April 1987

The independent Dragon magazine

Contents

Letters

Contributors and user groups ... A message from Buzz Software ... Epson update ...yet more on Fire Force ... About Analyzer ... and many more.

News Desk

Dragoneer wins king size game ... Pulser Software list ... London 6909 Show ... Compusense change address ... Direct mail dilemma.

Dragon Soft

Tanglewood is the best arcade/adventure game for ages ... Readers and writers firing away with Fire Force.

CoCo/Dragon Basic Converter

Rudy Duyck describes how to alter Tandy Colour Computer Basic for the Dragon, with a machine code program.

Inverting the screen in '64 mode ... Incorporating the time and date in a database ... Text compression for quiz game writing ... Connecting the joystick port to a keypad.

Dragon Answers

Telephone number

(All departments) 437-4343

Editor

HELEN ARMSTRONG

Production Editor BARBORA HÁJEK

Associate Editor JOHN COOK

Editorial Secretary ANNE MARIE O'DWYER

Advertisement Manager **RODNEY WOODLEY**

Administration **GERALDINE SMYTH**

Marketing Manager HELEN PERRY

Expert's Arcade Arena 16

Maps for Tanglewood's Castle Schark and Dwarf Dive, the first part of Total Eclipse, and the last part of Dragon Games round-up.

High Noon

Jonathan McGowan presents a high speed machine code shoot-out for two players, complete with cactus cover buckboard.

Winners and Losers

Gordon Lee goes over solutions to the November competition, which involved simulation.

Adventure Trail

Hints and help and an exchange of addresses on many titles, map for Ring of Darkness, and an announcement: soon Mr. Gerrard will not be exactly as we have always known him. Read on.

Competition

Overseas (surface) £20 for 12 issues

Dragon User, 12/13 Little Newport Street,

205 East 42nd St, New York, NY 10017

Dragon and its logo are trademarks of

US address: clo Business Press International,

Typesetting and Production by Artext Limited.

Printed by Headley Brothers Ltd. Ashford, Kent

Registered at the Post Office as a newspaper.

ISSN 0265-177. Telex: 296275

Published by Scot Press Ltd.

PETER WORLOCK

Publishing Director

JENNY IRELAND

London WC2H 7PP

© Scot Press 1987

London NW1

Eurohard Ltd

Subscriptions UK £14 for 12 issues

15

Go round and round a dartboard to make a set of cubes, and win Tanglewood. And the final installment of the Recreational Mathematics Glossary.

Editorial

SO! A Dragon owner wins Incentive Software's second Moon Cresta competition, in the face of massed Speccy and Amstrad owners as well as fellow Dragoneers. That 'll tell'em the Dragon's still here. Well done Andrew Hill of Gwent.

I hope to be seeing some of you (all of you would be just fine, but DU has readers as far away as Australia and the USA, so I'll settle for 'some' this time) at the London 6809 Show on the morning of March 28th, acts of God permitting. But, like any other nightmare, I vanish in a puff of smoke at noon, so come early if you want to nag me about anything.

Those who are too far north to make the London show should remember the Ossett Show on 11th April. Details of both shows inside.

Thanks to other contributors and editors, including Philip Beed of NDUG, who wrote to me about last month's editorial.

And who else spotted the deliberate mistake in the March Letters Page? Well, I suggest you go back and read it again then. See you at the Show.

Managing Editor How to submit articles

29

The quality of the material we can publish in Dragon User each month will, to a very great extent depend on the quality of the discoveries that you can make with your Dragon. The Dragon computer was launched on to the market with a powerful version of Basic, but with very poor documentation.

Articles which are submitted to Dragon User for publication should not be more than 3000 words long. All submissions should be typed. Please leave wide margins and a double space between each line. Programs should, whenever possible, be computer printed on plain white paper and be accompanied by a tape of the

We cannot guarantee to return every submitted article or program, so please keep a copy. If you want to have your program returned you must include a stamped addressed envelope.

Letters

Beat the jungle

FOR those of us who own Fire Force by Quickbeam, and find that they are getting frustrated by the fact that they cannot get past the 'crack troop' infested jungle, I have found a way to go on to the next phase and miss out the jungle.

1) Make sure that there is only one joystick plugged in!

 Once the game has loaded, press the fire button so that the computer shows the select colour screen. Then press 'A'.

3) This gets into the authorisation code screen. Then press 'C'.

4) This will give you the pass code screen. Using the joystick to move around type out "IMFTC" with no spaces. Then go on to the vertical arrow.

5) This then catapults you past the jungle.

Your readers might like to note that if the Break key is pressed during a normal game, before they run out of men, they will be sent back to the beginning with eight men but with their old score to recontinue where they left off last time — and so to build up their score.

And a note of appreciation. If it weren't for people like the Expert, the country would grind to a halt. Well, Dragon owners would, anyway.

Conrad 4 Rawston Down Road Blandford Dorset DT11 8AG

Buzz discounts

DUE to lack of support, and admittedly through our own lack of organisation, we have decided to use the months up to July 1987 to re-organise. We will however be attending the computer show at Ossett, West Yorkshire on 11th April. We will be demonstrating all our software, including our new Tandy range. We hope to improve our services to the Dragon market in the future. Buzz Software are offering a 10 per cent reduction on our soft-

Every month we will be shelling out a game or two, courtesy of Microdeal, to the reader/s who send the most interesting or entertaining letters. So send us your hints and your opinions, send us your hi-scores and suggestions. Send us your best Dragon stories. What d'you think we are, mind readers?!

Beware the hunting Dragon!

I read with interest the March edition of *Dragon User*, and particularly the Editorial.

One serious problem within the 'amateur' publications as I myself know is a lack of articles. Newsletters such as Dragon Monthly, Dragon's Tail etc. even even myself with the Drag Mag (Prestel: 700110021...quick plug!) depend heavily on readers' articles, etc. It would appear from your editorial that you wish all articles, etc. to be centred on Dragon User.

Surely these smaller publications have a place. Suppose DU eventually comes

Having worked with amateur publications myself, I understand your concern. It may come as a surprise to know that most editors have the same problem to some degree.

I stand by last month's editorial, but perhaps I can make the thinking behind my comments clearer here. Dragon User has minute resources compared to many computer publica-tions, but it still has a circulation vastly larger than any other Dragon publication, and is able to retain the services of professional writers by contributing, albeit modestly, to their efforts to make a living. This is to everybody's benefit: suppliers have the maximum scope for advertising, and users have the largest body of feedback from other readers. And we have a steady supply of good contributors.

Even so Dragon User frequently gets submissions which it has to turn down because the same idea has been covered too often in the past; I am also aware that there is a fund of ideas

comes to an end, then user groups and newsletters will be all the Dragon has on offer.

On the brighter side, I don't doubt that DU requires a great extent of articles, but surely there are enough Dragon users to feed any publication with articles. The time has come when we ALL must participate with our beloved micro, helping every magazine/newsletter to continue its work ... keeping the Dragon alive!

Simon Jones 37 Collins Meadow Harlow Essex CM19 4EN

and knowledge in the Dragon world which is often not offered to DU, either because those who have it have not got the time to organise and write it up, or because it has not occurred to them that DU might want to see these ideas developed.

What I am suggesting is not that users should stop contributing to other newsletters, but that they should consider whether ideas can their be developed for Dragon User's readership before consigning them in brief to their own user group, etc. I don't see this as a threat to user groups. On the conthe more separate groups are able to exchange ideas on common ground, the more ideas will arise, and this will in turn give rise to further ideas for readers to contribute to their own groups or newsletters.

The more active Dragon users are, the more response they will get from other users; this is just as true for newsletters as it is for Dragon User.

ware to anyone who writes to us telling us what they would like to see for the Dragon and Tandy.

I would also like to hear from anybody from America wishing to swap games, information, etc. for the Dragon 32 and Tandy 64 computers.

S. J. Goodwin Buzz Software 15 St. Stephen Road Penketh, Nr. Warrington Cheshire, WA5 2AN

Boost morale

IN the January 1987 edition of Dragon User the Expert said "And so the new year dawns, bringing with it new hope (unless you own a Dragon, in which case you've probably completely given up hope).' This is damaging to the morale of the Dragon community. I certainly have not given up hope and feel very optimistic damaging provided and mindless suggestions are kept out of the view of Dragon users. I would like to see an apology printed by the Expert.

Anyone who regularly watches BBC 2's Micro Live will notice that the Dragon is always left out of the reports. I have written to them complaining about this several times but I have never received a reply. There must be thousands of Dragon Users who watch this, and if the majority of them wrote to the BBC and complained about it then I think it would convince those involved that the Dragon is alive and kicking.

Finally, for the benefit of the Editor, Mike Gerrard and all those at Microdeal who can't read my address, it is below.

Donald Morrison 72 Diriebught Road Inverness Scotland IV2 3QT

PS I'm having trouble trying to get speed racer to work properly. Can anyone help? Also does anyone have any pokes for *Downland* or the code to activate the cheat function in *Stone Raider*?

WE asked The Expert for his comments, and he says that

damaging and mindless suggestions are his favourite kind, and would anybody who has any please send them to him at once. He also said 'I'm very sorry the cheque hasn't arrived yet'. Well, It's an apology. We think.

We regret that we can't print details of users' disputes with suppliers, for very sound legal reasons. Where a reader has a legitimate and Intractible dispute, we can try to establish where the problem lies and pass on any relevant information. However, while orders can get lost and have to be chased up, we do think that chasing an order placed on 5th of January on and before the 21st of January Is over optimistic, It is generally acceptable to allow 28 days for a mail order delivery before starting to worry. 36 days for final delivery is indeed a bit on the lengthy side, but not unusual when a company has to deal with a rush of orders.

It is a very good idea indeed to write to the BBC about Micro Live, and let them know that the Dragonis still active. We think that they will be more receptive to the Dragon world if letters are phrased as suggestions rather than complaints.

Epson update

TO me in my apparent ignorance an Epson is an Epson — or was. Recently my Epson (an FX-80) broke down and I was forced to purchase another printer. Not being able (or willing) to pay out for another Epson, I purchased a cheaper one described as 'Epson compatible', and all my printing programs function identically.

However, a reader has questioned the compatibility of my February article and his Epson printer (an MX-80 Type III). From what I could see from the photocopies of a few of the pages of his Epson manual that he sent me, it could well be that the code that I use to set the printing modes (27, 33 ... or ESC!) is NOT valid on this type

of printer. As the program sets up the codes into variables (lines 200+), at least it is a relatively simple task for such users to substitute appropriate codes - for example, to print enlarged (as also available on my FX-80), line 260 could be replaced with EN\$ = CHR\$(14) — shiftout. The principle of the article was to show that by setting up the codes once at the beginning of a program, it is a simple task to control and change typefaces during operation by using two character variables than by writing out copious sets of codes each time and as a principle, this still holds true.

My apologies to those Epson users unable lo use the program as supplied — and thank you for extending my obviously limited knowledge of Epson printers!

Pam D'Arcy 21 Wycombe Lane Wooburn Green High Wycombe Bucks HP10 0HD

About Analyzer

WITH regard to your reader who wrote about the print routine in Analyzer (Mr. Van Wamelin-Dumalin), there seems to be no problem there except that he did not realise that Analyzer prints a space between cells for readability, he must think it's a word processor.

I have written some alterations to allow printing without spaces.

To remove these spaces requires a change in the program. Then you would have to type the text across the cells with spaces where desired, making the screen display look odd.

Please note that part of line 333 should read:

PLAY"T15O+X;CEGEGB"

where O is the letter and not zero. This will give a proper intro tune. The other error is:

197 FREADZ\$,FROMZ+M, FORK;K(X)

The program cannot be compiled as written, but if anyone sends 10 Australian Dollars by bankers order, and a copy of their compiler with instructions, I can write and send a version that will compile.

Printer test example:

131 P2=::GOSUB16:IFT=12
THEN31ELSEPLAYB\$:PRINT
" spaces?"::GOSUB13:IFT=
12THEN31ELSEIFT()78
THENP3=7ELSEP3=6:PLAY
B\$:PRINT" tab:";:X=2:GOSU
B20:IFT=12THEN31ELSE
PLAYB\$:P2=VAL(Z\$):IFR2(.
THENP2=:ELSEIFP2)15THENP2=15
137

A=A+P2:FORX=1TOO:POK-ES3,X+O:GOSUB3:A=A+P-3:NEXT:PRINT #J:NEXT:GO-TO31

The above changes allow printing without spaces between cells with *Analyzer*. This may be useful when using *Analyzer* for presentations where some continuous text may be needed.

To use the facility type / to get COMMANDS, then (P) rint and choose the start row. You are now prompted with SPACES? which is the default so that if you do not press N Analyzer prints with spaces. If you pressed N, you are prompted with TAB: which allows you to print with a tab of zero, which is the default. to fifteen. Therefore to have the text all the way to the right, enter 15.

In the above example the line 00 is printed three times. The first line is with spaces as typed in. The second line is without spaces and zero TAB. The third line is without spaces and TAB15

Note that cells C00 and G00 start with a space and to do that you must type a letter to get into INPUT and then backspace and then press the space bar.

Now to clear up a possible confusion with giving the printout a title. To give the printout a title press/then T and enter the title.

If you now wish to see the title, again press / then T. To leave the title untouched, press CLEAR. If you press ENTER, the title is erased. If you type something and press ENTER, then this is the new title. The title gets printed when you choose the (P)rint option.

Lothar Pilz 71 Woodville Road Mooroolbark, 3138 Victoria, Australia

Coventry

I WOULD like to hear from any Dragon owners in the Coventry area. Please send to the address below enclosing an SAE for details

Chris Vollbracht

Basic user

I WOULD like to know of any user groups still around, for an unashamed gamer and an ashamed person who still uses Basic.

> Paul Harrison Derwent Woodhouse Road Brosely Shropshire TF12 5HL

Slipping belt

I AM having trouble with the drive belt in my disc drive slipping. Does anybody know where I can obtain a new belt?

I have also noticed many requests for a listing service. I can supply listings on either daisy wheel or dot matrix printer without a small charge to cover costs. Please write (with SAE) if you want help.

M. Burridge 43 Midford Road Combe Down Bath BA2 5RW

Tandy pal

I would like a pen pal who owns a Tandy to exchange ideas, etc. Shane Harper

17 Carlton Close Cleethorpes South Humberside DN35 OND

News desk

Index interest

MAGBASE is a menu-driven database from Pulser Software, specially designed for indexing articles and letters, etc. from magazines. Records can be saved on tape or disc for future reference, and a single sided disc could contain 2000 records in a single file or combination of files. The program can also ALTER, DELETE, SORT in alphabetical order, VIEW, PRINT and MERGE. A complete disc file can be VIEWed as a check on the records contained within it.

The LOAD option allows loading either of a full file (if the memory permits) or a MARKed block. The latter is useful as it is possible to load records by numbers (eg 1 to 100), characters (eg from A to C) or pattern search (using any keyword). For example, is the keyword 'disc' is entered in a pattern search, Magbase will access any records with that word, within seconds, and display them on the screen.

The PRINT option caters for the Seikosha and Tandy printers at 80 characters a line, but other printers can be used by defining alternative print codes. Records can be double spaced for less than 80 characters a line or for easier reading.

Dragon User files

DU contains 800 records of all letters, articles and listings since Dragon User began in May 1983. Each record contains information on the subject area, date, and page of each item.

The DU file cannot be loaded into the Dragon's memory all at once, as it has over 50K of records. It can be viewed ('L' -DragonDOS) or loaded in marked blocks. Records have been sorted and saved in alphabetical order, and, in addition, it has been saved in small blocks (A-C, D-E, F-L, etc.) for access to all of a file.

DU hard copy

The hard copy consists of a photocopy of the printout of the records from May to the present. If the tape or disc are purchased with the records it is possible to produce your own copy by using the PRINT option. If you purchase the hard

copy you will receive a twelve page booklet.

Contact Pulser Software at 36 Foxhill, High Crompton, Shaw, Oldham, Lancs OL2 7NQ for details of prices.

Other utilities, mostly disc based, from Pulser include Discup, £1.99, which moves workspace from the first graphic page further into memory and moves the page to location 1536. Machine code programs can be run with the DOS attached (64s or upgraded 32s only); Zapper, £5.99, which can explore and alter data in memory and on disc, move and copy sections of memory, copy and repair sections of a disc and investigate discs from other machines. Some printer and display utilities, and an extensive manual, are included and Copy Cat, which simplifies disc to disc copying, from double to single and vice versa, and to partially filled discs without overwriting. Pulser will also reprogram DragonDOS eproms with updates for £3.00. Add 50p post and packing for each item ordered.

6809 show

The next 6809 show at the Royal Horticultural Halls in London on 28th March already Compusense. Computape, Harris Software, John Penn Discount Software. Microdeal, Occult Software, Peaksoft, Pamcomms, Quickbeam Software, Zone 4, the OS-9 User Group, National Dragon User Group and Dragon User itself booked to

The best thing about missing the November show was finding out that we were missed - this time there will be a DU presence, so if you have any friends who aren't subscribers and should be, bring them with you.

Information about the show itself can be had from Jenny Pope at JPPR Ltd., on St. Austell (0726) 61185.



Dragon wins yet another Moon Cresta

INCENTIVE Software's second Moon Cresta arcade machine has been won by a Dragon user. Andrew Hill of Gwent, Wales (the original Dragon country) was the lucky winner drawn from a blue plastic component bin by Christina Erskine, who many of you will recognise, even from this hasty snapshot, as the Editor of Popular Computing Weekly .

Andrew scored over 30,000 points and lost all three ships to discover the words Play another game on the screen at the end. "He phoned us up, and he was pleased and delighted to have won" said Incentive's Ian Andrews. "We were please when a Dragon owner won, as well, because the second Moon Cresta competition was open to Amstrad, BBC and Dragon owners so, although only people who scored over 30,000 points were eligible, there was a lot of competition." Moon Cresta was one of Incentive's biggest games of 1986, and is still selling well although they are producing no new Dragon software, the Dragon Moon Cresta is still available.

Congratulations from all at Dragon User to Andrew. But tell us, just where is he going to put a full sized arcade game? We considered the loo, but someone pointed out that you wouldn't be able to reach the

controls. Oh well, back to the Beano.

Moon Cresta has been much seen in the land just lately. The winners of Dragon User's October competition each received a copy of Moon Cresta. All well and good, except that they were all expecting a copy of Boulder Crash. Indeed, some of them already had copies of Moon Cresta. What went wrong? We still don't know. Blaby sent us a box of Boulder Crashes which never reached its destination. Can we get any more Boulder Crashes right now? We cannot. Not for love nor money.

We will be putting the situation right as soon as we can. In the meantime, if anybody wants to swop their copy of Boulder Crash for a Moon Cresta or even a Frankie, drop

us a line.

Compusense new address

COMPUSENSE have moved from their old premises in Palmers Green to a new address. They can be reached at the same box number, P O Box 169, but now at 68a Willoughby Lane, London N17. Their new telephone number will be 01 885 3300.

Money for something

TWO nineteen year old twin brothers from Trowbridge. Wilts, have started their own software publishing business with a £40 a week grant from the Manpower Service Commission's Enterprise Allowances Scheme.

Philip and Andrew Oliver started buying computers five years ago, and quickly hit on the idea of trying to make money from their hobby. When they left school in 1986 they already had a fund of programming experience, and started to develop their games in earnest. Their first game, Super Robin Hood, earned them enough to join the ESA, for which they needed £1000 to invest in their business. Super Robin Hood has now sold over 11,000 copies and their next game, Ghost Hunters is already selling well.

Anyone who has been unemployed for more than

eight weeks, who can prove that they have a new business idea and access to £1000, can apply to join the EAS at their local Jobcentre. The allowance pays £40 a week for one year, as long as the business continues, to help new business ventures of get off the ground.

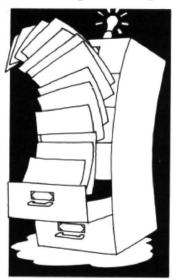
Unfortunately, nobody has vet opted to convert these games for the Dragon.

Horse help

CAN we have a volunteer to review Predictor, a program which claims to help you work out how to win on the horses? A hardened gambler, preferably. No, we won't reimburse your losses. Our regular reviewers say its enough of a gamble waiting for their cheques every month. Ed.

Reader notice

WE publish readers' addresses on our letters pages, unless requested otherwise, to allow users to contact each other directly. These addresses are sometimes added to the mailing lists of Dragon



suppliers. While this can be to the advantage of all concerned, the commercial use of addresses taken from Dragon User does not imply that Dragon User has any connection with the businesses concerned, and normal caution should be excercised when dealing with any unfamiliar company from whom direct mail is received.

