D., a physician trained in anesthesiology, is a longtime electronics tinkerer and outspoken commentator — sort of the Howard Cosell of the CoCo world. On Delphi, Marty is the SIGop of THE RAINBOW's CoCo SIG. His non-computer passions include running, mountaineering and outdoor photography. Marty lives in San Pablo, California.

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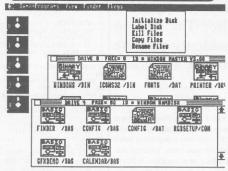
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"...it offers so many features that it is probably underpriced. I recommend this software to all CoCo3 owners." -The Rainbow Feburary 1989

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PICK-UP CONTINUED FROM COVER

Oh, no! There's another one. Turn quick and grab the trash. Dodge another asteroid. Look out! Aaaaaagh .

Interplanetary Trash Collector is a game in which you are the pilot of a supercharged garbage scow assigned to a route smack in the middle of an asteroid field (be nicer to the boss next time). Your job is to successfully pilot your ship through the field, attempting to pick up the red trash bins without smacking into the side of an asteroid. Steer your ship using the four arrow keys on the CoCo-driven console of the ship.

Because of a redesign in garbage scows, you are able to collect trash bins simply by running over them. However, the redesign depleted funds originally intended to go toward the correction of a serious flaw in your ship's construction: Your ship leaks radioactive waste. For this reason, if you steer the ship across its own path (the blue trail onscreen), you'll be destroyed.

When you first run Interplanetary Trash Collector you are asked to enter a skill level between 1 (lowest) and 50 (highest). The chosen skill level exactly corresponds to the number of trash bins available for pickup. Should you be successful and collect all the trash bins on one screen, the next screen is automaticlly set to the next highest skill level.

Interplanetary Trash Collector is designed to be run on a CoCo 3. However, a few simple changes are all it takes to allow the program to run on a CoCo 1 or 2: First change Line 600 to

600 POKE 65495 0

and change POKE 65496,0 in Line 470 to POKE 65494, 0. Then change Line 605 to

605 CLS0

and delete Line 606.

If you are using a CoCo 3 with a composite monitor, replace RGB in Line 605 with CMP. This should make the screen colors accurate.

Finally, remember that Interplanetary Trash Collector uses the high-speed mode. If you exit the program using the BREAK key, make sure you slow the computer down by entering POKE 65496,0 (POKE 65494,0 for CoCo 1 and 2 users) before performing any tape or disk I/O.

Ken Reighard Jr. is studying computer science and engineering at the University of Toledo, where he is also a member of the Triangle fraternity. He can be contacted at 2F441 Ridgeland Drive, Toronto, OH 43964, (614) 537-4875. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.

385

235 FOR Q=30 TO 1 STEP-1:CIRCLE(X,Y),Q,2:PLAY"V=Q;02FBCA":NEXT Q 237 PLAY"V15":GOTO 340 239 ' TRAIL COLLISION 605 RGB:CLSØ:PALETTE1,0:PALETTEØ,34:PALETTE 12,9:PALETTE 13,0
606 'ON BRK GOTO 600
607 GOSUB 800 240 FOR Q=30 TO 1 STEP-1:PSET(AB S(RND(30)+X-15),ABS(RND(30)+Y-15 610 GOSUB 700 620 PRINT@388,"BY KENNETH REIGHA ,RND(4)):PLAY"T255L25501V=Q;BDC),RND(4)):PLAY"1255L25501V=Q;BUC
"NEXT Q
245 PLAY"V15":GOTO 34Ø
249 'PICK UP BIN
25Ø FOR Z=(X-6) TO (X+6) STEP2:F
OR ZZ=(Y-6) TO (Y+6) STEP2:IF PP
OINT(Z,ZZ)-4 THEN PSET(Z,ZZ,Z):N
EXT ZZ,Z ELSE NEXT ZZ,Z
26Ø PLAY"T255L25503CDGA01DEGA":S 630 PRINT@455, "COPYRIGHT (C) 199 64Ø FOR Q=1 TO 5:PLAY"T9L801CDEF GABO4DFB01BAGFEDC":NEXT Q 644 DIM HI\$(4),HI(4) 646 FOR Q=1 TO 3:HI\$(Q)="COCO":H I(Q)=400-100*Q:NEXT Q 699 'CLEAR SCREEN SUB.
700 PRINT@352,STRING\$(159,32);:P
0KE1535,96:RETURN
799 'DAN TITLE COR 65Ø GOTO 5ØØ =S+20 270 SS=SS+1:IF SS<SK THEN 145 28Ø S=INT(S+SK*1Ø) 29Ø GOSUB 70Ø ' DRAW TITLE SUB. 300 PRINT@352,"AFTER CLEARING LE VEL"SK"...": 800 RESTORE 8Ø3 CLSØ 81Ø FOR Q=1 TO 352:READ Z:PRINT CHR\$(Z+128);:NEXT Q 310 PRINT@416, "BONUS="SK*10, "SCO 320 PLAY"T31801FGARP100GAP100FGP 830 RETURN 899 ' TITLE DATA 100EFP100L16CDEFGAB02L2CP2 330 SK=SK+1:GOTO 20 335 ' GAME OVER SEQUENCE 340 GOSUB 700 .35.35.35.35.35.35.35.35.35.35.35.3 345 S=INT(S)
350 PRINT@352,"SPACE DUST!"," 901 DATA51,51,50,48,48,49,48,48, 48,48,48,64,64,83,83,82,82,80,80 360 PRINT@416."THE FINAL SCORE=" .80,80,80,80,81,80,80,80,80,80,8 370 PRINT@484."PRESS ENTER TO CO 902 DATA48,58,48,62,58,61,56,62, 58,62,58,64,64,91,83,90,90,94,90, 94,90,94,90,93,88,94,90,94,90,9 NTINUE"; 38Ø Q\$=INKEY\$ 381 IF Q\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 38Ø 385 ' HIGH SCORE ????? 399 GOSUB 700
395 IF S>HIGH SCURE !!!!
396 GOSUB 700
395 IF S>HI(3) THEN PRINT@384,"G
REAT SCORE!!":PLAY"L1602CDEF6AB"
:INPUT"NAME ";S\$:S\$=LEFT\$(S\$,10)
400 FOR Q=1 TO 3
410 IF S>HI(Q) THEN FOR Z=3 TO Q .88,88,92,88,84,80,88,88,88,80.8 0.81.94 STEP-1:HI(Z+1)=HI(Z):HI\$(Z+1)=H I\$(Z):NEXT Z:HI(Q)=S:HI\$(Q)=S\$ E 905 DATA83,83,83,83,83,83,83 83,83,83,83,83,83,83,83,83,83 LSE NEXT Q 420 GOSUB 700 ,83,83,83,83,83,83,83,83,83,83,8 430 PRINT@359,"THE TOP PLAYERS"
440 FOR Q=1 TO 3:PRINTQ;HI\$(Q),H
I(Q):NEXT Q 906 DATA3,3,2......113,115,1 12,112,113,113,112,112,112,112,1 12,114,112,112,112,112,112,112,115, 907 DATA,10,,14,10,14,10,14,8,10 ,10,.117,112,117,125,117,117,117,125,117,117,124,116,126,117,125,117 445 PLAY"04T3L2GDL4EFG" 450 PRINT@487,"PLAY AGAIN (Y/N) 7"; 460 Q\$-INKEY\$ 470 IF Q\$-"Y" THEN 500 ELSE IF Q \$-"N" THEN POKE65496.0:CLS:END E LSE 460 499 ' INPUT SKILL LEVEL 124,122,112,127,
908 DATA32,10,32,10,32,14,10,12,
10,14,10,32,17,112,117,117,117,
117,117,124,117,112,32,122,117,1
17,117,32,32,32,32,124,32 909 DATA32,8,32,8,32,8,8,12,8,8,8,32,116,124,116,124,116,116,116,124,116,124,116,124,116, 500 GOSUB 700 510 PRINT@416,"STARTING SKILL LE VEL (1-50)": 520 INPUT SK\$:SK-VAL(SK\$) 530 IF SK<1 THEN GOSUB 800:GOTO 32,32,32,124,32 910 DATA44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44 44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44 535 IF SK>50 THEN SK=50 540 GOTO 15 599 ' TITLE & INIT. 4,44,44

CoCo 3/32K Extended



The Listing: IPTRASH

INTER-PLANETARY 'TRASH COLLECTOR 'BY KENNETH REIGHARD, JR. 'COPYRIGHT (C) 1992 4 COPYRIGHT (C) 1992 5 'BY FALSOFT, INC. 6 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE 7 GOTO 600 'TITLE SCREEN 14 ' SCREEN SET UP 15 5=0 PMODE 1.1:PCLS 2:SCREEN 1.0:C FOR Q=1 TO INT(SK/2):A=RND(25 Ø):B=RND(187):CIRCLE(A,B),6,1:PA INT(A,B),1,1:NEXT Q 45 FOR Q=1 TO 190+INT(SK/2+5):PS ET(RND(255), RND(191),1):NEXT Q 50 FOR Q=1 TO SK 60 A=RND(243)+7:B=RND(179)+7 90 IF A<18 AND B<18 THEN A=18:B=

