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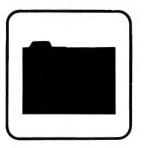
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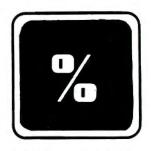
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8:00 am to 4:00 pm EST.

REMarks

by Bill Sias

I usually hate to go to computer shows, there's nothing for my wife and kids to do while I'm gone all day wandering among all of the amazing new "do-dads", but this year I left the kids at home and took my wife to Las Vegas for the Fall Comdex show. The people who promote Comdex must have been surprised by the response this year since they were forced to open the show almost a half hour early due to the tremendous number of people attending. There are some great advantages to a press pass best of which was that I was able to see most of the exibits before the show was opened to the general public.

There really wasn't a great deal of Color Computer items on display other than a 3 inch disk drive system from AMDEK Corp, 2201 Lively Blvd, Elk Grove Village, IL 60007 (312) 364-1180. I was surprised that it used the Radio Shack controller. Wico (Consumer Division, Niles, IL 60648 (800) 323-4014) were showing their joysticks and trackballs for the Color and other computers and Kraft P.O. Box 1268, Vista CA 92083 were showing their joystick as well.

Perhaps the most amazing new "do-dad" was the Fujitsu computer 2840 San Tomas Expressway Suite 103, Santa Clara, CA 95051. It contains two 6809s, one as the CPU and another controlling the screen display. I was watching an amazing animated program when the Vice-President hit the break key, sure enough the READY prompt appeared

but the stars whizzing past the screen didn't

stop! It seems that the last graphics commands continue to execute even though BASIC interpretter has command mode. I was impressed with the speed of the BASIC, the 512 by 492 pixel graphic screen and the ability to mixed high resolution graphics with text. Although none of the people there would verify it for me its rumored that the 64K version will sell for under \$600 when the FCC approves it (I will be suspect it approved summer/early fall). They already have a number of slick peripherals for it, again pending FCC approval, such as digitizers and light pens.

I resently upgraded our GIMIX computer to OS-9 Level II, a 19 MB five inch hard disk and 180K of RAM. This move was phase two of our transition to the new computer. The upgrade went amazingly well, in fact the total down time for installation of everything was less than one afternoon. These changes allow us to use the GIMIX as a multi-user system in a much smoother manner. I'm not sure if it's the speed of the hard disk or the extra memory but most of the time it's impossible to tell the difference between one user on Level I and three on Level II (the only time you can tell is when I've got several processes going that as very disk dependant and I forget to lower their priority). The next step in the transition is to upgrade the RAM memory to 512K and bring the number of users up to 6. Not bad for one 6809!



I dont think this guy uses a 6809 but he was cute.

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For 05-9.

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essembler which runs on a 6809 FLEX system and supports full 32 bit math, macros, and conditional assembly.

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Add EDIT to TSC BASIC's, slong with DECOMPIL and cross reference.

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TSC FLEX UTILITIES

package of additional FLEX utility commands which includes memory dump, prompting delete to name a couple.

TSC FLEX DIAGNOSTICS

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\$75.00

sort/merge which allows the full-disk contents of any size file to be sorted, including random files. For FLEX.

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Requires a PIA

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w/source \$54.95

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A/BASIC Compiler:

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or 05-9.

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OS-9/FLEX MACRO ASSEMBLER: A fast and versatile le macro assembler with ability to macros, with substantial parameters, conditional assembly directives and ability to change value of a label or symbol. Create OS-9 files in FLEX and vice versa!

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w/source

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Programs which enable user to simulate, examine and/or modify object 6805 and 6502 program files on 6800 and 6809 systems under FLEX. Written for 6809 FLEX and UniFLEX.

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A macco text file.

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For OS-9 or FLEX.

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ASM - assembler \$50.00 ASM is compatible with TSC's assembler. But with more powerful MACROS and conditionals, than TSC's. For 6809 FLEX.

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Combines a minimum keystroke text editor with a macro-driven string processing language. A powerful tool for creation, conversion, or reformatting. For 05-9.



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OS-9 USERS:

If your computer has a SCREEN and you're still struggling with an editor that only knows about LINES, then obviously YOU don't know about

DynaStar

DynaStar is a powerful, menu-driven screen editor equally suited to the tasks of program preparation and document processing. With the addition of the optional DynaForm print formatter, it is the best word-processing package you can buy for your OS-9 system.

DynaStar Version II is now available and features nononsense "what you see is what you get" editing for virtually any terminal with or without cursor addressing (it must be at least able to go to "home"). To edit, simply place the cursor where you want it, and type. Any printable character you type is entered directly into your text, and any non-printable control character causes immediate execution of an editing command. Single keystroke commands permit movement of the cursor in any direction, by character, tab, word, line, or screen full, and deletion of characters, words (left or right) or a whole line. Two keystroke commands augment this set by moving the cursor to the left margin, top or bottom of the screen, beginning or end of the edit buffer, or the beginning of the next paragraph. You can search for any string, replace with any other, do it again, mark original blocks of text, copy, move or delete blocks, read or write to side-files, set tabs and margins, or center the current

DynaStar features automatic word-wrap, and it can right-justify text as you enter it so you will see exactly how it will look *before* you print it. If you later make alterations or change the margins, you can reform the text a paragraph at a time with two keystrokes. For programmers, there is a special automatic indent mode to help you write well-structured code. DynaStar includes a Shell command which lets you do almost anything (including edit another file) without even losing your place in your current document, and it permits editing of large disk files in stages without forcing you to break up your files.

If you want to define more powerful commands, Dyna-Star includes a macro facility which lets you convert any control character to one or a string of characters of your choice. You can use this feature to create global search-and-replace commands, insert "boiler-plate," or simply re-map your keyboard. You can also provide a special "start-up string" which is automatically executed whenever you enter the editor to set up modes such as auto-justify, display a directory, define your favorite macros, or re-map the keyboard.

For complete word-processing, we offer our Dyna-Form text formatter which provides all the standard features such as pagination, headers and footers with page numbers, single space, double space, multiple space, **bold face**, **double-strike**, and <u>underline</u>. Dyna-Form has its own macro facility with string variables, nested include files, a full merge-print capability for generating form letters and mailing lists, and it can generate an index automatically, sorted alphabetically or by page number. You can call it from Dyna-Star to proof-print the active edit buffer, or by itself to print a disk file while you edit another.

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DynaStar II: OS-9 or FLEX	\$149.95
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DynaForm CCFLEX Version:	\$ 90.00
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AVAILABLE FOR FLEX 9

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From Dale Puckett

FOR OS-9 AND FLEX

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500 built in common words (and, or, the, etc.) and 300 specific to your field, filter the text and allows a large file to processed even in small computers.

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"FLEX and the TRS-80 Color Computer" by Ronald Anderson, Page 23.

November '82 80 MICRO
"Color Forth"
by Jake Commander, Page 45.

November '82 68 MICRO JOURNAL "CC FORTH"

by James Perotti, Page 19.

October '82 RAINBOW

A comparison of FHL Color Flex to 68 Micro Journal's (Data-Comp) FLEX, Page 64.

February '83 **80 MICRO**Read the review of our DBASIC for FHL Color FLEX!

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US \$31.00 Foreign - surface mail
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System 68

(2 pages) P.O. 310 Conyers, GA 30207 US \$24.00 per year

80 Micro

(1 page) 80 Pine Street Peterborough, NH 03458 US \$25.00 per year US \$27.97 Canada/Mexico US \$44.97 Foreign

68 Micro Journal

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MAIL CALL



Dear Bill,

Color Computing is pleased to announce that the LA Color Exchange, LA's first Color Bulletin Board is up and running 24 hours a day! The number is (213) 563-7727. Call it up and give it a try! Sincerely, Don Brown

Dear CCN,

We just got the November issue here at George Associates and were both suprised and delighted to see the letter by Paula Giese in which she talks about our forthcoming Color Computer Expansion Unit. Yes, such a thing does exist, and it should be available by the time you print this letter. Ms. Giese described our unit rather well, but we thought we should give you a complete rundown on it from the source. Here it is:

The Expansion Unit can be plugged into the cartridge slot of any Color Computer, regardless of internal memory. No modifications are necessary. The unit contains 64K of RAM, a single/double density disk controller, an 80x25 video display with lower case, full video attributes 10 CCN Feb '83

and assorted graphics characters, and a Z-80A. It also contains another serial port, a parallel port, and two expansion busses for additional circuitry. Options include an controller/-

talker/listener capability, and a light pen which will work with both our 80x25 and the CoCo's video.

What can an "Expanded" Color Computer do? For starters, you can run the FLEX, OS-9, CP/M, and UCSD p-system operating systems, as well as Color Basic. These are the standard, "big" machine versions, not reduced-memory, shrunken-screen implementations. Running any of these operating systems is as easy as inserting a disk and booting it up. Yes, "any" CP/M software will run on the Expanded Color Computer, without fuss. In fact, this letter is being written on a prototype running WordStar.

Any standard 5.25" disk drives can be used, offering as much as 800k user storage per drive when using an 80 track, double sided dirve. The 64k of RAM we include is in addition to whatever the CoCo has, opening the door to 96 and 128k Color Computers! We are already working on using some of

Mail Call

this extra memory for disk buffering. This, along with an optimized, high speed disk seek algorithm, combines to vastly increase disk access speed. The screen memory and boot ROM are bank switched, so they do not rob from the address space: this is a 64k system which really does have 64k.

The 80x25 display produces composite video with inverted, half-intensity, underlined and blinking characters. A video multiplexer allows either this video or the CoCo video to be displayed on a monitor. Of course, there's no reason why someone couldn't have a TV displaying the CoCo video at the same time a monitor displays the 80x25.

Why add so much power to the Color Computer? We feel the CoCo has a powerful core needing suitable support, which we have designed the Expansion Unit to provide. There is very little a user might need to do that an Expanded Color Computer won't handle, making it perhaps the biggest little computer around.

Sincerely, Mike Silva George Associates PO Box 960 Berkeley, CA 94701

Dear Sirs;

For the Color Computer Users who enjoy their joysticks with games, try this modification to the game ''SLITHER'' found in the November issue of CCN.

after line 7, insert:

8 DEF USR0 = & HA9DE

replace lines 510-540 with:

501 SA=USRO(0) 502 SX=PEEK(&H15A): SY=PEEK(&H15B) 503 IFSY<5THENDY=-1:C=1:GOTO550 504 IFSY>59THENDY=1:C=1:GOTO550 505 IFSX<32THENDX=-1:C=1:GOTO550 506 IFSX>32THENDX=1:C=1:GOTO550

Than you for a fine publication; Hubert Samm, Jr. Belleville, IL

Dear CCN,

I was very pleased to read my article in

September CCN. However, a few things were not clear. The unkown symbol is, as some may have guessed, Omega the symbol for ohms. It is a 33 ohm register that is called for in the modification. Also it is not clear which board revision was used. The modification will work on the revision "D" or revision "E" board. Why bother on the "E" board? So you don't have to remove 8 capacitors from the board. You may use the jumpers for "MEM-SIZE" (between the PIA's) and low/high should be on high.

Then, having discovered that I could no longer use my 8K RAM PACK, because of the 64K mod, I did a little more reviewing and now I have three switches on top of my keyboard (and a pilot light). An on/off switch, a reverse video switch and a 64K/96K switch. With a tiny program in RAM PACK, you can access both pages of 32K RAM from BASIC, and with Disk Extended BASIC (24K ROM), 8K RAM in the PAC, and 64K RAM, the CC has 96K (count 'em) memory.

So when I get all the bugs stomped on, we may see another article here. Questions and suggestions are welcome. Write me, Chris Hawks
307 Sexauer Ave.
Elgin, II. 60120

Dear Bill,

Here is another method of improving the utility of the Extended Basic DRAW statement. How often have you wished for an easier way to use variables instead of constants for any DRAW subcommands? I have a lot. Well, guess what! Yesterday I was looking through the messages on the Computer Special CompuServe Color Interest Group, and I came across a message don't remember from who, mentioning how to do it. I looked into it, and I wrote this letter to detail how to do it to the don't readers who CCN many CompuServe and/or the CoCo SIG.

Its been there all the time, but Radio Shack just never bothered to mention it in the Extended Basic Manual, or any newsletter. I assume the omission was just another error, like the many others you all have undoubtedly found in the manual.

Enough suspense. It simply is this:

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Mail Call

wherever you can use a number in a DRAW string, you can instead use an = sign, followed by the variable name, followed by a semicolon. The variable must be numeric, it must be non-negative, it can be subscripted (and the subscript number can be another variable or constant) and its name can be any number of characters long. The semicolon following the variable must always be included. Here are a few examples; the old way on top, and the variable way below: Example 1:

DRAW''C2L16C3D20''

C1 = 2:C2 = 3:FL = 16:DN = 20:

DRAW''C = C1;L = LF;C = C2;D = DN;''

Example 2:

DRAW''BM50,60;M + 15,-60'' Z(1) = 50:Z(2) = 60:A = 15:B = 60:DRAW''BM = Z(1);, = Z(2);M + = A;-,-B;''

(Note that if B = -60, DRAW''M + = A;, = B; would give an ?FC ERROR)

I can think of lots of uses for this capability. Among them are the ability to scale shapes in finer gradients than those available with the S command; to make a whole set of shapes (like a graphic alphabet) shorter, wider, taller, etc. By the same amount; and to prevent 'hitches' in lines and corners when using the same shape in 4 and 2 color PMODEs (by using even variables with 4 colors, and even or odd ones for 2 colors).

In reply to Mr. Moade's letter in the October issue, he can find the answer to his disk Vitamin-E deficiency problem in a letter of mine that appeared here a few issues ago, or maybe in 80 Micro. Without going into details, Mr. Moade, unless you are willing to grab a soldering iron and remove C73, C75, and C85 and bypass R73, R74 and R80 (if they aren't dark grey), you'll have to settle with running at normal speed while the disk is attached.

In reply to W.P. Redner's letter, the only way to use as much of 64K as possible with a word processor is to either use a FLEX word processor, or to wait for a 64K version of another word processor, such as Cognitec's Telewriter, which I hear is due out soon. Even with the 64K option installed, unless you can do without all the basic ROM 12 CCN Feb '83

routines, you only have about 30K of free memory.

One final question. I know that Color Computers are going to be sold in department stores as the TDP100, possibly under the RCA label. Does anyone know any specifics on these computers, such as when they'll appear on the shelves, who will sell software for them in the same stores, who will service them, ect.?

Sincerely,

Alexander Benenson Rochester, NY

, In addition to Telewriter Cer-Comp has a 64K version of their text processor that gives you a 54K text buffer.

Dear Bill,

Please find enclosed a years subscription to your excellent magazine. A good number of the members of our recently formed (3 months) "Durham 80"C Computer Club" presently have subscriptions to Color Computer News. Do you have subscription discounts for users groups?

Would much appreciate it if you would advertise the existence of our club to your readers in Canada. I am the secretary of the Durham 80C Computer Club and can be reached at 782 Kenora Avenue Oshawa, Ontario, Canada. Looking forward to more great articles and information.

Regards Brain Smith Oshawa, ONT

Color Computer News,

Please warn your readers of the potential trouble which the sockets on the Micro Labs RAM/ROM memory extention board can cause.

Of the 4 sockets on the \$24.95 board I purchased - all four had a bad connection in one of the pins.

Its too bad that such an expensive item has to be assembled with such JUNK.

Micro Labs needs a quality assurance program to keep its sales from drooping.

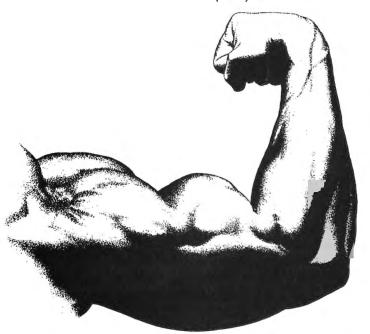
Keep up the good work. The best CC magazine on the market—-BY FAR.

N. Campitell

Syracuse, NY

FLEX CORNER

BOOTING DOS AND DOS COMMANDS by Roger L. Degler Micro Technical Products, Inc. 123 N. Sirrine, Suite 106 Mesa, AZ 85201 (602) 834-0283



BOOTING DOS AND DOS COMMANDS

Last month we looked at a few more advantages of a DOS over ROM BASIC and a few disadvantages as well. This month we are going to look at how FLEX is booted from its disk and we'll start looking at the standard FLEX command utility programs.

Sources for FLEX

But first, let's take a look at who is selling FLEX for the Color Computer (just in case you are ready to buy!). As of this date (Nov. 1982) there are three manufacturers producing adaptations of FLEX for our marvelous little gray computer. Each of these adaptations will certainly have some minor differences. Over the next several months I will try to find our what all of these differences are and report them to you. But, bear in mind, the purpose of this column is to study FLEX, which is what all of these adaptations have in common - not their differences. Yet, I feel responsible to inform special of the advantages disadvantages) of ' each adaptation.

Current vendors are: Data-Comp South East Media P.O. Box 794 Hixson, TN 37343 (615) 842-4601

Frank Hogg Laboratory The Rgency Tower, Suite 215 770 James Street Syracuse, NY 13203 (315) 474-7856

Spectal Associates 141 Harvard Tacoma, WA 98466 (206) 565-8483 (800) 426-1830

Of the three vendors mentioned above. Spectral Associates has been advertising the coming of their version of FLEX for some time now, but still aren't ready to ship it. But, remember, this is being written in November, and so it may be available by the time you read this.

The other two, Data-Comp and Frank

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THE ULTIMATE IN COLORCOMPUTING

For the TRS-80 Color Computer and TDP System 100 Personal Computer

Super "Color" Writer II

The Rolls Royce of Word Processors

The Super "Color" Writer is a FAST, machine code, full featured, character (screen) oriented word processing system for the TRS-80™ Color Computer and ANY printer. The video display is styled after a professional phosphor (green characters on black background) display for hours of use without eye fatigue (optional orange on black). The unique print WINDOW frees you from 32, 51 or 64 character lines FOREVER! This window can be moved anywhere in the text file, up, down, left or right to display the text as it will be printed without wasting paper. You can create or edit Super "Color" Terminal files, ASCII files, BASIC programs or Editor/Assembler source listings. It's simple enough for beginners with 4K and . . . for the professional writer with a 32K disk system and a lot to say, there's plenty of room to say it!

COMPARISON CHART	SUPER	COLOR	WRITER	THE	COMPE	TITION
System Size	4K	16K	32K	4K	16K	32K
TAPE: Text space	N/A	7K	23K	N/A	2K	18K
ROMPAK: Text space	2.5K	16K	31K	N/A	N/A	N/A
DISK: Text space	N/A	5.5K	21.5K	N/A	0.5K	16.5K
Right Justify		YES			NO	
Video Window		YES			NO	
Edit any ASCII File		YES			NO	
Programmable Function		YES			NO	

The figures speak for themselves and with professional features like PROGRAMMABLE function string commands to perform up to 28 PROGRAMMABLE text file chaining, commands automatically. PROGRAMMABLE column insert & delete, and right hand JUSTIFICATION with punctuation precedence, the choice is clear but there's still more! In their September '82 issue, "80 MICRO" says, ' Color Computer has finally come of age. Nothing illustrates that coming of age better than this offering (SUPER "COLOR" WRITER) by Nelson Software". The Super "Color" Writer takes full advantage of the new breed of "smart printers" with Control codes 1-31, 20 Programmable control codes 0-255 for special needs. Works perfectly with all Epson, Radio Shack, Okidata, NEC, IDS, Centronics, Citoh, Smith Corona, Diablo Etc., Matrix, or Letter Quality Printers.

CHECK THESE FEATURES!!

User friendly • Easy commands • 32K Compatible • Window • Key beep • HELP table • 128 character ASCII & graphics • Mem left and Mem used • Full cursor control . Quick paging . Scrolling . Word wrap around . Tabs • Repeat all functions • Repeat last command • Insert character & line • Delete character, delete to end of line, line to cursor, line & block • Block move, copy & delete •Global Search, Exchange & Delete • Merge or Append files • Imbed Control Codes in text • Underline • Superscripts • Subscripts • Headers, Footers & 2 Auxiliary footnotes on odd, even or all pages definable position • Flush right • Non-breakable space • 4 centering modes: 5, 8.3, 10 & 16.7 (CPI) • Full page & print formatting in text . Single sheet pause . Set Page length . Line length, Line spacing, Margins, Page numbers • Title pages • Printer baud: 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400 • Linefeeds after CR • Soft & hard formfeed • Works with 8 bit printer fix . and more!