Missing persons

Please would contributors D. King and R. Andrews get in touch.

The editor would also like to hear from the gentleman who contacted her about shared use of a noticeboard before Christmas.



The RAINBOW: (502) 228-4492

The Falsoft Building

P.O. Box 385

Prospect, KY 40059

YES! Sign me up for one year (12 issues) of The RAINBOW

Name Address City __

Payment enclosed □

Charge my: ☐ VISA ☐ MasterCard ☐ American Express

Account # ___

Interbank # ___

For credit card orders only, call (800) 847-0309, 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. EST. For other inquiries call (502) 228-4492

You can with a subscription to THE RAINBOW, the most complete magazine available for the Color Computer. While THE RAINBOW is written for the Tandy CoCo, many of our programs can be typed in with few or no changes for use on the Dragon Computer.

Every month, we bring you an average of 250 pages packed wih programs, tutorials, questions and answers, product reviews. hints and tips for expanding your computing horizons. It can all be yours by subscribing to THE RAIN-Bow today!

U.K. Subscription Rates: Surface — \$68 (U.S.) Airmail — \$103 (U.S.)







Subscriptions to THE RAINBOW are \$31 in the United States. Canadian rate is \$38 (U.S. funds). Surface rate elsewhere is \$68 (U.S.). Airmail \$103 (U.S.). All subscriptions begin with the current issue. Please allow 6 to 8 weeks for first copy. Payment accepted in U.S. currency only

Dragonsoft

Terrific Tangle Triumph

Program: Tanglewood Supplier: Microdeal Price: £5.95

TANGLEWOOD is one of those rarities, an adventure game that successfully doubles as an arcade game. This may not mean much to you, but to the Editor it means a dilemma every time a letter comes in asking for help on it. Does she send it to the Expert, or Mr. Gerrard, or does she just auction it off to the highest bidder?

That it is an adventure is irrefutable. The aim is to get Beanbag to say the spell that will turn him from his now froggy state back to the majesty of his liondom and defeat the evil Schark, the property designer who has plans for the peaceful glade of Tanglewood.

This is the game that was going to be based on the kids' TV show Willo The Wisp, but for several reasonss too complex and/or boring to mention, has materialised in this form. Before I go any further, let me say that it's a great game, destined to become a Dragon classic; I haven't finished it yet, and I've had help from the author.

In the game you have control of five characters, although when the game starts only four of them are around, the first problem being to get the dog back! The characters are controlled via the cursor keys and moved around on the scrolling map at the bottom of the screen, which gives rise to control a bit like the arcade game Tutankhamen. The map however is only visible during the day, and at night you have to rely on your memory (or your own map!). Which brings me to a point that I forgot to mention, which is that the game is in real time, and you have a time limit. After ten days, Schark's bulldozers arrive and Tanglewood becomes an office block/car park/bingo hall (delete as appropriate).

The screen is set out with the aforementioned (and very graphic) map at the bottom, a picture of the character that the player is controlling (yes, yes I'll get to them in a minute), a picture of the location the character currently being used is currently occupying (literally a bit of the map), a cursor to

input conventional adventure commands and room for the responses to those commands, an inventory for the current character, an indicator to show that character's energy and an indicator to its status (ie safe, invulnerable to Schark's spells, or left blank). Phew! Right, before we go any further I want you all to go back and read that paragraph again children. Hush now. Fingers on lips.

The characters you can control are as follows:

 Bruce, a wallaby. (Yep, a wallaby. Well, you've got to give the author marks for originality!) Although Bruce is my favourite of the characters, he does have a lot of difficulty climbing. 4) Foghorn, described by the author as a 'cat of considerable abilities', but he hasn't made them apparent to me! And, without his specs, he can't see in the dark. (I don't know if he's any better without them, they're at the bottom of a pond and I can't get them out.)

 Peabody, a dog who, as already mentioned, needs some edible encouragement to come home.

There are two other characters in the game, moving independently on the main map, the first being Schark himself. He moves around Tanglewood during the day (no doubt with a team of architects and building consultants) and, as also mentioned, turns anyone he touches to stone.

Schark Careet

Cocleth Charlou Carden

Escanbas Cond Carden

Seanbas Cond Carden

Costes Carden

Cocleth Charlou

Carden

Cocleth Charlou

Carden

Cochert

2) Goliath, a mouse who lost his whiskers in a previous encounter with Schark. This means that he needs a new set, and even when you know where they are and how to get them, and I know both, you still can't get the damn things.

3) Beanbag, once a lion, now a frog. And what's worse is that there are no princesses around to kiss him!! Beanbag moves on the rivers, marshes and swamps, while the others move on the paths. However, at night he can get onto the paths which is useful as his touch can free any of the creatures turned to stone by Schark (a fate from which he is apparently immune, although I wasn't going to stick around and find out.) However, there's a catch. The longer he stays as a frog, the weaker his touch becomes until you have to do other things to get your characters back. Ah now, that would be telling!

However, he rests at night (yep, that's when he can't see the map). The last character is on your side.

There's no 'Help' option in the game, but Owl, if you can get to him, will give a lot of useful advice from his wisdom.

Well, that's the main play area described. Now on to all the other bits. There are several little text only mazes, all with an essential location within them (as with all the best mazes).

Then there's the Dwarf Dive. Now only some of the characters can get in here, but when they do we are treated to a nice little ladders and walkways game which needs no less than three characters to go in and out for it to be solved! It's patrolled by rather nasty robots which make it even more infuriatingly hard than it is already.

Finally, there's Castle

Schark. This is the pretentious 3D, five level castle that Schark inhabits, and it can only be entered when a character is impervious to Schark's speels. The key is in there somewhere. (I think.)

Right, that's the game. Now onto the features that make it not just a great adventure but a really great one.

There are several special commands which I must skip over before summing up: 'Time' changes day into night or vice versa, 'Transfer' allows characters to pass objects to each other, 'Look' or '?' gives a description of the current location, 'Search' allows you to turn on an automatic 'Look' at every location, and 'Hold' is an excellent feature which allows you to save game to memory.

Then, when you quit, the game starts again from where you last typed 'Hold'. The game does, of course, support tape 'Save' and 'Load', and this feature has never loet me down with perfect loading every time.

Finally, there is an option to hold the bulldozers off for an extra two weeks.

This option also keeps Schark tied up 'in board meetings' for the first 24 hours of the game, allowing the characters relative freedom.

A few playing hints. Get the characters to work in teams, passing objects to each other, so that their energy never gets too low to make a run to home when things get dicey with Schark.

Get to every location you can
necessary objects are often
just lying around in the open.
Every object has a use. Try not
to use search — there is a
tendency, when it's on, not to
bother to read it!

To sum up then, this is an excellent game, very hard, but progressive, ie the problems flow nicely, the plot works, and the added elements like Dwarf Dive and Castle Schark complement the game.

This game deserves to be as popular as *Juxtaposition*, and that must be the highest recommendation an adventure can get.

Jason Orbaum



Program: Fire Force Supplier: Quickbeam

Price: £9.95

QUICKBEAM's new all-action arcade game Fire Force held my attention as soon as it started loading, thanks to the somewhat strange loading system employed, which loads the title page as a series of two diagonal stripes! Although this is a little reminiscent of some of the Spectrum loading routines, it does seem to be slightly quicker than the normal method.

Having loaded the game, the next thing that strikes you is the music. This has been implemented using the Advanced Music System (AMS) from Chris Jolly, who also composed the music itself (very Pink Floydish).

The object of the game is to lead your crack team of commandos across enemy held territory to retrieve the 'Spirit' fighter plane that has been stolen by the enemy. If you can tear yourself away from the music long enough to attempt this perilous task you will find that the enemy troopos that occupy the jungle you must traverse are every bit as crack as yours are. However, the treck through the jungle is possible, and requires quick thinking and a very quick joystick and fire-button. Unlike a lot of arcade games, simply blasting away indiscriminately will not allow you an easy way through; careful selection of each shot seems to be the order of the day.

Having managed to get to the captured fighter, you are faced with the perilous flight home. Enemy planes will do A quick round of Fire



their best to prevent you from doing this. The enemy planes are represented by what must be the largest 'sprites' I have ever seen on the Dragon, and despite their annoying tendency to fire air-to-air missiles at you, they can be beaten so that you can return to base for a hero's welcome.

The game is entertaining and a lot of care has obviously gone into the writing. There is little financial reward to be had for writing Dragon programs these days, and so most programs are written out of enthusiasm. Dave 'Gibbo' Gibbons is obviously a real Dragon enthusiast. I hope this program gets the recognition it deserves.

The game deserves 5/5 although I think the price is too steep at £9.95. The current trend is to lower prices, not raise them!

Roy Coates



THIS title is the followup to the immensely popular Shaolin Master, which took the art of joystick contortionism to new extremes and therefore this game obviously has a lot to live up to — even more so with a price tag on it of just under a tenner.

After a rather odd loading process and a detailed screen at the end of the loading, a crescendo of music bursts forth from the normally restrained Dragon. The music is good throughout, not just a collection of bleeps acquired from the play command, but a specially written piece.

Enough of the music, and on to the game itself, which is a development of the well trodden and oft abused 'shootem-up' theme. Here you must locate and then fly a prototype plane in a three stage game, which allows up to three little commandos for you to get blown into numerous small fragments.

Stage one has you all alone in a rain forest with only your trusty gun to keep you company.

All alone, that is, apart from a few hundred other enemy troops, all with the intent to do you serious damage. You have to blast them with your gun, which in the true tradition of films and computer games has an eternally limitless arsenal. Scattered about the landscape are large, neat graphic palms, barbed wire and walls to hide behind or dodge past.

Dodging indeed could be the operative word in this game as the detection mechanism is to put it simply not very accurate, and to lose a life when a bullet is still well in front of you is disheartening, especially when one has just passed through your entire body without leaving as much as a scratch on your chunky graphic uniform.

If you complete this stage, then you progress to a similar second stage where you again shoot all and sundry, now along a causeway.

Finally, having found the plane in stage three, you fly it over the well drawn landscape adjusting height to get under bridges and collect power, and ultimately get back to base.

When you do get back I suppose you start all over again, although I can't verify this as I've never managed to get there — the game is simple in theory, but many men are lost in action.

When it comes down to it this is simply a hit and run game with a nice tune and aesthetic graphics, but it does have that 'One more go' addictive quality and is a difficult challenge for arcade fans with an itchy trigger finger.

Philip Stott



THE year is 1996 and the prototype IMFTC X18 'Spirit' attack plane has been stolen and hidden in Africa. Your mission is to find it and fly it home. Eight soldiers including you have been assigned to the job.

Phase 1

THIS phase is similar to the arcade game Commando. You begin just in fromt of a bridgeway with enemy solders all around. On this phase you have to find a certain place. When you find the place a message on the screen comes up which says uou have completed that phase.

Phase 2

ON this phase you have to run along a bridgeway in search of a runway. Along the bridgeway are enemy soldiers running and firing at anything that moves. The solders on this phase make this phase quite hard.

Phase 3

ON this phase you have to fly the Spirit X18 home. This is not as easy as it sounds. At the start of this phase you see a plane, which is quite large, but the enemy's is much larger but less nimble.

You have to fly under bridges, over buildings, avoid palm trees and the ground, while collecting power modules, and to stay airborne. An altimeter at the side of the screen is lifesaving in this game. This is probably the hardest phase of the game.

The game has excellent sound and quite good graphics. The sprites are unusually large for a Dragon computer game.

All praises go to the programmer for producing a brilliant sequel to Shoalin Master! Praises also go to Chris Jolly for the sound track. The only thing I hate about the game is on the first phases, where you can get stuck in the palm trees. Overall: recommended, go out and buy it!

David Linsley



Tandy/Dragon Basic Converter

Rudy Duyck converts CoCo Basic tokens to their Dragon equivalent

IN the December 1984 Dragon User John Buckley presented a Basic program to convert Dragon User programs into Coco Basic programs and vice versa. He also explained that the difference between these two Basics lies not in their actual commands or syntax but in the way they are coded internally. This is correct if you do not take into account the disc operating system commands, as we shall see. Basic commands are not stored as a string of letters in the computer's memory, but as a one-byte or two-byte 'token'. The two-byte tokens are needed because there are too many Basic commands for all the values that one byte can contain, which are moreover even more restricted because the value of the token byte should be higher than 127, since it would otherwise be recognised as an alphanumeric or graphics character by the Basic interpreter.

A two-byte token consists of a byte with value 255 and another with a value higher than 127. For more detailed information I refer you to John Buckley's article and to any good book on the Dragon, especially, of course, Duncan Smeed and Ian Summerville's Inside the Dragon. The Dragon and the Coco use different tokens for most commands, which explains why you cannot run Coco Basic programs on the Dragon as they are and vice versa. You get two lists of both the Dragon and the Coco tokens, one sorted alphabetically on the Basic commands, one sorted numerically on the tokens.

Flexible conversation

One solution to the problem of exchanging programs is to save a Basic program written on one machine in ASCII ('CSAVE "program", A') and load it in this format on the other machine. Sadly this soon becomes rather cumbersome if you want to exchange large numbers of programs. Since I am a member of a large 6809 users' group which has far more Coco owners than Dragon owners, this problem soon became evident, so I was rather happy to discover John Buckley's program in one of my old Dragon User issues. Unfortunately his approach has some major disadvantages, fine though his program may be. Since it is written in Basic the user has to go through the whole procedure of loading the converter and merge programs, merging the program to be converted, etc. each time he wants to make a conversion. Secondly, because you need RAM to store the Basic converter program in this puts restrictions on the length of the program you can convert. Thirdly, the author had no information on Dragon DOS and his program cannot convert Disc Basic tokens. This is why I decided to write a more flexible and more complete program in machine code. Nevertheless, I must emphasize that without

John Buckley's program and article my program would never have been written. I also consider this article an effort to promote collaboration between Coco users and Dragon users and it is a result of reading the increasing number of letters by Coco users to Dragon User. Although 'COCODRAG' is primarily intended for Dragon users I feel that Coco owners can also profit from the program and the information provided here. At the end of this article you will find suggestions for adapting the converter so that it will convert Dragon Basic programs into Coco Basic programs.

The 'COCODRAG' converter as you find it here (in both an assembler listing and a Basic program which pokes in the object code) translates Coco Basic programs into Dragon Basic programs and resides in the first graphics page if you use Dragon DOS, in the second graphics page if you are a cassette user. This means that there are no restrictions on the length of the Basic program you want to convert and that there is no need to re-load 'COCODRAG' after each conversion. Do not test the resulting program though: if it should contain a PCLS instruction you would, of course, lose 'COCODRAG'! However, the converter is written in position independent code, ie it can be placed anywhere in available RAM, and if you prefer a different location for the converter or if you are a cassette user who needs to issue a PCLEAR1 to be able to load a really long Basic program, you can relocate 'COCODRAG' by loading it with an offset. The converter will not work in 64K mode since it uses a number of ROM routines, the addresses of which you find in the beginning of the assembler listing (thank you Brian Cadge!).

Another problem which my program tries to answer is that Basic programmers may hide machine code routines or graphic characters to be poked into the screen memory area in a string within a Basic program. In this case if the only thing a converter program does is look at each byte and see whether its value is higher than 127 and, if so, change it, then the converter will alter these hidden graphics of machine code routines, which may naturally contain codes which the converter would interpret as tokens. 'COCODRAG' will skip strings and will thus leave them virginal and untouched. Doing this proved to be less simple than I thought at first sight. An earlier version of the program ran wild while converting some programs because the programmers had not closed their strings with quotation marks (this is not absolutely necessary at the end of a Basic line). I could then test to see whether the end of the Basic line had been reached by checking for the O-byte signalling this, but this was impossible because the string contained machine code in some instances, and this could contain O-values. I solved this by using the information contained in the 'header' of each Basic line: the first two bytes of each line contain the address of the beginning of the next line. In this way I could quite simply compare addresses.

Expanding the converter to enable it to tackle disc Basic programs proved to be complicated too. Most non-file handling commands translate in a fairly straightforward manner, but the differences in file handling between the Dragon DOS and the Coco DOS are enormous. Moreover, the syntax of quite a number of commands is different. Identical in use, though not necessarily in name, are: BACKUP, COPY, DIR, DSKINI/DSKINIT, DSKI\$/SREAD, DSKO\$/SWRITE, DRIVE, KILL, RENAME and VERIFY. These tokens are converted by the program.

Differences

Minor though naturally important differences are:

- Tandy drives are numbered 0,1,2,3;
 Dragon drives 1,2,3,4 (although Dragon DOS V4.0 and V4.1 will accept 0 for the first drive); you will have to change the drive numbers in the program yourself
- 'FREE(drive)' in Coco Basic equals 'FREEdrive' in Dragon Basic (the 'FREE' will be converted but you will have to delete the brackets 'manually')
- Coco 'SAVEM "program", load, end, exec' equals Dragon 'SAVE "program", load, end, exec' ("COCODRAG" converts the 'SAVE' token but the 'M' will need to be deleted manually); Coco 'SAVE "Basic" equals Dragon 'SAVE "Basic" but the Coco version has the 'A' (SAVE in ASCII format) option as does CSAVE in both Basics; this 'A' option, if present, will have to be deleted manually
- Coco 'LOAD "Basic" equals Dragon 'LOAD "Basic", but the Coco version has the ',R' option, which will cause the Basic program to run immediately after loading; here Dragon would quite simply 'RUN "Basic"'; Coco 'LOADM "program" equals Dragon 'LOAD "program.BIN" ', but whereas the Coco user can specify an offset which will be added to the load address of the binary file, the Dragon user can specify the absolute address at which the file must be loaded (the token will be replaced, but the Coco 'M' in 'LOADM' will have to be deleted and the Dragon 'BIN' added. and the options will have to be adapted)
- Coco 'CLOSE £buffer' operates on disk buffers or on all open files, whereas Dragon 'CLOSE drive' operates on all open files on a specified drive or on the default drive; Coco 'UNLOAD drive' has the same function as Dragon 'CLOSE drive' ("COCODRAG" will replace both Coco 'CLOSE' and 'UNLOAD' with Dragon 'CLOSE'; the rest of the syntax will have to be adapted by hand)

- Coco 'EOF(buffer)' operates on buffers and returns O if there is more data to be read in the buffer and -1 if there is no more data in it; Dragon 'EOF("file")' works on files and returns O if there is no more data, -1 if there is (the EOF token will be replaced, but the syntax not)
- Coco 'LOC(buffer)' and 'LOC(buffer)' again work with buffers and refer to record numbers (current and highest respectively), whereas Dragon 'LOC "datafile"' and 'LOF "datafile"' work on files and refer to the address of a byte; additionaly the Dragon 'LOF' works on any file, not just a data file (the tokens are replaced, the syntax is not adapted)
- Coco 'MERGE "Basic"' equals Dragon 'MERGE "Basic"' but the Coco version has the same ',R' option as 'LOAD' has; moreover, in Coco DOS the program on disc to be merged must have been saved in ASCII (the token is changed, the option must still be dealt with if present)
- Coco 'RUN "Basic" equals Dragon 'RUN" Basic" but has an option, ',R', which will keep all open files open; the Dragon 'RUN' also works with machine code programs, I am not sure it does in the case of the Coco; Dragon 'CHAIN' is related to the ',R' option, but retains the values of variables (token replaced, option not changed if present)
- Coco 'WRITE # buffer, data' and 'PRINT # buffer, data' write data to a buffer but find a relatively close equivalent in Dragon 'FWRITE "file": data' (notice the semicolon instead of the comma before the data list); Coco 'PRINT' can also print data with the USING format, the data must be separated by a comma or a semi-colon; Coco 'WRITE' data need to be separated by a comma; Dragon 'FWRITE' data are separated by a comma and can be written 'FROM' a specific place in the file, 'FOR' a specific length ('FWRITE "file", FROM a.. FOR b; variable list'; 'COCODRAG' replaces the Coco 'WRITE' token with the Dragon 'FWRITE' token but could not do so in the case of the Coco 'PRINT' token. which will appear as Dragon 'PRINT', since all 'PRINT' tokens would have become 'FWRITE' tokens, including the non-disc ones; the rest needs to be adapted manually.

Commands

Although you may get the impression that 'COCODRAG' leaves more unchanged than changed, if you look carefully you will see that most disc Basic programs that do not work with data files can be readily transformed with a very limited amount of editing by hand. Coco programs that deal with data files, however, are more difficult to convert.

