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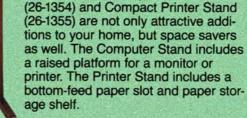




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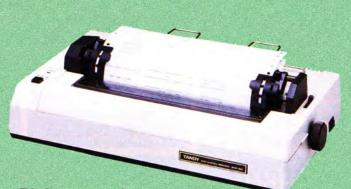
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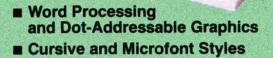
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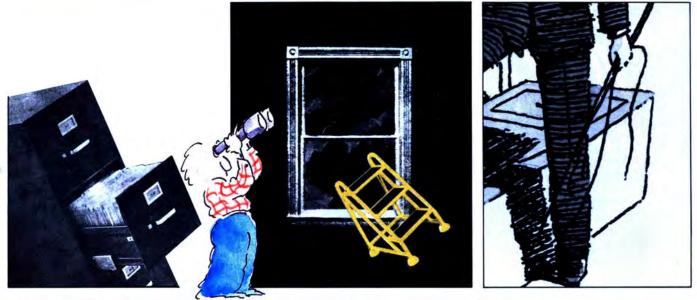
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ARTICLES

- **31 The Great CoCo Purge Utility,** *Mark D. Goodwin* Delete unwanted disk files in seconds.
- **33 Inside Integrated Software**, *Scott L. Norman* Multi-purpose software is all the rage. Is it for you?
- **36** Star Merchant, *Wilfred Barber* Win fame and fortune as an intergalactic trader.

- 46 Introduction to Home Finance, James D. Ray Inflation won't catch you by surprise if you use this program.
- 50 Some Added Mastery, *William S. Bonnell* Who says you can't make a good database program better?
- 64 Disk Wizardry, Michael Johnson Track directory entries, granule allocation, and more.
- DEPARTMENTS
- 6 Instant CoCo Directory
- 6 Back Issue Information
- 8 Letters to the Editor
- 9 6809 On Line, *Bobby Ballard* Curl up with a good telecomputing book.
- 12 Mindbusters, *Richard Ramella* Do-It-Yourself Brain Teasers.
- 14 Doctor ASCII, *Richard E. Esposito and Raplh E. Ramhoff* Your technical questions answered.

- 16 The Computer Room, Scott L. Norman What's Cookin'?
- 20 Reviews, edited by J. Scot Finnie Bugs II, Simon, Barbarossa, and more.
- 72 Product News, J. Scot Finnie Infocom, J & R Electronics, Spectral Associates, and more.
- 74 Assembly 101, James and Victor Perotti Learn how to drive your joystick.
- 76 Reader's Forum
- 80 The Corner Office, Jeff DeTray

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Instant CoCo Directory

Instant CoCo is a cassette tape containing the major programs from this issue of *HOT CoCo*. Its purpose is to save you the time and effort of typing long program listings into your Color Computer. You simply load the programs from the Instant CoCo tape using your cassette recorder. The instructions for operating each program are found in the corresponding *HOT CoCo* article. Both Basic and Assembly-language programs are included on the tape.

The Instant CoCo symbol appears in *HOT CoCo*'s table of contents and on the program listing for each article with a listing used on the Instant CoCo tape. As an added extra, each tape also contains a never-before-published Bonus Program, complete with instructions.

The directory below lists all programs included on this month's Instant CoCo cassette. Shown first are the name of the article with a descriptive blurb and its author, followed by the page number in this issue where the article appears. Next comes the file name of the program on cassette. Finally, there is a brief description of the Color Computer system needed to run the program.

This month's Instant CoCo cassette is available for just \$11.47, including postage and handling, from **Instant CoCo, 80 Pine St., Peterborough, NH 03458.** See our ad on p. 64 for more details.

Instant CoCo Directory January 1986

	Side A		
Article Name/Author/Description	Page #	File Name	System
Copyright Statement		TITLE	16KCB
Mindbusters/Ramella Invent your own puzzle.	12	CONTROL DAZZLE	16K ECB 16K CB
The Great CoCo Purge Utility/Goodwin Delete multiple disk files easily	31	PURGE	16K DECB
Star Merchant/Barber Travel to distant planets while amassing your fortune.	36	MERCHANT	32K ECB
Introduction to Home Finance/Ray Keep tabs on inflation's effect on your income.	46	INFLATE	16K ECB
	Side B		
Some Added Mastery/Bonnell This database program keeps getting better and better.	50	MASTER10 MASTER11	32K DECB Disk ROM 1.0 32K DECB
better and better.		MASTERII	Disk ROM 1.1
Disk Wizardry/Johnson Get the most from your disk drive with this utility collection.	64	UTILITY SNOOPER SPECS RESTORE	16K DECB 16K DECB 16K DECB 16K DECB
Reader's Forum/Clark Use your printer to address envelopes.	76	ADDRESS	16KCB

* * * Bonus Program * * *

Guitar Chord Chorus/Maiani	 GUITAR	32K ECB
Learn guitar chords with the		
help of your CoCo.		

CB = Color Basic, DECB = Disk Extended Color Basic, ECB = Extended Color Basic, (m)—machine-language program (use CLOADM)

Back Issues

Yes, back issues of *HOT CoCo* are available for all months. This list shows the features in each issue:

October 1983—Animation techniques; ROM disassembly, part I.

November 1983—Nuclear submarine simulation; ROM-pack primer; banner printer.

December 1983—World capitals quiz program; talking spelling tutor; vocabulary-building program.

March 1984—How a disk stores information; create your own wordsearch puzzles; dental/medical bill balancer.

June 1984—Horse-racing and stock-market simulators.

July 1984—Do-it-yourself lowercase mod; variable cross-referencer; the game, Python.

August 1984—Basic OS-9 review: database manager program: graphics tutorials; hurricane tracker.

September 1984—Educational software buyer's guide; typing-teacher program; the CoCo as a marketing aid.

November 1984—Personal money manager program; disk-file protection utility.

December 1984—Disk-drive timer; disk drive maintenance tips; full-featured text-editing program.

January 1985—Spreadsheet program: stockcharting program; make fancy graphics with your printer.

February 1985—Drawing program; user's group list; Space Hawks game.

March 1985—Universal screen-dump program; POKE list; utilities.

April 1985—Telewriter-64 mods; modem comparison; satellite-tracking program.

May 1985—Sound digitization; blackjack program; disk-based smart terminal programs compared.

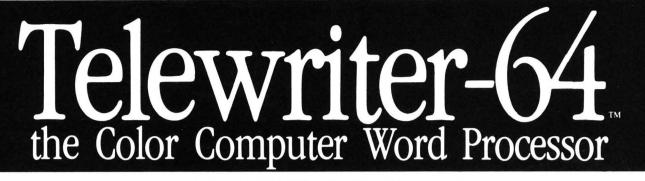
June 1985—How to install 64K in any CoCo; piechart program; custom fonts for Gemini printers.

August 1985—Graphics utilities; auto-line-numbering program; how to connect the CoCo to a Model 100.

You'll also find in each issue our regular features, reviews of popular software and hardware, and dozens of useful programs that are yours for the typing in.

Each back issue costs \$3.50 plus \$1 shipping and handling. On orders of 10 or more back issues, there is a flat \$10 shipping and handling fee. Quantities are limited, and we cannot guarantee that all back issues are available. Send your orders to *HOT CoCo*, **Back Issue Orders**, 80 **Pine St.**, **Peterborough**, **NH 03458.**■

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- 3 display formats: 51/64/85 columns × 24 lines
- True lower case characters
- User-friendly full-screen editor
- Right justification
- **Easy hyphenation**
- Drives any printer
- Embedded format and control codes
- **Runs in 16K, 32K, or 64K**
- Menu-driven disk and cassette I/O
- No hardware modifications required

THE ORIGINAL

Simply stated, Telewriter is the most powerful word processor you can buy for the TRS-80 Color Computer. The original Telewriter has received rave reviews in every major Color Computer and TRS-80 magazine, as well as enthusiastic praise from thousands of satisfied owners. And rightly so.

The standard Color Computer display of 32 characters by 16 lines without lower case is simply inadequate for serious word processing. The checkerboard letters and tiny lines give you no feel for how your writing looks or reads. Telewriter gives the Color Computer a 51 column by 24 line screen display with *true lower case characters*. So a Telewriter screen looks like a printed page, with a good chunk of text on screen at one time. In fact, more on screen text than you'd get with Apple II, Atari, TI, Vic or TRS-80 Model III.

On top of that, the sophisticated Telewriter full-screen editor is so simple to use, it makes writing fun. With single-letter mnemonic commands, and menu-driven I/O and formatting, Telewriter surpasses all others for user friendliness and pure power.

Telewriter's chain printing feature means that the size of your text is never limited by the amount of memory you have, and Telewriter's advanced cassette handler gives you a powerful word processor without the major additional cost of a disk.

...one of the best programs for the Color Computer I have seen... — Color Computer News, Jan. 1982

TELEWRITER-64

But now we've added more power to Telewriter. Not just bells and whistles, but major features that give you total control over your writing. We call this new supercharged version Telewriter-64. For two reasons.

64K COMPATIBLE

Telewriter-64 runs fully in any Color Computer - 16K, 32K, or 64K, with or without Extended

Basic, with disk or cassette or both. It automatically configures itself to take optimum advantage of all available memory. That means that when you upgrade your memory, the Telewriter-64 text buffer grows accordingly. In a 64K cassette based system, for example, you get about 40K of memory to store text. So you don't need disk or FLEX to put all your 64K to work immediately.

64 COLUMNS (AND 85!)

Besides the original 51 column screen, Telewriter-64 now gives you 2 additional highdensity displays: 64×24 and $85 \times 24!!$ Both high density modes provide all the standard Telewriter editing capabilities, and you can switch instantly to any of the 3 formats with a single control key command.

The 51 \times 24 display is clear and crisp on the screen. The two high density modes are more crowded and less easily readable, but they are perfect for showing you the exact layout of your printed page, *all on the screen at one time*. Compare this with cumbersome "windows" that show you only fragments at a time and don't even allow editing.

RIGHT JUSTIFICATION & HYPHENATION

One outstanding advantage of the full-width screen display is that you can now set the screen width to match the width of your printed page, so that "what you see is what you get." This makes exact alignment of columns possible and it makes hyphenation simple.

Since short lines are the reason for the large spaces often found in standard right justified text, and since hyphenation is the most effective way to eliminate short lines, Telewriter-64 can now promise you some of the best looking right justification you can get on the Color Computer.

FEATURES & SPECIFICATIONS:

Printing and formatting: Drives any printer (LPVII/VIII, DMP-100/200, Epson, Okidata, Centronics, NEC, C. Itoh, Smith-Corona, Terminet, etc).

Embedded control codes give full dynamic access to intelligent printer features like: underlining, subscript, superscript, variable font and type size, dotgraphics, etc.

Dynamic (embedded) format controls for: top, bottom, and left margins; line length, lines per page, line spacing, new page, change page numbering, conditional new page, enable/disable justification.

Menu-driven control of these parameters, as well as: pause at page bottom, page numbering, baud rate (so you can run your printer at top speed), and Epson font. "Typewriter" feature sends typed lines directly to your printer, and Direct modê sends control codes right from the keyboard. Special Epson driver simplifies use with MX-80.

Supports single and multi-line headers and automatic centering. Print or save all or any section of the text buffer. Chain print any number of files from cassette or disk. File and I/O Features: ASCII format files create and edit BASIC, Assembly, Pascal, and C programs, Smart Terminal files (for uploading or downloading), even text files from other word processors. Compatible with spelling checkers (like Spell 'n Fix).

Cassette verify command for sure saves. Cassette autoretry means you type a load command only once no matter where you are in the tape.

Read in, save, partial save, and append files with disk and/or cassette. For disk: print directory with free space to screen or printer, kill and rename files, set default drive. Easily customized to the number of drives in the system.

Editing features: Fast, full-screen editor with wordwrap, block copy, block move, block delete, line delete, global search and replace (or delete), wild card search, fast auto-repeat cursor, fast scrolling, cursor up, down, right, left, begin line, end line, top of text, bottom of text; page forward, page backward, align text, tabs, choice of buff or green background, complete error protection, line counter, word counter, space left, current file name, default drive in effect, set line length on screen.

Insert or delete text anywhere on the screen without changing "modes." This fast "free-form" editor provides maximum ease of use. Everything you do appears immediately on the screen in front of you. Commands require only a single key or a single key plus CLEAR.

...truly a state of the art word processor... outstanding in every respect. — The RAINBOW, Jan. 1982

PROFESSIONAL WORD PROCESSING

You can no longer afford to be without the power and efficiency word processing brings to everything you write. The TRS-80 Color Computer is the lowest priced micro with the capability for serious word processing. And only Telewriter-64 fully unleashes that capability.

Telewriter-64 costs \$49.95 on cassette, \$59.95 on disk, and comes complete with over 70 pages of well-written documentation. (The stepby-step tutorial will have your writing with Telewriter-64 in a matter of minutes.) To order, send check or money order to:

Cognitec 704 N. Nob St. Del Mar, CA 92014

Or check your local software store. If you have questions, or would like to order by Visa or Mastercard, call us at (619) 755-1258 (weekdays, 8AM-4PM PST). Add \$2.00 for shipping & handling. CA residents add 6% state tax.

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Letters To The Editor

I'se the Ham

I am a ham-radio operator who would like to learn more about using my 64K CoCo in my hobby. I understand personal computers are being used in communications to send and receive information via ham radio. Is this possible with the CoCo? I'd like to hear from anyone who uses a CoCo in ham-radio operations.

> Frank Burke (VO1BZ) Box 5612 EEPO St. John's, Newfoundland A1C 5W8

Drop Me a Line

I live in a small town in Argentina and would like to trade programs and information with other CoCo users. I've also solved Mark Data's Calixto Island and Black Sanctum adventures and will trade clues.

> Luis Ricardo Blando Independencia 189 San Rafael, Mendoza Republica Argentina

Date Minder Update

There's a programming error in my article, "Date Minder" (*HOT CoCo*, July 1985, p. 74). If you enter a special day or regular data for October through December, the program moves the information into January. To correct this problem, please make the following line changes:

110 FORZ1=1T06:SD=0:S\$=STR\$(SD(Z 1)):T1=VAL(LEFT\$(S\$,LEN(S\$)-2)): T2=VAL(RIGHT\$(S\$,2)):FORZ2=1T0T1 :SD=SD+DM(Z2-1):NEXTZ2:TS(Z1)=SD +T2:NEXTZ1:RETURN

14Ø MO=VAL(LEFT\$(TD\$,LEN(TD\$)-2)):DA=VAL(RIGHT\$(TD\$,2)):FOR X=1 TO MO:YD=YD+DM(X-1):NEXTX

670 MO=VAL(LEFT\$(ND\$,LEN(ND\$)-2)):DA=VAL(RIGHT\$(ND\$,2)):FORX=1TO MO:YD=YD+DM(X-1):NEXT:GOSUB150

To correct lines in the proper order, delete PRINT@224: in line 540. To remove confusion on the entry position and clear the input line in the proper order, insert PRINT@224: ?@9, "DAILY ENTRIES"; : in line 540. And to fix the default of one entry when the entries should be zero, change TE = 1 in line 590 to TE = 0.

JDOS users please note that Date Minder files cannot be saved and reloaded under JDOS.

If you've bought a copy of my program from me, return the original and I'll send you the corrected version.

> James Huckabey 3303 A Hollywood Ave. Bellingham, WA 98225

Here's to You, Art!

I am writing to sing praises for one of your advertisers: SpectroSystems. More specifically, I want to praise Art Flexser, company president and programmer.

I found his operating system, ADOS, advertised in *HOT CoCo* and later read Stephen Berry's comparison review (*HOT CoCo*, May 1985, p.71) of ADOS and SpectrumDOS. Intrigued by ADOS's power and customizing features, I sent in my order. Once I got the program and started working with it, I grew more and more pleased with its friendly approach and easy operation.

I then bought PBJ's Word-Pak II and am delighted with this fine screen expansion as well. However, I found some frustrating incompatibilities between ADOS and Word-Pak, so I disassembled them both and developed a machine-language program that modifies the Word-Pak driver software, enabling ADOS and Word-Pak to work together without losing the great features of either.

I've talked to Art Flexser, and he plans to offer my modification to those who want to use ADOS and Word-Pak II together. My dealings with Art have left me even more impressed with ADOS. Now I know why this operating system is so friendly: because Art Flexser is so friendly himself. I've found him honest and helpful, and it has been a pleasure to deal with him and George McVey, who is listed in the ADOS manual as one who will burn ADOS onto an EPROM for you.

> Glenn M. Dunn Louis, MO

Mr. Flexser does plan to offer Mr. Dunn's program with ADOS and, with PBJ's permission, post the modification on CompuServe for those who already own ADOS.

Mr. Flexser is also offering a program called Nutrax by ADOS user Don Hutchison. Nutrax lets you convert 35-track disks to 40 tracks without losing data already on the disk. SpectroSystems now offers the program with ADOS, or ADOS owners can download Nutrax from CompuServe (DL5)

In October's "Doctor ASCII" column (HOT CoCo, October 1985, p. 13), the Doctor stated that ADOS only worked with the 1.0 Disk Basic ROM. However, ADOS is compatible with both 1.0 and 1.1 ROMs.—eds.

Reader's Forum Fix

We inadvertantly left out a line of code in Listing 2 of the Reader's Forum piece, Printer Formatter (*HOT CoCo*, October 1985, p. 91). Add the following line:

45 PRINT:INPUT"LEFT MARGIN (TAB)" ; TAB:IF TB = 0 THEN TB = 1 Clubhouse

Chilliwack CoCo Club

The Chilliwack CoCo Club meets the first and third Monday of each month at the Thurston Room on the Canadian Forces Base. For more information, phone 604-858-2485 or write to me.

> Chilliwack CoCo Club c/o Jeff Russell 6107 Glengarry Sardis, BC V2R 2H7

Dayton CoCo Users' Group

The Dayton CoCo Users' Group has the following new mailing address:

> Dayton CoCo Users' Group Steve Lewis 4230 Cordell Drive Dayton, OH 45439

> > Joseph P. Evans

Birmingham, AL

I would like to start a Color Computer club in the Birmingham, AL area. If you're interested, phone 592-8812 or write me at the following address:

> Lanorace Gilmore 6805 6th Ave. South Birmingham, AL 35212

Color Computer World

Color Computer World of Central Florida is in search of public-domain software—especially bulletin-board programs.

> Color Computer World of Central Florida c/o Lynndel Humphreys 5121 Mortier Ave. Orlando, FL 32812

On Line

The Tiger's Den

The Tiger's Den of Whetherford, OK, is now operating at 300/1,200 baud. The system is aimed at adventure and war games, but we appreciate all types of programs. To chat with the sysop, call between 5 and 11 p.m.

> David Miller Wetherford, OK 405-772-7277

6809 on Line

The Information Bookshelf

n the search for a better understanding of data communications, I've purchased many books. Each has contributed to my knowledge of this growing field. Four, in particular, deserve special attention because they have made the greatest contribution to my telecommunications education. All are readily available through local libraries, book and computer stores, or publishing houses.

Two from Texas Instruments

Understanding Data Communications (catalog no. 62-1389) is one of a series of books published by the Texas Instruments Learning Center and distributed through Radio Shack stores. The authors, four experts from Texas Instruments and Southern Methodist University, present subjects ranging from data terminals to LANs (local-area networks), fiber optics, and satellite communications. At \$3.95 a copy, it's a bargain.

While you might never need some of the information it offers, much of it is valuable to understanding fundamental and advanced concepts of data communications. It's a great book for beginners because successive chapters cover progressively more advanced topics. Each chapter ends with a short quiz to help you evaluate how much you've learned. Topics of particular interest include ASCII code, terminal types, asynchronous and synchronous communications protocols, modems, modem interfacing, error detection and control, and packet networks. The final chapter, which discusses network design and management, is useful to those setting up a network.

Understanding Telephone Electronics (catalog no. 62-1388) is another Texas Instruments Learning Center publication. Don't let the title mislead you. While many chapters deal specifically with telephone use, several of them cover computer-related topics. The chapter on electronic dialing and ringing circuits will give you a better understanding of techniques used in most telephone equipment. Of special interest to those who telecommunicate or run a BBS are the chapters on digital-transmission techniques and modem-telephone service for computers. The information in these chapters alone is worth the selling price of \$3.49.

Experiments for Microprocessors

Data Communications for Microcomputers

by Elizabeth A. Nichols, Joseph C. Nichols, and Keith R. Munson is published by Mc-Graw-Hill and sells for \$16.95. The book's 260-plus pages examine data communication as it relates to microprocessors, emphasizing troubleshooting and problem solving between various CPUs. The authors discuss printers, terminals, and telephone networks; they also provide discussion on making and testing your own cables, interfaces, circuits, and diagnostic tools. In addition, you will find experiments for the Zilog Z-80 microprocessor and tips on software development. With each program example, the authors are careful to relate the information to the general subject so that you can transfer the ideas presented to other CPU applications.

Data Communications for Microcomputers contains a wealth of diagrams and charts. If you are interested in advanced data-communication topics, this is the book for you. The authors do not fall into the trap of discussing what's out there to access (e.g., BBSes and on-line databases); instead, they present hardcore technical information.

An Inspiring Sourcebook

I've saved the best for last. Without a doubt, *The Netweaver's Sourcebook* is the most inspiring book I've read on telecommunicating. Written by Dean Gengle (founder of the CommuniTree Group in San Francisco) and published by Addison-Wesley, the book is subtitled A *Guide to Micro Networking and Communications*. And it is! I couldn't put this book down—high praise for a book of this type.

Dean Gengle does not limit discussion to technical subjects; the book covers the social, psychological, economical, and physical implications of networking. That sounds boring, but Gengle merges these subjects in an exciting fashion, capturing your imagination and compelling you to read on. Beginning with language, jargon, and buzz words, he embarks on a journey that covers diverse subjects yet keeps the overall picture in view. The book is filled with quotations from a wide range of authors, including Aldous Huxley, Isaac Asimov, and Alvin Toffler.

At \$14.95 for a 320-page paperbound book, *The Netweaver's Sourcebook* is fairly priced. And it is easy to use as a reference. The index is broken down into three categories: subject, title, and name; the most significant page numbers for an item appear in boldface. The book also includes an exhaustive glossary and extensive appendices that provide citations to direct further research on a particular subject.

Gengle's book can help you no matter what your personal interests are. In the future, we will be bombarded with more information than we can seemingly handle. Do you need this book? The introduction says it all, "You need this book because it can save you time in the months to come. It can also save you dollars and, possibly, suggest to you new ways to work and make yourself and your company more productive. It can save you from being 'the last to know.' In our society's continuing transformation from industry to information, being the last to find out, being the last to get vital information, can be costly.''

I urge you to get a copy of this book and read it. You won't regret it, I guarantee it.

I hope that all the suggestions from my bookshelf will prove as useful and inspiring for you as they have for me. And if you've discovered computer or telecommunications books that you would recommend, let me know about them. I'd appreciate hearing from you.■

Address correspondence to Bobby Ballard, 1207 Eighth Ave., 4R, Brooklyn, NY 11215. You can also reach him on CompuServe (#72746,2373 or #73135,255) or The Source (#BCT173) and through MCI Mail (#172-3476). Bobby's BBS number is 718-499-1633.

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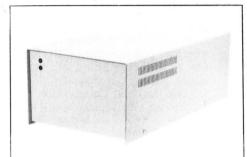
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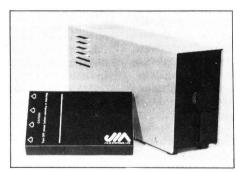


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January 1986 HOT CoCo 11

Mindbusters

by Richard Ramella

This program is available on our Instant CoCo cassette See the Instant CoCo ad elsewhere in this issue





Custom-Made Brain Twisters

Eds. note-To enter Puzzle Contest IX, send your name, address, score, and complete answer string to Richard Ramella, 1493 Mt. View Ave., Chico, CA 95926. Put your name and address in the upper right corner of the envelope. Multiple entries are permissable. Identical scores and answer strings from the same address will be judged as a single entry. Entries must be postmarked by January 31, 1986. If there are tying high scores, the winner will be determined in a random drawing. The winner's name, score, and answer string will appear in a future Mindbusters. The winner will receive a free one-year subscription or extension to HOT CoCo.

his month's contest listing is called Add-A-Dazzle. Turn in the high score and you could win a one-year subscription to HOT CoCo. Ron Rosentrater of Lakewood, CO, did. He is the winner of Puzzle Contest IV, which appeared in the August 1985 issue of HOT CoCo, p. 16. Congratulations, Ron!

All told, five entrants had the correct answers to this contest; Ron Rosentrater's name was selected in a random drawing performed on the Color Computer. The four other entrants with the correct answers were David Jewell of Oroville, CA, Paul Kacprowicz of Erie, PA, J. Terry Schwartz of Santa Barbara, CA, and Neil Parks of Beachwood, OH.

The following are the eight clues comprised by Puzzle Contest IV and their answers.

1. Once followed rear admiral Commodore 2. HAL OB IBM PC with each letter shifted backward one position in the alphabet

3. Without clarity Sinclair (requires knowledge of French or Spanish)

4. EPLAP an anagram of Apple5. UST-91 TRS-80 with the letters and numbers shifted one forward

6. John Wayne African movie minus one the movie Hatari minus the first letter, which yields Atari

7. Birthday in the Emerald City Osborne 8. I CANE an anagram of ENIAC, one of the first big computers

Broadly Expressed Answers

Answer the three questions that follow.

- 1. What is Mr. Johnson's first name?
- 2. Where do kings most often sit?

3. Can you: Tell a rope's length as inches?

Whether you realize it or not, you know the answers to all three questions.

No matter where you live, it is likely you are acquainted with or know of some man with the most common English surname-Johnson. The correct answer to the first question is his first name. Like the rest of us, kings sit down, on chairs, on their backsides. All three answers are acceptable for the second question. The length of a piece of rope, the measurements of which are otherwise undefined, can be expressed in a simple formula of your choosing, such as:

inches = $\frac{2 \text{ (inches)}}{2}$

The first letters of each word following the colon in the third question form an anagram of the word lariat, but that's just a red herring meant to confuse people who need to find meaning where there is none. A lariat is linear, like a rope, but has no fixed length.

Broadly defined questions can have broadly expressed answers. To the true puzzles of life, there are seldom exact solutions. We might respond with compromise, with partial solution, by banging our heads against infinity, or even by ignoring the puzzle so long as it doesn't interfere with our existence.

Control Panel

I like the idea of a puzzle whose solution is up to the solver. That way, no one gets hurt. Such a puzzle is Control Panel (Listing 1). It is toy-like and malleable; it's as many puzzles in one as the ways in which you choose

System Requirements 16K RAM **Control Panel: Extended Color Basic** Add-A-Dazzle: Color Basic Color TV or Monitor

to solve it. And the most difficult test of all is forcing yourself to continue pursuing the solution of any one puzzle concept you choose. There is no inner test for solution. It's up to you to recognize success.

When you run Control Panel you're presented with a space-like scene with a white panel on which 35 buttons appear: 12 orange, 12 blue, and 11 green. One space is blank. Push the up or down arrow and a button will logically slide into the blank space. Each of the three horizontal rows of colored buttons moves as a group. To shift the entire top row to the left one space, press the 1 key for the first row followed by the left-arrow key. The colored button all the way to the left on the top row will wrap around to the right side. Pressing the row number, such as 2 for the middle row, followed by either the L for left or R for right keys will also work.

So what's the object, you may well ask. You might try manipulating all the orange buttons onto the top row, the blue buttons to the center row, and the green buttons to the bottom row. Or you might put orange buttons to the left, green to the right, and blue in between. Is it possible to arrange the buttons so that no two colors are adjacent? Is there an arrangement in which two identical colors, and no more, are always adjacent throughout? If you try this last one, don't count the odd green button.

There are many other puzzles you might pursue with Control Panel. The possibilities will come to you as you begin to move the buttons around the screen. The difficulty of each puzzle depends on how tough you want to make it on yourself. The harder it is, the more satisfaction you'll derive from success.

Add-A-Dazzle

When you run Puzzle Contest IX-Add-A-Dazzle (Listing 2), the screen turns blue and a black square appears with the number 1 in the upper right corner. Pressing any of the N, S, E, W keys locates the next number in the corresponding compass direction. Each time you make a move, another number appears in the sequence from 1 to 9. On your tenth move, the numbers begin over again with 1.

The object of the puzzle is to keep the

12 HOT CoCo January 1986

Educational Programs

string of numbers alive. The puzzle ends when: the entire square is filled, two identical numbers fall in boxes that are adjacent horizontally or vertically, or you move into a position from which there is nowhere to move. The more numbers you add to your trail the higher your score will be. The program keeps track of your score automatically. Scoring is determined by multiplying each number by those numbers that directly contact its four sides and adding the subtotals together.

Program Listing 1. Control Panel

100 REM*CONTROL PANEL*TRS-80 EXT ENDED COLOR BASIC 16K* RAMELLA 11Ø CLS: PMODE 3,1: COLOR 3,Ø: P CLS3: SCREEN 1.1 12Ø DIM M(1Ø,58): DIM R(3): R(Ø) =12: R(2)=11: R(3)=12 13Ø S\$=CHR\$(94)+CHR\$(1Ø)+CHR\$(8) +CHR\$(9)+"123" 14Ø COLOR 1,1: LINE(5,5)-(248,3Ø), PSET, BF: COLOR 2,1 15Ø CIRCLE(28,18),8,,1,.15,.85: CIRCLE(44,18),8: N\$="U15F3D3F3D3 F3U15": DRAW"BM59,25"+N\$ 160 DRAW"BM81,25;U15L6R11": DRAW "BM9Ø,25;U15R6F2D3G2L6R2F6D2" 17Ø CIRCLE(111,18),8: L\$="U15D15 R1Ø": DRAW"BM122,25;"+L\$ 18Ø DRAW"BM154,25;U15R6F2D3G2L6" DRAW"BM168,25;U4E2U4E4F4D4L8R8 F2D4" 19Ø DRAW"BM187,25"+N\$: DRAW"BM2Ø 5,25;R1ØL1ØU8R4L4U7R1Ø": DRAW"BM 22Ø,25;"+L\$ 2ØØ COLOR 1,1: CIRCLE(23Ø,16Ø),5 Ø: PAINT(250,160),2,1: CIRCLE(20 Ø,14Ø),8: CIRCLE(24Ø,172),1Ø 21Ø FOR X=1 TO 4Ø: CIRCLE(4+RND(176),11Ø+RND(7Ø)),RND(4),RND(4): NEXT 22Ø COLOR 1,Ø: LINE(2,35)-(252,1 Ø5), PSET, BF: FOR A=1 TO 35 23Ø B=RND(4)-1: IF B=1 OR R(B)=Ø THEN $23\emptyset$ ELSE R(B)=R(B)-1 24Ø X=RND(12)*2Ø-12: Y=RND(3)*2Ø $+2\emptyset$: IF PPOINT(X+9,Y+9)<>5 THEN 240 25Ø COLOR B,1: CIRCLE(X+9,Y+9),7 PAINT(X+9,Y+9),B,B: NEXT 26Ø GOSUB 36Ø 27Ø A\$=INKEY\$: S=INSTR(S\$,A\$): I F S=Ø OR A\$="" THEN 27Ø 28Ø IF S>4 THEN S=S-4: L=S*2Ø+2Ø GOSUB 32Ø 29Ø IF S=1 AND Y<8Ø THEN GET(X+2 ,Y+2Ø)-(X+19,Y+4Ø),M,G: FOR F=Y+ 2Ø TO Y STEP -2: PUT(X+2,F)-(X+1 9,F+2Ø),M,PSET: NEXT 300 IF S=2 AND Y>40 THEN GET(X+2 $(Y-2\emptyset) - (X+19, Y), M, G: FOR F=Y-2\emptyset$ TO Y STEP 2: PUT(X+2,F)-(X+19,F+ 2Ø), M, PSET: NEXT 31Ø GOSUB 36Ø: GOTO 27Ø 32Ø A\$=INKEY\$: S=INSTR(S\$,A\$): I F A\$="" AND S<>3 AND S<>4 THEN 3 201 33Ø IF S=3 THEN Q=PPOINT(16,L+9) : GET(27,L)-(247,L+2Ø),M,G: PUT(7,L)-(227,L+2Ø),M,PSET: CIRCLE(2 36,L+9),7,Q: PAINT(236,L+9),Q,Q 34Ø IF S=4 THEN Q=PPOINT(236,L+9): GET(7,L)-(227,L+2Ø),M,G: PUT(27,L)-(247,L+2Ø),M,PSET: CIRCLE(

When the game ends, it prompts you to press any key for your answer string and score. These are required for entry into the contest. If you have a printer, you can print the answer string by typing PRINT #-2,ST\$. Add-A-Dazzle also runs on the MC-10 if you change line 120 to read PK = 16384. To print the answer string with the MC-10, type LPRINT ST\$. If you do not have a printer, carefully copy down your answer string and score. Next month: Hitting the jackpot.

16,L+9),7,Q: PAINT(16,L+9),Q,Q 350 RETURN 36Ø FOR Y=4Ø TO 8Ø STEP 2Ø: FOR X=7 TO 227 STEP 20 37Ø P=PPOINT(X+9,Y+9): IF P=5 TH EN RETURN ELSE NEXT X,Y 380 END Program Listing 2. Puzzle Contest IX-Add-A-Dazzle 100 REM * ADD-A-DAZZLE * TRS-80 COLOR BASIC AND MC-10 BASIC 11Ø CLS3: CLEAR 5ØØ: A\$="1234567 89" 12Ø PK=1Ø24 130 REM * MC-10, MAKE ABOVE LINE PK=16384 14Ø FOR X=66 TO 418 STEP 32: FOR Y=1 TO 12: POKE PK+X+Y,128: NEX т Ү,Х 15Ø X=2Ø4: Z=1: GOSUB 36Ø 16Ø Z\$=INKEY\$: IF Z\$="" OR Z\$<>" N" AND Z\$<>"W" AND Z\$<>"E" AND Z \$<>"S" AND Z\$<>"S" THEN 16Ø 17Ø IF Z\$="N" AND PEEK(PK+X-32)< >128 OR Z\$="S" AND PEEK(PK+X+32) <>128 THEN 16Ø 18Ø IF Z\$="W" AND PEEK(PK+X-1)<> 128 OR Z\$="E" AND PEEK(PK+X+1)<> 128 THEN 160 Z = "N" THEN X=X-32 190 IF 200 IF Z\$="S" THEN X=X+32 210 IF ZS="W" THEN X=X-1 IF ZS="E" THEN X=X+1 220 $23\emptyset$ Z=Z+1: IF Z>9 THEN Z=1 24Ø GOSUB 36Ø 25Ø P=PEEK(PK+X)-48: U=PEEK(PK+X -32)-48: D=PEEK(PK+X+32)-48: L=P EEK(PK+X-1)-48: R=PEEK(PK+X+1)-4 26Ø IF U>Ø AND U<1Ø AND D>Ø AND D<1Ø AND L>Ø AND L<1Ø AND R>Ø AN D R<10 THEN 370 27Ø ST\$=ST\$+Z\$ 280 IF U>9 THEN U=0 290 IF D>9 THEN D=0300 IF L>9 THEN L=0 31Ø IF R>9 THEN R=Ø 320 IF P=U OR P=D OR P=L OR P=R THEN 37Ø $33\emptyset$ SC=SC+(P*U)+(P*D)+(P*L)+(P*R) 34Ø PRINT @ 48Ø, "SCORE: "SC; 35Ø GOTO 16Ø 36Ø POKE PK+X,ASC(MID\$(A\$,Z,1)): RETURN 37Ø PRINT @ Ø, "PRESS A KEY FOR A NSWER STRING"; 38Ø C\$=INKEY\$: IF C\$="" THEN 38Ø 39Ø CLS: PRINT ST\$: PRINT: PRINT

"FINAL SCORE: "SC: END

BASKETBALI STATISTICS

by Jeff Stevens

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LONG DIVISION

by John Ashurst

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Doctor ASCII

by Richard E. Esposito and Ralph E. Ramhoff

Having technical difficulties? Consult the Doctor for an answer. Due to the volume of mail Doctor ASCII receives, we cannot guarantee that your query will be published. Please send a self-addressed, stamped envelope with all letters to Doctor ASCII, c/o HOT CoCo, 80 Pine St., Peterborough, NH 03458.

Q. I use Tandy's EDTASM + ROM pack to program under machine language. Sometimes my programs make the CoCo hang up, forcing me to turn it off to regain control. Of course, I also lose my program. Is there any way to reload the source code into memory without retyping it? Also, is there any way to CSAVE and CLOAD programs at high speed (POKE 65495,0)?—*Hector Trincavelli, Cordoba, Argentina*

A machine-language program can hang up your CoCo in many ways. I'll name just a few of them. It can go into an infinite loop due to a programmer's logic error, it can write unexpected data onto the stack, or it can write data over some of its own instructions. These problems, or bugs, leave the CoCo's memory in an indeterminate state. EDTASM + has no alternative but to clear memory upon power up since it cannot assume anything about what is in memory. The bottom line is that you can guarantee that your Assembly code is safe only by copying it to cassette before executing it.

Fastape from SpectroSystems (11111 N. Kendall Drive, Suite A108, Miami, FL 33176, 305-274-3899) will load and save tapes at high speed. It sells for \$21.95.

Q How does Basic's GOSUB command work? Also, I have been reading *HOT CoCo* for only a short time, and terms such as ED-TASM and CCEAD confuse me. Can you help?—*Ken Banghart, Redlands, CA*

A The GOSUB command is a little like the GOTO command, which causes program execution to continue with the line whose number follows the word GOTO. The only difference is that the GOSUB command says, "Go there, but first remember the location of the next statement to be executed here." You use the RETURN command to tell Basic to continue executing the program immediately after the GOSUB. RETURN says to Basic: "Go back to the statement that follows the last GOSUB executed." Each GOSUB executed must execute a RETURN to cause Basic to delete the return location that the GOSUB remembered. The GOSUB command allows a single routine to be executed from many places in the program without duplicating the actual code.

Your second question is simpler to explain, but impossible to answer completely. The computer industry is very big on using acronyms. The driving force for this is that identifiers such as file and program names are restricted to a fixed length when stored on disk or other media, usually eight to 12 characters. It is a good practice to have names describe what the file is. For example, the editor/assembler might be called EDTASM, and the Color Computer Editor/Assembler/Debugger might be called CCEAD. These cryptic names make the computer field seem a bit too technical. However, they do save a lot of verbiage, if you understand them. Unfortunately, the only way to learn them is through long-term exposure. Read on!

Q. I have heard of a program that will enable me to play an audio **Q**. tape into the computer and let me hear the sound from my TV speaker. This allows my computer to talk, but the messages can be played only in a specific order and they must come from cassette. I don't want just a speech cartridge.—*Bob McArthur, Prince George, BC*

A Spectral Associates (3418 South 90th St., Tacoma, WA 98409, 206-581-6938) sold Compuvoice and Soundsource, which will do what you ask, a couple of years ago. Contact them for the latest prices and availability.

Q How do you set PMODEs, SCREENs, and PCLEARs from Assembly language? Bill Barden's Assembly-language book says it's easy, but doesn't go into detail.—*Shawn Long, Hurdle Mills, NC*

A For a technical description, write Motorola Semiconductors, P.O. Box 20912, Phoenix, AZ 85036 for Advance Information Sheets ADI-595 and ADI-492 on the 6883 SAM and 6847 VDG chips, respectively. You can find a less technical, textbook-style description in Assembly Language Graphics for the TRS-80 Color Computer, by Don and Kurt Inman (Reston Publishing Company, 1983).