Super "Color" Writer II Disk

The Disk version of the Super "Color" Writer works with the TRS-80C Disk System and has all the features listed above plus many more! Use with up to four Disk Drives. Includes an extended HELP table you can access at any time. Call a directory, print FREE space, Kill disk files and SAVE and LOAD text files you've created all from the Super "Color" Writer. Print, merge or append any Super "Color" Terminal file, ASCII file, BASIC program or Editor/Assembler source listing stored on the Disk or tape. The Super "Color" Writer Disk version has additional formatting and print features for more control over your printer and PROGRAMMABLE chaining of disk files for "hands off" operation. Print an entire BOOK without ever touching a thing! Includes comprehensive 90 plus page Tutorial manual

TAPE \$49.95 ROMPAK \$74.95 DISK \$99.95 Tutorial only \$15.00 (Refundable with purchase)

INCLUDE \$3.00 for shipping in the U.S. & Canada, \$6.00 for Foreign orders. C.O.D. add \$2.00.

NELSON" SOFTWARE SYSTEMS







⁹⁰⁷² Lyndale Avenue So. 612/881-2777

Super "Color" Terminal By Dan Nelson

The Ultimate in Smart Terminals

The Super "Color" Terminal turns the Color Computer into a Super-smart terminal with all the features of VIDEOTEX™ plus much more. COMMUNICATE with Dow Jones & Compuserve and with computers like the TRS-80™ MODEL I, II, III, APPLE etc., via moden or RS-232 direct! Save the data to tape or print it! Reduces ON-LINE cost to a minimum!

FEATURES

10 buffer size settings from 2-30K • Buffer full indicator • Prints buffer contents • Full 128 ASCII keyboard • Compatible with Super "Color" Writer files . UPLOAD & DOWNLOAD ASCII files, Machine Language & Basic programs • Set RS-232 parameters • Duplex: Half/Full • Baud Rate: 110, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800 • Word Lengths 5, 6, 7 or 8 • Parity: Odd, Even or None . Stop Bits: 1-9 . Local linefeeds to screen . Tape save & load for ASCII files, Machine code & Basic programs . Unique clone feature for copying any tape.

Super "Color" Terminal Disk

The disk version of the Super "Color" Terminal works with the TRS-80C Disk system and has all the features listed above plus many more! Use with up to four Disk Drives . Call a directory, print FREE space, kill disk files, save and load text files or BASIC programs . Echo ability in full duplex • Lower case masking • 10 Keystroke Multiplier (MACRO) buffers that can be saved on disk to perform repetitive log-on tasks and send short messages (up to 250 characters each) • Programmable prompt or delay for send next line . Selectable character trapping . Set printer Baud rate to 110, 300, 600, 1200, & 2400 • Operators Manual.

TAPE \$39.95 ROMPAK \$49.95 DISK \$69.95 Operators manual only \$10.00 (Refundable with purchase)

Super "Color" Mailer NEW! Correspondence-Mailmerge

The Super "Color" Maller is a powerful multi-purpose file merging program that uses files created by the Super "Color" Writer II. One of Super "Color" Maller's most popular uses is producing customized form letters - at a fraction of the time and expense of individually typed letters. With Super "Color" Maller you can combine a Super "Color" Writer II file containg a form letter with a file containing a list of names and addresses. You can even insert special words and phrases - unique to each addressee — into the body of the letter. Other Super "Color" Mailer uses include creating invoices, printing mailing labels, addressing envelopes, and producing "boiler plate" legal documents out of many different paragraphs. Features include: the ability to selectively print mailing lists by any of up to 10 user definable fields • automatically prints current date • address • salutation • closing • P.S. etc. • prints any ASCII file • justification.

TAPE \$39.95

DISK \$59.95

Super "Color" Disk-ZAP NEW!

The Ultimate in Disk Repair Utilities

A must for ALL Color Computer Disk system owners. A high-speed machine code Disk Utility that can copy sectors and tracks . repair directory tracks and smashed disks, etc. Super "Color" Disk-ZAP has a special screen display that displays sector, track and memory contents in HEXADECIMAL and ASCII at the same time with double cursors that can be moved in any direction. With Super "Color" Disk-ZAP you are able to verify or modify disk sectors at will. You can even type right onto the Disk! You can send sector contents to the printer or any other RS-232 device in either ASCII or HEXADECIMAL listing. Search the entire Diskette for any ASCII or HEXADECIMAL string. Comes complete with comprehensive manual.

DISK ONLY \$69.95

COMING Super "Color" Calc SOON!! Electronic Spread Sheet

The finest electronic spread sheet and financial modeling program available for the Color Computer - A sophisticated yet easy to use, calculating and planning tool. Project figures into the future to answer the "What if?" questions you face. Create files compatible with the Super "Color" Writer II. Combine spread sheet tables with your documents to create ledgers, projections, statistical & financial reports

AVAILABLE AT DEALERS EVERYWHERE. IF NOT, ASK WHY!!

Super "Color" Writer II

A "ROLLS ROYCE" FOR YOUR COLOR COMPUTER

If you are contemplating buying a word processor for your TRS-8ØC Color Computer or TDP System 100 Personal Computer, look no further!! The <u>Super "Color" Writer</u> is the most powerful and most versatile word processor available. This user-friendly program gives you many times the power and speed, and MORE MEMORY than any other word processor for your computer. The <u>Super "Color" Writer</u> does it all!

No other program lets you fully use every capability built into your printer, AND HITH EASE! Emphasis, italics, double strike, normal mode, compressed, elongated-compressed mode, and ELONGATED EMPHASIZED ITALICS are at your fingertips, all within JUSTIFIED text. Underlining is a breeze! All the parameters for proper page formatting (margins, page length, etc.) are fully alterable. Yet, without changing a single thing you can print text perfectly the first time.

Don't think for a minute that the <u>Super</u> "<u>Color</u>" <u>Writer II</u> won't work with your letter quality printer. There's no reason you can't give H₂O its proper name or have footnotes. As for bold print, <u>underlining</u>, proportional spacing, <u>super bold</u> or any other printer-controlled function - if your printer has it, the <u>Super "Color" Writer II</u> can do it! You can also freely exchange thimbles or daisy wheels to change to italics, or to a totally different typeface with the pause print feature.

And the <u>Super "Color" Mriter II</u> has the exclusive **WINDOW** to make your formatting pleasant and perfect. Enter the window to view your whole text as it will be sent to the printer, whatever your margins, from 1 to 200 or more! No longer will you be tied to seeing only 32, 51, 64 or whatever number of characters on a line. You can see that your text is centered, headers and footers are always properly placed, and your columns are correct.

With the <u>Super</u> "<u>Color</u>" <u>Mriter II</u> screen editing is a snap; the commands are powerful and hard to forget. You can edit all your BASIC PROGRAMS TOO! With all these features, you must surely agree that this is the "ROLLS ROYCE" of word processors. To learn more, refer to the Nelson Software Systems ad in this magazine. And don't forget that the <u>Super</u> "<u>Color</u>" <u>Mriter II</u> is only one important part of the <u>Super</u> "<u>Color</u>" <u>Library</u>, which includes the <u>Super</u> "<u>Color</u>" <u>Terminal</u>, the <u>Super</u> "<u>Color</u>" <u>Mailer</u>, the <u>Super</u> "<u>Color</u>" <u>Disk-ZAP</u> and the soon to be released <u>Super</u> "<u>Color</u>" <u>Calc</u> and <u>Super</u> "<u>Color</u>" <u>Database</u>. No other company gives you such outstanding products and support. You can buy theirs now and ours later, OR you can save your money and get the best from the very start!

This document was prepared using a $TRS-8\theta(TN)$ Color Computer, the <u>Super "Color" Mriter II</u>, an Epson MX-80 Graftrax Plus (TN), and an NEC Spinwriter 3510 (TN) to illustrate the great flexibility in formatting allowed by the <u>Super "Color" Mriter II</u>.

Spinwriter is a trademark of NEC Information Systems, Inc. MX-89 Graftrax Plus is a trademark of Epson America, Inc. TRS-89 and TDP System 189 Personal Computer are trademarks of the Tandy Corporation.

Hogg Laboratory, have been shipping for several months now. I now have both of these versions at my disposal and will soon have a good feel for their abilities.

How FLEX is booted

And now, on with the good stuff. Back in the November 1982 issue I stated that most systems which run FLEX use a Monitor ROM to load it from a disk into RAM. However, the Color Computer has no such ROM. Add to this the fact that FLEX-9 (the "—9" indicates tht we are talking about the 6809 version and not the 6800 version) must load at addresses \$C000 thru \$DFFF (the dollar signs mean hexidecimal). But, Radio Shack's DISK BASIC ROM resides at these same addresses. So, how is this conflict resolved?

The answer is really quite simple. By switching the system into the 64K RAM mode all of the BASIC ROMs are disabled and RAM is substituted in their place. The ROMs which span memory address \$8000 thru \$DFFF are replaced with RAM which spans memory addresses \$8000 thru \$FEFF. Switching into this 64K mode accomplished by writing any data to address \$FFDF. This sets the Map Type bit in the SAM (Synchronous Address Multiplexer) chip selecting the 64K mode (also known as Map Type 1) and deselecting the ROMs. Writing any data to address \$FFDE will clear the Map Type bit in the SAM disabling the upper 32K of RAM, and return the ROMs back into the system's domain (also known as Map Type 0).

Take note, however, that although the above could be accomplished with POKE &HFFDF,0 and POKE &HFFDE,0, the earlier of these two statements will undoubtedly cause your system to crash. Not permanently of course, but you will have to press the Reset switch or maybe even turn power off and back on again to regain control. This is because when the ROMs (which contain the BASIC operating system) are disabled and the upper 32K of RAM is enabled in place of the ROMs, what is contained in this RAM% Junk, that's what!

disappears and Junk is substituted in its place, the system will obviously crash.

And so, it becomes clear that this transition from Map Type 0 to Map Type 1 must be done very carefully. In fact, it must be done by a machine language program which resides in the bottom 32K of RAM. This is because the bottom 32K of RAM is the only section of memory that remains stationary when the Map Type transition is performed.

Now things are really going to get deep. We all know from reading the FLEX ads that FLEX can be booted (that is loaded and executed) by simply typing RUN "FLEX". We also know that when we use the RUN command to load a program, this program MUST be written in BASIC. So, what about machine language program mentioned above? Simple — the BASIC program which we loaded via the RUN command loads the machine language program from the disk and starts it executing.

This machine language program must consist of at least the following:

1) The necessary logic to make the transition from Map Type 0 to Map Type 1.

2) A disk driver routine. That is to say a routine to read data from the disk, since the routine to do this in the BASIC system disappears when the ROMs are disabled.

3) The logic necessary to load FLEX from the disk into RAM addresses \$C000 thru \$DFFF, plus whatever extra each particular adaptation may require, and to start FLEX executing after it has been loaded.

We now have FLEX up and running. But, there is another problem to overcome — the ROM BASIC disk format is not the same as the FLEX disk format. In other words, ROM BASIC writes data, including the disk directory, on the disk differently than the way FLEX does. This makes the two systems incompatible, yet they both must reside on the disk in order for ROM BASIC to carry out the RUN "FLEX" command and for FLEX to be loaded and execute correctly. How is this done?

It is indeed fortunate that the two systems are different. ROM BASIC stores its system information and disk directory on track 17.

directory on track 0. Because of this difference it is possible for both systems to

utilize parts of the same diskette. It is, however, still necessary to take additional steps to keep the two systems out of each others hair. This is done in a two fold manner.

First, ROM BASIC's File Allocation Table (FAT) on track 17 of the disk is dummied up so that ROM BASIC thinks that the entire disk is full, even though, in actuality, it is not. If, under ROM BASIC, you execute the DIR command you will see only 1 or 2 small files on the disk. However, since ROM BASIC thinks there is no more available room on the disk it will respond with a DF (Disk Full) error if you try to write any new files to this disk. This keeps ROM BASIC from encroaching upon FLEX's area of the disk.

Secondly, FLEX is kept apart from ROM BASIC's area of the diskette by modifying FLEX's free chain. As we discovered before, FLEX keeps track of disk space by individual sectors instead of by granuals like ROM BASIC does. Files longer than one sector are created by 'linking' two or more sectors together into a chain. The first two bytes of every sector are used by the FLEX system as a 'pointer' to the next sector in the chain. If this pointer equals \$0000 then this is the last sector in the chain.

All unused sectors on a FLEX disk are linked together into a chain called the 'free chain'. On a freshly formatted FLEX disk every sector on the disk is linked into the free chain except for the system information sectors and the directory. Therefore, the entire disk contains only one chain consisting of all the sectors on the disk (except those mentioned) with each sector's pointer set to point to the next physical sector on the disk—and this entire chain becomes the free chain. It becomes the free chain because on a freshly formatted disk all of these sectors are available for allocation to new files.

Since the free chain is the source from which FLEX gets all of the sectors it will allocate to various files, it is possible to keep FLEX out of ROM BASIC's section of the disk. This is done by breaking the free chain at the end of track 16 and setting the pointer in this sector to point to the beginning of track 18, thereby eliminating the entire track 17 from the pool of sectors available to

FLEX.

And there you have it. FLEX and ROM BASIC can now reside on the same diskette and not interfere with one another. Also, the ROM BASIC portion of the disk may be used to boot FLEX into memory and start it executing.

Comparison of commands

As an introduction to our discussion of FLEX's commands, let's compare ROM BASIC's available disk commands with FLEX's. The following is a list of these commands. Obviously, ROM BASIC has many more commands, but, they are not directly relevant to the disk drive. The list indicates which commands in the two systems compare most favorably in terms of disired effect.

ROM BASIC	FLEX
DRIVE	ASN
DIR	CAT/DIR/FILES

DIR ?FREE DSKINI BACKUP COPY KILL LOAD LOADM MERGE RENAME SAVE SAVE

VERIFY

* GET APPEND RENAME

DELETE

COPY

CAT/DIR/FREE

COPY/BACKUP

NEWDISK

SAVE VERIFY BUILD DATE **EXEC** 1 0 P JUMP LINK LIST PRINT PROT **QCHECK** TTYSET VERSION XOUT MON /DUMP

CCN Feb '83 17

/ECHO /EXTRACT /FIND /HECHO /MAP /MEMEND /RUN /ZAP

Note: any command name following a slash (/) is an optional program — most of which are included in the optional Utilities package — and all of which are useful. Also note that an asterisk (,) indicates that this command is available under TSC's BASIC or XBASIC which runs under FLEX.

The FLEX commands

We are now going to begin an in-depth look at FLEX's command utilities. We are going to include the standard utilities that come with all adaptations of FLEX and several optional ones which I find extremely useful as well.

In the dialog that follows, and in my examples, I have used the comma as the delimeter (or separator) between fields (or items). In most cases a space may be used instead of the comma, and so the decision of which to use is left up to you and your preferences.

Command: CAT

We have talked about the CAT command to some degree before. You should recall that it is quite similar to ROM BASIC's DIR command. But, there are many features to the CAT command which we have not yet uncovered. The general syntax of the CAT command is:

CAT[,'drive list'][,'match list']

where 'drive list' can be one or more drive numbers separated by commas, and 'match list' is a set of name and extension characters to be matched against names in the directory. Note that the items shown within square brackets ([]) are optional, and need be specified only if you desire their corresponding features. The drive list specification can be handy if you want to list the names of files from more than one disk at a time. For instance:

$$+ + + CAT 0,1$$

will produce a full directory listing of the disks in both drive 0 and in drive 1.

The 'match list' specification is extremely handy for selecting only certain files of interest. For instance, if you wanted to see only those programs beginning with the letter A, then you could enter;

Each example would produce a listing of only those files beginning with the letter A. The first would list files from the current Working drive (we will discuss the concept of the Working drive menu when we discuss the ASN command), the second would list files only from drive 1, and the third would list the files from drives 0 and 1.

To list only the files which are made up of ASCII text, you might type the following;

$$+ + + CAT.TXT$$

Or, to list all BASIC programs which begin with the letters XY, you would enter;

This example would list files with names like XYZ.BAS, XY1.BAS, XY2.BAS, and XYPROG.BAS.

No matter what you specify for the 'drive list' and the 'match list', when the listing is produced, it looks like this:

CATALOG OF DRIVE NUMBER 0 DISK:disk-name #num

NAME	TYPE	SIZE	PRT
FLEX PRINT ERRORS CAT COPY	. SYS . SYS . SYS . CMD . CMD	30 01 09 03 06	WD D W

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LETTER	. TXT	04
PROG1	. BAS	02
PROG2	. BIN	01

FILE# NAME TYPE R BEGIN END SIZE DATE PRT FLEX , SYS 01-01 02-0C 30 17-JUL-82 WD . SYS R PRINT 02-0D 02-OD 01 17-JUL-82 ERRORS . SYS 02-0F 03-04 09 17-JUL-82 CMD CAT 03-07 03 03-05 17-JUL-82 COPY 03-0C 05 CMD 03-08 17-JUL-82

FILES = 5, SECTORS = xxx, LARGEST = 30, FREE = yyy

SECTORS LEFT = xxx

Where 'xxx' is the number of free sectors remaining on the disk and 'disk-name' and 'num' were specified at the time the disk was formatted via the NEWDISK command. SIZE is the number (in decimal) of sectors assigned to the file. PRT is an indication of protection attributes assigned to the file. W indicates that the file is write protected and D indicates that the file is delete protected.

Command: DIR (optional)

The DIR command is similar to the CAT command. The general syntax of the DIR command is:

DIR[,'drive list'][,'match list']

where 'drive list' and 'match list' follow the description given in the CAT command exactly. DIR lists the following information about every file it displays:

File name and extension
File number
Random access indicator
Starting disk address in hex (track-sector)
Ending disk address in hex (track-sector)
File size in sectors
Creation date
Protection attributes

In order for the display to look decent you must use a display screen at least 64 characters wide. This wide screen is provided by both vendors now shipping FLEX for the Color Computer. If you use a screen width of less than 64 characters then each line of the DIR listing will wrap onto a second line. The display looks as follows:

DIRECTORY OF DRIVE NUMBER 0
DISK:disk-name #num CREATED: 17-JUL-82

Command: FILES

The FILES command is similar to the CAT command except that it only lists the file names and extensions. The file names are listed in a columnar form, showing 5 names per line. It does require an 80 character wide display to look good, and so you will probably only use the files command to produce directory listings to your printer. It is handy for generating shorter directory listings than are created by the CAT or DIR commands. The general syntax of the FILES command is:

+ + + FILES[,'drive list'][,'match list']

where 'drive list' and 'match list' follow the description given in the CAT command exactly.

Command: DATE

The DATE command is used to display or update FLEX's date information. The general syntax of the DATE command is:

where 'month' is the number of the current month (1 thru 12), 'day' is the number of the day within the month (1 thru 31), and 'year' is the last two digits of the current year. As an example:

If you enter the DATE command followed immediately by the ENTER key instead of the date numbers, then the current system date information will be displayed. As an example:

+ + + DATE NOV 11, 1982

FLEX CORNER

Next Month....

Well, that's about enough for this month. After all, we don't want to get a headache. Next month we will continue looking in detail at FLEX's commands. 'Til next month....