The Coco handles both direct access and serial files, like the Dragon, but works with buffers which are opened and allocated and allows the user to refer to a record by its number. It is impractical to convert the tokens of the commands not mentioned above for various reasons, as we shall see. Nevertheless, for the patient and diligent converters among you' I shall briefly present all the non-compatible and unconverted Coco and Dragon commands:

- Coco 'MKN\$(number)' converts a number to a five-byte string for storage in a formatted disc file; Coco 'CVN(string variable)' converts a five-byte string produced by 'MKN\$' back to the number it represents; neither has even a remote Dragon equivalent; the tokens are not converted; 'MKN\$' will show as Dragon 'HIMEM' and 'CVN' as 'LOF', as you can see in the numerically sorted table of tokens
- Coco 'LSET field name = data' left justifies the data within the field name and truncates the right characters if the data is too long; Coco 'RSET field name = data' right justifies and truncates the data the reverse way; neither has a Dragon equivalent and both are left unconverted; 'LSET' will show as Dragon 'CREATE' and 'RSET' as 'DSKINIT'
- Coco 'FIELD # buffer, field size AS field name, ...' organizes the space within a direct access buffer into fields; no Dragon equivalent, not converted: you would have to work with the 'FROM' and 'FOR' options of 'FWRITE'; 'FIELD' will appear as Dragon 'BEEP'
- Coco 'FILES buffer, buffer size' reserves the specified number of buffers and the total number of bytes specified in 'buffer size'; no Dragon equivalent, not converted: you would probably have to work with 'CREATE'; 'FILES' will show as Dragon 'BOOT'
- ◆ Coco 'OPEN "mode", # buffer, filename, record length' opens a buffer (O = screen, -1 = tape recorder, -2 = printer, 1-15 = disk drive) in the mode specified ('I" = input of data from a sequential file, 'O" = output of data to a sequential file, 'D" = input or output of data from or to a direct access file); the record length needs to be mentioned only if the file is direct access; Dragon data files need not be opened nor, for that matter, created: this happens automatically when a data file is accessed; 'OPEN' will remain 'OPEN' in the converted listing
- Coco 'GET # buffer, record number' gets the next record or the record with the number specified and puts it in the buffer; such direct access is less simple on the Dragon: you would need to use the 'FROM' and 'FOR' options of the 'FREAD' command; 'COÇODRAG' does not convert this token since this would entail the changing of all non-disc GETs as well; 'GET' will remain 'GET'
- Coco 'INPUT # buffer, variable, ..., inputs data from the specified buffer; on the Dragon this would become 'FREAD' but 'COCODRAG' could not convert this without converting all the non-disc INPUTs; 'INPUT' will remain 'INPUT'
- Coco 'LINEINPUT # buffer, variable' inputs all the data up to an ENTER character from the specified buffer; in Dragon Basic this would become 'FLREAD', but again this could not be converted without converting all the non-disc LINEINPUTs; 'LINEINPUT' will remain 'LINEINPUT'
- Coco 'PUT #buffer, record number' assigns a record number to the data in the buffer; no Dragon equivalent; 'PUT' will remain 'PUT'
- Dragon commands without a Coco equivalent are: AUTO, BEEP, BOOT, CHAIN,

CREATE, ERL, ERR, ERROR, FRE\$, FROM, HIMEM, PROTECT, SWAP, WAIT, FREAD and FLREAD.

All the non-converted tokens and indeed any token error spotted by 'COCODRAG' will be signalled to the user by the ERROR routine, and the screen will show both the line and the address in which the error occurred. However, the PRINTs, GETs, PUTs and similar cases will be converted to their non-disc Basic equivalents and will naturally not be signalled to the user as errors, so watch out! The program does not actually change the tokens with values below 142, since these have the same meaning in both Coco and Dragon Basic. This saves some processing time.

How do you use 'COCODRAG'? You can type in the Basic loader and use this to poke in the hex values of the object code line by line. The loader will check whether the data entered are correct. If you have an assembler you can type in the source code listing written with Diskdream. The assembled or poked in code can be saved to tape with CSAVEM 'COCODRAG', &HCOO, &HDEA, &HCOO, or to disc with SAVE 'COCODRAG', &HCOO, &HDEB, &HCOO if you have DOS V1.0, or with SAVE 'COCODRAG', &HCOO, &HDEA, &HCOO if you have DOS V4.0 or V4.1.

Assembler listing

You can load your Basic program to be converted and 'COCODRAG' in any order you like, and there is no need to reserve space for 'COCODRAG', since it resides in a graphics page. When both have been loaded you simply EXEC the converter and 'COCODRAG' will keep you informed of which line number it is converting. This of course slows down the conversion process, but I feel that it is rather silly to sit staring at a blank and unmoving screen, so, you get the counter to idle away the seconds! After the 'CONVERSION COMPLETE' message you can SAVE the converted listing of no errors have occurred, or edit out the errors or unconverted Coco commands as necessary.

The assembler listing can be adapted to convert Dragon Basic programs into Coco Basic program. To do this you will need to change six lines in the assembler listing: the two lines under 'YES: SINGLE-BYTE TOKEN FOUND' should become:

OC68 318DOO97 LEAY TOKEN1+1,PCR OC6C 1OAC8DO130 TK1LP CMPY TOKEN2+1,PCR

The fourth line after that becomes:

OC77 A63D LDA -3,Y

The line after 'YES: DOUBLE-BYTE TOKEN FOUND' is changed into:

OC7D 318DO120 CONT2 LEAY TOKEN2+1, PCR

and the second and sixth lines after that become:

OC83 10AC8DO163 TK2LP CMPY TABEND+1,PCR

OC8E A63D LDA -3.Y

Of course, the Dragon commands that have no equivalent in Coco Basic will not be converted, and some of the Dragon disc commands will be converted into the wrong Coco command for the reasons explained above. The people who have no assembler

available should be able to find the new bytes to be poked in by comparing the original assembler listing with the adapted one (the object code is the second column in the assembler listing, the first is the address at which the code is stored).

I shall answer any questions you might

have if you include a self-addressed envelope and one International Reply Coupon if you live in the EEC or two if you live outside it. If you feel daunted by the task of typing in the listing I can provide a cassette with the assembled program and some Coco programs to try it out on, pro-

vided you send me £3.50 by International Money Order (no cheques please: the bank deducts all its costs from the sum paid, leaving almost nothing of a small sum remitted this way). My address is: Rudy Duyck, Abdijbekestraat 8 — C2, B-8200 Brugge 2 (St.-Andries), Belgium.

3499		*****	*****	******	******	0052		*****	*****	*****	*******	**
3A99		*			*	0052		* LO	OK FOR	END OF S	STRING:	*
3A99		* CONVI	ERTS	COCO BASI	C PROGRAM *	0052		* -) SE	COND (*)	, DR	*
3A99					OGRAM AND *	0052				D OF LINE		*
3499			5 IF "	TOKEN" NO	T CHANGED *	0052		15 (10 10 10 10 10 10			******	
3A99		*			*		A680	STRLP	LDA	,×+	; YES: NEX	
3A99			RIGHT	RUDY DUYC	K 26.5.86 *		8122		CMPA	#34	ENDSTRNO	0.000
3A99		*			*		27F2		BEO	LOOP	YES: NEX	
3A99					*******	,,	ACBDOOA4		CMPX		CR ; ENDL	
3499					********		27D0 20F2		BEQ	LINELP	; YES: NXTL	
3A99		* IMBLI		TSTEM VAR M ROUTINE	IABLES AND*	0000	20F2	*****	BRA	STRLP	:NO:SEAR(
3499		*			.5 ************************************	0000					ANGE BYTE	
0000	ocoo	*****	ORG	3072	*****	0000					*********	
0000	0000		PUT	3072			8185	CONT	CMPA	#142	CHANGE?	
0000	BA77	CLS	EQU	47735			25E6		BLO	LOOP	INO: NEXT	
0000	0088	CURS	EQU	136			81FF		CMPA	#255	; YES: 2BTS	
0000	AOEA	CURWT	EQU	41194		0066	2715		BEQ	CONT2	YES: BRNO	
0000	90E5	OUTSTR	EQU	37092		0068		*****	*****	******	*******	**
0000	957A	NRPRNT	EQU	38266		0068		* YES:	SINGL	E-BYTE TO	KEN FOUND	*
0000	0019	BASBEG	EQU	25		0068		*****	*****	******	******	**
0000	001E	BASEND	EQU	27		0068	318D0096		LEAY	TOKEN1,F	CR ; NO: 11	BT
0000	BAAC	BEEP	EQU	47776		0060	10AC9D012F	TKILP	CMPY	TOKEN2, F	CR ; ENDT	B?
0000	0080	PITCH		140		0071	2728		BEG	ERROR	; YES: NTF	ND
0000			*****	*****	********		AIAI		CMPA	,Y++	; NO: FOUNI	D?
0000		*			*		26F5		BNE	TKILP	; NO: NEXT	
0000		*	MAIN	PROGRAM	*		A63F		LDA	-1,Y	; YES: CHN	
0000		*			*		A71F		STA	-1,×	; TOKE	
0000					*****		20CD		BRA	LOOP	NEXTBYTE	
0000		*		******** P SCREEN	********	0070					(*********	
0000					* **********	0C7D		(0.1)			KEN FOUND	
	BDBA77	@TEXT	JSR	CLS	INITSCRN	0070	318D011F	CONT2	LEAY		***********	
	308D00B1	G: EX	LEAX	CONV-1.P			A680	CONTZ	LDA		CR ;2BTTF:	
	BD90E5		JSR	OUTSTR	CK		10AC8D0162	TV21 P	CMPY	,×+ TABEND,F		
	308D00B6		LEAX	START-1.	PCR		2711	INZEP	BEQ	ERROR	YES:NTF	
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	BD90E5		JSR	OUTSTR			AIAI		CMPA	.Y++	INO: FOUNT	
0011	DC 19		LDD	BASBEG			2655		BNE	TK2LP	; NO:NEX	
0013	BD957A		JSR	NRPRNT			A63F		LDA	-1,Y	; YES:CH	
0016	308D00B3		LEAX	EIND-1.P	CR		AZ1F		STA	-1,×	: TOKEN	
OC1A	BD90E5		JSR	OUTSTR			20B6		BRA	LOOP	NEXTBYTE	
	DC1B		LDD	BASEND		0094		*****		-	*******	_
	830001		SUBD	#1		0094					M REACHED	
	BD957A		JSR	NRPRNT		0094		*****	*****	*******	********	**
	308D00AC		LEAX	LINE-1,P	CR	0094	308052	END	LEAX	ENDMSG-	,PCR ;INI	ΙT
100000000000000000000000000000000000000	BD90E5		JSP	OUTSTP		0097	BD90E5		JSR	DUTSTR	; PRTTE	XT
0020					********	OCPA	39		RTS		ENDCOM	NV
0020		* LOAD	START	ADDRESS	OF PROGRAM*	OCFB		*****	*****	******	*******	**
0020					******	OCSE					TOKEN BUT	
	9E19		LDX	BASBEG	STARTADDR	OCSE					ED: ERROR	
0C2E					*******	OC9B					*********	**
002E				LINE B			3410	ERROR	PSHS		SAVE X	
OC2E				XT LINE I			C614		LDB	#20	SOUND	
0025		* LINE			PRINTED *		D78C		STB	PITCH		
	10AE84	LINELP		*********	:LDADNXTLN		BDBAA0 308C36		JSR	BEEP EDDMCG-	BCB	• •
	10AF8D00CA		STY		CR : SAVEAD		BD90E5		LEAX		PPTTEN	
	3004		LEAX		FREAL BYTE		1F10		JSR	OUTSTR	; PRTTE	
	9C1F		CMPX	BASEND	END PROG?		830001		TFR SUBD	#1	; LOAD ADI	
100 1100,1100,1000	2458		BHS	END	YES: END		BD957A		JSR	M1 NRPRNT	PRNT ADD	
0030	EC1E		LDD	-2,X	; NO: LDLNNO		BDAOEA		JSR	CURWT	WAITERKE	
OC3E	CE04A6		LDU	#1190	CURSORPOS		3510		PULS		RESTORE	
0041	DF89		STU	CURS			2091		BRA	LOOP	NEXT BYT	
0043	3410		PSHS	×	SAVE X	OCB9		*****			*******	
	BD957A		JSR	NRPRNT	; PRTLINENO	OCB9		*		US MESSAG		*
7.50	3510		PULS	×	RESTORE X	OCBO		*****			******	
0C4A					*******		OD636F6E76		FCC		erting',0	
0C4A		* SECO			BY BYTE *	0005	ODOD535441	START	FCC		TART ',0	
0C4A				END OF L		OCCE	OD454E4420	EIND	FCC	13, 'END	',0	
OC4A		* AND	FOR	STRINGS		OCD6	OD4C494E45	LINE	FCC	13, 'LINE	',0	
0C4A	***				******	OCDE	ODOD657272	ERRMSG	FCC	13,13,'e	error IN ',	, 0
	A680	LOOP	LDA	, x+	LOAD BYTE		ODOD636F6E	ENDMSG	FCC	13,13,'c	onversion	•
0040	27E0		BEG	LINELP	; ENDLN?YES	OCF7	636F6D706C		FCC	'complet	e',0	
00.45				- 74	· NO · CTDNG?							
OC4E	260E		EMPA BNE	#34 CONT	; NO: STRNG?							1

```
******* OD7A CAB9CBBA
ODOO
                                                              FCC
                                                                        202,185,203,186
ODOO
               * STORAGE FOR ADDRESS NEXT LINE* ODTE CCBECDCD
                                                                        204,190,205,205
ODOO
               FCC 206,213,207,214
ODGO
              NXTLIN RMB
                                                                  FCC
                                              OD86 D2DBD3DC
                                                                        210,219,211,220
0002
               ******* ODSA D5DDD6E0
                                                                        213,221,214,224
0002
               *SINGLE-BYTE TOKENS: COCO/DRAGON* ODSE D8E1D9D9
                                                                   FCC
                                                                        216,225,217,217
OD02
                                                                  FCC 218,228,219,156
FCC 220,215,221,207
               ******* OD92 DAE4DB90
                                             OD96 DCD7DDCF
ODO2 SESFSF90
              TOKEN1 FCC
                          142,143,143,144
                                              OD9A DED3DFE2
OD06 90919192
                     FCC
                          144, 145, 145, 146
                                                                   FCC
                                                                         222,211,223,226
ODOA 92939394
                     FCC
                          146,147,147,148
                                              ODSE EDE2
                                                                   FCC
                                                                         224,227
                          148,149,149,150
ODOE 94959595
                                                            *********************
                    FCC
                                             ODAC
OD12 96979799
                     FCC
                          150, 151, 151, 153
                                                            *DOUBLE-BYTE TOKENS: COCO/DRAGON*
                                             ODAO
                         152,154,153,155
0D16 989A999B
                    FCC
                                                             **********************
                                              ODAG
ODIA 9A9C9B9D
                     FCC
                          154,156,155,157
156,159,157,159
                                              ODAG 80808181
                                                            TOKEN2 FCC 128,128,129,129
ODIE OCOEODOF
                          ODAS 84848588
ODAC 869C878D
ODAS 888E898F
162,164,163,165
ODBO 888E898F
164,187,165,188
ODBA 8A90076
168,192,169,167
                    FCC
                                             ODAS 84848583
                                             ODA4 828283A1
                                                                  FCC
                                                                         130,130,131,161
0D22 9EA09FA1
                   FCC
                                                                   FCC 132,132,133,136
                                                                  FCC 134,140,135,141
FCC 136,142,137,143
FCC 138,144,139,145
OD26 AOA2A1A3
                    FCC
                         160,162,161,163
ODZA AZA4AJA5
                    FCC
ODZE A4BBA5BC
OD32 A6BDA7BF
                  FCC
                                                                   FCC
                                                                        140,146,141,147
                                                                       142,150,143,151
OD36 ABCOA9C1
                                            ODBC 8E968F97
ODCO 90989199
                   FCC
                                                                   FCC
ODJA AACZABC3
                          170,194,171,195
172,196,173,197
                    FCC
                                                                  FCC
                                                                        144, 152, 145, 153
ODSE ACCAADCS
                    FCC
                                            ODC4 929A939B
                                                                  FCC
                                                                        146, 154, 147, 155
OD42 AEC6AFC7
                          174,198,175,199
                    FCC
                                             ODCB 948B9589
                                                                  FCC
                                                                       148,139,149,137
OD46 BOCBBIC9
                          176,200,177,201
178,202,179,203
                   FCC
                                             ODCC 968A9787
                                                                  FCC
                                                                        150,138,151,135
                                             ODDO 98949986
ODD4 9A839885
OD4A BZCARJCE
                    FCC
                                                                 FCC 152,148,153,134
                          180,204,181,166
ODAE BACCBSA6
                    FCC
                                                                 FCC 154,131,155,133
FCC 156,149,157,156
FCC 158,157,159,158
OD52 B6A7B7A8
                   FCC
                                             ODD8 90959D90
OD56 B8A9B998
                    FCC
                          184,169,185,152
                                             ODDC 9E9D9F9E
                                             ODEO AOPFAIAO
ODE4 A3A3A4A7
ODSA BABEBBAA
                                                                 FCC 160,159,161,160
                    FCC
                          186,142,187,170
ODSE BCABBDAC
                          188,171,189,172
                   FCC
                                                                  FCC
                                                                        163, 163, 164, 167
OD62 BEADBFAE
                     FCC
                          190,173,191,174
                                             ODES ASAZ
                                                                  FCC
                                                                        165,162
OD66 COAFCIBO
                    FCC
                          192,175,193,176
                                             ODEA
                                                            *******************
OD6A CZB1C3B2
                     FCC
                          194,177,195,178
                                             ODEA
                                                                 END OF TOKEN TABLES
ODEE C4B3C5B4
                          196,179,197,180
                     FCC
                                             ODEA
                                                            *************
OD72 C6B5C7B6
                          198,181,199,182
                     FCC
                                             ODEA OO
                                                            TABEND FCC
                     FCC
                          200,183,201,184
10 'hextcader RUDY DUYCK 15.3.86 100 POKE I+INT(1/2),H
20 CL3
                                       110 NEXT J
30 FOR I=%HCOO TO &HDEA STEP 10 120 INPUT"CHECKSUM"; T2#: T2=VAL
40 T1=0
                                            ("&H"+T2$)
                                       130 IF T1()T2 THEN PRINT"ERROR:
50 PRINTHEX$(I);": ";
                                            REDO": GOTO40
SO INPUT HE
TO FOR J=1 TO LEN(HE) STEP 2 140 NEXT I
                                      150 PRINT: PRINT" CONVERTER READY TO BE SAVED"
20 H=VAL ("%H"+MID$(H$, J, 2))
70 T1=T1+H
    500: PDPA77302D00B1BD90E5 = 53E
                                                   CFA: 706C4574650065008E8F = 39C
                                                 004: 8F909091919292939394 = 5AF
    COA: 702000868090E50C1980 = 557
                                                 DOE: 9495959696979799989A = 5E3
    C14: 9574JOSDOOBJBD9055DC = 58D
                                                  118: 999B9A9C9B9D9C9E9D9F = 618
    C1E: 19330001PD957A303D00 = 329
    C23: ACEDODESOE1910AE3410 = 4E7
                                                 022: 9EA09FA1A0A2A1A3A2A4 = 54A
    CT2: AFPROCATO049C1F2458 = T4D
                                                   D2C: AJASA4BPA5BCA6BDA7BF = 5D1
                                               D36: A9COA9C1AAC2ABC3ACC4 = 71C
    CTC: EC!ECEC4A6DF893410BD = 4EA
                                                 D40: ADCSAEC6AFC7BOC8B1C9 = 74E
    045: 957A3510A68027E08122 = 424
                                                D4A: B2CAB3CBB4CCB5A6B6A7 = 732
D54: B7A3F8A9B998BA3EBBAA = 6EE
    C50: 260EA680312227F2ACSD = 44F
C5A: 00A427D020F2819E25E6 = 4C7
                                                 DSE: BCARBDACBEADBFAECOAF = 717
    C64: 31FF2715319D009610AC = 3CC
    CAE: 9D012F2728A1A126F5A6 = 40F
                                                  769: C180C281C392C4B3C5B4 = 749
                                                 072: C6B5C7B6C9B7C9P8CAB9 = 77B
    C78: 35A71F20CD318D011FA6 = 376
                                                 DZC: CPBACCBECDCDCED5CFD6 = ZF1
    CS2: 8010ACSD01622711A1A1 = 3A5
                                                  D86: D2DPD3DCD5DDD6E0D8E1 = 37D
    13C: 26F5453FA71F20B6308C = 458
```