Q, What is a light pen? Can a light pen copy text from a book or a magazine onto a monitor?—*D. Roney, Sedona, AZ*

A light pen is a device that looks like a pen, but has a photocell instead of a writing point at its tip. Essentially, it works like this: Each pixel on the screen is blinked in succession very quickly, and the light pen's photocell, upon sensing this this blink, signals the computer. This interaction between pen, screen, and computer gives you the sensation of drawing with light on a CRT display.

As to having a computer text scanner, such devices exist, but they are expensive. I haven't seen one for the CoCo.

Q. Can I buy or build an interface that will allow me to use my Centronics 701 printer and its 36-pin parallel interface with my CoCo?—*Sudhir Kapoor, Covington, GA*

A You can interface it in two ways: First, use a serial-to-parallel converter, many of which are available for the CoCo. The advantage to using one of these is that you don't need a software driver. The alternative is to add a hardware parallel interface to your CoCo's expansion connector. This allows your printer to go as fast as it can, but requires a software driver since Tandy's ROMs contain no such code. ■

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The Computer Room____

Letting Tandy **Cook Your Goose**

by Scott L. Norman

ook Book, Tandy's new menu planner/recipe file/shoppinglist generator, might just become the first program whose effects show up on the Norman family dinner table. That would be quite an achievement. Although my wife Sharon is a serious student of cooking, she has never ap-

plied the computer to aid in her culinary arts in any big way.

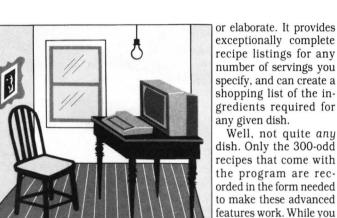
Her reasons are good ones. Flour, shortening, and sticky fingers make the average kitchen an unfriendly place for keyboards and disk drives. For that reason alone, it is unlikely that many CoCos will find homes near (much less on) the range.

However, filing recipes and planning meals are two tasks that could be performed by computer under less damaging conditions. Unfortunately, most powerful, general-purpose databases seem too complicated to be worth the bother to the cook whose interests lie elsewhere, and the simpler file managers have few advantages over 3-by-5 cards, three-ring binders, or other conventional recipe keepers.

There are specialized recipe-file managers on the market, but few offer a convenient mix of features. For example, Sharon and I found Computerware's CoCo Cookbook (HOT CoCo, July 1985, p. 42) easy to use but lacking in such niceties as menu planning and the ability to scale quanities of ingredients according to the number of servings. Tandy's CookBook has a go at addressing these particular problems.

Caveats

Besides providing you with a startup collection of about 320 recipies, CookBook acts as an "executive chef" capable of suggesting complete menus for a variety of meals. It takes into account your requirements for the type of food to be emphasized, general cost level, and whether the meal is to be simple



pes on additional disks, all the program can do

with them is create an index, let you browse through your collection, and retrieve a particular entry. The computer won't scale the ingredients, and it won't be able to compose tempting menus out of your submissions. Program author Robert Siegel seems to be

can store your own reci-

assuming that the typical user simply won't have some of the information that the program's advanced features need. Tandy's recipes include information about the food groups they contain, the sorts of meals for which they are suited, the cost, and other matters. The data appear in a particular format, so the program can readily search for dishes which satisfy some criterion or other.

In contrast, when you enter a recipe of your own, you are only prompted for the number of servings, the ingredients, and the preparation instructions. There is no avenue by which you can get the other classification data into the disk file short of digging into the source code and hacking away.

I think that the program could have been made versatile enough to do more with a user's recipes: It could ask for the extra data and handle those dishes that included the necessary information just like it does the stock recipes. The option of performing as a simple filing system could always be reserved for those cases in which some of the information was unavailable.

On Its Own Two Feet

CookBook requires 32K and at least one disk drive; two are better. The package includes a nearly full program disk and another of recipes, and having to switch constantly between them would be annoving in day-to-day operation.

There are two major operating modes: Menu Planner and Recipe Index. Under Menu Planner, the computer can lay out any one of a dozen types of meals, ranging from brunches to formal dinners and holiday or seasonal feasts. The manual goes into considerable detail about the implications of choosing various options for each. In addition to juggling all the factors I mentioned earlier, for instance, CookBook lets you specify whether a meal is to be light and small or heavy and substantial. This usually affects the number of courses offered.

One frustrating point: The program will only present you with four complete menus for a given run, no matter how many potential combinations of dishes there might be. If none of the four meal plans offered catch your fancy, you have to backtrack through three layers of program menus and start over. It takes about a minute for the program to search its files for all the dishes that meet the criteria for a given meal, and another minute or so to compose the four winning menus.

There is no printout option for meal plans! You have to copy the names of the dishes so that you can later retrieve them from CookBook's files. That should be fixed.

Other Menu Planner options let you select a beverage or create a new dish. Beverage selection usually comes down to a recommendation of coffee or tea, along with a very bare-bones wine list, while "Create New Dish" merely suggests sauces to accompany any meat, poultry, or seafood item you specify. Some of the combinations are pretty intriguing, although making the sauces might require the use of an auxiliary cookbook of the hardcopy variety.

With meal plan in hand, you are ready to tackle the Recipe Index mode. Here, you can retrieve a specific recipe or browse through your data file. Just in case you don't quite remember the name of a particular recipe, CookBook gives you the six nearest alphabetical matches. Browsing options let you see the alphabetized titles of all recipes, recipes that concentrate on a specific type of food, or only those recipes especially suited for one of the predefined meal types.

The recipes themselves are unusually complete. In addition to ingredient lists and preparation instructions, you get information on the calorie content, the preparation time, food groups present, and even a list of the utensils needed to prepare the dish—an especially handy feature in a busy kitchen and you can print out this information.

A number of other options spring from this section of the program: two particularly useful ones are the ability to scale recipes up or down and an online glossary of cooking terms for the less experienced chef. You can also create a shopping list that lists the ingredients (in the same order as the recipe itself) and the amount of each required. If you change the size of a recipe, the shopping list changes accordingly.

Cookbook made a favorable impression. I do wish that the program allowed random access to its options (you have to step through every item to reach the one you want), and both Sharon and I would like it to do more with user-entered recipes. On the positive side, many of the prerecorded recipes are quite interesting and most of the menu-planning suggestions make sense.

Scott Norman is the manager of solid-state science at GTE Laboratories in Waltham, MA. Write to him at 8 Doris Road, Framingham, MA 01701.

Products Mentioned in The Computer Room

CookBook Tandy Corp. 1400 One Tandy Center Fort Worth, TX 76102 32K disk \$39.95

CoCo Cookbook Computerware 4403 Manchester Ave. Box 668 Encinitas, CA 92024 32K disk \$27.95

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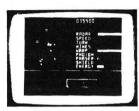
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joy! Requires 32K and Joysticks.

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Panzers East!	
Barbarossa	
The Deluxe RS-232	
Program Pak	
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Guide to OS-9	

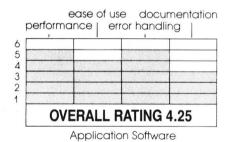
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Applications Made Simple with Simon

by Scott L. Norman



Simon is produced by Derringer Software, P.O. Box 5300, Florence, SC 29502-2300, 803-665-5676. It requires 64K and at least one disk drive. The program sells for \$24.95.

Simon is a copycat, a utility that "learns" any sequence of as many as 6,400 keystrokes used to enter data into a Basic program, stores it in a disk file, and repeats everything at the touch of a single key. It can be used to automate programs that require long, infrequently changed startup sequences. Telecommunications programs (especially those always used to log onto the same BBS or information utility), data managers, and spreadsheets dedicated to a single data file are applications that will benefit from the utility.

Simon was written by Dennis Derringer, author of the popular data-file manager Pro-Color-File (PCF). The two programs are natural allies: PCF has no built-in facility for automatically loading a specific file at startup, and its I/O (input/output) routines are written in Basic. Although Simon can be used with many other programs, this review focuses on its use with PCF.

I use a dedicated copy of PCF to keep track of the manuscripts I write. Everyday record keeping requires a fair amount of typing just to get to the point at which I can do something useful, such as adding a new record or updating an existing one. To do so, I have to pick a major task from PCF's main menu, specify the file name and the drive it is on, and press the enter key a couple of times to validate selections. Because I use a manuscript file for a year at a time and that file always resides on the same drive, this is a perfect application for Simon. Why keep typing the same information if I can get the computer to do the job?

There are two ways to build a file of keystrokes that Simon will be called on to reproduce. The simplest method is to run through the Basic program you will be using while Simon "looks on" from a protected section of high RAM. When you have finished, the utility tells you where the last keyboard entry is stored. By using other address information found in the instruction pamphlet, you can save the commands as a machine-language file. The final step is to edit one or two lines in Simon's own Basic code so that its main menu will subsequently include the option of firing up your applications program.

The second keystroke-programming technique uses direct inputs. With this method, you type keystrokes in response to prompts from Simon; it is not necessary to run your applications program. This might save a little time, but you must be sure of the information the applications program will require. You'll also have to resort to a little trickery in order to record keystrokes that don't give printable characters. Command files constructed by direct input can be saved to disk with a single keystroke.

For my applicaton, I chose the first of the two methods. With Simon running, I made all the standard PCF keyboard entries until I got to the menu from which you select different options such as add record, update record, and so on. Then I pressed the break key (which directs Simon to end the recording session) and saved the command file. Finally, I reloaded Simon, inserted the names of the command file and applications program (as indicated in the documentation), and saved the edited version.

Whenever I want to work on my manuscript file, I just load the disk containing Simon, PCF, and the data file and type RUN "SIMON". One keystroke gets me to Simon's main menu and another starts the ball rolling. Although it still takes the better part of a minute to load the entire PCF system and data files, at least my input and attention are no longer required.

Simon can handle as many as 11 combinations of command files and applications programs. It would be a simple matter to repeat the process described above with other PCF data files in order to have the options for calling any one of them appear on Simon's main menu.

Although the utility is quite flexible—it can pause in the middle of a command string to let you enter the current date, for example there are some situations it cannot handle. I was disappointed to learn that I couldn't get it to enter the keystrokes needed to exit PCF after updating a file. (PCF's log-off sequence has always seemed too long to me.) The problem seems to stem from the fact that there is no way to program Simon for the varying number of keyboard entries that might occur between the times that I take and relinquish control of the add/update menu. Other portions of PCF are accessible to Simon's control, however. With a little effort, it is possible to set up a system that indexes a file and automatically prints a variety of predefined reports. You might find this to be a very helpful routine.

It is important to keep in mind that the scope of possible applications that you can use with this utility extends well beyond Pro-Color-File. Any application that uses INPUT, LINE INPUT, or INKEY\$ statements for reading the keyboard is fair game for the program. Simon deserves the consideration of all those who want to automate some of their data-entry chores without having to do anything as drastic as permanently modifying the code of their major applications programs. ■

Two Roads to Moscow

by Peter Paplaskas HOT CoCo *staff*

Panzers East! and Barbarossa are solitaire war-strategy games that share the theme of the Nazi invasion of the Soviet Union during World War II. Panzers East! is produced by The Avalon Hill Game Co., 4517 Harford Road, Baltimore, MD 21214, 301-254-5300, 800-638-9292. It comes on cassette, requires 32K, and sells for \$25 plus \$2.50 for shipping. Barbarossa is from Ark Royal Games, Box 14806, Jacksonville, FL 32238, 904-786-8603. It requires 64K and Extended Color Basic, and sells for \$30.95 on cassette and \$33.95 on disk.

Russia has eluded domination at the hands of famous conquerors over the centuries, and, in so doing, firmly upheld the old saw that tells us that history has an odd way of repeating itself. If you've studied that history, you'll know the significance of reinforced supply lines and the onset of the deadcold Russian winters to would-be conquerors.

The invasion of Russia may well be the ultimate challenge to war strategists the globe around. Here are two games that offer the chance to recreate the German invasion of Russia during World War II. Will you fall into the same traps that foiled the strategies of such infamous conquerors as Napoleon and Hitler? Or have you learned enough from their mistakes to change the course of history?

Panzers East!

Panzers East! is written in Basic with a machine-language file that contains the setup data for game play. It is surprisingly fast for a Basic program. The documentation that comes with this software consists of an easyto-read and understand 12-page booklet that helps you plan strategies for battle. The documentation also includes a multicolored gameboard that is used instead of graphics. This is a drawback, but what the game lacks in graphics it makes up for with engrossing challenges and sound testing of your applied strategies. The gameboard comprises the eastern European countries and the Soviet Union. The map also divides Russia into provinces, indicating their terrain type and military objectives. Game play involves constant reference to the map, which helps you to visualize where all fighting units are located.

Panzers East! begins by asking you to select either the historical or the fully prepared scenario. The latter gives you the advantage of an extra week for your campaign and early reinforcements. Your next decision involves choosing campaign objectives and priorities. These consist of isolating the Soviet Union along with the importance of industrial and agricultural areas. The option basically sets the difficulty level of the game. The higher the number you choose, the more numerous and difficult objectives become. Then you select the percentage of *Luftwaffe* (German air force of World War II) planes you want to commit in making a surprise attack during the first week of your invasion. You'll have only 21 weeks to meet your military objectives or face the consequences of a Russian winter.

The main menu of Panzers East! offers a variety of options, from reviewing troops to allocating air power. The former consists of three commands for tracking your northern, central, and southern command groups. A total of 3 million troops are at your disposal. The main forces are stationed in Poland, which spearheads the invasion. The northern and southern command groups contain your remaining divisions. The movement option is used to transport infantry and mechanized units from one controlled area to another. The troop-allocation option regulates the number of troops that you use in battle. The assault option is used for activating invasion of specified enemy-controlled areas. In addition, the battle command is used to continue combat in a contested province. You can only invade a province from a province you already control.

Calling for air power brings another menu of options to the screen. Air power is divided into three regions the same as the army units. Assigning air missions helps to cover troops during battles and to reduce Soviet military buildups in other provinces. A submenu is used to assign combat-air patrols over a province.

The program prompts you to input battle intensity for each engagement. A high level of battle intensity will cause a *Blitzkrieg* (lightning war), the German term for all-out mechanized surprise attack. It will also cause greater numbers of casualties on both sides. The key to choosing battle intensity rests in gauging the number of Russian troops, condition of supply lines, and kind of terrain. Poor supply lines will reduce the strength of your infantry and mechanized units by 75 percent.

After battle intensity has been selected for each confrontation, the screen clears and text messages appear indicating the results of each battle. The approach of week 16 of fighting causes a change in the weather, which consists of heavy rains followed by muddy conditions; your attack strength is reduced by 33 percent and your air power is partially grounded. By week 21, snow begins to appear, which results in half or your fighter planes being grounded and your supply lines falling by one level. It's going to be a long, cold winter.

Barbarossa

Barbarossa is a high-resolution war strategy that offers exciting graphics and plenty of realism; it pulls no punches in providing challenging entertainment to war strate"Panzers East! and Barbarossa are high-quality programs, and would be greatly valued by war-strategy buffs."

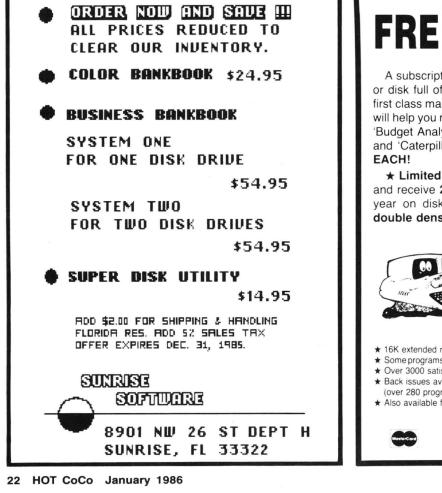
gists. An historical footnote: The term Barbarossa was the German High Command's code word for the invasion of the Soviet Union.

Upon loading this program, you'll see a hires display of eastern Europe. Mountains, swamps, and rough terrain areas each have

different colors assigned to them. Scrolling the screen vertically brings you closer to Moscow. It also allows you to look ahead to see where the Russians are entrenched. Industrial objectives are represented on screen by smokestacks, and other logical symbols appear designating the locations of air, infantry, and armored units. The bottom of the screen holds four lines of text for unit strength, recognition, and moves allowed; supply level; time of year; and weather conditions. The invasion starts from Poland. Later, it is also launched from Hungary and Rumania, which were Axis allies. All fighting units are divided into northern, central, and southern groups.

The object of Barbarossa is to accumulate 38 victory points, and each city you conquer along the way has a different value. Moscow, Leningrad, and Stalingrad are the biggest prizes.

Play of the game is based almost entirely on maintaining and acquiring supply points. The supply aspect is dubbed "bullets 'n' beans 'n' gasoline" by some war-gamers. In any real war, supply becomes the most important aspect of employing an offensive. You start Barbarossa with more than 2,200 supply points. Additional points accrue



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when you capture cities. As well as having different victory-point values, cities also have varying supply-point values. Depletion of supply points is caused by movement, battles, air strikes, and transferring of units from one geographic group to another. Leaving enemy units behind your lines will also consume points.

Barbarossa's "Blitz" movement allows weaker units to attack. It is used primarily as an attempt to achieve a quick victory, though at a high cost of supply points. If you reach a negative value of supply points, you lose the Blitz option.

Movements of fighting units are performed with commands that are common to all Ark Royal games. Russian units never move. However, if you leave stragglers behind in an unvanquished city, the enemy units will attack. The program also reinforces enemy positions with new units, which has the effect of movement. The Russians can also reenter a city from which they've been ousted unless it is completely under Axis control. This can can wreak havoc on your supply lines if you don't secure each city as you advance. Combat occurs when you move your units to a position adjacent to any enemy unit. Attacking several units at once will prompt counterattack by nearby Russian units. Aspects of the game that affect combat (called combat modifiers) include unit strength, weather conditions, air power, availability and usage of the Blitz option, and position of attack. The manual states that attacking from above a target will give you a weighted modifier.

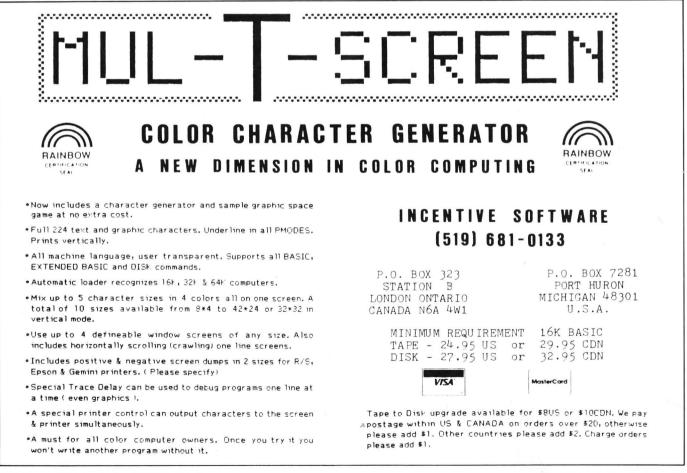
Contrasting the Two Armies

Both of these games offer the three necessary components of war-gaming: realism, excitement, and playability. Panzers East! employs a more realistic approach to using air power, which does not play as important a role in Barbarossa. The latter deploys three air squadrons with each regional army group as support. Only one command is devoted to this option. Panzers East! has a submenu that allows you to transfer and assign squadrons to different provinces and send them on bombing missions. It even has a command for strafing enemy units.

There are some other advantages to the Avalon Hill game. It is more realistic in its approach to garrisoning troops. Insufficiently garrisoned provinces will fall easy prey to attack. It also provides you with the actual numbers of Soviet troops and equipment in a province before you attack, which simulates to some extent the scouting and reconnaissance information you might have in the field. Barbarossa tells you only the numbers of vanquished troops and equipment following an attack. This is important because as an attacking force, you should strive to have a two-to-one ratio advantage in numbers of troops.

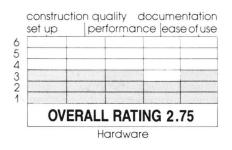
Barbarossa has a few special weapons of its own, however. It has a big advantage over Panzers East! in its hi-res graphics, which allow players to view all forces at once instead of trying to visualize how they are positioned. The emphasis on supply problems is another advantage that helps to inject realism into the scenario. Panzers East! is based strictly on objectives and attrition. The combat phase also adds a more realistic touch to Barbarossa because you gain a slight advantage in attacking from above, a direction from which the enemy is less likely to be expecting you.

Panzers East! and Barbarossa are highquality programs, and either one would be greatly valued by war-strategy buffs. But when all is said and done, I find myself gravitating to the Ark Royal product. The graphics offer an enticing advantage, and the emphasis on supply lines seems more realistic. ■



The Deluxe RS-232 Program Pak

by Bobby Ballard



The Deluxe RS-232 Program Pak is manufactured by Tandy Corp. (catalog no. 26-2226), 1400 One Tandy Center, Fort Worth, TX 76102. It requires 16K, either Extended Color Basic or OS-9, a DB-25 connector ribbon cable, and a telephone line. It sells for \$79.95.

t should be made clear from the start: This is two products in one. I like one and not the other. The Deluxe RS-232 Program Pak is designed to add a standard RS-232 port to the Color Computer. If you have a disk system and/or ROM-pack-based telecommunications software, you'll need a multiple ROM-pack interface.

The Program Pak is hardware and software combined, called "firmware" as a marketplace buzzword. The hardware part of the product is the ROM pack, the port itself, and its supporting circuits. The software is contained on a wave-soldered EPROM (erasable, programmable read-only memory) chip; it does not have to be used. To invoke the builtin software, you type EXEC &HC000.

The software part of this product has some significant drawbacks. It is incompatible with many download protocols, including CompuServe's, and assumes that you are only going to transfer files between Color Computers. If all you own is ROM-pack terminal software, then you might opt to use the Program Pak's on-board software. But you could be more frustrated than satisfied with that arrangement; the program is awkward to use and requires extensive maneuvering to download software.

The only saving grace of the software part of the Program Pak is the fact that you can directly transfer programs from one CoCo to another and then run them immediately. But without a backup, such software could crash, and your only recourse would be to send or receive it again. My advice is not to buy this product for its software.

There is good news and bad news about the hardware aspects of the Program Pak. The good news is that the device is a welcome addition to the CoCo hardware market. No longer must you be restricted to bit-banging through a four-wire port. This product supports transfer at as high as 19,200 baud. And changing parameters while on line is as easy as POKEing an address with the appropriate number.

The actual heart of the Program Pak is a Synertek 6551 ASCI (asyncronous-syncronous communications interface) that includes an on-chip baud-rate generator, programmable interrupts and status register, falsestart bit detection, and echo mode. It is memory mapped to addresses & HFF68 to & HFF6B.

One of the main reasons that Tandy has created this package is for use with OS-9. In a sense, OS-9 was incomplete before the Program Pak was released. The whole concept of multitasking under OS-9 was limited by the availability of only one port on the Color Computer. With the release of this package, Tandy upgraded OS-9 from version 1.0 to 1.01. The new version contains a driver for the ASCI in the Program Pak. If you own OS-9 and want all its capabilities, this product is for you. It frees up your printer port and gives you a standard serial port, to boot.

> "The Deluxe RS-232 Program Pak is two products in one. I like one and not the other."

I also recommend using the Program Pak hardware for running a BBS. It allows more complete control of all the RS-232 lines, an important feature for keeping hackers off the line and out of your files. Check the compatibility between this device and your BBS software before you buy it. Similarly, some terminal packages can make use of the Program Pak while others cannot. Check with software vendors about this before you buy. Older versions of software packages are more likely to be incompatible. When I asked



The Deluxe RS-232 Program Pak from Tandy

around the marketplace, I found that some of the manufacturers of terminal programs that are currently incompatible with the Program Pak already have upgrades in the works.

A few paragraphs back I mentioned some bad news. Here it is: Not all of the standard RS-232 lines are supported or even connected in the Program Pak. Only nine lines are brought out on the DB-25 connector. They are as follows:

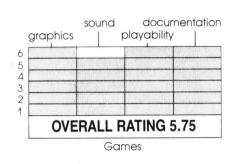
Pin No.	Signal
1	Frame ground
2	Transmit data
3	Receive data
4	Request to send
5	Clear to send
6	Data set ready
7	Signal ground
8	Carrier detect
20	Data terminal ready

Another drawback to the Program Pak is the quality of its documentation. The manual skimps on technical information and some of its charts are downright confusing. Although it does provide some examples of how to program the device in Basic and machine language, there is no mention of OS-9 in this vein. The manual also does not cover the product's support of even Tandy modems.

Despite all the negative aspects of the Program Pak this review has pointed out, I recommend the device as a hardware addition if you don't mind the missing leads. And if you are interested in multitasking with OS-9, you'll want to strongly consider this product. When you boil it down, it's best to steer clear of the Program Pak if you are basically just looking for a software package. But as a hardware device, it has some important features to recommend it. The important thing is to make sure that its capabilities fit your application perfectly before you buy.■

You'll Like Bugs-II

by Richard Ramella



Bugs-II is marketed by Four Star Software, P.O. Box 730, Streetsville, Ontario, L5M 2C2, Canada, 416-858-STAR. It requires 64K and Extended Color Basic and sells for \$19.95 on cassette and \$26.95 on disk. The prices in Canada are \$24.95 and \$32.95, respectively.

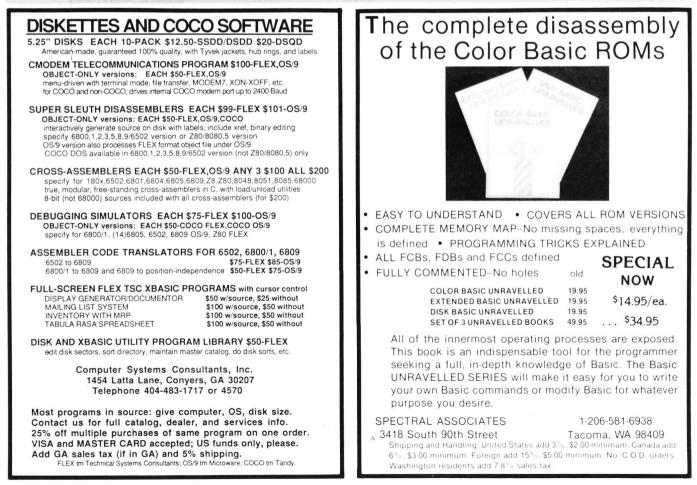
arth has been invaded by giant, intelligent bugs that treat humans like animals, penning them in and killing them for sport. Luckily, there is a way to fight back!

This is the premise of an arcade-game delight that combines arcade action with a touch of adventure. Bugs-II was written by Dave Shewchun and Roland Knight. It has visually appealing screens, quick graphics, good program responses to player direction, and hordes of small bugs that show great intelligence in tracking down and obliterating the "land bug" controlled by the player. The game also offers both joystick and keyboard control.

Players must travel through the maze-like rooms and corridors of a subterranean network. Though a score is given for each play, the real challenge is to win the game—and fulfill the adventure—by disabling the reactor at the heart of the structure. Along the way there are enemy bugs that will try to destroy the player's icon by collision or projectile, though a player can fire back and take evasive measures. There are six maze levels. Each has a transport room that can be breached only by finding a missile and firing it, and it must be done while fending off attackers.

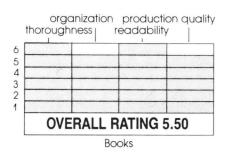
Bugs-II offers four play levels that you select as the game begins. You receive five "men" to start, and the game ends when they are lost. You can, however, receive extra turns by scoring points. The play panel members (my children) who helped me test Bugs-II have managed to penetrate the mysteries of about half of this program. But there are things left to consider, such as the matter of finding objects that contain the word *key* and using them appropriately.

My panel and I liked Bugs-II because its elements of mystery lifted it out of the category of the pure maze chase game. It must be a success because it has been difficult to get any where near my CoCo since the program arrived. One of the reasons for this is that the authors have done a fine job on the graphics. And there is a hallmark of quality about every aspect of the game, including the hypnotic title sequence, the zip-zap sounds, bright colors, nice animation, and logic of play. If you like arcade games, Bugs-II won't fail to intrigue you.■



Getting to the Bottom of The Complete Rainbow Guide to OS-9

by Jeffrey S. Parker



The Complete Rainbow Guide to OS-9 by Dale L. Puckett and Peter Dibble is published by Falsoft Inc., P.O. Box 385, Falsoft Building, 9529 U.S. Highway 42, Prospect, KY 40059, 502-228-4492. The 417-page softcover was published in 1985 and sells for \$19.95 plus \$1 for shipping. Falsoft also publishes a two-disk companion software set that contains all the programs listed in the Guide to OS-9. The set sells for \$31 and was not examined for this review.

t started quietly a few years ago when Tandy began touting a new operating system that let you use the full 64K capabilities of the CoCo 2. OS-9 was one of the most expensive packages on the market for the Color Computer at that time. It offered an assembler, an editor, filing capabilities, and just about everthing you could want for a diskbased system.

The only problem was, if you were like most CoCo owners, you barely made it through the first book (purple) of instructions. The much more technical language in the second book (red) probably stumped you. And more than likely, you found that you had a lot of unanswered questions. What is a device driver, anyway? How do the editor and assembler work? How can you use two computers at once? Why would you want to? When the questions started to pile up, back went the book into the binder along with the

master disk and the package ended up on a dusty shelf.

Enter The Complete Rainbow Guide to OS-9, by Dale L. Puckett and Peter Dibble. It is the most important book published for OS-9 to date. Written in a plain, nontechnical style, it is an excellent guide for helping CoCo users find their way through its complicated subject matter.

The Guide to OS-9 is a long book and is not recommended for casual readers. You need little or no prior experience with OS-9 to use this book, but read its chapters carefully, taking time to be sure you understand the material they present. If used correctly, it can be an invaluable asset in sounding out OS-9's deep waters.

The text is divided into six sections or parts, beginning with an introduction and brief history of the operating system and progressing through each aspect of its usage.



The book's structure is comprehensive; each section builds on the one that preceded it. This means that unless you have prior experience with OS-9, you should read the chapters in order. The following are descriptions of each section:

- "The Big Picture" gives an overall Part I: view of the system and its components.
- "Hands On" provides a detailed Part II: step-by-step hands-on section in which you begin using OS-9.
- "Touring the OS-9 Command Set" Part III: teaches how to use the different OS-9 commands.
- "Programming Languages" ex-Part IV: plores toolkit utilities, the assembler, the editor, C, Pascal, and Basic-09.
- Part V: "Toward the End of the Rainbow" describes sophisticated techniques for using the various components that make up OS-9.
- "Pot of Gold" covers detailed Part VI: memory management and contains seven workshops, an appendix composed of OS-9 memory maps, and two indices.

Although the Guide to OS-9 is generally easy to understand, the text does become onerous in a few places, for example: "... If OS-9 was able to read the byte you requested it will return from the I\$Read service request with the carry bit in the 6809 clear. . . ." But such wordings are infrequent; in most cases obscure or confusing terms and phrases are explained in plain English.

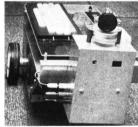
In their desire to include as much information as possible, it seems that the authors have bitten off more than they can chew by attempting to cover "high-level programming languages." The best the reader can hope for in this area is to gain a feeling of Basic-09, C, and Pascal; each of these programming languages requires a textbook all its own. Nevertheless, this is an advantage in some ways because the book provides a good introduction to how OS-9 interacts with these languages without assuming that you to know them already. The authors do, however, expect you to have some familiarity with Assembly language.

The Guide to OS-9 displays small, linedrawing characters in its margins to liven up the pages. However, they do not offer the kind of helpful suggestions that similar characters in Tandy's manuals do. The book is well crafted and printed, containing very few typographical errors and none that is likely to lead to misunderstanding. But the publishers missed the boat on integrating their graphics, which might have been used more fully to clarify the text.

Two areas of this book are notable for their excellence. The examples and workshops are well integrated with the text and really help to present another way for the reader to understand. The two indices, one a general index and the other an index of the commands and keywords, are thorough and cross referenced. This means that it is easy for the reader to look up the meaning of a forgotten term or find the definition of an unfamiliar command or acronym.

Although it has a couple of shortcomings, overall The Complete Rainbow Guide to OS-9 is an excellent manual for the OS-9 user. I have more than two years' experience with OS-9, but still found concepts in this book that were new to me. The authors have put together a readable, understandable, easy-to-use manual for current and prospective OS-9 users. Reading this book does not guarantee that you'll become an OS-9 programmer, but it's probably the best way to get started. I recommend it without reservation.

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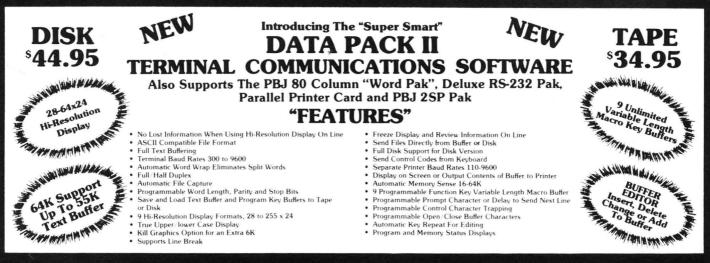
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Upper/Lower case characters	Yes	Yes	Yes
Mixed Text and Graphics	Yes	Yes	Yes
Separate Text & Graphics	Yes	Yes	No
Print @ fully implemented	Yes	Yes	Yes
Print @ on all line lengths	Yes	Yes	51 only
Different line lengths)28 to 255 (9)	51 only (1)
Automatic Key Repeat	Yes	Yes	Yes
Adjustable Key Repeat	Yes	No	No
Auto Repeat Disable	Yes	No	No
Erase to end of line/screen	Yes	Yes	Yes
Home Cursor	Yes	Yes	Yes
Solid or Blinking Cursor	Yes	No	Yes
	Buff/Biack		Buff/Black
CLS command supported X Y Coordinate Cursor	DUIT/ DIACK	Buff/Black	DUIT/ DIACK
Positioning	Yes	Yes	No
Double Size Characters	Yes	Yes	No
Individual/Continuous			
Highlighting	Yes	Yes	No
On Screen Underlining	Yes	Yes	No
Clear Key functional	Clear/L key	sClear key	No
16.32 & 64K Supported	Yes	Yes	Yes
Green or Black Background			
Color	Yps	No	No
Dual Character sets for			
Enhanced 64 and 85			
Characters per line display	Vas	No	No
Protected Screen Lines	1.6.5	110	
(programmable)	1 to 23	No	No -
Full Control Code Keyboard	1.10.20	140	110
for Screen control directly			
from the keyboard	Yes	No	No
Programmable Tab Character		140	110
Spacing	Yes .	No	No
Full Screen Reverse Function		Yes	No
Switch to & from the Standard		res	140
16 by 32 Screen for full	1		
	Yes	No	No
compatability			Yes
On Error Goto Function	No	No Yes	Yes
Extended Basic Required	No		Yes
All Machine Language Program	1 Y es	Yes	162
RAM Required in addition to	01/	017	017
Screen RAM	2K	2K	2K
Program Price (Tape)	\$24.95	\$19.95	\$29.95
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Now anyone can create fast efficient Machine Language Programs Easily and Quickly without having to use an Editor/Assembler

CBASIC is a fully integrated, easy to use Basic program Editor and Compiler package. CBASIC is 99% syntax compatible with Disk Extended Color Basic programs, so most Basic programs can be loaded and compiled by CBASIC with little or no changes required. The compiler is an optomizing two-pass integer Basic compiler that can convert programs written in Disk Extended Color Basic into 100% pure 6809 Machine Language programs which are written directly to disk in a LOADM compatible format.

The programs generated by the compiler can be run as complete stand alone programs. A built-in linker/editor will automatically select one and only one copy of each subroutine that is required from the internal run-time library and insert them directly in the program. This eliminates the need for cumbersome, often wasteful separate "run-time" packages.

CBASIC WAS DESIGNED FOR BOTH BEGINNING & ADVANCED USERS

CBASIC is a Powerful tool for the Beginner or Novice programmer as well as the Advanced Basic or Machine Language programmer. The Beginner or Novice programmer can write and compile programs without having to worry about Stack Pointers, DP registers, memory allocation, and so on, because CBASIC will handle it for you automatically. All they have to do is write their programs using the standard Basic statements and syntax. For the advanced Basic and Machine Language programmers, CBASIC will let you take command and control every aspect of your program, even generating machine code directly in a program for specialized routines or functions.

CBASIC adds many features not found in Color Basic, like Interrupt, Reset, and On Error handling. It also has advanced programming features that allow machine level control of the Stack and Direct Page registers, variable allocation, automatic 64K RAM control, program origin and even multiple origins. It can even have machine language code generated within a program the executes just like any other Basic program line.

FULL COMMAND SUPPORT & SPEED

CBASIC features well over 100 Basic Commands and Functions that fully support Disk, Tape, Printer and Screen 1/ O. It also supports ALL the High and Low Resolution Graphics, Sound, Play and String Operations available in Extended Color Basic, and all with 99.9% syntax compatibility.

CBASIC is FAST. Not only will CBASIC compiled programs execute 10 to 1000 times faster than Basic, but the time it takes to develop a CBASIC program versus writing a machine language program is much, much shorter. A machine language program that might take several months to write and debug could be created using CBASIC in a matter of days or hours, even for a well experienced machine language programmer. We had a report from a CBASIC user that claimed "a Basic program that used to take 3 hours to run, now runs in 7 to 8 minutes". Another user reported a program that took 1 to 1½ hours to run in Basic, now runs in 5 to 6 minutes!"

MORE THAN JUST A COMPILER

CBASIC has its own completely integrated Basic Program Editor. The Editor contained in CBASIC is used to Create and/or Edit programs for the compiler. It is a full featured editor with functions designed specifically for writing and editing Basic programs. It has built-in block Move and Copy functions with automatic program renumbering. Complete, easy to use inserting, deleting, extending and overtyping of existing program lines. It is also used for Loading, Saving, Appending (merging). Killing disk files and displaying a Disk Directory. It also has automatic line number generation for use when creating programs or inserting sequencial lines between existing lines. You can set the printer baud rate and direct normal or compiled listings to the printer for hard copy. The built-in editor makes program corrections and changes as easy as "falling off a log" if CBASIC finds an error when compiling, it points to the place in the program line where the error occurred. All you have to do is tell the editor what line you want to start editing and when it sighplayed, move the cursor with he arrow keys to the place where the error is and correct it. Just like that, it's simple.

HI-RES & 80 COLUMN DISPLAYS

CBASIC is the only Color Basic Compiler that includes its own Hi-Resolution 51, 64 or 85 by 24 line display. It is also the only compiler that supports both the PBJ "Word-Pak" and the Double Density 80 column cards. All of these display formats are part of the standard CBASIC compiler package. Not only can these display formats be used for normal program editing and compiling, but CBASIC will also include them in your compiled programs! If you want CBASIC to include the display driver in your program, all you have to do is use a single CBASIC command "HIRES". The run-time display driver that CBASIC includes in your program is not just a simple display, but a full-featured display package. With the Hi-Resolution display package you can mix text & graphics, change characters per line, undefine, character highlight, erase to end of line or screen, home cursor, home & clear screen, protect screen lines, and much more. All commands are compatible with our HI-RES II Screen Commander so you can easily develop screen layouts using HI-RES and Color Basic before you compile your program. The same applies to using the 80 column card drivers. What other Basic compiler offers you this kind of flexibility?

64K RAM SUPPORT

CBASIC makes full use of the power and flexibility of the 6883 SAM (Synchronous Address Multiplexer) in the Color Computer. It will fully utilize the 96K of address space available in the Color Computer (64K installed) during program Creation, Editing and Compilation.,CBASIC has a special command for automatic 64K RAM control. When used in a program, it allows the user to use the upper 32K of RAM space automatically for variables or even program storage at run-time. It will automatically switch the ROMs in and out when needed. There are also two other commands that allow you to control the upper 32K of RAM manually, under program control. No other Color Basic compiler directly supports the use of 64K RAM like CBASIC.