At press time the following back issues are still available:

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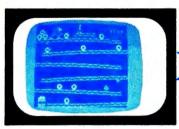
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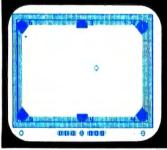
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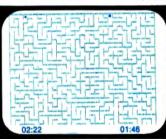
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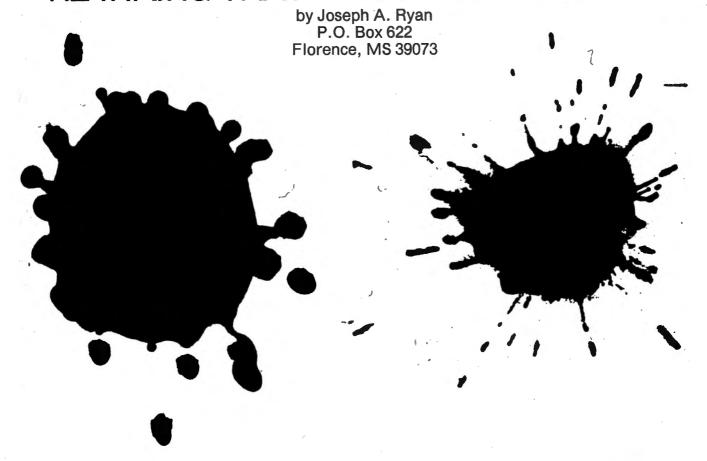
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RE-INKING THAT L.P.VII CASSETTE RIBBON



For those with the TANDY Corp. LINE PRINTER VII this could save MONEY. We all know that the going price for the cassette ribbon for the L.P. VII is \$8.65 (plus any taxes), and, as you've all noticed, the suppliers that offer discount prices on cassette ribbons for other printers (both TANDY'S and others), seem to leave out of their listing the L.P. VII printer. Well, you don't have to wait until the ribbon gets dim and then start applying 3-in-1 oil, etc., to the ribbon. No sir.... The cassette comes apart and there is a re-inkable roller inside one of the two cassettes.

First, remove the cassettes, as you are instructed to do, and before laying it on the table - turn 'em over. Now, the cassette on YOUR lefthand side (the one installed nearest the Printhead rest position) has a small gear and a foam wheel inside. Examine this cassette carefuly and you'll notice that the bottom (the top now that it's turned over) can be removed by the carefull use of a small screwdriver, or knife blade. Pry gently, as the top is held on by two tits that fit into two holes in the base. When loose, carefully remove and lay aside.

Inside you will see that, as the ribbon enters the cassette (after passing the printhead), it goes around a small plastic gear. This gear, in turn, presses against a larger foam wheel. That's the re-inker (you didn't think the short ribbon had all that ink in it, did you). Lift the foam wheel out and apply some inkpad ink (I used CARTER'S #442 numbering machine ink) to it at the top and around the side of the foam. Don't soak it, just a few drops from the brush that comes in the ink bottle will do. It will slowly sink into the foam.

Now, replace the wheel in the cassette by settling the wheel hub into it's cup in the cassette. The top can now be replaced CAREFULLY. When about to snap the top and bottom together take a small knife blade, or a piece of wire, and insert it between the two pieces to assist the other half of the foam wheel hub into the other cup on the top piece. Now you can snap it together. Thats it!

The other cassette, that is installed and removed first (according to the instructions printed on the heel-I mean printer) contains a spring-loaded pressure plate around which

Re-Inking Ribbons

the ribbon is pulled and merely supplies tension to the ribbon cassette system. What happens during operation, is that, as the ribbon is printed on, it is pulled past the advancing printhead and into the lefthand cassette. There, due to the tension on the ribbon, it turns the little gear you saw in the lefthand cassette. This little gear, in turn, both turns the foam, ink-loaded, wheel and in doing so, picks up some ink and applies it to the ribbon itself. Clever, eh?

Now, as long as the ribbon itself (which is probably made out of nylon) doesn't fray, which will eventually happen due to pounding of the printhead pins, you can, when necessary, re-ink again. You won't have to re-ink any more often then you would have to go out and BUY a new ribbon, and depending on the amount you print, could certainly be MUCH cheaper than dipping into the 'ole wallet. Just remember, you don't need more than enough ink to coat the top and bottom of the wheel and brush around the circumference. Too much ink and you may blot your paper, etc., so be stingy with the ink - if its too little, next time apply a little more. Also, save those old cassettes, if you haven't thrown them out, and you can re-ink them and save them (I wrap my spares in Plastic Wrap so the ink doesn't dry out in the exposed ribbon).

Thats it. I hope in these hard economic times I've helped someone with this hardware idea.

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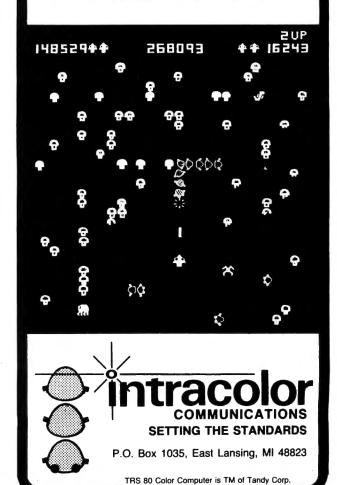


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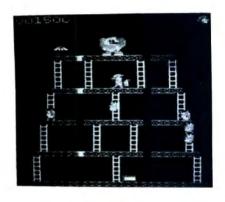
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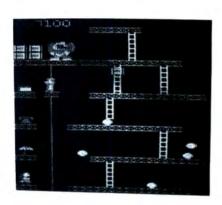






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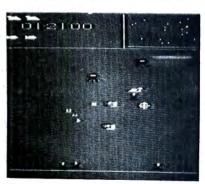


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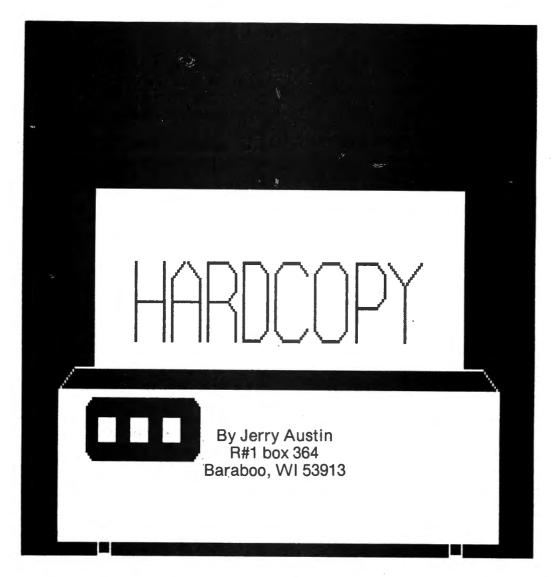
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The purpose of this program is to print the 80C graphics screen on a line printer. What is different is that it does not require the printer to have a graphics ROM. It only needs to be able to print Model I graphics characters that are standard in many popular printers. In order to do this it takes the 49,152 screen pixels on PMODE 3 or 4 and converts them into 8,192 Model I graphics characters. The common denominator used is 24 for this conversion. The reason for this is that the screen is by bytes and the Model I graphic characters are ASCII.

Each byte of screen memory displays eight pixels in PMODE 4 or four double width pixels in PMODE 3. A Model I graphic character is made up of six pixels arranged as two across by three down. In order to convert from screen pixels to graphic characters we take the first two bits of the first screen bytes, then the first two bits of first byte in the next line (+32 bytes), then the first two bits in the first byte in the third

line (+64 bytes) to make up one graphic character. We then do this again with the next two bits in each of the bytes until we have changed twenty-four bits into four graphic characters of six pixels each. The count of the rows is done in Basic and four characters are converted with each count. They are passed to Basic by PEEKing them out of high memory.

The main body of the program is in Basic and provides a cover page and display for a sample printout and also provides the driver for the machine code. It also allows for easy conversion to Disk as the screen memory is in a different location when the Disk system is in use. Also by using Basic in sending the characters to the printer it makes it simple to send a carriage return when it is required.

I used EDTASM + to write the machine code. There are two parts to this code. The first is a sound routine for the cover page that is 100 bytes long. The second part does the conversions for the printout. The printout

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takes about 4 minutes and prints at about 30 cps. The printout is about the same size as the screen display if you have a thirteen inch monitor. The copy produced is not exactly proportional to the screen but gives a faithful reproduction of its content.

If you do not wish to type and assemble the program yourself I will supply it on tape for \$4.50 to cover postage and handling.

1 '

```
2 *
           HARDCOPY
3 '
              BY
4 "
         JERRY AUSTIN
5 '
        RTE 1 BOX 364
       BARABOO, WI. 53913
     *****
1Ø PCLEAR4
20 CLS
3Ø CLEAR 54Ø,155ØØ
4Ø DS=PEEK(188)
5Ø IF DS>6 THEN GOTO 95Ø
60 PRINT@231, "ONE MOMENT PLEASE"
7Ø DIM F(5Ø),G(5Ø),H(5Ø),I(5Ø)
80 PMODE 4,1
9Ø DEFUSRØ=155ØØ
100 DEFUSR1=15601
110 'DRAW HARDCOPY
12Ø PCLS
130 LINE(0,0)-(150,32),PSET,BF
14Ø DRAW"CØ; BM3, 2; D14ND14R14NU14
D14BR4U22NE6D8R14U8NH6D22BR4U28R
1@F4D6G4NL1@F4D1@BR4U28R8F4D2@G4
NL8BR12H4U2ØE4R8F4BD2ØG4NL8BR12H
4U2ØE4R8F4D2ØG4NL8BR9U28R1ØF4D8G
4NL1ØBR14U8NH8NE8D2Ø
150 'PUT IT AWAY
16Ø GET(Ø,Ø)-(15Ø,8),F,G
17Ø GET(Ø,8)-(15Ø,16),G,G
18Ø GET(Ø,16)-(15Ø,24),H,G
19Ø GET(Ø,24)-(15Ø,32),I,G
200 'DRAW PRINTER
21Ø PCLS
220 PMODE 4,1
23Ø DRAW"BM18,186;U54E8R2Ø4F8D54
L22ØBR2ØD6R6U5R17ØD5R6U5
240 DRAW"BM35,134;R50F4D16G4L50H
250 LINE(20,132)-(238,132), PSET
260 LINE(20,160)-(238,160),PSET
27Ø PAINT(22,134),5,5
28Ø LINE(38,142)-(46,15Ø),PSET,B
29Ø LINE(54,142)-(62,15Ø),PSET,B
F:LINE(70,142)-(78,150), PSET, BF
26 CCN Feb '83
```

```
300 SCREEN 1,1
310 'START PAPER DISPLAY
32Ø GOSUB 71Ø
330 LINE(36,124)-(220,112),PSET,
BF
34Ø GOSUB 71Ø
350 LINE(36,112)-(220,100),PSET,
36Ø GOSUB 71Ø
37Ø LINE(36,100)-(220,92),PSET,B
38Ø PUT(53,116)-(2Ø3,124),F,AND
39Ø GOSUB 71Ø
400 LINE (36, 124) - (220, 84), PSET, B
41Ø PUT(53,116)-(203,124),G,AND
42Ø PUT(53,108)-{203,116},F,AND
43Ø GOSUB 71Ø
440 LINE (36, 124) - (220, 76), PSET, B
450 PUT (53, 116) - (203, 124), H, AND
46Ø PUT (53, 1Ø8) - (2Ø3, 116), G, AND
47Ø PUT(53,100)-(203,108),F,AND
48Ø GOSUB 71Ø
49Ø LINE(36,124)-(22Ø,68),PSET,B
500 PUT(53,116)-(203,124),I,AND
51Ø PUT(53,1Ø8)-(2Ø3,116),H,AND
52Ø PUT(53,100)-(203,108),G,AND
53Ø PUT(53,92)-(203,100),F,AND
54Ø GOSUB 71Ø
550 LINE(36,124)-(220,60),PSET,B
560 PUT(53,108)-(203,116),I,AND
57Ø PUT(53,100)-(203,108),H,AND
58Ø PUT(53,92)-(203,100),G,AND
59Ø PUT(53,84)-(203,92),F,AND
600 FOR D=1 TO 3000:NEXT
610 'MAIN LOOP
620 PRINT@226, "DO YOU WISH INSTR
UCTIONS Y/N"
630 INPUT A$: IF A$="Y" THEN GOSU
B 73Ø
640 CLS:PRINT:PRINT" DO YOU WISH
 TO LOAD A FILE Y/N"
650 INPUT S$:IF S$="Y" THEN GOSU
66Ø PRINT:PRINT"
                    HAVE PRINTER
READY OR YOU
                    WILL HANG UP"
:GOSUB 98Ø
67Ø GOTO 84Ø
68Ø CLS:PRINT:PRINT"
                       DO YOU WIS
H TO CONTINUE Y/N": INPUT R$: IF R
$="Y" THEN GOTO 640
69Ø END
700 'PRINTER SOUND ROUTINE
710 Y=USRØ(Ø):RETURN
```

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72Ø 'INSTRUCTION DISPLAY 73Ø CLS:PRINT:PRINT" HARDCOPY MAKES PRINTOUTS OF THE GRAPHIC S SCREEN. YOU MAY USE PMODE 3 OR 4 WHEN PRINTING." 74Ø PRINT" THIS PROGRAM CHANGE S THE GRAPHICS SCREEN INTO TRS-8Ø GRAPHIC CHARACTERS TH BE PRINTED BY MANY PR AT CAN YOU MAY HAVE TO CHANG INTERS. E THE CONTROL CODES TO SUIT PRINTER." YOUR 75Ø GOSUB 98Ø 76Ø PRINT:PRINT" THE CORRECT CO DES ARE THOSE THAT SET THE PR INTER TO SLPI. 16.5 CPI, AND C HARACTER SET SHIFTED OUT. IF YOU HAVE A NEWER 80C WITH AN EIGHT BIT DRIVER YOU DO N OT NEED TO SHIFT OUT THE C HARACTER SET." 77Ø PRINT:PRINT" THE LAST CODE I S A CARRIAGE RETURN. THIS AL LOWS THE PROPER NUMBER OF CHARA CTERS PER LINE." 78Ø GOSUB 98Ø 79Ø PRINT:PRINT" YOU MAY SAVE T HE SCREEN THAT YOU WISH TO PRI

NT AS A MACHINE

'FILENAME',1536, 7679,1536* THEN FILENAME WHEN A ENTER THE SKED." 800 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT" DO YOU WISH A REVUE Y/N" 810 INPUT S\$: IF S\$="Y" THEN 730 82Ø RETURN 83Ø 'PRINTER ROUTINE SET FOR MIC ROLINE 82A 84Ø PCLEAR4: PMODE4: SCREEN 1,1 85Ø PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (27); CHR\$ (56); C HR\$ (29); CHR\$ (14); 86Ø FOR SS=1536 TO 7584 STEP 96 87Ø FOR X=SS TO SS+31 88Ø Y=USR1(X) 890 A=PEEK(16030):B=PEEK(16031): C=PEEK (16Ø32): D=PEEK (16Ø33) 900 PRINT#-2, CHR\$(A); CHR\$(B); CHR \$(C); CHR\$(D); 910 NEXT X 920 PRINT#-2, CHR\$(13); 930 NEXT SS 94Ø GOTO 68Ø 950 'CORRECT GRAPHICS START FOR DISK SYSTEM 960 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT" YOU MUST CHANGE VALUES IN LINE 88Ø TO 35 84 AND 9632 FOR THE PROGRAM T O WORK WITH A DISK SYSTEM (T

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Chromasette MAGAZINE

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HEN DELETE LINE 50) ": END

97Ø 'DELAY

98Ø PRINT:PRINT" HIT<ENTER> T O CONTINUE": INPUT R\$:CLS:RETURN

990 'FILE LOADER

1000 PRINT:PRINT" ENTER FILENAM

E": INPUTF\$

1010 PRINT:PRINT" PRESS <ENTER>

WHEN RECORDER

READY": INPUT

S\$

1020 CLS:PRINT@230, "LOADING ";F\$

:CLOADM"F#":RETURN

3C8C			00100		ORG	15500			
5C8C									
3C8C	22.22			* SOUND		FOR COV			4
		ØØØØ	ØØ12Ø		LDX	#ØØØØ	START COUNT		
3C8F		FF23		LOOP2	LDA	\$FF23			
3C92		Ø8	ØØ14Ø		ORA	#8			
3C94		FF23	ØØ15Ø		STA	\$FF23	ENABLE SOUND		
3C97		ØF	ØØ16Ø		LDA	#\$ØF			
3 C99		Ø2	00170		ORA	#Ø2			
3C9B		FF2Ø	00180		STA	\$FF2Ø	SEND OUT		
	1Ø8E		ØØ19Ø		LDY	#\$Ø1DE			
3CA2		3F	00200	LOOP1	LEAY	-1,Y	DELAY		
SCA4	26	FC	ØØ21Ø		BNE	LOOP1			
3CA6	86	FF	ØØ22Ø		LDA	#\$FF			
SCA8	B7	FF2Ø	ØØ23Ø		STA	\$FF2Ø	SEND OUT		
SCAB	B6	FF23	99249		LDA	\$FF23			
SCAE	80	Ø8	ØØ25Ø		SUBA	#Ø8			
SCBØ	B7	FF23	ØØ26Ø		STA	\$FF23	TOGGLE SOUND		
3CB3	E6	8Ø	ØØ27Ø		LDB	, X+			
3CB5	8C	ØØC8	ØØ28Ø		CMPX	#\$ØØC8			
3CB8	2D	D5	ØØ29Ø		BLT	LOOP2	COUNTER		
SCBA	1Ø8E	6ØFF	00300		LDY	#\$6ØFF			
3CBE	31	3F	00310	LOOP3	LEAY	-Ø1,Y	DELAY		
3CCØ	26	FC	ØØ32Ø		BNE	L00P3			
3CC2		ØØØØ	00330		LDX	#0000	START COUNT		
3CC5	B6	FF23	00340	LOOP5	LDA	\$FF23			
3CC8		ØB	ØØ35Ø		ORA	#\$8			
3CCA		FF23	ØØ36Ø		STA	\$FF23	ENABLE SOUND		
SCCD		ØF	ØØ37Ø		LDA	#\$ØF			
SCCF		Ø2	ØØ38Ø		ORA	#Ø2			
SCD1		FF2Ø	ØØ39Ø		STA	\$FF2Ø	SOUND OUT		
	1Ø8E		00400		LDY	#\$Ø2D7	DELAY		
3CD8		3F	ØØ41Ø	I DOP4	LEAY	-Ø1,Y	312777		
SCDA		FC	00420	2001	BNE	LOOP4			
SCDC		FF	ØØ43Ø		LDA	#\$FF			
SCDE		FF2Ø	00440		STA	\$FF2Ø	SOUND OUT		
SCE 1		FF23	ØØ45Ø		LDA	\$FF23	300110 001		
SCE4		Ø8	ØØ46Ø		SUBA	#Ø8	*		
SCE4		FF23	ØØ47Ø		STA	\$FF23	TOGGLE SOUND		
SCE9		8Ø	ØØ48Ø		LDB	, X+	TOBOLL SOUND		
SCEB		ØØ96	ØØ49Ø		CMPX	#\$ØØ96	COUNTER		
3CEE		D5	00500		BLT	LOOP5	COOKILK		
3CFØ		50	ØØ51Ø		RTS	C001 2			
3CF #2	37			# POUTTA		ANGE 7 D	YTES OF SCREEN TO 4	TDC_08 6	2DADL
ור כו	HARAC	repe	<i>DD</i> 32 <i>D</i>	* 1/00171	4E 10 CH	HINDE O D	TES OF SCREEN TO 4	1113 00 0	2117171111
3CF1		B3ED	ØØ53Ø		JSR	\$B3ED	GET ADDRESS FROM BA	SIC	
3CF4		Ø1	ØØ54Ø			D, X	PUT IN X REGISTER	,	
	1Ø8E		ØØ55Ø		LDY	#16ØØØ	CLEAR MEMORY		
SCFA		96 9EGM	ØØ56Ø		CLR	, Y+	CLERN HERUNT		
JUI TI	OF-	-1K/	2200	Let A	ULIN	, , ,		CCN Feb	חם כפי