096: 529090E53934100614D7 = 482

CAO: 808DEA403030368D9055 = 507

CAA: 1F10830001PD957APDA0 = IDC

CBE: 557274696E67000D0D53 = 2F6

CC3: 5441525420000D454E44 = 23F

CD7: 202020000D4C494E4520 = 185

CDC: 20000D0D6572726F7220 = 284

CE6: 494E20000D0D636F6E76 = 297

CFO: 657273696F6E20636F6D = 3EF

P4: E43510209:0D635F6E75 = 3A3

= 0

D90: D9D9DAE4DB9CDCD7DDCF = 246 09A: DED3DFE2E0E330809181 = 737

7A4: 929233A184848588863C = 54F

DAE: 8700888E893F8A908B91 = 578 DB8: 90723D9385968F979098 = 580

DC2: 9199929A939B948B9539 = 5C1

304: 095590959D909E9D9F9E = 602

7E0: A09F41A0A7A3A4A7A5A2 = 658

DCC: 968A9787989499969A83 = 5A6

DEA: 00

POR GO REM GO REM GO REM GO REM GO REM GO FOR GO FO	177 179 179 179 180 185 185 187 188 189 189 190 192 193 194 195 196 197 197 198 197 197 198 197 198 197 198 197 198 197 198	EDIT TRON TROFF DEF LET LINE PCLS PSET PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DPAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM TAB TO SUB FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - * /^ AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	226 227 228 229 230 231 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 144		SGN INT APS USR RND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTY LEFT\$ PIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$ MEM	SREAD SWRITE VERIFE FROM FLREAT SWAP SGN SINT APS RND SOR LOG SINT LOG SINT LOG SINT COS LOG SINT COS LOG SINT COS SINT COS SINT COS SINT COS SINT COS SINT SINT SINT SINT SINT SINT SINT SIN
GO REM CLSE CLSE CLSE CLSE CLSE CLSE CLSE CLS	178 : 179 : 180 : 181 : 183 : 184 : 185 : 186 : 187 : 188 : 189 : 190 : 192 : 193 : 194 : 195 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 :	PEL EDIT TRON TROFF DEF LET LINE PCLS PSET PCLEAR COLCR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLOAD RENUM EN		PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM TAB TO SUB FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	227 228 229 230 231 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144		INT APS USR RND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ RIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	SWRITE VERIF FROM FLREA SWAP SGN INT ABS RND SOR LOG SIN COS TAN ATN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$
GO REM CLSE CLSE CLSE CLSE CLSE CLSE CLSE CLS	178 : 179 : 180 : 181 : 183 : 184 : 185 : 186 : 187 : 188 : 189 : 190 : 192 : 193 : 194 : 195 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 :	PEL EDIT TRON TROFF DEF LET LINE PCLS PSET PCLEAR COLCR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLOAD RENUM EN		PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM TAB TO SUB FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	227 228 229 230 231 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144		INT APS USR RND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ RIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	SWRITE VERIF FROM FLREA SWAP SGN INT ABS RND SOR LOG SOR LOG SOR LOG CHAN ATN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$
REM LELSE LIF DATA PRINT ON LINPUT END NEXT DIM PEAD LET RUN POKE RETURN CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST RESET CLE RESET	179 : 180 : 181 : 187 : 186 : 187 : 188 : 189 : 189 : 193 : 194 : 195 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 200 : 201 : 202 : 203 : 204 : 205 : 205	PEL EDIT TRON TROFF DEF LET LINE PCLS PSET PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLCR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		GET PUT DPAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD PENUM TAB TO SUP FN NOT STEP OFF + - * / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	228 229 230 231 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 140 141 142 143 144 145 144		INT APS USR RND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ RIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	VERIF' FROM FLREA' SWAP SGN INT APS POS RND SOR LOG SIN COS TAN ATN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL CHR\$ EOF
ELSE IF DATA PRINT ON INPUT END NEXT PIM PEAD LET RUN POKE RETURN STOP POKE CLOAD CSAVE OREN CLOSC LLIST SET CLS PESET CLS P	180 : 191 : 192 : 186 : 189 : 189 : 192 : 193 : 194 : 195 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 198 : 197 : 200 : 201 : 202 : 203 : 204 : 205 : 205	PEL EDIT TROM TROFF DEF LET LINE PCLS PSET PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		PUT DPAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD PENUM TAB TO SUP FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - * /^ AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	229 230 231 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 140 141 142 143 144 145 144		INT APS USR RND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ RIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	FROM FLREA' SWAP SGN INT APS RND SOR LOG SIN COS TAN ATN PEEK LEN STRS VAL CHRS
ELSE IF DATA PRINT ON INPUT END NEXT DIM PEAD LET RUN PEAD LET RUN PEAD LET RUN PEAD LET RUN POKE RETURN STOP POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET CLE RESET CLE	191 197 198 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199 199	DEL EDIT TROM TROFF DEF LET LINE PCLS PSET PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		DPAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD PENUM TAB TO SUB FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - *	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	230 231 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 140 141 142 143 144 145 144		INT APS USR RND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ RIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	FLREA' SWAP SGN SGN INT APS POS RND SOR LOG SIN COS TAN ATN PEEK LEN STRS VAL CHRS
IF DATA PRINT ON INPUT END NEXT DIM PEAD LET RETURN RESTORE RETURN RESTORE RETURN CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST RESET CLS REST RESET CLS RESET	197 193 194 195 186 187 188 189 190 192 193 194 195 197 198 197 200 201 202 203 204 205	EDIT TROM TROFF DEF LET LINE PCLS PSET PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD PENUM TAB TO SUB FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - * / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	231 128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 140 141 142 143 144 145 144		INT APS USR RND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ RIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	SWAP SGN SGN INT APS POS RND SOR LOG SIN COS TAN ATN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL CHR\$
PRINT ON INPUT END NEXT DIM PEAD LET RUN RESTORE RETURN STOR POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET RESET CLS NOTOR NOTOR SWIPF DEL EDIT	193 194 197 198 199 190 193 194 195 197 197 198 197 200 201 202 203 204 205	TRON TROFF DEF LET LINE PCLS PSET PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		PMODE PLAY DLOAD PENUM TAB TO SUB FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	128 129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 140 141 142 143 144 145 146		INT APS USR RND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ RIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	SGN INT IAPS PCS RND SOR LOG EXP SIN COS TAN PEEK LEN STRS VAL CHRS
PRINT ON INPUT END NEXT DIM PEAD LET RUN RESTORE RETURN RESTORE RETURN CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET CLS NOTOR NOTOR AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	184 125 186 187 189 189 190 193 194 195 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 1905	TROFF DEF LET LINE PCLS PSET PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLCR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		PLAY DLOAD PENUM TAB TO SUP FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	129 130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 144		INT APS USR RND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ RIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	INT LAPS POS RND SOR LOG EXP SIN COS TAN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL CHR\$
ON INPUT END INEXT DIM PEAD LET RUN RESTORE RETURN STOP POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CRAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST RESET CLE MOTOR AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	195 186 187 188 189 190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 197 200 201 202 203 204 205	DEF LET LINE PCLS PSET PCESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		DLOAD PENUM TAB TO SUP FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - * / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146		ABS USR RND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ PIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	APS PCS RND SOR LOG SIN COS TAN ATN PEEK LEN STRS VAL CHRS
INPUT HND NEXT DIM PEAD LET RUN RESTORE RETURN STOP POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET RESET CLE MOTOR SOUND AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	186 187 188 189 190 192 193 194 195 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 1905	LET LINE PCLS PSET PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		PENUM TAB TO SUP FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - * / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 144		NND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ PIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	POS RND SOR LOG EXP SIN COS TAN PEEK LEN STRS VAL CHRS
END NEXT DIM PEAD LET RUN RESTORE RETURN STOP POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OREN CLOSE LLIST SET RESET CLS MOTOR SOUND AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	187 : 188 : 189 : 190 : 192 : 193 : 194 : 197 : 198 : 199 : 200 : 201 : 202 : 203 : 204 : 205 : 1905	LINE PCLS PSET PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAV PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		TAB TO SUP FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - * / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 144		RND SIN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ PIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	RND SOR LOG EXP SIN COS TAN PEEK LEN STRS VAL ASC CHRS
MEXT DIM PEAD LET RUN RESTORE RETURN STOP POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OREN CLOSE LLIST RESET CLS MOTOR SOUND AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	188 189 189 189 192 193 194 195 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205 1905	PCLS PSET PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		TO SUP FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - * / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	133 134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146		PEEK LEN STR# VAL ASC SHR# EOF JOYSTK LEFT# RIGHT# MID# POINT INKEY#	LOG EXP SIN COS TAN PEEK LEN STRS VAL ASC CHRS
PEAD LET RUN RESTORE RETURN STOR POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET CLS NOTOR NOTOR SOUND AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	189 : 190 : 192 : 193 : 195 : 196 : 197 : 199 : 200 : 201 : 202 : 203 : 204 : 205 : 19	PSET PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		SUP FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - * / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	134 135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145 146		PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ RIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	LOG EXP SIN COS TAN ATN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$
PEAD LET RUN RESTORE RETURN STOP POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET SET CLS MOTOR AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	190 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205	PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		FN THEN NOT STEP OFF + - X / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	135 136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145		LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ PIGHT\$ MID\$ POINT INKEY\$	EXP SIN COS TAN ATN PEEK LEN STRS VAL ASC CHRS
LET RUN RESTORE RETURN STOP POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OREN CLOSE LLIST SET CLS MOTOR SOUND AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL	192 : 193 : 194 : 195 : 196 : 197 : 199 : 200 : 201 : 202 : 203 : 204 : 205 : 1	SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		THEN NOT STEP OFF + - X / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	136 137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145		STR# VAL ASC CHR# EOF JOYSTK LEFT# RIGHT# MID# POINT INKEY#	SIN COS TAN ATN PEEK LEN STR\$ VAL ASC CHR\$
RUN RESTORE RETURN STOP POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST RESET CLS MOTOR AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	192 ! 193 ! 194 ! 195 ! 196 ! 197 ! 199 ! 200 ! 201 ! 202 ! 203 ! 204 ! 205 !	PCLEAR COLOR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		NOT STEP OFF + - * / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	137 138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145		VAL ASC SHR\$ EOF JOYSTK LEFT\$ EIGHT\$ POINT INKEY\$	TAN TAN PEEK LEN STRS VAL ASC CHRS
RESTORE RETURN STOP POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET RESET CLC MOTOR SOUND AUDIC EXEC SKIPF DEL	193 ! 194 : 195 : 196 : 197 : 198 : 199 : 200 : 201 : 202 : 203 : 204 : 205 :	COLCR CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		STEP OFF + - * / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	138 139 140 141 142 143 144 145	1 ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	INKEAP BOINT TOACAL TOACAL	TAN LATH LPEEK LEN LSTRS LVAL LASC CHRS
RETURN STOP POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OREN CLOSE LLIST SET RESET CLS MOTOR SOUND AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL	194 195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205	CIRCLE PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM FN	*** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	OFF + - * / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	139 140 141 142 143 144 145	! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! ! !	INKEAR BOINT FELT BIGHTR WIDE BOLL CHER	I ATN I PEEK I LEN I STR\$ I VAL I ASC I CHR\$ I EOF
STOP POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET SET CLS MOTOR MOT	195 196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205	PAINT GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	+ * / AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	140 141 142 143 144 145	11	INKEAP MID& BICHT& FICHT& FOLUT	PEEK LEN STRS VAL ASC CHRS
POKE CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET SET MOTOR	196 197 198 199 200 201 202 203 204 205	GET PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM		AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	141 142 143 144 145		INKEA& BOINT WID# FIGHT# FIGHT# TELT# TOASTK	LEN STR® VAL ASC CHR®
CONT LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET CLS MOTOR SOUND AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL	197 : 198 : 199 : 200 : 201 : 202 : 203 : 204 : 205 :	PUT DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN	******	AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255 255	142 143 144 145 146		LEFTS PIGHTS MIDS POINT INKEYS	ISTES VAL LASC CHRS
LIST CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET SET CLS MOTOR SOUND AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL	198 ! 199 ! 200 ! 201 ! 202 ! 203 ! 204 ! 205 !	DRAW PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM EN		AND OR	255 255 255 255 255 255	144 145 146	* * * * * * * *	INKEA# BOINT WID# BIGHT#	YAL ASC CHR®
CLEAR NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET FESET CLS MOTOR COUND AUDIC EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	199 200 201 202 203 204 205	PCOPY PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM FN		AND OR	255 255 255 255 255	144 145 146	11111	INKEAR BOINT WID#	1 ASC 1 CHR# 1 EOF
NEW DEF CLOAD CSAVE OREN CLOSE LLIST SET SET CLS MOTOR MOTOR AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	200 : 201 : 202 : 203 : 204 : 205 :	PMODE PLAY DLOAD RENUM FN	11111	OR :	255 255 255	145 146	****	POINT INKEYS	CHR®
DEF CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET FESET CLS MOTOR SOUND AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	201 202 203 204 205	PLAY DLOAD RENUM FN	1 4 4 4 4 4	OR :	255 255	144	* * * *	INKEYS	EOF
CLOAD CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET FESET CLS MOTOR SOUND AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	202 ! 203 ! 204 ! 205 !	DLOAD RENUM FN	4 4 4 4	5	255	15122	:		
CSAVE OPEN CLOSE LLIST SET FESET CLS MOTOR SOUND AUDIC EXEC SKIPF DEL	203 204 205	RENUM	1	5 6	1000100	147		MEM	: JOYST
CPEN CLOSE LLIST SST FESET CLS MOTOR SOUND AUDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	204 : 205 :	FN	:	<u> </u>	255			4 .44	
CLOSE LLIST SET RESET CLS MOTOR SOUND ANDIO EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	205 1		1	,		148	4	ATN	FIX
LLIST . SET PESET CLS MOTOR SOUND AUDIC EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT		HEINE		No. villa.	255	149		003	HEX#
SET PESET CLS NOTOR SOUND AUDIC EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT				NEING	255	150	1	TAN	LEFT\$
PESET CLS MOTOR SOUND ANDIC EXEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	206 !		.0	AUTO	255	151	:	EXB	RIGHT
CLS MOTOR SOUND ANDIO SEEC SKIPF DEL EDIT	202 .	DEIVE	1	BACKUP	255	152	1	FIX	MIDS
# MOTOR # SOUND # AVDIC # EXEC # SKIPF # DEL # EDIT	508 1	FIELD	1	BEEP	255	153	1	LOG	POINT
: AUDIC : EXEC : SKIPF : DEL : DEL			1	POOT	255	154	1	908	! INKEY
: AUDIC ! EXEC ! SKIPF ! DEL ! EDIT	210 :	KILL		CHAIN	255	155	:	SOR	MEM
! EXEC ! SKIPF ! DEL ! EDIT		LOAD	1	COPY	255	156	1	HEX#	! VARPT
SKIPF DEL EDIT				CREATE	255	157		VAPPTR	! INSTR
DEL EDIT		MERGE		DIR	255	158	1	INSTR	! TIMER
: EDIT		RENAME	1	DRIVE	255	159		TIMER	PPCIN
- H. T. H. H. C.		RSET		DSKINIT	255	160	1	PPOINT	STRIN
TOOM		SAVE		FREAD	255	161	!	STRINGS	! LISP
1 TRON	C. SULL S.	WRITE		FWPITE	1.5	162	1	CVN	LOF
1 TROFF		VERIFY		ERPOR	255	163	•	FREE	FREE
LINE		UNLCAD		KILL	255	164	1	LOC	I ERL
PCLS	550 ;			1.OAD	255	165		LOF	LERR
					255	146	1	WKV.	'HIMEM
			- 1						1750
					255	168	!		FRES
					1				
* CONSTR	567 I			SAVE					
	PSST PRESET SCREEN PCLEAR COLOR	PSET 221 PRESET 222 PRESET 223 PCREEN 224	PRESET 221 : BACKUP PRESET 222 : CCPY 9 CCREEN 223 : D9K18 1 PCLEAR 224 : D9K08	PSST 221 BACKUP	PSST 221 : BACKUP : MERGE PRESET 222 : CCPY : PROTECT SCREEN 223 : DSKI# : WAIT PCLEAR 224 : DSKO# : RENAME	PSST	PSST 221 BACKUP MERGE 255 146 PRESET 222 CCPY PROTECT 255 167 SCREEN 223 DSKI# WAIT 255 168 PCLEAR 224 DSKO# RENAME	PSST 221 : BACKUP : MEPGE 255 146 : PRESET 222 : CCPY : PROTECT 255 167 : SCREEN 223 : DSKI# : WAIT 255 168 : PCLEAR 224 : DSKO# : RENAME	PSST 221 BACKUP MEPGE 255 146 MKN# 256 167 PRESET 222 CCPY PROTECT 255 167 PCREEN 223 DSKI# WAIT 255 168 PCLEAR 224 DSKO# RENAME

	Token				To	oken			To	ken				
Command	(Coco	Dra	gon	Command		Coco	Dra	gon	Command	C	Сосо	Drag	on
										2,5,4				
•		131		131	FIELD					POKE		146		14
*		173		197	FILES		209			POS	255	154	255	13
+		171		195	FIX	255	152	255	148	PPOINT	255	190	255	15
₹′		172		196	FLREAD		204		230	PRESET		135		17
<u></u>		174		198	FOR		128		128	PROTECT		155		22
5		180		204	FRE®		146	255	168	PSET		189		17
=		179		203	FREAD			200	216	PUT		197		18
>				202	FREE	255	163	255	163	READ		141		14
ABS	255	175	255	177	FROM	200			229	REM		130		13
AND	222	176		200	FWRITE				217	RENAME		214	14	22
ASC	255	138	255	144	GET		196		179	RENUM		203		18
ATN	255	149	255	130	GC		129		129	RESET		157		15
AUDIO	200	161	200	163	HEX#	255	156	255	149	RESTORE		143		14
AUTO				206	HIMEM			255	166	RETURN		144		14
BACKUP		221		207	IF		133		133	RIGHTS	255	143	255	15
BEEP				208	INKEYS	255	146	255	154	RND	255	132	255	13
BOOT				209	INPUT		137	:	137	RSET		215		
CHAIN				210	INSTR	255	:53	255	157	RUN		142		14
CHR#	255	130	255	145	INT	255	129	255	129	SAVE		216		22
CIRCLE		194		177	JOYSTK	255	141	255	147	SCREEN		191		17
CLEAR		149		150	KILL		210		219	SET		156		15
CLOAD		151		153	1.EFT\$	255	142	255	150	SGN	255	128	255	12
CI_OSE		154		154	LEN	255	135	255	141	SIN	255	133	255	13
CLS		159		160	LET		186		142	SKIPF		163		16
COLOR		193		175	LINE		197		170	SOUND		160		16
CONT		147		110	LIST		148		149	SOR	255	155	255	13
COPY		222		211	LLIST		155	t	157	SREAD				22
cos	255	149	255	137	LOAD		211	;	220	STEP		169	21	19
CREATE				212	rac	255	154	255	167	STOP		145		14
CSAVE		152		154	TOE	255	145	255	162	STRS	255	136	255	14
CAM	255	162			LOG	255	153	255	134	STRING\$	255	161	255	16
DATA		134		134	LSET		212			SUB		166		13
DEF		195		152	MEM	255	147	255	155	SWAP				23
DEL		181		166	MERGE			;	221	SWRITE		7.37		22
DIM		140		140	MIDS	255		255	152	TAP		164		18
DIB		205		213	WKN®	255	166	t		TAN	255		255	13
DL.OAD		202		195	MOTOR		159	:	161	THEN		167		19
DRAW		198		131	NEW		150	:	151	TIMER	255		255	15
DRIVE		207		214	NEXT		139	1	139	TO		165		13
DSK1#		223			МОТ		148	1	192	TROFF		184		16
DEKINI		220			OFF			:	194	TRON		183		16
DSKINIT				215	CN		136	1	136	UNLOAD		219		
DSKO#		224		202	OPEN		153		155	NSING		205		20
EDIT		132		167	OP		177		201	USP	255		255	15
ELSE		132		132	PAINT		195		173	VA!	255	137	255	14
END		128		133	PCLEAR		192		175	VARPTR	255	157	255	15
EDF	255	140	255	145	BCF8		188		171	VERIFY		212		22
ERL			255	164	PCOPY		190		182	WAIT		217		22
ERR		1	255	155	PEEK	255	134	255	140	WRITE		217		
ERROR				213	PLAY		201		184					
EXEC	nee	162	055	164	PMODE	255	200		197					
EXP	255	151	255	175	POINT	255	145	255	153					

TURBOCHARGE YOUR DRAGON:

With our great value hardware and software:

BASIC 42

Extended BASIC for the Dragon 64

For Dragondos (please state version)

C14 9

Run your Dragon in 64K mode, while retaining BASIC and DOS. Print on hi-res screen, using standard PRINT commands, and a screen layout of 24 rows of 42 columns. Other features include:

Alternative, redefinable character sets, control key for special characters, repeating keys, and commands in lower case, windows, CATCH command for automatic return to window, inverted video (green on black/black on green), true underlining and extra PRINT commands and functions.