ALL MACHINE LANGUAGE

CBASIC is completely written in fast efficient Machine Language, not Basic, like some other Color Basic compilers. Because of this, CBASIC can edit and compile very large programs. Even using the Hi-Resolution 51 by 24 line display, it can work with about a 34K program, and the 80 column card versions can handle almost 40K of program. Some of the other Basic compilers can only work with 16K or about 200 lines. Even working with large programs, CBASIC compiles programs with lightning fast speed. It will compile a 24K program to disk in less than 2 minutes! That's without a listing being generated. We've heard stories about some other compilers that take almost 10 minutes to compile a simple 2-3K program. You might inquire about this when you look at some of the other compilers available.

THE FINISHED PRODUCT

Since CBASIC contains statements to support ALL of the I/O devices (Disk, Tape, Screen & Printer). Hi-Res Graphics, Sound, and Enhanced Screen displays, it is well suited for a wide range of programming applications. It generates a complete, Ready to Run machine language program. The finished product or program does not have to be interfaced to a Basic program to perform some of its functions or commands. This may seem obvious to you, but some of the other Color Basic compilers don't necessarily work this way. Some of their compiler commands need a separate Basic program in order for them to work. In some cases, require that a separate Basic program be interfaced to the compiled program to perform I/O functions, like INPUT, PRINT and so on. CBASIC doesn't do this. ALL of its commands are compiled into a single machine language program that does not require any kind of Basic program to make it work.

COMPATIBILITY

You may be wondering about those statements we made earlier concerning 99% or 99.9% syntax compatibility. What does that other 1% consist of? The biggest part of that 1% has to do with string arrays and variables CBASIC does not use a "String Pool" like Color Basic. It uses absolute memory addresses to locate string variables and arrays. This is why CBASIC's string processing is so fast, it also eliminates the time consuming "Garbage Collection" problem. When CBASIC allocates space for strings, it must know how much space to use for each element. To Dimension an array of 40 strings, 64 characters each, you would DIM DA\$(40,64). If a string is not dimensioned, CBASIC's string 430 from the array DA\$, you would still access the element you want, the same as Color Basic, to get string 430 from the array DA\$, you would still use DA\$(30), the only real change is in the DIM statement. For undeclared string arrays of 10 elements or less, CBASIC's will automatically reserve space for 10 (0-9) strings of 32 characters. How would have to DIM AD\$(2560), and then to access string #30, you would have to multiply 30 \times 64 and use a special variable used in the progrm in a DIM statement. And, to create an array of 40 strings with 64 characters each, you would have to DIM AD\$(2560), and then to access string #30, you would have to multiply 30 \times 64 and use a special variable name format or access it one character at a time. Not very compatible or convenient to use, and difficult at best.

CBASIC REQUIREMENTS

CBASIC requires a minimum of 32K RAM and at least one Disk drive. We strongly recommend that you have 64K. CBASIC is compatible with all versions of Color & Extended Basic and both Disk Basic V1.0 and V1.1. Programs compiled on either system will run on systems with different ROMs. CBASIC is NOT compatible with JDOS.

DOCUMENTATION

The Documentation provided with any program is very important to the user. This is especially true when you talk about a program as complete and complex as CBASIC. Even though CBASIC was designed to be the most User Friendly compiler on the market, we went to great lengths to provide a manual that is not only easy to use and understand, but comprehensive and complete enough for even the most sophisticated user. The manual included with CBASIC consists of approximately 120 pages of real information, not like some manuals that put just one or two short paragraphs on a page. If we did it that way, we could have easily created a three or four hundred page manual. The manual index breaks down each section of the manual ang gives a 3 or 4 word description of each section and its items along with page numbers. The manual has three sections, the Editor, Compiler and Appendix. Each of these is divided into subsections, with Section and Subsection titles printed at the top of each page. If you want to, you could find the information you are looking for by simply flipping through the pages and scanning the Section titles on the top of the pages. The Manual itself is an 8½ by 11 Spiral Bound book with durable leather textured covers. Some of the reports we have had from CBASIC users describe the manual as being the Best program manual they have ever used.

COMPARE THE DIFFERENCE

CBASIC is not just another Color Basic Compiler. It is the only complete Basic Compiler System for the Color Computer. Compare CBASIC's features to what other compilers offer and you'll see the difference. When comparing CBASIC to other compilers, you might want to keep some of these questions in mind. Does it support I/O functions? You can't write much of a program without PRINT, INPUT and so on. What about complex string statements, or string statements an all? How large of a program can you write? Can you compile a complex string statements, or string statements and support any ou use two character variable names for string & numeric variables, like Basic. Does it support all the Hi-Res graphics statements including PLAY. DRAW, GET and PUT, using the same syntax as Basic? Do you ever have to use a separate Basic program? Can you take complete Basic programs and compile them without extensive changes? Will they work? How do you edit a program when it has errors compiling?

PRICE VERSUS PERFORMANCE

The price of CBASIC is \$149.00. It is the most expensive Color Basic Compiler on the market, and well worth the investment. We spent over 2 years writing and refining CBASIC, to make it the Best, most Compatible Color Basic compiler available. Most of our CBASIC users already bought one or more of the other compilers on the market and have since discarded them. We even traded in a few of them. If you want a cheap compiler, we'll sell you one of those traded in, at a good price. Before you buy a compiler, compare the performance of CBASIC against any Color Basic compiler. Dollar for Dollar, CBASIC gives you more than any other Color Basic compiler available.

ORDERING INFORMATION

To order CBASIC by mail, send check or money order in the amount of \$149.00 plus \$3.00 for shipping and handling to the address to the address listed below. To order by VISA, MASTERCARD or COD, call us at: (702) 452-0632 (Monday thru Saturday, 8am to 5pm PST).



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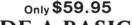
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UTILITY This program is available on our Instant CoCo cassette. CoCo by Mark D. Goodwin See the Instant CoCo ad elsewhere in this issue.

The Great CoCo Purge Utility

Sloppy disks? Now you can eliminate excess files quickly.

used to spend a couple of hours each month to erase unnecessary files on my program disks. To save time, I wrote CoCo Purge (see Listing), which can delete multiple disk files much more quickly than Disk Basic's KILL command.

CoCo Purge is easy to use. Type it in and run it. The program will ask you for a drive number; respond by pressing a key from 0 to 3. If you wanted to purge the disk in drive 2, for example, press the 2 key.

Once you've answered the drive prompt,

CoCo Purge displays a file name and asks if you want to kill it. Pressing the Y key kills the file, pressing N passes over the file, and pressing E exits the program. CoCo purge will continue displaying file names until you

> System Requirements 16K RAM Disk Extended Color Basic Disk Drive

press the E key or you exhaust all the files.

If an error occurs during disk I/O (input/ output), CoCo Purge displays an appropriate error message and asks if you want to restart the program. Answer by pressing the Y key to restart or the N key to exit.

CoCo Purge is not very sophisticated, but it is fast and works well.

Address correspondence to Mark D. Goodwin, Star Route 79, Box 103, Orland, ME 04472.

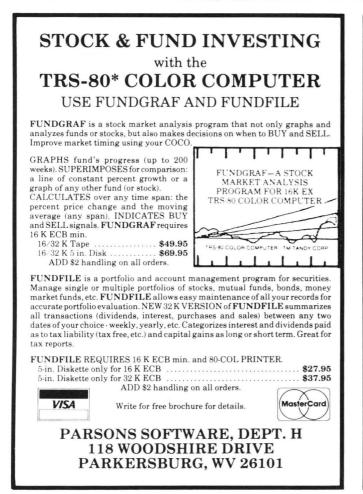
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TUTORIAL by Scott L. Norman

Eds. note—Scott Norman puts his fertile mind and long experience to work explaining integrated business software and taking a look at some of the best-known integrated players in the CoCo market, including the Telewriter-64. Dynacalc, and Pro-Color-File triad; the VIP Library; offerings from Elite Software; and the new kid on the block, PenPal.

ntegrated software is one of the most popular buzz-phrases of personal computing, and with good reason. There is great appeal in the idea of buying one program that can do all your business-related tasks, including word processing, database management, spreadsheet calculation, and telecommunications. In the ideal situation, a data file could be read and processed by all applications modules without receiving any special attention from the user. Change a number on a spreadsheet and the effects would show up the next time you looked at an associated graph, database report, or other document.

This kind of one-decision, onepurchase product is ideal for business users, who, because they have limited time and an applications-only orientation, are predom-

inantly concerned with minimizing the learning curve. Business users also constitute one of the most lucrative software markets. As a result, multifunction packages have become one of the mainstays of the software industry. Not surprisingly, they tend to be memory hungry and use as much as 512K of RAM or more on some machines.

What does this have to do with the economical Color Computer with its smaller amount of RAM? Is there any way for CoCo users to reap the benefits of this software trend? I'll explore several options in this article. First, however, it is worthwhile to look at some of the general concepts of software integration.

Setting the Scene

The IBM Personal Computer did not begin to penetrate the marketplace until the advent of Lotus Development Corp.'s 1-2-3, which combined a powerful spreadsheet with database and graphics modules. Lotus' big winner was followed by the more complex Symphony (which

Inside Integrated Software



Find out which integrated-software package offers the kinds of features you need with this introductory look at the field.

> variety of programs. The big difference is that the CoCo's limited memory must use the disk, rather than a reserved section of RAM, to hold the information to be transferred. This article explores what you can do along these lines with a 64K CoCo and two disk drives. You might be pleasantly surprised to find that several combinations of popular programs can share data files.

A unified product that has a consistent set of commands is an appealing concept, but in practice you could find that you miss specific features of your favorite programs. The answer to this is to have them work with other stand-alones as partners. There are several alternatives in that area along with a new product on the market that promises a major improvement in CoCo integration.

The Secret That's No Secret

Software integration on the CoCo depends on nothing more exotic than the ASCII (American standard code for information interchange)

added word processing and telecommunications capabilities) and similar products from other manufacturers.

The Apple Macintosh is a newer, more complex computer that has only recently begun to benefit from integrated software. Most of the noise is being made by Lotus' Jazz, a Symphony-like product, and Microsoft Corp.'s Excel, a powerful spreadsheet/graphics combination with some data-management capabilities. Microsoft president Bill Gates claims to have deliberately limited the range of functions in Excel so as to allow users to choose their own word processor and fullfledged database programs.

Gates is counting on the Mac's special ability to move data between applications programs. It is easy to use a portion of a Mac spreadsheet as a table in a word processor document, or to plug a graph or other illustration into a document or database record to spice things up. The vehicle for performing this "sleight of hand" is the Clipboard, a special portion of RAM through which information can be cut and pasted.

That's the clue to the Color Computer's approach to software integration—transferring data via files that can be written and read by a data files used by many applications programs. In this format, each character of computer data is represented by an ASCII code. Because this is a standardized, accepted way of representing information, it provides a natural vehicle for communication between programs.

There are other ways of recording information on disk. Basic programs and graphics are commonly stored in binary code, for example. But a lack of standardization makes these methods much less suitable than ASCII for the sort of data transfer needed to integrate software. Besides, ASCII files can be merged while binary files cannot, and merging is what you do in blending spreadsheets, text documents, and other kinds of output into a finished product.

If programs are to make sense of each other's files, they need something besides a common storage format; they need a way to recognize and handle each other's control characters. Files usually contain special format-control characters along with the raw data. The ability to either interpret or ignore these instructions is a critical ingredient of file sharing.

There are probably many combinations that will work, but testing every possible arrangement is not practical. The programs discussed here either run under standard Radio Shack DOS or are compatible with it. OS-9's unified I/O (input/output) system should make for easy file swapping, but there is relatively little CoCo applications software running under the newer operating system.

The Big Three

Devotees of Telewriter-64 from Cognitec, Dynacalc from Computer Systems Center, and Pro-Color-File (PCF) from Derringer Software can use their favorites together—if Telewriter's ASCII I/O mode is in effect. PCF can create reports that Dynacalc can read just as it would any other spreadsheet file or which Telewriter can read as text. (You might want to use the word processor to spice up a report with boldface, italics, or underlined print.) Conversely, a Dynacalc sheet can be used by PCF. You might analyze your data with the spreadsheet, and then use each row as a single record in the database. It is also simple to save a Dynacalc spreadsheet in a form that can be used as a table in a Telewriter document. To complete the integration, you can use Telewriter to create data files for Dynacalc. There could be circumstances in which this would be easier than using the spreadsheet itself.

Dynacale contains routines that generate graphs of spreadsheet data, but it takes an extra step to get them into a document. Normally, you would use either Dynacale or a specialized graphics utility to print graphs. However, if you want them to appear in the middle of a text file, you must use another program, such as Telegraphics from Derringer, to translate them into a form that Telewriter can read. This works, but there comes a point at which even the enthusiast must admit that the file-shuffling process is becoming unwieldy.

The PCF and Dynacalc manuals are good at revealing the tricks you need to transfer information. They tell you how to set up a PCF report so that it can be read right into a spreadsheet and how to set up a PCF data-segment specification so that the data manager will be able to make sense out of information from Dynacalc. The details involve consideration of such items as the special symbols used to designate blank cells and the ends of columns.

It is particularly easy to transfer part of a Dynacalc spreadsheet to a Telewriter document. The trick is to record the sheet on disk with the output-to-text-file command, /O, rather than with the more common worksheet-save command, /SS. This keeps you from having to record the control symbols, primarily @ and <, that Dynacalc uses within its own files and allows Telewriter to read the rows and columns of data correctly.

You can also use Telewriter to read a conventionally stored spreadsheet. It, too, is recorded in ASCII format. The result will be a continuous string of data, interspersed with Dynacalc's formatting characters. This is instructive, but not particularly useful. For a rough analogy, think of giving someone directions for driving from point A to point B. Although the /O command gives you a nicely marked map, the /SS command produces a correct, if awkward, written description of every curve, fork, and pothole in the road.

You should temporarily change some of Dynacalc's printer attributes before invoking the output-to-text-file operation. I recommend changing the line length to agree with the number of characters in each Telewriter line and altering the page length to the number of rows of data you will be saving. Dynacalc will ask you to designate the file name and the first and last cells to be saved.

You can use Telewriter's append command to incorporate such files into a document. If all goes well, you will be rewarded with a neatly formatted table. The spreadsheet columns will appear in their proper positions, and you can use Telewriter to work on the information just as you would any other text. Of course, the table will no longer have the "what if" ability of the original spreadsheet, which means that you won't be able to change a figure and see the effect it has on other items that might depend on it.

The VIP Library

The applications programs from VIP Technologies (née Softlaw Corp.) have long claimed the advantages of a unified display format, command set, and file structure. There are presumably unavoidable differences in detail between programs. For example, the VIP Writer command to move the cursor to the extreme left of the screen is the clear-left arrow key combination; VIP Calc requires the shift-left arrow key combination to perform the same operation. Nevertheless, the VIP products are certainly more alike than are any collection of stand-alone programs from multiple vendors.

Data-file interchange with this group of programs is handled by VIP Writer. VIP Calc and VIP Database do not appear to be capable of exchanging files directly. Once again, the issues concern how to treat the specialized control characters imbedded in the files. I suspect that integrated software is most commonly used to produce text documents that include bits and pieces from spreadsheets and database managers. If this is so, VIP Writer is the logical program for the vendor to select as the one necessary for data-file interchange, and it is not at all a disadvantage.

Recently, VIP Technologies has talked about a new product, called VIP Desktop, which will more fully integrate the VIP Library programs (including the spelling checker and telecommunications terminal). However, at this writing, Desktop is not yet available.

The Elite Family

Elite-Calc, Elite-File, and Elite-Word constitute another family of moderately priced programs with a high degree of file compatibility. Elite-File can read files created by its spreadsheet and word-processor counterparts and generate ASCII files that the word processor can use. Entries from a customer database, for example, might be used as variable text in form letters.

Like Dynacalc, Elite-Calc can produce two kinds of disk files: "compressed" files that can be reloaded into the spreadsheet program for further work and ASCII files intended for use by either Elite-File or a word processor.

Elite-File and Elite-Word form a particularly close partnership. Unlike most of its competitors, the database program has no capability of its own for storing report formats. As a result, you might find yourself typing the same formatting instructions every time you want a printout. The best way to get around this is to use the word processor to construct a "format file." This is a special text file containing all the instructions needed for generating a report, such as which data file to interrogate, how to select and sort records, which calculations to perform, the order in which to present the data fields, and so on.

It is worthwhile to note that the Elite programs are compatible with PBJ Inc.'s Word-Pak 80-column display board. When combined with a video monitor, these products produce a high-quality display that can contain a lot of data.

PenPal's True Integration

Four Star Software has recently released a modestly priced combination word processor, spreadsheet, data-file manager, graphics program, and telecommunications module. I was only able to work with a beta-test copy when I prepared this article and had to contend with very limited documentation and a database module that was still being debugged. I hope to review a complete, fully documented version soon, but in the meantime, this will serve as a first look at this exciting product.

When you work with PenPal, a single program disk resides in drive 0 and another, containing your data files, goes into drive 1. The system's main menu depicts the five applications routines as vertical bins. Each contains the names of the files created by that application. Moving the cursor over a file name and pressing the enter key causes both the file and the application to be loaded. This feature, along with generally consistent command sets, are in the best tradition of integrated business software; they make for rapid switching between applications.

Based on my brief experience, I can say that none of the PenPal modules is as powerful as a good stand-alone program of the same type. That, too, is characteristic of many integrated products available for other computers. Some shortcomings will bother you more than others. For example, the word processor does not support boldface, underlining, or other special printer features; the spreadsheet lacks financial functions and IF. . .THEN logic; the database manager seems best suited to fairly simple list-type applications; the graphics module works with spreadsheet data only—not independent lists of data points. However, these aren't toy applications, either. PenPal's word processor and spreadsheet can handle respectable amounts of information. Its system of using the clear key plus number keys to specify commands from the ever-present menu is easy to learn. Both the spreadsheet and data manager have provisions for creating ASCII disk files that the word processor can read. And the spreadsheet, which seems to have picked up a few tricks from the Macintosh version of Multiplan, is very fast.

Although PenPal does not represent the absolute peak in CoCo performance (at least at this stage), it is an intriguing approach to the simple, usable, all-in-one integrated system. I look forward to working with a production version.

Final Thoughts

Because we all have slightly different needs of our software, tying together the most often used functions does not mean the same thing to everyone. An integrated package usually compromises on each program but offers a sum greater than the parts in its file compatibility. However, several of the packages mentioned here do the opposite; they are fine stand-alone programs that compromise somewhat on compatibility. The key is to keep your needs in mind when looking for an integrated package; choose the approach that satisfies most of them.

The 64K CoCo is not likely to ever see a program that is versatile enough to handle any chore you can throw at it. But there is no disgrace in that: people working with machines that have far more memory are still struggling with fundamental questions about which functions deserve to be integrated. The bottom line is that those who use CoCos in businesses or professions are going to benefit from the exciting trend toward software integration.

Products Mentioned

Dynacalc Computer Systems Center 42 Four Seasons Center, #122 Chesterfield, MO 63017

Elite-Calc, Elite-File, Elite-Word Elite Software Box 11224 Pittsburgh, PA 15238

PenPal Four Star Software P.O. Box 730 Streetsville, Ontario L5M 2C2, Canada

Pro-Color-File, Telegraphics Derringer Software P.O. Box 5300 Florence, SC 29502-5300

Telewriter-64 Cognitec 704 Nob St. Del Mar, CA 92014

The VIP Integrated Library VIP Technologies 132 Aero Camino Santa Barbara, CA 93117

Scott Norman is the manager of solid-state science at GTE Laboratories in Waltham, MA. Write to him at 8 Doris Road, Framingham, MA 01701.

<text>

Can you strike it rich in the cutthroat world of interstellar trading?

magine yourself as a star merchant, traveling from planet to planet and peddling your wares. Add pirates and space storms, police and muggers, and friends and foes. Now, throw in a few space battles, money lenders charging high interest rates, and a seedy neighborhood around your spaceport—a place where contraband can be bought and sold in smoke-filled bars or on darkened street corners. Sound like a lot of action? You bet, and you can be a star merchant trading in this environment!

Background

Up to four merchants can travel among planets, buying and selling weapons, food, machinery, and general cargo. Each planet buys commodities according to the needs of its inhabitants; they also produce and sell goods. The difference between star merchants' buying and selling prices is the gross profit; money earned allows traders to fill their ships with commodities.

Ships require fuel, repair units, and weapon systems. Fuel needs are obvious: however, it might take as much as 10,000 gallons of fuel to travel between planets. Figuring out exactly how much fuel is needed is part of the game. Without protective weap-

36 HOT CoCo January 1986

onry, any ship would be easy prey for a lurking pirate. Repair units help protect a ship from damage. The more units that are carried, the less likely a ship is to sustain damage during space storms or pirate attacks. When the price is right, it's a good idea to stock up on these three items.

Planetary merchants offer their goods through a published price list. Only a foolish trader would pay the listed high prices—discounts are available if you know how to bar-

> System Requirements 32K RAM Extended Color Basic

gain. When you offer to buy goods for less than the asking price, the planetary trader can make a counteroffer, accept the price, or refuse to bargain. The process is repeated until both parties agree on a new price. Bargain carefully, the risk factor in a planet's profile determines how much bargaining planetary merchants will tolerate. If you try to drive their prices too low, they retaliate by instituting a wholesale price increase.

Making a profit is important. The game never eliminates players; instead it allows them to borrow money to cover losses. Before starting a new game, players should agree upon the victory conditions and the number of game days to be played. For long games,

	Risk			Lift-Off
Planet	Factor	Needs	Output	Weight
Tannis	5	Weapons	Food	775
Cosmos V	4	Machines	Machines	750
Belwear	4	Machines	Food	675
Тегга	1	Machines	Weapons	1000
Alpheus	3	Weapons	Gen. Cargo	1025
Cammille	8	Weapons	Food	680
Sceptre	3	Gen. Cargo	Gen. Cargo	865
Frontier	7	All Items	Gen. Cargo	570
Omega	3	Machines	Machines	875
Startrek	6	All Items	Gen. Cargo	1120
Tri-star	5	Machines	Food	940
Rimworld	6	Machines	Gen. Cargo	1250
Orestes	4	Gen. Cargo	Weapons	945
Phoenix	5	Food	Gen. Cargo	1100
Auralia	6	Weapons	Weapons	1020

Table 1. Planet Summary

tape-save and disk-save options are included to allow you to save game variables and resume play at a later time.

Playing the Game

Listing 1 is written for cassette systems; for disk systems, make the changes shown in Listing 2. To clear adequate space in memory, execute a PCLEAR1 before loading Star Merchant.

At the start of the game, each player receives \$10,000 and an empty starship, and is placed on a planet randomly selected from those listed in Table 1. The computer moves players in accordance with their answers to game prompts. When all players have completed a turn, a game day ends. A game-status board then displays the financial standings of all players. At that point, they can elect to end the game and determine a winner, save the game, or continue play.

During a game, a star merchant must spend time in space. A lucky merchant with a heavily armed ship might be able to capture a pirate and collect the handsome reward, but usually few profits are to be made there—the less time spent traveling through space, the better the chance of making a profit. While in space, the merchant must watch fuel consumption, carefully monitor the approach of other ships, guard against overloading the drive motors, and avoid meteor showers.

When you arrive at a planet, you must sell as much cargo as possible. The buying mood of the planet largely reflects the needs of its people, but chance is also a factor.

To prevent merchants from buying and then reselling the same goods during a turn, more money to pay interest charges. An inventory screen informs players of their financial status and summarizes the cargo, supply status, and carrying load of their ships. The total weight of a ship is important because each planet has a maximum lift-off weight. A ship that exceeds the limit must purchase auxiliary boost units in order to blast off. The computer automatically handles this purchase prior to lift-off, but boost units are expensive—so watch your weight.

When you have restocked and filled the cargo holds, select the next destination, taking into account fuel consumption, speed, and the type of merchandise favored at the new location. Also keep your competition in mind. If competitors have recently sold goods to a planet, it is unlikely that planet will need additional products from you. Select wisely; then sit back and let the computer handle your take-off.

1418-17		Contract Bill of the second states of the second states of
C\$:		Planet's Profile
	1 - 8	Planet's Name
	9	Risk Factor
	10-17	Quantity Wanted
	18 - 25	Quantity Purchased
		Quantity for Sale
	34-37	Lift-Off Weight
L\$:		Ship's Profile
B +.	1 - 2	00 if in Space
		1-15 for Planet if on Ground
	3-4	Destination if in Space
		Distance to Destination
		Speed A

Table 2. Variable Breakdown

the program requires that players sell their commodities before buying goods from a planet. Local banks can loan money to any player who needs to purchase additional trade goods or restock a starship. As you might expect, there are strings attached. The bankers want to recoup the loan plus interest. Each day, players who owe money must visit the bank and repay the debt or pay any interest that is due. If necessary, a player can borrow

A trip to a local bar near the spaceport may be rewarding if you are a star merchant with a taste for the fast buck. Buy a few rounds and perhaps someone will offer you a deal on contraband. But don't drink too much and don't be too obvious about your intentions the local police don't like drunks or black marketeers. If you are caught, you could find yourself in jail.

Contraband can be sold for fast profits on most dark street corners, but, again, you must be careful. Police and crooked dealers abound. Clearly, the contraband market is not for everyone.

I hope you enjoy the Star Merchant as much as I have enjoyed writing it. Try your hand at interstellar trading; don't hestitate to make changes you know will improve the game. (See Tables 2–4 for program data.) But watch out; the free-wheeling lifestyle of a star merchant can be addictive. ■

Write to W.H. Barber at 978 Cherry St., Winnetka, IL 60093.

1284-3.82 (P.S.)	
NN	Total Players in Game
Ν	Number of Player
K	Planet Idenifier
D(N)	Value of Merchant's Account
DB(N)	Value of Merchant's Debt
FP(N)	Ship's Fuel
WP(N)	Ship's Weapon Systems
WT(N)	
R(N)	Ship's Repair Units
P\$(N)	Player's Name
C\$(K)	Planet's Profile
L\$(N)	Ship's Profile
W(N)	Weapons Cargo
G(N)	General Cargo
M(N)	Machinery Cargo
F(N)	Food Cargo
DAYS	0
T1-T7	5 5
T5(N)	Player's Contraband
A\$	General String Use
	0

Table 3. Major Program Variables

Lines	Activity
290-340	Planet Profiles
770-830	Tests for Space Activity
920	Fuel Usage in Space
1580-1640	Assess Damage
1750	Cost of Resupplying Ship
2100-2130	Quantity and Prices-Goods Sold
2430-2440	Quantity and Prices-Goods Bought
4240	Ship's Weight

Table 4. Key Program Activities

Program Listing 1. StarMerchant 6Ø X=RND(-TIMER):CLEAR9ØØ:DAYS=1 :GOTO22Ø

8Ø CLS:GOSUB365Ø:PRINTSTRING\$(32,2Ø4);:PRINTAB(1Ø)"GAME SETUP": PRINTSTRING\$(32,131);:RETURN

12Ø PRINT@384," 3. SET TAPE RECO RDER TO PLAY --PRESS <r> W HEN READY --PRESS <a> T O ABORT":GOSUB39ØØ:IFA\$="A"THEN2 5ØELSEIFA\$<>"R"THENSOUND2ØØ,2:GO TO12Ø

13Ø CLS3:PRINT@264, "READING DATA ":

14Ø OPEN"I",-1,"DATA":INPUT#-1,N :IFN<>NN THENCLOSE#-1:CLS4:GOSUB 365Ø:SOUND5,9:PRINT"NUMBER OF PL AYERS DO NOT MATCH. RESET TAPE R ECORDER AND RESTART THE GAME USI NG" N"PLAYERS":END

15Ø FORC=1TONN:INPUT#-1,DB(C),D(C),FP(C),WP(C),R(C),P\$(C),WT(C), W(C),F(C),M(C),G(C),L\$(C),T5(C): NEXT

16Ø FORC=1T015:INPUT#-1,C\$(C):NE
XT

17Ø INPUT#-1,DAYS

18Ø CLOSE#-1:GOTO46Ø

22Ø GOSUB8Ø:INPUT" 1. HOW MANY P LAYERS (1-4)";A\$:NN=VAL(A\$):IFNN <lornn>4THENPRINT"ONLY ONE TO FO UR MAY PLAY!!":SOUND5;5:GOSUB4Ø2

Ø:GOTO22Ø

23Ø DIMD(NN),F(NN),W(NN),R(NN),P \$(NN),C\$(15),FP(NN),WP(NN),T5(NN),DB(NN)

24Ø PRINT@192," 2. IS THIS A NEW GAME?"," PRESS EITHER Y OR N "," <y>ES",," <n>O: LOAD DAT A FROM PREVIOUS GAME":GO

SUB39ØØ:IFA\$="N"THEN12ØELSEIFA\$< >"Y"THENSOUND2ØØ,2:GOTO24Ø 25Ø GOSUB8Ø:FORN=1TONN:D(N)=1ØØØ

Ø:PRINT"ENTER THE NAME OF PLAYER
#"N:INPUTP\$(N):NEXT
29Ø FORK=1T015:READC\$(K):NEXT

31Ø DATA TERRA 19Ø2Ø9985ØØØØØØ Ø851Ø7Ø751ØØØ,ALPHEUS 388158656Ø ØØØØØØØ1Ø6Ø1Ø881Ø25,CAMMILLE8998 Ø5Ø67ØØØØØØØØØ4Ø4Ø1525Ø68Ø,SCEPTR E 35Ø5Ø6Ø99ØØØØØØØØ252Ø3599Ø865, FRONTIER78Ø8Ø8Ø8ØØØØØØØØØ1Ø451Ø6 ØØ57Ø

32Ø DATA OMEGA 38Ø7Ø9989ØØØØØ ØØ8Ø1Ø999ØØ875,STARTREK6759Ø9Ø9Ø ØØØØØØØ1Ø1Ø1Ø4Ø112Ø,TRI-STAR568 269965ØØØØØØØ1599256ØØ94Ø,RIMWO RLD65Ø7Ø9999ØØØØØØ10104Ø99125Ø 33Ø DATA ORESTES 4608Ø8585ØØØØØ ØØ75107Ø65Ø945,PHOENIX 52599998Ø ØØØØØØØØ351Ø6Ø9911ØØ,AURALIA 699 4Ø5Ø8ØØØØØØØØØ91Ø3Ø4Ø1Ø2Ø 34Ø RESTORE

38Ø N=Ø:GOSUB8Ø:FORN=1TONN:PRINT P\$(N):PRINT --YOU WILL START AT

39Ø X=RND(15):L\$(N)=RIGHT\$(STR\$(X),2)+"ØØØØX":PRINTLEFT\$(C\$(X),8)):NEXT:PRINT:PRINT"--BUY GOODS & RESTOCK YOUR SHIPS";:GOSUB418Ø

43Ø N=1 44Ø GOSUB388Ø:IFDB(N)>ØTHEN134Ø 45Ø T1=Ø:T2=Ø:T3=Ø:T4=Ø:T6=Ø:T7= Ø:K=VAL(LEFT\$(L\$(N),2)):IFK=ØTHE N66ØELSEGOSUB168Ø

46Ø N=N+1:IFN<=NN THEN44ØELSEDAY S=DAYS+1:N=Ø:GOSUB8Ø:PRINT@72,"G AME STANDINGS":PRINT@128,"***END OF TRADING DAY"DAYS-1"***":PRIN T"-HERE ARE THE CURRENT EARNINGS ":FORC=1TONN:PRINTLEFT\$(P\$(C)+ST RING\$(15,32),15);:PRINTUSING" \$\$ ############";D(C)-DB(C):N 47Ø PRINT@352,STRING\$(32,14Ø);:P RINT"NEXT?":PRINT" <1> CONTINUE

GAME <2> SAVE GAM E TO TAPE <3> END GAME ".

48Ø GOSUB39ØØ:IFA\$="1"THEN43ØELS EIFA\$="2"THEN53ØELSEIFA\$="3"THEN PRINT@384,"ARE YOU SURE?",,,"<y> ES--END GAME",,"<n>O---CONTINUE"

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,STRING\$(3Ø,32);:GOTO49ØELSESOUN D25Ø,2:GOTO48Ø

490 GOSUB3900: IFAS="Y"THENENDELS EIFA\$<>"N"THEN49ØELSE47Ø

53Ø PRINT@384,"SET TAPE RECORDER TO BOTH PLAY AND RECORD",,"PRE

SS <r> TO SAVE GAME", "PRESS <a> TO ABORT";:GOSUB39ØØ:IFA\$="A"THE N47ØELSEIFA\$<>"R"THENSOUND25Ø,2: GOTO530

54Ø PRINT@384, STRING\$(96,175)STR ING\$(24,32);:PRINT@426, "SAVING G AME" .

55Ø OPEN"O", #-1, "DATA"

560 PRINT#-1,NN

57Ø FORC=1TONN:PRINT#-1,DB(C),D(C), FP(C), WP(C), R(C), PS(C), WT(C), W(C), F(C), M(C), G(C), L\$(C), T5(C):NEXT

58Ø FORC=1T015:PRINT#-1,C\$(C):NE хт

59Ø PRINT#-1,DAYS 6ØØ CLOSE#-1:GOTO47Ø

66Ø CLSØ:GOSUB365Ø:FORXX=1T012:P RINT@32+RND(32Ø), CHR\$(129+16*RND (7));:NEXT:FORXX=32TO352STEP32:P RINT@XX, CHR\$(17Ø); : PRINT@XX+31, C HR\$(165);:NEXT:PRINT@353,STRING\$ (3Ø,163);:PRINT@416,STRING\$(95,1 43);:POKE1535,143 69Ø IFFP(N)<1THEN148Ø 710 PRINT@487, "PILOT: "LEFT\$(P\$(

N),1Ø);:PRINT@384,;:PRINTUSING"F UEL:#####";FP(N);:PRINTUSING" WP NS:####":WP(N)::PRINTUSING" MAIN T:#####";R(N); 72Ø Z=VAL(RIGHT\$(L\$(N),1)):X=VAL (MID\$(L\$(N),5,2)):FP(N)=FP(N)-Z*1ØØ:K=VAL(MID\$(L\$(N),3,2)):PRINT @417, "SPEED: "Z"/HR", "TO GO: "X

"LY'S"; 73Ø IFX<1THEN86Ø 77Ø IFRND(6)=60RRND(VAL(MID\$(C\$(

K),9,1)))>6ANDT1<2THEN1Ø5Ø 800 IFRND(7)=1ANDT2=0THEN1290 83Ø IFRND(WT(N))>3ØØANDRND(Z)>2A NDT3=ØTHEN96Ø

86Ø IFX-Z<=ØTHENPRINT@264,CHR\$(1 81);:PRINT@232,CHR\$(241);:PRINT@ 295, STRING\$(4,163);: PRINT@326, ST RING\$(6,175);:PRINT@356,STRING\$(1Ø,175);:FORC=1TO5:SOUND1ØØ,1:NE XT:PRINT@454, "APPROACHING "; LEFT \$(C\$(K),8);ELSE91Ø

87Ø PRINT@33Ø, CHR\$(167); : PRINT@3 27, CHR\$(174);: PRINT@36Ø, CHR\$(174);:A\$=MID\$(L\$(N),3,2):MID\$(L\$(N),1,2)=A\$:PRINT@483,"PRESS ANY KE Y TO CONTINUE";:GOSUB88Ø:GOTO46Ø 88Ø A\$=INKEY\$:IFA\$<>""THENRETURN ELSEPRINT@296, CHR\$(167);: A=A+1:I FA>3THENPRINT@232,CHR\$(161);:A=1 :GOTO88ØELSEPRINT@232,CHR\$(241); :GOT088Ø

910 PRINT@450, "ANOTHER QUIET DAY IN SPACE?":FORC=1T05Ø:GOSUB369Ø :NEXT

 $92\emptyset$ X=X-Z:GOSUB93Ø:FORC=1TOZ:FP(N) = FP(N) - Z $\times 1$ ØØ - INT(WT(N) / 1Ø) : NEX T:GOSUB419Ø:GOTO46Ø

93Ø MID\$(L\$(N),5,2)=RIGHT\$(STR\$(X),2):RETURN

 $96\emptyset$ T3=1:FP(N)=FP(N)-RND(1Ø)

97Ø FORC=1T05:GOSUB367Ø:PRINT@45 4, MOTORS GETTING HOT ";:NEXT: PRINT@484, "<s>LOW DOWN OR <g>O O N" :

98Ø GOSUB39ØØ:IFA\$="S"THEN1ØØØEL SEIFA\$<>"G"THENSOUND250,2:GOTO98

990 IFRND(3)=1THENR(N)=R(N)-5:GO TO66ØELSEPRINT@454, "MOTORS DAMAG ";:PRINT@484,"YOU MUST ED! REDUCED SPEED! ";: R(N) = R(N) - 5 - RND(25):GOTO1Ø1Ø

1000 PRINT@452," YOU SAVED YOUR MOTORS!";:PRINT@484," YOU HAVE S LOWED DOWN! ":

1010 Z=Z-1:IFZ<1THENZ=1

1Ø2Ø MID\$(L\$(N),7,1)=RIGHT\$(STR\$ (2),1):SOUND1Ø,1Ø:GOSUB419Ø:GOTO 660

1Ø5Ø Tl=Tl+1

ZENITH

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ZVM 130 Color/

Green

ZVM 131 RGB Color/

ZVM 133 RGB Color/

ZVM 135 BGB Color/

SP-3 Serial to Parallel

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1060 FORC=1TO5: PRINT@140, CHR\$(15 9);:PRINT@45Ø, "WARNING---A SHIP APPROACHES!";:PRINT@14Ø,CHR\$(185

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(N)-25Ø:GOTO92Ø 121Ø IFRND(2)=1THEN123Ø 122Ø PRINT@449," HE HE WAS NO EN EMY, SILLY!":SOUND1ØØ,8:GOSUB419 \emptyset : FP(N) = FP(N) - 1 \emptyset \emptyset : GOTO66 \emptyset 123Ø IFRND(2)=1THEN125Ø

GET HIS STOLEN CARGO-- WEAPONS & MACHINES: GOOD JOB!";:GOSUB4Ø1 $\emptyset: W(N) = W(N) + 35: M(N) = M(N) + 5\emptyset: GOSU$ B419Ø:GOTO92Ø 1200 X=X+1:GOSUB930:IFWT(N)>450T HEN126ØELSEIFRND(Z)>1THENPRINT@4

49, "YOU'RE GOING TOO FAST FOR HI

M": SOUND2ØØ, 4: GOSUB419Ø: FP(N) = FP

LSE122Ø 117Ø PRINT@448," YOU DESTROYED A PIRATE SHIP"," YOU ARE AWARDED $5\emptyset$ ØØ";:D(N)=D(N)+5ØØØ:SOUND1ØØ, 5:GOSUB4Ø1Ø:PRINT@448," YOU ALSO

419Ø:GOTO157Ø 116Ø SOUND255,1:WP(N)=WP(N)-INT(WP(N)/2):FP(N)=FP(N)-25:R(N)=R(N)-15:PRINT@484," YOUR IN A HEAV Y FIGHT ";:FORC=1TO4:GOSUB367Ø: SCREENØ,1:GOSUB371Ø:GOSUB371Ø:GO $SUB369\emptyset$:NEXT:IFRND(4)=4THEN115ØE

1150 R(N)=R(N)-RND(R(N)):WP(N)=W P(N)-1Ø:GOSUB371Ø:SCREENØ,1:GOSU B371Ø:PRINT@448," HEAVY D AMAGE": SOUND2ØØ, 2: SOUND1, 9: GOSUB

114Ø IFRND(3)=1THENPRINT@448," YOU FIRED AT A FRIENDLY SHIP!":S OUND1,15:GOSUB4Ø1Ø:XX=RND(8)*1ØØ Ø:D(N)=D(N)-XX:PRINT@45Ø," penal ty =";:PRINTUSING"\$####";XX:SOUN D2ØØ,5:GOSUB419Ø:GOTO92ØELSE116Ø