100 FOR Z=(A-6) TO (A+12) STEP2: FOR ZZ=(B-6) TO (B+12) STEP2:IF

PPOINT(Z.ZZ)=4 THEN 60 ELSE NEXT 110 LINE(A,B)-(A+6,B+6),PSET,BF: PLAY"T255L25503BCDFG" 115 NEXT Q LINE(0,0)-(16,16), PRESET, BF PLAY"T203P4L8BCBCBC" X=0:Y=0:H=2:V=0:SS=0 START MAIN GAME LOOP PSET(X,Y,3) 150 O\$=INKEY\$ IF Q\$=CHR\$(8) THEN H=-2:V=Ø IF Q\$=CHR\$(9) THFN H=2:V=Ø IF Q\$=CHR\$(10) THEN H=0:V=2 IF Q\$=CHR\$(94) THEN H=0:V=-2 200 X = X + H : Y = Y + V : S = S + . 2IF X<Ø OR X>255 OR Y<Ø OR Y> 191 THEN 240 191 HER 249 220 ON PPOINT(X,Y) GOTO 230, 145 , 240, 250 221 'END MAIN GAME LOOP 222 'ASTERIOD/PLANET COLLISION 230 FOR Q=2 TO 30 STEP2:CIRCLE(X ,Y),Q,RND(2)+2:PLAY"T255L25503V= Q;CDC+V-B":NEXT Q

Product Review

The CoCo Collection: A Bit of Work and a Bit of Play

The CoCo Collection is a package of 13 ready-to-run programs for the CoCo 3. This new offering from Sheldon Parsons requires a disk drive, and you'll need a printer for a couple of the programs it includes. However, most of the programs are games.

The package is menu-driven; to get started, the user simply enters "RUN MENU". Each of the 13 programs is assigned a number or letter, and you need only press this character to run its associated program. Let's see what programs The CoCo Collection offers:

Blind Poker - a cute two-player game with nice graphics. The game is similar to "real" poker, but you don't get to peek at your face-down cards.

Mind Boggler - a game in which you attempt to rearrange two sets of colored blocks on a grid, but the game restricts you to certain types of moves and jumps. I find Mind Boggler to be a real challenge.

Calendar Maker - a utility for creating a handy desk calendar. This program requires a printer.

Connect Four - the same game that has been around for many years. Designed for two players, this game is fun to play and frequently frustrating!

DOS Commands - This utility is a collection of handy commands for disk functions. It allows you to execute, rename, copy and kill disk files, as well as perform directory functions and print disk jackets with disk directories on them.

Hangman Jr. - The classic game of Hangman except that it uses no graphics. Another interesting twist is that you never hang the man either. You just keep playing until the correct answer is found. The 2computer keeps track of the letters used and displays them on the screen.

Indian Poker-plays like the old classic where each player holds a single card against his forehead; you can see everybody else's card but not your own. In this version you take turns looking at the computer screen to see the card your opponent has. No graphics, but the principle is the same.

Pair Two - a memory-type game in which you try to remember the colors found behind numbered blocks. I really had trouble with this one (obviously my memory is too

600 POKE65497.0

A Day at the Races - bet your "money" and take your chances. (Daily odds and tips are provided.) When the race begins, you see little "stick" horses racing across your screen. And just as on my trips to Churchill Downs, I lost my shirt on some 20-to-1 nag!

Reach for the Money - my favorite. This is a game in which the computer simply asks all sorts of questions; best of all, ou get "money" for each right answer. Designed for two players, the first player to earn \$2000 wins the match.

Slot Machine 1 - a non-graphic slotmachine game. It plays fine, but most won't use it since the next one is far superior.

Slot Machine 2 - provides a nice graphic representation of a slot machine. You play with quarters, and when you win, you receive quarters (which spit out the bottom of the machine). Slot Machine 2 is a lot of fun (but thank goodness they were electronic quarters).

Tic-Tac-Toe - no explanation needed here. This version does not use graphics,

but then graphics aren't really necessary. Designed for two players.

As a bonus, The CoCo Collection also includes a program called LOCK. This security program requires the user to enter the correct password before the computer can be used.

The CoCo Collection includes 10 pages of printed instructions describing what each program does and how to use it. The author also includes instructions for making a backup copy of the disk so the original can be kept safely tucked away.

Overall I am impressed with what The CoCo Collection has to offer; it is a nice package at a fair price. Keep in mind, however, the author accepts only money orders. (Sheldon Parsons, P.O. Box 117 Beaumont, N.D. Bay, NFLD A0J 1AO, Canada; \$9.95 plus \$2 S/H)

- Jerry Semones

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Once the excitement of playing games wears off, many Color Computer owners turn to finding more productive uses for their computers in their homes. There is a wide variety of applications for computers in the home — finance tracking/budgeting, filing and word processing immediately come to mind. In addition, the CoCo is a versatile tool for use with many other hobbies

If you have written such a program for the CoCo, why not share it with others? We are now making tentative plans for the February 1993 issue of THE RAINBOW and are accepting submissions in BASIC and under OS-9 appropriate for that issue's theme, Home Help. All submissions must be received by us no later than October 26, 1992, and must follow our standard submission guidelines (see Page 8 for details and address).

We'd also like to see any other programs you have written (submitted material must be the original work of the submitting party, or submitted with written permission). All submissions are evaluated and considered for publication in future issues.





The following products have recently been received by THE RAINBOW, examined by our staff and issued the Rainbow Seal of Certification, your assurance that we have seen the product and have ascertained that it is what it purports to be.

BATNBOW

Birthday Party

CoCo Cassette #118, a variety of programs for the CoCo 1, 2 and 3. This issue includes Vocabulary Tester, great practice for the SAT and ACT tests; Nourished 3, a linear maze game for the CoCo 3; Eye Witness 3, tests youngsters' skill at identifying faces; Temperature Conversions, teaches the difference between Celsius and Fahrenheit; Green House, a game for those with (and without) green thumbs; Addition Test; a teachers' aid; Demon Fire, a space-based shoot-'em-up; UFO Hunter, ditto; Shadow World, a text adventure; and Showdown in the Sewer 3, a Turtle-based graphics game. T & D Subscription Software, 2490 Miles Standish Drive, Holland, MI 49424, (616) 399-9468; \$8.

The following products were received as a group from Walter Bayer of Coless Computer Design, 1917 Madera Street, #8, Waukesha, WI 53186, (414) 549-0750:

— CIII PagesE v2.5, the latest version of CIII PagesE, complete with a new manual and reference guide. Fontsets 2 and 3 now come with this package. Requires a CoCo 3, a disk drive and the Tandy Hi-Res joystick interface. \$29.95 plus \$3 S/H;

— Video "U" Dig, video-digitizing software for use with the Computize digitizer. Supports digitization through VCRs and cameras (B/W or color) and allows manipulation of captured images. Requires a CoCo 3, a Multi-Pak Interface, a disk drive, the Computize video digitizer and a mouse or joystick. \$19.95 plus \$3 S/H;

— CIII ClipartE Set 2, 450 clipart images in page, screen and stamp sizes for CIII PagesE. \$14.95 plus \$3 S/H;

— M10 Clipart Set 2, 300 clipart images for *Max-10*. \$14.95 plus \$3 S/H;

— MX Clipart /SBK Set 1, 300 clipart images (same as M10 Clipart Set 1) in scrapbook format for CoCo Max III. \$19.95 plus \$3 S/H:

— MX Clipart /SYS Set 1, 300 clipart images (same as M10 Clipart Set 1) in clipbook format for CoCo Max II. \$19.95 plus \$3 S/H;

— MX Clipart /MAX Set 1, 300 clipart images (same as M10 Clipart Set 1) in binary (PMODE 4) format for CoCo Max, CoCoMax II or any other PMODE 4 graphics

— ZCLIP for CIII PagesE, CIII clipart format images converted from Zebra Systems, Inc. picture disks 1 through 6. \$12 plus \$3 S/H; proof of picture disks purchase required;

— ZCLIP for CoCo Max III, scrapbook format images converted from Zebra Systems, Inc. picture disks 1 through 6. \$12 plus \$3 S/H; proof of picture disks purchase required;

—ZCLIP for Max-10, M10 clipart format images converted from Zebra Systems, Inc. picture disks 5 and 6. \$12 plus \$3 S/H; proof of picture disks purchase required.

RAINBOW

Within the OS-9 Shell

RAINBOW

Shades of CoCo

Hardware
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Yes! They're still available!