LIBRARY lists commands and functions. Automatic startup of BASIC program. TEXT command for software compatibility. Still 23335 bytes free to BASIC. Patches for Dragondos 1.0. Can load in extra UTILITIES from disk:

HELP UTILITY

€5.00

Extensions to BASIC 42 include change cursor character, scroll disable, pause listing, BREAK disable, improved TRON (allows single stepping), Detailed help and error messages.

SPOOL UTILITY

£5.00

Use computer while printing, 3.5K print buffer TYPIST program turns Dragon into typewriter.

NEW FOR '87:

ICONS UTILITY

€5.00

Put icons in your program! Controlled by cursor or "mouse". Commands to define, clear, load and save icon positions and windows.

PROCS UTILITY

25.00

Another first! Structured BASIC on the Dragon! Allows named procedures, improved loop controls by WHILE ... WEND, and REPEAT ... UNTIL etc.

DOSUTILITY

€5.00

Make friends with your DOS! Enter all the main DOS commands, plus LIST, EDIT etc., and select files by cursor or "mouse".

WHAT THEY SAY ABOUT BASIC 42:

"probably the best step so far" Dragon User

"an invaluable utility" Dragon Update

HARDWARE

Memory Upgrades	FROM	£30.00
Superdos controller (chip	only)	210.00
Peaksoft joystick (ideal "r		€5.50

DISK SOFTWARE FOR DRAGON 32/64/128 WITH DRAGONDOS/CUMANA DOS 2.0

111111111111111111111111111111111111111	
DSKDREAM (Grosvenor) The standard Dragon Editor/Assembler	£19.95
D.R.S (Grosvenor) Machine code database program	29.95
SOURCEMAKER (Pamcomms) Disassembler for use with DSKDREAM	€8.50
DISK-KIT (Pamcomms)	29.95

Sort out your disk problems

PRINTER CONTROL (MacGowan)* FROM £19.95

DUMPER (MacGowan)* FROM £5.45
Relocatable screen dump program

* Prices vary according to printer: please specify.

A text AND graphics processor

MONEYBOX (Harris) £14.99
Home and small business accounts

MAILBOX (Harris) £16.99 Selective mailing list program

SHAREBOX (Harris) £16.99 Manage your stocks and shares

SALESBOX (Harris) £19.99 Balance B/F Sales Ledger

BILLSBOX (Harris) £19.99
Balance B/F Purchase Ledger

CASHBOX (Harris) £19.99 Double-entry Nominal Ledger

STOCKBOX (Harris) £19.99

Full-featured Stock Control

ORDERBOX (Haris) Invoicing linked to Sales or Stock £16.99

Cheques/P.O.'s/Further details/dealer enquiries to:

HARRIS MICRO SOFTWARE

49 Alexandra Road, Hounslow, Middlesex, TW3 4HP Tel: (01) 570 8335

DR46

Dragon Answers

Invert the 64

I HAVE had a Dragon 64 computer for a number of years and use it to control my large record collection among other things. In the 32K mode I use a program (published in Popular Computing Weekly some years ago) which makes the computer print in inverse (green on black) which is much easier on the eye.

Unfortunately, this same program does not operate in 64K mode. Can you suggest why and perhaps provide a similar program for the 64?

John Carmel Weoley Castle West Midlands

THE program you are using probably makes some ROM calls and this is the reason it will not operate in 64 mode. As the Basic is in RAM in this mode it is possible to 'patch' it to print green on black which has the advantage of not using any extra memory.

Enter 64K mode and run the following Basic program which will patch the screen printing routine, as well as the CLS and checksum routines (so that pressing RESET does not reload the Basic from ROM). If you prefer orange on black, then just enter SCREEN 0,1 as the Basic is also patched to allow this.

10	POKE	59735,15
20	POKE	62659,32
30	POKE	63992,32
40	POKE	64423,32
50	POKE	64447,32
60	POKE	64470,8
70	POKE	64474,2
80	POKE	64475,128
90	POKE	64476,96
100	POKE	283,105
110	POKE	284,253

The right time

I AM writing my own database system in Basic and have come across the following problem. What I want to be able to do is tell the exact time of day so that may be saved at the head of filing along with the date. Is this possible from Basic or



machine code as I don't think the Dragon has a built-in clock?

Paul Butcher Wickford, Essex

THE Dragon does not have a builtin hardware clock, but the interrupt driver timer function can be used from Basic. If you incorporate the following routine in your program and call it with GOSUB 5000 (or wherever you put it) then it will return the current time of day in the variables HH,MM and SS. These are initialised by the user at the start of the program.

The routine works by updating the variables from the TIMER, which is incremented by 1 every 1/50th second.

10	INPUT "ENTER TIME OF DAY HH, MM, SS
20	TIMER=0
30	REM YOUR PROGRAM STARTS HERE
5000	SX=INT(TIMER/50):TIMER=TIMER-SX*50
5020	IF SS) 59 THEN HH=MM+1:SS=SS-1:GOTO 5020
5030	IF MM) 59 THEN HH=HH=1:MM=MM-1:GOTO 5030
5040	IF HH) 23 THEN HH=0
5050	RETURN

Keypad input

COULD you tell me if it is possible to use the joystick or printer port to connect up to a numerical keypad (of my own design) to be used as an input device in a sophisticated game I am currently working on.

Adrian Renshaw Wednesbury West Midlands

THE printer port cannot be used as this is set up as an output port in the Dragon's hardware configuration. The joystick ports are a/d (analogue to digital) devices, so you could wire up a keypad using a different resistance (between 0 -100k) for each switch. For example, the first six switches on pot 0, and the next six on pot 1, the resistances going up in units of 10k each. You'll need to calibrate the keyboard (by reading the joystick value as you press each key) but as long as you don't need to read more than one key at a time this method should be quite successful.

The connections to the joystick ports are as follows:

Pin 1 - Input line (resistance) for pot 0

Pin 2 - Input line (resistance) for pot 1

Pin 3 — Ground (0 volts) Pin 4 — Trigger input line

Pin 5 - +5 volts output.

Brief words

AT the moment. I am writing my own Trivia game for my Dragon with disc drive. To get as many questions as possible on the one disc I want to use some text compression techniques. Do you know of a commercially available text compressor/ expender, or could you explain in simple terms how to write one (in Basic) if this is possible?

Marion Keyes

1100

I DO not know of a text compression program that is commercially available for the Dragon disc system. For trivia questions it should be fairly simple to write your own effective compressor.

Almost all questions start with words such as WHICH, WHAT, WHERE, WHO etc., and other words such as IN, ON, YEAR, etc. will come up regularly. If we substitute codes for these words in

your strings then most questions and answers will fit into, for example, 128 characters.

A simple outline of a text compressor is given below I have not filled up the data statements to save space, but all you need to do is think of 128 commonly used words and enter them in the DATA lines from 540 onwards.

The routine takes the string

RETURN

passed in AS and returns it 'parsed' (Yor spelling's awful, Bri. — Ed.) with compressed words replaced the characters 128-255 (graphics characters). I leave it to you to write the de-compressor, which simply needs to replace the characters whose codes are >127 with the associated word.

500 REM Set up Array of words — this routine is only called 510 REM once at the start of the program. 520 **CLEAR 5000** 530 DIM W\$(127):FOR I=0 to 127:READ W\$(I):NEXT:RETURN 540 DATA WHICH, WHAT, WHERE, WHO, WHY, WHEN, YEAR 550 **REM RESO OF DATA STATEMENTS HERE** 1000 REM Compression routine takes A\$ and returns it with 1010 REM common words replaced by codes 128-255 1020 CH=0 1030 FOR I=0 TO 127 1040 IF INSTR(AS,WS(I))=0 THEN 1080 1050 X=INSTR(AS,WS(I)) AS=LEFTS(AS,X-1)+CHRS(128+1)+MIDS(AS,X+1) 1060 1070 CH=CH+1:GOTO 1090 1080 **NEXT I** 1090 IF CH>0 THEN 1020

Expert's Arcade Arena

Write to 'The Expert' at Dragon User 12-13 Little Newport St, London WC2H 7PP. with all your arcade tips and hints.

HELLO again, and just when you thought the special columns were over you find that we finish off the table we started last month. Now then, several of you, I know, will be wondering why we split it into two parts. There have been several theories

expounded as to the reason for this but the most popular are here expounded for you to make a choice from:

Was it...A) I only wrote half of it last month and the other half this month.

B) Last month's edition of *Dragon User* was so packed with information that there simply wasn't room for all of it.

C) The magazine couldn't bear to pay me for three pages in the same month!

Name	Graphics	Speed	Туре	Comment	Rating
The Dark Pit	3	3	Adventure	Vastly under-rated game by Gorden Twist, this one really should be provided with a free packet of asprin!	4
Wizard's Quest	4	3	Adventure	It's a shame that this game was a little dated when it came out. It's quite a challenge, if you like this kind of thing.	2
Shocktrooper	5	3	Adventure	The most popular arcade game of 1986 beyond a doubt, it's as good in 1987 as it was when it came out.	5
Cuthbert in the Mines	4	4	Strategy	Rather interestingly disguised Frogger clone.	2
Draconian	5	2	Shoot-em-up/ Collection	This is a game where it's actually fun to be killed. Graphically outstanding.	5
Robin Hood	2	3	Collection	A really jolly good pocket money thingy.	3
Jet Boot Colin	2	1-5	Collection	Another jolly good pocket money thingy.	2
Fearless Freddy	2	3	Collection	Yet another really jolly good pocket money thingy.	3
Rommel 3-D	3	5	Shoot-em-up	Rommel's Revenge for kill maniacs!	4
Laser Zone	3	3	Strategy	You've got to be fast, but you've also got to have a degree in maths!	3
Fantasy Fight	3	2	Adventure	This was the game that inspired <i>The Dark Pit</i> and it's a very good strategy game. It's slightly easier if you use the map of a few issues back.	3
Jet Set Willy	5	3	Collection	Can anyone tell me how to get back across the darden (right to left?) I've only done it once, and I don't know how I did it then.	5
Moon Cresta	4	3	Shoot-em-up	It was never as easy as this in the arcades!	3
Dark Star	3	4	Shoot-em-up	Well, the problem with this one is when you've destroyed one planet, you've destroyed them all.	2
Eddie Steady Go!	3	3	Collection	Has anyone got a hack to allow you to start at any screen yet?	4
Shaolin Master	4	3	Kung Fu	I've got a really great system for this one next month.	2
Chuckie Egg	3	4	Collection	Well wicked ancestor of <i>Manic Miner</i> , great fun, and all solutions to my address please.	4
Gordon Bennett	5	2	Collection	This one really is very, very difficult. For Experts only.	4
Ninja Warrior	2	3	Kung Fu	I appear to be one of the few people in the world who actually likes this game!	3

Well, answers on a postcard to the usual address, and while we're on the subject of writing and people who write in I have a sad announcement to make. Yes. Mick the Brave is dead, M.R. Vine passed away this month quietly, a noble man, if a bit of a scoundrel attimes, he will be sorely missed. "How do you know he has died, oh great one?" I hear you spontaneously exclaim. Well, the fact is, at the time of writing I haven't had a letter from him for over a month so I can only assume that he really has passed away.

However Mick, if you're out there and feel like responding to my subtle hint that maybe you need to buy a new pen perhaps you'd like to write, and also enter the following competition which, unlike previous competitions actually has a prize which is worth something!! Yes, the winner of this competition gets two games from the Editor's Magic Bottomless Box (So called because whenever we look in it to see what's arrived for us, we look straight through — Ed.

However, state your preferences if you win and we'll try and get'em for you.) but remember, as far as winners are concerned, as Conner McLaud might say, there can be only one.

So here is the competition, and be warned, it's a toughie. To get the prize you must send in as many of the following things as possible. They can be acquired through the use of hacking, skilful games playing, general knowledge, and copying off each other's exam papers ... oops ... and the Tie-Breaker requires a certain creativity, or at least the ability to bluff. Because the competition is hard the deadline for entries is set quite late. All entries must reach me by the end of May, although overseas entries have an extra week on this. The winner will be announced in the July edition amid fireworks, too much to drink, and all the other things that usually accompany winners!!

Right then, where are the things I want, in no particular order:

1) The SIMPLEST way of getting infinite

lives on Kung Fu - The Master.

- 2) The code which allowed you to enter the PRIZE draw in *Moon Cresta*.
- 3) What happens after the last screen in Caverns of Chaos.
- 4) A way of moving to any screen in Eddie Steady Go!.
 - 5) A system or pattern for Grabber.
- 6) The names of the programmer(s) of EITHER Cascade's truly abysmal Cassette 50 or Mastertronic's equally abysmal Vegas Jackpot (The Dragon versions, obviously).

The tie breaker which will be used if more than one person sends in all six answers (or if more than one person sends in the most answers, because for all I know, no-one knows all six, and it might be between everyone who knows three of them — so don't be discouraged!) is as follows, all I want you to do is complete this statement in a way which you think will appeal to me the most, from your knowledge of my deep and beautiful personality. (I want to see these — Ed.) You may send three entries for the tie

breaker but none may consist of more than fifteen words. The sentence I would like you to complete is 'The Expert is . . . ' Remember please when entering, that there are laws against libel and slander!!

So on to your letters, and of course your maps, starting with the *Dwarf Dive* map from Philip Stott, and if that isn't a fast turnaround I don't know what is!! Cheers, Philip.

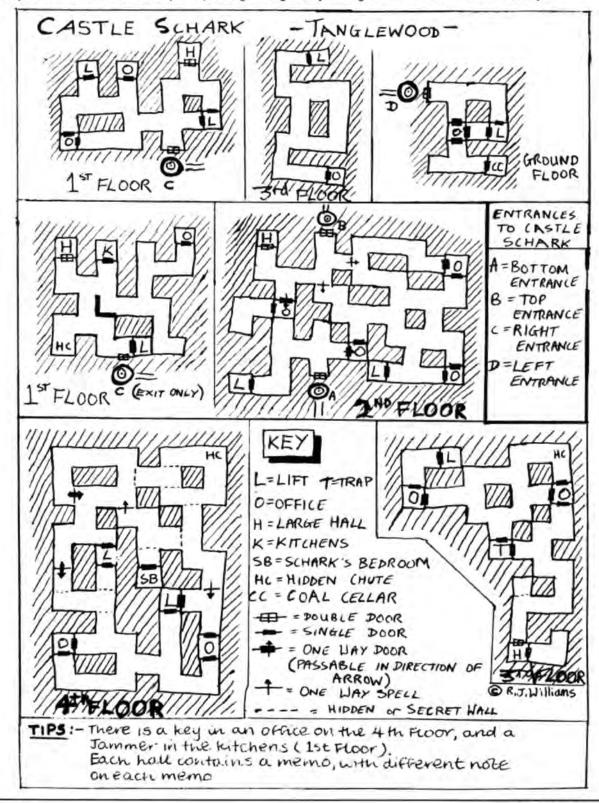
Turning secondly to my friend in Malta, Joe Brincat, who, if you'll remember sent us the really incomprehensible *Total Eclipse* map. Well he's sent us a rather better one now of the essential bits in Universe One, and has offered to draw the whole thing in the same way. Please do Joe, and also map

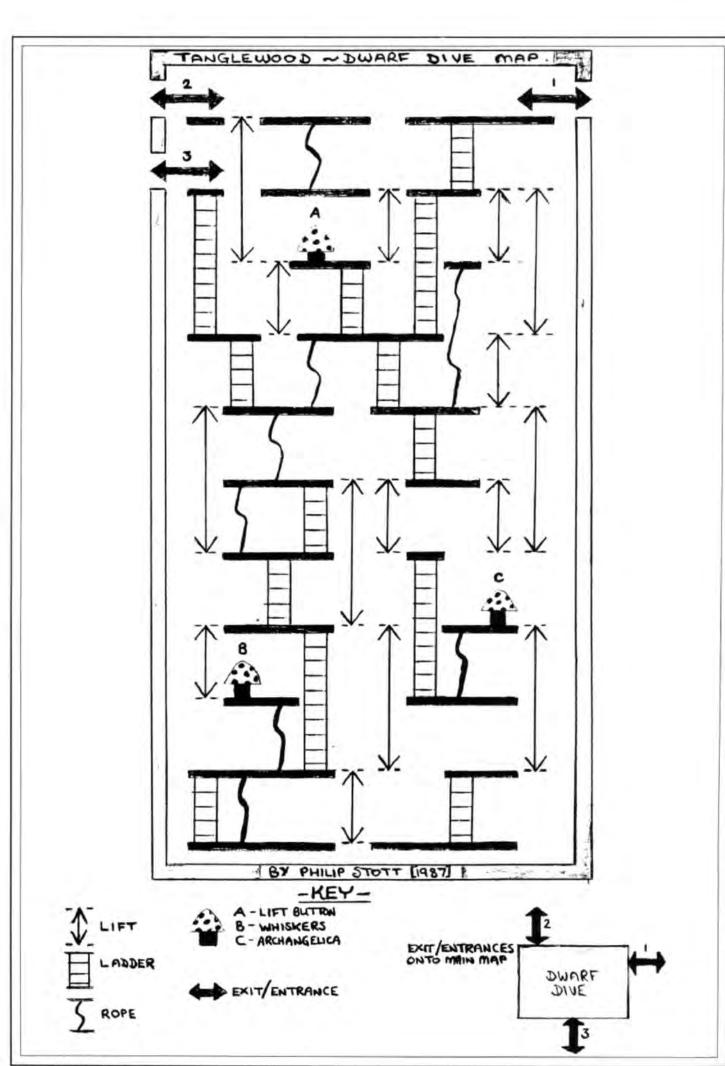
the Universe Two, which you should have received by now.

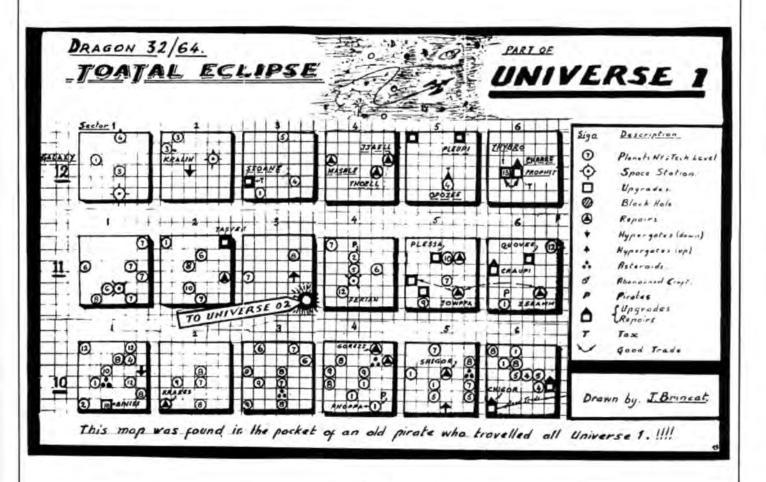
Back then to Tanglewood and the Castle Schark map by R.J. Williams, very accurate, and drawn with a style that I find rather pleasant but irritates the pants off my friend.