EN114Ø 113Ø PRINT@32Ø, "HE WAS A FEDERAT ION PATROL SHIP, BOARDED YOU AND FOUND THE CONTRABAND YOU HID. Y OU'VE BEEN FINED\$1000.00 AND HAD THE CONTRABAND TAKEN AWAY. ": T5(N) = \emptyset : $D(N) = D(N) - 1\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset$: GOSUB419 \emptyset : GO T092Ø

SUB419Ø:GOTO92Ø 1125 IFRND(T5(N))<5 ORRND(2)=1TH

T092Ø 1123 IFRND(3)=1ANDWP(N)>1ØØTHENP RINT@448, THE PIRATE LEFT BECAUS E OF YOU. YOU RECIEVE \$2500 FOR BRAVERY!";:D(N)=D(N)+2500:SOUND1 $\emptyset \emptyset$, 5:WP(N)=WP(N)-1 \emptyset :GOSUB4 $\emptyset 2\emptyset$:GO

ND(4)=1THEN117ØELSE112Ø 112Ø IFRND(2)=1ANDT5(N)=ØTHENPRI NT@448," YOU FOUGHT AND DROVE H IM AWAY": SOUND2ØØ,8:GOSUB419Ø:GO

5Ø,2:GOTO1Ø8Ø 111Ø WP(N)=WP(N)-1Ø:R(N)=R(N)-1Ø :IFRND(WP(N))>15ØTHENPRINT@448, YOUR TOO STRONG - HE LEFT": SOU ND25Ø,5:GOSUB419Ø:GOTO92ØELSEIFR

(149);:PRINT@2Ø7,CHR\$(154); 1080 PRINT@450," <r>UN OR <f ";:GOSUB397Ø:IFA\$="R >IGHT "THEN12ØØELSEIFA\$<>"F"THENSOUND2

1Ø7Ø PRINT@139, CHR\$(177)STRING\$(2,191)CHR\$(178);:GOSUB367Ø:PRINT @17Ø,CHR\$(177)CHR\$(19Ø)CHR\$(148) CHR\$(152)CHR\$(189)CHR\$(178);:GOS UB367Ø:B\$=CHR\$(152)+CHR\$(168)+CH R\$(2ØØ)+CHR\$(23Ø):PRINT@2Ø2,CHR\$

(191);:GOSUB367Ø:PRINT@141,CHR\$(191);:GOSUB367Ø

);:GOSUB367Ø:NEXT:PRINT@14Ø,CHR\$

DB(N)THENGOSUB143Ø:PRINT@448, "YO U DON'T OWE THAT MUCH!!":GOSUB41 9Ø:GOTO134Ø 141Ø IFCC>D(N)THENGOSUB143Ø:PRIN T0448, "YOU DON'T HAVE THAT MUCH MONEY!":GOSUB419Ø:GOTO134Ø $142\emptyset$ DB(N)=DB(N)-CC:D(N)=D(N)-CC :IFDB(N)>ØTHEN134ØELSEGOSUB419Ø: GOTO45Ø 143Ø PRINT@416,STRING\$(95,32);:R ETURN 144Ø PRINT@416," YOU DON'T HAVE THAT MUCH CASH! GO BACK & PAY I NTEREST--SORRY!";:GOSUB419Ø:GOTO 1340 1480 L\$(N) = " $\emptyset \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset \emptyset$ ": FP(N) = \emptyset 149Ø FORCC=1TO5:PRINT@416, " YOU ARE DRIFTING IN SPACE!":PRINT":: : YOU'VE RUN OUT OF FUEL ::::":S CREENØ,1:SOUND1,9:PRINT@416,STRI NG\$(63,32):NEXT 15ØØ IFRND(3)=3THENGOSUB419Ø:GOT OSUB418Ø: IFRND(2)=1THEN157ØELSE4 60 155Ø K=K+1ØØ:L\$(N)=RIGHT\$(STR\$(K),2)+"ØØØØØ":GOSUB419Ø:GOTO46Ø 157Ø GOSUB8Ø:PRINT@73,"DAMAGE RE PORT": 158Ø PRINT@192,;:C=RND(6):ONC GO TO16ØØ,161Ø,162Ø,163Ø,164Ø 1590 PRINT" **PORT HOLD RIPPED O SCREENS FAILED!" PEN WHEN --- ALL GENERAL CARGO WAS LOST!" $G(N) = \emptyset: GOSUB418\emptyset: GOTO92\emptyset$ 1600 PRINT" **AFT CARGO BAY DEST RORYED WHEN SCREENS FAILED!", -- ALL WEAPONS CARGO LOST! ": W(N) =Ø:GOSUB418Ø:GOTO92Ø 161Ø PRINT" **STARBOARD HOLD RUP TURED WHEN SCREENS GAVE WAY!" , "---ALL FOOD & MACHINERY CARGO WAS LOST! ": $M(N) = \emptyset$: $F(N) = \emptyset$: GO SUB418Ø:GOTO92Ø 1620 PRINT" **CARGO BAYS HEAVILY DAMAGED AND FUEL TANKS RUP TURED WHEN SCREENS FAILED TO HOLD!", "---HALF YOUR FUEL WAS LO ST AS WELL AS ALL WEAPONS & CARGO!": FP(N) = FP(N) - IFOOD $NT(FP(N)/2):W(N) = \emptyset:F(N) = \emptyset:GOSUB4$ 18Ø:GOT092Ø 1630 PRINT" **SCREENS FAILED AND TANKS WERE RUPTURE THE FUEL D. YOU LOST":CC=1ØØ+RND(5ØØ):PRI NTUSING" ### GALS";CC:FP(N)= FP(N)-CC:SOUND1Ø,5:GOSUB418Ø:GOT 0920 1640 PRINT" **SCREENS FAILED--MO TORS HAVE BEEN HEAVILY DAMAG ED. YOU MUST SLOW DOWN. ":G OTOIØIØ 168Ø CLS:GOSUB365Ø:GOSUB378Ø:GOS UB4240 1690 PRINT@352, "<i>VENTORY LIST OR BORROW MONEY <s>ELL SOME OF Y OUR CARGO UY GOODS TO T RADE ELSEWHERE <r>ESTOCK OR REP AIR YOU VESSEL <1>EAVE "LEFT\$(C \$(K),8)STRING\$(14,32); 1700 GOSUB3900:IFA\$="S"THEN2090E LSEIFA\$="B"THEN242ØELSEIFA\$="L"T HENGOSUB424Ø:Y=Ø:GOSUB292Ø:RETUR NELSEIFA\$="I"THEN197ØELSEIFA\$<>" R"THENSOUND250,2:GOTO1700 174Ø IFT3=1THEN176Ø

1300 IFR(N)<0THEN1570ELSE:PRINT@ 449, "YOU SURVIVED THAT SHOWER! ";:SOUND2ØØ,5:IFZ>2ANDRND(3)= 2THENGOSUB367Ø:PRINT@449," --HEA VY SCREEN DAMAGES!";:R(N)=R(N)-R

ND(R(N)):GOSUB419Ø:GOTO66ØELSEGO

134Ø DB(N)=INT(DB(N)):GOSUB2Ø2Ø: PRINT@226, " DEBT ";:PRINT@258,;: PRINTUSING"\$#####";DB(N);:PRINT@

416, "CURRENT CASH"; : PRINTUSING":

\$\$############.##";D(N):PRINT" <1>

";:PRINTUSING"PAY OFF DEBT OF \$

\$#####";DB(N):PRINT" <2> INTERES

135Ø PRINT@246," FEE ";:PRINT@27

136Ø GOSUB39ØØ:IFA\$="2"THEN137ØE

LSEIFA\$="1"THEN14ØØELSESOUND25Ø,

137Ø GOSUB143Ø:CC=DB(N)*.Ø1+5:PR

INT@384, "DAILY INT/FEE IS"; : PRIN

138Ø IFD(N)<CC THENPRINT@416,"YO U DON'T HAVE CASH TO PAY BANK SO

YOU GET MORE DEBT"; :DB(N)=DB(N)

+CC:PRINT@226, "NEW DEBT"; :PRINT@

258,;:PRINTUSING"\$\$######";DB(N)

139Ø D(N)=D(N)-CC:GOSUB419Ø:GOTO

1400 GOSUB1430:IFD(N)<=0THEN1440 ELSEPRINT@416," HOW MUCH DEBT TO

;:SOUND2ØØ,5:GOSUB419Ø:GOTO45Ø

SUB419Ø:GOTO66Ø

T OF .Ø1% PLUS FEE";

TUSING":\$\$####";CC

8,"\$5.00";

2:GOT0136Ø

450

129Ø SOUND5,5:PRINT@451, "METEOR SHOWER IN THE AREA!";:FORC=1T075 :SET(RND(6Ø)+1,RND(17)+2,5):GOSU $B373\emptyset$:NEXT:T2=1:FP(N)=FP(N)-25:R (N) = R(N) - 25

OSUB4Ø1Ø:SOUND1,2:GOTO111Ø 126Ø FP(N)=FP(N)-WT(N):PRINT@449 , YOU'VE A HEAVY LOAD THIS TRIP' ;:SOUND9,9:GOSUB4Ø1Ø:IFRND(2)=1T HEN121ØELSEIFRND(2)=1THEN122ØELS E1240

SE1Ø8Ø 125Ø PRINT@449,"YOU CAN'T ESCAPE -YOU MUST FIGHT";:FORC=1T09:GOSU B373Ø:GOSUB371Ø:GOSUB369Ø:NEXT:G

124Ø FP(N)=FP(N)-15Ø:PRINT@449," HE CAUGHT UP WITH YOU!":SOUND9 ,9:GOSUB4Ø1Ø:IFT5(N)>ØTHEN113ØEL

20,1530 151Ø PRINT@384,"A MERCHANT SHIP ARRIVES AND TOWS YOU TO ";LEFT\$ (C\$(K),8);" FOR \$1000,","YOU MUS T BORROW TO PAY FOR IT";:DB(N)=D B(N)+10000:GOTO1550

1520 PRINT0384," A FEDERATION PA

TROL SHIP SHOWS AND TOWS YOU TO ";LEFT\$(C\$(K),8):IFT5(N)>ØTH

ENPRINT THEY ALSO TAKE YOUR CONT

RABAND": T5(N) = \emptyset : GOTO155 \emptyset ELSE155 \emptyset

153Ø IFRND(WP(N))>1ØTHEN154ØELSE

PRINT@384," PIRATES BOARD YOU AN

D TAKE ALL YOUR CARGO AND SHIP'

DRIFTING": $T5(N) = \emptyset$: $W(N) = \emptyset$: $G(N) = \emptyset$

 $: M(N) = \emptyset : F(N) = \emptyset : WP(N) = \emptyset : D(N) = \emptyset : K =$

154Ø PRINT@384," PIRATES SHOWED,

LEFT THE AREA! ": WP(N) = WP(N) - 10:G

S SUPPLIES

Ø.GOTO155Ø

BUT YOU FOUGHT

AND TOWS YOU

THEY ALSO LEAVE YOU

THEM AND THEY

O46ØELSEK=RND(15):ONRND(3)GOTO15

88,;:PRINTUSING"cash:\$\$######### :D(N)::PRINTUSING debt:\$\$##### #";DB(N):PRINTUSING"###### GALS F UEL"; FP(N), : PRINTUSING" #### WP NS";WP(N) 191Ø PRINTUSING"##### RPR UNITS" ;R(N),:PRINTUSING" ##### CGO WT" ·WT(N) 1920 PRINT"===========cargo=== ========";:PRINTUSING"##### W PNS ";W(N),:PRINTUSING" #### # TONS FOOD";F(N):PRINTUSING"###
MACHINES ";M(N),:PRINTUSING" ##### 'TONS CGO";G(N) 193Ø GOSUB419Ø:GOSUB385Ø:IFT8=1T HEN176ØELSE169Ø 197Ø PRINT@352," CAPTAIN ";LEFT\$ (P\$(N),15):PRINT" <i>NVENTORY YOUR WEALTH",,"OR"," ORROW MONEY AT THE BANK "STRING\$ (32,32) : · T8=Ø 198Ø GOSUB39ØØ:IFA\$="I"THEN19ØØE LSEIFA\$<>"B"THENSOUND25Ø,2:GOTO1 98ØELSEGOSUB2Ø2Ø:GOTO2Ø4Ø 2Ø2Ø CLS:GOSUB8Ø:PRINT@72, ***** bank****";:PRINT@96,STRING\$(11, 177) STRING\$(8,147) STRING\$(13,178);:PRINT@128,STRING\$(11,185)" TE LLER "STRING\$(13,182);:FORC=16ØT O352STEP32:PRINT@C,STRING\$(11,22 3) CHR\$(255) STRING\$(6,2Ø2) CHR\$(25 5) STRING\$ (13,223); :NEXT 2Ø3Ø PRINT@365,STRING\$(3,195)CHR \$(194);:PRINT@384,STRING\$(32,131);:RETURN 2Ø4Ø PRINT@426,"HOW MUCH . BS(VAL(A\$)):IFCC>99999THEN2Ø5ØEL SEPRINT@226, "AMOUNT"; : PRINT@258, ;:PRINTUSING"\$#####";CC;:SOUND25

175Ø XX=VAL(MID\$(C\$(K),9,1)):X1=

RND(XX)/10 + DAYS/100:Y1 = RND(XX)*2

176Ø GOSUB375Ø:PRINT@448,STRINGS

(63,32);:PRINT@288,"WE OFFER THE ...;:PRINTUSING"\$\$###.##/GAL";X1 1770 PRINT" <r>Epatpo

1800 GOSUB3900:IFA\$="I"THEN1900E

LSEIFA\$="F"THEN181ØELSEIFA\$="R"T

HEN183ØELSEIFA\$="W"THEN185ØELSEI

FA\$="E"THENGOSUB385Ø:T3=1:GOTO16

1810 PRINT"HOW MANY GALLONS";:GO

SUB2385:IFZ*X1>D(N)GOSUB4Ø5Ø:GOT

 $182\emptyset$ FP(N)=FP(N)+Z:D(N)=D(N)-Z*X

1830 PRINT"HOW MANY HOURS OF WOR K";:GOSUB2385:IFZ*Y1>D(N)GOSUB4Ø

 $184\emptyset$ R(N)=R(N)+Z:D(N)=D(N)-Z*Y1:

1850 PRINT"HOW MANY WEAPONS";:GO SUB2385:IFZ*Z1>D(N)GOSUB4Ø5Ø:GOT

1860 WP(N) = WP(N) + Z : D(N) = D(N) - Z * Z

1900 GOSUB4240:PRINT@256, "INVENT ORY FOR: "LEFT\$(P\$(N),15): PRINT@2

<r>EPAIRS...";:PRIN

<w>EAPONS...";:PRIN

<e>exit screen <i>

5:Z1=RND(1Ø-XX)*111

TUSING"\$\$###.##/HR";Yl

TUSING"\$\$###.##/WPN";Z1

9ØELSESOUND25Ø,2:GOTO18ØØ

1780 PRINT"

179Ø PRINT"

01760

1:GOT0176Ø

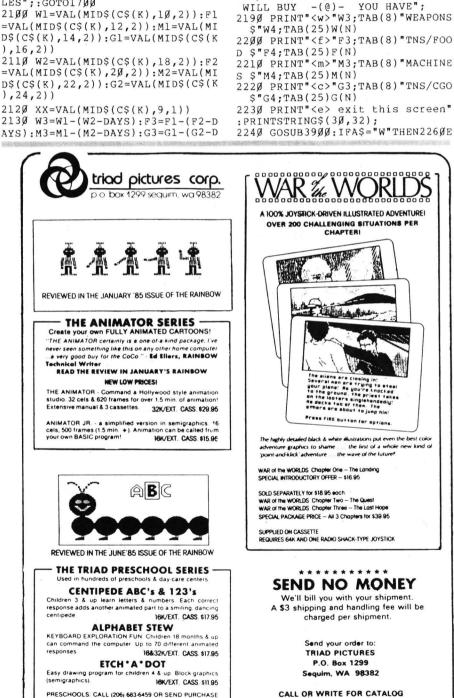
5Ø:GOTO176Ø

1:GOT0176Ø

GOTO176Ø

0176Ø

inventory":T8=1



2Ø5Ø PRINT@246,"TOO MUCH";:PRINT @278,"<\$1ØØØØØ";:GOSUB419Ø:PRINT

@48Ø,STRING\$(3Ø,32);:GOTO2Ø4Ø 2Ø9Ø IFT1=1THENSOUND5,5:PRINT@38

 \emptyset , 2:DB(N)=DB(N)+CC:D(N)=D(N)+CC:

GOSUB4190:GOTO1680

4, "YOU HAVE ALREADY MADE YOUR SA

LES";:GOTO17ØØ

AYS): $W4 = 100 \times XX + RND(XX) \times XX : F4 = 50 \times$

 $XX+RND(XX)*XX:M4=3\emptyset*XX+RND(XX)*X$

 $X:G4=1\emptyset*XX+RND(XX)*XX$

2170

214Ø IFW3<1THENW3=RND(15)

2150 TFF3<1THENF3=RND(20)

216Ø IFM3<1THENM3=RND(25)

IFG3<1THENG3=RND(3Ø)

218Ø GOSUB375Ø:PRINT@288,"--- WE

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ASE";:GOSUB375Ø: 2500 GOSUB3900:PRINT@352,STRING\$ (154,32);:IFA\$="W"THENT2=1:GOTO2 52ØELSEIFA\$="F"THENT2=2:GOTO28ØØ ELSEIFA\$="M"THENT2=3:GOTO283ØELS

";:PRINTUSING"\$\$###/EA";M6 248Ø PRINT@416,"<c>"G5"GEN CGO ";:PRINTUSING"\$\$###/TON";G6 249Ø PRINT@448,"<e> exit this sc reen":PRINT"--YOUR SELECTION PLE

";:PRINTUSING"\$\$###/WPN";W6 246Ø PRINT@352, "<f>"F5"FOOD ";:PRINTUSING"\$\$###/TON";F6 247Ø PRINT@384, "<m>"M5"MACHINES

X)*2:M6=INT(22-RND(XX)*1.5):G6=1 1-RND(XX) 2450 PRINT@288, "WE OFFER THE FOL LOWING FOR SALE <w>"W5"WEAPONS

243Ø W5=VAL(MID\$(C\$(K),26,2)):F5 =VAL(MID\$(C\$(K),28,2)):M5=VAL(MI D\$(C\$(K),3Ø,2)):G5=VAL(MID\$(C\$(K),32,2)):XX=VAL(MID\$(C\$(K),9,1)) 2440 W6 = 60 - RND(XX) + 5 : F6 = 30 - RND(X)

:RETURN 242Ø CC=Ø:C2=Ø:Z=Ø:IFT2=2THEN245 ØELSEIFT1=ØANDDAYS>1THENPRINT@41 6, "YOU MUST SELL GOODS FIRST--": GOTO17ØØ

: RETURN 2385 INPUTA\$:Z=ABS(FIX(VAL(A\$)))

238Ø PRINT@448, "NICE TRY CAPTAIN ";P\$(N):PRINT@48Ø, "THAT'S TOO M ANY";:SOUND5,9:FORZ=1TO2ØØ:NEXTZ

,2):GOTO218Ø 237Ø IFG2>99THENG2=99:RETURNELSE RETURN

236Ø D(N) = D(N) + Z * G4 : G(N) = G(N) - Z: G3=G3-Z:G2=G2+Z:GOSUB237Ø:A\$=STR \$(G2):MID\$(C\$(K),24,2)=RIGHT\$(A\$

N CGO=>";:GOSUB2385:IFZ>G(N)ORZ> G3 THENGOSUB238Ø:GOTO218Ø

,2):GOTO218Ø 234Ø IFM2>99THENM2=99:RETURNELSE RETURN 235Ø PRINT@448, "HOW MANY TONS-GE

M3 THENGOSUB238Ø:GOTO218Ø 233Ø D(N)=D(N)+Z*M4:M(N)=M(N)-Z: $M3=M3-Z:M2=M2+Z:GOSUB234\emptyset:A\$=STR$ \$(M2):MID\$(C\$(K),22,2)=RIGHT\$(A\$

2320 PRINT@448, "HOW MANY MACHINE S ====>";:GOSUB2385:IFZ>M(N)ORZ>

,2):GOTO218Ø 231Ø IFF2>99THENF2=99:RETURNELSE RETURN

 $23\emptyset\emptyset D(N) = D(N) + Z * F4 : F(N) = F(N) - Z :$ $F3=F3-Z:F2=F2+Z:GOSUB231\emptyset:A\$=STR$ \$(F2):MID\$(C\$(K),2Ø,2)=RIGHT\$(A\$

229Ø PRINT@448, "HOW MANY TONS OF FOOD=>";:GOSUB2385:IFZ>F(N)ORZ> F3 THENGOSUB238Ø:GOTO218Ø

RETURN

,2):GOTO2180 228Ø IFW2>99THENW2=99:RETURNELSE

 $227\emptyset$ D(N)=D(N)+Z*W4:W(N)=W(N)-Z: W3=W3-Z:W2=W2+Z:GOSUB228Ø:A\$=STR \$(W2):MID\$(C\$(K),18,2)=RIGHT\$(A\$

226Ø PRINT@448, "HOW MANY WEAPONS ====>";:GOSUB2385:IFZ>W(N)ORZ>W 3 THENGOSUB238Ø:GOTO218Ø

LSE225Ø 225Ø T1=1:GOSUB424Ø:GOSUB385Ø:GO TO1690

LSEIFA\$="F"THEN229ØELSEIFA\$="M"T HEN232ØELSEIFA\$="C"THEN235ØELSEI FA\$<>"E"THENSOUND25Ø,2:GOTO224ØE

A\$<>"E"THENSOUND25Ø,2:GOTO245ØEL SE2510 251Ø T2=2:GOSUB385Ø:GOTO169Ø 252Ø W7=W6:IFT2<>C2 THENCC=9:C2= Т2 253Ø PRINT@288, "YOU WANT TO BUY WEAPONS, HUH!? I'M ASKING \$"; INT(W7)"EACH FOR";W5:PRINT" WHAT WILL YOU OFFER ME": INPUT"===>": A\$:Z=Z+1:X=VAL(A\$) 254Ø IFX=ØTHEN245ØELSEIFX<=CCTHE N GOSUB27ØØ:GOSUB275Ø:GOTO245ØEL SECC=X 255Ø IFX>=W7-RND(XX)THENGOSUB272 Ø:GOTO256ØELSEIFX<W7-RND(INT(W7/ 2))THENGOSUB271Ø:GOSUB275Ø:GOTO2 45ØELSE267Ø 256Ø ONT2 GOTO257Ø,258Ø,259Ø,26Ø Ø 257Ø IFY>W5 THENGOSUB273Ø:GOSUB2 72Ø:GOTO256ØELSE261Ø 258Ø IFY>F5 THENGOSUB273Ø:GOSUB2 72Ø:GOTO256ØELSE261Ø 259Ø IFY>M5 THENGOSUB273Ø:GOSUB2 720:GOTO2560ELSE2610 2600 IFY>G5 THENGOSUB2730:GOSUB2 72Ø:GOT0256Ø 261Ø IFD(N)<1THEN279ØELSEIFD(N)< X THENGOSUB274Ø:GOTO245ØELSEIFD(N) < (Y*X) THENGOSUB274Ø: GOTO255Ø $262\emptyset$ D(N)=D(N)-Y*X:ONT2 GOTO263Ø ,2640,2650,2660 2630 W(N) = W(N) + Y : W5 = W5 - Y : W6 = W6 + RND(XX)*1Ø:GOTO245Ø 2640 F(N)=F(N)+Y:F5=F5-Y:F6=F6+R ND(XX)*10:GOTO2450 2650 M(N) = M(N) + Y : M5 = M5 - Y : M6 = M6 + RND(XX)*1Ø:GOTO245Ø $266\emptyset$ G(N)=G(N)+Y:G5=G5-Y:G6=G6+R ND(XX)*1Ø:GOTO245Ø 267Ø IFRND(XX+Z)>1ØGOSUB275Ø:GOT 02450 268Ø GOSUB276Ø:W7=W7-RND(INT(CC/ 4)-1):IFW7<=X THENW7=X+1 269Ø ONT2 GOTO253Ø,281Ø,284Ø,287 2700 PRINT@416,"THAT'S NOT A DEC ENT BID, IS IT?";:GOTO2770 271Ø PRINT@416, "YOU MUST BE KIDD ING":GOTO277Ø 272Ø PRINT@416,;:INPUT"OK! HOW M ANY DO YOU WANT TO BUY"; A\$: Y=ABS (VAL(A\$)):RETURN 273Ø PRINT@416, "do not have that many--try again ":GOTO277Ø 274Ø PRINT@416, "you do not have enough money":GOTO277Ø 275Ø W6=INT(W6*1.1):F6=INT(F6*1. 1):M6=M6+RND(3):G6=G6+RND(4):IFZ <6THENPRINT@448, "WE DO NOT BARGA IN THAT WAY":GOSUB277Ø:GOTO278Ø: ELSEGOTO278Ø 276Ø PRINT@416, "ok, we deal":GOS UB277Ø:PRINT@416,"I'LL OFFER YOU THIS NEW PRICE!":GOSUB277Ø:PRIN T@389,STRING\$(63,32):RETURN 277Ø SOUND5,5:GOSUB4Ø2Ø:RETURN 278Ø PRINT@48Ø, "NOW I WILL RAISE PRICES!";:GOTO277Ø 279Ø GOSUB271Ø:PRINT@448, "YOU DO N'T HAVE ANY MONEY":GOSUB277Ø:PR INT@48Ø, "YOU BETTER LEAVE THE MA RKET!";:GOSUB277Ø:GOTO251Ø 28ØØ W7=F6:IFT2<>C2 THENCC=6:C2= T2

EIFAS="C"THENT2=4:GOTO286ØELSEIF

283Ø W7=M6:IFT2<>C2 THENCC=4:C2= Τ2 284Ø PRINT@288,"YOU WANT TO BUY SOME MACHINES? I HAVE" M5"AT \$" INT(W7) "APIECE": PRINT" WHAT WILL YOU OFFER ME":INPUT"===>";A\$:X= VAL(AS): Z=Z+1285Ø GOTO254Ø 286Ø W7=G6:IFT2<>C2 THENCC=Ø:C2= T 2 287Ø PRINT@288, "DO YOU WANT SOME GENERAL CARGO? I HAVE"G5"TONS A T \$"INT(W7)"/TON":PRINT" HOW MUC H WILL YOU PAY/TON": INPUT"===>"; $X \cdot 7 = 7 + 1$ 288Ø GOTO254Ø 292Ø PRINT@288,STRING\$(32,233);" LEAVING "LEFT\$(C\$(K),8);" "LEFT\$ (P\$(N),15)"?":PRINT@352," SELEC T YOUR NEXT MOVE!"," <d> HAVE A DRINK FIRST"," BLAST OFF",,' n <s> SELL CONTRABAND", " <e> exit this screen"STRING\$(1Ø,32); 293Ø GOSUB39ØØ:IFA\$="D"THEN314ØE LSEIFA\$="E"THEN338ØELSEIFA\$="S"T HEN341ØELSEIFA\$<>"B"THENSOUND255 ,2:GOTO293Ø 297Ø IFFP(N)<1ØØØTHENSOUND2ØØ,5: CLS3:PRINT@266, "GO BUY FUEL";:GO SUB419Ø:GOTO168Ø 298Ø CLS:GOSUB365Ø:PRINT"SELECT YOUR DESTINATION": PRINT" -- choice ----planet----distance--"; 2990 FORC=1T015:IFC=K THENPRINTT AB(6) "====> "LEFT\$(C\$(C),8)ELSEP RINT" <"CHR\$(C+96)"> "LEF T\$(C\$(C),8)" "VAL(MID\$(C\$(C) ,9,1))+VAL(MID\$(C\$(K),9,1)) 3000 IFC=15THEN3020ELSEIFC<>8THE N3Ø3ØELSEPRINT" PRESS <X> TO CON PRESS <Q> TO RET TINUE LISTING URN TO MENU OR MAKE SELECTIO N FROM ABOVE!" 3Ø1Ø GOSUB39ØØ:IFA\$="X"THENPRINT @96, " ":GOTO3Ø3ØELSEIFA\$="Q"THEN GOSUB378Ø:GOTO292ØELSE3Ø4Ø 3020 PRINT: PRINT" PRESS <X> TO R EPEAT THE LISTING";:GOSUB39ØØ:IF A\$="X"THEN298Ø 3Ø3Ø NEXT 3Ø4Ø C=ASC(A\$)-64:IFC<ØORC>15THE NSOUND9,5:PRINT"SELECT ONLY LETT ERS A-O":GOSUB419Ø:GOTO298ØELSEI FC=K THENPRINT YOU'RE ALREADY TH ERE!!!":SOUND9,5:GOSUB419Ø:GOTO2 980 3Ø5Ø CLS:GOSUB365Ø:PRINT:PRINT" CHOOSE YOUR SPEED"," <1> SLOW", " <2> MODERATE",," <3> FAST",," <4> VERY FAST" 3Ø6Ø GOSUB39ØØ:X=VAL(A\$):IFX<lOR X>4THENSOUND255,2:GOTO3Ø6Ø $3\emptyset7\emptyset$ L\$(N)=RIGHT\$(STR\$(1 $\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset$ +C)) 4)+RIGHT\$(STR\$(1ØØ+VAL(MID\$(C\$(C),9,1))+VAL(MID\$(C\$(K),9,1))),2) +RIGHT\$(STR\$(X),1) 3Ø8Ø GOSUB428Ø:GOSUB424Ø:CLSØ:PR INT@24Ø, "LIFTOFF";:FORC=1ØTO1STE P-1:PRINT@274,C;:SOUND2ØØ-5*C,5: NEXT:CLSØ:FORC=1TO3:GOSUB367Ø:NE

281Ø PRINT@288, "YOU WANT TO BUY

SOME FOOD STORESI WANT \$"INT(W7) " FOR EACH"F5"TON":PRINT" WHAT W

ILL YOU OFFER ME": INPUT"===>";A\$

:X=VAL(A\$):Z=Z+1

282Ø GOTO254Ø

334Ø Y=Y+1:PRINT@64, "THANKS!!! T

331Ø GOSUB39ØØ:IFA\$="N"THENRETUR NELSEIFA\$<>"Y"THENSOUND25Ø,2:GOT O331ØELSED(N) = D(N) - Z: T5(N) = T5(N)+Z:RETURN

3300 PRINT@64, "THE MAN OFFERS TO SELL YOU SOME CONTRABAND FOR";: Z = RND(1ØØØ)+5ØØ:PRINTUSING"\$\$### #.##";Z:PRINT" <y>ES OR <n>0?

329Ø GOSUB354Ø:PRINT@32Ø, "THE MA N WAS A COP--YOUR BUSTED! YOU A RE FINED 1000.00":D(N)=D(N)-100Ø:IFT5(N)>ØTHENPRINT" AND YOU MU ST GIVE UP ALL THE CONTRABAND ";:T5(N)=Ø:GOSUB419Ø:GOTO292ØELS EPRINTSTRING\$(63,32);:GOSUB419Ø: GOTO292Ø

327Ø IFRND(5)=1THEN329ØELSEGOSUB 33ØØ:GOSUB358Ø:GOTO292Ø 328Ø PRINT@32,STRING\$(16Ø,175);: GOTO2920

 $5(N) = \emptyset$: GOSUB419Ø: GOTO292Ø 326Ø GOSUB358Ø:PRINT@352, "YOU ME ET A MAN WHO OFFERS A DEAL <1> DEAL OR <2> NO DEAL":SOUND5,5:G OSUB39ØØ:IFA\$="2"THEN292ØELSEIFA \$<>"1"THENSOUND25Ø,2:GOTO326Ø

ND1,5:PRINT@32Ø,"YOU ARE CAUGHT CARRYING SOME","CONTRABAND.",,"Y OU GO TO COURT AND ARE FINED":Z= RND(T5(N)):PRINTUSING"\$\$####.##" ;Z:PRINT"YOU ALSO LOSE THE CONTR ABAND!";:GOSUB354 \emptyset :D(N)=D(N)-Z:T

324Ø IFRND(2)=10RCC=99THENSOUND1 ,5:PRINT@32Ø, "YOU MEET A POLICEM AN WHO CHARGESYOU WITH BEING DRU NK--YOU ARE FINED: ";:Z=RND(15Ø):PRINTUSING"\$\$###.##";Z:PRINTST RING\$(9 \emptyset , 32);:GOSUB354 \emptyset :D(N)=D(N)-Z:GOSUB419Ø:GOTO292Ø 325Ø IFRND(2)=1ANDT5(N)>ØTHENSOU

(2)=1THEN GOSUB358Ø:PRINT@352,"Y OUR DRUNK": PRINT YOU WERE ROLLED AND ROBBED OF":X=RND(INT(D(N)/3))+15:PRINTUSING"\$\$#####.##";X:S $OUNDl\emptyset, l\emptyset: D(N) = D(N) - X: GOSUB419\emptyset:$ GOTO292ØELSE326Ø

<2> LEAVE BAR": 32ØØ GOSUB39ØØ:IFA\$="1"THEN334ØE LSEIFA\$<>"2"THENSOUND255,2:GOTO3 200

3230 IFY<RND(3) THEN 3280 ELSETERND

GOSUB419Ø:GOTO292Ø 319Ø PRINT@64,"<1> BUY DRINKS

,CHR\$(168);:NEXT 316Ø IFT6>2THENPRINT@64, "YOU'VE HAD YOUR FILL-GO BACK": SOUND5, 5:

HR\$(123);:NEXT 315Ø FORC=1TO5:PRINT@198+RND(2Ø)

TURN 314Ø T6=T6+1:CLSØ:GOSUB365Ø:PRIN TSTRING\$(16Ø,175)STRING\$(32,172) :PRINTSTRING\$(16Ø,223):FORC=1TO4 :CC=32Ø+C*6:PRINT@CC,STRING\$(3,1 31);:PRINT@CC+33,CHR\$(128);:PRIN T@CC+65,CHR\$(128);:PRINT@CC+97,C

AY";:FORC=1T015:GOSUB371Ø:NEXT 3100 PRINT@488, "HAVE A SAFE TRIP !";:FORC=1'TO2Ø:GOSUB371Ø:NEXT:RE

XT 3Ø9Ø FORC=2TO25ØSTEPDAYS+2:CLS(R ND(3)):SOUNDC, 1:NEXT:CLSØ:GOSUB3 71Ø:FORC=1T015:GOSUB371Ø:SET(RND (62),RND(29),RND(3)):NEXT:PRINT@ 45Ø,"YOUR SUCCESSFULLY ON YOUR W

> HEN329Ø $(N) = \emptyset : GOSUB419\emptyset : GOTO292\emptyset$ #"; T5(N) *5; :D(N) = D(N) + T5(N) *5: T5 $(N) = \emptyset$: SOUND1 \emptyset , 5: GOSUB419 \emptyset : GOTO29 20 348Ø PRINT@352,"YOU COULD NOT FI ND A BUYER FOR THE CONTRABAND A ND HAVE ALERTED THE POLICE. YOU MUST LEAVE THE PLANET IMMEDIATE LY":T4=1:T7=3:SOUND5,1Ø:GOSUB419 Ø:GOT0292Ø 349Ø GOSUB358Ø:IFRND(12)=1THEN35 1ØELSEPRINT@352, "YOU FOUND A QUI CK BUYER FOR THE CONTRABAND"; : IF RND(2)=1THENPRINT"---THE PRICE W AS ONLY ":Z = T5(N) * 2 - RND(T5(N))/2:PRINTUSING"\$\$#####.##";Z;:SOUND $5, 5: D(N) = D(N) + Z: T5(N) = \emptyset: GOSUB419$ Ø:GOT0292Ø 3500 PRINT" & THE PRICE WAS GOOD ":Z=T5(N)*2.1:PRINTUSING"\$\$##### .##";Z;:SOUND5,5:D(N)=D(N)+Z:T5(N) = \emptyset : GOSUB419 \emptyset : GOTO292 \emptyset 351Ø PRINT@385, "YOU WERE CAUGHT CONTRABAND. SELLING YOUR YOU 'VE BEEN FINED";:PRINTUSING"\$\$## ###.##";T5(N)*2:SOUND1,15:GOSUB3 $54\emptyset: D(N) = D(N) - T5(N) * 2: T5(N) = \emptyset: GO$ SUB419Ø:GOTO292Ø 354Ø PRINT@32,STRING\$(9,169)LEFT \$(C\$(K),8)" JAIL"STRING\$(9,166) ;:FORC=64T0287STEP2:PRINT@C,CHR\$ (2Ø2)CHR\$(2Ø7);:NEXT:PRINTSTRING \$(32,169);:PRINT@232,STRING\$(2,1 28);:PRINT@263,STRING\$(4,128)CHR \$(197);:RETURN 356Ø ' 358Ø CLS3:GOSUB365Ø:FORC=138T025

HE JUST TOOK ALL YOUR CONTRAB FOR NEW FRIENDS!!":SOUND1,15:T5 3470 PRINT"AND SHE MADE A VERY N

346Ø IFRND(3)=1THENPRINT"HOWEVER AND WITHOUT PAYING FOR ITSO MUCH

FA\$="S"THEN349ØELSEIFA\$<>"F"THEN SOUND255,2:GOTO344Ø 345Ø IFRND(T5(N))<25ØTHEN349ØELS EGOSUB358Ø:IFRND(5)=5THEN348ØELS EPRINT@352, "YOU'VE FOUND A GOOD NEW BUYER":GOSUB4Ø2Ø:IFRND(9)=9T

RINT@256,STRING\$(32,223); 344Ø GOSUB392Ø:IFA\$="E"THENCLS:G OSUB365Ø:GOSUB378Ø:GOTO292ØELSEI

his screen 343Ø PRINT@32,STRING\$(32,175);:P

Ø:GOTO292ØELSE342Ø 3420 PRINT" <f>IND A NEW BUYER" " <s>ELL IMMEDIATELY"," <e>xit t

GOTO293ØELSE169Ø 341Ø T7=T7+1:CLS:GOSUB365Ø:GOSUB 378Ø:PRINT:IFT5(N)=ØTHENPRINT"** YOU'VE NO CONTRABAND TO SELL":SO UND5,5:GOSUB419Ø:GOTO292ØELSEIFT 7>2THENPRINT"YOU'VE SOLD BEFORE, BETTER LEAVE":SOUND5,5:GOSUB419

6,STRING\$(64,175);:GOTO319Ø 338Ø IFT4<>ØTHENPRINT@48Ø,"ITS T OO LATE TO GO BACK!";:SOUND1,15:

HAT WAS GOOD, YOUR BILL COMES TO";:SOUND1,5:X=RND(25)+5:PRINTU SING"\$\$##.##"; X:D(N)=D(N)-X:GOSUB419Ø:PRINT@48Ø,STRING\$(3Ø,32); 335Ø IFRND(3)>1THENPRINT@96,STRI NG\$(32,175);:GOTO319ØELSEIFRND(3)=3THENCC=99:GOTO324ØELSEGOSUB33 $\emptyset \emptyset$: IFRND(4) = 4THEN329 \emptyset ELSEPRINT@9

January 1986 HOT CoCo 43

68)CHR\$(165);:NEXT 381Ø FORXX=192TO224STEP4:IFRND(2)=1THENPRINT@XX,CHR\$(128)CHR\$(15 2)CHR\$(164)CHR\$(173);:NEXTELSEIF RND(4)=1THENPRINT@XX,STRING\$(4,1 28);:NEXTELSEPRINT@XX,CHR\$(196)C HR\$(2ØØ)CHR\$(16Ø)CHR\$(164);:NEXT 382Ø FORXX=224TO255:IFRND(9)=1TH ENPRINT@XX, CHR\$(252); :NEXTELSEIF RND(7)=1THENPRINT@XX,CHR\$(236);: NEXTELSEPRINT@XX, CHR\$(128);:NEXT 383Ø FORXX=128TO159STEP4:IFRND(2)=lTHENPRINT@XX,STRING\$(4,175);: PRINT@XX+34,STRING\$(2,175);:PRIN T@XX+66,CHR\$(175);:PRINT@XX+98,C HR\$(172);:NEXTELSENEXT 384Ø IFRND(2)=1THENXX=132+RND(12):PRINT@XX,STRING\$(4,175);:PRINT @XX+32,CHR\$(175)STRING\$(2,172)CH R\$(175);:PRINT@XX+64,CHR\$(175)+C HR\$(17Ø)+CHR\$(165)+CHR\$(175);:PR INT@XX+96, CHR\$(175) CHR\$(17Ø) CHR\$ (165)CHR\$(175); 385Ø PRINT@256, "city "LEFT\$(C\$(K),8)" liftoff"CHR\$(128)"wt ";VAL (RIGHT\$(C\$(K),4)):PRINTSTRING\$(3 2,131);:PRINT"--WHAT DO YOU WANT

::NEXT 3800 FORXX=160TO191STEP4:IFRND(2)=1THENPRINT@XX,CHR\$(145)CHR\$(12 8)CHR\$(165)CHR\$(162);:NEXTELSEIF RND(3)=1THENPRINT@XX,CHR\$(18Ø)CH R\$(165)STRING\$(2,175);:NEXTELSEP RINT@XX, CHR\$(195)CHR\$(164)CHR\$(1

ND(7)*16+143); 379Ø FORXX=128TO159STEP4:IFRND(2)=1THENPRINT@XX,CHR\$(168)STRING\$ (3,175);:NEXTELSEIFRND(2)=1THENP RINT@XX, CHR\$(173)STRING\$(3,175); :NEXTELSEPRINT@XX,STRING\$(4,175)

N);:RETURN 378Ø GOSUB375Ø:PRINT@64,STRING\$(64,175);:PRINT@65+RND(29),CHR\$(R

RND(12)):RETURN 375Ø PRINT@32, "PLAYER: ";N;:PRINT USING" PROFIT=\$\$############;D(

TURN 373Ø PLAY"T255;03;V31":PLAYSTR\$(

55":RETURN 371Ø PLAY"L255;C;D;E;F;G;A;B":RE

2;1;1":RETURN 369Ø PLAY"V31;L255;O1":PLAY"C;P2

367Ø PLAY"04;T255;L255;1;2;2;3;3 ;4;5;6;7;8;9;10;10;11;11;12;12;1 2;11;11;1Ø;1Ø;9;8;7;6;5;4;3;3;2;

365Ø PRINT@Ø," PL#:"N;CHR\$(159)" star "CHR\$(128) "merchant "CHR\$(159 DAY:###";DAYS;:I);:PRINTUSING" FN=ØTHENPRINT@Ø,STRING\$(8,2Ø7);: PRINT@23,STRING\$(9,207);:RETURNE LSERETURN

3600 GOSUB3610:RETURN 361Ø PRINT@352,STRING\$(159,32);: POKE1535,143:RETURN

359Ø PRINT@1Ø6, CHR\$(145); : PRINT@ 115, CHR\$(146);: PRINT@316, CHR\$(2Ø 2) CHR\$(128) CHR\$(197); : PRINT@284, CHR\$(200)CHR\$(128)CHR\$(196);:PRI NT@252, CHR\$(174) CHR\$(128) CHR\$(17 3):

6STEP32: PRINT@C, CHR\$(165) STRING\$ (8,175)CHR\$(17Ø);:NEXT:FORC=256T O288STEP32:PRINT@C,STRING\$(10,20 7)CHR\$(197)STRING\$(8,2Ø7)CHR\$(2Ø 2)STRING\$(12,2Ø7);:NEXT:PRINTSTR ING\$(32,22Ø);

PLAYER ";LEFTS(PS(N)+" ",15);:PRINT@294, "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONT. ";:GOSUB3900:RETURN 3900 AS=INKEYS

39Ø5 A\$=INKEY\$:IFA\$=""THEN39Ø5EL SERETURN

388Ø SOUND15Ø,5:CLS3:PRINT@262,"

TO DO NOW--":RETURN

392Ø A\$=INKEY\$:C=C+1:IFC<9THENPR INT@263, "WATCH OUT FOR COPS!"; EL

SEPRINT@263,STRING\$(19,223);:IFC >12THENC=Ø

393Ø IFA\$=""THEN392ØELSERETURN 395Ø B\$=CHR\$(15Ø)+CHR\$(182)+CHR\$ (214):B\$=B\$+B\$+B\$+B\$+B\$+B\$+B\$

396Ø A\$=INKEY\$:IFA\$<>""THENRETUR NELSEPRINT@233, LEFT\$(B\$,15);:B\$= RIGHT\$(B\$,17)+LEFT\$(B\$,1):PRINT@ 297, RIGHT\$(B\$,15);: PRINT@265, LEF T\$(B\$,1);:PRINT@279,LEFT\$(B\$,1); :GOTO396Ø

397Ø A\$=INKEY\$:IFA\$<>""THENRETUR NELSEPRINT@2Ø3,B\$;:B\$=RIGHT\$(B\$, 3)+LEFT\$(B\$,1):GOTO397Ø

4Ø1Ø GOSUB4Ø2Ø:GOSUB4Ø2Ø:RETURN 4Ø2Ø FORC=1TO(999-DAYS*1Ø):NEXTC : RETURN

4050 PRINT@480, "not enough money --TRY AGAIN!!";:SOUND1,1Ø:FORXX= 1TO15Ø:NEXTXX:PRINT@448,STRING\$(62,32);:RETURN

included (42, 51, or 64 characters per line)

PROBLEMS

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THE PEEPER

SPECTROSYSTEMS

44 HOT CoCo January 1986

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Color Micro Journal, February 1985

Monitor machine-language programs AS THEY ARE RUNNING¹ Peeper actually timeshares with the target program, giving FULL CONTROL as ML programs run. Switch instantly between watching regular program output and Peeper's trace of registers and stack on screen or printer. Inspect memory in any of 26 display modes. Execution speed can be varied from full speed to the barest crawl, or halted entirely.