3CFC 1Ø8C	3EA8	ØØ57Ø		CMPY	#16040	
3DØØ 26	F8	ØØ58Ø		BNE	LP1	
3DØ2 1Ø8E		ØØ59Ø				TABLE START POINTER
	SEON				#10mmm	INDIE SINKI LOTAIEN
3DØ6 4F		ØØ 6 Ø Ø		CLRA		
3DØ7 5F		99619		CLRB		
	Ø1	ØØ62Ø		LDA	#1	SET BIT 1
3DØA A7	AØ .	ØØ63Ø SE		STA		START TABLE
3DØC 48		ØØ64Ø		ASLA		MOVE BIT 1 TO LEFT
3DØD 1Ø8C	7500	ØØ65Ø			#16008	
3D11 26	F7	Ø Ø66 Ø		BNE	SETMEM	LOOP TILL TABLE DONE
3D13 1Ø8E	3E8Ø	ØØ67Ø		LDY	#16000	SET POINTER TABLE START
3D17 A6	00	ØØ68Ø				GET SCREEN BYTE
				LVH	23 7	
3D19 85	8Ø	Ø Ø69Ø		BIIA	#128	TEST BIT 7
3D1B 26	Ø2	<i>9</i> 9799		BITA BNE	#128 SKIP1 Ø, Y	SKIP IF NOT SET
3D1D EA	20	ØØ71Ø		ORB	Ø. V	SET BIT Ø IF BIT 7 SET
				DITA	444	
3D1F 85	4Ø	ØØ72Ø SI				TEST BIT 6
3D21 26	Ø2	ØØ73Ø		BNE	SKIP2	•
3D23 EA	21	99749		ORB	1,Y	SET BIT 1
3D25 A6	88 20	ØØ75Ø SI	KIP2	LDA	32, X	GET NEXT SCREEN BYTE
3D28 85	8Ø	ØØ76Ø		BITA	#128	TEST BIT 7
					SKIP3	
3D2A 26	Ø2	ØØ77Ø		BNE		
3D2C EA	22	ØØ78Ø		ORB	2, Y	SET BIT 2
3D2E 85	40	ØØ79Ø SI	KIP3	ORB BITA BNF	#64	TEST BIT 6
3D3Ø 26	Ø 2			BNE	SKIP4	
		ØØ8ØØ		DITE	SKILA	
3D32 EA	23	ØØ81Ø		ORB	3,Y	SET BIT 3
3D34 A6	88 40	ØØ82Ø SI	KIP4	LDA	64, X	GET NEXT SCREEN BYTE
3D37 85	8ø	ØØ83Ø			#128	TEST BIT 7
						IESI BII /
3D39 26	Ø2	ØØ84Ø			SKIP5	
3D3B EA	24	ØØ85Ø ØØ86Ø SI ØØ87Ø		ORB	4, Y	SET BIT 4
3D3D 85	40	MADLA DI	VIDE	DITA		TEST BIT 6
	42	וכ שסטשש	KIFD	DITH		IES! BI! O
3D3F 26	Ø2	ØØ87Ø		BNF	SKIP6	
3D41 EA	25	ØØ88Ø		ORB		SET BIT 5
3D41 EA	25	שטטשש		UKB	5, Y	SET BIT 5
3D43 34	25 Ø4	ØØ89Ø SI	KIP6	PSHS		SET BIT 5 SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
		00890 SI 00900	KIP6	PSHS CLRB	5, Y B	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34		00890 SI 00900	KIP6	PSHS CLRB	5, Y B	
3D43 34 3D45 5F	Ø4	ØØ89Ø SI ØØ9ØØ ØØ91Ø *	KIP6 DO AGA	PSHS CLRB	5,Y B TEST BITS	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6	Ø4 ØØ	00880 00890 00900 00910 * 00920	KIP6 DO AGA	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA	5,Y B TEST BITS Ø,X	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø	ØØ89Ø SI ØØ9ØØ ØØ91Ø *	KIP6 DO AGA	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99929 99939	KIP6 DO AGA	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2	ØØ89Ø SI ØØ9ØØ ØØ91Ø * ØØ92Ø ØØ93Ø ØØ94Ø	KIP6 DO AGA	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA BNE	5,Y B TEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø	99899 SI 99999 * 99919 * 99939 99939 99949	KIP6 DO AGA	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2	ØØ89Ø SI ØØ9ØØ ØØ91Ø * ØØ92Ø ØØ93Ø ØØ94Ø	KIP6 DO AGA	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA BNE	5,Y B TEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø	99889 SI 99999 \$1 99919 * 99929 99939 99949 99959	KIP6 DO AGA	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99929 99939 99949 99959 99969 SI 99979	KIP6 DO AGA	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99939 99939 99959 99959 99959 99969 SI 99979	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99939 99939 99959 99959 99979 99989	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB CRB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99939 99939 99959 99959 99959 99969 SI 99979	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99939 99939 99959 99959 99969 SI 99999 SI 91999	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2	99899 SI 99919 * 99919 * 99939 99959 99959 99959 SI 99979 SI 99999 SI 91999	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D40 EA 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 20	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99939 99959 99959 99959 99969 SI 99979 SI 91999 91919 91929	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE URB BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2	99899 SI 99919 * 99919 * 99939 99959 99959 99959 SI 99979 SI 99999 SI 91999	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7	PSHS CLRB IN BUT T LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5D 85	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 29	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99939 99959 99959 99959 99969 SI 99979 SI 91999 91919 SI 91929	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5D 85 3D5F 26	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 1Ø Ø2 1Ø Ø2 1Ø Ø2	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99939 99959 99959 SI 99959 99959 SI 99979 SI 91999 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 SKIP1Ø	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5D 85 3D5F 26 3D61 EA	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99939 99959 99959 SI 99959 99959 SI 99979 SI 99999 SI 91999 SI 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91959	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 SKIP1Ø 3,Y	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5D 85 3D5F 26 3D61 EA 3D63 A6	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 21 88 4Ø	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99939 99959 99959 SI 99959 99959 SI 99979 SI 99999 SI 91999 SI 91919 SI 91929 91939 SI 91949 91959 SI	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 SKIP1Ø	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5D 85 3D5F 26 3D61 EA	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22	99889 SI 99899 SI 99919 * 99939 99959 99959 SI 99959 99959 SI 99979 SI 99999 SI 91999 SI 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91919 91959	KIPA DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 SKIP10 3,Y 64,X	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5D 85 3D5F 26 3D61 EA 3D63 A6 3D66 85	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 2Ø	99889 SI 9999 SI 99989 SI 9998	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 SKIP1Ø 3,Y 64,X #32	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5D 85 3D5F 26 3D61 EA 3D63 A6 3D66 85 3D68 26	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 2Ø Ø2	99889 SI 99999 SI 99989 SI 99989 SI 99999 SI 999999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 999999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 999999 SI 999999 SI 99999 SI 999999 SI 9999999 SI 999999 SI 99999 SI 9999 SI 999	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 SKIP1Ø 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D57 85 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5D 85 3D5F 26 3D61 EA 3D63 A6 3D64 85 3D68 26 3D68 EA	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 2Ø Ø2 24	99889 SI 9999 SI 99989 SI 99989 SI 99989 SI 99989 SI 9998 SI 91939 SI 91949 SI 91959 SI 91979 SI 91989 SI 91999	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 SKIP1Ø 3,Y 64,X #32	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5D 85 3D5F 26 3D61 EA 3D63 A6 3D66 85 3D68 26	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 2Ø Ø2	99889 SI 99999 SI 99989 SI 99989 SI 99999 SI 999999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 999999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 99999 SI 999999 SI 999999 SI 99999 SI 999999 SI 9999999 SI 999999 SI 99999 SI 9999 SI 999	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 SKIP1Ø 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D57 85 3D58 EA 3D5D 85 3D5F 26 3D61 EA 3D63 A6 3D64 85 3D66 85 3D68 26 3D6A EA 3D6C 85	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 2Ø Ø2 24 1Ø	99889 SI 9999 SI 99989 SI 9998 SI 999	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9 KIP1Ø	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP10 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D57 85 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D6B EA 3D6A EA 3D6A EA 3D6C 85 3D6E 26	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 2Ø Ø2 24 1Ø Ø2	99889 SI 9999 SI 99949 SI 99959 SI 99969 SI 19969 SI 1996	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9 KIP1Ø	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B EST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 SKIP1Ø 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y #16 SKIP12	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D57 85 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5F 26 3D61 EA 3D63 A6 3D66 85 3D68 26	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 2Ø Ø2 24 1Ø Ø2 25	99889 SI 9999 SI 99949 SI 99959 SI 9959 SI 995	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9 KIP10	PSHS CLRB IN BUT TO THE PSHS LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB CRB BITA BNE ORB CRB BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP10 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D57 85 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D6B EA 3D6A EA 3D6A EA 3D6C 85 3D6E 26	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 2Ø Ø2 24 1Ø Ø2	99889 SI 9999 SI 99949 SI 99959 SI 99969 SI 19969 SI 1996	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9 KIP10	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B EST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 SKIP1Ø 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y #16 SKIP12	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK 3 4%5 OF SCREEN
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D61 EA 3D63 A6 3D66 85 3D68 26 3D7Ø EA 3D7Ø EA 3D72 34	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 2Ø Ø2 24 1Ø Ø2 25	99899 SI 99919 * 99919 * 99939 99939 99959 SI 99979 SI 99979 SI 91999 91929 91939 SI 91949 91959 91959 SI 91949 91959 91969 SI 91949 91959 91969 SI 91949 91959 91969 SI 91949 91959 911969 SI 91949 911959 911969 SI	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9 KIP10	PSHS CLRB IN BUT TO THE PSHS LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,YB EST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 SKIP10 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y #16 SKIP12 5,Y	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D57 85 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5F 26 3D61 EA 3D63 A6 3D66 85 3D68 26	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 2Ø Ø2 24 1Ø Ø2 25	99899 Si 99919 * 99919 * 99939 99949 99959 Si 99979 Si 99979 Si 91999 91929 91939 Si 91949 91959 91959 Si 91949 91959 91969 Si 91949 91959 91969 Si 91949 Si 911949 Si	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9 KIP10	PSHS CLRB IN BUT TO THE PSHS LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB CRB CRB CRB CRB CRB CRB CRB CRB CRB C	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP1Ø 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y #16 SKIP12 5,Y	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK S 4%5 OF SCREEN SAVE 2ND CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D6A EA 3D6A EA 3D6C 85 3D6E 26 3D6E 26 3D7Ø EA 3D72 34 3D74 5F	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 20 Ø2 24 1Ø Ø2 25 Ø4	99899 SI 99919 * 99919 * 99939 99949 99959 SI 99979 SI 99979 SI 91999 91929 91939 SI 91949 91959 91959 SI 91949 91959 SI 91949 SI 91949 SI 91949 SI 91949 SI 91949 SI 911959 SI 91196 SI	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9 KIP10 KIP11	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB CRB BITA BNE ORB CRB LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB B	5,Y B EST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP10 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y #16 SKIP12 5,Y B	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK 3 4%5 OF SCREEN
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D61 EA 3D63 A6 3D64 85 3D68 26 3D70 EA 3D72 34 3D74 5F	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 2Ø Ø2 24 1Ø Ø2 25	99899 Si 99919 * 99919 * 99939 99949 99959 Si 99979 Si 99979 Si 91999 91929 91939 Si 91949 91959 91959 Si 91949 91959 91969 Si 91949 91959 91969 Si 91949 Si 911949 Si	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9 KIP10 KIP11	PSHS CLRB IN BUT TO THE PSHS LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB CRB CRB CRB CRB CRB CRB CRB CRB CRB C	5,Y B FEST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP1Ø 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y #16 SKIP12 5,Y	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK S 4%5 OF SCREEN SAVE 2ND CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D6A EA 3D6A EA 3D6C 85 3D6E 26 3D6E 26 3D7Ø EA 3D72 34 3D74 5F	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 20 Ø2 24 1Ø Ø2 25 Ø4	99899 SI 99919 * 99919 * 99939 99949 99959 SI 99949 99959 SI 99979 SI 91999 91929 91939 SI 91949 91959 91959 91959 SI 91949 91959 SI 91949 SI 91149 SI 91149 SI	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9 KIP10 KIP11	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB CLB CRB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA	5,Y B EST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 3,Y 44,X #32 SKIP10 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y #16 SKIP12 5,Y B ING BITS Ø,X	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK S 4%5 OF SCREEN SAVE 2ND CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D40 EA 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D50 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D58 EA 3D58 EA 3D60 85 3D61 EA 3D63 A6 3D66 85 3D66 85 3D66 85 3D66 85 3D66 26 3D70 EA 3D72 34 3D74 5F	Ø4 ØØ 2Ø Ø2 2Ø 1Ø Ø2 21 88 2Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 22 1Ø Ø2 23 88 4Ø 20 Ø2 24 1Ø Ø2 25 Ø4 ØØ Ø8	99899 SI 99999 99919 * 99939 99949 99959 SI 99949 99959 SI 999799 SI 91999 91929 91939 SI 91949 91959 91959 SI 91949 91959 91969 SI 91949 911959 SI 91949 911959 SI 911959 SI 911969 SI 911979 SI 911199 SI 911199 SI	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9 KIP10 KIP11	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB CLB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB	5,Y B EST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP10 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y #16 SKIP12 5,Y B SKIP12 SKIP12 SKIP12 SKIP12 SKIP13 SKIP14 SKIP14 SKIP15 SKIP15 SKIP15 SKIP16 SKIP17 SKIP16 SKIP16 SKIP16 SKIP16 SKIP17 SKIP17 SKIP17 SKIP18 SKIP	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK S 4%5 OF SCREEN SAVE 2ND CODE TO STACK
3D43 34 3D45 5F 3D46 A6 3D48 85 3D4A 26 3D4C EA 3D4E 85 3D5Ø 26 3D52 EA 3D54 A6 3D57 85 3D59 26 3D58 EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D5B EA 3D61 EA 3D63 A6 3D64 85 3D68 26 3D70 EA 3D72 34 3D74 5F	94 99 29 92 29 19 92 21 88 29 92 22 19 92 23 88 49 20 92 24 19 92 24 19 92 25 94	99899 SI 99919 * 99919 * 99939 99949 99959 SI 99949 99959 SI 99979 SI 91999 91929 91939 SI 91949 91959 91959 91959 SI 91949 91959 SI 91949 SI 91149 SI 91149 SI	KIP6 DO AGA KIP7 KIP8 KIP9 KIP10 KIP11	PSHS CLRB IN BUT 1 LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA BITA BNE ORB BITA BNE ORB CLB CRB LDA BITA BNE ORB LDA	5,Y B EST BITS Ø,X #32 SKIP7 Ø,Y #16 SKIP8 1,Y 32,X #32 SKIP9 2,Y #16 3,Y 44,X #32 SKIP10 3,Y 64,X #32 SKIP11 4,Y #16 SKIP12 5,Y B ING BITS Ø,X	SAVE FIRST CODE TO STACK S 4%5 OF SCREEN SAVE 2ND CODE TO STACK

```
3D7B EA
           20
                     Ø119Ø
                                     ORB
                                               Ø, Y
3D7D 85
           04
                                               #4
                     Ø12ØØ SKIP13
                                     BITA
3D7F 26
           02
                     Ø121Ø
                                     BNE
                                               SKIP14
3D81 EA
           21
                     Ø122Ø
                                     ORB
                                               1, Y
3D83 A6
           88 2Ø
                     Ø123Ø SKIP14
                                     LDA
                                               32, X
3D86 85
           ØB
                     01240
                                     BITA
                                               #8
3D88 26
           Ø2
                     Ø125Ø
                                     BNE
                                               SKIP15
3D8A EA
           22
                     01260
                                     ORB
                                               2, Y
3D8C 85
           04
                     Ø127Ø SKIP15
                                     BITA
                                               #4
3D8E 26
           Ø2
                     Ø128Ø
                                     BNE
                                               SKIP16
3D9Ø EA
           23
                     01290
                                     ORB
                                               3.Y
3D92 A6
           88 40
                                     LDA
                     Ø13ØØ SKIP16
                                               64. X
3D95 85
           Ø8
                     01310
                                     BITA
                                               #8
3D97 26
           02
                     01320
                                     BNE
                                               8KIP17
3D99 EA
           24
                     Ø133Ø
                                     ORB
                                               4. Y
3D9B 85
           04
                     Ø134Ø SKIP17
                                     BITA
                                               #4
3D9D 26
           Ø2
                     Ø135Ø
                                     BNE
                                               SKIP18
3D9F EA
           25
                     Ø136Ø
                                     ORB
                                              5, Y
3DA1 34
           04
                     Ø137Ø SKIP18
                                     PSHS
                                              B
                                                        SAVE 3RD CODE TO STACK
3DA3 5F
                     Ø138Ø
                                     CLRB
                     Ø139Ø * DO AGAIN TESTING BITS Ø&1 OF SCREEN
3DA4 A6
           00
                     01400
                                     LDA
                                              Ø, X
3DA6 85
           Ø2
                     01410
                                     BITA
                                              #2
3DA8 26
           02
                     01420
                                     BNE
                                              SKIP19
3DAA EA
           20
                     01430
                                     ORB
                                              Ø,Y
3DAC 85
           01
                     Ø144Ø SKIP19
                                              #1
                                     BITA
3DAE 26
           Ø2
                     Ø145Ø
                                              SKIP2Ø
                                     BNE
3DBØ EA
           21
                     01460
                                     ORB
                                               1.Y
3DB2 A6
           88 20
                     Ø147Ø SKIP2Ø
                                     LDA
                                              32, X
3DB5 85
           02
                     01480
                                     BITA
                                              #2
3DB7 26
           Ø2
                     01490
                                     BNE
                                              SKIP21
3DB9 EA
           22
                     Ø15ØØ
                                     ORB
                                              2, Y
3DBB 85
                                              #1
           01
                     Ø151Ø SKIP21
                                     BITA
3DBD 26
           Ø2
                     Ø152Ø
                                     BNE
                                              SKIP22
3DBF EA
           23
                     Ø153Ø
                                     ORB
                                              3, Y
3DC1 A6
           88 40
                     Ø154Ø SKIP22
                                     LDA
                                              64, X
3DC4 85
           Ø2
                     Ø155Ø
                                     BITA
                                              #2
3DC6 26
           Ø2
                     Ø156Ø
                                     BNE
                                              SKIP23
3DC8 EA
           24
                     Ø157Ø
                                     ORB
                                              4, Y
3DCA 85
           01
                     Ø158Ø SKIP23
                                     BITA
                                              #1
3DCC 26
           Ø2
                                     BNE
                                              SKIP24
                     Ø159Ø
3DCE EA
           25
                                     ORB
                     Ø16ØØ
                                              5, Y
3DDØ 34
           04
                     Ø161Ø SKIP24
                                     PSHS
                                              B
                                                        SAVE 4TH CODE TO STACK
3DD2 8E
           3EA2
                     Ø162Ø
                                     LDX
                                              #16034
                                                        SET POINTER FOR GRAPIC CODES ST
ORAGE
                     Ø163Ø LP2
                                                        PULL BACK FROM STACK IN REVERSE
3DD5 35
           04
                                     PULS
                                              B
 ORDER
3DD7 C1
           20
                     01640
                                     CMPB
                                              #32
                                                       LOWEST VALID CODE 32 OR GREATER
                     Ø165Ø
                                              ADDER
                                                        MAKE ASCII IF 31 OR LESS
3DD9 25
           ØA
                                     BLO
                                                        ADD BIT 8 FOR PRINTER
3DDB EA
           27
                     Ø166Ø LP3
                                     ORB
                                               7, Y
                                               , -X
3DDD E7
                                     STB
                                                        PUT WHERE BASIC CAN GET IT
           82
                     Ø167Ø
                                              #16030
3DDF 8C
           3E9E
                     Ø168Ø
                                     CMPX
                                                        SEE IF DONE
                                     BNE
                                              LP2
                                                        GET NEXT IF NOT
3DE2 26
           F1
                     01690
3DE4 39
                     Ø17ØØ
                                     RTS
                                                        BACK TO BASIC
                                              6, Y
                                                        ADD 64 IF LESS THAN 32
3DE5 EA
           26
                     Ø171Ø ADDER
                                     ORB
                                              LP3
3DE7 2Ø
           F2
                     Ø172Ø
                                     BRA
           0000
                     Ø173Ø
                                     END
ØØØØØ TOTAL ERRORS
```

MINE INTRUDER

by Bill Franks 4939 Tunlaw Street Alex. VA 22312



Mine Intruder is a game which gives you a break from the same old kind of "shoot 'em up" games. Instead of being in outer space or another planet, you stay on earth in a small country town which has a very rich emerald mine. You must get past the perilous boulders and angry miners with deadly picks in order to claim your prize of a very large emerald. This game moves very quickly for a BASIC program because it utilizes the extended BASIC commands of GET and PUT. The exciting arcade type sound effects are made using the PLAY command. The sound effects, however, slow the game execution down about 2 or 3 times slower than possible without them. I prefer the sound effects to the faster speed without them. If you would like the speed then delete PLAYF\$, PLAYG\$. and PLAYH\$ statements. If you think it is too hard to have to make it back up to the top level after you get the emerald then change the end of line 515 to THEN GOSUB 525:GOTO 645. This 32 CCN Feb '83

will make you win just by getting the emerald. The neat effects at the end of a game (they're especially neat when you win) are created by going from SCREEN1,1 to SCREEN1,0 rapidly. So far, all my friends and family who have played it have really enjoyed it. I hope you do too.