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order to hold down costs, we do not bill, and no C.O.D. orders are accepted.

Due to heavy demand, we suggest you order the back issues you want now while supplies last.

To order, review and fill out the form below and mail it with your payment.

For greater convenience, order through the Rainbow Magazine Services area of our Delphi CoCo SIG.

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12 October 1992 THE RAINBOW

Feature Program

See What You're Deleting With

by Geoff Friesen

100 DATA NEW
110 DATA RESTORE
120 DATA COMMAND
130 RESTORE
140 READ B\$
150 PRINT B\$
160 RESTORE 120
170 READ B\$
180 PRINT B\$
190 RESTORE 109
200 READ B\$
210 PRINT B\$
220 END

Figure 1: RESTORE Example

he EDIT command provided with BASIC for the TRS-80 Model III is nearly identical to the EDIT command in BASIC for the Color Computer. The difference is that the Delete subcommand (D) on the Model III highlights the deleted character as you press D. This "highlighting" is accomplished by displaying the deleted character between two exclamation marks. This feature makes it easier to see what you are deleting. Until now, though, it hasn't been available to CoCo users.

FIXEDIT makes the necessary patches to CoCo BASIC to provide character highlighting when the D subcommand of EDIT is invoked. The program is designed for the Color Computer 3 since these patches require the computer to be in an all-RAM mode. FIXEDIT may also work on a CoCo 1 or 2 in the all-RAM mode (see POKE, September 1992, Page 3), but such use has not been tested.

As a bonus, FIXEDIT also patches the RESTORE command. Once the program has

been run, you can restore the read pointer to any data line. In other words, you can have the READ command begin reading data from any DATA statement without using a loop to skip over previous data. Figure 1 shows a sample routine in which this is done.

You can use line numbers for non-existent lines (see Line 190 in Figure 1). The only restriction is that you may not use a line number greater than the line number of the last DATA statement in the program. If you do, you'll receive an OD (out of data) error.

Geoff Friesen has a bachelor of science degree in computer science and mathematics. He is the author of several published articles about computers. He may be contacted at General Delivery, Dauphin, MB R7N2T3, Canada, (204) 638-7302. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.





The Listing: FIXEDIT

10 'FIX EDIT AND RESTORE 20 'BY GEOFF FRIESEN 30 'COPYRIGHT (C) 1992 40 'BY FALSOFT, INC. 50 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE

130 140 REM: EDIT D !C! 150 ' 160 FOR I=&H8000 TO &H8013

170 READ B\$
180 POKE I,VAL("&H"+B\$)
190 NEXT I

200 POKE &H85CB,&HBD 210 POKE &H85CC,&H80 220 POKE &H85CD,0

230 DATA 86.21.BD.A2.82.A6.84.BD 240 DATA A2.82.86.21.BD.A2.82.BD 250 DATA 85.D1.5A.39

270 REM: RESTORE [LINE#] 280 ' 290 FOR I=&H8014 TO &H8022 300 READ B\$
310 POKE I,VAL("&H"+B\$)
320 NEXT I
330 POKE &HAB85.&H80
340 POKE &HAB86.&H14
350 DATA 10,27,20,CC,BD,AF,67,BD

0

0

Feature Program

ADD HEADERS FOR EASY REFERENCE by P.B. Blackwell

Pave you ever run a program that you entered from an earlier RAINBOW only to find that you had forgotten how the program works? I find myself in this position often, and I've gotten a little tired of trying to remember which issue the program appears in so I could find the directions. Now I use program headers that include all the pertinent information.

The BASIC program in Listing 1, HEADER12, prints the title, author and issue for any program you specify. To use this header, first enter it as it appears and save it to tape or disk. Then when you are ready to enter a new program, load this header and edit it to properly reflect the program you are planning to enter. Finally, add the program, starting at Line 10. [Editor's Note:

Programs we've published over the last several years already include a header with our copyright notice. However, when we run listings for production, we don't always know ahead of time on which page a listing will fall. It's alright with us if you use the headers presented here, as long as you retain the copyright notice in our listings. All programs published in THERAINBOW are copyrighted.]

Another way to accomplish the same thing if you have a disk drive is to edit the header and save it in ASCII format. You can then merge the header into an existing program (provided it does not have line numbers below 10). This is an excellent way to add the header to programs you've already entered.

If there is not enough space at the beginning of a program listing to include the header and you don't want to renumber the program, try renumbering the header and saving it at the *end* of the program you are entering. Then use a GOSUB or a couple of GOTOs to jump to the header routine.

The program in Listing 2, HEADER3, works much the same as HEADER12. The main difference is that this program supports the 40-column screen on the CoCo 3. If you have a monitor capable of displaying 80 columns, feel free to change the WIDTH

command and alter the LOCATE statements to suit your needs.

Pete Blackwell is a retired electronics technician who has owned and operated CoCos since December 1981. His hobbies include gardening (flowers and vegetables) and reading science fiction. He can be contacted at 4762 Nottingham Drive SE, Ft. Myers, FL 33905-4107. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.

16K



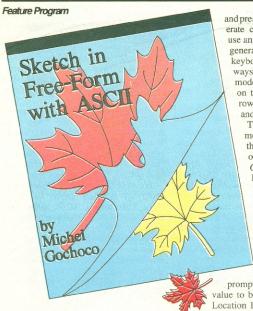
Listing 1: HEADER12

Ø CLS:PRINTCHR\$(13);" HEADER1
for the CoCo 1 & 2"
1 PRINTCHR\$(32);STRING\$(29,42)
2 PRINTCHR\$(32);CHR\$(42);" M
usic Sheet Paper ":CHR\$(42);"
For the DMP-105 ";CHR\$(42);"
For the DMP-105 ";CHR\$(42);"
5 PRINTCHR\$(32);CHR\$(42);" b
7 Barry McNeice ":CHR\$(42);"
7 Akima, WA ";CHR\$(42)
6 PRINTCHR\$(32);CHR\$(42);"
(c) Falsoft, Inc. ";CHR\$(42)

7 PRINTCHR\$(32);CHR\$(42);" The R ainbow June 86 pg.20 ";CHR\$(42) 8 PRINTCHR\$(32);STRING\$(29,42) 9 PRINTSTRING\$(5,13);STRING\$(10,32);"Press a Key"::EXEC 44539

Listing 2: HEADER3

Ø WIDTH 40:CLS 5:LOCATE9,2:PRINT
"HEADER 3 for the CoCo 3"
1 LOCATE 15,5:PRINT"*AUTOGRAY'"
2 LOCATE 13,7:PRINT"AUTOGRAY'"
3 LOCATE 8,9:PRINT"by Stuart Wys
s-Gallifent"
4 LOCATE 4,11:PRINT"(c) Falsoft,
Inc. - The Rainbow"
5 LOCATE 14,13:PRINT"May '92 pg
.4"
6 LOCATE 12,23:PRINT"Press any K
ey"::EXEC 44539



lip Board is a quickie

CoCo 3 program that lets you write memos or draw

on the 80-column screen.

The program is essentially

and press the other keys to generate characters you can use any character that can be generated from the CoCo keyboard. Clip Board is always in an "overwrite" mode; to erase a character on the screen, use the arrows to position the cursor and press the space bar. To call Clip Board's

CoCo 3

The Listing: CLIPBORD

1 'COCO 3 CLIPBORD

4Ø FOR A=2 TO 23 5Ø A\$(A)="

1 'COCO 3 CLIPBORU
2 'BY MICHAEL GOCHOCO
3 'COPYRIGHT (C) 1992
4 'BY FALSOFT, INC.
5 'RAINBOW MAGAZINE
10 PALETTE RGB:WIDTH 80:ATTR 3,2

menu, press SHIFT and the up arrow simultaneously. To return to the Clip Board screen, press R. If you select Option P from the menu, the program prints the text you have onscreen. Option N clears the screen, giving you a clean slate on which to work. To change

Clip Board is great for those quick note printing jobs and (as anyone who seen ASCII graphics while online with Delphi or a BBS knows) for doodling with ASCII characters. I hope

60 NEXT A 70 FOR A=1 TO 24 80 PRINT A\$(A); 90 NEXT A 100 A-2:B-1 110 LOCATE B,A-1 120 B\$-INKEY\$
130 IF B\$-"" THEN 120
140 GOTO 220
150 LOCATE B.A-1
160 MID\$(A\$(A).B+1.1)-B\$ the printer rate, press B. You'll prompted for the appropriate 70 PRINT B\$: value to be poked into Memory 80 B=B+1 90 GOSUB 310 Location 150. Press E to end the 200 LOCATE 0, A-1: PRINT A\$(A);:LO program. 210 GOTO 110
220 ON BRK GOTO 360
230 IF B\$=CHR\$(12) THEN 110
240 IF B\$=CHR\$(95) THEN 370
250 IF B\$=CHR\$(94) THEN A-A-1
260 IF B\$=CHR\$(91) THEN A-A-1
270 IF B\$=CHR\$(10) THEN A-B-1
280 IF B\$=CHR\$(9) THEN B-B-1
280 IF B\$=CHR\$(9) THEN B-B+1
290 IF B\$=CHR\$(9) THEN B-CHR\$(10)
) OR B\$=CHR\$(9) OR B\$=CHR\$(10)
IN B\$=CHR\$(10) OR B\$=CHR\$(10)
IN GOSUB 310 ELSE 150
300 GOTO 110
310 IF A-121 THEN A-2 you enjoy it as much as I do. 310 IF A-1<1 THEN A=2





a one- screen, full-screen (actually, 78

columns by 22 rows) text editor.