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FASTAPE THE NEXT BEST THING TO A DISK DRIVE

419Ø A\$=CHR\$(128):PRINT@48Ø,STRI NG\$(3,223)"press"A\$"any"A\$"key"A \$"to"A\$"continue"STRING\$(3,223); :POKE1535,223:GOSUB3900:RETURN 4200 POKE359,126:RETURN $424\emptyset$ WT(N)=F(N)+1.3*M(N)+G(N)+2* W(N) + .91 * FP(N) + 1.5 * WP(N) + .3 * R(N)· RETURN 4280 7=0 429Ø XX=VAL(MID\$(C\$(K),9,1)):C=-

418Ø PRINT@448,STRING\$(32,211);

Z+VAL(RIGHTS(CS(K), 4)):IFWT(N) <=C THENRETURN

43ØØ C=WT(N)-C:GOSUB8Ø:PRINT@67, "SPACEPORT CONTROL MESSAGE";:PRI NT@128, "-* "TAB(11) "attention" TAB (3Ø) "*-": PRINT@192, "-* YOU ARE"I NT(C) TONS OVER THE TAB(3Ø) *-

ALLOWABLE LIFT WEIGHT":PRINT"-*

TO LIFT OFF FROM ";LEFT\$(C\$(K), 8) TAB(3Ø) "*-";

T UNITS";:PRINTUSING" @\$\$###";XX *5:PRINT@384,"-*"TAB(3Ø)"*-"; $432\emptyset$ FORCC=1TOC:D(N)=D(N)-5*XX:P RINT@416, " =====>";:PRINTUSING"\$ \$#########";D(N);:NEXT:GOSUB413Ø: RETURN

4330 END

THE RAINBOW, Decembe

ML PROGRAM TRACER

Hot CoCo, May 1985

111111 N. Kendall Drive, Suite 108 Miami, Florida 33176 (305) 274-3899 Day or

Day or Eve

431Ø SOUND5,9:PRINT@32Ø,"-* YOU MUST BUY"INT(C)TAB(3Ø)"*- BOO BOOS

EXT 58Ø FORC=1T015:WRITE#1,C\$(C):NEX 59Ø WRITE#1, DAYS 600 CLOSE#1:GOTO470

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RDER AND RESTART THE GAME USING" N"PLAYERS": END 15Ø FORC=1TONN: INPUT#1, DB(C), D(C),FP(C),WP(C),R(C),P\$(C),WT(C),W (C),F(C),M(C),G(C),L\$(C),T5(C):N EXT 16Ø FORC=1T015:INPUT#1,C\$(C):NEX T

Program Listing 2. StarMerchant (for Disk)

14Ø OPEN"I",1,"DATA":INPUT#1,N:I

FN<>NN THENCLOSE#1:CLS4:GOSUB365

Ø:SOUND5,9:PRINT"NUMBER OF PLAYE

RS DO NOT MATCH. RESET TAPE RECO

17Ø INPUT#1,DAYS

18Ø CLOSE#1:GOTO46Ø

55Ø OPEN"O",#1,"DATA"

560 PRINT#1,NN

- (C),F(C),M(C),G(C),L\$(C),T5(C):N

END

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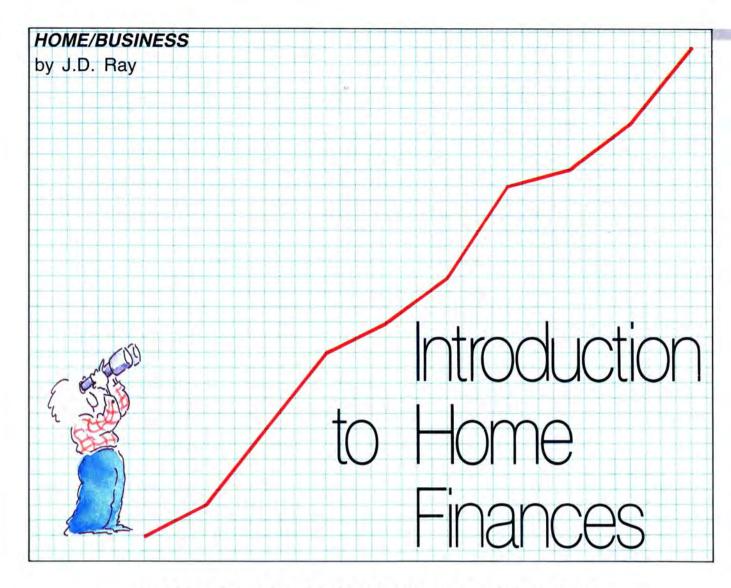
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57Ø FORC=1TONN:WRITE#1,DB(C),D(C),FP(C),WP(C),R(C),P\$(C),WT(C),W





Assess the effects of inflation on your income.

he negative effect of inflation on America's buying power has been evident for some time. Although economists tell us inflation is now under control, its present annual rate of increase is still 3 to 5 percent. And no one's earnings remain unaffected.

Each month the government releases figures indicating how much the prices of certain consumer items have increased during the month. Economists average the increases, computing that month's total inflation rate. Monthly averages are compiled to calculate the annual rise in the Consumer Price Index, which compares current costs to costs the year before.

High inflation rates adversely affect your earning power. If, for example, you made \$15,000 in 1975, you would need to earn \$32,896.67 in 1985 to keep up with inflation. There are, however, other facts that you should keep in mind. First, the CPI is linked to the costs of goods and services such as food, utility costs, gasoline, housing, and so on. Therefore, inflation does not affect every household equally. A rise of 12 percent in housing costs would influence your income only if you were in the market for a house. Furthermore, a family of seven would prob-

Fig. 1. Sample Printout of Actual Inflation Figures

> System Requirements 16K RAM **Extended Color Basic Printer Optional**

ably be more affected by a rise in food costs than a family of three.

Using the Program

When you load the program (see Listing) from disk or tape, the menu presents four options. The first demonstrates the effects of inflation for the years 1972-1986. You must submit the year to begin the projection and the amount earned. (If you can't remember how much you earned, consult a copy of your income-tax return-it should contain the necessary information.) The figures for subsequent years (up to 1986) appear on the screen, and you have the option of sending the data to the printer. Refer to Fig. 1 for a sample printout.

The second option projects the future effects of inflation; it would be helpful in evaluating life-insurance or savings plans. With this application, you are not limited to 1972-1986. If you wanted to know how much you would need to earn in the year 2000 if you are presently earning \$25,000, you would E submit the beginning year (1985), the earnings (\$25,000), the ending year (2000), and the average rate of inflation (4 percent). The

BASED ON \$15,000.00 IN 1975, THE FOL-LOWING AMOUNT IS NEEDED TO KEEP IN LINE WITH INFLATION:

ACTUAL INFLATION

	INFLA-		ADJ.
YEAR:	TION:	CHANGE	AMOUNT
1976	9.10%	\$ 1,365.00	\$ 16,365.00
1977	5.80%	\$ 949.17	\$ 17,314.17
1978	6.50%	\$ 1,125.42	\$ 18,439.59
1979	7.70%	\$ 1,419.85	\$ 19,859.44
1980	11.30%	\$ 2,244.12	\$ 22,103.56
1981	13.50%	\$ 2,983.98	\$ 25,087.54
1982	10.40%	\$ 2,609.10	\$ 27,696.64
1983	6.10%	\$ 1,689.50	\$ 29,386.14
1984	3.80%	\$ 1,116.67	\$ 30,502.81
1985	4.00%	\$ 1,220.11	\$ 31,722.92
1986	3.70%	\$ 1,173.75	\$ 32,896.67



projection in Fig. 2 shows that you would need to make \$45,023.59 in the year 2000 to maintain your buying power.

The third option is a tutorial; it lists the rates used in the program. The fourth option ends the program and erases it from memory.

PROJECTED INFLATION

BEGINNING YEAR: 1985 AMOUNT \$25,000.00 EST. INFLATION 4.0% PER YEAR PROJECTED AMOUNT NEEDED IN YEAR 2000: \$45,023.59

Fig. 2. Sample Printout of Projected Inflation Figures Lines 1060–1190 contain the printer subroutines. The codes, CHR\$(15) and CHR\$(14), in lines 1130 and 1150 turn the underline function on and off, respectively. Change them if your printer codes are different.

Updates

The program's estimated inflation rate for 1985 is 4.0 percent; for 1986, it is 3.7 percent. When the real rates are available, you can change the first two numbers in DATA line 180 to reflect the new figures. You can also modify the program for future use by adding years to the actual inflation application (option 1). Add years prior to 1972 to the end of line 180 and years after 1985 to the beginning of line 180. Do not omit the zero at the end of the line; it functions as a stop. In addition, you must change lines 160, 400. 420, 430, 630, 1280, and 1320.

The program has many useful applications. Employees have used it to convince employers to give them a raise; employers have used it to determine whether wage increases have been fair to their employees. I welcome your questions regarding the program and would be happy to help with modifications. Please enclose a self-addressed, stamped envelope for my reply.■

Address correspondence to J.D. Ray, 5065 France Ave., N. Charleston, SC 29406.

Program Listing 1. Inflation

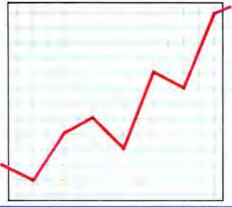
60 CC=172:FORVV=1TO6 CLS: PRINT@CC, "INFLATION" 70 80 CC=CC-32 90 FOR Z=1TO250:NEXTZ 100 NEXTVV 110 PRINT@202,"BY J. D. RAY" PRINT@233, "COPYRIGHT 1985" 120 130 FOR J=1T0950:NEXTJ 140 CLEAR 100 150 DIM INF(15),A(12),R(12),M(50 160 FORX=ITO15:READINF(X):NEXT 170 'INFLATION RATES LISTED IN 1 BØ ARE FOR 1985-1972, IN THAT OR DER 180 DATA 3.7,4.0,3.8,6.1,10.4,13 .5,11.3,7.7,6.5,5.8,9.1,11.0,6.2 3.3.0 190 Q=0:D=0:MOD=0:SIG=0 200 HS="######.##":PS="##.#":ZS=" SS###,###.##" 21Ø TS="S###,###.##":DS="####### .##":ES="###.##" 220 STA\$="ACTUAL INFLATION" 230 PROS="PROJECTED INFLATION" 240 K\$="APPLICATION" 250 YEAR\$=" 260 CLS: PRINT@167, "PROGRAM APPLI CATION" 27Ø PRINT@228, "<1> ";:PRINTSTAS 28Ø PRINT@26Ø, "<2> ";:PRINTPROS 29Ø PRINT@292, "<3> TUTORIAL" 300 PRINT@356, "<4> END" 310 PRINT@420, "SELECTION #: 32Ø MENUS=INKEYS;IF MENUS="1"THE N GOTO 360 330 IF MENUS="2" THEN GOTO 770 340 IF MENUS="3"THEN 1230 350 IF MENUS="4"THEN 1200 ELSE 3 20 36Ø CLS 370 PRINT" TION" STRAIGHT APPLICA 38Ø PRINT 390 PRINT"ENTER YEAR TO BEGIN AP PLICATION" 400 PRINT" BETWEEN 1972-1 986":PRINT 410 INPUT "ENTER YEAR (19XX): "; YEAR 420 IF YEAR<1972 OR YEAR>1986 TH EN PRINT" PLEASE USE YEAR BETWE

EN 1972 - 1986!":S OUND 150,4:GOTO390 43Ø X=1986-YEAR: KK=X: YR=YEAR 440 PRINT: PRINT"ENTER AMOUNT TO APPLICATION: ": PR BEGIN TNT 450 INPUT "AMOUNT \$ ";A 460 AM=A 47Ø IF A<Ø THEN PRINT"ENTER A PO SITIVE AMOUNT - PLEASE":GOTO45Ø 480 CLS: PRINT@1, "BASED ON"; : PRIN TUSINGZS; AM; : PRINT" IN "YR", THE KEEP IN LINE WITH INFLATION:" 490 PRINT" VPAN 490 PRINT" YEAR: DJ. AMOUNT" RATE: A 500 L=160:M=141 510 IFQ=10 THENRETURN 520 Q=0:M=141:L=160 530 $I = \emptyset$: 54Ø PRINT@L, YEAR; : PRINTTAB(19);: PRINTUSINGZ\$;A 55Ø Q=Q+1:YEAR=YEAR+1 560 I=A*INF(X)/100:A=A+I L=L+32:M=M+32:Q=Q+1 570 580 IF Q=10 THEN GOSUB710:GOSUB4 80 590 PRINT@L, YEAR; : PRINTUSINGHS; I NF(X);:PRINT"%";:PRINTTAB(19);:P RINTUSINGZS; A 600 IF PRS="Y"THENGOSUB1170 610 YEAR=YEAR+1:X=X-1 620 IF Q>10 THEN Q=0 IF YEAR>1986 THEN 650 630 64Ø GOTO56Ø 650 IF PRS="Y"THENPRINT#-2;PRINT #-2:PRINT#-2:GOT0190 660 PRINT: INPUT WOULD YOU LIKE A PRINTED COPY OF THIS CHART? (Y/N)";PR\$ 67Ø IF PR\$="Y"THENGOTO1Ø6Ø 68Ø GOTO19Ø 690 PRINT 700 FOR P=1T0500:NEXTP 71Ø PRINT: PRINT" HIT (ENTER) TO CONTINUE"; 72Ø EXEC44539 73Ø RETURN 74Ø PRINT" HIT (ENTER) TO CONT INUE"; : PRINT: PRINT 750 GOTO190 760 'PROJECTED INFLATION APPLICA TION 77Ø CLS:D=Ø

780 PRINT" PROJECTION" 790 PRINT: PRINT" THIS IS A PROJ EFFECT INFLATION ECTION OF THE WILL HAVE ON YOUR DOLLARS IN THE FUTURE. YOU WILL NEED TO ENTER THE YEAR TO BEGIN TH THE AMOUNT TO BE E PROJECTION, PROJECTED, THE YEAR TO END THE PROJECTION," BØØ PRINT"AND THE ESTIMATED INFL ATTON RATE FOR THE PERIOD. THERE ARE NO YEAR LIMITATIONS TO THIS APPLICATION. THIS, OF COURSE. IS AN ESTIMATE." 810 GOSUB710 820 CLS: PRINT: PRINT "ENTER THE Y EAR TO BEGIN THE PROJECTION: 83Ø INPUT "YEAR: ";YR 840 PRINT: PRINT "ENTER THE AMOUN T TO BE USED IN THE PROJECTION: 85Ø INPUT"AMOUNT: ";DD 860 PRINT: PRINT"ENTER THE YEAR T O END THE PROJECTION: " 87Ø INPUT"END YEAR: ";YS 880 PRINT: PRINT"ENTER THE AVERAG E ESTIMATED IN- FLATION RATE: (P ER YEAR)" 890 INPUT"EST. RATE: ";RATE 900 P=YS-YR 910 EV=DD*(1+RATE/100) P 920 D=0:CLS:PRINT#D, p ROJECTION" 93Ø PRINT#D:PRINT#D, "BEGINNING Y EAR: ", : PRINT#D, YR: PRINT#D 940 PRINT#D, "AMOUNT", : PRINT#D, US INGZ\$;DD:PRINT#D 95Ø PRINT#D,"EST. INFLATION",:PR INT#D,USINGP\$;RATE;:PRINT#D," % PER YEAR": PRINT#D 960 PRINT#D, "PROJECTED AMOUNT NE EDED IN YEAR";YS;":"; 970 OS=INKEYS 980 PRINT@363," ";:PRINTUSING2\$; FV 990 IF D=-2 THEN PRINT#-2, USING2 \$;FV:D=Ø:GOTO74Ø 1000 FORL=1T050:NEXTL 1010 IF QS=CHR\$(13)THEN GOSUB104 1020 PRINT0363," 1030 GOTO 970 1040 PRINT WOULD YOU LIKE TO HAV January 1986 HOT CoCo 47

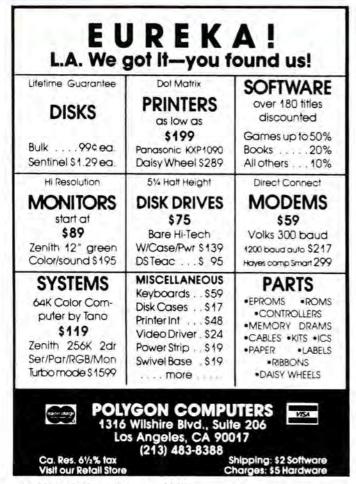
E A PRINTEDCOPY OF THIS PROJECTI ON? (Y/N) ": INPUTCC\$ 1050 IF CCS="Y"THENGOTO1060ELSE7 40 1060 'PRINTER SUB-ROUTINE 1070 X=KK 1080 IF MENUS="1" THEN PRINT#-2, TAB(16);:PRINT#-2,STA\$:GOTO11ØØ 1Ø9Ø IF MENU\$="2" THEN PRINT#-2, TAB(3Ø);:PRINT#-2,PROS:GOTO119Ø 1100 PRINT#-2 1110 A=AM:YEAR=YR BASED ON ";: 1120 PRINT#-2," PRINT#-2, USINGZ\$; A; : PRINT#-2, " I N "YEAR", THE FOLLOWING";PRINT#-2,"AMOUNT IS NEEDED TO KEEP IN L INE WITH INFLATION:" 113Ø PRINT#-2, CHR\$(15) 'UNDERLIN E 1140 PRINT#-2," YEAR: INFLATION ADJ. AMOUNT" CHANGE 1150 PRINT#-2, CHR\$(14) 'END ENDE RLINE 1160 GOTO 480 117Ø PRINT#-2," ";:PRINT#-2,YEAR ;:PRINT#-2,USINGD\$;INF(X);:PRINT #-2,"% ";:PRINT#-2,USINGTS;I;: PRINT#-2," ";:PRINT#-2,USINGZ\$: A 118Ø RETURN 1190 D=-2:GOT0930 1200 'END ROUTINE 1210 CLS:PRINT:INPUT"ARE YOU SUR E? PROGRAM WILL BE ERASED!! Y/N) ";ED\$

1220 IF EDS="Y"THENPOKE113,0:EXE C4Ø999:IF EDS="N"THEN19Ø 1230 CLS: PRINT" TNFLATIO 11 " 1240 PRINT: PRINT" THIS PROGRAM A TEMPTS TO PRO-VIDE THE USER WITH THE EFFECTS OF INFLATION O N YOUR HARD EARNED DOLLAR. THIS PROGRAM CAN BE USED IN TWO WAYS: " 125Ø GOSUB69Ø 1260 CLS: PRINT: PRINT" 1) THE ACT UAL APPLICATION LETS YO U SEE THE EFFECT OF INFLATI ON BETWEEN THE YEARS OF 1972 1985. THE ANNUAL INFLATI ON RATES ARE LISTED WITH TH



E APPLICATION.": PRINT: GOSUB69Ø 127Ø CLS: PRINT" THE INFLATION THE INFLATION R FOUND IN 'U.S. ATES USED WERE REPORT ' NEWS AND WORLD THE IN FOR 1985 IS EST FLATION RATE IMATED AT 3.7%. THE RATES U SED ARE: ": PRINT 128Ø X2=14;FORX1=1972T01985 1290 PRINTX1;" ";INF(X2);"%", 1300 X2=X2-1:NEXTX1 1310 FOR S1=0 TO 14:TT=INF(S1)+T T;NEXT 132Ø TT=TT/14:PRINT"AVERAGE: ";: PRINTUSING P\$;TT;:PRINT"% 1330 GOSUB700 1340 CLS: PRINT: PRINT" 2) THE PRO JECTION APPLICATION ALLOWS THE USER TO USE ANY YEAR AN D ANY INFLATION RATE TO PROJ ECT FUTURE EFFECTS OF INFLATI ON ON OUR DOLLAR. ": PRINT 1350 PRINT" 3) END WILL ERASE PR OGRAM FROM MEMORY.":GOSUB690 1360 CLS:PRINT:PRINT" REMEMBER T HAT INFLATION RATES ARE AVERAG ES OF THE ACTUAL IN-CREASES IN CERTAIN CONSUMER PRODUCTS. THEY REFLECT THE COST OF FO OD, HOUSING, UTIL-ITIES, AND OTHER ESENTIALS." 1370 PRINT: PRINT" ENTER YEARS AS 19XX AND DOLLAR AMOUNTS WITHOU T COMMAS.":GOSUB69Ø 138Ø GOTO 19Ø

END



S.O.S. SMALL OPERATING SYSTEM

S.O.S. IS A SMALL OPERATING SYSTEM THAT RUNS ON A 64K. RS" COLOR COMPUTER DISK EXTENDED BASIC SYSTEM. S.O.S. CONTAINS CONFIGURABLE DRIVERS FOR ALL THE NORMAL I/O ON A SYSTEM. THIS INCLUDES KEYBOARD, SCREEN, PRINTER AND DISKS. IT LEAVES 54,000 BYTES FOR PROGRAMMING AND TEXT SPACE. S.O.S. CAN USE 35-40, OR 80 TRACK DISK DRIVES, SINGLE OR DOUBLE SIDED, ALL INTERMIXED. IT HAS 91 VECTORS OR ENTRY POINTS TO ALLOW THE USER EASY ENTRY TO THE ROUTINES OF S.O.S. THE PRINTER CAN BE CONFIGURED FOR 7 OR 8 BIT OUTPUT AND FOR <C.R.> OR <C.R. & L.F.> OR <L.F.>. PATCHES ARE AVAILABLE FOR 'TELEWRITER-64'' "ELITE-WORD". THE MICRO-WORKS 'EDITOR'' ASSEMBLER'' & MICRO-WORKS "EDITOR" 'DISASSEMBLER'' S.O.S. HANDLES SEQUENTIAL OR RANDOM FILES (RANDOM UP TO 32000 RECORDS). UP TO 15 FILES OPEN AT ONCE. UP TO 8 DISK DRIVES (SIDES). IF YOU HAVE THE MICRO-WORKS PACKAGES. THEN S.O.S. IS A MUST. YOU'LL NEVER GO BACK TO RUNNING OR WRITING SOFTWARE UNDER BASIC AGAIN. "TELEWRITER" UNDER S.O.S. HAS 39K OF TEXT SPACE, REPEAT KEY (FOR EXPANDED KEYBOARDS) PLUS CAN USE ALL THE CAPABILITIES OF S.O.S. PATCHES FOR OTHER PROGRAMS ARE AVAILABLE OR BEING WRITTEN FOR RS" "EDITASM", DUGGERS GROWING "C", DEFT "PASCAL", \$49.95 + \$3.00 SHIPPING & HANDLING, N.J. RESIDENTS ADD 6% SALES TAX.

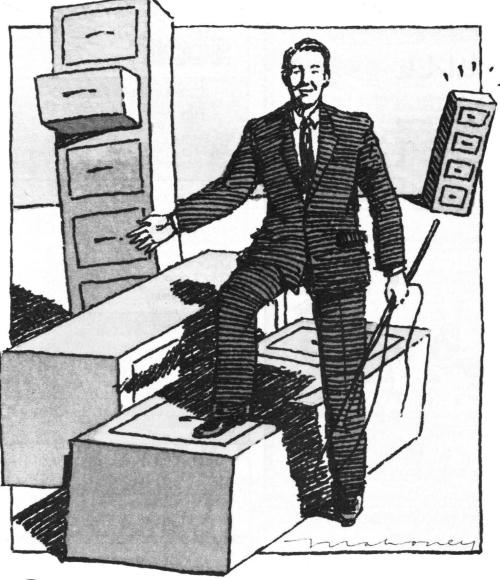
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DATABASE MANAGEMENT

by William S. Bonnell





This "Master Your Data" redux is an updated program that sports a spooler, help file, and new report features.

Some Added Mastery

This new version of the Database Manager program, which originally appeared in the December 1984 issue of *HOT CoCo*, p. 48, under the title "Master Your Data," contains many significant improvements, several of which were suggested by readers. See Table 1 for a full list of the program's features.

To start the program, type in Listing 1. If you have Disk Extended Color Basic (DECB) 1.1, be sure to modify the spooler with Listing 2 because that part of the program makes calls to machine-language routines in ROM. Credit for the spooler belongs to Steve Good, "Print Spooling Will Increase Your Throughput," *The Rainbow*, June 1983, p. 246, and Damon Swanson, "Make the Good Spooler

50 HOT CoCo January 1986

Better," *The Rainbow*, May 1984, p. 23. Credit for the machine-language sort goes to William Barden, "Machine Language Sort, Part II," *TRS-80 Microcomputer News*, June 1982, p. 13. Database Manager has checks for ensuring that you have typed machinelanguage programs correctly. Be sure to save your program on disk before running it the first time.

> System Requirements 32K RAM minimum 64K RAM to use the spooler Disk Extended Color Basic Disk Drive Printer

Enter codes for your printer in line 40, which is already set up for an Okidata-92 at 9,600 baud. This is not necessary if your are printing at 600 baud without special features.

If you intend to use the spooler, don't start the program while operating from a 64K RAM configuration. Do a cold start first by typing POKE 113,0: EXEC 40999. Then type RUN"FILES +". On the first run of the day, the program loads the machine-language sort. Then you'll be asked whether you want to use the upper 32K for a spooler. If not, you probably have a different version of DECB. (If PEEK(&H10D) is 215, you have DECB 1.0. If it is 216, then you have the 1.1 version.) When you run the database again without cold starting, you won't be prompted for this information, and the spooler and sort will remain in effect.

Once you've answered the spooler prompt, the main menu will appear. If you choose an option without first selecting a file, you'll be prompted for the file name. The program retains the current file name in memory until you change it, unless you use the kill, files, or backup option. You need to respecify the working file when using these commands. This happens because a clear command, which clears all variables, is used to free up memory before they are used.

Exercising Your Options

To gain a better understanding at this

field	d (\ to quit)	length
1	LAST NAME	? 25
2	FIRST NAME	? 15
3	ADDRESS	? 30
4	CITY	? 10
5	STATE	?2
6	ZIP	?5
7	POINTERS	?6
8	1 and the state of the	

Fig. 1. A Sample Mail List

record 1
1 LAST NAME:BONNELL
2 FIRST NAME:WILLIAM
3 ADDRESS:S.....
4 CITY:ROCHESTER
5 STATE:NY
6 ZIP:14626
7 POINTERS:....
record 2
1 LAST NAME:QUIT.....
Fig. 2. The Add Mode

Machine-language sort

• Forward and backward linking of records • Machine-language spooler that uses the upper 32K of 64K systems (lets you continue working with the computer while printing)

• Flexible report and label formats that can be saved for future use

• Can send report output to ASCII files (can interface with spreadsheets and word processors that use ASCII files) or devices such as cassette, screen, or printer

• Can suppress printing of fields and print fields in a predetermined sequence

Table 1. Some of the Many Features Offered by the New Version of Database Manager

point, create the file definition of the mailing list in Fig. 1. Choose the define (D) option on the main menu, enter the fields and lengths, and press the shift-clear key combination to stop input. The last six characters of all files should be kept for pointers that will be used with the indexing function for forward and backward linking of records. Make any necessary corrections and then print out the data. If you make a mistake in a field name, press the enter key for the length and you'll be prompted again for the field name.

When you choose add (A) from the main menu, you'll see the first line of Fig. 2 with dots to indicate each field length. Add as many records as you wish. To select the display mode, type "Quit" at the beginning of any field line. This allows you to make corrections and type A to get back into the add mode or return to the main menu. The display mode is shown in Fig. 3. If more fields have been defined than fit on the screen, a second screen is displayed automatically after pressing the enter key. Field names can be left blank in the file definition to save space on the screen for data. The bottom of the view screen displays the keystroke commands available in this mode. See Table 2 for a list of these commands and their meanings.

When you specify the kill (K) command, the program prompts you for a yes or no answer to avoid accidental erasure of a database. If your answer is Y for yes, the program deletes all the files of the file name with the extensions DEF, DAT, RP-, and LB-. (The hy-

	reco	ord# 1
	1	LAST NAME:BONNELL
	2	FIRST NAME:WILLIAM
	3	ADDRESS:S.
	4	CITY:ROCHESTER
	5	STATE:NY
	6	ZIP:14626
	7	POINTERS:
	ente	er < -Q#URADPNLS? - >?
Di-	0 1	ha Diantau Mada

Fig. 3. The Display Mode

- Can display and report records in physical or index sequence
- Can index as many as 700 records
- Can define as many as 30 fields per record
- Can automatically back up database files to disk
- Can kill all files associated with a particular database

• Can automatically create a database from disk directories and a file-allocation table

• Retains current database name in memory for each function

Help screens for each function.

phens mean any character.) Be careful that you don't have another file that meets these criteria on your disk. You can check this first with the files (F) option on the main menu. The files option displays all files having the above extensions on the disk.

The search menu (S) is a display of fields that asks you to enter the number of the field on which you want to search. When you type in the field number, the program will search the records until it finds a matching string in the corresponding field. If you press the enter key in response to the prompt, Database Manager will look for any occurrence of the search string in the system. If you press enter to both prompts on the search menu, deleted records are found.

The index option (I) looks similar to the search option. To use it, choose a field and enter the length you want to index. You'll use memory more efficiently if you choose a length that is shorter than a field. Choosing a longer length indexes the file by the first field and as many contiguous fields as the selected length covers. Pressing the enter

displays the previous record in index sequence. If the file has not been indexed, it returns to the main menu.

prompts for a record number to display.

 $U \;\;$ updates a specified field. Dots appear at the bottom of the screen to show the field length.

R replaces the current record. Pressing the enter key retains the value of the corresponding field. Typing over the dots replaces the field.

A selects the add mode.

D deletes the current record by setting it to equal CHR\$(0). Deleted records can be found by searching for a null string.

P prints the current record. The first record printed will have a heading like the standard report. Subsequent records are printed in columns one below another. With the spooler in operation, you can use the arrow keys to move through the database and dump records to the printer without any delay in the program.

N displays the next physical record in the database.

 $L \;\;$ displays the previous physical record in the database.

- S selects the search mode.
- ? selects the help screen.

 \rightarrow displays the next indexed record. If it is not indexed, the command will return you to the main menu.

Table 2. Definitions of the Keystroke Commands Available in the Display Mode key causes the length to default to the length of the current field.

When using the index option, you see the file being read, sorted, and rewritten. Sometimes this process seems to be interrupted; this is because of string-oriented garbage collection in the background. The sort is done in memory and is limited to the dimension of IX\$(700). The length times the number of records must fit into the 10,000 bytes of cleared string space. If you don't intend to index your file, you don't need to leave space in the record for pointers, and you can put as many records into the database as the disk can store.

The report (R) option has been improved from that of the previous version of the program. Figure 4 shows that a report can be in physical or index sequence. Fields can be selected for printing in the standard report. The standard-report mode automatically wraps whenever the length of the selected fields exceeds the value of QW, which is set to 80 characters in line 20 of Listing 1. (If you set up the program for your 132-column printer in line 40, the value for QW in line 20 should equal 132.) If multiple lines are printed, a delimiter of is printed after the record to make the report more readable. After the fields have been selected, this report format can be saved in a file for use at a later time.

Database Manager also lets you create labels with the report option. Standard labels have six lines. For an example of label creation, see Fig. 5. In addition, the label-format mode can be used to create custom reports. By defining a one-line label, you can specify

FILE IS INDEXED. DO YOU WANT REPORT IN FILE OR INDEX SEQUENCE (F/I) ? I LABEL FORMAT (Y/N) ? N ENTER FILE extension CONTAINING REPORT SPECS. or HIT enter? PRINT LAST NAME (Y/N) ? Y PRINT FIRST NAME (Y/N) ? Y PRINT ADDRESS (Y/N) ? Y PRINT CITY (Y/N) ? Y PRINT STATE (Y/N) ? Y PRINT ZIP (Y/N) ? Y PRINT POINTERS (Y/N) ? N ENTER FILE extension TO STORE REPORT SPECS. (IE RP1-9) or HIT enter? RP1 ENTER A DEVICE# FOR OUTPUT - 2 PRINTER, -1 CASSETTE, 0 SCREEN OR >1 FOR DISK ? -2report of file TEST /DEF page 1

rec. LAST NAME CITY	STATE	ZIP	FIRST NAME	ADDRESS
1 BONNELL ROCHESTER	NY	14626	WILLIAM	S.
3 CUOMO ALBANY	NY	?????	MARIO	CAPITOL BUILDING
4 DOE AVERAGE	CA	?????	JOHN	123 MAIN STREET
2 REAGAN WASHINGTON	DC	?????	RONALD	PENNSYLVANIA AVE.

Fig. 4. An Example of the Standard Report

a sequence of particular fields, whether field names will be printed, and whether fields will be aligned on columns or separated by a space. Double spacing is accomplished by defining a two-line label and specifying fields for the first line only. The same field can be printed more than once on a given line or on more than one line.

Output from reports and labels can go to any device supported by the Color Com-

FILE IS INDEXED. DO YOU WANT RE- PORT IN FILE OR INDEX SEQUENCE (F/I) ? I
LABEL FORMAT (Y/N) ? Y
ENTER FILE extension CONTAINING REPORT SPECS. or HIT enter? DO YOU WANT titles TO PRINT (Y/N)? ? N
HOW MANY lines IN LABEL <11? 6 DO YOU WANT 1 SPACE BETWEEN LABEL FIELDS (Y/N)?? Y
FOR line 1 TYPE field# FOLLOWED BY return FOR EACH FIELD YOU WANT TO PRINT—A null return TO END THIS LINE SPECIFICATION. ? 1 ? 2 ?
FOR line 2 TYPE field# FOLLOWED BY return FOR EACH FIELD YOU WANT TO PRINT—A null return TO END THIS LINE SPECIFICATION. ? 3 ?

FOR line 3 TYPE field# FOLLOWED BY return FOR EACH FIELD YOU WANT TO PRINT-A null return TO END THIS LINE SPECIFICATION.

? 4 ? 5 ? 6 ? ENTER FILE extension TO STORE RE-PORT SPECS. (IE LB1-9) or HIT enter? LB1 ENTER A DEVICE# FOR OUTPUT -2 PRINTER, -1 CASSETTE,0 SCREEN OR >1 FOR DISK ? -2

CUOMO MARIO CAPITOL BUILDING ALBANY NY ?????