INSTRUCTIONS

The object of this game is to climb up and down the ladders, get the emerald at the bottom, and get back to the top without being killed 4 times. Each time you are killed, you start at the left side of the level you were on and one of the little men in the bottom corner disappears. When you're out of men, you lose. Use the joystick to move. In order to go up or down a ladder, get right under or over it and press up or down with the joystick. If you or one of the hazzards goes off to the left, it will reappear on the right and visa-versa. To reset the game at the end just press R on the keyboard. Have fun!!!!!!!!

Mine Intruder

```
10 ' MINE INTRUDER
11 '
       BY
15 ' BILL FRANKS
20 ' 4939 TUNLAW ST.
25 '
     ALEXANDRIA, VA.
26 '
                 22312
3Ø GOSUB575: DIMA(25), B(25), C(25)
,D(25),E(25),F(25),G(25),H(25)
35 PMODE3,1:PCLS:SCREEN1,1:COLOR
6,5
40 FOR X=25T0180STEP25:LINE(0,X)
-(255, X), PSET: NEXT
45 DRAW"BM5Ø,25;D8 U4R1ØD4U8 L1Ø
D8 R1Ø"
5Ø GET(5Ø,25)-(61,5Ø),A,G
55 A$= "E6F6H6U7F6H6G6"
60 COLOR7,5:DRAW"BM10,24;XA$;":A
=10:B=9:GET(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D,
G
65 DRAW"BM25,190;E4F4H4U5F4H4G4"
:DRAW"BM40,190;E4F4H4U5F4H4G4":D
RAW"BM55, 190; E4F4H4U5F4H4G4"
70 COLOR7,5:DRAW"BM50,74;H3R3H3E
5F3E3R2F3D2G3R2G3L6":PAINT(51,73
75 GET(68,61)-(85,74),B,G
8Ø GET(45,63)-(65,74),C,G
85 COLOR6,5:DRAW"BM4Ø ,99 ;XA$;"
:DRAW"BM55 ,90 ;R4H3F3G3":DRAW"B
M150,99; XA$; ": DRAW"BM148,90; L4E3
G3F3"
86 GET(14Ø,86)~(165,99),F,G
90 PUT(150,50)-(161,75),A,PSET:P
UT(90,75)-(101,100),A,PSET
95 PUT (40, 100) ~ (51, 125), A, PSET: P
UT(180,100)~(191,125),A,PSET
100 PUT(110,125)-(121,150),A,PSE
T:PUT(60,150)-(71,175),A,PSET
105 PUT(190,150)-(201,175),A,PSE
110 M=70:N=113:PUT(M,N)-(M+20,N+
11),C,PSET
115 K=13Ø:L=113:PUT(K,L)-(K+2Ø,L
+11),C,PSET
120 G=40:H=86:GET(G,H)-(G+25,H+1
3), E, G
125 I=14Ø:J=86:PUT(I,J)-(I+25,J+
13), F, PSET
13Ø PUT(47,59)-(67,74),B,PSET
135 C=120:D=36:PUT(C,D)-(C+25,D+
13),F,PSET
140 E=60:F=63:PUT(E,F)-(E+20,F+1
1),C,PSET
145 Q=60:R=138:PUT(Q,R)-(Q+20,R+
11), C, PSET
15Ø O=16Ø:P=136:PUT(O,P)-(O+25,P
+13),F,PSET
```

155 COLOR6,5:DRAW"BM120,174;H3R3 H3E5F3E3R2F3D2G3R2G3L6":PAINT(12 0,173),6,6 165 GOSUB17Ø:GOT0175 17Ø PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D.PSET; RETURN 175 S=JOYSTK(Ø):T=JOYSTK(1) 180 IF S<5 THEN PUT (A, B) - (A+18, B +15), B, PSET: A=A-5 : IF A<10 THEN A=23Ø ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15), D.PSET:PLAYG\$ 185 IF S>58 THEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18, B+15), B, PSET: A=A+5 : IF A>24Ø THE N A=10 ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D,PSET:PLAYG\$ 190 IF T>58 AND A>45 AND A<55 TH EN PUT(A,B)-(A+18,B+15),B,PSET:B =B+25:PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D,PSE T:PLAYD\$:GOTO205 195 IF SS=1 THEN GOSUB645 200 GOTO175 2Ø5 S=JOYSTK(Ø):T=JOYSTK(1) 210 IF S<5 THEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18,B +15), B, PSET: A=A-5: IF A<10 THEN A =23ØELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D, PSET: PLAYG\$ 215 IF S>58 THEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18, B+15), B, PSET: A=A+5: IF A>230 THEN A=10 ELSE PUT(A, B)-(A+15, B+15) ,D,PSET:PLAYG\$ 220 IF T<5 AND A>45 AND A<55 THE N PUT(A,B)-(A+18,B+15),B,PSET:B= B-25; PUT (A, B) - (A+15, B+15), D, PSET :PLAYE\$:GOTO175 225 IF T>58 AND A>145 AND A<155 THEN PUT (A, B) - (A+18, B+15), B, PSET :B=B+25:PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D,P SET: PLAYD\$: GOTO255 23Ø U=RND(4) 235 IF U=1 OR U=3 THEN PUT(C,D)-(C+26, D+13), G, PSET: C=C+5: IF C>23 Ø THEN C=1Ø ELSE IFC>23Ø THEN C= ELSE PUT(C,D)-(C+25,D+13),E, PSET: PLAYF\$ 24Ø IF U=2 OR U=4 THEN PUT(C,D)-(C+26, D+13), G, PSET: C=C-5: IF C<10 THEN C=23Ø ELSE PUT(C,D)-(C+25, D+13),F,PSET:PLAYF\$ 245 IF C-5=A+1Ø OR C+2Ø=A-5 OR C =A+10OR C+20=A THEN PLAYI\$: GOSUB 545: A=10: B=B : GOSUB170: GOTO205 25Ø GOTO2Ø5 255 S=JOYSTK(Ø):T=JOYSTK(1) 260 IF S<5 THEN PUT(A, B)-(A+18, B) +15), B, PSET: A=A-5: IF A<10 THEN A =23Ø ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D ,PSET:PLAYG\$

Mine Intruder

265 IF 8>58 THEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18, B+15), B, PSET: A=A+5: IF A>230THEN A=10 ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15), D.PSET:PLAYG\$ 27Ø IF T<5 AND A>145 AND A<155 T HEN PUT (A, B) - (A+18, B+15), B, PSET: B=B-25: PUT (A, B) - (A+15, B+15), D, PS ET:PLAYE\$: GOTO205 AND A<95 275 IF T>58 AND A>85 THEN PUT (A, B) - (A+18, B+15), B, PSET :B=B+25:PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D,P SET:PLAYD\$:GOTO305 28Ø U=RND(4) 285 IF U=1 OR U=3 THEN PUT(E,F)-(E+18,F+11),B,PSET:E=E+5:IF E>23 Ø THEN E=1Ø ELSE PUT(E,F)-(E+2Ø, F+11), C, PSET: PLAYH\$ 290 IF U=2 OR U=4 THEN PUT(E,F)-(E+18,F+11),B,PSET:E=E-5:IF E>23 Ø THEN E=1Ø ELSE PUT(E,F)-(E+2Ø, F+11), C, PSET: PLAYH\$ 295 IF E-5=A+10 OR E+15=A-5 OR E -Ø=A+10 OR E+10=A-5 THEN PLAYI\$: GOSUB545: A=10: B=B: GOSUB170: GOTO2 300 GOTO255 3Ø5 S=JOYSTK(Ø):T=JOYSTK(1) 310 IF 8<5 THEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18,B +15), B, PSET: A=A-5: IF A<10 THEN A =23Ø ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D ,PSET:PLAYG\$ 315 IF 8>58 THEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18, B+15), B, PSET: A=A+5: IF A>230 THEN A=10 ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15) ,D,PSET:PLAYG\$ 320 IF T<5 AND A>85 AND A<95 THE N PUT (A, B) - (A+18, B+15), B, PSET: B= B-25: PUT (A, B) - (A+15, B+15), D, PSET :PLAYE \$: GOTO 255 325 IF T>58 AND A>35 AND A<45 OR T>58 AND A>175 AND A<185 THEN P UT(A,B)-(A+18,B+15),B,PSET:B=B+2 5:PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D,PSET:PL AYD\$: GOT0365 33Ø U=RND(4):V=RND(4) 335 IF U=10R U=3 THEN PUT(G,H)-(G+26, H+13), G, PSET: G=G+5: IF G>230 THEN G=10 ELSE PUT(G,H)-(G+25,H +13),E,PSET:PLAYF\$ 340 IF V=1 OR V=3 THEN PUT(I,J)-(I+26,J+13),G,PSET:I=I+5:IF I>23 Ø THEN I=10 ELSE PUT(I,J)-(I+25,J+13), E, PSET: PLAYH\$ 345 IF U=2 OR U=4 THEN PUT(G,H)-(G+26, H+13), G, PSET: G=G-5: IF G<1Ø THEN G=230 ELSE PUT(G,H)-(G+25, H+13), F, PSET: PLAYF\$

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35Ø IF V=2 OR V=4 THEN PUT(I,J)-(I+26, J+13), G, PSET: I=I-5: IF I<10 THEN I=230 ELSE PUT(I,J)-(I+25,J+13), F, PSET: PLAYH\$ 355 IF G-5=A+1Ø OR G+1Ø=A-5 OR G +15=A-5 OR G-Ø=A+1Ø OR I-5=A+1Ø OR I+15=A-5 OR I+10=A-5 OR I-0=A +10 THEN PLAYI\$:GOSUB545:A=10:B= B: GOSUB170: GOTO305 36Ø GOT03Ø5 365 S=JOYSTK(Ø):T=JOYSTK(1) 37Ø IF S<5 THEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18,B +15), B, PSET: A=A-5: IF A<10 THEN A =23Ø ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D , PSET: PLAYG\$ 375 IF 8>58 THEN PUT(A, B)-(A+18, B+15), B, PSET: A=A+5: IF A>23Ø THEN A=1Ø ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15) , D, PSET: PLAYG\$ 380 IF T<5 AND A>35 AND A<45 OR T<5 AND A>175 AND A<185 THEN PUT (A, B) - (A+18, B+15), B, PSET: B=B-25:PUT (A, B) - (A+15, B+15), D, PSET: PLAY E\$:GOTO3Ø5 385 IF T>58 AND A>105 AND A<115 THEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18,B+15),B,PSET :B=B+25:PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D,P SET: PLAYD\$: GOTO430 39Ø U=RND(4):V=RND(4) 395 IF U=1 OR U=3 THEN PUT(K,L)-(K+18,L+11),B,PSET:K=K-5:IF K<10 THEN K=230 ELSE PUT(K,L)-(K+20, L+11),C,PSET:PLAYF\$ 400 IF U=2 OR U=4 THEN PUT(K,L)-(K+18,L+11),B,PSET:K=K+5:IF K>23 Ø THEN K=1Ø ELSE PUT(K,L)-(K+2Ø, L+11), C, PSET: PLAYF\$ 405 IF V=1 OR V=3 THEN PUT(M,N)-(M+18, N+11), B, PSET: M=M-5: IF M<10 THEN M=23Ø ELSE PUT(M,N)-(M+2Ø, N+11), C, PSET: PLAYH\$ 41Ø IF V=2 OR V=4 THEN PUT(M,N)-(M+18,N+11),B,PSET:M=M+5:IF M>23 Ø THEN M=1Ø ELSE PUT(M,N)-(M+2Ø, N+11), C, PSET: PLAYH\$ 415 IF K-5=A+10 OR K+15=A-5 OR K -Ø=A+1Ø OR K+1Ø=A-5 THEN PLAYI\$: GOSUB545: A=10: B=B : GOSUB170: GOTO 42Ø IF M-5=A+1Ø OR M+15=A-5 OR M -Ø=A+1Ø OR M+1Ø=A-5THEN PLAYI\$:G OSUB545: A=10: B=B: GOSUB170: GOTO36 5 425 GOTO 365 43Ø S=JOYSTK(Ø):T=JOYSTK(1) 435 IF S<5 THEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18,B

+15), B, PSET: A=A-5: IF A<10 THEN A



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Mine Intruder

```
=23Ø ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D
.PSET:PLAYG$
44Ø IF S>58 THEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18,
B+15), B, PSET: A=A+5: IF A>230 THEN
 A=10 ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15)
,D,PSET:PLAYG$
445 IF T<5 AND A>105 AND A<115 T
HEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18,B+15),B,PSET:
B=B-25:PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D,PS
ET:PLAYE$:GOTO365
450 IF T>58 AND A>55 AND A<65 OR
 T>58 AND A>185 AND A<195 THEN P
UT (A, B) - (A+18, B+15) , B, PSET: B=B+2
5:PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D,PSET:PL
AYD$: GOTO495
455 U=RND(4):V=RND(4)
460 IF U=1 OR U=3 THEN PUT(Q,R)-
(Q+18,R+11),B,PSET:Q=Q+5:IF Q>23
Ø THEN Q=10 ELSE PUT(Q,R)-(Q+20,
R+11),C,PSET:PLAYF$
465 IF U=2 OR U=4 THEN PUT(Q,R)-
(Q+18,R+11),B,PSET:Q=Q-5:IF Q<1Ø
 THEN Q=23Ø ELSE PUT(Q,R)-(Q+2Ø,
R+11), C, PSET: PLAYF$
470 IF V=1 OR V=3 THEN PUT(0,P)-
(O+26,P+13),G,PSET:O=O+5:IF O>23
Ø THEN 0=1Ø ELSE PUT(0,P)-(0+25,
P+13), E, PSET: PLAYH$
475 IF V=2 OR V=4 THEN PUT(0,P)-
(O+26,P+13),G,PSET:O=O-5:IF O<10
 THEN 0=230 ELSE PUT(0,P)-(0+25,
P+13),F,PSET:PLAYH$
48Ø IF Q-5=A+1Ø OR Q+15=A-5 OR Q
-Ø=A+1Ø OR Q+1Ø=A-5 THEN PLAYI$:
GOSUB545: A=10: B=B: GOSUB170: GOTO4
485 IF 0-5=A+1Ø OR 0+2Ø=A-5 OR 0
=A+10 OR O+20=A THEN PLAYI$:GOSU
B 545: A=10: B=B: GOSUB170: GOTO430
49Ø GOTO43Ø
495 S=JOYSTK(Ø):T=JOYSTK(1)
500 IF S<5 THEN PUT(A,B)-(A+18,B
+15), B, PSET: A=A-5: IF A<10 THEN A
=230 ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15),D
, PSET: PLAYG$
505 IF S>58 THEN PUT(A, B)-(A+18,
B+15), B, PSET: A=A+5: IF A>230 THEN
 A=10 ELSE PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15)
, D, PSET: PLAYG$
510 IF T<5 AND A>55 AND A<65 OR
T<5 AND A>185 AND A<195 THEN PUT
(A,B)-(A+18,B+15),B,PSET:B=B-25:
PUT (A, B) - (A+15, B+15), D, PSET: PLAY
E$:GOTO43Ø
515 IF SS=Ø THEN IF A-15<13Ø AND
 A-15>110 THEN GOSUB525 ELSE IF
A+10>100 AND A+10<130 THEN GOSUB
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```

```
525
52Ø GOTO495
525 GOSUB625
530 PUT(115,159)-(140,174),B,PSE
535 COLOR6,5:DRAW"BM80 ,192;H3R3
H3E5F3E3R2F3D2G3R2G3L6":PAINT(8Ø
 ,189),6,6
54Ø SS=1:RETURN
545 FORXC=1T01000:NEXT:IF ZZ>0 T
HEN 550 ELSE COLOR5, 5: DRAW"BM25,
190; E4F4H4U5F4H4G4": ZZ=1:PUT(A, B
)-(A+18,B+15),B,PSET:RETURN
550 IF ZZ>1 THEN 555 ELSE COLOR5
,5:DRAW"BM4Ø,19Ø;E4F4H4U5F4H4G4"
:ZZ=2:PUT(A,B)-(A+18,B+15),B,PSE
T:RETURN
555 IF ZZ>2 THEN 560 ELSE ZZ=3:C
OLOR5, 5: DRAW"BM55, 190; E4F4H4U5F4
H4G4":ZZ=3:PUT(A,B)-(A+18,B+15),
B.PSET: RETURN
560 COLOR8,5:PUT(A,B)-(A+15,B+15
), D, PSET: PUT (G, H) - (G+26, H+13), G,
PSET: PUT(I, J) - (I+26, J+13), G, PSET
:SCREEN1, Ø:DRAW"BM4Ø ,95;U8R8BD4
L4BR4D4L8BR12;BM60 ,95;U8R8D4L8B
R8D4BR4; BM8Ø , 95; U8F4E4D8BR4; BM1
ØØ,95;U8R8BD4L8BD4R8BR4"
565 DRAW"BM130,95;U8R8D8L8BR12;B
M150,95;BU8D4F4E4U4BD8BR4;BM170,
95;U8R8BD4L8BD4R8BR4;BM19Ø,95;U8
R8D4L8BR4F4BR4"
570 GOTO690
575 D$="T65 ; O5; GFEDCBAO4GFEDCBA
O3GFEDCB"
580 E$="T65 ; O3ABCDEFGO4ABCDEFGO
5ABCDEFG"
585 F$="T255; O5CDEFGAB"
59Ø G$="T255;O3CDEFGAB"
595 H$="T255; O4CDEFGAB"
600 J = "T255; V22; D5BAGFEDCD4; V10
; BAGFEDCO3; V5; BAGFEDC"
605 I $= "T255; V25; O5GFEDCO4BAGFED
CO3BAGFEDO2BAGFEDC01BAGFEDC"
610 RETURN
615 FOR X=1TO1Ø:SCREEN1, Ø:FORY=1
TOSØ :NEXT Y:SCREEN1,1:FORY=1TOS
Ø :NEXT Y:NEXT X
62Ø GOT0615
625 FORX=1T01Ø
63Ø PLAY"T255; V22; O5BAGFEDC": PLA
Y"05CDEFGAB"
635 NEXT
640 RETURN
645 COLOR8,7:FOR X=1T01Ø
650 PLAYF#:PLAYG#:PLAYH#
655 SCREEN1,Ø
```

Mine Intruder

660 FOR Y=1T030: NEXTY

665 SCREEN1,1

67Ø NEXT

675 PUT(G, H) - (G+26, H+13), G, PSET:

PUT(I,J)-(I+26,J+13),G,PSET

680 DRAW"BM40,95; BUSF4E4BG4D4BR8 ;BM60 ,95;U8R8D8L8BR12;BM80 ,95; U8BR8D8L8BR12; BM110, 95; U8BR8D8H4 G4BR12; BM130, 95; BUBR8BL4D8BL4R8B R4; BM150, 95; U8F8U8BD8BR4; BM170, 9

5; U1; BM17Ø, 92; U7"

685 SCREEN1, Ø: GOTO69Ø

690 COLOR6,5:CC\$=INKEY\$

695 IF CC\$="R" THEN SS=Ø:ZZ=Ø:GO

T035

700 GOTO690

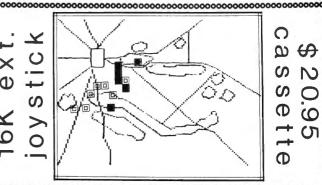
CCN TIP

Some Color Computers are capable of running at higher clock speeds. To use the higher speed type POKE 65495,0. turn-off the fast clock type POKE 65494,0. This doesn't work with all Color Computers.

GETTYSBURG A Strategy Game for mature Players

STOP REBEL INVADERS DIE!

C



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SOFTWRIDE

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Silly Syntax

a sensational and educational version of a popular party game for the TRS-80* Color Computer...

For 1 to 10 players. Load a story into the computer. The players are asked to supply a noun, verb, part of body, celebrity, etc. which the program uses to complete the story. The story, which is displayed when all words are entered, will be hilarious. Silly Syntax requires 16K Extended Basic (32K for disk version). For \$19.95, you get a user guide and a tape containing the Silly Syntax game and 2 stories. You can create your own stories or order story tapes from the selection below.

Silly Syntax stories — Ten stories

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SS-004 - Current Events

SS-006 - Adventure/Sci-Fi

SS-007 - Potpourri

Each story tape is \$9.95. 10% off for 3 or more story tapes. Disk is \$24.95 for Silly Syntax and 2 stories or \$49.95 for Silly Syntax and all 62 stories.

TRS-80 is a trademark of Tandy Corp.

Introduces

Auto Run is a utility program for the TRS-80° Extended Basic Color Computer. It is used to add convenience and professionalism to your software.

Auto Run will create a tape which will consist of a machine language loader followed by your Basic or machine language program. With this tape, a simple Ci_OADM command will load and start the loader which will load and start your program. You may design a title screen with the graphics editor which will display as your program loads. Alse you may record a vocal or musical introduction preceding your program. The Auto Run loader will control the audio on/off.

Basic programs can be set to load anywhere in memory above \$600 (the PCLEAR 0 page).

Software authors: The Auto Run prefix may be appended to your software products.

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THE CRYPTANALYST'S ASSISTANT

By Bill Williams 1080 Bush Street, Apt. 609 San Francisco, CA 94109



This program is useful in solving the most common kind of cryptogram puzzle, the simple substitution cipher. In this kind of cipher, every letter of the alphabet has exactly one substitute letter, and the cipher is produced by replacing every letter of the original message (the plaintext) with its substitute.

One of the methods for attacking ciphers of this kind is letter frequency analysis. This is based on the principle that frequently occuring letters of the cryptogram probably 38 CCN Feb '83

stand for frequently occuring letters or ordinary English text (ETAONIRSH) and conversely.

One thing the Cryptanalyst's Assistant does for you is take the frequency count of every cryptogram you type in.

The way the program works is this:

1. First you type in a cryptogram (which you have to get from a newspaper, or a puzzle magazine, or from a friend who has made one up with an enciphering program on the Color Computer).

- 2. Then the frequency count is displayed.
- 3. The ciphertext is displayed, double spaced, and you start making trial substitutions, which appear beneath the letters of the ciphertext.
- 4. You can change the substitute for a letter as often as you like.
- 5. You can even change the ciphertext if you discover you've made a mistake, and the program will remember and redisplay the substitutes you've made so far.
- 6. The frequency chart will not fit on the same page as the cryptogram, but you can flip over to another page to see it, and then flip back.
- 7. When you are finished with one cryptogram, you can do another one. PROGRAM NOTES:

The Cryptanalyst's Assistant requires either a 16K or 32K Color Computer, with Extended BASIC.

If you run it on a 16K machine, then you must PCLEAR 1 before CLOAD'ing.

If you run it on a 32K machine, you can alter the load point for the machine language subroutines, by changing the '15800' in lines 500 and 40010 to a bigger number.

Happy cipher busting!