A few pokes that might interest you before I go... On Stone Raider II POKE 17413, 189: POKE 17414, 72: POKE 17415, 179: POKE 17416, 126: POKE 17417, 46: POKE 17418, 29 and pressing 'R' will get you into the cheat mode (that's from Phil Isles who suggests that 'Making Movies' by Dire Straits is a good album to Zap to — yes I know, he's mad, the zapping albums of the moment are 'Get Close' by the Pretenders and 'Speaking in Tongues' by Talking Heads —

and wants any suggestions as to the use of a Dongle, send 'em to me, and the funniest ones get published!!)... In FireForce press 'R' to select colour at start, then 'C' for the code, then use the joystick to enter the four keywords TECHNIX to start at stage one, IMFTC for stage two, UGLY for stage three (or is it VGLY?) or ENDLESS for unlimited lives... for Frankie ARPITS goes to the cheat menu and HAIRY CHICKENS goes to a screen editor/designer (those are the last words from M.R. Vine R.I.P. who posthumously wins the awards for 'Longest letter to someone called the Expert' AND 'Most loyal supporter of the Expert's take over the entire world campaign.') That's all for this month. See ya!







S.P. ELECTRONICS

> A large range of software available. SAE for free list. Large range of spares available.

Also complete Dragon repair service

S.P. ELECTRONICS



48 Limby Road, Hucknall, Notts (Nottingham 640377)



DR14

Don't forget the Dragon Computer Show at Ossett Town Hall

SATURDAY 11 APRIL 10.00 - 3.00

COMPUTAPE (software)
COMPUSENSE (peripherals & software)
HARRIS MICROSOFTWARE (software)
JOHN PENN (software)
MICROVISION (software)
PAMCOMMS (software)
P.N.P. (disc drives and SuperDos controllers)
R. PRESTON (software)
PEAKSOFT (hardware & peripherals)
QUICKBEAM (software)

and

MANY, MANY DEMONSTRATORS

Further details from John Penn 04203 5970

DR47



The best upgrade for your DRAGON; fast 80 by 24 screen, extra 64K memory, fits inside your DRAGON. Hundreds of satisfied users. Installation service available. Requires 64K DRAGON (upgrade service for DRAGON 32K — CALL US). Especially recommended for OS-9 users — get the 80 * 24 screen AND save the 6K overhead of the 51 column screen. Use Stylo and C without having to reboot!

DRAGONPLUS FLEX DRIVERS - £103.50 - £5.75

EDIT + Cartridge/Disk for DRAGONPLUS

£14.95

OS-9 Drivers

£5.75

FLEX SOFTWARE

Get the best out of your DRAGON with FLEX operating system. 51 by 24 screen standard. 48K free memory for your programs. Includes the best 6809 assembler available for the DRAGON. DBASIC lets you run DRAGON BASIC programs — includes cheque book program. Requires 64K and disc drive.

FLEX Editor/Assembler/DBASIC

-£99.99

DYNACALC

€49.50

SPE word processory spell check

-£65.00 **RMS** Database

€49.50

***** SPECIAL OFFER — complete package

FORTH 83 for FLEX - complete implementation on two disks with source £25.00

The Best Modem software for the DRAGON 64

CHAT COMBO (chat plus 2, XMODEM, CHAT/Viewdata £45.00 CHAT/Viewdata access PRESTEL (cassette/DragonDos/FLEX) £14.95

DRAGON HARDWARE — SPECIAL OFFERS

EPROM PROGRAMMER Mark 1 (KIT) for DRAGON 32 reads/programs up to 2764 £25.00 EPROM PROGRAMMER Mark 2 (Assembled) reads/programs up to 27256 £55.00 MODEM/RS-232 &I/O interface for Dragon 32/64 (uses 6551 ACIA and 6522 VIA) £5.95 (bare board with instructions)

CASE for RS-232

£1.95

FLOPPY DISKS (Certified double denisity double sided)

10 for £9.95

FREE DISKETTES WITH DRAGON DISK DRIVE SYSTEMS

DRAGON/PC Convert

£24.95

Now you can convert your Dragon BASIC programs and data to run on the IBM or compatable (eg Amstrad) Personal Computer PC, XT or AT.

Dragon Basic is very similar to the standard BASICs used on PCs. The hard part is transfering your programs and data to the PC's disk. DRAGON/PC Convert is a program for PCs which reads DRAGON-DOS format disks and copies data and programs to standard MS-DOS format.

> Buy an AMSTRAD PC - get DRAGON/PC Convert FREE (£516.35 inc VAT) From £449.00 plus £9.00 carriage

FAST MAIL ORDER — PRICES INCLUDE VAT — PLEASE ADD £2.00 POST & PACKING

WE HAVE MOVED TO NEW OFFICES & SHOW ROOM:





FAST MAIL ORDER

COMPUSENSE

68A WILLOUGHBY LANE, LONDON N17 0SP Telephone: 01-885 3300 (2 lines)

COMPUSENSE

High Noon

Jonathan McGowan ducks behind the cacti

HIGH NOON is an addictive high speed machine code game for two players, featuring smooth moving hi-res graphics. Each player controls a cowboy using the joysticks to move up and down, and the fire button to shoot. The simple object of the game is to shoot your opponent before he gets you by dodging his bullets and taking cover behind the moving cart and the cacti. The joystick in the right socket controls the cowboy on the left of the screen and vice versa!

Use your bullets wisely - you only have

sixteen to spare at each duel. If each player is out of bullets before either of them is shot, each will gain another sixteen. When the game is first run, you must enter the speed level by typing a key from one to eight (level one is the fastest). This affects the speed of the bullets and the cart — the speed with which the cowboys move is the same at all levels. The scores are kept by the computer and can be reset to zero by pressing 'R' during the pause after each 'death'.

To enter the program, type in the BASIC

program that contains the machine code in DATA statements. When finished, save this on tape. Then run the program — it will POKE the machine code into memory, and when this is done, save the code on tape by: CSAVEM "HIGHNOON",&H7000,&H7FFF, &H7C00

It can then be run by EXEC &H7C00. When loaded from tape, EXEC only will do the job. If you find the program crashes, load back the BASIC program so that you can find and correct any errors.

```
1000 REM ** 'HIGH NOON'
1010 REM ** (C) J.MCGOWAN '86 **
1020
1030
1040 REM * ONCE LOADED INTO
1050 REM * MEMORY. THE PROGRAM
1060 REM * IS STARTED BY:
1070 REM * EXEC &H7COO
1080
1090
2000 DATA 7400.87.7F.0A.C6.90.3D.C3.70.00.1F.UZ.F6.7F.0A.4F.1F
2010 DATA 01.E6,89.7F.00.86.20.3D.C3,06.01.1F.01.B6.7F.0A
2000 DATA C6.1B.3D.3A.C6.30.A6.A0.A7.84.A6.A0.A7.01.A6.A0
2030 DATA A7.02.30.88,20,5A,26,EE,39,12,12,00,00,00,00,00
2040 DATA 7500, CC. FF, FF. 8E. 06. 00, ED, 81, 8C, 1E, 00, 26, F9, BD, 7C, 80
2050 DATA BD.78,80,39,12,12,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00
2060 DATA 7520, 8E, 15, 07, BD, 75, 2E, 8E, 0B, 16, BD, 75, 2E, 39, 12, 10, 8E
2070 DATA 71.20,C6,38,A6,A0,A7,84,A6,A0,A7,01,A6,A0,A7,02
2080 DATA 30.88,20,5A,26,EE,39,12,12,00.00,00.00.00,00.00
2090 DATA 7580.86.7F.02.C6.20.3D.C3.06.0E.1F.01.10.8E.72.A8.C6
2100 DATA 38.8C,07.6F,2D,0E,EE,A3.EF,02,EE,A3.EF,84.30.88
2110 DATA E0.5A, 26, ED. 39, 12, 12,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00
2120 DATA 7600, BD, BD, 52, B6, O1, 58, 81, OF, 24, OD, F6, 7F, O0, C1, OB, 27
2130 DATA 15.5A, F7.7F, 00, 20, 0F, 81, 30, 2D, 0B, F6, 7F, 00, C1, 8A
2140 DATA 27.04.5C, F7, 7F, 00, B6, 01, 5D, 81, 0F, 24, 0C, F6, 7F, 01
2150 DATA C1.0B, 27.04, 5A, F7.7F, 01, 39, 81, 30, 2D, FB, F6, 7F, 01
2160 DATA C1.8A, 27, F4, 5C, F7, 7F, 01, 39, 12, 12, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00
2170 DATA 7700, 7D, 7F, 06, 26, 1C, 7D, 7F, 04, 27, 17, 86, FF, 00, 84, 01, 26
2180 DATA 10,7A,7F,04.B6.7F,00.8B,14,B7,7F,07,86.04,B7,7F
2190 DATA 06,7D.7F.08,26,1C,7D.7F,05,27,17.86,FF.00.84.02
2200 DATA 26,10,7A,7F,05,86,7F,01,8B,14,87,7F,09,86,1B,87
2210 DATA 7F.08,39,12,12.00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00
2220 DATA 7780,7D,7F,06,27,62,B6,7F,07,C6,20,3D,C3,06,00,1F,01
2230 DATA F6.7F,06.3A,86.FF,A7.80,A6,84,81,FF,26,16,86,48
2240 DATA A7,84,86,7F,06,4C,81,1F,26,05,86,FF,A7,84,4F,B7
2250 DATA 7F,06,20,33,86,FF,A7,84,A7,88,20,A7,88,E0,86,6A
2260 DATA AA.88,CO.A7,88,CO.86,38,AA.88,40,A7,88,40,86,14
2270 DATA AA,88,60,A7,88,60,BD,78,57,B6,7F,06,81,1B,2D,04
2280 DATA 4F, 7E, 78, 80, 7F, 7F, 06, 12, 7D, 7F, 08, 27, 65, B6, 7F, 09
2290 DATA C6, 20, 3D, C3, 06, 00, 1F, 01, F6, 7F, 08, 3A, 86, FF, A7, 84
2300 DATA 30.1F.A6.84,81,FF.26,16,86,12,A7,84,B6,7F,08,4A
2310 DATA 81,00,26,05,86,FF,A7,84,4F,B7,7F,08,20,34,86,FF
2320 DATA A7.84.A7.88.20.A7.88.E0.86.6A.AA.88.CO.A7.88.CO
```

```
2330 DATA 86,38,AA,88,40,A7,88,40,86,14,AA,88,60,A7,88,60
2340 DATA BD, 78, 57, B6, 7F, 08, 81, 05, 24, 05, 86, 01, 7E, 78, 80. 7F
2350 DATA 7F,08,39,12,12,12,12,86,3F,B7,FF,23,8E,84,00,C6
          14, A6, 80, B7, FF, 20, BD, 78, 7A, 7F, FF, 20, BD, 78, 7A, 5A
2370 DATA
          26, EF, 86, 37, B7, FF, 23, 39, 12, 12, 86, 64, 4A, 26, FD, 39
          7880, 43, 84, 01, B7, 7F, 0B, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 12, 86, 3F, B7
2380 DATA
          FF, 23, F6, 7F, OB, 8E, 7F, OO, 3A, A6, 84, C6, 20, 3D, C3, O6
2390 DATA
2400 DATA
          01,1F,01,B6,7F,0B,C6,1B,3D,3A,30,89,06,00,BF,7F
2410 DATA
          OC, C6, O1, 34, O4, 86, 20, 3D, FD, 7F, OE, FC, 7F, OC, B3, 7F
2420 DATA
          OE, 1F, 01, 10, 8E, 72, A8, A6, A0, A7, 84, B7, FF, 20, A6, A0
          A7, 01, B7, FF, 20, A6, A0, A7, 02, B7, FF, 20, 30, 88, 20, BC
2430 DATA
          7F, OC, 26, E3, 35, 04, 5C, 8E, 16, 00, 30, 1F, 8C, 00, 00, 26
2440 DATA
          F9,C1,30,27,03,7E,78,B3,35,10,86,37,B7,FF,23,39
7900,B6,7F,04,BD,79,20,FD,06,66,FD,06,86,FD,06,A6,B6
2450
     DATA
2460 DATA
          7F,05,BD,79,20,FD,06,7D,FD,06,9D,FD,06,BD,39,12
2470 DATA
          B7, 7F, 12, CC, FF, FF, 7D, 7F, 12, 27, 09, 1C, FE, 46, 56, 7A
     DATA
     DATA
          7F, 12, 26, F7, 39, 12, 12, 26, EB, 86, 01, B7, 7F, FF, BD, 77
2500 DATA 80,20.E1,12,00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00.00
2510 DATA
          /AUU, 05, 64, B1, /F, 0U, 05, 2U, B7, /F, U1, 05, U1, B7, /F, U2, B7
     DATA
          7F, 03, 86, 10, B7, 7F, 04, B7, 7F, 05, 7F, 7F, 06, 7F, 7F, 08
2520
2530 DATA BD, 7B, 80, 86, FA, B7, 7F, 20, 12, 12, BD, 75, 00, 12, 12, 12
2540 DATA BD. 75. 20, BD. 74, BD. 84, 74, 00, 4F. BD. 74, 00, 86, 01, BD
2550 DATA 74,00,BD,77,00,4F,BB,7F,04,BB,7F,05,BB,7F,06,BB
          7F, 08, 81, 00, 26, 06, 86, 02, B7, 7F, 0B, 39, 7A, 7F, FF, 26
2570 DATA D2,86,02,B7,7F,FF,BD,77,80,B6,7F,03,81,FE,27,C3
2580 DATA B6, 7F, 02, BB, 7F, 03, B7, 7F, 02, BD, 75, 80, 7A, 7F, 20, 26
2590 DATA B2,86,FA,B7,7F,20,7A,7F,03,20,A8,12,12,00,00.00
2600 DATA 7B00, B6, 7F, FF, 8E, 04, 00, 9F, 88, F6, 7F, FF, 4F, BD, 95, 7A, 39
2610 DATA 7B20, 4F, F6, 7F, 24, 8E, 04, 00, 9F, 88, BD, 7C, AO, B6, 04, 00, 8E
2620 DATA 06,4B,BD,7B,66,B6,04,01,81,60,27,06,8E,06,4C,BD
2630 DATA 7B,66,8E,04,00,9F,88,F6,7F,26,4F,BD,7C,A0,B6,04
2640 DATA 00,8E,06,53,BD,7B,66,B6,04,01,81,60,27,06,8E,06
2650 DATA 54, BD, 7B, 66, 39, 12, 80, 70, C6, 05, 3D, C3, 73, 40, 1F, 02
2660 DATA C6,05,A6,A0,A7,84,30,88,20,5A,26,F6,39,12,12,04
2670 DATA BD, 7B, 20, 7F, FF, C3, 7F, FF, C5, 7F, FF, C7, 86, FF, B7, FF
2680 DATA 22,BD,BA,77,39,12,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00
2690 DATA 7C00, BD, BA, 77, 86, OD, BD, B5, 4A, BD, B5, 4A, 8E, 73, 80, BD, 90
2700 DATA E5, BD, 80, 06, 27, FB, 81, 31, 2D, F7, 81, 39, 24, F3, 80, 30
2710 DATA B7,7A,62,7F,7F,24,7F,7F,26,BD,7A,00,B6,7F,0B,81
2720 DATA 02,27,0C,81,01,27,05,7C,7F,26,20,03,7C,7F,24,BD
2730 DATA 7B,80,8E,40,88,34,10,BD,80,06,81,52,26,09,7F,7F
2740 DATA 24,7F,7F,26,BD,7B,80,35,10,30,1F,8C,00,00,26,E5
2750 DATA 20,C7,12,12,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00
2760 DATA 7C80,8E,06,00,10,8E,7D,00,EC,A1,ED,81,8C,07,20,26,F7
2770 DATA 39,12,12,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00,00
2780 DATA 7CAO, 8E, 60, 60, BF, 04, 00, BD, 95, 7A, 39, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00
2810 DATA
          7F, FF, FF, FF, FE, FF, FF, 7F, FF, FF, 00, 00, FF, FF, FF
2830 DATA 63,6B,B8,41,8F,FE,FF,FF,7F,FF,FF,38,00,FF,86,38
2840 DATA C3,07,FF,38,00,FF,FF,C6,D7,70,83,1F,FE,FF,FF,7E
2850 DATA 6D, 6B, BB, F7, 7D, FE, FF, FF, 7F, FF, 44, 00, FF, 7D, D7
2860 DATA 5D, 7F, FF, 44, 00, FF, FF, DA, D7, 77, EE, FB, FE, FF, FF, 7E
2870 DATA 63,68.88,F7,9F,FE,FF,FF,7F,FF,FF,44,00,FF,8D,F7
2880 DATA 43, 1F, FF, 44, 00, FF, FF, C6, D7, 71, EF, 3F, FE, FF, FF, 7E
2890 DATA 6D, 6B, BB, F7, ED, FE, FF, FF, FF, FF, 44, 00, FF, F5, D7
2900 DATA 57,7F,FF,44,00,FF,FF,DA,D7,77,EF,DB,FE,FF,FF,7E
2910 DATA 63,98,88,77,1F,FE,FF,FF,7F,FF,38.00.FF,0E,38
2920 DATA D9,07,FF,38,00,FF,FF,C7,31,10,EE,3F,FE,FF,FF,7E
```

```
2980 DATA 7F00, 13, 2D, 01, FE, 0E, 00, 1C, 4F, 00, 49, 01, 01, 11, BC, 05, E0
2990 DATA FF.00.00.00.FF.A1.FD.07,91.0E.94.E1.88.89.32.00
3000 DATA FA.CO.OO,0O,01.0O,0O,0O,BB.OO,0O,0O.OO,0O,0O.OO
3010 DATA 7000, FF, FF, FF, FF, FF, FF, O3, FF, FE, O3, FF, FE, O1, FF, E0
3020 DATA 00,3F,FE,05,FF,FE,0D,FF,FE,3E,FF,FE,3E,FF,FF,3D
3030 DATA FF, FF, BD, FF, FF, DB, FF, FF, C7, FF, FF, O3, FF, FE, O1, FF
3040 DATA FE,01,FF,FE,01,FF,FE,20,FF,FE,20,FF,FE,20,EF,FD
3050 DATA 10,E0,FD,OE,O7,FC,80,OF,FC,80,3F,FC,8F,FF,FC,70
3060 DATA FF, FC, 00, FF, FE, 01, FF, FE, 01, FF, FE, FF, FF, FE, 01, FF
3070 DATA FF. 01, FF, FF, 01, FF, FF, 01, FF, FF, 01, FF, FF, 03, FF, FF
3080 DATA 03, FF, FF, 03, FF, FF, 83, FF, FF, 83, FF, FF, 83
3100 DATA FF, FF, FF, FF, FF, FF, EO, 7F, FF, EO, 3F, FF, CO, 3F, FE
3110 DATA 00,03, FF, D0, 3F, FF, D8, 3F, FF, BE, 3F, FF, BE, 3F, FF, DE
3120 DATA 7F.FF.DE,FF.FF.ED,FF.FF.F1,FF.FF.EO.7F,FF.CO.3F
3130 DATA FF, CO, 3F, FF, CO, 3F, FF, 82, 3F, FF, 82, 3F, FB, 82, 3F, 83
3140 DATA 84,5F,F0,38.5F,F8,00,9F,FE,00,9F,FF,F8,9F,FF,87
3150 DATA 1F, FF, 80, 1F, FF, CO, 3F, FF, CO, 3F, FF, FF, BF, FF, CO, 3F
3160 DATA FF.CO, 7F, FF, CO, 7F, FF, CO, 7F, FF, CO, 7F, FF, EO, 7F, FF
3170 DATA EO, 7F, FF, EO, 7F, FF, EO, FF, FF, EO, FF, FF, EO
3180 DATA FF, FF, F1, FF, FF, 81, FF, FF, 09, FF, FF, FF, FF, FF, FF, FF
3200 DATA F7, 3F, E7, F6, 7F, E7, 70, FF, E7, 31, FF, E7, 33, FB, E6, 33
3210 DATA FB, C6, 33, FB, C4, 73, FB, C0, F1, F9, C1, F0, F9, C3, F0, F9
3220 DATA C3, F0, F9, C3
3230 DATA FO.F9, C3, F0, F9, C3, F0, F9, C1, F0, F1, C0, F0, 61, C0, 70
3240 DATA 03, E0, 30, 03, E0, 00, 07, F8, 00, 0F, FC, 00, 1F, FE, 00, 1F
3250 DATA FF, 00, 1F, FF, CO, 1F, FF, EO, 1F, FF, FO, 1F, FF, FO, 1F, FF
3260 DATA FO. 1F, FF, FO. 1F, FF, FO, 1F, FF, FO. 1F, FF, FO
3270 DATA 1F.FF.FO, 1F.FF.FO, 1F.FF.FO, 1F.FF.FO, 1F.FF.FO, 1F
3280 DATA FF, FO, 1F, FF, FO, 1F, FF, FO, 1F, FF, FO, 1F, FF
3310 DATA FE,00,00.7F.FC,00,00.1F.F8,00.00.0F.F0,00.00.0F
3320 DATA EO, OF, FO, O7, CO, 3F, FC, O7, CO, 3F, FE, O3, CO, 7F, FE, O3
3330 DATA CO. 7F, FE, 03, CO. 7F, FF, 03, CO, 7F, FF, 03, CO. 7F, FF, 03
3340 DATA E0,7F,FF,07,E0,7F,FE,07,E0,7F,FE,07,F0,3F,FE,0F
3350 DATA FO, 3F, FC, OF, F8, 1F, FC, 1F, F8, 1F, F8, 1F, F8, 3F
3360 DATA FC.OF.FO.3F.FC.OF.EO.7F.FE.O7.CO.7F.FE.O0.O0.FF
3370 DATA FE,00,00,FF,FF,00,01,E7,E7,00,01,E7,E7.80,03,E7
3380 DATA E7,80,03,E7,E6,00,00,C7,E2,00,00,CF,E2,00,00,CF
3390 DATA F3.00.01, CF, F3.00.01, CF, F1.00.01, 8F, F0.00.00, OF
3400 DATA F8,00,00,1F,F9,00,01,9F,F9,00,01,9F,F9,00,01,9F
3410 DATA F9,00,01,1F,F9,F8,3F,1F,F8,FF,FF,3F,FC,FF,FF,3F
3440 DATA 3F,FC,00,3F,F8,00,1F,F8,00,1F,F0,00,0F,F0,00,0F
3450 DATA E0,00,07,E0,00,07,C7,9D,E3,C4,49,13,87.89,E1,84
3460 DATA 89.01.84.5D.01.80.00.01.20.00.02.20.00.02.20.00.02.20.00
3470 DATA 03.CO.00.03.F0.00.07.F0.00.07.F0.00.07.E0.00.07
3400 DATA EU. UU. 07. FU. UU. UF. FU. UU, UF, FU. UU. UF, FU. UU. UF. FU
3490 DATA 00, 1F, F8.00, 1F, F8.00, 1F, F8.00, 1F, F8.00, 1F, FC, 00
3500 DATA 3F, FC, 00, 3F, FC, 00, 3F, FC, 00, 3F, FC, 00, 3F, FE, 00, 7F
3510 DATA FE.00,7F,FE.00,7F,FE.00,7F,FF,00,FF,FF.00,FF,FF
3520 DATA 00, FF, FF, FF, FF, FF, FF, O0, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00, 00
```

```
3530 DATA 7340.38,44.44,44.38,10,30,10,10,7C,38,44,18.20,7C,38
3540 DATA 44.18.44.38.18.28.48,7C.08.7C,40,78.04.78,3C.40
3550 DATA 78,44,38,7C,08,10,20,40,38,44,38,44,38,38,44,3C
3570 DATA 7380, 20, 48, 20, 49, 20, 47, 20, 48, 20, 20, 4E, 20, 4F, 20, 4F, 20
3590 DATA 20,28,43,29,20,4A,4F,4E,41,54,48,41,4E,20,4D,43
3600 DATA 47,4F,57,41,4E,20,31,39,38,35,20,20,20,20,20,20
3630 DATA 20.45, 4E, 54, 45, 52, 20, 53, 50, 45, 45, 44, 20, 28, 31, 2D
3640 DATA 38,29,3A,00,FF,00,FF,12,FF,00,FF,00,FF,00,FF,00
3650 DATA 73A0, 20, 28, 43, 29, 20, 4A, 4F, 4E, 41, 54, 48, 41, 4E, 20, 4D, 43
3660 DATA 47,4F,57,41,4E,20,31,39,38,35,20,20,20,20,20,20
3670 DATA 20.20.20.20.20,20.20.20.20,20,20,20,20,20,20,20
3690 DATA 20.45, 4E, 54, 45, 52, 20, 53, 50, 45, 45, 44, 20, 28, 31, 2D
3700 DATA 38,29,3A,00,FF,00,FF,12,00,00,00,00,00.00.00,00
3710 DATA XX
3720
3730
4000 CLS6: PRINT@233, "PLEASE WAIT":: SCREENO, 1
4010 CLEAR 200, &H7000-1
4020 READ A$
4030 IF A$="XX" THEN CLS:PRINT "CODE NOW READY":END
4040 IF LEN(A$)=4 THEN P=VAL("&H"+A$):GOTO 4020
4050 POKE P. VAL ("&H"+A$)
4060 P=P+1
4070 GDTO 4020
```