DOE JOHN **123 MAIN STREET** AVERAGE CA ?????

REAGAN RONALD PENNSYLVANIA AVE WASHINGTON DC ?????

Fig. 5. Label Creation and Custom Reports

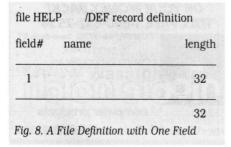
puter. For example, use -2 to send output to the printer. Specify -1 to send it to cassette. Using 0 will send output to the keyboard, and selecting any specification from 2 through 15 sends it to the disk. Device number 1 should not be used in this option because it is already opened to the database.

The make-database-from-directory (M) option is new. It requires that a file definition be set up previously in a format such as the one displayed in Fig. 6. The option reads the directory tracks and file-allocation table and then creates a direct-access database that you can sort and add comments to. If you

field#	name	length
1	NAME	8
2	EXT	3
3	TYPE	1
4	ASCII FLAG	1
5	HEX 1ST GR.	2
6	LAST BYTES	4
7	DISK CODE	2
8	GRANS	30
9	<>	6
a start a	THE REAL PROPERTY.	57

Fig. 6. A File Definition for Reading a Disk Direction with the M Option

first index record = 6last index record = 10indexed by field: NAME last rec = 16record#? 1 record#1 1 NAME:FSDIR 2 EXT:BAS 3 **TYPE:0** 4 ASCII FLAG:0 5 HEX 1ST GR. :20 6 LAST BYTES:00DB 7 DISK CODE:01 8 GRANS:/21/22 9 <-->: 7 8 enter < -Q#URADPNLS? = >?Fig. 7. A Display of a Directory Record



wish to make comments, be sure to create a comment field in the definition. Refer to the *TRS-80 Color Computer Disk System* guide for an explanation of fields. The granule allocations are expressed in hexadecimal. The program prompts you to insert disks and type a two-character identifier that is put into each record in field 7. The system pauses occasionally during this option to perform the garbage collection associated with string operations. Figure 7 shows the view (V) option after the resulting database has been sorted by name with a length of 11.

Some Applications And Further Notes

Have you ever thought of a database manager as a direct-access file editor? The help routines in lines 120-180 of Listing 1 depend on a file called HELP/DAT, which you create by using the database in this manner. Until you have made the file, replace line 120 with 120 RETURN. To create HELP/DAT, go to the define option on the main menu and make a file definition with one field (see Fig. 8). Press enter for the field name and use a length of 32 characters. Press the shift-clear key combination for the next line. Then go to the add option and type the database found in Listing 3. (Don't type the record numbers, just the 32 columns of text.) Line 30 defines the start and end record for each help screen. The 11 pairs of numbers form 11 help screens. Note number 65; this record displays "No Help Available."

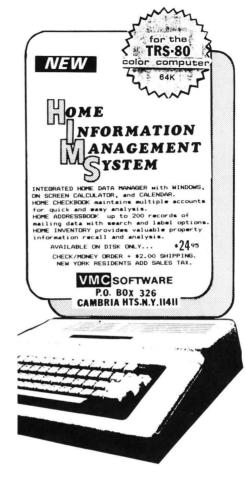
You can also use Database Manager to help organize your thoughts before writing. Define something like the following file.

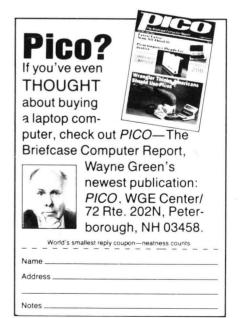
Field Name	Length	
Outline Category	7	
Subject	10	
Text1	58	
Text2	58	
Text3	58	
Text4	58	
Pointers	6	

Sum 255

Then gather and input all your thoughts. Even if you have a long string of ideas, Database Manager can sort them out for you. Index by subject and assign an outline category. Then index by outline category with a length of 15. Everything is now ready for a first draft. Run a one-line label report to an ASCII file and read it into your word processor. Now you have a head start on your task. ■

Address correspondence to William S. Bonnell, 239 Mason Ave., Rochester, NY 14626. Include a self-addressed, stamped envelope if you would like a response.





Program Listing 1. The Improved Database Manager

1Ø GOTO 311Ø

2Ø DIMF\$(3Ø),L(3Ø),S(3Ø),P(3Ø),I X\$(700), TB(30), HP(11, 1): DV = -2: OW=80 3Ø FOR I=1 TO 11:FOR J=Ø TO 1:RE AD HP(I,J):NEXTJ,I:DATA1,28,29,4 5,46,59,60,64,66,84,85,104,105,1 44,145,151,152,174,175,178,65,65 4Ø REM SET UP OKI PRINTER OFR 96 ØØ BAUD: PRINT"TURN ON PRINTER": POKE15Ø,1:PRINT#DV,CHR\$(24); 5Ø IF PEEK(&H1DC)<>19ØTHENGOSUB2 990 60 GOTOI00 7Ø CLS:INPUT"specify a file name (8 OR LESS CHARACTERS"; A\$: IFA\$ =""THENRETURN ELSEFØ\$=A\$:F1\$=LEF TS(FØS+" ",8):RETURN 8Ø A\$=INKEY\$ 9Ø A\$=INKEY\$:IF A\$=""THEN9ØELSEI FA\$="?"GOSUB12Ø:RETURN ELSE RETU

RN 1ØØ CLS:A\$=INKEY\$:CLOSE:O=Ø:GOTO

41Ø 11Ø CLOSE:CLS:END:GOTO1ØØ

120 CLS·IFO>0 AND O<12 THEN140

13Ø PRINT"CHOOSE A MENU OPTION A ND TYPE ?":GOTO 18Ø

14Ø J=Ø:OPEN"D",2,"HELP/DAT",32: FIELD #2,32 AS A\$ 15Ø FOR I=HP(0,0) TO HP(0,1):GET

#2,I:PRINTA\$;:J=J+1:IFJ=15THEN P

RINT"hit enter for more";:EXEC44 539:CLS:J=Ø 160 NEXT 170 PRINT: PRINT" hit enter t o continue"; 18Ø EXEC 44539:0=-1:RETURN 190 K=0 200 CLS: INPUT"INSERT DISK, ? ENT ER A TWO CHARACTER CODE FOR THIS DISK"; K1\$: DSKI\$Ø, 17, 2, A\$, B \$:FA\$=LEFT\$(A\$,68):FORI=3TO11 21Ø DSKI\$Ø,17,I,A\$,B\$ 220 FORJ=0TO3 23Ø C\$=MID\$(A\$,J*32+1,32):D\$=MID \$(B\$,J*32+1,32) 24Ø IFLEFT\$(C\$,1)=CHR\$(255)THENJ =3:I=11:GOTO 32Ø 25Ø IFLEFT\$(C\$,1)=CHR\$(\emptyset)THEN28Ø ELSEPG=ASC(MID\$(C\$,14,1)):GR\$="" : GOSUB390 26Ø C\$=LEFT\$(C\$,11)+RIGHT\$(STR\$(ASC(MID\$(C\$,12,1))),1)+RIGHT\$(ST R\$(ASC(MID\$(C\$,13,1))),1)+RIGHT\$ ("Ø"+HEX\$(ASC(MID\$(C\$,14,1))),2) +RIGHT\$("Ø"+HEX\$(ASC(MID\$(C\$,15, 1))),2)+RIGHT\$("Ø"+HEX\$(ASC(MID\$ (C\$,16,1))),2)+RIGHT\$(" "+K1\$,2) 27Ø IX\$(K)=C\$+GR\$:K=K+1 28Ø IFLEFT\$(D\$,1)=CHR\$(255)THENJ =3:I=11:GOTO 32Ø 29Ø IFLEFT\$(D\$,1)=CHR\$(Ø)THEN32Ø ELSEPG=ASC(MID\$(D\$,14,1)):GR\$="' : GOSUB 390 300 D\$=LEFT\$(D\$,11)+RIGHT\$(STR\$(

ASC(MID\$(D\$,12,1))),1)+RIGHT\$(ST

R\$(ASC(MID\$(D\$,13,1))),1)+RIGHT\$ ("Ø"+HEX\$(ASC(MID\$(D\$,14,1))),2) +RIGHT\$("Ø"+HEX\$(ASC(MID\$(D\$,15, 1))),2)+RIGHT\$("Ø"+HEX\$(ASC(MID\$ (D\$,16,1))),2)+RIGHT\$(" "+K1\$,2) 31Ø IX\$(K)=D\$+GR\$:K=K+1 320 NEXT J 330 NEXT I 34Ø POKE&HFF4Ø,Ø:PRINT"MORE DIRE CTORIES(Y/N)";:GOSUB 8 \emptyset 35 \emptyset IF A\$="Y" THEN 2 \emptyset \emptyset 36Ø PRINT: INPUT" INSERT DATABASE DISK, HIT ENTER"; A\$ 37Ø GOSUB87Ø:GOSUB88Ø:FR=Ø:LA=Ø: F = 038Ø FOR I=LO TO LO+K-1:LSET S\$=I X\$(I-LO):PRINTLEFT\$(S\$,3Ø):PUT # 1,I+1:NEXT:GOTO86Ø 39Ø NG=ASC(MID\$(FA\$,PG+1,1)):IFN G>191THENNG=Ø:RETURN $4\emptyset\emptyset$ GR\$=GR\$+"/"+HEX\$(NG):PG=NG:G OTO390 410 PRINT" /***DATA BASE MANAG ER***\ <**** COPYRIGHT Ø4/8 5 ****> *** W.S. BONNELL ***/" 42Ø TL\$=STRING\$(28,128):MID\$(TL\$,15,LEN(FØ\$)+5)="file"+CHR\$(128) +FØ\$:IF PEEK(&H1ØD)*256+PEEK(&H1 ØE)=&H7F88 THEN MID\$(TL\$,3,8)="s pool"+CHR\$(128)+"on" 43Ø PRINT"menu"TL\$;:PRINT"d->DEF INE RECORD FIELDS":PRINT"a->ADD RECORDS":PRINT"V->VIEW, MODIFY R ECORDS": PRINT" k->KILL A DATABASE





":PRINT"s->SEARCH FOR FIELD":PRI NT"C->CREATE AN INDEX":PRINT"r-> REPORTS/LABELS/ASCII OUTPUT":PRI NT"b->BACKUP 440 PRINT"m->MAKE DATABASE FROM DIRECTORY":PRINT"f->FILES: LIST DAT, DEF, RP, LB": PRINT"q->QUIT ?->help":PRINT"enter TO CHANGE FILES"; 45Ø GOSUB8Ø:O=INSTR(CHR\$(13)+"DA VKSCRBMFQ?",A\$)-1:IFO<ØTHEN45Ø 46Ø IFO>ØANDO<11THENCLS:PRINT"TY PE ? FOR HELP OR HIT ENTER": GOSU B8Ø:IFA\$="?" THEN1ØØ 47Ø IFO=8THENGOTO29ØØ 480 IF O=-1 THEN 100 49Ø IFO=ØGOSUB7Ø:GOTO1ØØ 500 IF F0\$="" AND O<10 THEN GOSU B7Ø:IF FØ\$="" THEN 1ØØ 51Ø ONO+1GOTO1ØØ,53Ø,9ØØ,117Ø,14 40,1480,1680,1730,2900,190,2650, 110 52Ø GOTO1ØØ 53Ø CLS:F\$=F1\$+"/DEF":K=Ø:SW=Ø:I =Ø:CLS:GOTO6ØØ 54Ø IFI-K=>15THENCLS:K=I-1 55Ø PRINT@Ø, "field(\ to quit)"TA B(18)"length" 56Ø PRINT@32*(I-K),I;:LINEINPUTF \$(I) 570 IFFS(I) = "\"THENN=I-1: RETURN 58Ø PRINT@32*(I-K)+16,"";:INPUTL $(I): IFL(I) = \emptyset THEN56\emptyset$ 59Ø SW=1:RETURN 600 PRINT" rEVIEW OR CREATE": GOSU

BASIC COMPILER

WASATCHWARE believes that users of the Color Computer deserve the right to use all 64k of RAM that is available in the computer, and have fast machine language programs that use the full potential of the 6809 microprocessor. That is why the BASIC compiler, called <u>MLBASIC</u> was developed. Here are some of the reasons that make this <u>compiler</u> one of the basts in this magazine:

- Programs can use all 64k of RAM for either program storage or for large numbers of variables and arrays like A(20000)
 Full Floating Point arithmetic expressions with functions
 SUBROUTINE and CALL commands allows for structured programming and more independant program development
 Full sequential and direct access disk files allowed
 BASIC source and N.L. output I/O to disk, tape or amenory
 Many new commands that expand your programming capability

Commands Supported

Commands Supported						
1.	DSKO\$	CLOADN FIELD	FILES	DIR GET PUT	DRIVE INPUT RSET	DSKI\$ KILL
2.	GOSUB	ONTROL CO END GOTO RETURN	EXEC IF	THEN	STEP ELSE INE	NEXT ERROR
3.	EXP LOC	ASC	ATN INSTR PEEK SQR	COS INT POINT TAN	CVN LEN PPOINT TINER	EOF LOG RND VAL
4.	String Fur CHR\$ STR\$	nctions INKEY\$ STRING\$		NID\$	NKN\$	RIGHT\$
5.		CLS PCLS	CIRCLE		LINE PRESET	PAINT PSET
6.	DST	DIN RESTORE	LLIST RUN		POKE VERIFY PMODD VECTI	
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64K Required WasatchWare Salt Lake City, Utah						
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B8Ø 61Ø IFA\$="R"THEN63ØELSEIFA\$<>"C" THEN 100 $62\emptyset$ I=I+1:GOSUB54 \emptyset :IFF\$(I)="\"TH EN75ØELSE62Ø 63Ø GOSUB87Ø:GOTO 75Ø 64Ø CLS 650 RL=0 66Ø K=Ø:PRINT@Ø, "file "F\$;" fiel d review 67Ø FORI=1TON 68Ø IFI-K=14THENPRINT"-MORE-";:G OSUB8Ø:K=I:CLS 69Ø P(I)=RL+1 700 PRINT@32*(I-K), USING"## ";I; :PRINTF\$(I);TAB(16)L(I) 710 RL=RL+L(I) 72Ø NEXT 730 PRINT"record length="TAB(16) RL 74Ø K=Ø:RETURN 75Ø GOSUB64Ø:PRINT"CORRECTION "; :INPUT"field # OR <ENTER>";A\$ 76Ø I=VAL(A\$):IFA\$=""THEN81Ø 77Ø IFI=ØTHEN75Ø 78Ø CLS:K=I:GOSUB56Ø 79Ø IFI>N THEN N=I 800 CLS:GOTO750 81Ø PRINT"HARD COPY(Y/N)":GOSUB8 Ø:IFA\$<>"Y"THEN84Ø 82Ø PRINT#DV, "file "F\$" record d efinition":PRINT#DV,"field#";TAB
(1Ø);"name";TAB(3Ø);"length":PRI NT#DV,STRING\$(4 \emptyset , "=") 830 FORI=1TON:PRINT#DV,I;TAB(10)

;F\$(I);TAB(3Ø);L(I):NEXT:PRINT#D V,STRING\$(4Ø,"="):PRINT#DV,TAB(3 Ø);RL 84Ø IFSW<>1THEN1ØØ $85\emptyset$ F= \emptyset :FR= \emptyset :LA= \emptyset 86Ø CLOSE#1:OPEN"O",#1,F\$:WRITE# 1, FR, LA, N, F: FORI=1TON: WRITE#1, F\$ (I), L(I), P(I):NEXT: GOTO100 87Ø CLS: E=Ø:L=Ø:F\$=F1\$+"/DEF":PR INT@Ø, "file name ";F\$:OPEN"I",#1 ,F\$:INPUT#1,FR,LA,N,F:L=Ø:FORI=1 TON:S(I)=Ø:NEXT:FORI=1TON:INPUT# l,F\$(I),L(I),P(I):L=L+L(I):S(I)=E+1:E=S(I)+L(I)-1:NEXT:CLOSE#1:RETURN 88Ø OPEN"D",#1,F1\$+"/DAT",L 89Ø FIELD1,L AS S\$:LSETS\$="":LO= LOF(1):RETURN 900 GOSUB870:GOSUB880 91Ø J=LO 92Ø IFJ>1THENGET#1,J 93Ø J=J+1 940 GOSUB1060 95Ø IFV\$="QUIT"THENJ=J-1:LO=J:T\$ ="":GOTO123Ø 96Ø GOTO93Ø 97Ø GOSUB14ØØ 98Ø INPUT"enter field# to update ";UD\$ 99Ø I=VAL(UD\$): 1000 IFI=0THEN1230 1010 IFI>N THEN980 1Ø2Ø PRINTSTRING\$(L(I),"."):TT\$= S\$:LINEINPUTV\$:ZZ=L(I)-LEN(V\$) 1Ø3Ø IFZZ>ØTHENV\$=V\$+STRING\$(ZZ, Listing continued

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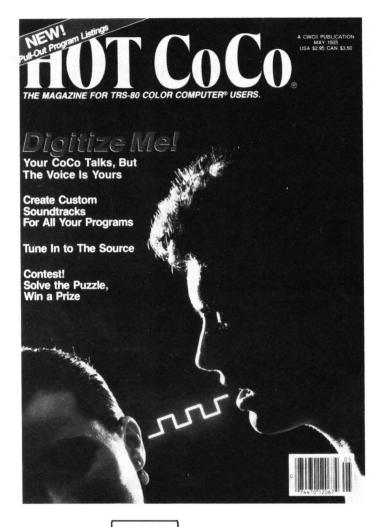
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. . . ="A"THEN91ØELSEIFAS="O"THEN1ØØEL ENIØØ 1Ø4Ø MID\$(TT\$,S(I),L(I))=V\$:T\$=T 123Ø GOSUB14ØØ SEIFA\$="D"THEN139ØELSE125Ø 124Ø PRINT"enter <-Q#URADPNLS?-> 137Ø GOSUB1Ø6Ø TS.GOSUB1160 1380 GOTO1230 1050 GOTO1230 1Ø6Ø CLS:PRINT"record"J:K=Ø:FORI 125Ø GOSUB8Ø 139Ø T\$=CHR\$(Ø):GOSUB116Ø:GOTO12 126Ø IFA\$="?"THEN123ØELSEIFA\$="S =1 TON30 1Ø7Ø PS=32*(I+K):ES=32*(I+K)+LEN "THENGOSUB64Ø:GOTO149ØELSEIFA\$=C 1400 GET#1, J:CLS:PRINT"record#"; HR\$(8)THENJ=VAL(MID\$(S\$,LEN(S\$)-(F\$(I))+1+L(I):SS=ES-L(I)+3:K=K+ $J:K=\emptyset:FORI=1TON$ 5,3)):GOTO122ØELSEIFA\$<>"P"THEN1 INT((ES-PS)/32):IFES>448THENCLS: 141Ø PS=32*(I+K):ES=32*(I+K)+LEN 35ØELSEIF S9 THEN132Ø K=-I:GOTO1Ø7Ø (F\$(I))+1+L(I):SS=ES-L(I)+3:K=K+1080 PRINT@PS,USING"## ";I;:PRIN TF\$(I);":";STRING\$(L(I),"."):PRI NT@SS,"";:LINEINPUTV\$:IFV\$=""THE $127\emptyset$ TB(\emptyset) = \emptyset : FORI=1TON: IFLEN(FS(INT((ES-PS)/32):IFES>448THENPRIN I) > L(I) THENTB(I) = LEN(F\$(I)) ELSET"-MORE-";:GOSUB8Ø:CLS:K=-I:GOTO TB(I) = L(I)1410 128Ø TB(\emptyset) = TB(\emptyset) + TB(I) : NEXTI NV\$=MID\$(S\$,S(I),L(I)):PRINT@SS, 142Ø PRINT@PS,USING"## ";I;:PRIN V\$:GOTO115Ø $129\emptyset$ TB(\emptyset) = TB(\emptyset) + (N-1) * 2+4 : IFTB(TF\$(I)":";MID\$(S\$,S(I),L(I)):NEX 1090 IFV\$="QUIT"THENRETURN Ø)>QW-1THENLL=QW-1ELSELL=TB(Ø) 13ØØ PRINT#DV, "REC "; T:A\$=INKEY\$:RETURN 1100 ZZ=L(I)-LEN(V\$) 143Ø CLOSE#1 111Ø IFZZ<ØTHEN114Ø 131Ø FOR II=1TO N:PRINT#DV,USING
"%"+STRING\$(TB(II),32)+"%";F\$(II 144Ø PRINT"KILL FOR SURE(Y/N)":G 112Ø IFZZ=ØTHEN115Ø OSUB80);:NEXTII:PRINT#DV:PRINT#DV,STRI NG\$(LL,"="):S9=1 113Ø V\$=V\$+STRING\$(ZZ,32) 145Ø IFA\$<>"Y"THEN1ØØ 114Ø V\$=LEFT\$(V\$,L(I)) 146Ø CLS:KF=1 1150 T\$=T\$+V\$:NEXT 132Ø PRINT#DV, USING"### ";J; 147Ø GOTO267Ø 133Ø FORI=1TON:PRINT#DV,USING"%" 116Ø LSETS\$=T\$:PUT#1,J:T\$="":RET 148Ø GOSUB87Ø:GOSUB88Ø:GOSUB64Ø +STRING\$(TB(I),32)+"%";MID\$(S\$,S 149Ø PRINT"SEARCH ";:INPUT"FIELD URN (I),L(I));:NEXTI:PRINT#DV 117Ø CLS:IFIX=ØTHENGOSUB87Ø # OR <ENTER>";A\$ 134Ø IFTB(Ø)>QW-1THENPRINT#DV,ST 118Ø GOSUB88Ø 1500 F=VAL(A\$) RING\$(1Ø,".") 119Ø IFFR=ØTHEN121Ø 151Ø INPUT"ENTER search string"; 135Ø IFA\$=CHR\$(9)THENJ=VAL(RIGHT 1200 PRINT"first index record="F SSS R:PRINT"last index record="LA:PR \$(S\$,3)):GOTO122Ø 152Ø IFSS\$=""THENSS\$=CHR\$(Ø) 136Ø IFA\$="L"THENJ=J-1:GOTO122ØE 153Ø LO=LOF(1):CLS INT" indexed by field: "F\$(F) LSEIFA\$="N"THENJ=J+1:GOTO122ØELS 1210 PRINT: PRINT" last rec="LO:IN 154Ø PRINT"CURRENT OR FIRST RECO PUT"record#";J EIFAS="#"THEN121ØELSEIFAS="U"THE RD":GOSUB8Ø 155Ø IFA\$="C"ANDJ>ØTHEN JJ=J ELS 122Ø IFJ>LO THEN121ØELSEIFJ<=ØTH N97ØELSEIFA\$="R"THEN137ØELSEIFA\$



(sə·pôrt) v.t. **1**. To bear the weight of, especially from underneath; uphold in position; keep from failing, etc. **2**. To bear or sustain (weight; etc.) **3**. To keep from failing; strengthen: *PBJ, Inc. supports their product line with technical personnel that are always there to help you.* **4**. To serve, to uphold or corroborate (a statement, theory, etc.) substantiate; verify: *PBJ, Inc. receives testimonials on a daily basis that support their product line.* **5**. To provide (a person, institution) with maintenance; provide for: *PBJ, Inc. supports the CoCo user by consistently creating new advancements in their field.*

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A long description indeed, yet very applicable to the kind of service delivered by PBJ, Inc. When the serious CoCo user needs back-up support, technical information or assistance, PBJ, Inc. is there! From the products they manufacture through to the strategic solutions they offer, PBJ, Inc. has rightfully gained the reputation of "the company with *the most support* for the Color Computer."



E JJ=1156Ø FOR II=JJ TO LO 157Ø GET#1, II: PRINT@Ø, "record"II),3) 158Ø IFF=ØTHEN161Ø 159Ø IFMID\$(S\$,S(F),LEN(SS\$))=SS \$THENJ=II:GOSUB14ØØELSE165Ø 16ØØ GOTO162Ø 161Ø IFINSTR(S\$,SS\$)<>ØTHENJ=II: GOSUB14ØØELSE165Ø 1620 PRINT"q TO END SEARCH ELSE ENTER" 163Ø GOSUB8Ø 164Ø IFA\$="Q"THENII=LO 165Ø NEXT 166Ø PRINT@48Ø, "mENU/vIEW/sEARCH 167Ø GOSUB8Ø:CLS:O1=INSTR(1,"MVS ",A\$):ONO1+1GOTO166Ø,1ØØ,122Ø,14 90 168Ø GOSUB87Ø:GOSUB88Ø:GOSUB64Ø: PRINT"INDEX ";:INPUT" field #";F :INPUT"ENTER length FOR INDEX OR enter";LI:IFLI=ØTHENLI=L(F) 169Ø IF F<=Ø OR F>N THEN 1ØØ 1700 PRINT"READING":LO=LOF(1):FO RI=1TOLO:GET#1,I:IX\$(I-1)=MID\$(S \$,S(F),LI)+RIGHT\$(" "+STR\$(I) ,3):NEXT:GOSUB292Ø:PRINT"WRITING ":IX\$(LO)=IX\$(Ø):FORI=lTOLO:J=VA L(RIGHT\$(IX\$(I-1),3)):GET#1,J:T\$ =S\$:MID\$(T\$, LEN(T\$)-2, 3)=RIGHT\$(IX\$(I),3)

171Ø IFI-2>=ØTHENMID\$(T\$,LEN(T\$) -5,3)=RIGHT\$(IX\$(I-2),3)ELSEMID\$ (T\$, LEN(T\$)-5, 3) = RIGHT\$(IX\$(LO-1))172Ø LSETS\$=T\$:PUT#1,J:NEXT:CLOS E#1:LA=VAL(RIGHT\$(IX\$(LO-1),3)): $FR=VAL(RIGHT$(IX$(\emptyset),3)):IX=1:GO$ T086Ø 173Ø GOSUB87Ø:GOSUB88Ø 174Ø IFFR<>ØTHENCLS:PRINT"FILE I S INDEXED. DO YOU WANT REPORT IN FILE OR INDEX SEQUENCE (F/I) ":GOSUB8Ø:IFA\$<>"I"THENFR=Ø 175Ø PRINT"LABEL FORMAT(Y/N)":GO SUB8Ø:IFA\$="Y"THEN214Ø 176Ø INPUT"ENTER FILE extension CONTAINING REPORT SPECS. or HIT enter":AS 177Ø IFA\$=""THEN181Ø 178Ø OPEN"I",2,F1\$+"/"+A\$:INPUT# 2,TY\$,NS\$ 179Ø IFTY\$<>"REPORT"THENCLOSE2:G OT0176Ø 1800 CLOSE#2:GOTO1840 1810 NS\$="NNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNNN NNNNNNN":FORI=1TON:PRINT"PRINT "F\$(I)" ";:PRINT"(Y/N)":GOSUB8Ø: MID\$(NS\$,I,1)=A\$:NEXTI:INPUT"ENT ER FILE extension TO STORE REP ORT SPECS. (IE RP1-9) HIT enter";A\$ 182Ø IFA\$=""THEN184Ø or 183Ø OPEN"O",2,F1\$+"/"+A\$:WRITE#

2, "REPORT", NS\$:CLOSE#2 184Ø GOSUB241Ø 185Ø GOSUB2Ø5Ø:PG=1:GOSUB196Ø:FO RJ=1TOLO 186Ø IFFR=ØTHENGR=J ELSEIF J=1TH ENGR=FR ELSEGR=VAL(RIGHT\$(S\$,3)) 187Ø GET#1,GR::PRINT#DV,USING"## ";GR;:FORI=1TON 188Ø IFMID\$(NS\$,I,1)="N"THEN19#Ø 189Ø PRINT#DV, USING"%"+STRINGS(T B(I),32)+"%";MID\$(S\$,S(I),L(I)); 1900 NEXTI 191Ø PRINT#DV:IFTB(Ø)>QW-1THENPR INT#DV,STRING\$(10,"."):LI=LI+1 192Ø IFLI=LP THENGOSUB2Ø4Ø:LI=Ø: PG=PG+1:GOSUB196Ø 193Ø NEXTJ 194Ø FORJ=LI*(NL-(NL>1))TOLP*(NL -(NL>1)):PRINT#DV:NEXT:PRINT#DV: PRINT#DV:GOTO100 1950 GOTO100 1960 PRINT#DV, "report of file "F \$" page"PG:PRINT#DV:PRINT#DV,STR ING\$(LL, "=") 197Ø PRINT#DV, "rec."; 198Ø FORII=1TON: IFMID\$(NS\$, II, 1) ="N"THEN2ØØØ 199Ø :PRINT#DV,USING"%"+STRING\$(TB(II),32)+"%";F\$(II); 2000 NEXTII 2010 PRINT#DV 2020 PRINT#DV,STRING\$(LL, "=") 2Ø3Ø RETURN Listing continued

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2Ø4Ø FORI=1TO3:PRINT#DV:NEXT:RET URN $2\emptyset 5\emptyset$ TB(\emptyset) = \emptyset : FP= \emptyset : FORI=1TON 2Ø6Ø IFMID\$(NS\$,I,1)="N"THEN21ØØ 2070 FP=FP+1 $2\emptyset 8\emptyset$ IFLEN(F\$(I))>L(I)THENTB(I)= LEN(FS(I))ELSETB(I)=L(I) $2\emptyset 9\emptyset$ TB(\emptyset) = TB(\emptyset) + TB(I) 2100 NEXTI 211Ø TB(Ø)=TB(Ø)+4+(FP-1)*2:IFTB $(\emptyset) > OW - 1THENLL = OW - 1ELSELL = TB(\emptyset)$ 212Ø NL=INT(TB(Ø)/QW+.999):LP=IN T(58/(NL-(NL>1))):NB=62-NL-LP*(NL-(NL>1)):PRINTLP"lines/page ":P RINTNL"lines in header and ":PRI NTNB"lines in footer" 213Ø RETURN 2140 INPUT"ENTER FILE extension CONTAINING REPORT SPECS. or HIT enter";A\$ 215Ø IFAS=""THEN223Ø 216Ø OPEN"I",2,F1\$+"/"+A\$ 217Ø INPUT#2, TY\$ 218Ø IFTY\$<>"LABELS"THENPRINT"wr ong spec file":CLOSE#2:GOTO214Ø 219Ø INPUT#2,PT\$,N6,RP\$,SB\$ 2200 FORI=1TON6: INPUT#2, LI\$(I):N EXTI 221Ø CLOSE#2 2220 GOTO2480 223Ø PRINT"DO YOU WANT titles TO (y/n)?":GOSUB8Ø:PRINT PRINT :PT\$=A\$:INPUT"HOW MANY lines IN LABEL<11";N6 224Ø PRINT"DO YOU WANT 1 SPACE B ETWEEN LABEL FIELDS(Y/N)?";: GOSUB8Ø:PRINT:SB\$=A\$ 225Ø PRINT"DO YOU WANT rec. # TO PRINT(y/n)":GOSUB8Ø:PRINT:RP\$=A\$ 226Ø GOSUB64Ø:PRINT"HIT KEY TO C ONTINUE":GOSUB8Ø:FORK=1TON6 227Ø M=Ø:LI\$(K)="":CLS:PRINT"FOR line"K"TYPE field# FOLLOWED BY return FOR EACH FIELD YOU WAN T TO PRINT - A null return TO END THIS LINE SPECIFICATION." 228Ø M=M+1:PRINT@128+(M-1)*5,""; : INPUTA 229Ø IFA=ØTHEN233Ø 2300 IFA>N THENPRINT@128+(M-1)*5 INVALID ":M=M-1:GOTO228Ø . 231Ø IFM>N THEN233Ø 232Ø LI\$(K)=LI\$(K)+CHR\$(A):GOTO2 280 233Ø NEXTK 234Ø INPUT"ENTER FILE extension REPORT SPECS. (IE LB1 TO STORE or HIT enter";A\$ -91 235Ø IFA\$ = "THEN2480236Ø OPEN"O",2,F1\$+"/"+A\$ 237Ø WRITE#2,"LABELS" 238Ø WRITE#2,PT\$,N6,RP\$,SB\$ 239Ø FORI=1TON6:WRITE#2,LI\$(I):N EXTI 24ØØ CLOSE#2:GOTO 248Ø 241Ø PRINT"ENTER A DEVICE# FOR O UTPUT" 2420 PRINT"-2 PRINTER,-1 CASSETT E,Ø SCREEN OR >1 FOR DISK" 2430 INPUTDV:IF DV=1 THEN PRINT" DEVICE 1 IN USE-REENTER":GOTO243 244Ø IF DV=-1 OR DV>1 THEN INPUT "ENTER A FILENAME TO SAVE ASCII

DATA DUMP"; BB\$

S READY":GOSUB8Ø

2450 PRINT"HIT KEY WHEN DEVICE I

246Ø IF DV=-1 OR DV>1 THEN OPEN" O", #DV, BB\$ 247Ø RETURN 248Ø GOSUB241Ø:FORJ=1TOLO 2490 IFFR=ØTHENGR=J ELSEIFJ=1THE NGR=FR ELSEGR=VAL(RIGHT\$(S\$,3)) 2500 GET#1,GR 251Ø IFRPS="Y"THENPRINT#DV.USING "REC:### ";GR; 252Ø FORM=1TON6 253Ø IFLEN(LI\$(M.))=ØTHENPRINT#DV :GOT0262Ø 254Ø FORK=1TOLEN(LI\$(M)) ZZ = ASC(MID\$(LI\$(M), K, 1))255Ø 256Ø A\$=MID\$(S\$,S(ZZ),L(ZZ)) 257Ø IF SB\$<>"Y" THEN 26ØØ 258Ø IF RIGHT\$(A\$,1)=" THEN A\$ =LEFT\$(A\$,LEN(A\$)-1):GOTO 258Ø 259Ø IF LEN(A\$)=Ø THEN 261Ø 2600 IFPT\$="Y"THENPRINT#DV,F\$(ZZ)":"A\$;" ";ELSEPRINT#DV,A\$;" 261Ø NEXTK:PRINT#DV 262Ø NEXTM 263Ø NEXTJ 264Ø FORM=1TON6:PRINT#DV:NEXT::C LOSE#DV:GOTO1ØØ 2650 CLS 266Ø PRINTFREE(Ø) "granules free" 2670 FORI=3T011 268Ø DSKI\$Ø,17,I,A\$,B\$ 269Ø FORJ=ØTO3 27ØØ C\$=MID\$(A\$,J*32+1,12):D\$=MI D\$(B\$,J*32+1,12) 271Ø IFLEFT\$(C\$,1)=CHR\$(255)THEN 2790 272Ø IFLEFT\$(C\$,1)=CHR\$(Ø)THEN27 80 273Ø IFMID\$(C\$,9,3)<>"DEF"ANDMID \$(C\$,9,3)<>"DAT"ANDMID\$(C\$,9,2)< >"RP"ANDMID\$(C\$,9,2)<>"LB"THEN27 80 274Ø NN\$=LEFT\$(C\$,8)+"/"+MID\$(C\$,9,3):K=K+1 275Ø IFKF=1THENIFLEFT\$(NN\$,8)=F1 \$THENKILLNN\$:PRINTNN\$" killed":G OTO278ØELSE278Ø 276Ø IFCF=1THEN IF LEFT\$(NN\$,8)= F1\$THEN COPY NN\$:POKE&HFF4Ø,Ø:PR INT:PRINTNN\$" copied":PRINT"INSE RT SOURCE DISK AND HIT ENTER":GO SUB8Ø:GOTO278ØELSE278Ø 277Ø PRINTNN\$ 278Ø IFLEFT\$(D\$,1)=CHR\$(255)THEN I=11:J=3:GOTO285Ø 279Ø IFLEFT(D, 1) = CHR(Ø) THEN 2 850 2800 IFMID\$(D\$,9,3)<>"DEF"ANDMID \$(D\$,9,3)<>"DAT"ANDMID\$(D\$,9,2)< >"RP"ANDMID\$(D\$,9,2)<>"LB"THEN28 50 281Ø NN\$=LEFT\$(D\$,8)+"/"+MID\$(D\$ 9,3):K=K+1 282Ø IFKF=1THENIFLEFT\$(NN\$,8)=F1 \$THENKILLNN\$:PRINTNN\$" killed":G OTO285ØELSE285Ø 283Ø IFCF=1THEN IF LEFT\$(NN\$,8)= F1\$THEN COPY NN\$:POKE&HFF4Ø,Ø:PR INT: PRINTNN\$" copied": PRINT"INSE RT SOURCE DISK AND HIT ENTER":GO SUB8Ø:GOTO285ØELSE285Ø 284Ø PRINTNN\$ 285Ø NEXTJ 286Ø NEXTI 287Ø POKE&HFF4Ø,Ø:PRINT"hit any key to continue 288Ø GOSUB8Ø 289Ø RUN

2900 CLEAR1000:GOSUB70:IF F1\$=" "THEN 100 291Ø CF=1:GOTO 266Ø 292Ø PRINT"SORTING":A=Ø:NN=Ø 293Ø DEFUSRØ=&HØ1DC 294Ø NN=VARPTR(IX\$(Ø)) 295Ø POKE&HØlDA, INT(NN/256) 296Ø POKE&HØ1DB,NN-INT(NN/256)*2 56 297Ø A=USRØ(Ø) 298Ø RETURN 299Ø CLS:PRINT"LOADING sort ROUT INE INTO MEMORY" $3\emptyset\emptyset\emptyset B = \emptyset$:FOR ADDR=&H \emptyset 1DC TO&H \emptyset 24 2:READA\$:POKEADDR,VAL("&H"+A\$):B =B+VAL("&H"+A\$):NEXT:IF B<>1Ø945 THEN PRINT"ML ERROR IN SORT ROU TINE":STOP 3Ø1Ø DATA BE,Ø1,DA,34,1Ø,EE,E4,A E,5E,3Ø,1F,4F,34,12,A6,C4,27,2A, A6,C4,E6,45,AØ,45,24,Ø2,E6,C4,34 ,Ø1,AE,42,1Ø,AE,47,6D,45,26,Ø4,3 2,61,2Ø,29,A6,8Ø,AØ,AØ,27,Ø4,32, 61,20,05,5A,26,F3,35,01,23,18,AE 42,10,AE,47,AF,47,10,AF,42,A6,C 4,E6,45,E7,C4,A7,45,EA,4 3020 DATAEA,E4,E7,E4,33,45,AE,61 ,3Ø,1F,AF,61,26,BØ,A6,E4,32,63,2 6,A1,32,62,39 3030 IF PEEK($\&H\emptyset243$)=&H77 THEN R ETURN 3Ø4Ø IFPEEK(&HØ1ØD)=215THENCLS:P OKE&HØ243,&H77:PRINT"INSTALL A S POOLER IN UPPER 32K (Y/N): YOU WILL ONLY BE ASKED THIS OUESTI ON ONCE AT THE START OF THE SESS ION. ": GOSUB8Ø: IFA\$<> "Y" THENRETUR N ELSE3Ø5ØELSE RETURN 3Ø5Ø PRINT"loading":B=Ø:POKE&HFF DE,Ø:FORI=&H7F5D TO&H7FFF:READA\$:POKEI,VAL("&H"+A\$):B=B+VAL("&H" +A\$):NEXT:IF B<>16911 THEN PRINT "ML ERROR IN SPOOLER":STOP 3Ø6Ø DATA34,12,3Ø,8D,ØØ,52,BF,Ø1 ,68,96,96,97,E6,3Ø,8C,FØ,8E,FE,F F, AF, 8D, ØØ, 85, 8E, 8Ø, ØØ, AF, 8D, ØØ, 8Ø,AF,8D,ØØ,7E,3Ø,8D,ØØ,Ø5,BF,Ø1 ,ØD,35,92,AE,8D,ØØ,6F,AC,8D,ØØ,6 D,27,2Ø,F6,FF,22,54,25,1A,7F,FF, DF,A6,84,7F,FF,DE,BD,8E,ØC,3Ø,Ø1 ,AC,8D,ØØ,5Ø,26,Ø3,8E,8Ø 3Ø7Ø DATAØØ, AF, 8D, ØØ, 49, 7E, D7, BC ,34,Ø2,96,6F,81,FE,27,Ø5,35,Ø2,7 E,CB,4A,35,Ø2,ØC,9C,81,ØD,26,Ø4, ØF,9C,86,ØD,32,62,34,1Ø,AE,8D,ØØ ,27,1A,5Ø,7F,FF,DF,A7,84,7F,FF,D E, 1C, AF, 3Ø, Ø1, AC, 8D, ØØ, 11, 26, Ø3, 8E,8Ø,ØØ,AC,8D,ØØ,ØA,27,FA,AF,8D ,ØØ,Ø6,35,9Ø,25,FF,7F,FF 3Ø8Ø DATA7F,FF,ØØ 3Ø9Ø EXEC&H7F5D 3100 RETURN 311Ø IFPEEK(25)=14THENCLEAR11536 ,&H7F5C:GOTO2Ø ELSE PMODEØ:PCLEA R1:CLEAR1ØØØØ,&H7F5C:GOTO2Ø