Since the program uses the Hi-Res

text screen, it'll be much easier

to read the screen if you use an RGB or monochrome monitor. Use the arrow keys to move the cursor around,

The Forum is often the most active area of a SIG, with ongoing discussions, questions and answers, people swapping jokes, and other random chatter. Every SIG on Delphi has a Forum. You may not be interested in all of the messages in the Forum, or you may simply not have the time to read them all. How can you get by? How can you read the messages that interest you without spending a lot of time reading those that don't? Let's start with Forum basics.

You enter the Forum by typing FORUM at the SIG prompt and pressing ENTER. The

MadeUp> forum

Welcome to the Made Up Forum. Forum contains messages 10 to 8796. Highest message you've read is 7700.

You have 10 new messages Press RETURN to READ WAITING Messages.

Figure 1: Entering a Sample Forum

most obvious Forum command is EXIT or CTRL-Z, of course! These commands bring you back to the SIG's Main menu. You can also log off Delphi directly from the Forum by entering BYE.

When you enter the Forum, you see a message like that shown in Figure 1. (Of course there isn't really a Made Up SIG on Delphi! And I've changed the numbers to protect the innocent.) You can tell from the entry message that the most recent message in the Forum is 8796 and that the highest message you have read so far is 7700. In this imaginary SIG, you are almost 1100 Forum messages behind! Fortunately, only 10 of these unread messages are to you.

Notice the message Press RETURN to READ WAITING Messages. A waiting message is a message that is addressed to you that you haven't read yet. If you want to read only waiting messages, all you need to do is press ENTER (what Delphi calls the RETURN key) to read the first message to you. Once you have read this message, you press ENTER to read the next waiting message to you. When you have read all messages addressed to you, you'll see "No more messages" after pressing

ENTER. If you now exit Forum, Delphi changes your high-message counter to the highest numbered message you've read.

If you want to read every message posted after the highest message you have read so far, you should type READ NEW. New messages are those messages posted after the highest numbered message you have read. If you type READ NEW, Delphi displays the next available message each time you press ENTER. (Of course messages longer than one

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screen will be paused at each screenful.) You will encounter at least some of your waiting messages by reading through all new messages.

14

Why only some? It has to do with the way Delphi keeps track of waiting messages and your highest message. Waiting messages remain waiting until you have read them; however, if you read the last message in the Forum and then leave the Forum, Delphi marks your high message as the last message in the Forum! Thus, if you still have waiting messages, READ WAITING will find them, but READ NEW will not.

If the highest message in the Forum is 1100 messages higher than your high message, that doesn't imply that you have 1100 messages to read. Why not? Some messages may have been deleted. Anyone can delete a message he has sent or received. And you may have deselected some of the topics.

The OS9 Online and CoCo SIG Forums - indeed, all Forums on Delphi - have exactly the same topics as those in their respective databases. However, you can choose to ignore certain topics in the Forum. For example, if you regularly read the Forum in the CoCo SIG but are not interested in either graphics or hardware hacking, you probably would not be interested in articles posted to the CoCo 3 Graphics, Hardware Hacking or Classic Graphics topics. To ignore all postings to a given topic, use the CLEAR command while in Forum. For example, to ignore articles from the CoCo 3 Graphics topic and then check which topics you have enabled and disabled, you type:

FORUM> clear coco "CoCo 3 Graphics" is no longer one of

your default topics.

FORUM> show

Topics set:

General Information Source for 6809 Assemblers Utilities & Applications Hardware Hacking Games Classic Graphics Music & Sound Info on Rainbow Archives HELP Product Reviews & Announcement Rainbow On Tape Telecommunications Soapbox (chitchat)

Topics available (not set):

CoCo 3 Graphics

Use the SET command to make a topic visible that is currently disabled. The disabled topics are listed above under Topics available (not set): - so far you have disabled only the CoCo 3 Graphics topic.

Most Forum articles are posted to the General Information topic, but many people try to put messages into the proper topics. It's always best to try to put your messages into the appropriate topics.

Now that we've discussed topics and high message counters and waiting messages, what does a message look like? Figure 2 shows a fictional message in the Made Up SIG. The article was sent on the second of July (this year); messages older than about 3 months show the date in a slightly different format. This Forum article was posted to the General Information topic. The subject is "RE: How do you DO that?" and the message is in reply to a previous 7754 02-JUL 00:54 General Information RE: How do you DO that? (Re: Ms From: MYFRIEND To: ME (NR) Msg 7688)

 Hi . I saw your question and thought I'd send you a program to show you how. Check your EMail .

Your Best Friend

Figure 2: A Sample Message

message in the Forum: message number 7688. ("RE:" is a common shorthand for reply. When you reply to a message, "RE:" is automatically prepended to the subject.) This message was written by Delphi user MYFRIEND and was meant for Delphi user ME. The "(NR)" after the "To:" name indicates that the message recipient has not yet read this message; "NR" is short for "Not Read.'

Next month I'll continue discussing Forum, and I'll mention ways to save money and search through old Forum messages to find answers to questions. Quite a bit of wisdom is stored in several years worth of old Forum messages in both the CoCo and OS9 SIGs!

New Weekly Conference

Chris Deierlein (CDEIERLEIN) is hosting a new weekly conference in the OS-9 SIG titled "OS-9 Help Line." The conference starts each Thursday at 10 p.m. Eastern time. Other members of OS9 Online drop in from time to time. If you have any questions about OS-9 you want to ask, this a good place to ask them.

May Uploads

The big news this month in the OS-9 SIG

is Marty Goodman's (MARTYGOODMAN) reports from the Chicago CoCo Fest hosted by CoCoPro! and his trip to the Consumer Electronics Show with Steve Bjork (6809ER). Rodger Alexander (SALZARD) also uploaded information about a later show in the Pacific Northwest, which we will hopefully hear about later. A great amount of May (and later!) Forum traffic followed the arrival of the May issue of THE RAINBOW when people read Lonnie Falk's editorial; some of this also appeared in the databases!

Darren Kindberg (DKINDBERG) released a demo version of GIndex for Multi-Vue. Jim Vestal (JIMVESTAL) uploaded a port to the CoCo of Scribe. This program allows you to connect to certain BBSs and download all your unread mail, and then read it at home when you have hung up the phone. You can save considerably on your phone bills if you regularly connect to a BBS that allows you to use Scribe.

Philip Brown (THEFERRET) contributed rograms to several database topics! One is the OS-9/68000 binary for the Bourne Shell, sh, from the TOP distribution disks. This popular shell is derived from a standard UNIX Shell. Philip also released a program for K-Windows that allows you to set foreground/background colors and more on the MM/1 and any other machine running K-Windows. Finally, Redial is a Bourne Shell script that allows you to keep redialing a busy number until you connect.

David Wilson (KRELL) provided example C code that uses signals under OS-9/ 6809 to help those who are trying to figure out how to use signals.

Mike Sweet (DODGECOLT) released a preliminary version of Doc, a port of his popular editor Ed to OS-9/68000 and K-Windows. Robert Heller's (RHELLER) Home Librarian maintains a database of 'cards" - you can use this program to keep track of CD's, books, and many other items.

In the CoCo SIG this month, Chris Burke (COCOXT) released BASIC for Frank Hogg Laboratory's TC-9. John Sava (SAYA) uploaded his disk management program, CoCo Directory Manager. Johnny Williams (DRILLMASTER) contributed a memory exercise game, MemIcons, similiar to Concentration. Don Hutchison (DONHUTCHISON) shared an amusing history of the world in the form of a collection of student bloopers.

Eddie Kuns is pursuing a doctorate in physics at Rutgers University. He lives in Aurora, Illinois, and works as a programmer and researcher at Fermilab. Eddie is the database manager of the OS-9 SIG and can be reached online as EDDIEKUNS.