DRAGON SOFTWARE FROM MARIDIAN

UNDERBEINGS OF CROTH: an original adventure set in an underground world of Pitheasts, toothworms, and a pernen, "another for adventurers to add to their shopping lists." (D.U. DEC86). £3.95

DECATHLON: a 10 game competition for 1-5 players. Includes Shootout, Spider, Chopper, Cuckoo, Hangman, Anagrams etc. Excellent family entertainment, (review Dec 86 — four Dragons). £3.95

MAZERACE AND SPELLBOX: two interesting approaches to mathematics and spelling for ages 6-12. Approved by teachers, parents and children. "little doubt that any child could benefit..." (D.U. Jan 85) £3.95 each or £5.95 together.

DRAGON MUSIC: Performances in four part harmony, three pieces per tape. Scott Joplin 1, Bach, Bach 2. (Review Dec 86) £3.95 each or £8.95 for all three.

Available only from Maridian, Birchmore Cottage, Nairdwood Lane, Prestwood, Great Missenden, Bucks HP16 OQQ.

DISC DRIVE CONTROLLER FOR DRAGONS

fully compatable with DragonDos only £79.95 inc. of VAT & post Disk drives also available We also repair Dragons — please enquire. Please enclose S.A.E. with any enquiry. Complete systems from £189.95

PNP Communications

Unit B, The Old Boat Yard, Robinson Road, Newhaven, East Sussex BN9 9BL Telephone (0273) 514761

DR1

CLASSIFIED ADS

DRAGON 64 Joysticks, lightpen, data recorder, cumana dual drive delta dos, books, software on tape disc and cartridge. £180 Tel Bath (0225) 312998.

DRAGON 64 with Dragon disk drive games and business software plus books, lightpen and joystick £150 phone Farnborough (Kent) 62830.

27 ORIGINAL titles including Telewriter and Composer. Light pen NCJ I/O port. Any sensible offers. J. Scullard, 12 Higher Holocombe Close, Teignmouth, Devon TO14 8RE

DRAGON 64, excellent condition, little used since new, hence sale. Leads 2 joysticks, dust cover, various programs Dragon User magazines from Vol 1 No 1 £175 Tel 0725 20395 evenings.

DRAGON USER back issues, September 1983 to September 1986, £15. 031-333 4471 evenings.

(Please wr	E. 574 P.	15 3-5-3		
		_		-
			_	_
-	_		-	
Name		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		
		Tele		
Please cut out Dragon User, 1	and send	this form t	o: Classifie	d Departme

Winners and Losers

Every month, Gordon Lee will look at some prize programming points from a previous month's competition

PROBLEM solving by simulation was the name of the game in the November edition of *Dragon User*. First of all though, I'd like to correct an error which crept in to the article on the Buffon's needle experiment which preceded the competition question. Due to the antiquity of my typewriter, the 'I' and the '1' look very similar. Consequently, in the first paragraph, the length of the needle should have been I units in length, and not 1. From this, the probability formula should now read as 2I/h(pi). Now to return to the competition!

The question involved ending up with six dice showing identical faces, when thrown a maximum of six times. At each subsequent throw, after the first, only selected dice need be thrown. Because of the large number of permutations that may occur during the playing of the game, it was impossible for a program to check every possible one of them in order to assess the chances of success. Such a task would probably take a lifetime — even for the computer — and would certainly not be possible within the closing date of the competition!

The task, therefore, was to devise a program which actually 'played' the game a sufficiently large number of times, while counting the number of winning throws as they occurred. From the data so obtained, an estimate of the probability could be made.

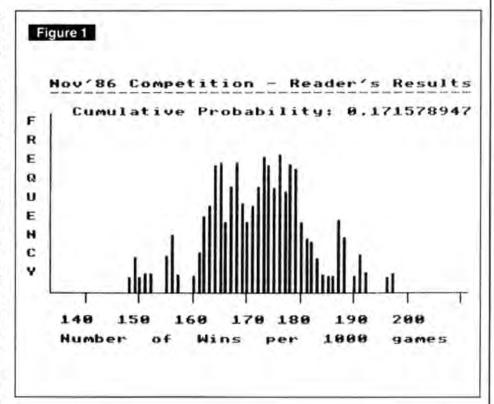
The competition question was to determine how many wins you could expect out of every thousand games played. By using the program listed on page 29 of February's issue, I predicted a result of between 156 and 184 winning games per thousand. This proved to be pretty near the mark, with most entrants coming up with figures within this range.

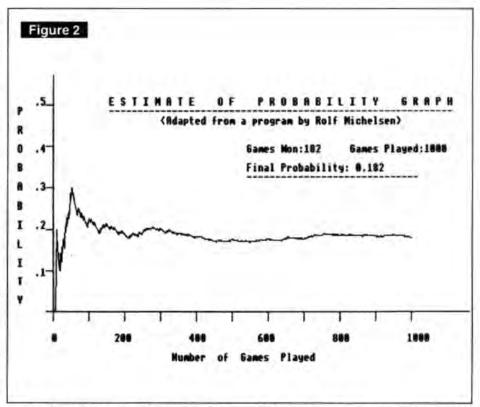
A number of entrants 'double-checked' their results by running several trials, each of a thousand games, in order to test their programs. My thanks, in particular, to Phil Sapiro and Brian Holmes for including the results of these tests with their entries.

I have included these results, together with all others submitted, on a bar-chart in Figure 1. This shows the distribution of your results in the range of 140 to 200 wins per thousand games. The higher the bar on the chart, the more answers of this figure were received.

Rolf Michelsen of Norway also programmed a graph into his listing which plotted each result as it was computed. As each game was played, the graph plotted the probability, and assessed on the results obtained so far. I have adapted this idea of a graph in Figure 2, which is a screen-dump of a typical trial. This plots the estimated probability calculated during a run of one thousand games. As Rolf states, the graph looks very ragged with only a few games played, but after 150 games it tends to flatten out, ending at about 180 won games per thousand.

The method of approach adopted by nearly all competitors was to imitate the





way in which the game would be played using actual dice — the true object of problem solving by simulation.

A number of surprisingly compact programs were received. Examination of these revealed that most did not keep a record of each individual die thrown during a game, and so that once a target number for the dice was decided on in the first or second throw, it was not possible to change this 'target' value.

This device did not appear to materially affect the final totals, but it would not account for the remote possibility that it may be advantageous to aim for a different target on a subsequent throw (see the 'rules' of the game on November's competition page).

Finally, Brian Holmes asks about how to turn off the high speed poke 65495,0 (&HFFD7,0 hex). This is done by using poke 65496,0 (&HFFD8,0 hex).

Smash Hits from Prestons

(FORMERLY BLABY COMPUTER GAMES)



BLABY COMPUTER GAMES

£1.99

FINGERS



BLABY COMPUTER GAMES



CAVERNS OF CHAOS

£3.99

Speedking Joystick

Printer Lead £3.95

10-5¼" Disks DS/DD in Plastic Box £7.95 £3.99





£5.00

Power Pack £11.95

> Joystick £5.95

Interface £5.95

SEND FOR OUR FREE CATALOGUE. GAMES FROM ONLY £1.99 EACH OR BUY FROM YOUR LOCAL COMPUTER SHOP.
VISA AND ACCESS CARDS.

We look forward to meeting you on our stands at the following:

OLD HORTICULTURAL HALL, LONDON, 28TH MARCH OSSETT TOWN HALL, SATURDAY 11TH APRIL PCW SHOW, OLYMPIA, 25TH—27TH SEPTEMBER

R. & A. J. Preston

KINGS HALL COURT, ST. BRIDES MAJOR, MID GLAM. CF32 0SE Telephone: Southerndown (0656) 880965 (24 hours)

DR48



IT'S ALWAYS nice when readers come to each other's rescue, on this occasion using me as a glorified postman, which is fair enough as I forgot to put Keith Marshall's address in the December issue. Keith was struggling with Pyramid of Doom, amongst other things, and Esther Duncan of 5 Montrose Drive, Garthdee, Aberdeen AB1 7DA has kindly sent in some information on that one for me to pass on to Keith. Before I do, though, I'll pass it on to you, too, as it's not an adventure that comes up very often.

Pyramid entrance

To get into the pyramid you need a large key, and to get the key you must first, in the desert, LOOP OG. Then you just YEK TEG and then ROOD NEPO at the pyramid. Esther says that she searched for months for that ""!!" key (and those are her very words. Such language from a lady.)

In the same game there's also a tiny key, which is to be found north-east from the pool in the desert. Before that, though, you need to ELOP TEG, then go north-east, then YEK TEG DNA GID. Another piece of advice is to DIMARYP EDISEB GID, though Esther hasn't yet managed to enter what she finds there, or find a use for the tiny key. Is it ared herring? After all, it was found near a pool.

Esther herself admits to being a novice adventurer, and is looking for help on Ten Little Indians, Don't Panic, Operation Safras, Pettigrew's Diary, Franklin's Tomb (how to escape the cave) and Mystery of the Java Star — the mystery being how to get the game to load.

Mysteries, too, for Paul Smith in trying to use Cowen Software's Adventure Writer. Can any fellow users come to the rescue and contact Paul, whose address is 27 Sunridge Park, Midsomer Norton, Bath, Avon BA3 2NZ? If you need help on Calixto Island, the person to send your SAEs to is another Smith, Justin this time, his address being 32 Mountbatten Road, Bungay, Suffolk NR35 1PP.

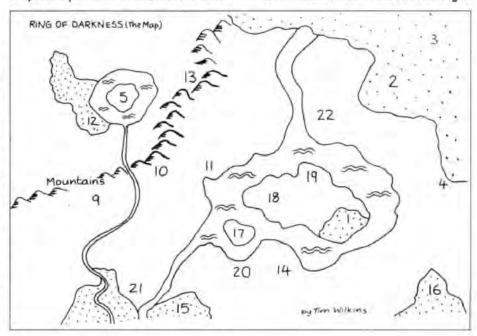
Now look folks, someone out there must have completed Operation Safras, and yet my otherwise pretty extensive database of solved adventures contains not a single name with this game to its credit. Anyone who's just being modest about it, contact the column, and also contact Margaret Wardlow, 21 Acacia Avenue, Chapeltown, Sheffield S30 4PQ. Margaret can find

agents One and Two, but needs help with the others.

As I'm writing this while suffering from a code in the node, it seems appropriate I should bring you some code cures. Oh, the agony and pain these words are causing and that's only the jokes. Anyway, it's not me responsible for the codes, but a kindhearted chap name of Mr. K. Hunt, and if you hunt for him at 11 Demarnham Close. West Bromwich, West Midlands B70 6RJ, you stand a good chance of finding him. Now listen carefully, I shall say zis only once, but the various codes you need in the Phoenix arcade-adventure games are as follows: Death Mines of Sirus, loading code for first adventure is CBLW, and for the second is TLL; The Emperor Must Die, first loading code TCHK, second WHLT, name of Emperor's plant is TIWEN, and secret formula for getting TIWEN is 1215219195; the loading codes in If I Had a Million are KRNS for the first adventure and EMPZ for the second; and the loading code in Mission Moonbase is J18-E99.

The man responsible for all these is also looking for people to swap adventures with, and I hope he means legitimate swaps and not rampant piracy. He says he has some rare and unusual adventures in his collection, too. Finally he gives some info on where the various discs can be found that are Lost in Space. These are only the general areas for you to look in, so I won't print them backwards. The blue disc is in the cafeteria, the red one in the engineering section, the white one in the library and the black one in the captain's cabin. Happy hunting.

Joe Brincat of Malta has been hunting for



KEY

- 1. Zondra's Quest
- 2. Barrows of Bran
- 3. Ethwood Castle
- Dragon's Sign
- 5. Nothern Sign
- 6. Hammers Pit
- 7. Wildton
- 8. Death's Reach
- 9. Solomon's Throne
- 10. Maze of Minos
- 11. Ocean Town

- 12. Briskcom Harbour
- City of Eagles
- 14. Port Stillwater
- 15. Gondar's Monument
- 16. Borderton
- 17. Misea Bouy
- 18. Castle Pepper Quest
- 19. Tower of Acheron
- 20. Doom Labyrinth 21. Southern Sign
- 22. Houston Hollow

the amulet in *Trekboer*, which he knows will get him through the forcefield — but where is it? HPATONEC BMILC. Joe sent in a map for *Total Eclipse*, which is a bit too tricky to publish, but what he's really hoping for is someone to tell him how to get through to the abandoned craft on this one. He says normally the game stops in space, but on one occasion he put in some pokes before he loaded and this got him through to the abandoned craft.

Now, Sod's Law being what it is, he didn't note the numbers and hasn't been able to find them since — despite a year of looking and hoping! If anyone can stop this adventurer going into his own total eclipse, write to Joe at 73 Annunciation Street, Hamrun, Malta.

About to go into a total eclipse on Mystery of the Java Star is Paul Smith, 17 Balham Close, Rushden, Northants NN10 9JL, and that's because he can't get the Java Star itself up to the surface without being burned alive. In other words, Smith is getting crisped. He also wants to know how to get off the first floor in Madness and the Minotaur. Any offers?

An offer comes from Andrew Logan, and that's to help anyone struggling in Aquanaut 471. Andrew's address is 19 Derwent Avenue, Falkirk FK1 5HZ, while Jerusalem Adventure and Devil's Island tips are available from John Smallwood, 51 King's Drive, Fulwood, Preston, Lancs PR2 3HQ.

Another kind-hearted reader is Craig Graham, 21 Alnwickhill Gdns, Edinburgh EH16 6NE, who's solved *Trekboer, Sea Quest, Vortex Factor* and *Ring of Darkness*, but is struggling in *Return of the Ring*. Can anyone stop him struggling? And tell him how to get past the zombie in *Mountains of Ket*?

Joining in the discussion on possible sources of inspiration for *Juxtaposition* is Darran Collins, 50 Clos Gosset, Longueville, St Saviour, T32, Jersey, Channel Islands. Darran says that while at a friend's house he spotted a book called *Juxtaposition* by Piers Anthony, the third volume in a trilogy called *Split Infinity*, and the storyline of that contains some similarities with the adventure game. Ta muchly, Darran.

Eaten Eclipse

And the same goes to Donald Morrison, 72 Diriebught Road, Inverness IV2 3QT, who offers help on *Ultimate Adventure, Calixto Island, El Diablero* and parts of *Syzygy* and *Trekboer*, on which he wants to know what use is the steel canteen, where is the ice and how do you get back out of the chasm after getting the Xendos plant?

Graham Naylor of 30 Haugh Lane, Newhey, Rochdale, Lancs OH6 3RB would like to get hold of a copy of *Brittania* by Keydata, a strategy game which I reviewed in the September 1985 issue. Graham obviously takes his time getting round to buying things, and he's also looking for a copy of *Total Eclipse*, as he says that his own copy was eaten by his dog. What? Dog swallows cassette tape? Or does he just mean the instructions? I'm baffled, but if anyone's got either to spare maybe they could contact

Graham, provided the dog doesn't eat postmen too.

Simon Jones of Eye in Suffolk asks for help on Golden Baton, namely how to feed the crab (SGULS HTIW) and how to pass the lizard (ZTRAUQ EVAW), while Christopher Haynes from Birmingham is having problems getting the flask from Princess Xandra in Return of the Ring. FFATS EHT REH EVIG. Don't worry if she disappears for a while, as she will reappear later.

And that, my friends, is the last bit of backwards writing you're going to get from me. Yes, this is to be my last Adventure Trail for Dragon User magazine, as I've decided that after almost three years of Dragon adventuring, the time has come for a change.

One reason is that I think a fresh face will bring fresh life to the column, but the main reason is that I've been getting more and more letters every month asking for information on how to write and program adventure games, and as a non-programmer I can't offer any help in that direction. All I've been able to do is point readers in the direction of my brother Peter's book, Exploring Adventures on the Dragon. As of next month, however, you'll be pointed permanently in his direction — he is your new adventure Trailer. And he will be providing a new regular series on how to program your own adventures.

Writing your own material is becoming increasingly necessary as the commercial releases dwindle and more and more

people want to put out their own titles in the hope of selling a few copies to fellow Dragon users.

This is the way the Dragon world is going, and as has been stated in *Dragon User* time and again, it's your own enthusiasm for your own machine that will keep everything alive.