Program Listing 2. Modifications for DECB 1.1 Users

3040 IFPEEK(&H010D)=216THENCLS:P OKE&H0243,&H77:PRINT"INSTALL A S POOLER IN UPPER 32K (Y/N): YOU WILL ONLY BE ASKED THIS QUESTI ON ONCE AT THE START OF THE SESS ION.":GOSUB80:IFA\$<>"Y"THENRETUR N ELSE3050ELSE RETURN 3050 PRINT"loading":B=0:POKE&HFF DE,Ø:FORI=&H7F5D TO&H7FFF:READA\$:POKEI,VAL("&H"+A\$):B=B+VAL("&H" +A\$):NEXT:IF B<>16854 THEN PRINT "ML ERROR IN SPOOLER":STOP 3Ø7Ø DATAØØ,AF,8D,ØØ,49,7E,D8,AF ,34,Ø2,96,6F,81,FE,27,Ø5,35,Ø2,7 E,CC,1C,35,Ø2,ØC,9C,81,ØD,26,Ø4, ØF,9C,86,ØD,32,62,34,1Ø,AE,8D,ØØ ,27,1A,5Ø,7F,FF,DF,A7,84,7F,FF,D E,1C,AF,3Ø,Ø1,AC,8D,ØØ,11,26,Ø3, 8E,8Ø,ØØ,AC,8D,ØØ,ØA,27,FA,AF,8D ,ØØ,Ø6,35,9Ø,25,FF,7F,FF

Program Listing 3. The Help Database

define: FIELD NAMES AND LENGTHS ARE DEFINED FOR THE RECORD. THE REC: 12 LAST FIELD SHOULD BE 6 CHARACTERS LONG TO BE USED FOR POINTERS WHEN INDEXING IS DONE. REC: REC: 4 REC: 5 THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE RECORD MUST BE < 255 CHARACTERS. WHEN THE RECORD HAS BEEN DEFINED, YOU REC: REC: REC: WILL HAVE A CHANCE TO MODIFY OR ADD MORE FIELDS. ONCE DATA HAS BEEN ENTERED INTO THE DATABASE REC: 9 REC: 10 REC: 11 11 BEEN ENTERED INTO THE DATABASE 12 THE TOTAL LENGTH OF THE PILEDEF. 13 SHOULD NOT BE CHANGED OR GARBAGE 14 WILL RESULT. A HARD COPY IS 15 AVAILABLE FOR LATER REPERENCE. 16 IF A MISTAKE IS MADE IN THE NAME 17 OF A FIELD, BY HITTING ENTER FOR 18 THE LENGTH, YOU CAN GET BACK TO 19 CHANGE THE NAME. TO EXIT THE 20 DEFINE MODE TYPE SHIFT-CLEAR FOR 21 IF NAME FIELD. THE DEFINITION 22 IS STORED IN FILENAME/DEF. REC: REC: REC: REC: REC: REC: REC: REC: REC: THE NAME FIELD. THE DEFI IS STORED IN FILENAME/DEF 22 REC: REC: INDEX INFORMATION IN STORED IN THIS FILE WHEN THAT FUNCTION HAS 23 REC: 24 BEEN PERFORMED SUCH AS INDEX REC: 25 REC: 26 NAME, 1ST AND LAST INDEX RECORD THIS INFORMATION IS DISPLAYED **REC: 27** add: IN THIS MODE, RECORDS ARE ADDED TO THE END OF THE CURRENT REC: 28 29 REC: REC: 30 REC: 31 DATABASE. FIELDS ARE SHOWN ON REC: 32 THE SCREEN WITH DOTS TO SHOW REC: REC: 33 THE LENGTH OF THE FIELD. BY REC: 34 TYPING QUIT ON ANY LINE, YOU REC: 35 WILL ENTER THE DISPLAY MODE ON 36 37 THE PREVIOUS RECORD NUMBER. HITTING ENTER ON A FIELD WILL REC: REC: 38 BRING UP THE PREVIOUSLY TYPED IN 39 VALUE FROM ADD MODE. 40 UP TO 700 RECORDS CAN BE ADDED. 41 MORE CAN BE ADDED BY STARTING REC: REC: REC: 40 REC: 41 REC: 42 THE SYSTEM UP AS POLLOWS: REC: 42 THE SYSTEM UP AS POLLOWS: REC: 43 POKE 25,14:POKE 3584,0:NEW REC: 44 RUN"FILES+". THE DIMENSION REC: 45 OF IXS MUST BE INCREASED. 46 display: MEANING OF OPTIONS: REC: REC: 47 <- DISPLAY PREV. INDEX RECORD REC: 48 Q QUIT AND RETURN TO MAIN MENU REC: 49 # PROMPT FOR NEW RECORD # REC: 50 U UPDATE A FIELD BY NUMBER REC: 50 U UPDATE A FIELD BY NUMBER REC: 51 R REPLACE ALL FIELD S - ENTER REC: 52 WILL RETAIN OLD VALUE REC: 53 A GO TO ADD MODE REC: 54 D DELETE BY SETTING = CHRS(0) REC: 55 P DUMP RECORD TO PRINTER REC: 56 N DISPLAY NEXT PHYSICAL RECORD REC: 57 L DISPLAY PREVIOUS PHYSICAL REC. REC: 58 S GO TO SEARCH MODE REC: 59 -> GO TO NEXT INDEXED RECORD # 59 →> GO TO NEXT INDEXED RECORD # 60 kill: VERIFICATION IS ASKED AND 61 THEN ANY FILE WITH AN EXTENSION 62 OF DEF/DAT/LB-/RP- WITH THE 63 GIVEN FILENAME WILL BE DELETED 64 FROM THE DISKETTE. BE CAREFUL. 65 NO HELP AVAILABLE 66 search: SEARCH WILL LOOK AT 67 EACH RECORD STARTING FROM THE 68 CURRENT OR FIRST, BY FIELD OR BY 69 LOOKING AT THE ENTIRE RECORD AS 70 A STRING. WHEN BY FIELD, THE 71 MATCHING STRING MUST MATCH THE 72 THE FIELD STARTING WITH THE LEFT 73 MOST CHARACTER TILL THE END OF 74 THE SEARCH STRING. WHEN BY 75 STRING, THE RECORD IS SELECTED 76 IF ANY SUBSTRING MATCHES THE 77 SEARCH STRING. HITTING ENTER 78 FOR FIELD AND SEAPCH STRING WITH REC: REC . REC: REC: SEARCH STRING. HITTING ENTER FOR FIELD AND SEARCH STRING WILL 78 REC: 79 FIND THE DELETED RECORDS. WHEN REC: 80 A RECORD IS FOUND, O WILL SHIFT

REC: 81 TO THE VIEW MODE ON THAT RECORD. REC: 82 HITTING ENTER WILL LOOK FOR THE REC: 83 NEXT OCCURENCE OF THE SEARCH 84 STRING. REC: REC: 85 create index: THE DATA BASE WILL REC: 86 BE SORTED ALPHABETICALLY BY THE REC: 87 SPECIFIED FIELD. POINTERS TO THE REC: 88 PRECEDING AND SUCCEEDING RECORD REC: 89 WILL BE STORED IN THE LAST 6 DEC. 90 STORE OF PACH DECORD REC: 90 BYTES OF EACH RECORD. THESE REC: 91 POINTERS ARE USED BY THE VIEW REC: 92 AND REPORTS OPTIONS TO DISPLAY REC: 92 AND REPORTS OPTIONS TO DISPLAY REC: 93 THE DATA BASE IN SORTED ORDER. REC: 94 BY SPECIFYING A FIELD LENGTH REC: 95 LONGER THAN THE FIELD, THE NEXT REC: 96 FIELD MAY BE INCLUDED IN REC: 97 THE SORT. SORTING IS DONE IN REC: 98 MEMORY SO THAT # OF RECORDS X REC: 99 INDEX LENGTH MUST FIT INTO THE REC: 100 STRING SPACE OF ADOUT 100000 STRING SPACE OF ABOUT 10000 BYTES. DUE TO GARBAGE REC:100 REC:101 BYTES. DUE TO GARBAGE REC:102 COLLECTION ROUTINES, PROCESSING REC:103 MAY APPEAR TO HALT FOR A SHORT REC:104 TIME OCCASIONALLY. REC:104 TIME OCCASIONALDI. REC:105 TEPORTS: STANDARD REPORTS WILL REC:106 DISPLAY FIELDS ACROSS THE TOP REC:107 AND PUT AS MANY RECORDS DOWN REC:108 THE PAGE AS POSSIBLE. RECORDS REC:109 GREATER THAN VARIABLE QW IN LINE REC.104 LI MILL RE POINTED AUTOMINGTONING REC:100 GLALER THAN VARIABLE ON THE DIAL REC:101 IN WILL BE FOLDED AUTOMATICALLY. REC:111 IT IS POSSIBLE THAT THE FOLD REC:112 WILL OCCUR IN THE MIDDLE OF A REC:113 FIELD. THIS CAN BE CONTROLLED REC:114 BY SMARTLY DEFINING THE NAMES OF REC:115 THE FIELDS. THE WIDTH OF A FIELD IS DETERMINED BY THE REC:116 GREATER OF FIELD NAME OR FIELD WIDTH. TWO SPACES ARE THEN REC:117 REC:118 WIDTH. ADDED TO THIS NUMBER. BY EXPERIMENTING AND REDEFINING FIELD NAMES USING OPTION D, J REC:119 REC:120 REC:121 PROPER REPORT CAN BE OBTAINED. YOU WILL BE ABLE TO SELECT WHICH FIELDS TO PRINT, BUT THE ORDER IS DETERMINED BY THE FILE DEF. MULTI LINE LABELS CAN BE DEFINED REC:122 REC:123 REC:124 REC:125 REC:126 REC:127 REC:127 AND THE ORDER OF FIELDS CAN BE REC:127 AND THE ORDER OF FIELDS CAN BE REC:128 SPECIFIED. THE SAME FIELD CAN REC:129 PRINT ON MORE THAN ONE LINE IF REC:130 DESIRED. ONE SPACE CAN BE LEFT REC:131 BETWEEN FIELDS TO CLOSE GAPS PEC.132 OF RIFLES WILL LINE UN COODENN REC:131 BETWEEN FIELDS TO CLOSE GAPS REC:132 OR FIELDS WILL LINE UP ACCORDING REC:133 TO WIDTH. THE NAME CAN BE REC:134 PRINTED NEXT TO THE FIELD OR NOT REC:135 AND RECORD NUMBER CAN BE SHOWN. REC:136 IF A BLANK LINE SHOULD BE LEFT REC:137 BETWEEN RECORDS, DEFINE THE # OF REC:138 LINES 1 GREATER THAN OTHERWISE. REC:138 EXPERIMENT WITH THIS OPTION TO PEC:140 CFT THE DECIDED OUTDUTE THE REC:140 GET THE DESIRED OUTPUT. THE REC:141 OPTIONS CAN BE SAVED IN FILES SUCH AS ABCD/LB1 ABCD/LB2 XYZ/RP1 ETC. WHERE LB IS USED FOR LABELS AND RP FOR REPORTS. REC:142 REC:143 REC:145 FOR LABELS AND RP FOR REPORTS. REC:145 backup: THIS FUNCTION WILL COPY REC:146 THE FILES ASSOCIATED WITH THE REC:146 THE FILES ASSOCIATED WITH THE REC:145 Dackup: 1112 REC:146 THE FILES ASSOCIATED WITH THE REC:147 CURRENT DATABASE FILENAME TO REC:148 ANOTHER DISKETTE. FILES WITH REC:149 EXTENSIONS OF def/dat/rp-/lb-/ REC:151 PROMPTED WHEN TO CHANGE DISKS REC:151 PROMPTED WHEN TO CHANGE DISKS REC:152 make: THIS OPTION WILL READ REC:154 MAKE A DATABASE FROM THEM. REC:155 AUTOMATICALLY READS NAME,EXT TYPE CODE, ASCII FLAG, 1ST GRAN, BYTES IN LAST SECTOR, AND GRANS FROM THE FILE ALLOCATION TABLE. REC:156 REC:157 REC:158 REC . 159 YOU WILL BE PROMPTED TO ENTER A CODE TO IDENTIFY THE DISKETTE. REC:160 IN ORDER TO USE THIS FUNCTION A FILE DEFINITION MUST HAVE BEEN REC:161 REC:162 REC:163 REC:164 PREVIOUSLY DEFINED TO HOLD THESE FIELDS. AN EXAMPLE FOLLOWS: 1. NAME 8 REC:165 REC:166 REC:167 EXT 2. 3. TYPE REC:168 4. REC:169 5. ASCII FLAG
 HEX 1ST GRAN REC:170 6. REC:171 7. LAST BYTES DISK ID CODE REC:172 8. REC:173 9. 8. HEX F.A.T. 20 COMMENT 22 REC:174 10.POINTERS REC:175 files: DISPLAY ALL DATABASE REC:176 RELATED FILES - THOSE ENDING IN REC:177 def/dat/rp-/lb-/. IT ALSO SHOWS REC:178 THE REMAINING DISK SPACE. END



This is one of those rare programs that will captivate everyone in your family.... No one can see CoCo Max and not want to try it!



We are all witnessing an exciting revolution in microcomputers: a radically new kind of computer and software that opens a whole new world of creative power to computer users.

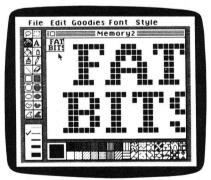
It was inevitable that this exciting approach would be brought to the CoCo. With this in mind, Colorware chose to go all out and maximize this new concept for the color computer. That meant designing not just software but hardware too. It meant thousands of hours of pure machine language programming. Rarely has this much effort been applied to one product for the Color Computer.





UNMATCHED CAPABILITY ...

Because we took the maximum approach: highly optimized machine code combined with hardware, CoCo Max truly stands above the rest as the ultimate creative tool for the Color Computer. It's unrivaled performance lets you create with more brilliance and more speed than any similar system – much more than you ever imagined possible. And, you can do it in black & white or color.



All the sophisticated power of the bigger systems is there: *Icons, Pull-Down Menus,* full *Graphic Editing, Font Styles,* and all kinds of handy tools and shortcuts.

Plug your joystick, mouse or touch pad into CoCo Max's Hi-Res Input Unit. Then use a delightfully simple *Point-and-Click* method to get any of CoCo Max's powerful graphic tools. It has them all:

You can Brush, Spray or Fill with any Color, Shading or Pattern. Use Rubber Band Lines and Shapes (square, rectangle, circle, elipse, etc.) to create perfect illustriations with speed and ease. There's a Pencil, an Eraser and even a selection of Caligraphy Brushes. And, as you can see, CoCo Max can do a lot with text. All of the newest special effects are there: Trace Edges, Flip, Invert, Brush Mirrors, etc. And all of the very latest supercapabilities like: Undo, which automatically reverses your mistakes, and Fat Bits which zooms you way in on any part of your subject to allow dot-tor-dot precision.



THE BIG PICTURE

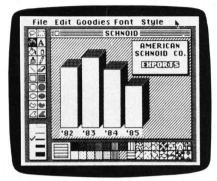
The large image box in the middle of the CoCo Max screen is actually only a window on an even larger image. Use the Point-and Click "Hand" to effortlessly move your window over any portion of the larger image. You have a working area of up to 3-½ times the area of the window itself.

FLEXIBLE PRINTING ...

CoCo Max gives you many ways to print. Fill a whole page with your image or condense two full CoCo screens to less than ¼ page for a finely detailed copy. "Dump" your CoCo Max screen full size or shrink it to ½ page size.

FREEDOM TO CREATE ...

Anyone who wants to create anything at all on their CoCo screen or printer will certainly be very glad to meet CoCo Max. CoCo Max's friendly yet sophisticated graphic and text capabilities let you almost instantly produce illustrations, diagrams, charts,



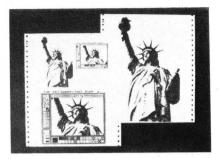
graphs, and computer art - for serious use or just for creative fun.



tion by using software schemes such as sliding windows. Although clever, these schemes vield sluggish and awkward results. Only CoCo Max does it the right way. The CoCo Max Hi-Res Input Unit plugs into your ROM slot and adds an entirely new joystick input to your computer – a precision one with a 49,152 point resolution to match the CoCo screen exactly.

Plug your same joystick, mouse or touch

You may then use CoCo Max's graphic magic on it. The DS-69 is available as an option from Colorware from \$149.95 complete with its own software on disk or tape. Using the DS-69 with a disk requires an RS multi-pak adaptor.



COCO MAX REQUIREMENTS

The CoCo Max System includes the Hi-Res Input Unit, software on disk or cassette (please specify) and user manual. It will work on any 64K Extended or non-



AN ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE

CoCo Max is a hardware software system that no software-only system can match. Get CoCo Max and see your CoCo perform as it never could before. It you don't agree that CoCo Max is the ultimate creative tool for the Color Computer, simply return it within 20 days for a full, courteous retund from Colorware.

THE HARDWARE

This is the key to CoCo Max's unmatched performance. Did vou know the normal joystick input built into the Color Computer only allows access to 4,096 (64 x 64) points on the CoCo screen? Yet, the Color Computer's high resolution screen



has 49,152 (256 x 192) pixels. This means that a jovstick, mouse or even a touch pad can, at best, only access about one tenth of the pixels on the CoCo screen.

Most graphic programs ignore this hardware limitation of the Color Computer and give you only low-res control. Others attempt to overcome the limitapad into this new input and you have a whole new kind of control. The difference is remarkable.



A DIGITIZER OPTION

We studied all the video digitizers available and picked the best of them to link with CoCo Max. The DS-69 from Micro Works was our choice. This optional device lets you capture the image from any video source (video recorder, camera, etc.) on your Color Computer.



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Y-BRANCHING CABLE-If you have a disk system but do not have a Multi-Slot Interface, use this economical 40-pin, 1 male, 2 female cable to connect the CoCo Max Hi-Res input unit and your disk controller to your CoCo.....\$27.95

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UTILITY

by Michael Johnson

Take charge of your disk files.

Vizardry

n trying to learn more about the workings of the Color Computer, I have bought many books and magazines. Using information culled from these sources and the DSKO\$ and DSKI\$ commands that I stumbled across in the back of the disk-owners manual, I developed four disk utility programs. Utility, Snooper, Specs, and Restore act as one program because they run one another. They allow you to alphabetize directories, edit the FAT (file-allocation table), change file specs, and restore garbled disks and files that you have mistakenly killed. To better understand these features, you need to know how disks are organized.

Disk Organization

Track 17 of a disk stores the housekeeping information; sector 2 monitors the disk granules and their functions. Table 1 shows the codes that the computer uses to load in the correct granules and determine the length of any file. If the number is 255 (FF in hexadecimal), the granule is free. A number from 0–63 (00–43 hex) indicates that the granule is part of a file and that the next granule is a number from 0–67. Finally, a number from 192–201 (C0–C9 hex) specifies that the granule is the end of the file. It also tells how many sectors of that granule are in use.

Bits 1–5 give a number from 1–9. Sectors 3–11 hold up to 72 entries, but due to storage limitations, the computer can use only 68 entries. Table 2 shows the function of each byte in each directory entry. Manipulation of these bytes is central to my utilities.

When you use Basic's SAVEM command, the directory is automatically updated to include a listing for the file you have saved. However, there is no command that allows

Bytes Meaning

- FF Free Granule 00–43 Part of file, points to the next
- granule.
- CO-C9 End of file, number of sectors used.

Table 1. Meanings of Bytes in the Granule-Allocation Table

Bytes Contents

- 0-7 File Name
- 8-10 Extension
- 11 File Type
- 12 ASCII Flag
- 13 Number of First Granule
- 14-15 Number of Bytes in the Last Sector
- 16–32 Future Use

Table 2. Function of Bytes in Each Directory Entry

Bytes Contents

- 0 Length of Least-Significant Byte
- 1 Length of Most-Significant Byte
- 2 Start of Least-Significant Byte
- 3 Start of Most-Significant Byte
- 4 and on Machine-Language Program

Table 3. Disk Storage for Machine-Language Programs Saved from Basic

> System Requirements 16K RAM Disk Extended Color Basic Disk Drive

you to find the parameters of that file. You can, however, retrieve these parameters by examining the format that the computer uses to save the file. The parameters are stored in bytes 0–3 of saved programs, as shown in Table 3.

Utility

Utility (Listing 1) combines a machine-language utility and a granule-allocation editor. Lines 1000–1050 set up the arrays and initialize the graphics screens. Lines 1060– 1190 are the menu driver and allow you to choose four options:

1 Machine-Language Parameters

- **2** Granule Allocation
- **3** Directory Manipulation
- 4 End

If you select option 1, the program goes to line 2000. Lines 2000–2110 pause for keyboard input, giving you time to insert the disk you want to view and select decimal or hexadecimal output. From there, the program uses three loops to load each entry and check to see whether it is used, whether it is the last, and whether it is a machine-language program.

If the program finds a machine-language file, it jumps to line 2310. Utility then loads the first sector of the file and calculates the parameters. It prints the file name, the extension, and the parameters and jumps back into the loop to look for other machine-language programs.

Line 2380 deserves special attention. I have converted my EDTASM + to disk; when it assembles a program, it stores it in a slightly different format. Whenever I tried to calculate the machine-language parameters,

This program is available on our Instant CoCo cassette. See the Instant CoCo ad elsewhere in this issue

the program returned unreasonable results. therefore added line 2380 to trap most of use programs. If anyone could develop a use free method for finding the parameters if any file it would be a welcome addition. two PEEKs in this line calculate the maximum memory in your system. Many of you could use this trick in loading relocatable code into any machine.

Lines 2400-2490 control the page format by counting the number of lines on the screen and prompting you when it is almost full. The granule-allocation editor begins at line 2500. Lines 2620-2640 contain a pause for keyboard input; after you insert the disk to be analyzed, press the enter key to continue. The program loads the strings with the sector containing the granule-allocation table and jumps to the subroutine that loads the GR array with the status of each granule. If you choose to see a graphic display, you can elect to see a representation of the used or free granules; the display appears in two parts. The first shows granules 1-34; the second shows granules 35-67. To continue after each display, press any key.

After the display, you can change the allocation table by first entering the granule number and then specifying whether you want this to be a used or unused granule. If you elect to use a granule, you must decide whether you want to use it as part of a file or as the end of a file. If the granule is at the end of the file, the program requires you to specify the number of sectors used in the file. If it is part of a file, the program asks for the next granule. When you enter the number 68, the program rewrites the granule-allocation table and returns you to the menu.

Snooper, Specs, and Restore

When you select option three from the main menu, the program jumps to line 4000. Insert the Utility disk; when you press the enter key at the prompt, Utility calls the directory-manipulation program, Snooper (Listing 2). After the program clears string space and dimensions variables, you see a submenu with five options:

Program Listing 1. Utility

```
1000 REM DISK UTILITIES
1010 REM BY MIKE JOHNSON
1020 REM
1030 PCLEAR 4
1040 CLEAR 1000
1050 DIM GR(68)
1060 CLS
1070 PRINT"ENTER SELECTION:"
1080 PRINT"
               (1) MACHINE LANGUA
GE PARAM."
1090 PRINT"
               (2) GRANULE ALLOCA
TION"
1100 PRINT"
               (3) DIRECTORY MANI
PULATION"
```

1 Alphabetize Catalog 2 Change File Specs **3** Restore Old Entries **4** Directory Listing 5 Return to Main Menu

If you press the first option, control is transferred to the subroutine beginning in line 5000. The program prompts you to insert the disk you want to alphabetize. Snooper loads the directory by using the subroutine that starts at line 9000. It then asks whether you want to sort by name or file extension and copies the appropriate section of the directory entries into a separate array. The program sorts the array using a shell sort; the subroutine at 8000 then rewrites the alphabetized directory to the disk.

With option two, you can change the file specifications. The program transfers control to line 6000 and you are prompted to insert the Utility disk and press the enter key. The computer loads and runs Specs (Listing 3), which clears string space, dimensions an array, and prompts you to press the enter key to start. The subroutine in line 9000 (this is the same routine found in Snooper) loads the array with the directory entries.

When you return to the main routine, the program asks you to enter the file name and extension of the program for which you want to change the file specs. It checks the EN\$ array to ensure that the entry exists; if it does, the program prints the entry on the screen. The display is in a special extended form that includes the name, extension, file type (BASC, MACH, DATA, TEXT), ASCII flag (ASC, BIN), number of the first granule, and number of bytes in the last sector of the file.

Directly below the entry listing is a prompt telling you to submit the new entry in the same format. The program checks the new entry for validity, and if it is valid. Specs converts the entry to directory format and writes it back to disk. Finally, you are prompted to insert the Utility disk. Snooper is loaded in and you are returned to the submenu.

Option 3 allows you to restore killed directory entries. The program switches control to line 7000; in line 7020, Snooper runs Restore

1110 PRINT" (4) END" 1120 EN\$=INKEY\$:IF EN\$="" THEN 1120 1130 EN=VAL(EN\$) 1140 IF EN<1 OR EN>4 THEN 1120 1150 ON EN GOSUB 2000,2500,4000, 3520 1160 PRINT"PRESS ENTER TO GO TO MENU" 1170 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 11 70 1180 GOTO 1060 1190 END 2000 REM MACHINE LANGUAGE FILE

2010 REM PARAMETERS 2020 REM M. JOHNSON : 3/11/83 2030 REM

(Listing 4). After you press the enter key to start, Restore transfers control to the subroutine in line 9000. With the exception of line 9060, which was omitted to allow deleted entries to be put into array EN\$, this subroutine is identical to the ones starting at line 9000 in Snooper and Specs.

No. 4 The second

CoCo

Restore searches array EN\$ for deleted files by looking for one that begins with a null character (zero). When it finds one, it replaces the zero with an inverse R to signify that it is a deleted file. The subroutine at line 8000 then rewrites the directory to the disk and control returns to Restore's main program line. In line 7150 the command, RUN"Snooper", returns you to Snooper's submenu. Press the five key to display Utility's main menu, from which you can exit to Basic

Using the Programs

You can use these utilities in many ways. If, for example, you have killed a file by mistake, you could restore the directory entry using Restore, set the first granule and number of bytes in the last sector with Specs, and then give the correct values to the granules in the allocation table.

On a 32 or 64K Color Computer, you could combine the four programs. To do so, place all of the initialization statements at the beginning of the program-it is numbered in such a way that merging is easy. Treat Snooper, Specs, and Restore as subroutines, omitting the RUN statements that load the programs from disk and replacing them with RETURN. Because all the routines that manipulate the disk (Snooper, Specs, and Restore) use the subroutine that starts at 9000, you need to include it only once. However, vou must insert a line (before each call to the subroutine) that allows you to control whether deleted files can be stored in array ENS.

Address correspondence to Michael Johnson, 7481 Greenway Drive, Jacksonville, FL 32210.

2040 CLS

2050 PRINT @ 163, "MACHINE LANGUA GE PARAMETERS"

2060 PRINT @ 261, "PRESS <ENTER> TO BEGIN'

2070 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 207

2080 CLS

2090 PRINT"DO YOU WANT THE PARAM DECIMAL OR HEXADECIMA ETERS IN L (D/H)?"

2100 NS=INKEYS:IF NS=""THEN 2100 2110 IF N\$<>"H" AND N\$<>"D" THEN 2080

2120 REM READ DIRECTORY SECTOR

2130 REM LOOK FOR BINARY FILES

2140 REM

2150 FOR SE=3 TO 11 2160 DSKI\$ 0,17,SE,A\$(1),A\$(2) 2170 FOR I=1 TO 2 2180 : FOR J=0 TO 3 2190 EN\$=MID\$(A\$(I),J*32+1, 32) 2200 : IF ASC(LEFT(EN\$, 1)) =0 THEN 2240 2210 : IF ASC(LEFT\$(EN\$,1)) = 255 THEN 2490 2220 : IF MID\$(EN\$,13,1) <> CHR\$(Ø) THEN 2240 2230 . IF MID(EN\$, 12, 1) =CHR\$(2) GOSUB 2310 2240 : NEXT J 2250 NEXT I 2260 NEXT SE 2270 REM FIND FIRST GRANULE 2280 REM OF PROGRAM AND GET 2290 REM PARAMETERS FROM IT 2300 REM 2310 GR=ASC(MID\$(EN\$,14,1)) 2320 T=INT(GR/2) 2330 S=(GR-T*2)*9+1 2340 IF GR>32 THEN T=T+1 2350 DSKI\$ 0,T.S,AD\$,D\$ 2360 LN=ASC(LEFT\$(AD\$,1))+ ASC(MID\$(AD\$,2,1))*256 2370 ST=ASC(MID\$(AD\$,3,1))+ ASC(MID\$(AD\$,4,1))*256 2380 IF LN=0 OR LN+ST>PEEK(116)* 256+PEEK(117) THEN 2400 2390 IF N\$="D" THEN PRINT LEFT\$(EN\$,11); TAB(16); ST; TAB(24); LN:EL SE PRINT LEFT\$(EN\$,11);TAB(16);H EX\$(ST);TAB(24);HEX\$(LN) 2400 REM PAGE FORMATTING 2410 REM SECTION 2420 REM 2430 CC=CC+1:IF CC<13 THEN RETUR N 2440 CC=0 2450 PRINT 2460 PRINT"PRESS ENTER TO CONTIN UE". 2470 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 24 70 2480 CLS 2490 RETURN 2500 REM GRANULE-A GRAPHIC REP-2510 REM RESENTATION OF GRANULE 2520 REM ALLOCATION AND ALLOCA-2530 REM TION EDITOR 2540 REM WRITTEN BY MIKE JOHNSON 2550 REM FOR THE TRS-80 COCO 16K 2560 REM 3/20/83 257Ø REM 2580 REM INITIALIZATION: 2620 CLS:PRINT@199, "GRANULE ALLO CATION" 2630 PRINT@261, "PRESS <ENTER> TO START" 2640 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13)THEN2640 2650 REM LOAD SECTOR INTO STRING 2660 REM VARIABLES A1\$ AND A2\$ 2670 REM 2680 DSKI\$ 0,17,2,A\$(1),A\$(2) 2690 GOSUB 2790: 'LOAD ARRAY 2700 CLS 2710 PRINT"DO YOU WANT A DISPLAY (Y/N)" 2720 N\$=INKEY\$:IF N\$="N" THEN 33 30 ELSE IF N\$<>"Y" THEN 2720 2730 INPUT"(U)SED OR (F)REE GRAN ULES";EN\$ 2740 IF EN\$<>"U" AND EN\$<>"F" THEN CLS:GOTO 2730 2750 IF EN\$="U" THEN F3=1

66 HOT CoCo January 1986

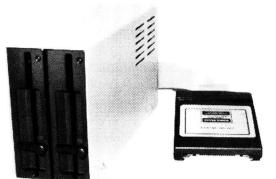
2760 IF EN\$="F" THEN F3=0 2770 GOSUB 2920: 'GRAPHIC DISP. 2780 GOTO 3330 2790 REM LOAD ARRAY SUBROUTINE 2800 REM LOADS ARRAY GR WITH 2810 REM Ø'S AND 1'S TO COR-RESPOND WITH THE USE 2820 REM 2830 REM OF THE GRANULE. 2840 REM 2850 FOR I=1 TO 68 2860 : A = ASC(MIDS(AS(1), I, 1))287Ø : IF A<>255 THEN C=1 IF A=255 THEN C=Ø 2880 : 2890 GR(I) = C: 2900 NEXT I 2910 RETURN 2920 REM DISPLAY CONTENTS MODULE 2930 REM GRAPHICLY DISPLAYS 2940 REM THE CONTENTS OF THE 2950 REM GR() ARRAY 2960 REM 2970 PMODE 4,1 2980 PCLS 2990 SCREEN 1,1 3000 T=0 3010 GOSUB 3060 3020 PCLS 3030 I=17 3040 GOSUB 3060 3050 RETURN 3060 F2 = 13070 GOSUB 3230 3080 FOR J=I*2+1 TO I*2+34 3090 : PO=J 3100 IF J>34 THEN PO=PO-34 : 3110 IF GR(J) <>F3 THEN 3180 : 3120 SC=PO/2: 3130 : IF SC<>INT(SC) THEN F=-1 3140 IF SC=INT(SC) THEN F=1 : 3150 SC=INT(SC) : 3160 SC=128+(F*SC*5-2)3170 PAINT(SC,96),1,1 : 3180 NEXT J 3190 F2=0 3200 GOSUB 3230 3210 IF INKEY\$="" THEN 3210 3220 RETURN 3230 FOR J=1 TO 17 3240 CIRCLE(128,96), J*5, F2 : 3250 NEXT J IF F2=Ø THEN 3300 3260 3270 LINE(127,12)-(127,182), PSET LINE(128,12)-(128,182), PSET 3280 3290 GOTO 3320 3300 LINE(127,12)-(127,182), PRESET 3310 LINE(128,12)-(128,182), PRESET 3320 RETURN 3330 REM CHANGE GRANULE ALLOC-3340 REM ATION FROM KEYBOARD. 3350 REM 3360 CLS 3370 PRINT"TO CHANGE A SECTOR IN PUT THE # OF THE GRANULE." 3380 PRINT"INPUT 68 FOR GRANULE # TO STOP." 3390 INPUT GR 3400 IF GR=68 THEN 3510 3410 SP=ASC(MID\$(A\$(1),GR+1,1)) 3420 IF SP=255 THEN PRINT"THE GR ANULE WAS FREE" 3430 IF SP<68 THEN PRINT"THE GRA NULE IS USED. THE NEXT GRANULE IN THE FILE IS"; SP 3440 IF SP>191 AND SP<255 THEN N B=SP AND 31: PRINT"THE GRANULE I S USED. IT IS THE LAST IN A FIL E. ";NB;" SECTORS OF IT ARE USE D." 3450 INPUT"DO YOU WANT TO CHANGE IT TO A USED OR UNUSED SECTOR (1/Ø)";U 3460 IF U=0 THEN MID\$(A\$(1),GR+1 ,1)=CHR\$(255):GOTO 3500 3470 IF U=1 THEN INPUT"DO YOU WA NT IT TO BE PART OF A FILE OR T HE END OF A FILE. (P/E)";A\$ 3480 IF A\$="P" THEN INPUT"ENTER NUMBER OF NEXT GRANULE";G:IF G<0 OR G>67 THEN 3480 ELSE MID\$(A\$(1), GR+1, 1) = CHR\$(G) 3490 IF A\$="E" THEN INPUT"ENTER NUMBER OF SECTORS USED IN LAST G RANULE";S:IF S<Ø OR S>9 THEN 349 Ø ELSE MID\$(A\$(1),GR+1,1)=CHR\$(S +192)3500 GOTO 3360 3510 DSKO\$ 0,17,2,A\$(1),A\$(2):RE TURN 3520 END 4000 PRINT: PRINT" PRESS ENTER WHE N READY TO GOTO DIRECTORY SUB-M ENII" 4010 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 4010 4020 RUN"SNOOPER" Program Listing 2. Snooper 4000 CLEAR 3000 4010 DIM EN\$(67),AR\$(67) 4020 CLS:PRINT"DIRECTORY SUB MEN 11" 4030 PRINT" 1) ALPHABETIZE CAT ALOG" 4040 PRINT" 2) CHANGE FILE SPE CS" 4050 PRINT" 3) RESTORE OLD ENT RIES" 4060 PRINT" 4) DIRCTORY LISTIN G" 4070 PRINT" 5) RETURN TO MAIN MENU" 4080 ENS=INKEYS:EN=VAL(ENS) 4090 IF EN<1 OR EN>5 THEN 4080 4100 ON EN GOSUB 5000,6000,7000, 7500,7750 4110 PRINT"PRESS ENTER TO RETURN TO MENU" 4120 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 4120 ELSE 4020 5000 PRINT: PRINT" PRESS ENTER WHE N DISK TO BE ALPHABETIZED IS IN THE DRIVE" 5010 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 5010 5020 GOSUB 9000 5030 INPUT"DO YOU WANT TO SORT B Y NAME OR EXTENSION (1/2)"; EN\$ 5040 EN=VAL(EN\$):IF EN<1 OR EN>2 THEN 5030 5050 FOR I=1 TO N:IF EN=1 THEN A R\$(I)=LEFT\$(EN\$(I),8) ELSE AR\$(I)=MID\$(EN\$(I),9,3) 5060 NEXT I:G=N 5070 IF G<=1 THEN 5150 5080 G=INT(G/2) 5090 M=N-G 5100 F=0:FOR I=1 TO M:P=I+G 5110 IF AR\$(I) <= AR\$(P) THEN 5130 5120 T1\$=AR\$(I):T2\$=EN\$(I):AR\$(I) = AR\$(P) : EN\$(I) = EN\$(P) : AR\$(P) = T1 \$:EN\$(P)=T2\$:F=1 Listing continued



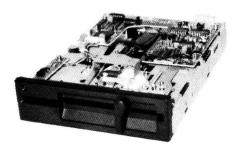
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5130 NEXT I:IF F>0 THEN 5100 5140 GOTO 5070 5150 GOSUB 8000:PRINT:RETURN 6000 PRINT: PRINT" PRESS ENTER WHE N THE UTILITY DISK IS IN PLAC Е" 6010 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 6010 6020 RUN"SPECS" 7000 PRINT: PRINT" PRESS ENTER WHE N THE UTILITY DISK IS IN PLAC Е" 7010 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 7010 7020 RUN"RESTORE" 7500 CLS:DIR 7510 RETURN 7750 PRINT: PRINT" PRESS ENTER WHE N THE UTILITY DISK IS IN PLAC Е" 7760 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 7760 7770 CLEAR 1000 7780 RUN"UTILITY" 8000 L=0 8010 : A\$(0) ="":A\$(1) ="" 8020 : FOR J=Ø TO 1:FOR K=Ø TO 3:C=K+(J*4)+(L*8)+1:A\$(J)=A\$(J) +EN\$(C) :NEXT K,J 8030 I=L 8040 IF LEN(A\$(0))<128 THEN A\$(0) =A\$(Ø) +CHR\$(255) +STRING\$(127-LE N(A\$(Ø)),Ø) 8050 IF LEN(A\$(1))<128 THEN A\$(1) = A\$(1) + CHR\$(255) + STRING\$(127-LE N(A\$(1)),Ø) 8060 DSKO\$ 0,17,L+3,A\$(0),A\$(1) 8070 L=I 8080 L=L+1:IF L<=INT(N/8) THEN 8010 8090 A\$(0) = CHR\$(255) + STRING\$(127 **,**Ø) 8100 A\$(1)=STRING\$(128,0) 8110 DSK0\$ 0,17,L+3,A\$(0).A\$(1) 8120 RETURN 9000 N=1 9010 FOR A=3 TO 11 9020 DSKI\$ 0,17,A,A\$(0).A\$(1) 9030 FOR J=0 TO 1 9040 FOR I=Ø TO 96 STEP 32 : 9050 : EN\$=MID\$(A\$(J),I+1,32) 9060 : IF ASC(MID\$(EN\$,1,1)) =Ø THEN 9100 9070 : IF ASC(MID\$(EN\$,1,1)) = 255 THEN 9110 9080 : EN\$(N) = EN\$9090 : N=N+19100 : NEXT I, J, A 9110 N=N-1:RETURN