```
CRYPTANALYST'S ASSISTANT
1
2
 ,
3
             BY
 9
4
5 '
        BILL WILLIAMS
7
        SAN FRANCISCO
8 '
        AUGUST, 1982
9 '
200
      SYNOPSIS OF VARIABLES:
204 7
      C$(6) LINES OF CRYPTOGRAM
      CL(6) LEN OF CRYPTG LINES
      NL
            # LINES IN CRYPTOGM
212 '
            SUBSCRIPT FOR
214 '
              CRYPTOGRAM LINES
            LINE OF TYPED OR
22Ø '
               READ INPUT
222 '
      IL
            LEN OF INPUT LINE
224 '
      IK$
            INKEY$ RESPONSE
226
            HORIZONTAL SCR POS
23Ø 'Y
            VERTICAL SCREEN POS
            COMPUTED PRINT@ POS
```

```
234
236 '
            LOAD POINT FOR
      SB
238 '
               MACH. LANG. SBRS
240 '
            LOCATION TO POKE
242
               INPUTS TO MACHINE
244
               LANG. SUBROUTINES
246
            MEMORY LOCATION OF
248
               FREQUENCY TABLE
250
      FE
            END OF FREQ. TABLE
252
254 '
            LOAD POINT FOR ONE
256
               MACH. LANG. BYTE
258
            VALUE TO LOAD
      LG
260
            COUNTER FOR
262
               "LOADING...
                            " MSG
264
266
            FIRST BYTE
267 '
               EXTRACTED FROM
268
               FREQUENCY TABLE,
270 '
               THE COUNT
272 '
            SECOND BYTE, THE
274
               LETTER COUNTED
276
278 '
            FIRST CHAR OF
28Ø
               SUBSTITUTION CMD.
282
               THE 'FROM' LETTER
284
            SECOND CHAR OF
286
               SUBSTITUTION CMD.
288
               THE 'TO' LETTER
290 2
            ONE TIME SWITCH FOR
292
      ZZ
294
               INSTRUCTIONS
296
500 CLEAR 500,15800
51Ø CLS
52Ø PRINT "HELLO."
53Ø PRINT
540 PRINT "
                I'M THE CRYPTANAL
YST'S"
55Ø PRINT "ASSISTANT."
560 PRINT
57Ø PRINT "
                BEFORE WE BEGIN,
I HAVE TO"
580 PRINT "LOAD SOME SUBROUTINES
. **
59Ø PRINT
600 PRINT "
                PLEASE BE PATIENT
. 11
610 PRINT
700 GOSUB 40000
71Ø CLS
72Ø PRINT : PRINT
740 PRINT "NOW WE CAN GET STARTE
75Ø PRINT
76Ø GOSUB 139ØØ
800 DIM C$(6)
```

81Ø DIM CL(6) 1000 GOSUB 8000 1010 PRINT : PRINT 1020 PRINT "ANY CORRECTIONS TO M	2320 I = USR5(0)
1000 GOSUB 8000	233Ø GOSUB 4ØØØ
1010 PRINT : PRINT	234Ø GOTO 2Ø1Ø
1020 PRINT "ANY CORRECTIONS TO M	3000 CLS
AKE?"	3010 PRINT : PRINT
1030 PRINT " Y) YES"	3020 PRINT "DO YOU WANT TO:"
1040 PRINT " N) NO"	3030 PRINT " C) CORRECT THE PLAI
1050 PRINT "TYPE CHOICE:";	NTEXT?"
10A0 TKS=TNKFYS	3040 PRINT " N) ENTER A NEW CRYP
1070 IF IK4="N" THEN 1100	TOGRAM?"
1000 IF TVEZ NIVE THEN 1040	3050 PRINT " I) LOOK AT THE INST
1808 CUCID 0818	PHOTTONICO
1100 CCCC COUNT	TALA DOINT " D) CONTINUE WHERE V
1199 FREW COON!	OF PERMIT AND COMMINGE WHEVE I
1110 00000 OZUW	TIRE DOINT HIVDE CHOICE: H:
1128 80808 9388	2140 TVA - THICKY
AKE?" 1030 PRINT " Y) YES" 1040 PRINT " N) NO" 1050 PRINT "TYPE CHOICE:"; 1060 IK\$=INKEY\$ 1070 IF IK\$="N" THEN 1100 1080 IF IK\$<>"Y" THEN 1060 1090 GOSUB 9010 1100 'FREQ COUNT 1110 GOSUB 6200 1120 GOSUB 6300 1130 GOSUB 12000 1210 IF IK\$ = "N" THEN 1320 1300 GOSUB 14200	SILE INT - INNETP
1200 GUSUB 12000	3120 IF IK\$ = "L" IMEN 1070
1219 IF IK\$ = "N" IHEN 1320	3130 IF IK\$ = "N" IHEN 1999
1300 GUSUB 14200	3140 IF IK\$ = "1" IHEN 1310
1310 GOSUB 13110	3150 IF IK\$ = "B" THEN 1320
132Ø CLS	316Ø GOTO 311Ø
1330 GOSUB 4000	4000 'DISPLAY CIPHER
1400 X=0 : Y=13	4010 FOR C = 1 TO NL
1410 GOSUB 5000	4020 POKE PM,2*(C-1)
1420 FOR I = 0 TO 10 STEP 2	4030 I = USR6(VARPTR(C*(C)))
143Ø F1=PEEK(FT+I)	4Ø4Ø NEXT C
144Ø F2=PEEK(FT+I+1)	4Ø5Ø RETURN
1450 PRINT @P,CHR\$(F2);"-";	5000 P=32*Y+X
146Ø PRINT USING "##";F1;	5Ø1Ø RETURN
147Ø P=P+5	6000 'SET VIDEO BASE TO \$400
148Ø NEXT I	6Ø1Ø I = USR1(%HØ4)
2000 'MAIN LOOP	6020 RETURN
2010 X=0 : Y=14	6100 'SET VIDEO BASE TO \$600
2020 GDSUB 5000	6110 I = USR1(%H06)
1210 IF IK\$ = "N" THEN 1320 1300 GOSUB 14200 1310 GOSUB 13110 1320 CLS 1330 GOSUB 4000 1400 X=0: Y=13 1410 GOSUB 5000 1420 FOR I = 0 TO 10 STEP 2 1430 F1=PEEK(FT+I) 1440 F2=PEEK(FT+I+I) 1450 PRINT @P, CHR\$(F2); "-"; 1460 PRINT USING "##"; F1; 1470 P=P+5 1480 NEXT I 2000 'MAIN LOOP 2010 X=0: Y=14 2020 GOSUB 5000 2030 PRINT @P, "SUBSTITUTION (OR	612Ø RETURN
OPTION): (@=OPTIONS) (ENTE	6200 TAKE FREQUENCY COUNT
R=FREQ-TAB) ";	6210 FT = SB + USR2(0)
	622Ø FOR C=1 TO NL
2050 GOSUR 5000	623Ø I=USR3(VARPTR(C\$(C)))
2040 PRINT @P."":	624Ø NEXT C
2070 I INF INPUT IS	625Ø RETURN
2040 X=26 2050 GOSUB 5000 2060 PRINT @P,""; 2070 LINE INPUT I\$ 2080 IL=LEN(I\$)	A300 'SORT EREQUENCY TARLE
2090 IF IL>0 THEN 2200	6300 'SORT FREQUENCY TABLE 6310 I = USR4(0) 6320 RETURN 6400 'DISPLAY FREQUENCY
2100 GOSUB 6100	ATOM PETIENI
2100 GUSUB 6100 2110 IF INKEY\$="" THEN 2110	AAAA TOTOONA
2120 GOSUB 4000	6410 CL8
2138 GOTO 2858	6420 PRINT TAB(7) "FREQUENCY COU
2200 IE I = "8" THEN 7000	NT"
2224 17 THEN 2244	AAAA EDD V-A TO 24 CTCD A
2230 T\$=" " : GOTO 2300	LASA COD V-2 TO D
2208 1 =	6430 I = FT : FE = FT+52 6440 FOR X=0 TO 24 STEP 8 6450 FOR Y=2 TO 8
22-70 I - L	CHOS II IN-IE INEN COSS
225Ø IF MID\$(F\$,I,1)="=" THEN I=	04/9 F1=FEEK(I)
3	648Ø F2=PEEK(I+1)
	649Ø GOSUB 5ØØØ
2300 PUKE PM, ASC (F\$)	6500 PRINT @P, CHR\$ (F2); 6510 PRINT USING "####"; F1;
231Ø POKE PM+1, ASC(T\$)	6510 PRINT USING "####";F1;

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Unix*-based, multitasking, modular, and versatile: these key features are some of the reasons why more 6809 computer manufacturers have selected OS-9 as their standard operating system than any other. And OS-9 has been put to work by thousands of users in almost every conceivable computer application in business, science, industry, education, and government.

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agement hardware and up to
1 megabyte of memory, and includes record and file locking for
multiuser database applications.
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```
6520 I = I + 2
                                          841Ø C=C+1
653Ø NEXT Y
                                          842Ø GOTO 832Ø
654Ø NEXT X
                                          8430 'MAX LINES ENTERED
6600 X=0 : Y=12
                                          844Ø PRINT "6 LINES IS THE MAXIM
6610 GOSUB 5000
                                          "MU
662Ø PRINT @P. "TO CONTINUE, PRES
                                        845Ø FOR I=1 TO 5ØØ:NEXT I
S ANY KEY"
                                        846Ø NL=C-1
                                        847Ø RETURN
663Ø GOSUB 691Ø
                                        9000 'DO CORRECTIONS
6640 IF INKEY$="" THEN 6640
                                        9010 CLS
665Ø RETURN
                                        9020 FOR C=1 TO 6
6900 'MOVE &H400-&H5FF TO &H600
                                        9030 IF C<=NL THEN 9050
691Ø POKE PM, &HØ4
                                        9040 PRINT: GOTO 9060
9050 PRINT C$(C)
692Ø POKE PM+1,Ø
693Ø POKE PM+2, &HØ6
                                        9060 NEXT C
694Ø POKE PM+3,Ø
6950 POKE PM+4, &HØ6
                                        9100 PRINT
696Ø POKE PM+5,Ø
                                        9110 PRINT "CORRECTIONS?"
697\emptyset I = USR\emptyset(\emptyset)
                                        9120 PRINT " A) ADD MORE LINES"
698Ø RETURN
                                        9130 PRINT " C) CHANGE A LINE"
                                        914Ø PRINT " D) DELETE A LINE"
8000 'ENTER NEW CRYPTOGRAM
8010 CLS
                                        915Ø PRINT " N) NO MORE CORRECTI
8\emptyset2\emptyset I = USR2(1)
                                        ONS"
8030 PRINT "OK, TYPE IN THE CIPH
                                        9200 PRINT "TYPE CHOICE:";
                                        921Ø IK$=INKEY$
ER NOW. "
8040 PRINT
                                        9220 IF IK$="N" THEN RETURN
8050 PRINT "YOU MAY INCLUDE PERI 9230 IF IK$="C" THEN 10000 ODS, COMMAS, ETC., IN THE CIPHERT 9240 IF IK$="D" THEN 10000
                                        925Ø IF IK$="A" THEN 95ØØ
EXT, BUT"
                                        9260 GOTO 9210
8070 PRINT "DO NOT USE LOWER CAS
                                        9500 'ADD MORE LINES
E LETTERS."
8080 PRINT
                                        951Ø PRINT
                                    952Ø IF NL<6 THEN 957Ø
8090 PRINT "ALSO, DO NOT TYPE MO
                                        9530 PRINT "YOU ALREADY HAVE 6 L
INES, AND"
RE THAN"
8100 PRINT "31 CHARACTERS PER LI
                                        954Ø PRINT "THAT'S THE MAXIMUM"
NE."
811Ø PRINT
                                        955Ø FOR I=1 TO 5ØØ: NEXT I
8120 PRINT "YOU CAN ENTER"
                                        9560 GOTO 9010
                                      957Ø C=NL+1
8130 PRINT "A MAXIMUM OF 6 LINES
                                         958Ø PRINT "TYPE NEW LINES:"
                                         959Ø GOSUB 832Ø
814Ø PRINT
8150 PRINT "TYPE A NULL LINE (JU
                                        9600 GOTO 9010
ST"
                                         10000 'CHANGE LINES
8160 PRINT "PRESS ENTER) WHEN YO
                                         10010 CLS
U ARE DONE."
                                          10020 PRINT "NOW I'M GOING TO DI
817Ø PRINT
                                          SPLAY EACH"
8300 'ENTER NEW LINES
                                         10030 PRINT "LINE AGAIN."
831Ø C = 1
                                         10040 PRINT
832Ø IF C>6 THEN 844Ø
                                         10050 PRINT "AFTER EACH LINE, I'
833Ø LINE INPUT I$
                                        LL PUT"
8350 IF LEN(I$) < 32 THEN 8460
8360 PRINT "*** FIRST 31 CHARACT
ERS TAKEN."
834Ø IF LEN(I$) = Ø THEN 846Ø
                                         10060 PRINT "THE CURSOR ON THE N
                                        EXT LINE"
                                         10070 PRINT "SO YOU CAN RETYPE T
                                         HAT LINE."
8370 I = LEFT*(I*, 31)
                                         10080 PRINT
838Ø PRINT I$
                                         10090 PRINT "IF A LINE DOESN'T N
8390 C (C) = I 
                                        EED TO BE"
8400 \text{ CL(C)} = \text{LEN(I$)}
                                         10100 PRINT "RETYPED, JUST PRESS
```

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	•
ENTER."	ANY KEY";
10110 PRINT	1383Ø IF INKEY\$="" THEN 1383Ø
10120 PRINT "IF YOU WANT TO DELE	
TP A LITTER	47000 IDDECO ELIZED LIVEL DELL LIVE
10130 PRINT "TYPE '@'"	13900 PRESS ENTER WHEN RDY MSG 13910 PRINT "WHEN YOU'RE READY T O BEGIN,"
10140 PRINT	O BEGIN,"
INION LKIN! "MHEN YOU'KE KENDY.	13720 PRINI "PRESS ANY KEY";
10160 IF INKEY\$="" THEN 10160	1394Ø RETURN
10170 PRINT 10400 C=0 10410 C=C+1 10420 IF C>NL THEN 9010 10430 PRINT C\$(C) 10440 LINE INPUT I\$	14200 'INSTRUCTIONS PAGE 1
10400 C=0	1421Ø CLS
1Ø41Ø C=C+1	14220 PRINT "THE FREQUENCY CHART
10420 IF C>NL THEN 9010	HAS BEEN"
10430 PRINT C\$(C)	14230 PRINT "SAVED, AND CAN BE R
10440 LINE INPUT I\$	EDISPLAYED"
10450 IF LEN(1\$) = 0 THEN 10410	14240 PRINT "WHENEVER YOU WANT T
10460 IF LEN(I\$) < 32 THEN 10500	0. "
	1425Ø PRINT
10470 PRINT "*** TOO LONG. RETYP E. ***" 10480 GOTO 10430 10500 IF I\$="@" THEN 10600 10510 C\$(C)=I\$ 10520 CL(C)=LEN(I\$) 10530 GOTO 10410 10600 I=C 10610 IF I>=NL THEN 10660 10620 C\$(I)=C\$(I+1) 10630 CL(I)=CL(I+1) 10640 I=I+1 10650 GOTO 10610 10660 NL=NL-1 10670 GOTO 10420 12000 'INSTRUCTIONS 12010 IK\$ = "N" 12020 IF 77<>0 THEN RETURN	14260 PRINT "THE NEXT THING THAT
E. ***"	WILL HAPPEN IS:"
10480 GOTO 10430	14265 PRINT
10500 IF I\$="@" THEN 10600	1427Ø PRINT "THE CRYPTOGRAM WILL
10510 C\$(C)=I\$	BE SHOWN,"
10520 CL(C)=LEN(I\$)	14280 PRINT "DOUBLE SPACED, AT T
10530 GOTO 10410	HE TOP OF THESCREEN."
10600 I=C	14300 PRINT "YOU WILL BE ABLE TO
10610 IF I>=NL THEN 10660	PUT TRIAL"
10620 C\$(I)=C\$(I+1)	1431Ø PRINT "SUBSTITUTIONS UNDER
10630 CL(I)=CL(I+1)	NEATH"
10640 I=I+1	14320 PRINT "THE CIPHERTEXT LETT
10650 GOTO 10610	ERS."
10660 NL=NL-1	14330 PRINT
10670 GOTO 10420	1434Ø GOSUB 138ØØ
12000 INSTRUCTIONS	1435Ø RETURN
12010 IK\$ = "N"	14500 INSTRUCTIONS PAGE 2
TEDED II ELIVO MEN NETOMI	1.010 020
	14520 PRINT "WHEN YOU SEE THE"
12040 CLS : PRINT : PRINT	14530 PRINT "PRUMPTING MESSAGE:"
12050 PRINT "NEED INSTRUCTIONS?"	ARAG POTAT
A 45 A 4 A 45 A 45 A 45 A 45 A 45 A 45	14540 PRINT 14550 PRINT "substitution (or op
12060 PRINT " Y) YES" 12070 PRINT " N) NO"	14330 PRINT "SUBSTITUTION (OF OP
12070 PRINT " N) NO" 12080 PRINT "TYPE CHOICE:";	TION:
	14565 PRINT "AT THE BOTTOM OF TH
12100 IF IK\$="N" THEN RETURN 12110 IF IK\$<>"Y" THEN 12090	14576 DDINT WOOL CAN TUDE THE LE
	TTERS,"
1212Ø RETURN	
13100 'DISPLAY INSTRUCTIONS	OF COURCEVII
1311Ø GOSUB 145ØØ 1312Ø GOSUB 148ØØ 1313Ø GOSUB 15ØØØ 1314Ø GOSUB 152ØØ	1459Ø PRINT "IF YOU TYPE 'QA', F
1312Ø GOSUB 148ØØ	OR INSTANCE."
1313Ø GOSUB 15ØØØ	14600 PRINT "THE COMPUTER WILL P
1314Ø GOSUB 152ØØ 1315Ø RETURN	UT AN 'A'"
	1461Ø PRINT "UNDER EVERY 'Q' IN
1381Ø PRINT "THERE ARE MORE INST	
RUCTIONS."	1462Ø PRINT "CRYPTOGRAM."
MODITUIO.	A A A A POPULATION TO THE TOTAL OF THE SECOND SECON