I've been very fond of my Dragon, as it was the first computer I ever owned, but to be honest I get less and less opportunity to use it as I have to work on newer micros.

Brotherly take-over

One reason I bought my Dragon initially was to discover what adventure games were all about, as my brother was heavily into them even then, constantly raving about this game called *Colossal Caves* that he'd played on a Commodore PET at work. So it seems appropriate that I should hand over to him.

You'll be in good hands, too, as in addition to his Dragon book and three Dragon adventures for Duckworth, he's written two adventures that Romik published for the Commodore 64, and we've written a few adventures together, too, me doing the planning and him doing the programming. So he knows what he's talking about, and from next month you'll be able to listen to him. I'm sure you'll be interested in what he has to say, and I hope he makes as many friends among Dragon User readers as I have.

	CO PROPERTY.				Aller Street British Street	D. C. C.
/	0 31	A 10	PHILL	CO	mto	0
			ture			

To help puzzled adventurers further, we are instituting an Adventure Helpline — simply fill in the coupon below, stating the name of the adventure, your problem and your name and address, and send it to Dragon User Adventure Helpine,

12/13 Little Newport Street, London WC2H 7PP. As soon as enough entries have arrived, we will start printing them in the magazine.

Don't worry — you'll still have Adventure Trial to write to as well!

Adventure Problem																					889			12	223	70			9.00								200	16				
Name	360	3	32	346	975	193	90	90)	M	991	N	31	98	80	10)	188	50	68	80			63	95		91	m	70	788	Ш	en:	0	803	6	8	0	8	8	m	88	ø	890	
Address																																										
															×				뿻	¥	燹									8	ę,											

Adventure Contact

Adventure: Syzygy

Problem: Have sabre and have met Vader,

but how do I kill him?
Name: Steve Potts

Address: 1 Bardney Road, Washing-

borough, Lincoln LN4 1AQ.

Adventure: Tanglewood

Problem: How do I get past the gi-ants?

What should I do in Shark Castle?

Name: The Excerpt

Address: 25 Fife St., Dufftown, Keith,

Banffshire, AB5 4AL.

Adventure: 1) The Vortex Factor 2) Tangle-

wood 3) Syzygy

Problem: How to use the time machine/ open safe and north door 2) Help! 3) Can't

use co-ordinates.
Name: Rhys Davies

Address: 88 Preston New Road, South-

port, Merseyside PR9 8PH.

Adventure: Total Eclipse

Problem: How many credits are needed to

get to a higher technical level?

Name: N. I. Clubb

Address: 254 Baldwin's Lane, Croxley Green, Herts WD3 3LQ.

-actor 2) larigie- Green, Herts WD3 3LQ

Multiple missiles

Wizard Gordon Lee turns a dartboard into a table

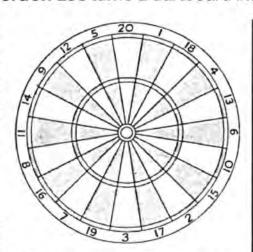
THIS month, the competition is related to the numbers on a standard dartboard. Take a single dart and aim for any single on the board. If you score either a double, treble, or bull, then throw again. Taking the score from the single dart, move around the dartboard in a clockwise direction, adding at each step the score in that sector of the board. Continue in this way until your running total equals a perfect cube.

For example, if the dart landed on 10, your score would run:

10 + 15 = 25 : 25 + 2 = 27

As 27 is the cube of three, the game would end on this score. Of course, throws of 1 and 8 would end immediately as they are themselves perfect cubes, but for other starting scores you may need to make more than one circuit of the board.

DRAGON 32/64 & TANDY COLOUR SEE



Can you produce a table showing the final score obtainable from each of the twenty sectors of the board?

Prize

I won the last game of Darts I played — but only because my opponents kept diving under the tables. Only half an hour to get from 501 (or was it 105?) down to the double 3, with four minutes out to retrieve one of my missiles from Mr. Higgins newly installed rustic crown beam. These modern ceilings are much too low.

My arithmetic is so bad that they won't even let me keep the scores, so I won't be staking my chances on this month's competition, either, but for those who take up the challenge (and there isn't any excuse now — Christmas is over, it's time to pay the bills) we have a box full of ace Microdeal game Tanglewood, which the Expert is going bananas on this month (well, it makes a change from us throwing him bananas). What d'you mean, you don't watch Willo The Wisp? It's never too late to start getting culture.

Rules

When you have cubed the circle to your satisfaction or before 15th July, whichever happens soonest, send us a listing of your

January winners

We were sore disappointed in the paucity of entries for the January competition, as we had hoped it would bring the Artist in you out into the open. Well, it did, and we've put him over there in the corner with the poet ... The entries we did get were of a high quality, though. Congratulations.

The best entry came from G. R. Barber of Sutton Coldfield, and we're awarding him an extra mystery game for effort. The other winners are S. A. Siddiqui of Chiswick, F. J. Taylor of Middlesbrough, John Smallwood of Preston, Darryl Grove of Sunbury-on-Thames, Corporal Bishop of BFPO 23 and David Gassman of Marnhull. Best tiebreaker from Mr. Smallwood: 'If 17 is the random number, then ERNIE is a ZX 81'.

Could well be, John. He's been about as much use as a ZX 81 to me so far...

These folk will all be receving their copies of Catacomb Crisis from Microvision, just as soon as we get them. Just when I thought I'd got this monthly mass mailing bit well and truly sorted out...

Solution

There is no solution. How can you have a solution to a pattern? The Answer does not appear on its usual page. But we will be looking at some of the best entries at a future date, when Gordon has worked out how they did it.

solution, and any notes you want to include (no cassettes, please) in an envelope marked APRIL COMPETITION in large red (well, OK, they don't have to be red) letters.

Just to keep us happy, we insist that you write a TIE BREAKER incorporating the experience of your years as a Dragon user. This month I'm in one of my poetic moods again (it must be the crocuses, croaking their way up through the patio tiles) and all I want is a short verse or limerick incorporating at least one rhyme for 'tangle'.

Nice, enni? That's why they call me Butcher Armstrong.



The final instalment of the mathematical glossary

Magic squares. Popular type of puzzle in which a square array of n² positive integers, such that the sums of each vertical, horizontal, or main diagonal line of numbers is always the same. The simplest magic square is:

816

357 492

Generally, magic squares are formed from

an ascending series of integers from 1 upwards. Some squares can be 'multiple magic squares', in which other combinations of component integers also total the magic constant, or in which the square of the integers also total a second constant.

Mersenne Prime. A number in the form (2ⁿ — 1) where n is a prime number and the resulting number is itself prime. Mersenne

primes are closely related to 'perfect' numbers (q.v.).

Octahedron. One of the Platonic solids having eight triangular faces.

Palindromic number. A number which reads the same backwards as forwards eg 123454321. Certain palindromic numbers have unusual properties.

Pascal. No, not the programming language! Blaise Pascal was a 17th century French mathematician now best known for his Pascal's Triangle. He also carries out much research on probability theory.

Perfect cube. A number in the series 1,8,27,64,.... That is, a number whose cube root is an integer.

Perfect number. A number whose aliquot divisors add up to the number itself. The smallest is 6(1 + 2 + 3), and next comes 28 (1 + 2 + 4 + 7 + 14). To date only thirty perfect numbers are known. They are directly related to the Mersenne primes. For each Mersenne prime there is a corresponding perfect number which can be found from the following formula:

Perfect number = $(2^{n-1})(2^n-1)$

The first five perfect numbers are formed by using the values 2,3,5,7, and 13 for n in the formula, as follows:

n Perfect number = $(2^{n-1})(2^n-1)$

2 6 3 28 5 496 7 8128 13 33550336 The largest perfect number discovered to date is the 30th in the series. The value of n is 216091, and the resulting perfect number has a total of 130100 digits!

Platonic solids. The five regular convex solids, ie solids bounded by regular polygons, with congruent faces and congruent interior angles at its corners. The Platonic solids are: the regular tetrehedron, hexahedron (cube), octohedron, dodecahedron, and icosahedron.

Prime factor. Any composite number can be reduced to a unique set of prime factors. For example, the number 126 has prime prime factors: 2,3,3, and 7. This is usually writted as 2.3.3.7 or 2.3².7

Prime Number. The basic building blocks of our number system. The study of prime numbers abounds with curiousities sufficient to fill several books! Basically, a prime number has no integral divisors except for itself and 1. 7,29,433,53993, and 88114244437 are primes. Unfortunately, the methods for determining if a number is prime or not (apart from trial division) is very complex. There is an infinite number of primes. A number of curiosities relating to primes include palindromic primes (79997 and 7272727 are two of them), and prime pairs. These are pairs of primes having a difference of two, eg 11 and 13, or 54917 and 54919.

Pyramidal number. A number in the series 1,5,14,30,55,etc. Each term is the sum of successive square numbers (1 + 4 + 9 + 16 + 25 +). A pyramidal number of cans can be stacked in the form of a square-based pyramid, as, for example, in a supermarket display.

Square number. In recrational mathematics a square number is a perfect square, ie a number with an integral square root.

Tetrahedral number. A number in the series 1,4,10,20,35,... Each term is the sum of successive triangular numbers (1,3,6,10,15,....).

Tetrahedron. The simplest of the Platonic solids having four faces, each face being an identical equilateral triangle.

Triangular number. One of the figurate numbers (q.v.)

Unity. The mathematical term for one (1).

Zero. One less than unity! Nought. The starting point on a scale of measurement.

With zero we conclude this brief excursion into some of the more commonly used terms in recreational mathematics. If your own particular favourites are not amongst them, please accept my apologies!

POSITIVELY FINAL STOCKS OF GENUINE DRAGON KEYBOARDS

When these have gone . . . that's it! Dragon 64-type, but suitable for 32s or 64s. Simple fitting: £19.95.

A1 SupaSmooth Dragon POWER SUPPLY: £18.95 complete. 2-year gaurantee plus life-time service warranty. Optional on/off switch: £2.50. Direct from Britain's leading manufacturer of replacement power supplies.

JOYSTICKS: General purpose, precision potentiometer Pro-Sticks £9.95 pair, £5.50 each. Joyball Quickfire arcade-type, with Dragoniser interface £19.95 each. Cheetah 125 Autofire arcade-type, with Dragoniser £14.95 each.

BOOKS: Including Inside the Dragon (THE book!) £7.95. Plus Dragon User, Dragon Monthly and Dragon's Tail back numbers.

LEADS: Aerial £2.50, cassette £3.95, printer £11.95.

All prices include UK post and packing.

This is just a small sample of our stock of over 150 Dragon lines. We probably have the world's largest range of GENUINE Dragon accessories — dust covers, carrying cases, T-shirts, sweat shirts, light pens, stickers, printers, etc, etc, etc. Whatever you need, please phone.

PEAKSOFT DRAGON SUPPLY CENTRE.

48 QUEEN STREET, BALDERTON, NEWARK, NOTTS, NG24 3ND.

Access/Visa orders or inquires: Phone 0636 705230

DR45



A/INTERNATIONAL TWIN PACKS

Adventure/Time Machine — Secret Mission/Ghost Town — Voodoo Castle/Golden Voyage — Wizard of Akyrz/Hulk — Ten Little Indians/Circus — Pirate Adventure — Pyramid of Doom — Savage Island Part 1 & 2 — Sorcerer of Clay. Castle — Escape from Pulsar 7 — Arrow of Death Part 1 & 2 — Perseus and Andromeda — Strange Oddessey

CHOOSE YOUR TWIN PACK FROM THE ABOVE TITLES FOR ONLY £5.50 per Twin Pack

SOFTWARE PROJECTS

Jet Set Willy/Manic Miner — TWIN PACK
— ONLY £7.95

DESIGN DESIGN
Dark Star/Rommels Revenge –
TWIN PACK — ONLY £7.95
Tubeway Army — £2.99

PRISM MODEM

Complete with leads, cartridge software Free 3 Month subscription to Micronet and Free copy Dragon Users Directory, everything you need to contact us. Isn't that a good idea and all for the INCREDIALE PRICE of £64.95

MICROVISION
Bean Stalker £7.50 The Talisman £7.50
INCENTIVE

"Moon Cresta" £7.50 Eddy Steady Go £6.95 The Ket Trilogy £7.95

PROGRAM

FACTORY
Ninja Warrior — £2.99
COMPUTAPE
Madness and Minotaur
ONLY £2.99
Whirlybird Run £2.99

BLABY GAMES
Kung Fu £5.00
Karma Crazy £2.99
Olympia — £3.99
Cosmic Crusader
£3.99

Barmy Burgers £1.99 Darts — £1.99

COMPUTER-WARE Blockbusters

£5.50 Linkword £5.50

A & F SOFTWARE Chuckie Egg £2.99 Screaming Abdabs

PEAKSOFT
Tim Loves Cricket

£5.00

£5.00 NEW Champions £7.95 HEWSON

CONSULTANTS
3D Lunattack £2.99
3D Seiddad Attack
£2.99
3D Space Wars £2.99

OCEAN Hunchback £1.99

B & H SOFTWARE

And All Because £3.99 Pub Crawl £3.99

IMPSOFT Chicken Run/Fruity £3.50 PAIR — £1.99 each

J. MORRISON MICROS Chess £2.99

SMITHSON COMPUTING Word Processor £14.95

CABLE S/WARE Superbowl £2.99 Zak's-Son £2.99 Fantasy Fight £2.99 Quazimodo £2.99

PERIPHIALS
Peaksoft Joystick
29.95 PAIR — £5.50
EACH

CONSUMER ELECTRONICS

Strike Control Joysticks £17.95 Pair Cassette Lead £2.50 Ariel Lead £2.50 Centronics Printer Cable £11.95

To order the above please send Cheque/Postal Order made payable to COMPUTAPE, to the above address. For Catalogue only, please send SAE. PRICES INCLUDE FIRST-CLASS POSTAGE and packing. Overseas Orders Welcomed. COMPUTAPE: THE ONLY SOFTWARE COMPANY TO MAKE YOUR DRAGON CHIPS FRY NOT CRY!



HARRIS SOFTWARE JOHN PENN MICRODEAL

PAMCOMMS

OUICKBEAM_

ZONE 4

059 USER GROUP

NATION DRAGON USER ASSOCIATION

ADMISSION: Adults £2.50 Children £1.75

REDUCTION FOR ADVANCE TICKET

Adult £2.00 Children £1.00

All Advance Ticket Holders qualify for Free Draw Tickets

Cheques Payable to JPPR Ltd.

28, Trevarrick Road, St. Austell, Cornwall Further Information from JENNY POPE on (0726) 61185

JOHN PENN DISCOUNT SOFTWARE FOR THE DRAGON

NEW

MUSIC MAKER by David Maken €5.00 Ever wished you knew more about music? Ever wanted to have your favourite tune played on your Dragon? Well now you can learn more about musical notation, or simply copy sheet music directly onto your Dragon using Music Maker (You don't even need to be able to read music). One, two, three or four channel music can be produced using Music Maker by simply following the instruction provided to copy notes from sheet music into your Dragon or to make up your own tune. The tunes you produce can be saved as stand alone machine codes to be reloaded and

EXEC'd from within your own BASIC programs.

OTHER GAMES

THE THIRTEENTH TASK (text adv.)	Arc	23.00
COLOSSAL ADVENTURE (text adv.)	Cowan	26.00
NUMEROLOGY	Occult	£5.00
HARE RAISER : Double pack (gr. adv.)	Haresoft	£4.00
BEST OF PCW (25 games + book)	Centurion	£5.00
PREDICTOR (forecast football and racing results)	Benley	£4.00
TIM LOVES CRICKET	Peaksoft	£4.00
SAS	Peaksoft	£2.00
PHOTO FINISH	Peaksoft	£2.00
BACK TRACK	Incentive	£3.50
MANIC MINER	Software Projects	£3.50
DOMINOES	Oasis	£3.00

UTILITIES/BUSINESS SOFTWARE

OS9 Software (for use with OS9 Operating System, disc drive(s) and Dragon 64) DYNACALC £21.00			
R.M.S.	£20.00	10% discount if 3-4 programs	
BASIC 09	£21.00	1.00 ordered	
'C' COMPILER	£27.00		
PASCAL	£19.00	20% discount if 5 or more	
STOCK RECODING SYSTEM	£19.00	programs ordered	
CASH BOOK & VAT	£19.00	programs ordered	
ONOT BOOK A THE	210.00		
BASIC 42	Harris	(for use with 64 only	() £14.95
+ HELP utility	riarris	(10) das with or only	£5.00
+ SPOOL utility			£5.00
If CumanaDos version required			£5.00
MONEYBOX (disc)	Harris		£13.50
SHAREBOX (disc)	Harris		£15.50
MAILBOX (disc)	Harris		£15.50
SALESBOX (disc)	Harris		£18.50
BILLSBOX (disc)	Harris		£18.50
CASHBOX (disc)	Harris		£18.50
ORDERBOX (disc)	Harris		£15.50
STOCKBOX (disc)	Harris		£18.50
(please state whether CumanaDos or DragonDos)			
SOURCEMAKER	Pamcom		00.83
GRAPHICS ANIMATOR	Dragon [Data	23.00
HI-RES-TEXT	Starship		23.00
PERSONAL BANKING SYSTEM	Hilton		£9.95
UTILITIES I	Hilton		£5.00
DISASSEMBLER	Hilton		£5.00
SHAPER	Shards		£3.50
MAILER/ADDRESS BOOK	MST	cas	ss. £3.00

JOHN PENN **DISCOUNT SOTWARE**

Dean Farm Cottage, Kingsley, Bordon,

Hants. GU35 9 NG Tel, Bordon (04203) 5970

For all your Dragon Hardware contact

PEAKSOFT

48 Queen St., Balderton, Newark, Tel. 0636 705230 Notts. NG24 3NS

RARGAIN RASEMENT

£1.50 each : five for £6.00 : ten for £10.00 Please give at least two alternatives when ordering five or more programs.

GOLF DRAGON SELECTION CHOCOLATE FACTORY OSSIE CITY DEFENCE MINED OUT STALAG/ENO **AMAZING** DON'T PANIC DRAGON TREK NORTH SEA OIL SURPRISE DETECTIVE GRID RUNNER SUPERSPY STOCKMARKET MINI GAMES PICTURE PUZZLE NIGHT FLIGHT DRAG RUNNER DEMON NIGHT FLIPPER **CELLS & SERPENTS** PETTIGREW'S DIARY ULTIMATE ADVENTURE TRANSYLVANIAN TOWER LEGGITT

EDUCATIONAL CORNER

Dragon Data series

SCHOOL MAZE (early reading) 4-8 yrs.

NUMBER PUZZLER £2.00 each or (addition & subtraction) 4-11 yrs. two for £3.00

CIRCUS ADVENTURE (computer logic) 4-8 yrs.

Dragon Educational series

FACEMAKER 4-11 yrs. £2.00 each or NUMBER CHASER 4-11 yrs. two for £3.00

Shards/Cambrian/Tiger software

FUN TO LEARN 6-12 yrs. FAMILY PROGRAMS

MONSTER MATHS 6-14 yrs.

SNOW QUEEN (spelling/pattern recognition) 8+ £1.50 each or **QUIZ PACK** three for £3.00

FUN & GAMES

INFANT PACK (pre-school) 7-16 yrs. TIGER GRAND PRIX

Ampalsoft (Cheshire Cat) series

O' LEVEL MATHS I MATHS LEVEL I (4-6 yrs.)

MATHS LEVEL II (6-7 yrs.) £3.50 each or SUPERSPY (11+) two for £6.00 BASIC TUTOR: BEGINNER'S LEVEL

BASIC TUTOR: ADVANCED LEVEL

PERIPHERALS

Disk drives and controllers by PNP 1 by 40 track single sided disc drive and SuperDos controller £179.95 SuperDos controller only £79.95 (SuperDos is fully compatable with DragonDos) SAM CHIPS (74LS783) £15.00 each

HOW TO ORDER

Write to us (or phone with an Access order) quoting the titles, publisher, medium (where relevant) and price of the programs you would like. Please include 50p postage/packaging on single orders, and 75p for two or more items ordered. Postage to Europe is £2.00 (N.B Eire is now European rate) and £4.00 to rest of world (Please double this if you would like your order sent by air mail

If possible please give your telephone number, as well as your name and full address.

Cheques/postal order made payable to JOHN PENN DISCOUNT SOFTWARE. All the software etc. is subject to availability.

Please allow up to 21 days for delivery, though we try to despatch orders within 24 hours.

DR35.2