DATABASE REPORT

OS-9 SIG

General Information

SAT. SESSION REPORT ON COCOFEST MARTYGOODMAN Marty Goodman MARTYGOODMAN Marty Goodman REPORT ON CHICAGO CES & COCOFEST MARTYGOODMAN Marty Goodman INSIDE OS9 LEVEL II BOOK/DISK FHOGG Frank Hogg NORTHWEST COCOFEST Rodger Alexander SALZARD NW COCOFEST TRIVIA CONTEST SALZARD Rodger Alexander NORTHWEST FEST ANOUNCEMENT SALZARD Rodger Alexander RESPONSE TO RAINBOW EDITORIAL Paul Duncan LONNIE FALKS MAY '92 EDITORIAL

Applications (6809) CRYPTO (REVISED) AND ENCRYPTO RICKGRAY TSEDIT "VI" PATCHES V1.2 RICKADAMS Rick Adams
GINDEX 1.1 FOR MULTIVUE DKINDBERG Darren Kindberg VU TEXT FILE VIEWER VERSION 1.1 **JIMVESTAL** HEX. & DEC. CONVERTING UTILS TAFOID Scott S. Stone
HDBACKUP: HARDDRIVE IMAGE BACKUP TAFOID MARKGRIFFITH Mark Griffith

Telecom (6809) DOMINIONS V2.1: RIBBS GAME **EMTWO** Paul M. Fitch, Jr. PATCHED AUTOMODE FOR OSTERM DBURGETT Dave Burgett SCRIBE OFFLINE READER FOR QWK JIMVESTAL. Jim Vestal

Games & Graphics LONE WOLF (VEF) MOHRT Tim Mohr VEF2GIF: ANOTHER VEF TO GIF UTIL Richard McNabb RAYTRACES (GIF) JOHNBAER VEF2GIF: GIF CONVERTER Homer Mever

YRBIO: BIORYTHM PROGRAM WOAY Jim Martin GIF CONVERSIONS MEYEOO1 H-SUNSET - RAYTRACE (GIF) Homer Meyer John Baer JOHNBAER AUTODESK ANIMATOR FLI/FLC FORMAT MIKEHAALAND Mike Haaland DKBTRACE: RAY TRACEING PACKAGE COMPER Glen Hat FIVE SIMPLE RAYTRACES (GIF) Glen Hathaway COMPER Glen Hathaway

Music & Sound SWEDISH CHEF (DIGITIZED) MICHAELJN Mike Nelson

Programmers Den CNTX: C SYNTAX CHECKER Jim Martin WOAY SH: BOURNE SHELL BINARY THEFERRET Philip Brown QSIG.C: SIGNAL HANDLING EXAMPLE David Wilson KRELL

OSK Applications
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KSCALES Philip Brown OS-9/6809 EMULATOR SEMLER John Semler DOC VO.05: TEXT EDITOR DODGECOLT Mike Sweet HOME LIBRARIAN RHELLER MM/1 35 FONTS UPDATE Robert Heller JOELHEGBERG 35 FONTS FOR THE MM/1! Joel Hegbert **JOELHEGBERG** Joel Hegberg

OSK Telecom REDIALER SHELL SCRIPT THEFERRET Philip Brown

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CoCo SIG

General Information
REPORT ON SATURDAY OF COCOFEST MARTYGOODMAN Marty Goodman PNW COCOFFST SALZARD Rodg FRIDAY NITE IN CHICAGO Rodger Alexander MARTYGOODMAN Marty Goodman TC9BASIC COCOXT Christopher Burke

CoCo 3 Graphics GOOD GIF FILES John Saya SAYA GIF PICTURES SAYA STILIFE.GIF John Saya John Saya SAYA 4 IMAGES OF PAUL MCCARTNEY DEANHOLDER Dean Holder TO CM3 CARTOONS RICKMAC Richard McNabb

Utilities & Applications
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SAYA John Saya HORSEPRO/ARC JERRY79 Jerry Brown

Games MEMICONS DRILLMASTER Johnny Williams

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October 1992 THE RAINBOW

ODDS CONTINUED FROM COVER

plication, you may want to take a careful look at this routine - notice that it computes only the bottom 16 bits of the 32-bit result. (I've used the ! . symbol to indicate the logical AND operation, in accordance with Motorola assembler conventions. Your assembler may differ.)

Going Further

The linear congruential generator returns a random number between () and 65535, inclusive. This is probably not the range you'll want, so you'll need to convert it for the desired range. Before doing so, however, consider this: For this sort of random-number generator, where the modulus is a power of two, the low-order bits are not as random as the high-order bits. In the resulting sequence, the bottom bit alternates. So, you should always depend on the high-order bits. For example, to get a random number from 0 to 255, use the high-order byte, not the low-order byte.

example, just multiply by 11. The high-

	mult const		13849 25173	Hex \$3619 Hex \$6255
	rand	lda ldb mul	seed #mult!.255	High-order byte of seed Low-order byte of multiplier (\$19)
ı		pshs	b	Save the partial result
ı		1 da	seed+1	Low byte of seed
		ldb mul	#mult/256	High byte of multiplier (\$36)
ı		pshs	b	Save the partial result
ı		1 da	seed+1	Low byte of seed
		1db mul		Low byte of multiplier (\$19)
		adda	,s+ .s+	Add the partial results
L		addd		Add const
ı		std	seed	Save the new seed
		rts		Return the result in D

Figure 1: The rand Subroutine

In general, there is an easy trick for scaling numbers like this. If we treat the number as having a decimal point at the left, we can actually interpret the random number as being in the range 0 to .99998. To get a random number between 0 and 10, for

```
Get a dice roll from 1 to 6
Returns value in A, destroys CC, all other registers preserved
                      Save B
Get random number
      bsr
               rand
      1db
               #6
                      Ignore the low-order byte
Convert to a random number
      mu1
       inca
                       This gives a random number from 1 to 6
      puls
                      Restore B and return
                     Figure 2: Sample Dice Routine
```

order byte of the result will then be between

0 and 10, as desired.

To see what we're talking about, look at Figure 2, which shows a short subroutine that returns a random dice roll. It has been simplified by ignoring the low-order byte of the random number completely, which only creates a small error in our scaling. This optimization is acceptable in this case, but if you needed random numbers from 1 to 600, for example, you should use the full 16-bit result returned by rand.

For More Information

The only really good discussion I've found of random-number generators is in the first half of Volume Two of Donald Knuth's series The Art of Computer Programming, titled "Seminumerical Algorithms." Unfortunately the content is very technical and does not include many concrete examples. If you are comfortable with formal statistics and number theory, this text can be a very useful source of ideas. It includes a lengthy discussion of testing random-number generators.

That's all for this first installment of Tips, Tricks and Traps." Next time we'll take a look at a little trick I use for converting hexadecimal numbers into ASCII.



Tim Kientzle is currently pursuing a doctorate in mathematics at the University of California at Berkeley. He is the author of V-Term and has worked with the Color Computer since 1982.

Product Review

The CoCo Font Pro Adds Flexibility to CoCo 3 Typefaces

The CoCo Font Pro is a font-design and -selection program for the CoCo 3. With it, you can create new fonts or use the seven fonts included to display many different typefaces on the CoCo 3 graphics screens from within your BASIC programs (using HPRINT). Written in machine language. The CoCoFont Pro is fast; and the menu-driven user interface (along with the many prompts and dialogue windows) makes the program very user-friendly

The CoCo Font Pro requires a disk drive and works with any type of monitor. To get the program running, all you need to do is enter DOS or, if you have Disk BASIC 2.0, enter LOADM"LOADER": EXEC. A colorful menu appears providing options for loading the font editor, loading the Install module, or quitting.

The editor shows all of the characters and symbols in a specific font. Selection of a single character for modification is done via the right joystick. The editor screen also shows a grid, called the zoom window, in which the selected character is displayed while you are working on it. Editing is performed on a pixel-by-pixel basis and is controlled via the right joystick. At any time, you can load a previously constructed font set for editing or viewing. You can also save the font set currently in memory.

Since fonts are saved in sets of six, The CoCo Font Pro requires you to enter a filename for the set as well as ID numbers for the fonts. These font ID numbers help you keep track of which font is which when you use them in BASIC. This also brings us to one of the handiest features of The CoCo Font Pro system: Since you'll have up to six fonts in memory simultaneously, you can choose the font you want at any time.

You can even mix fonts on the graphics screen.

Before you can use the new fonts from within BASIC, you must add a short subroutine to your BASIC program. This subroutine is included on the disk in ASCII format, facilitating easy merging into your program. The actual font selection is accomplished by using a simple poke along with the appropriate ID number for the font you want. Also included with The CoCo Font Pro is a demo program that displays all six installed fonts on an HSCREEN2 page.

The Install option allows you to select the six fonts you want placed in a given font set. When you first run the program, all six memory blocks are set up to reflect the normal font. Using the arrow keys, you simply move a pointer to select the six fonts (by name) that you want to use.