6000 REM CHANGE FILE SPECS 6010 CLEAR 3000 6020 DIM EN\$(68) 6030 CLS 6040 PRINT@200,"CHANGE FILE SPEC S" 6050 PRINT@261,"PRESS <ENTER> TO START" 6060 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 6060 6070 CLS:GOSUB 9000 6080 INPUT"ENTER NAME OF FILE";F I\$ 68 HOT CoCo January 1986

Program Listing 3. Specs

6090 I=INSTR(1,FI\$,"/") 6100 IF I=0 THEN CLS: GOTO 6080 6110 IF LEN(FI\$)-I<>3 THEN CLS: GOTO 6080 6120 SR\$=LEFT\$(FI\$,I-1)+STRING\$(8-LEN(LEFT\$(FI\$,I-1)),32)+RIGHT\$ (FI\$,3) 6130 FOR I=1 TO N:EN\$=LEFT\$(EN\$(I),11):IF SR\$=EN\$ THEN 6160 ELSE NEXT I 6140 PRINT"FILE NOT FOUND" 6150 FOR I=1 TO 600:NEXT I:CLS: GOTO 6080 6160 PRINT @224,"" 6170 PRINT LEFT\$(EN\$(I),8);TAB(1 Ø);MID\$(EN\$(1),9,3); 6180 F\$(0)="BASC":F\$(1)="DATA" 6190 F\$(2) = "MACH": F\$(3) = "TEXT" 6200 PRINT TAB(15);F\$(ASC(MID\$(E N\$(I),12,1))); 6210 FL=ASC(MID\$(EN\$(I),13,1)) 6220 IF FL=0 THEN PRINT TAB(20); "BIN"; ELSE PRINT TAB(20); "ASC"; 6230 PRINT TAB(23);ASC(MID\$(EN\$(I),14,1)); 6240 PRINT TAB(26);ASC(MID\$(EN\$(I),16,1)); 6250 PRINT@256, "";:LINE INPUTNAS 6260 IF LEN (NA\$)>8 THEN 6250 6270 PRINT@266,"";:LINE INPUTEX\$ 6280 IF LEN (EX\$)>3 THEN 6270 6290 PRINT@271,"";:LINE INPUTTY\$ 6300 IF LEN(TY\$) <>4 THEN 6290 6310 PRINT@276,"";:LINE INPUTFL\$ 6320 IF LEN(FL\$)<>3 THEN 6310 6330 PRINT@280,"";:LINE INPUTGR\$ 6340 IF LEN(GR\$)>2 THEN 6330 6350 PRINT@284,"";:LINE INPUTBT\$ 6360 IF LEN(BT\$)>3 THEN 6350 6370 FOR A=0 TO 3:1F F\$(A)=TY\$ T HEN 6390 ELSE NEXT A 6380 GOTO 6160 6390 EN\$=NA\$+STRING\$(8-LEN(NA\$), 32) +EX\$+STRING\$(3-LEN(EX\$),32) +C HR\$(A) 6400 IF FL\$="BIN" THEN A=0 ELSE IF FL\$="ASC" THEN A=255 ELSE GOT 0 6160 6410 EN\$=EN\$+CHR\$(A) 6420 GR=VAL(GR\$):IF GR<0 OR GR>6 7 THEN 6160 6430 EN\$=EN\$+CHR\$(GR) 6440 BT=VAL(BT\$):IF BT<0 OR BT>2 56 THEN 6170 6450 EN=EN+CHR(0)+CHR(BT)6460 ENS(I) = ENS + STRINGS(16, 0)6470 GOSUB 8000 6480 PRINT: PRINT" PRESS < ENTER> T O RETURN TO MENU" 6490 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 6490 6500 RUN"SNOOPER" 8000 L=0 8010 : A\$(0) ="":A\$(1) ="" FOR J=Ø TO 1:FOR K=Ø 8020 . TO 3:C=K+(J*4)+(L*8)+1:A\$(J)=A\$(J) +EN\$(C) :NEXT K,J 8030 I=L 8040 IF LEN(A\$(0))<128 THEN A\$(0) =A\$(Ø) +CHR\$(255) +STRING\$(127-LE N(A\$(0)), 0)8050 IF LEN(A\$(1))<128 THEN A\$(1) =A\$(1) +CHR\$(255) +STRING\$(127-LE N(A\$(1)),Ø) 8060 DSKO\$ 0,17,L+3,A\$(0),A\$(1) 8070 L=I 8080 L=L+1:IF L<=INT(N/8) THEN 8010

v

8100 A\$(1)=STRING\$(128,0) 8110 DSKO\$ 0,17,L+3,A\$(0),A\$(1) 8120 RETURN 9000 N=1 9010 FOR A=3 TO 11 9020 DSKI\$ 0,17,A,A\$(0),A\$(1) 9030 FOR J=0 TO 1 9040 : FOR I=Ø TO 96 STEP 32 9050 : EN\$=MID\$(A\$(J),I+1,32) 9060 IF ASC(MID(EN,1,1)) = : Ø THEN 9100 9070 : IF ASC(MID\$(EN\$,1,1)) = 255 THEN 9110 9080 : EN\$(N) = EN\$9090 : N=N+1NEXT I, J, A 9100 : 9110 N=N-1:RETURN Program Listing 4. Restore 7000 REM RESTORE OLD FILE NAMES 7010 CLEAR 3000 7020 DIM EN\$(68) 7030 CLS 7040 PRINT @204,"RESTORER" 7050 PRINT @261,"PRESS <ENTER> T O START" 7060 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 7060 7070 GOSUB 9000 7090 FOR I=1 TO N IF LEFT\$(EN\$(I),1)=CHR\$(7100 : Ø) THEN MID\$(EN\$(I),1,1)="r" 7110 NEXT I 7120 GOSUB 8000 7130 PRINT: PRINT" PRESS ENTER TO RETURN TO MENU" 7140 IF INKEY\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 7140 7150 RUN"SNOOPER" 8000 L=0 8010 : A\$(0) = "": A\$(1) = "" FOR J=Ø TO 1:FOR K=Ø 8020 : TO 3:C=K+(J*4)+(L*8)+1:A\$(J)=A\$(J) +EN\$(C) :NEXT K,J 8030 I=L 8040 IF LEN(A\$(0))<128 THEN A\$(0) =A\$(Ø) +CHR\$(255) +STRING\$(127-LE N(A\$(0)),0) 8050 IF LEN(A\$(1))<128 THEN A\$(1) =A\$(1) +CHR\$(255) +STRING\$(127-LE N(A\$(1)),Ø) 8060 DSKO\$ 0,17,L+3,A\$(0),A\$(1) 8070 L=I 8080 L=L+1:IF L<=INT(N/8) THEN 8010 8090 A\$(0) = CHR\$(255) + STRING\$(127 ,Ø) 8100 A\$(1)=STRING\$(128,0) 8110 DSKO\$ 0,17,L+3,A\$(0),A\$(1) 8120 RETURN 9000 N=1 9010 FOR A=3 TO 11 9020 DSKI\$ 0,17,A,A\$(0),A\$(1) 9030 FOR J=0 TO 1 9040 : FOR I=Ø TO 96 STEP 32 9050 : EN\$=MID\$(A\$(J),I+1,32) 9070 : IF ASC(MID\$(EN\$,1,1)) =

8090 A\$(0)=CHR\$(255)+STRING\$(127

.0)

9100 : 9110 N=N

9090 :

90 80

:

255 THEN 9110

EN\$(N) = EN\$

NEXT I, J, A

N=N+1

9110 N=N-1:RETURN

END

Index to Advertisers

Aardvark Software 54
A.S.C
B-5 Software
Cer-Comp
Challenger Software
Cinsoft
Cognitee
Colorware
The Computer Center67
Computer Plus
Computer Systems
Center
Computer Systems
Consultants
CYNWYN
$D + A Research \dots 60$
Delker Electronics73
Dorsett Educational
Systems
D.P. Johnson
E.D.C

Electronic Motion Control
Four Star Software
Instant CoCo
Incentive Software
J & M Systems
JTJ Enterprises
Mark Data
Mathegraphics Software 17
Micro Computer Systems 55
MICROCOM Software 30
Nibble Notch Computer
Products
Parsons Software
PBJ, Inc
Perry Computers
Polygon Computers

Professor Jones
Radio Shack CII, 1
Robotic Microsystems44
Spectral Associates 18, 19
Spectral Associates 25, 27
Software Support 10, 11
Soistmann Enterprises 48
Spectrosystems44
Sugar Software17
Sunlock Systems
Sunrise Software
T & D Subscription22
TCE Programs
Tothian Software
Triad Pictures41
True Data Products 70, 71
VMC
Wasatchware
Wayne Green Enterprises
White House Computer 39

FANTASTIC NEW GRAPHICS PROGRAMS!



PIXGEN (by Spectacular Software)

PIXGEN is a revolutionary new idea in graphics creation for your Tandy Color Computer! Unlike most graphics utilities which let you draw a picture, and then save the screen as binary data. PIXGEN lets you design pictures and then AUTOMATICALLY compiles the machine language source code needed to redraw your picture!

But the best part is that the graphics subroutines in PIXGEN are SUPER FAST. Lines can be drawn 10 times faster than with ECB, and painting in 32768 DIFFERENT colors and patterns can be done as much as 150 times faster than Basic's PAINT routine!

Drawing with PIXGEN is a snap! One joystick controls the position of the cursor on your screen, and the joystick button performs the operation you have selected, whether it be drawing CIRCLES, LINES or HI-SPEED PAINTING. PIXGEN also features an UNDO command! Even a novice can

have PIXGEN working in minutes! DESIGN YOUR OWN GRAPHIC ADVENTURES!!! PIXGEN is a tried and true method of obtaining hi-speed detailed graphics while using as

little as 400 or 500 bytes of memory per picture! Once you've drawn your pictures, they are compiled into a binary program

that can then be moved anywhere in memory! Requires a 64K Coco or Coco2 with ECB or Disk Basic, and joysticks.

TAPE....\$27.95 DISK....\$29.95



SPACEWEB (by Spectacular Software)

SPACEWEB is a 32K arcade/strategy game for the Coco that will blow you away! The time is the 23rd century, and space travel is an everyday occurence. But during travel through hyper-space, a pilot constantly encounters cubes of energy which block his path, and entrap him. These "Spacewebs" delay the trip through hyperspace, and may prove fatal! Bounce your ship from side to side of the 30 cube, changing the colors each time you bounce, until all of the sides are the same color. But beware! Each level of play has it's own time limit! Only the quick and skillful can escape!

SPACEWEB features 1 or 2 player action, hi-res 3D graphics, sound effects, multiple skill levels, and Top Ten High Score board.

Requires a 32K Coco or Coco2 and joysticks. TAPE....\$29.95

DISK....\$29.95

PAINT PATCH

The ultimate texture painting utility for the Basic programmer! Paint with a modified Basic Paint command that works exactly the way the normal Paint command works, in all of those colors you've seen in graphics adventures!

Work in ANY PMODE, with ANY SCREEN! With over 32,000 different colors and textures to choose from, you can paint pictures to suit your wildest dreams

PAINT PATCH is a Basic subroutine which toggles your 64K Coco into all ram mode, then fixes the Paint command to allow it to paint in textures. Then you use PAINT as you normally would, but select the paint color with 2 color codes rather than 1. A list of popular colors and textures and their color numbers is included.

Give your games and graphic adventures the PROFESSIONAL look, use **PAINT PATCH**!

Requires 64K Extended or Disk Basic.

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GRAFIKA

GRAFIKA is the drawing utility you've been waiting for! Stop wishing you had 3 hands! With GRAFIKA, you use only one joystick at a time, and all features provide you with prompts, to let you know what your options

Features include Texture Painting (as provided by **Paint Patch)**, full screen scrolling, (OMNI-SCROLL), Line, Circle, Box and Pixel drawing, Color Negate, Color Manipulation, and Color Exchange, plus an automatic buffer that holds a copy of the screen in memory at all times. Then, if that last paint "leaked out", the touch of a key will restore the entire screen to it's previous condition!

Load or Save to DOS or Graphicom disks, or transfer pictures between the two. GRAFIKA is so easy to use, you may never have to read the instructions for it.

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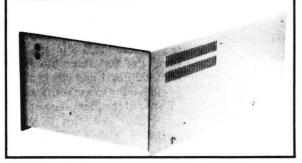
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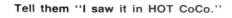
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Product News

by J. Scot Finnie

Try-O-Tax, Banker, Xpndr2, Low Cost Video Digitizer, Wizard's Castle, Fighter Pilot, Infocom Update, and More

Information related in the Product News section is supplied by manufacturers. HOT CoCo has not tested or reviewed the products discussed here and cannot guarantee manufacturers' claims.

What better program with which to start off the new year than **Try-O-Tax** from Try-O-Byte? That's right, it's tax time again. Taxes are one of those couple of things you can always be sure of. Try-O-Tax calculates schedules A, B, C, D, E, F, G, SE, and W along with forms 1040, 2106, and 2441. It comes on cassette or disk (specify your machine's memory in your order) and sells for \$29.95 plus \$3 for shipping.

Heavy Hardware

J & R Electronics has announced a 256K modification board called Banker. The memory expansion unit is designed to fit into any Color Computer with socketed SAM (synchronous address multiplexer) and memory chips. (The company suggests you write to them if you have soldered chips.) Banker works with all Basic versions of the Color Computer, JDOS, ADOS, and cassette or disk systems. It can be used to set up four 32K banks from \$8000-\$FEFF (map type 0), eight 32K banks from \$0000-\$7FFF (page bit in SAM), or four 64K banks from \$0000-\$FEFF (map type 1). In addition, the VDG (video-display generator) bank is programmable separately from the CPU (central-processing unit) memory bank. Banker is compatible with hardware devices, such as PBJ Inc.'s Word-Pak. The package consists of hardware and software and comes complete for \$99.95. The company also offers kit versions of the product. Contact J & R for more information.

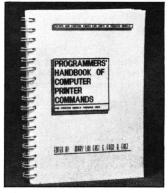
Kinney Software has released the Low Cost Video Digitizer, which includes machine-language software, plans, documentation, and a blank printedcircuit board. You supply the components (which are available from Radio Shack for about \$20) and an evening's time for construction. The product uses any composite NTSC (National Television Standard Convention) video-input source, such as video-cassette recorder, videodisk player, or video camera. The digitizer interfaces with and is powered completely by the joystick and cassette I/O (input/output) ports, leaving your serial and ROM-pack ports open for other uses. The Low Cost Video Digitizer is also very fast. The price of the software (which requires a 16K CoCo) and blank pc board is \$39.95 plus \$2 for shipping. Specify computer model and cassette or disk when ordering. For more information, send the company a self-addressed, stamped envelope.

Gamers' Corner

Spectral Associates has a new graphic-adventure game called Wizard's Castle that offers multiple skill levels to provide a leg up for beginning adventurers. The game has more than 60 high-resolution animated screens. Its real-time action keeps the game characters interacting even after you make a move. Wizard's Castle requires 64K, Disk Extended Color Basic, and one disk drive. It sells for \$19.95. Spectral Associates also makes a clue sheet available to those who need assistance in solving the game.

If you are looking for some good bets on games, you might consider two other Spectral Associates products, too. **Space**

Wrek is a challenging three-dimensional space-arcade game that requires strategy and quick decision making and fast finger work. Module Man is an intriguing arcade adventure that has unique joystick controls, bright colors, and unusual creature movements. The game's 25 screens and subtle nuances make it one that is sure to keep you challenged for a long time. Space Wrek and Module Man require 32K and a joystick. They sell for \$17.95 on cassette and \$20.95 on disk.



The Programmers' Handbook from Cardinal Point Inc.

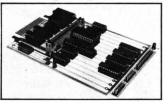
Every now and then an arcade game comes along that is so hard to turn off that editors stay extra hours into the night trying to set the high score. Fighter Pilot from Saguaro Software is addictive. It's a good thing the game has a pause feature or eating might become a problem. The object is to shoot down as many other planes that come on your screen as possible-a simple arcade-game theme. But this is not a simple game, and there is a lot of seat-of-the-pants maneuvering required to keep from getting blown out of the sky. Fighter Pilot requires 32K and sells for \$24.95 on cassette and \$29.95 on disk.

Infocom update: Last month Product News reported that the Infocom text-adventure games were finally being made available to the CoCo community. But the question was, which games? Well, here's the scoop. The company is going to start by releasing **Zork I, Enchanter, Planetfall, The Witness, Infidel, The Hitchhiker's Guide to the Galaxy**, and their latest, **Wishbringer**. They should be available by the time this issue is in print. Other titles might be released later. Contact the company for more information.

Last But Not Least

Ever wish you could speak your printer's language? The Programmers' Handbook of **Computer Printer Commands** might be just the reference you need. It is a compilation of printer control codes for daisy-wheel and dot-matrix printers manufactured during or before 1984. The Handbook lists more than 170 printer models by 43 manufacturers, including Epson, Juki, NEC, Okidata, Star Micronics, and Tandy Corp. The book sells for \$37.95 plus \$2 for shipping. Contact Cardinal Point Inc. for more information.

Robotic Microsystems offers a line of expansion-board devices for hacking into your CoCo. The company's two newest products are **Xpndr2** and **Super Guide**. The Xpndr2 prototype card picks up where Xpndr1 left off by offering a ROM-pack connector with specially tooled gold-plated grounding spring clips and goldplated wire-wrap pins. Xpndr2 also offers a lot more room for connecting integrated-circuit



The Xpndr2 from Robotic Microsystems

chips; it offers 24 square inches for add-on hardware and allows you to derive the full on-line power from any software development tools or languages available for the CoCo. Herb Hart of Robotic Microsystems emphasizes quality: "Our concept is to provide the top end in expansion hardware." Super Guide is an injection-molded card holder that fits into the CoCo's ROM-pack port serving as both guide and brace. It sells for \$3.95. Xpndr2 sells for \$39.95.

Real Computers and Intelligence along with distributor The Zellerbach Group have recently released a new line of printed-circuit boards for the 6809E microprocessor used in the CoCo. The boards conform to the size of the Color Computer's cartridge slot and are 8 inches long. They are made of laminated epoxy-glass and feature gold-plated card-edge connector contacts. The Extender board is 4.25 inches wide and has a 40-pin connector. The Prototype boards are 3.875 inches wide, come with 40- and 34-pin connectors, and offer .042-inch plated through-holes with pads. At press time, these products were expected to sell for \$20 each. Contact Zellerbach for more information.

Gregory Ludwig of **Viking Inc.** has contacted *HOT CoCo* to point out that we goofed when we accidentally missed his company's offerings in our round-up of educational software in the October 1985 issue. Viking offers several English spelling, usage, and grammar titles for grade-school students in addition to math, electronics, geography, and applications programs. Viking software requires 16K for the most part and comes on cassette or disk for \$19.95.

The CoCo Freeware Clearinghouse has changed its name and moved to a new location. The company's new name is **US*Ware!**, and their new address is P.O. Box 5811, Lompoc, CA 93436. For more information, send US*Ware! a self-addressed, stamped envelope and specify user's or author's Info-Pak. ■

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by Victor and James Perotti

The Joystick: Analog-to-Digital Converter

To follow this column, you will need an editor/assembler. The author's use the Micro Works' Macro-80C disk assembler, and changes are given for Radio Shack's ED-TASM + . Other assemblers will also work, but the programs may require some additional modification. The documentation that comes with your software should provide the commands you need.

echnically, your CoCo's joystick ports are analog-to-digital converters. They convert the joystick's analog motion (up, down, left, right) to horizontal and vertical numbers from 0 to 63. There are four distinct values available, since there are two joysticks; thus, to make something happen on the screen, the ports must read a vertical value and a horizontal value and convert them to a screen address.

The Color Computer contains a subroutine that reads the joysticks and converts their motion to the 0–63 values. It's a little complicated, but the location (pointer) that stores the subroutine's address is \$A00A. Call this ROM routine JOYSTK. \$A00A contains JOYSTK's address, but it is not the start of the routine. It's an example of indirect addressing—the 6809, as you will see, deals effectively with this approach.

The instruction JSR [\$A00A] jumps to the ROM routine to which \$A00A points. The 6809 interprets that to mean that it should start at a subroutine beginning at the address found in the 2 bytes of \$A00A and \$A00B.

Some of you wrote to us about using \$A1B1 for POLCAT instead of using indirect addressing for \$A000. Since \$A000 contains \$A1 and \$A001 contains \$B1 (in ROM version 1.0), JSR [\$A000] is exactly the same as JSR \$A1B1. The former is an example of direct addressing, while the latter shows indirect addressing. It appears that Microsoft, which wrote the ROM routine, plans to use \$A000 for POLCAT's address and \$A00A for JOYSTK. Therefore, the indirect addressing approach is not dependent on any specific version of the ROM.

The JOYSTK routine reads the stick's horizontal and vertical positions and stores the values in RAM at \$15A and \$15B, respectively. If the Color Computer had a screen display of 64 characters per line and 64 lines per screen, everything would be easy: The 0–63 values could be used directly to access any position on the screen. Unfortunately, the CoCo has a 32-character by 16-line screen.

As you may remember from past lessons, the screen displays the contents of a linear sequence of memory beginning at \$400 and ending at \$5FF. Think of screen memory not as a matrix of rows and columns, but as a linear sequence. To move down one row, the cursor location has to be incremented by 32. The same is true for the Program Listing, JOYSTICK. It isn't enough to convert the 0-63 values to 1-16 values for vertical positioning. You must also multiply the 1-16 row values by 32 to get to the right byte of RAM screen memory. Although the 6809 has a multiply (MUL) instruction microcoded into its command set, it has no divide instruction. So it's time for some binary math.

The Binary Blues

The decimal number 11 consists of ones in two positions: The one on the right counts for its own value, while the one on the left, the one in the 10's position, is worth 10 times its value. In base-16 numbers, the number in the second position is worth 16 times its expressed value. In binary, the number in the second position is worth two times its value; hence, binary 11 can be expressed in true decimal as (1x2) + (1x1) = 3.

In binary 101, the leftmost one is worth four times its value; therefore, binary 101 can be expressed in decimal as (1x4) + (0x2)+ (1x1) = 5. Binary 10101100 can become (1x128) + (0x64) + (1x32) + (0x16) + (1x8) + (1x4) + (0x2) + (0x1) = 172. If you've been paying attention, you should be with us so far.

Since each digit of an 8-bit binary number represents a power of two, shifting a binary number to the left multiplies the number by two. Therefore, shifting a digit to the right divides it by two. For example, binary 1010 equals 10 in decimal (a one in the times-eight position and a one in the times-two position, 8 + 2 = 10). Shift the number to the left by adding a zero on the right, making it 10100. Now there is a one in the times-sixteen position and a one in the times-four position (16 + 4 = 20).

In the same way, if you shift a binary number to the right, you divide it. Shift 10100 to the right, and it becomes 1010 again, or decimal 10. shift it right once more and it becomes 101, or decimal 5. Although the 6809 lacks a division instruction, it does have ASL (Arithmetic Shift Left) and ASR (Arithmetic Shift Right), which work with the A and B accumulators. To use the A register to divide the vertical value, \$15B, by four, you must shift \$15B two places to the right, which will convert the 0–63 value to a 1–16 value. The operation requires two ASRAs, as in the following example:

CALC	LDA	\$015B
	ASRA	
	ASRA	

How many times would you have to shift the A register left to multiply it by 32 decimal? Too many—the MUL instruction is simpler and faster. MUL requires that you have the multiplier in A and the multiplicand in B, and it puts the product into the D register.

Converting to a Screen Address

There are lots of ways to convert the joystick values to a screen address; the Program Listing, JOYSTICK, is a simple method. It multiplies the row value (1-16) by 32 and adds the column value (1-32) to it. Then it adds the screen address' value (\$0400) to the sum. In other words, a vertical value (from \$15B) is divided by four, multiplied by 32, and incremented by \$0400. A horizontal value (from \$15A) is divided by two and added to the sum of the vertical and \$0400.

The shifts require the A or B registers. It was easy to add \$0400 to the D register and use ABX to add the horizontal value in B to the address in X. The screen address ends up in X; it cannot go off the top of the screen because the constant \$400 is always added, but X can exceed \$5FF since ((63/4*32) + \$0400)+ (63/2) is a strange hodgepodge of decimal and hex that might be greater than \$5FF.

The Fire Button

When you press the joystick's fire button, you change a value in one of the CoCo's joystick ports. The buttons for both the right and left joystick are handled at address \$FF00. A binary peek at this location would show it with 11111111 (255) or 01111111 (127). Pressing the button on the right joystick changes the rightmost one in 11111111 to zero, leaving 11111110 (254), or the rightmost one in 01111111 to 01111110 (126). But how can you check that rightmost bit to see if it contains a zero?

As you should remember from your lessons in logic, if this and that are true, then the entire proposition is true. On the other hand, if either this or that is false, then the whole thing is false. Similarly, ANDing two binary numbers compares the zeros and ones in each position. When each of the two numbers contain ones in the same position, the result is true, yielding one. If either or both digits are zero, the result of ANDing is false, yielding a zero. The AND works only when two ones line up. If you AND the value in \$FF00 against #00000001 (1), the zeros are ignored, and the result is true if, and only if, the rightmost digit of \$FF00 is a one.

The ANDA #1 instruction would alter the contents of A and require a CMPA line. The BITA #1 instruction does not attempt to change anything, it merely sets the bits in the CC register. So the BITA #1 is like a CMPA that deals with only specific bits. If the comparison is true and the CC register has a one, the BEQ DONE is executed.

Pressing the left joystick button, which the program does not cover, produces either

11111101 (253) or 01111101 (125). In effect, the left joystick button changes the second bit from the right to a zero. ANDing the contents of \$FF00 against #00000010 (2) with BITA #2 determines whether the button has been pressed.

Goodbye

Working with binary math might cause you a few headaches, but, unfortunately, the CoCo best comprehends high-resolution and color graphics when you program them with binary. This month we messed with the keyboard/joystick input port at \$FF00 and the output port at \$FF02. The registers for using the various resolution screens live at \$FFC6 through \$FFD3. Manipulating bits in those registers enables the color sets for each display.

And with that, we'll take our leave. It's time to bring this column to a close. We hope you've enjoyed it and that we've given you a good start on the road to Assembly language. As for now, class dismissed. ■

Write to Victor and James Perotti at 163-D Pine Grove Heights, Athens, OH 45701

Progra	am L	isting. JOYS	STICK				0012 0013	0E17	1F(01		ADD TFR	D,X		START AT TOP STORE ADDR IN
					********		0014			015A		LDB			LFRT POTVAL
							0015 0016					ASR ABX			DIVIDE BY 2 ADD TO TOTAL
			* 30	ISTICK	PROGRAM		0017				CHEC				BOTTOM?
			*****	*****	*******		0018				CHEC	BHI			IF SO, FIX
001 A			JOYSTK		\$A00A		0010	0021	221	0.0		Dur	011	101	11 50, 114
0001 A			CLS	EQU	\$A928						* * * *	*****	****	NOW WRI	TE BLOB
1002 A	4920		CLS	EQU	ŞR920						*			non mu	
							0019	0E23	861	E5	PUT	LDA	#\$E	5	MAKE SHAPE
1003 0	0500	BDA928	START	JSR	CLS	CLEARS SCREEN	0020	0E25	A78	84		STA			PUT AT TOTAL
1005 0	0100	BDR / 20	OTANI	oon	010	CHERRO DORDER	0021	0E27	B61	FFOO		LDA	SFF		CHECK FOR
0004 0	0E03	86FF	DISABL	LDA	#\$FF	DISABLE	0022	0E2A	850	01		BIT	A #1		JOYSTK BUTTON
		B7FF02	0101101	STA	\$FF02	KEYBOARD	0023	0E2C	271	07		BEQ	DON	E	IF ON, QUIT
	0000						0024	0E2E	201	D8		BRA	GO		DO IT AGAIN
)006 0	0E08	AD9FA00A	GO	JSR	[JOYSTK]										
							0025				OFFI	COP LDX			IF < SCREEN
			*****				0026	0E33	20	EE		BRA	PUT		PUT AT BOTTOM
			*		COMPUTE										
					JOYSTICK'S		0027			A027	DONE		\$A027		JUMP TO BASIC
			* 0-		SCREEN ADI	DR	0028	0E38				END			
007 0	DROG	B6015B				UDDN DOMUNI	NO. 55	DODO							
0008 0	DEOF	47	CALC	LDA ASRA	\$015B	UPDN POTVAL DIVIDE BY 2	NO ER	RORS	FO	UND					
0009 0				ASRA		DIVIDE BY 2	CALC	0 E	0C	CHECK	OElE	CLS	A928	DISABL	0E03
0010 0				LDB	#32	THEN MULTIPLY	DONE	0 E		GO	0E08	JOYSTK	AOOA	OFFTOP	0E30
0011 0	0E13	3 D		MUL		BY SCREEN WIDTH	PUT	0E	23	START	0E00				

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Reader's Forum

This program is available on our Instant CoCo cassette. See the Instant CoCo ad elsewhere in this issue.



Documenting Cassette Tapes

It seems as if I always have an undocumented tape lurking around my desk. I am never quite sure what's on it, but I am afraid to erase it for fear of destroying valuable information. Rather than spend time using the SKIPF function to find out what's on a tape, I wrote a program that produces a printout of the contents. Tape Scan should work with any printer and will prove useful even if you don't own a printer.

When you run Tape Scan, the program asks whether you want to produce a printout. At the prompt for the tape's title, submit any title you choose. To exit the program, press any key. Sometimes it takes time for control to return from ROM, so be patient. I used a STOP rather than an END statement in line 90 to allow you to pause and use CONT to go on.

> 1Ø CLS:INPUT"DO YOU WANT HARDCOP Y(Y/N)";P\$:IFP\$="Y"THEN INPUT"PR INTER READY"; T\$: PRINT#-2: PRINT#-20 INPUT"PRESS <PLAY> AND ENTER" ;T\$ 3Ø INPUT"WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO C ALL THIS TAPE";T\$:CLS:PRINT"TAPE TITLE: ";T\$:IFP\$="Y"THEN PRINT# -2,"TAPE TITLE: ";T\$:PRINT#-2:PR INT # - 24Ø PRINT@485, "HIT ANY KEY TO STO P";:PRINT@64,""; 5Ø EXEC42625 6Ø IF PEEK(124)<>ØTHEN9Ø 7Ø FOR X=ØTO7:PRINTCHR\$(PEEK(474 +X));:NEXT:PRINT 8Ø IFP\$="Y"THENGOSUB11Ø 9Ø IF INKEY\$<>""THEN STOP 100 GOTO50 11Ø FORX=ØTO7:PRINT#-2,CHR\$(PEEK (474+X));:NEXT 120 PRINT#-2:RETURN

> > Jack Ellis Omaha, NE

Stop Addressing Envelopes by Hand

How many times have you used a word processor to type several letters and then had to address the envelopes by hand? Have you wished for a simpler way to address a stack of Christmas cards or thank-you notes? My short address program, Address-O, will solve these problems.

When you load and run the program, Address-O prompts you for the size of the envelope and the mailing address. The next prompt instructs you to insert the envelope. The printer will type the return and mailing addresses and ask if you want a duplicate. Lines 210– 230 set up the return address; type in your address, adding additional program lines if you need more than three lines.

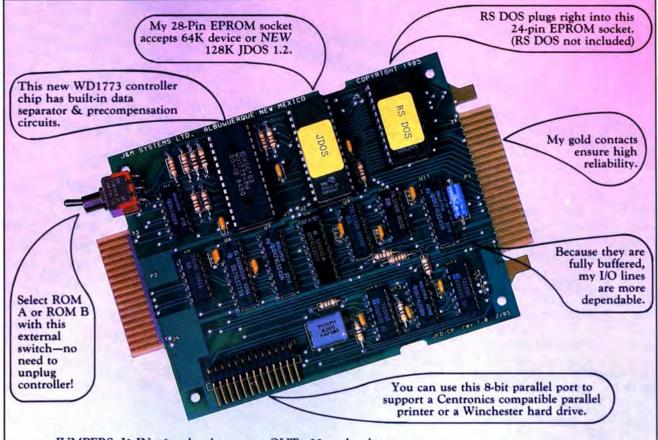
If you do not use a legal or standard business envelope, you must change the spacing. First, add a third option to the size menu between lines 130 and 140 and change line 160, adding OR S = 3. Then insert a variable line after line 190, assigning new variables to the tabs K, L, and M. I found that the best way to determine the values was to cut pieces of paper to the desired envelope size and assign experimental values until I obtained satisfactory results.

Although the program was written for a Star PowerType printer, it should run on other printers. You might have to change line 340 to call up the proper line spacing. Changes might also be necessary in lines 380 and 420, which advance the envelope. Address-O can save you time and the duplicate-envelope feature will enable you to make self-addressed envelopes quickly and neatly.

2Ø CLS8:FORX=Ø TO 31:PRINT CHR\$(143);:NEXT 30 FOR X=0 TO 127 4Ø PRINTCHR\$(138);:NEXT 9Ø FOR X=ØTO127:PRINT@(352+X),CH R\$(138);:NEXT 100 INPUT"PRESS RETURN TO CONTIN UE ";Y 11Ø CLS:PRINT:PRINT"ENVELOPE SIZ E OPTIONLIST 120 PRINT: PRINT" (1) STANDARD 13Ø PRINT" (2) LEGAL" 14Ø PRINT:PRINT"SELECT ONE " 15Ø S\$=INKEY\$:IF S\$="" THEN15Ø 16Ø S=VAL(S\$):IFS=1 OR S=2THEN18 ØELS15Ø 17Ø 'ENVELOPE FORMAT 18Ø IF S=1THEN K=3:L=3Ø:M=6 19Ø IF S=2 THEN K=5:L=53:M=6 200 'RETURN ADDRESS 210 AS="YOUR NAME" 22Ø B\$="YOUR STREET" 23Ø C\$="YOUR CITY & STATE" 24Ø CLS 25Ø CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT"MAILIN G ADDRESS":PRINT:PRINT 26Ø INPUT"NAME: ";D\$ 27Ø INPUT"STREET /P.O.BX";E\$ 28Ø INPUT"CITY "; F\$ 29Ø G\$=", 300 INPUT"STATE ";H\$ ";I\$ 310 INPUT"ZIP CODE 32Ø CLS7:PRINT@233, "INSERT ENVEL OPE";:LINEINPUT Y\$ 33Ø PRINT#-2, CHR\$(27); CHR\$(49) 34Ø PRINT#-2, TAB(K);:PRINT#-2,A \$ 35Ø PRINT#-2, TAB(K);:PRINT#-2,B Ś 36Ø PRINT#-2, TAB(K);:PRINT#-2,C 37Ø FOR X=1 TO M:PRINT#-2,CHR\$(1 Ø);:NEXT 38Ø PRINT#-2, CHR\$(13) 39Ø PRINT#-2, TAB(L);:PRINT#-2,D 400 PRINT#-2, TAB(L);:PRINT#-2,E S 41Ø PRINT#-2, TAB(L); : PRINT#-2, F\$ +G\$+H\$;G\$;I\$ 42Ø FOR X=1TOM:PRINT#-2,CHR\$(1Ø) ;:NEXT 43Ø CLS:PRINT:PRINT"DO YOU WISH A DUPLICATE Y/N 44Ø N\$=INKEY\$:IF N\$=""THEN44Ø 45Ø IF N\$="Y"THEN32Ø 46Ø GOT025Ø

> Ralph D. Clark Middleburg, FL

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Magazines at Radio Shack

by Jeff DeTray, Publisher

LOCAL*IN*LOS*ANGELES* The Corner Office

hen next you enter your friendly Radio Shack Computer Center, you may notice something new. Computer magazines! As a test, selected computer magazines will be on sale in the Computer Centers, beginning with the January issues. Among these will be *HOT CoCo*'s parent publication, *80 Micro*. The trial period is three months long, and for now, only magazines providing coverage of the Tandy 1000 are included.

The fact that no Color Computer magazines are being tested may seem a bit disappointing, but consider this: After three months, Tandy will evaluate the magazine-inthe-stores project. If the results of the trial period are positive, the program may be expanded to include more Tandy-related computer magazines in a wider variety of Radio Shack stores.

The publishers of Tandy computer support magazines have worked for years to gain access to the Radio Shack stores. Although we're bound to be a little prejudiced, we think everyone wins when the support magazines are available in the same stores that sell the computers. The magazines will demonstrate to prospective computer buyers that Tandy products are well supported by third parties, adding to their confidence in buying a Tandy computer. Advertisers will appreciate the opportunity to get closer to their best prospects, the new computer buyers. Publishers will sell more magazines. Tandy will discover that the magazines help to sell computers, in addition to becoming a tidy little profit center.

No matter how you slice it, this is an important development in the evolution of the Tandy/Radio Shack computer industry. It's also long overdue. *80 Micro*, for instance, has worked no less than five years to get into the Radio Shack stores. The three-month test program may be nothing more than a foot in the door, but it's a major welcome step forward by the folks from Fort Worth.

The results of the test won't be available for some months. In the meantime, go to your nearest Computer Center and buy a magazine.

Report from Riyadh

Our Far-Flung Department was the recent recipient of a long and interesting letter from *HOT CoCo* reader Hank Calonkey, who resides in Riyadh, Saudi Arabia. Would you believe there is a Radio Shack Computer Center in Riyadh? It's nice to know you can find service for your CoCo anywhere you go. Hank returned briefly to the U.S. to buy his own CoCo in 1982, but he reports that Color Computers were then going for \$2,500 apiece in Riyadh. Ditto the LP-8 printer. I shudder to think what an IBM PC must have cost.

Aside from his somewhat exotic locale, Hank's computing experiences have been rather typical. Like most of us, he's riding the learning curve all the time, improving his own knowledge of the CoCo, overcoming seemingly insurmountable obstacles, getting help from other computer owners, and generally enjoying his Color Computer a great deal. Thanks for the letter, Hank, and glad you like *HOT CoCo*.

HOT CoCo is a member of the CW Communications/Inc. group, the world's largest publisher of computer-related information. The group publishes 57 computer publications in more than 20 major countries. Nine million people read one or more of the group's publications each month. Members of the group include: Argentina's Computerworld/Argentina; Saia's The Asian Computerworld; Australia's Computerworld Australia, Australian PC World, Macworld and Directories; Brazil's DataNews and MicroMundo; China's China Computerworld; Denmark's Computerworld/Danmark, PC World and RUN (Commodore); Finland's Mikro; France's Le Monde Informatique, Golden (Apple), OPC (IBM) and Distributique; Germany's Computerworche, Microcomputerwelt, PC Welt, SoftwareMarkt, CW Edition/Seminar, Computer Business, RUN and Apple's; Italy's Computerworld Italia and PC Magazine; Japan's Computerworld Japan; Mexico's Computerworld Norge, PC World and RUN (Commodore); Saudi Arabia's Saudi Computerworld; Spain's Computerworld Espana, Microsistemas/PC World, Commodore World; Sweden's Computer Business Europe; Venezuela's Computerworld Venezuela; the US's Computer News, PC Business World and Computer Business Europe; Venezuela's Computerworld Venezuela; the US's Computerworld, Hot CoCo, inCider, Infoworld, MacWorld, Micro Marketworld, PC World, RUN, 73, 80 Micro, Focus Publications and On Communications.

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