1466Ø PRINT

13820 PRINT "TO CONTINUE, PRESS

```
S TO THE PROMPTING MESSAGE:"
1467Ø GOSUB 1382Ø
1468Ø RETURN
                                              15230 PRINT "substitution (or op
14800 'INSTRUCTIONS PAGE 3
                                            tion):"
1481Ø CLS
14820 PRINT "AFTER THE 'QA', IF
                                             1524Ø PRINT
                                             15250 PRINT "IF YOU WANT" TAB(20
1483Ø PRINT "DO A 'QB', THE COMP
                                             ) "THEN TYPE:"
                                              1526Ø PRINT
UTER WILL"
                                             15270 PRINT "SUBSTITUTION" TAB(2
1484Ø PRINT "CHANGE ALL THE A'S
                                           Ø) "2 LETTERS"
1528Ø PRINT "FI
THAT ARE NOW UNDER Q'S TO B'S"
                                             1528Ø PRINT "FREQUENCY TABLE" TA
1485Ø PRINT
14860 PRINT "IF YOU DECIDE YOU D B(20) "ENTER KEY"
                                             15290 PRINT "MENU OF OPTIONS" TA
ON'T WANT"
                                          B(2Ø) "'@'"
1487Ø PRINT "ANYTHING UNDER THOS
                                             15300 PRINT
1488Ø PRINT "THEN DO 'Q ', WHICH
                                             1531Ø GOSUB 139ØØ
                                             1533Ø RETURN
 WILL MAKE"
14890 PRINT "THE COMPUTER PUT A 40000 'LOAD ASSEMBLY ROUTINES
                                            40010 SB = 15800 : L = SB
SPACE"
                                            40020 LG = 0
14900 PRINT "UNDER EACH Q."
                                            40100 READ I$
1491Ø PRINT
                                            40110 IF I$ = "END" THEN 40300
1492Ø GOSUB 1382Ø
                                            40120 \text{ FOR I} = 1 \text{ TO LEN(I$) STEP}
1493Ø RETURN
15000 'INSTRUCTIONS PAGE 4
                                             40130 V = VAL("%H" + MID$(I$, I, 2)
15Ø1Ø CLS
                                             ))
15020 PRINT "IF YOU WANT TO SEE
                                            40140 POKE L,V
                                            40150 L = L+1
15030 PRINT "FREQUENCY TABLE, JU
ST PRESS"
                                             4Ø16Ø NEXT I
15040 PRINT "THE ENTER KEY, INST 40170 LG = (LG+1) AND 7
                                            40180 IF LG=0 THEN PRINT "LOADIN
EAD OF"
                                          6 ...",
15050 PRINT "TYPING TWO LETTERS.
                                            4Ø19Ø GOTO 4Ø1ØØ
                                            40300 DEFUSR0 = SB
15Ø6Ø PRINT
15070 PRINT "WHEN YOU ARE FINISH 40320 I = USR0(SB)
ED WITH" 40330 IF I <> 0 THEN 40400
15080 PRINT "THIS CRYPTOGRAM, O 40340 PRINT "NOT ENOUGH MEMORY F
                                             OR SUBS"
15090 PRINT "IF YOU WANT TO CHAN
                                            40350 STOP
GE"

15100 PRINT "THE CIPHERTEXT, 0 40410 RETURN

8"

15110 PRINT "IF YOU WANT TO SEE"

50010 DATA 308D01EF, CC000009C

50020 DATA 74223130, 8C38BF01

50030 DATA 3E308C45, BF014030

15120 PRINT "THE INSTRUCTIONS AG

AIN,"

50050 DATA 8DBF0144, 308D00AC
                                            4\emptyset4\emptyset\emptyset \text{ PM} = \text{SB} + \text{I}
                                        50060 DATA BF014630,8D00D2BF
50070 DATA 0148308D,00E5BF01
50080 DATA 4ACC0040,BDB4F439
1513Ø PRINT
15140 PRINT "THEN YOU TYPE '@',
AND THIS WILL";
15150 PRINT "GET YOU A MENU OF C 50090 DATA 00000000,00003440
HOICES."
                                              50100 DATA AE8CF5EE,8CF4EC81
1516Ø PRINT
                                            50110 DATA EDC1AC8C, EF25F735
50120 DATA C08DB3ED, 8EFFD24F
1517Ø GOSUB 1382Ø
                                        50130 DATA 5849A786,301E8CFF
50140 DATA C624F439,8DB3ED10
50150 DATA 83000027,0D108300
1518Ø RETURN
15200 'INSTRUCTIONS LAST PAGE 5
1521Ø CLS
15220 PRINT "SUMMARY OF RESPONSE 50160 DATA 012721CC, 0000BDB4
```

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```
50170 DATA F439308D,0153AF8C
                                         270 '
50180 DATA B7308D01,18C641ED
                                         28Ø '
50190 DATA 815CAC8C, AB25F8CC
                                         29Ø '
50200 DATA 01A520E2.308D0139
                                         300 '
                                               SYNOPSIS OF VARIABLES:
                                        310 '
50210 DATA 8660C61A, A7805A26
50220 DATA FBCC01D9, 20D03420
                                         320 ' C$(6) LINES OF CRYPTOGRAM
50230 DATA BDB3ED1F,01318D00
                                         330 ' CL(6) LEN OF CRYPTG LINES
50240 DATA ECE684AE, 025C5A26
                                         340 ' NL # LINES IN CRYPTOGM
                                         35ø ' C
50250 DATA 0235A0A6,8080412B
                                                     SUBSCRIPT FOR
                                         360 '
50260 DATA F5811922.F1486CA6
                                                       CRYPTOGRAM LINES
50270 DATA 20EC0000,3460308D
                                         370 '
50280 DATA 00FFAF8C,F5318D00
                                         38Ø °
                                                     LINE OF TYPED OR
50290 DATA C43022AC,8CEC2502
                                         390 '
                                                       READ INPUT
50300 DATA 35E0ECA4, A1812408
                                        400 ' IL
                                                     LEN OF INPUT LINE
50310 DATA EE1EED1E, EFA4ECA4
                                        41Ø ' IK$
                                                     INKEY$ RESPONSE
                                         420 '
50320 DATA AC8CD725, EF312220
50330 DATA E0A68DFF, 3B8D6926
                                         430 '
                                              Х
                                                     HORIZONTAL SCR POS
                                         44Ø ' Y
                                                     VERTICAL SCREEN POS
50340 DATA ØE1F8930,8D00CAA6
                                         45Ø 'P
                                                     COMPUTED PRINTE POS
50350 DATA 8DFF2E8D,77A78539
50360 DATA 00000034,60BDB3ED
                                         460 2
                                         470 '
50370 DATA 1F02A68D, FF1A5F47
                                                     LOAD POINT FOR
50380 DATA 56475647,56030400
                                         480 '
                                                       MACH. LANG. SBRS
                                         490 '
50390 DATA 1F01E6A4, 10AE2233
                                                     LOCATION TO POKE
                                         500 '
50400 DATA 8820EF8C, DB338D00
                                                       INPUTS TO MACHINE
                                         510 '
50410 DATA 985CE78C, D56A8CD2
                                                       LANG. SUBROUTINES
50420 DATA 2716A6A0,8D222605
                                         520 '
                                                     MEMORY LOCATION OF
                                        53Ø '
50430 DATA E6C64C20,04C6608D
                                                       FREQUENCY TABLE
50440 DATA 33E78820,A78020E5
                                         54Ø '
                                                     END OF FREQ. TABLE
                                         55Ø '
50450 DATA 86602005, A78820A7
50460 DATA 80AC8CAC, 25F635E0
                                         56Ø 'L
                                                     LOAD POINT FOR ONE
50470 DATA 81412515,815A2204
                                         57Ø '
                                                       MACH. LANG. BYTE
                                         58Ø ' V
50480 DATA 8041200A,81612509
                                                     VALUE TO LOAD
                                         59Ø ' LG
50490 DATA 817A2205,80611A04
                                                     COUNTER FOR
                                        600 2
                                                       "LOADING... " MSG
50500 DATA 391CFB39,81202403
                                        610 '
50510 DATA 86603981,4024038B
50520 DATA 40398160,25068180
                                         62Ø 'F1
                                                     FIRST BYTE
5Ø53Ø DATA 24Ø28Ø6Ø,39
                                         630 '
                                                       EXTRACTED FROM
                                         640 '
50900 DATA END
                                                       FREQUENCY TABLE,
                                         65Ø '
                                                       THE COUNT
                                         66Ø '
                                                     SECOND BYTE, THE
                                         67Ø '
                                                       LETTER COUNTED
10 ' CRYPTANALYST'S ASSISTANT
                                         68Ø 3
    PROGRAM NOTES:
30 '
                                         69Ø '
                                                     FIRST CHAR OF
                                         700 '
40 2
                                                       SUBSTITUTION CMD.
60 "
                                         710 '
                                                       THE 'FROM' LETTER
         BILL WILLIAMS
                                        72Ø ' T$
7Ø '
                                                     SECOND CHAR OF
                                         73Ø '
                                                       SUBSTITUTION CMD,
         SAN FRANCISCO
                                         740 7
                                                       THE 'TO' LETTER
9Ø ?
         AUGUST, 1982
                                         75Ø '
100 '
                                         76Ø '
                                               ZZ
                                                     ONE TIME SWITCH FOR
110 '
                                         77Ø '
                                                       INSTRUCTIONS
200 ' THIS PROGRAM REQUIRES
                                         78Ø '
210 ' A 16K OR 32K COLOR
                                         79Ø '
22Ø ' COMPUTER.
                                         800 '
230 '
                                         810 ' MAJOR SUBROUTINES:
240 ' FOR A 16K MACHINE,
```

82Ø '

830 1

250 ' YOU MUST PCLEAR 1

260 ' BEFORE CLOADING.

1000 BEGINNING OF NEW

850			,
860	840 '	CRYPTOGRAM	1120 ' 10000 CHANGE OR DELETE
870 ' OPTION COMMAND 1150 ' 12000 ASK IF YOU NEED 880 ' 3000 DISPLAY OPTIONS 1160 ' INSTRUCTIONS 890 ' MENU 1170 ' 13100 DISPLAY PAGES 2 900 ' 4000 DISPLAY CIPHER 1180 ' OF INSTRUCTIO 910 ' DOUBLE SPACED, 1190 ' 13800 PRESS ENTER TO 920 ' WITH SUBSTITUTES 1200 ' CONTINUE 930 ' 5000 COMPUTE SCREEN POS 1210 ' 13900 PRESS ENTER WHE 940 ' FROM X AND Y 1220 ' READY TO BEGI 950 ' 6000 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1230 ' INSTRUCTIONS: 960 ' BASE ADDRESS 1240 ' 14200 PAGE 1 970 ' TO \$0400 1250 ' 14500 PAGE 2 980 ' 6100 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1260 ' 14800 PAGE 3 990 ' BASE ADDRESS 1260 ' 14800 PAGE 3 1900 ' TO \$0400 1280 ' 15000 PAGE 4 1000 ' TO \$0400 1280 ' 15200 PAGE 5 1010 ' 6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT 1290 ' 1300 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' TO \$600 * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * TO CIPHERTEXT *	85Ø *	2000 MAIN LOOP:	1130 'OLD LINES OF
88Ø ' 3ØØØ DISPLAY OPTIONS 116Ø ' INSTRUCTIONS 89Ø ' MENU 117Ø ' 131ØØ DISPLAY PAGES 2 90Ø ' 4ØØØ DISPLAY CIPHER 118Ø ' OF INSTRUCTIO 91Ø ' DOUBLE SPACED, 119Ø ' 138ØØ PRESS ENTER TO 92Ø ' WITH SUBSTITUTES 12ØØ ' CONTINUE 93Ø ' 5ØØØ COMPUTE SCREEN POS 121Ø ' 139ØØ PRESS ENTER WHE 94Ø ' FROM X AND Y 122Ø ' READY TO BEGI 95Ø ' 6ØØØ SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 123Ø ' INSTRUCTIONS: 96Ø ' BASE ADDRESS 124Ø ' 142ØØ PAGE 1 97Ø ' TO \$Ø4ØØ 125Ø ' 145ØØ PAGE 2 98Ø ' 61ØØ SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 125Ø ' 145ØØ PAGE 3 99Ø ' BASE ADDRESS 127Ø ' 15ØØØ PAGE 4 10ØØ ' TO \$Ø6ØØ 128Ø ' 152ØØ PAGE 5 101Ø ' 63ØØ SORT FREQ. COUNT 129Ø ' 163Ø SORT FREQ. COUNT 13ØØ ' 64ØØ DISPLAY FREQ. CNT 104Ø ' 69ØØ COPY VIDEO PAGE 105Ø ' * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 105Ø ' BØØØ ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTSUB * CRYPTANA * 109Ø ' 70 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA * 109Ø ' 70 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA * 109Ø ' TO CIPHERTEXT * *	860	SUBSTITUTION OR	1140 'CIPHER
890 ' MENU 1170 ' 13100 DISPLAY PAGES 2 900 ' 4000 DISPLAY CIPHER 1180 ' OF INSTRUCTIO 910 ' DOUBLE SPACED, 1190 ' 13800 PRESS ENTER TO 920 ' WITH SUBSTITUTES 1200 ' CONTINUE 930 ' 5000 COMPUTE SCREEN POS 1210 ' 13900 PRESS ENTER WHE 940 ' FROM X AND Y 1220 ' READY TO BEGI 950 ' 6000 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1230 ' INSTRUCTIONS: 960 ' BASE ADDRESS 1240 ' 14200 PAGE 1 970 ' TO \$0400 1250 ' 14500 PAGE 2 980 ' 6100 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1260 ' 14800 PAGE 3 970 ' BASE ADDRESS 1270 ' 15000 PAGE 4 1000 ' TO \$0600 1290 ' 15000 PAGE 5 1010 ' 6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT 1290 ' 1020 ' 6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT 1300 ' 1030 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT 1300 ' 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1 1050 ' (\$400-\$5FF) * 1060 ' TO \$600	87Ø ?	OPTION COMMAND	1150 ' 12000 ASK IF YOU NEED
900 ' 4000 DISPLAY CIPHER 1180 ' OF INSTRUCTIO 910 ' DOUBLE SPACED, 1190 ' 13800 PRESS ENTER TO 920 ' WITH SUBSTITUTES 1200 ' CONTINUE 930 ' 5000 COMPUTE SCREEN POS 1210 ' 13900 PRESS ENTER WHE 940 ' FROM X AND Y 1220 ' READY TO BEGI 950 ' 6000 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1230 ' INSTRUCTIONS: 960 ' BASE ADDRESS 1240 ' 14200 PAGE 1 970 ' TO \$0400 1250 ' 14500 PAGE 2 980 ' 6100 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1260 ' 14800 PAGE 3 990 ' BASE ADDRESS 1270 ' 15000 PAGE 4 1000 ' TO \$0600 1280 ' 15200 PAGE 5 1010 ' 6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT 1020 ' 6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT 1030 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' WAM CRYPTSUB ' TO \$600 WAKE CORRECTIONS ' THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 MAKE CORRECTIONS ' CRYPTANA ' 9000 MAKE CORRECTIONS ' TO CIPHERTEXT ' *	880 '	3000 DISPLAY OPTIONS	1160 ' INSTRUCTIONS
910 ' DOUBLE SPACED, 1190 ' 13800 PRESS ENTER TO 920 ' WITH SUBSTITUTES 1200 ' CONTINUE 930 ' 5000 COMPUTE SCREEN POS 1210 ' 13900 PRESS ENTER WHE 940 ' FROM X AND Y 1220 ' READY TO BEGI 950 ' 6000 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1230 ' INSTRUCTIONS: 960 ' BASE ADDRESS 1240 ' 14200 PAGE 1 970 ' TO \$0400 1250 ' 14500 PAGE 2 980 ' 6100 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1250 ' 14800 PAGE 3 990 ' BASE ADDRESS 1270 ' 15000 PAGE 4 1000 ' TO \$0400 1280 ' 15200 PAGE 5 1010 ' 6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT 1020 ' 6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT 1030 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * CRYPTANA	890 '	MENU	1170 ' 13100 DISPLAY PAGES 2-5
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930 ' 5000 COMPUTE SCREEN POS 1210 ' 13900 PRESS ENTER WHE 940 ' FROM X AND Y 1220 ' READY TO BEGI 950 ' 6000 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1230 ' INSTRUCTIONS: 960 ' BASE ADDRESS 1240 ' 14200 PAGE 1 70 \$0400 1250 ' 14500 PAGE 2 980 ' 6100 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1260 ' 14800 PAGE 3 990 ' BASE ADDRESS 1270 ' 15000 PAGE 4 1000 ' TO \$0600 1280 ' 15200 PAGE 5 1010 ' 6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT 1290 ' 1020 ' 6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT 1300 ' 1030 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT 1300 ' NAM CRYPTSUB 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA 1080 ' 9000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * 10900 ' TO CIPHERTEXT *	910 '	DOUBLE SPACED,	1190 ' 13800 PRESS ENTER TO
940 ' FROM X AND Y 1220 ' READY TO BEGI 950 ' 6000 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1230 ' INSTRUCTIONS: 960 ' BASE ADDRESS 1240 ' 14200 PAGE 1 970 ' TO \$0400 1250 ' 14500 PAGE 2 980 ' 6100 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1260 ' 14800 PAGE 3 970 ' BASE ADDRESS 1270 ' 15000 PAGE 4 1000 ' TO \$0600 1280 ' 15200 PAGE 5 1010 ' 6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT 1300 ' 6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT 1300 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT NAM CRYPTSUB 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA * CRYPTANA 1080 ' 9000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * TO CIPHERTEXT *	920 '	WITH SUBSTITUTES	1200 ' CONTINUE
950 ' 6000 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1230 ' INSTRUCTIONS: 960 ' BASE ADDRESS 1240 ' 14200 PAGE 1 970 ' TO \$0400 1250 ' 14500 PAGE 2 980 ' 6100 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1260 ' 14800 PAGE 3 990 ' BASE ADDRESS 1270 ' 15000 PAGE 4 1000 ' TO \$0600 1280 ' 15200 PAGE 5 1010 ' 6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT 1300 ' 6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT 1300 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT NAM CRYPTSUB 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA * CRYPTANA * CRYPTANA * CRYPTANA * TO CIPHERTEXT *	930 3	5000 COMPUTE SCREEN POS	1210 ' 13900 PRESS ENTER WHEN
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970 ' TO \$0400 1250 ' 14500 PAGE 2 980 ' 6100 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1260 ' 14800 PAGE 3 970 ' BASE ADDRESS 1270 ' 15000 PAGE 4 1000 ' TO \$0600 1280 ' 15200 PAGE 5 1010 ' 6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT 1290 ' 1020 ' 6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT 1300 ' 1030 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT NAM CRYPTSUB 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' (\$400-\$5FF) * 1060 ' TO \$600 * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA 1080 ' 9000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * 1090 ' TO CIPHERTEXT *	950 '	6000 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE	1230 ' INSTRUCTIONS:
980 ' 6100 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE 1260 ' 14800 PAGE 3 970 ' BASE ADDRESS 1270 ' 15000 PAGE 4 1000 ' TO \$0600 1280 ' 15200 PAGE 5 1010 ' 6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT 1270 ' 1020 ' 6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT 1300 ' 1030 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT NAM CRYPTSUB 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' (\$400-\$5FF) * 1060 ' TO \$600 * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA 1080 ' TO CIPHERTEXT *	960 '	BASE ADDRESS	1240 ' 14200 PAGE 1
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1000 ' TO \$0600 1280 ' 15200 PAGE 5 1010 ' 6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT 1290 ' 1020 ' 6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT 1300 ' 1030 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT NAM CRYPTSUB 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' (\$400-\$5FF) * 1060 ' TO \$600 * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA 1080 ' 7000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * 1090 ' TO CIPHERTEXT *	98Ø ?	6100 SWITCH VIDEO PAGE	1260 ' 14800 PAGE 3
1010 ' 6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT 1290 ' 1020 ' 6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT 1300 ' 1030 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT NAM CRYPTSUB 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' (\$400-\$5FF) * 1060 ' TO \$600 * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA 1080 ' 7000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * 1090 ' TO CIPHERTEXT *	990 3	BASE ADDRESS	1270 ' 15000 PAGE 4
1020 ' 6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT 1300 ' 1030 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT NAM CRYPTSUB 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' (\$400-\$5FF) * 1060 ' TO \$600 * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA 1080 ' 7000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * 1090 ' TO CIPHERTEXT *	1000 '	TO \$Ø6ØØ	128Ø ' 152ØØ PAGE 5
1030 ' 6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT NAM CRYPTSUB 1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' (\$400-\$5FF) * 1060 ' TO \$600 * THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED E 1070 ' 8000 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA 1080 ' 9000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * 1090 ' TO CIPHERTEXT *	1010 '	6200 TAKE FREQ. COUNT	1290 '
1040 ' 6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE 1050 ' (\$400-\$5FF) * 1060 ' TO \$600	1020 '	6300 SORT FREQ. COUNT	1300 '
1050 ' (\$400-\$5FF) * 1060 ' TO \$600	1030 '	6400 DISPLAY FREQ. CNT	NAM CRYPTSUB
1060 ' TO \$600	1040 '	6900 COPY VIDEO PAGE	
1070 ' 8000 ENTER CRYPTOGRAM * CRYPTANA 1080 ' 9000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * 1090 ' TO CIPHERTEXT *		(\$4ØØ-\$5FF)	*
1080 ' 9000 MAKE CORRECTIONS * 1090 ' TO CIPHERTEXT *		TO \$600	* THESE ROUTINES ARE CALLED BY
1090 ' TO CIPHERTEXT *			* CRYPTANA
			*
1100 2 OF 00 ANN NEW 17NEO			*
	1100 '	9500 ADD NEW LINES	* USRØ INITIALIZE
1110 ' TO CIPHER * SET UP OTHER USR CALLS	1110 '	TO CIPHER	* SET UP OTHER USR CALLS

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Search files by key words
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Which was the first magazine to show it's readers how to turn an inexpensive Color Computer into a high-quality 64K 6809 developement system?

Which magazine showed it's readers how to turn the Color Computer into a low cost business system using the Flex® operating system?

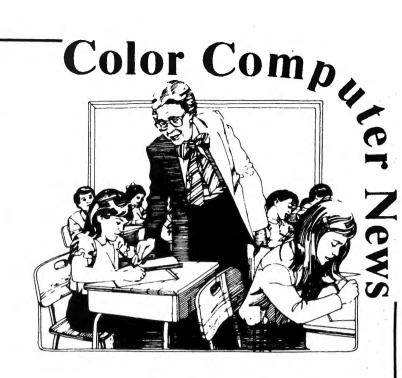
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```
* USRØ MOVE BLOCK OF BYTES
                            * USR1 SWITCH A/N VIDEO PAGE
                            * USR2 INIT TABLE
                                     Ø FREQUENCY COUNT TABLE
                                     1 SUBSTITUTION TABLE
                            * USR3 COUNT FREQUENCY (1 LINE)
                            * USR4 SORT FREQUENCY TABLE
                            * USR5 SAVE SUBSTITUTION
                            * USR6 DISPLAY CIPHER AND SUBS
0002 0074
                            MEMTOP EQU $74
                            SCREEN EQU $400
ØØØ3 Ø4ØØ
ØØØ4 B3ED
                        GETINT EQU $B3ED
ØØØ5 B4F4
                            RTNINT EQU $84F4
                            STRSP EQU $20
                                                        SPACE IN A STRING
ØØØ6 ØØ2Ø
                                                        SPACE ON SCREEN
0007 0060
                            SCRSP EQU $60
ØØØ8 Ø13E
                            USRØ EQU $Ø13E
                        USR1 EQU $Ø14Ø
0009 0140
                           USR2 EQU $Ø142
0010 0142
                          USR3 EQU #Ø144
0011 0144
                          USR4 EQU $Ø146
USR5 EQU $Ø148
0012 0146
0013 0148
                           USR6 EQU $014A
ØØ14 Ø14A
                            * INITIALIZE
ØØ15 Ø6ØØ
                            INIT
                                     LEAX ENDUSE, PCR MAKE SURE
0016 0600 308D01EF
ØØ17 Ø6Ø4 CCØØØØ
                                     LDD #Ø WE HAVE ROOM
                           CMPX MEMTOP IN MEMORY
BHI INIBAK FOR CRYPTSUB
LEAX <MOVBYT,PCR SET USRØ
STX USRØ ADDRESS
LEAX <SWTPAG,PCR SET USR1
STX USR1 ADDRESS
LEAX <INITAB,PCR SET USR2
STX USR2 ADDRESS
LEAX FRQCNT,PCR SET USR3
STX USR3 ADDRESS
LEAX FRQSRT,PCR SET USR4
STX USR4 ADDRESS
LEAX MAKSUB,PCR SET USR5
STX USR5 ADDRESS
LEAX DISPLY,PCR SET USR6
STX USR6 ADDRESS
                                   CMPX MEMTOP
ØØ18 Ø6Ø7 9C74
ØØ19 Ø6Ø9 2231
ØØ2Ø Ø6ØB 3Ø8C38
Ø021 Ø60E BFØ13E
Ø022 Ø611 308C45
0023 0614 BF0140
0024 0617 308C52
0025 061A BF0142
ØØ26 Ø61D 3Ø8DØØ8D
ØØ27 Ø621 BFØ144
ØØ28 Ø624 3Ø8DØØAC
ØØ29 Ø628 BFØ146
0030 062B 308D00D2
ØØ31 Ø62F BFØ148
ØØ32 Ø632 3Ø8DØØE5
ØØ33 Ø636 BFØ14A
                                    STX USR6 ADDRESS
ØØ34 Ø639 CCØØ4Ø
                                     LDD #PARMS-INIT RTN PARM
ØØ35 Ø63C BDB4F4
                           INIBAK JSR RTNINT ADDRESS
ØØ36 Ø63F 39
                                     RTS
0037 0640 00000000000 PARMS FDB 0,0,0
ØØ38 Ø64Ø
                            FROM
                                     EQU
                                           PARMS
```