The CoCo Font Pro includes the following fonts: Normal, Normal Inverted, Picture, Script, Fancy, Outline and Bold. Other ready-to-use fonts are available, including Old English, Future, 1940s and more. The optional font-set disk also includes a utility that allows you to renumber the font sets, as well as a utility for converting McPaint fonts to The CoCo Font Pro format.

The CoCo Font Pro is an excellent product and will be useful to most CoCo hackers and software tinkerers. It's simple yet effective and can even be used by novices. It's also priced right for today's Color Computer market. (Color Computing Soft ware, 65 Oak Road, Canton, MA 02021 \$14.95 plus \$1 S/H; optional font disk,

- Robert Gray

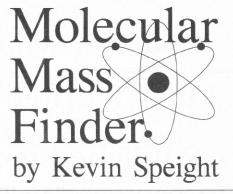
Feature Program

ow that the school year has begun, students in beginning chemistry are probably wondering why they took that course. Many find themselves looking for all the help they can get. Molecular Mass Finder is a simple Color Computer program designed to ease the burden by calculating the mass of specific compounds.

When you run Molecular Mass Finder, you are asked to enter the symbol for an element. Simply type the standard chemical symbol (e.g., Fe, H, etc.) for the first element in the compound and press ENTER. You are then asked for the number of atoms of this element in the compound. Repeat this for each element; as you add new elements to the compound, the new total molecular mass appears onscreen. This result is displayed in terms of grams per mole. (Do you remember Avogadro's number?) To start a new compound, press ENTER twice

Molecular Mass Finder handles most common elements. To add support for some of the less common elements, add to the ${\tt DATA}$ statements in the program. The format used places the symbol for the element first, followed by the atomic weight. If you add data, make sure the last data entry in the list is XXX, XXX (see the end of Line 90.

Kevin Speight is a university student who enjoys using his CoCo for programming and word processing. He can be contacted at Box 266, Howe Hall, Dalhousie University, Halifax, Nova Scotia, B3A 4J5. Please include an SASE when requesting a







The Listing: MOLEMASS

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'RAINBOW MAGAZINE

5 'KAINDUW MAGAZINE 30 TL-0 40 CLS:PRINT MOLECULAR MAS 5 FINDER":PRINT@416, "PRESS ENTER TWICE TO ERASE TOTALPRESS ENTER AT SECOND PROMPT FOR ONE ATOM"::PRINT@292,"TOTAL: "

UNE ALUM;: PKIN1@292, "IUIAL: " :TI; "GRAMS/MOLE" 50 PRINT@96, "symbol of element: "::IRPUTEL\$:INPUT"number of atum s: ";NU\$:IFEL\$=""THENRUNELSEIF NU\$=""THENNU=1ELSENU=VAL(NU\$)

NOS=""HENNO"=TELSENO"=VAL(NO\$)
60 RESTORE
70 READX\$:IFX\$="XXX"THENPRINT@26
3,"element not found.":SOUND1,1:
FORX=1T01400:NEXT:GOT040

FURX=1:014400:NEX1:GUIU40 80 DATAC,12.01,H,1.01,0,16.00,CL ,35.45,N,14.01,NA,22.99,AL,26.98 ,5,32.06,CA,40.08,ZN,65.38,K,39. ,1,BA,137.33,P,30.97,AG,107.87,CR ,52,B,10.81,S1,28.09,F,19,CU,63. 55,N1,58.71,FE,55.85

55, NI, 58.71, FE, 55.85 90 DATAMN, 54.94, M6, 24.31, LI, 6.94 .BE, 9.01, BR, 79.9, AS, 74.92, HG, 200 .59, PB, 2207, 19, B1, 208, 98, AU, 196.9 7, RB, 85.47, SN, 118.69, SB, 121.75, C S, 132.91, I, 126.9, CO, 58.93, XXX, XX

100 IFX\$<>EL\$THEN70ELSEREADNU(1) 11Ø G0T04Ø



Feature Program

JJ-Y Database Saves NETWORKING INFO

BBS9 is one section of a three-part database system I wrote for OS-9 Level II on the Color Computer 3. I use BBS9 to allow easy access to phone numbers and locations for the computer bulletin boards I contact. It can also be used to store and retrieve numbers for Delphi, GEnie, CompuServe and networks. As published in this article, BBS9 is a stand BBS database.

BBS9 is written in C, and you'll need the Microware C Compiler to compile the source code. The program has been tested and compiled using a 512K CoCo 3, but it should also work with 128K machines. Since BBS9 uses Level II's windows, you do need OS-9 Level II. Also, the makdir command is required when you first set up the program. (This command is included with Level II.) In order to compile BBS9,

you also need the cgfx.l graphics library, which is supplied with Multi-Vue. Alternatively, a C graphics library is available for downloading from the databases in the OS9 Online SIG on Delphi. The compiled readyto-run program is on this month's RAINBOW ON DISK for those without access to the Microware C Compiler.

The source-code is broken into four files for easier editing and handling, and they are commented so you can follow the program's logic. The first file is the main control program, bbstop.c. This section provides the BBS9's Main menu. The second file, bbssearch.c, includes the bbssearch.c function only and is the primary search function used when BBS9 is running. The third file is bbsen_del.c, which is made up of the functions bbsEnter.c and bbsDelete.c. bbsEnter allows you to enter new BBS rcords, and bbsDelete handles the deletion of unwanted records. The final source-code file for the BBS9 system is bbsdis_ch.c. This section contains the display and change functions that are called and used by the other functions for screen display and editing.

Using the Program

After you have compiled the BBS9 source code, you must create a directory named BASE9 in the root directory of your /dd device. Do this with the makdir command as follows:

makedir /dd/BASE9

You are now ready to run BBS9. To do so, just enter bbs9 at the OS9; prompt.

The first time you run BBS9, a prompt appears informing you that the database doesn't exist and asking if you want to create it. Press Y and the program creates and initializes the database file bbs in the BASE9 directory. After this, the Main menu appears, with options for searching, adding new records, deleting records and quitting. BBS9's Main menu is "hot-keyed", so you don't have to press ENTER after selecting an option - simply press the number corresponding to what you want to do.

At this point, there are no records in the database. Press 2 to enter new records and the program prompts you to enter the name of a BBS. If you change your mind and decide not to enter new records, simply press ENTER by itself here. After you enter a BBS name, BBS9 asks you to enter the phone number and location, and your User ID and password for the BBS. When entering untried BBSs, I leave the last entries blank or fill them with <na> and change them later. Finally, the program asks if you want to record your entries. To save the record to the database file, press Y. (Hint: I find it easier to go ahead and save the record and go back later to correct mistakes than to retype the entire record.) Once the record is saved, you are asked if you want to enter information for another BBS. Press Y or N accordingly. Note that if you enter a BBS name that already exists in the bbs database file, the program alerts you and does not overwrite the existing record. BBS9 is designed to trap user errors.

Once you have added records to the database, you can select the search option (Option 1) from the Main menu. After selecting this option, press 1 again and enter the name of the BBS you want to find. This part of the search function is most useful for calling up information when you have more than one BBS name beginning with the same letter(s). It is also the only route to take when you want to edit a record's contents. Otherwise, it is easier to select Function 2 on the Search menu, then press the first letter of the BBS name you want. If you select Function 2, BBS9 steps through every record for BBSs beginning with that letter. Function 3 on the Search menu allows you to list all the records in the data-

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base, and Function 4 returns you to the Main menu.

Option 3 on the Main menu is the Delete function. When you select this option, you are asked for the name of the BBS listing you want to delete. If you select the Delete function erroneously, simply press ENTER to return to the Main menu. After you enter a BBS name here, you are given one more opportunity to abort.

As a final note, BBS9 always converts the name of the BBS to uppercase charac-

ters when handling records. All other fields are stored just as you enter them.

Phil Scherer is a mechanical-design engineer for automatic packaging and assembly systems. In addition to working with OS-9 on the CoCo, his hobbies include snorkeling and horticulture. He can be contacted at 6191 NW 34 Hwy., Ft. Lauderdale, FL 33309. Please include an SASE when requesting a reply.

OS-9 Level II



```
Listing 1: bbstop.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
direct struct base {
        ect struct base ;
char name[15];
char number[15];
char location[25];
char id[15];
char pass[20];
} record;
direct struct tempo{
   char name[15];
   char number[15];
   char location[25];
   char id[15];
   char pass[20];
   }temp;
pflinit():
char database[]-"/DD/BASE9/bbs";
main()
#asm
info "BBS9 v1.3 copywrite P.Scherer 1992"
#endasm
         setbuf(stdin,0);
setbuf(stdout,0);
 /*create database if it doesn't exist*/
        if((fp=fopen(database,"r"))==NULL){
    OWSet(1,1,10,7,60,12,0,1);
    printf("\n\n\ Database %s does not exist\n".database);
    printf("\n\D\ ou wish to open one with this name? ");
    ch=getchar();
if(ch=='y'||ch=='Y'){
    fp=fopen(database,"w+");
    fwrite(&init,sizeof init,1,fp);
 /*create initial file in database*/
                   strcpy(record.name,"??");
fwrite(&record.sizeof (struct base).1.fp);
         fclose(fp);
    OWEnd(1); }
else {    OWEnd(1);
    return; }}
 /*create main menu*/
                 OWSet(1.1.0.0.80.24.0.2);
          do {
                 OWSet(1,1,12,6,60,12,0,4);
OWSet(1,1,10,7,60,12,0,1);
OWSet(1,1,11,8,58,10,3,2);
CurXY(1,28,1);
puts("MENU");
puts("MENU");
puts("\n 1) Search");
puts("\n 2) Enter New Record");
puts(" 4) Exit");
 /*force a selection from 1 to 4*/
                  CurXY(1,0,8);
DelLine(1);
CurXY(1,14,8);
printf("SELECT A NUMBER: ");
ch-getchar();
) while(ch<49||ch>52);
 /*call appropriate function*/
         switch(ch) {
  case '1':bbsSearch(database);
    break;
  case '2':bbsEnter(database);
                             break;
e '3':bbsDelete(database);
                    case
                              break
                  default: OWEnd(1);
OWEnd(1);
OWEnd(1);
                   } while(ch!=52);
```

```
Listing 2: bbssearch.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
extern direct struct base{
    char name[15];
    char number[15];
    char location[25];
    char 1d[15];
    char pass[20];
    } record;
bbsSearch(database)
char database[25]; {
char ch.ch2;
register int x;
int count;
register int y-1;
int w-0;
long 2-(sizeof (struct base));
long loc;
FILE *fp;
char choice[20];
/*create title window and search menu window*/
       OWEnd(1);
OWEnd(1);
        OWEnd(1)
       OWSet(1,1,3,1,24,3,0,1);
OWSet(1,1,4,2,22,1,3,2);
       printf(" BBS SEARCH FUNCTION");
/*main search loop*/
       do {
/*restore menu window if a search or change happened*/
                     OWSet(1,1,21,5,44,14,0,1);
OWSet(1,1,23,6,40,12,0,2);}
              OMSet(1,1,23,6,40,12,0,2);)
Clear(1);
printf("\n\n 1) Search by name\n");
printf(" 2) Search by First Initial of name\n");
printf(" 3) List names in database\n");
printf(" 4) Exit Search");
/*force selection of 1 to 4*/
      do {
   CurXY(1,0,8);
   DelLine(1);
   CurXY(1,5,8);
   printf("CHOOSE SEARCH OPTION: ");
   ab-matchar();
              ch-getchar();
} while(ch<49||ch>52);
/*:close windows and exit to main menu*/
/*:if exit is chosen*/
        if(ch-'4') {
               OWEnd(1)
              OWEnd(1);
OWEnd(1);
OWEnd(1);
               return; }
/*open file for read and write*/
       if((fp-fopen(database,"r+"))==NULL) {
    printf("%s not accessable\n",database);
    puts("press any key: ");
    ch=getchar();
/*read the number of entries in the bbs database*/
        fread(&count.sizeof count.1.fp);
/*handle selection from menu*/
       switch(ch) {
 /*start of search by name*/
              case'1':Clear(1);
  CurXY(1,7,3);
  puts("Press <ENTER> to abort.");
  CurXY(1,2,6);
  printf("Enter BBS to find: ");
  x=readin(0,choice,19);
  choice[--x]-0;
 /*return to search menu if abort is chosen*/
                      if(!*choice) {
                             break;
 /*convert search name to upper case for comparison to file entries*/
                     for(y-0;choice[y];y++)
    choice[y]-toupper(choice[y]);
y-0;
 /*search and compare loop*/
                     for(x=0;x<=count;x++){
  fread(&record,sizeof (struct base),1,fp);</pre>
 /*call display function if match is found*/
                           if(!strcmp(choice,record,name)) {
   y-display(x,y);
   break;}
 /*announce search failure if no match is found*/
```

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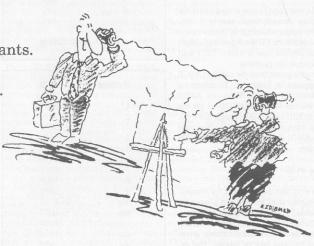
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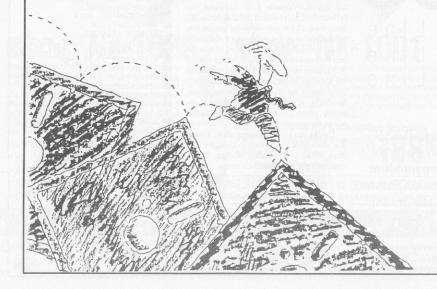
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```
fread(&record, sizeof (struct base), 1, fp);
                              CurXY(1.2.4);
printf(" There is no record of %s\n".choice);
printf("\n Press any key.");
ch=getchar();}
                                                                                                                                                                     /* < y > is incremented for reopening main window at top of main loop*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                   y++;
if(strcmp(record.name,"??"))
    printf("\n %s\n",record.name);)
printf("\n Press any key to continue: ");
ch-getchar();
} while(y<-count);</pre>
                      else
                      do{
/*give change option if search is successful*/
                      printf("\n Do you want to change anything <Y or N> ");
ch=getchar();
if(ch=-'Y'||ch=-'y'){
    CrRtn();
    ErLine();
                                                                                                                                                                     /*close display window and return to main menu*/
                                                                                                                                                                                            OWEnd(1);
                                                                                                                                                                                            OWEnd(1):
                                                                                                                                                                                            break;
                              change();
display(x,y);}
                                                                                                                                                                                     ]while(ch!-'4');
                      }while(ch==89||ch==121);
/*write new record if <w> is greater than <0> indicating a change*/
                                                                                                                                                                     Listing 3: bbsen_del.c
                              //(
loc-((loc-ftell(fp))-sizeof (struct base));
fseek(fp,loc,Ø);
fwrite(&record,sizeof (struct base),1,fp);
w-0;}
                                                                                                                                                                     #include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
                      fclose(fp);
                                                                                                                                                                     extern direct struct base{
/*erase display window and return to top of loop*/
                                                                                                                                                                            char name[15];

char number[15];

char location[25];

char id[15];

char pass[20];

}record;
                      1f(y){
                              OWEnd(1);
OWEnd(1);
Owend(1); }
break;
/*start of search by first initial*/
                                                                                                                                                                     extern direct struct tempo{
   char name[15];
   char number[15];
   char location[25];
   char id[15];
   char pass[20];
   ]temp;
              case'2':Clear(1);
  CurXY(1,8,3);
  puts("Press <ENTER> to abort.");
  CurXY(1,8,6);
  printf("Enter first initial: ");
                       ch-getchar();
if(ch--'\n'){
fclose(fp);
                                                                                                                                                                     bbsEnter(database)
                                                                                                                                                                            Enter(database)
char database[20]; {
  char ch;
  int count;
  int y,w=0;
  register int x;
  long z=(sizeof (struct base));
  FILE *fp;
                              y=0;
break;}
/*convert search letter to upper case for compare with first letter in file*/
                      ch-toupper(ch);
                                                                                                                                                                            OWEnd(1);

OWEnd(1);

OWEnd(1);

OWSet(1,1,3,1,23,3,0,1);

OWSet(1,1,4,2,21,1,3,2);
/*search and compare loop*/
                     for(x=0;x<=count;x++) {
   fread(&record,sizeof (struct base),1,fp);</pre>
/*call display if match is found*/
                                                                                                                                                                            printf(" BBS ENTER FUNCTION");
                              if(record.name[0]==ch){
                                     y=display(x,y);
printf("\n Press any key to continue");
printf(" - Press <E> to end search: ");
ch2=getchar();
                                                                                                                                                                    /*start of main loop*/
                                                                                                                                                                    do {
    Clear(1);
    puts("\n Press <Enter> to abort\n");
    printf("\n Enter BBS name: ");
    FColor(1,0);
    x=read(n(0,record.name.14);
    record.name[--x]-0;
    FColor(1,0);
/*test for abort*/
/*if end search is selected, close display window and return to main menu*/
                                     if((ch2=toupper(ch2))=='E'){
    OWEnd(1);
                                             OWEnd(1);
fclose(fp);
break;}}
/*advise if search fails after first find and return to main menu*/
                                                                                                                                                                                    if(!*record.name){
    OWEnd(1);
    OWEnd(1);
                           <>count){
if(y){
   Clear(1);
   CurXY(1,14,3);
   puts("There are no more records.");
   CurXY(1,14,5);
   printf("Starting with the letter %c",ch);
   CurXY(1,14,7);
   printf("Press any key to continue.");
   ch=getchar();
                      if(x>count){
                                                                                                                                                                                            OWEnd(1);
                                                                                                                                                                                            OWEnd(1):
                                                                                                                                                                                            return:
                                                                                                                                                                     /*convert to upper case to compare with existing records*/
                                                                                                                                                                                    for(x-0;record.name[x];x++)
    record.name[x]=toupper(record.name[x]);
                                                                                                                                                                                    if((fp=fopen(database."r+"))==NULL){
    Clear(1):
        printf("\nCannot access %s\n",database);
        printf("Press any key: ");
        ch=getchar();
        OWEnd(1);
        OWEnd(1);
        OWEnd(1);
        OWEnd(1);
        return: }
/*close display window*/
                                     OWEnd(1);
OWEnd(1);
fclose(fp);
break;}
/*advise if search fails and return to main menu*/
                                                                                                                                                                                            return; }
                             e {
   Clear(1):
   CurXY(1,6,3);
   printf("There are no records");
   CurXY(1,6,5);
   printf("beginning with the letter %c".ch);
   CurXY(1,6,7);
   printf("Press any key to continue: .");
   ch-getchar();
   fclose(fp);
   break;}
   break;}
                                                                                                                                                                     /*read the file count and search for open places from deleted records*/
                                                                                                                                                                                    fread(&count,sizeof count,1,fp);
for(x=0;x<=count;x++){
    fread(&temp,sizeof (struct tempo),1,fp);</pre>
                                                                                                                                                                     /*initialize y with x if open place is found. double \ref{thm:prop} identify*//*location of space. w is 0 until space is found*/
                                                                                                                                                                                          if(!w){
  if(!strcmp(temp.name,"??")){
/*start of list of all files in bbs database*/
/*close main menu window and open list window*/
/*does not use display for list*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                           y-x;
w++; }}
                                                                                                                                                                     /*search for existing record to prevent duplication*/
               case'3':0WEnd(1);
                                                                                                                                                                                            if(!strcmp(temp.name,record.name)){
                      0WEnd(1);

0WEnd(1);

0WSet(1,1,26,3,37,20,0,1);

0WSet(1,1,28,4,33,18,0,2);
                                                                                                                                                                                                   lstrcmp(temp.name,record.name)){
Clear(1);
CurXY(1,10.5);
printf("%s already exists",record.name);
CurXY(1,10.7);
printf("Press any key to continue: ");
ch-getchar();
x-0;
fclose(fp);
break;) }
/*start of read and print to screen loop*/
                      do {
                              Clear(1):
                              for(x=0;x<8&&y<=count;x++) {
```

```
OWEnd(1);
return; )
/*begin entries after duplication search*/
                       if(x>count)[
    printf(" Enter BBS phone number:
    FColor(1,0);
    x=readln(0,record.number.14);
    record.number[-x]=0;
    FColor(1,3);
    printf(" Enter BS location: ");
    FColor(1,0);
    x=readln(0,record.location,24);
    record.location[-x]=0;
                                                                                                                                                                              bbsDelete(database)
   char database[20]; (
   FILE *fp;
   char ch;
   char bbs[20];
   int count;
   register int x;
   long z=(sizeof (struct base));
                                                    Enter BBS phone number: ");
                               x=readln(0,record.location.24);
record.location[--x]=0;
FColor(1,3);
printf(" Enter BBS entry I.D.: ");
FColor(1,0);
x=readln(0,record.id,14);
record.id[--x]=0;
FColor(1,3);
printf(" Enter BBS password: ");
FColor(1,0);
x=readln(0,record.pass.19);
record.pass[--x]=0;
FColor(1,3);
printf("\n D0 you want to record entries?\n");
printf("\n Y or <N>: ");
                                                                                                                                                                                       OWEnd(1):
                                                                                                                                                                                       OWSet(1,1,3,1,22,3,0,1);
OWSet(1,1,4,2,20,1,4,0);
                                                                                                                                                                                       printf(" BBS DELETE SYSTEM");
                                                                                                                                                                                      OWSet(1,1,3,8,60,7,0,4);
OWSet(1,1,4,9,58,5,0,2);
printf("\n Press <ENTER; to cancel\n");
printf("\n Enter name of BBS to DELETE!: ");
x=readln(0,bbs,19);
                                 if((ch=toupper(ch=getchar()))!='Y') {
                                        x=0:
fclose(fp);
                                                                                                                                                                               /*test for abort*/
                                                                                                                                                                                       if(!*bbs){
                                        break:}
                                                                                                                                                                                               OWEnd(1);
OWEnd(1):
/*if a deletion opening was found, seek the location and enter record*/
                                                                                                                                                                                       OWEnd(1);
return; }
OWSet(1,1,7,12,60,7,0,4);
OWSet(1,1,8,13,58,5,0,2);
                                \begin{array}{c} \text{if(w)} \\ \text{fseek(fp,((long) sizeof count)+}(y^*z),\emptyset); \end{array}
/*convert to upper case to compare name to records*/
                                else {
                                                                                                                                                                                       for(x=0;bbs[x];x++)
   bbs[x]=toupper(bbs[x]);
printf("\n READY TO DELETE %s -- PROCEDE? <Y or N>: ",bbs);
ch=getchar();
                                rewind(fp);
rewind(fp);
fseek(fp.count.sizeof.count.1,fp);
fseek(fp.count*z.1);
fwrite(&record.sizeof.(struct.base),1,fp);
fclose(fp);}
                                                                                                                                                                                               jetchar();
h--'y'||ch--'Y')(
if('fp-fopen(database, "r+"))-NULL) {
    printf("Unable to access %s\n",database);
    printf("Press any key: ");
    ch-getchar();)
                        Clear(1);
                       /*read count variable and record files*/
                                                                                                                                                                                                fread(&count,sizeof count,1,fp);
for(x=0;x<-count;x++){
   fread(&record,sizeof (struct base),1,fp);</pre>
/*end of main loop*/
                        while(ch!='N');
                                                                                                                                                                                /*if a match is found, replace record name with double ?? causing the*//*program to ignore it--delete it.*/  
                        OWEnd(1);
                                                                                                                                                                                                       if(!strcmp(bbs,record.name)) {
   strcpy(record.name,"??");
                        OWEnd(1);
OWEnd(1);
```

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```
fseek(fp,((long) sizeof count)+(x*z),0);
fwrite(&record,sizeof (struct base),1.fp);
printf("\n Record DELETED:\n");
break;])
/*:if no message is found, send message and exit function*/
                   printf(" Press any key: ");
ch=getchar();}
                          OWEnd(1);
OWEnd(1);
                          OWEnd(1)
Listing 4: bbsdis_ch.c
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <ctype.h>
extern direct struct base{
    char name[15];
    char number[15];
    char location[25];
    char id[15];
    char pass[20];
    ) record;
display(x,y)
       int x;
/*if y=0 then open windows for the display function*/ /*after first time through display(), y is more than 0*/
      OWEnd(1);
             OWSet(1,1,10,6,65,13,0,1);
OWSet(1,1,11,7,63,11,0,2);
       Clear(1);
FColor(1,3);
printf("\n RECORD %d\n\n".(x+1));
printf(" 1) BBS- ");
```

```
FColor(1,0);
printf("%\\n\n".record.number);
FColor(1,3);
printf("3) LOCATION-");
FColor(1,0);
printf("%\\n\n".record.location);
FColor(1,3);
printf("4) LOGON I.D.-");
FColor(1,0);
printf("%\s".record.id);
FColor(1,3);
printf("5) PASSWORD-");
FColor(1,3);
printf("5) printf("%\s\n".record.pass);
y++;
                 return y; }
change(){
   char ch;
   char str[5][15];
   char str2[25];
   int x;
                strcpy(str[0], "Name");
strcpy(str[1], "Phone Number");
strcpy(str[2], "Location");
strcpy(str[3], "I.D.");
strcpy(str[4], "Password");
 /*force selection of 1 thru 5*/
                do{
    CurXY(1,0,9);
    ErLine(1);
    printf(" Select entry number to CHANGE <1 thru 5> ");
    ch=getchar();
    if(ch=-'\n')
        return;
    whfle(ch<49||ch>53);
CurXY(1,0,9);
ErLine(1);
printf(" Enter new BBS %s: ".str[ch-49]);
gets(str2);
               switch(ch){
  case '1':for(x=0;str2[x];x++)
    str2[x]-toupper(str2[x]);
    strpy(record.name, str2); break;
  case '2':strcpy(record.number, str2); break;
  case '3':strcpy(record.nocation, str2); break;
  case '4':strcpy(record.name, str2); break;
  default:strcpy(record.name, str2); break;
}
                  return:
```



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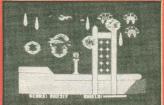
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