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```
TO EQU PARMS+2
ØØ39 Ø642
0040 0644
                     MOVEND EQU PARMS+4
                     * MOVE BLOCK OF BYTES
0041 0646
                     MOVBYT
ØØ42 Ø646 344Ø
                           PSHS U
ØØ43 Ø648 AE8CF5
                           LDX FROM, PCR
                           LDU TO, PCR
ØØ44 Ø64B EE8CF4
ØØ45 Ø64E
                     A@
ØØ46 Ø64E EC81
                          LDD ,X++
ØØ47 Ø65Ø EDC1
                          STD ,U++
0048 0652 ACBCEF
                          CMPX MOVEND, PCR
ØØ49 Ø655 25F7
                          BLO A@
ØØ5Ø Ø657 35CØ
                           PULS U,PC
                     * SWITCH ALPHANUMERIC VIDEO PAGE
ØØ51 Ø659
                     SWTPAG
                    * USER BASIC ARG IS PAGE #
                     * PAGE # IS MEM ADDR / $100
ØØ52 Ø659 BDB3ED
                           JSR GETINT GET USER ARG
0053 065C BEFFD2
                           LDX #$FFD2
ØØ54 Ø65F
                     A@
ØØ55 Ø65F 4F
                          CLRA
ØØ56 Ø66Ø 58
                          ASLB
                         ROLA
STA A, X
ØØ57 Ø661 49
ØØ58 Ø662 A786
0058 0662 A786
0059 0664 301E
0060 0666 BCFFC6
                          LEAX -2,X
CMPX ##FFC6
ØØ61 Ø669 24F4
                          BHS A@
ØØ62 Ø66B 39
                           RTS
                    * INITIALIZE TABLE
ØØ63 Ø64Ø
ØØ64 Ø66C
                   FQEND1 EQU FROM
                   INITAB
ØØ65 Ø66C BDB3ED
                    CMPD #Ø
                           JSR GETINT GET USER ARG
ØØ66 Ø66F 1Ø83ØØØØ
                                          IS IT FREQ TAB?
ØØ67 Ø673 27ØD
                         BEQ INIFRQ
ØØ68 Ø675 1Ø83ØØØ1
                                        IS IT SUBST TAB?
                          CMPD #1
                         BEQ INISUB
ØØ69 Ø679 2721
ØØ7Ø Ø67B CCØØØØ
                          LDD #Ø
ØØ71 Ø67E
                     TABAK
ØØ72 Ø67E BDB4F4
                           JSR RTNINT
ØØ73 Ø681 39
                           RTS
ØØ74 Ø682
                     INIFRQ
ØØ75 Ø682 3Ø8DØ153
                           LEAX FRQEND, PCR
ØØ76 Ø686 AF8CB7
                           STX FQEND1,PCR
ØØ77 Ø689 3Ø8DØ118
                           LEAX FRQTAB, PCR
ØØ78 Ø68D C641
                           LDB #'A
ØØ79 Ø68F
                    A@
ØØ8Ø Ø68F ED81
ØØ81 Ø691 5C
                          STD , X++
                                          NEXT LETTER
                           INCB
ØØ82 Ø692 AC8CAB
                          CMPX FQEND1,PCR
ØØ83 Ø695 25F8
                          BLO A@
```

```
ØØ84 Ø697 CCØ1A5
                               LDD #FRQTAB-INIT
ØØ85 Ø69A 2ØE2
                              BRA TABAK
                        * INITIALIZE SUBSTITUTION TABLE
ØØ86 Ø69C
                       INISUB
ØØ87 Ø69C 3Ø8DØ139
                              LEAX SUBTAB, PCR
                              LDA #$6Ø SET ALL SUBS
ØØ88 Ø6AØ 866Ø
ØØ89 Ø6A2 C61A
                              LDB #26 TO BLANK
0090 06A4
                      AG
ØØ91 Ø6A4 A78Ø
                              STA , X+
0092 06A6 5A
0093 06A7 26FB
                              DECB
                              BNE A@
ØØ94 Ø6A9 CCØ1D9
                               LDD #SUBTAB-INIT
ØØ95 Ø6AC 2ØDØ
                               BRA TABAK
                       * TAKE FREQUENCY COUNT 1 LINE
ØØ96 Ø6AE
ØØ97 Ø6AE 342Ø
                       FRQCNT
                                PSHS Y
0078 06B0 BDB3ED
0079 06B3 1F01
0100 06B5 318D00EC
0101 06B7 E684
                              JSR GETINT GET STRING
TFR D, X VARPTR
                             LEAY FRQTAB, PCR
LDB , X GET STRING LEN
LDX 2, X GET STRING ADDR
Ø1Ø2 Ø6BB AEØ2
Ø1Ø3 Ø6BD 5C
                               INCB
                     A@
Ø1Ø4 Ø6BE
Ø1Ø5 Ø6BE 5A
                               DECB
Ø1Ø6 Ø6BF 26Ø2
                                BNE B@
Ø1Ø7 Ø6C1 35AØ
                               PULS Y, PC
Ø1Ø8 Ø6C3
                              LDA ,X+
SUBA #'A
Ø1Ø9 Ø6C3 A68Ø
                                               GET NEXT CHAR
Ø11Ø Ø6C5 8Ø41
                                                IS IT A-Z?
Ø111 Ø6C7 2BF5
Ø112 Ø6C9 8119
Ø113 Ø6CB 22F1
                              BMI A@
CMPA #25
                              BHI A@
ASLA
Ø114 Ø6CD 48
Ø115 Ø6CE 6CA6
                               INC A,Y
Ø116 Ø6DØ 2ØEC
                                BRA A@
                       * SORT FREQUENCY TABLE
Ø117 Ø6D2 ØØØØ
                       FQEND2 FDB Ø
Ø118 Ø6D4 FRQSRT
Ø119 Ø6D4 346Ø
Ø12Ø Ø6D6 3Ø8DØØFF
Ø121 Ø6DA AF8CF5
                                PSHS U.Y
                               LEAX FROEND, PCR
                              STX FQEND2, PCR
Ø122 Ø6DD 318DØØC4
                              LEAY FRQTAB, PCR
Ø123 Ø6E1
                        AG
Ø124 Ø6E1 3Ø22
                               LEAX 2,Y
Ø125 Ø6E3 ACBCEC
Ø126 Ø6E6 25Ø2
                                CMPX FQEND2, PCR
                               BLO Be
Ø127 Ø6E8 35EØ
                                PULS U, Y, PC
Ø128 Ø6EA
                      Be
Ø129 Ø6EA ECA4
                               LDD ,Y
Ø13Ø Ø6EC
                        CG
Ø131 Ø6EC A181
                                CMPA , X++
Ø132 Ø6EE 24Ø8
                                BHS De
```

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```
Ø133 Ø6FØ EE1E
Ø134 Ø6F2 ED1E
                                                                                                                                                                                          LDU -2.X
                                                                                                                                                                                          STD -2.X
       Ø135 Ø6F4 EFA4
                                                                                                                                                                                          STU ,Y
       Ø136 Ø6F6 ECA4
                                                                                                                                                                                  LDD Y
                                                                                                                                  D@ .
       Ø137 Ø6F8
      Ø138 Ø6F8 AC8CD7
                                                                                                                                                                              CMPX FQEND2, PCR
      Ø139 Ø6FB 25EF
                                                                                                                                                                                BLO C@
                                                                                                                                                                           LEAY 2, Y
      Ø14Ø Ø6FD 3122
      Ø141 Ø6FF 2ØEØ
                                                                                                                                                                                    BRA A@
   * STORE SUBSTITUTE

* STORE SUBSTITUTE

LET1 EQU PARMS

LET2 EQU PARMS+1

### MAKSUB

### 
                                                                                                                                              * MAKE A SUBSTITUTION
                                                                                                                                        * STORE SUBSTITUTE VALUE IN TABL
   * DISPLAY CIPHER (1 LINE),

* AND TRIAL PLAINTEXT (1 LINE).

SCRLIN EQU PARMS

LINEND FDB Ø

BYTCNT FCB Ø

DISPLY
      Ø154 Ø64Ø
     Ø155 Ø718 ØØØØ
## RORB
## SCREEN
## SCREEN
## D,X
## GET STRING LEN
## GET STRING LEN
## GET STRING ADDR
## SCREEN
## D,X
## GET STRING LEN
## GET STRING ADDR
## SCREEN
## D,X
## GET STRING LEN
## GET STRING ADDR
## GET STRING LEN
## GET STRING ADDR
## GET STRING ADDR
## GET STRING ADDR
## GET STRING ADDR
## GET STRING LEN
## GET STRING ADDR
##
                                                                                                                                   DSPLOO
       Ø178 Ø745
                                                                                                                                            DEC BYTCHT, PO
                                                                                                                                                                                         DEC BYTCHT, PCR
       Ø179 Ø745 6A8CD2
       Ø18Ø Ø748 2716
                                                                                                                                                                                LDA ,Y+
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     GET CHARACTER
       Ø181 Ø74A A6AØ
                                                                                                                                                                                         BSR TSTALF
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       IS IT A-Z?
       Ø182 Ø74C 8D22
```

Color Computer News Magna-zine Service.

This New Device Will Give You A Three Weeks Vacation!!!



Well actually, the "vacation" is from the tedium of hand typing the programs published in Color Computer News. Even if you are a fairly good typist (i.e. you use more than two fingers, and you don't have to look at the keyboard!) it would take you about twelve hours to type in most of the programs in an average Color Computer News issue — and then you have to de-bug the programs on top of that! Save your "finger energy" for scratching your head while you think great thoughts and leave the program typing to the CCN Magna-zine Service. We guarantee that our monthly program tapes will save even the fastest typist many hours of frustration!! Relief for your tired fingers is just a CLOAD away!

Each month, CCN Magna-zine subscribers receive a top quality digital cassette which contains about a half dozen programs from their favorite CC-80 magazine, Color Computer News. American and Canadian subscriptions are available for just \$42.00 (plus \$6.00 first class postage) for a full 12 issues and can start with any issue number you specify. Single issues are also available for the low price of just \$6.00 each plus \$1.00 postage. Subscription postage to all other countries is \$15.00 per year (sent via AO Air Mail). Overseas single issue postage is \$2.00 per tape. (Florida residents add \$.30 sales tax for single tape purchases *only*.)

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To start your own subscription to the **CCN Magna-zine**, just fill out the coupon (a photo copy or a plain piece of paper with the proper information is just fine!) and mail it to: **CCN Magna-zine Service**, Box 68, Safety Harbor, Florida 33572. Include your check (personal checks are OK) or money order and be sure to indicate which **Color Computer News** issue you want your subscription to begin with if it is anything other than the next as yet unpublished issue number.

You already *know* about the high quality programming articles that have set **Color Computer News** apart from all other computer magazines, therefore, you *also* know what to expect from our cassette tape version!!! So, don't delay any longer — send in for your own subscription today! Spend your time *computing*, *NOT typing!!!*

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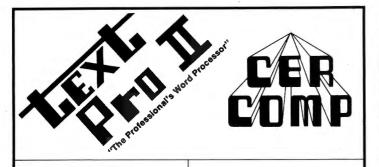
```
Ø183 Ø74E 26Ø5
                              BNF DSPNA
Ø184 Ø75Ø E6C6
                              LDB
                                   A, U
                                              GET SUBST CHAR
Ø185 Ø752 4C
                              INCA
                                              INVERSE VIDEO
Ø186 Ø753 2ØØ4
                              BRA
                                   DSPSTA
Ø187 Ø755
                      DSPNA
Ø188 Ø755 C66Ø
                              LDB #SCRSP
                                             BLANK CHAR
Ø189 Ø757 8D33
                              BSR CNVCOD
Ø19Ø Ø759
                      DSPSTA
Ø191 Ø759 E7882Ø
                              STB 32, X
Ø192 Ø75C A78Ø
                              STA
                                   , X+
Ø193 Ø75E 2ØE5
                              BRA DSPLOO
Ø194 Ø76Ø
                      DSPFIL
Ø195 Ø76Ø 866Ø
                             LDA #SCRSP
Ø196 Ø762 2ØØ5
                              BRA C@
Ø197 Ø764
                      Re
Ø198 Ø764 A7882Ø
                              STA 32, X
Ø199 Ø767 A78Ø
                             STA , X+
Ø2ØØ Ø769
                      CG
Ø2Ø1 Ø769 ACBCAC
                              CMPX LINEND, PCR
Ø2Ø2 Ø76C 25F6
                              BLO B@
Ø2Ø3 Ø76E 35EØ
                              PULS U, Y, PC
0204 0041
                      UPCASA EQU $41
Ø2Ø5 ØØ61
                      LOCASA EQU $61
                      * IF CHAR IN ACCA IS EITHER
                      * UPPER OR LOWER CASE ALPHA
                      * RETURN VALUE Ø-25 IN ACCA
                      * AND SET Z FLAG.
                      * IF CHAR IN ACCA IS NOT ALPHA
                      * THEN LEAVE ACCA UNCHANGED,
                     * AND RESET Z FLAG.
Ø2Ø6 Ø77Ø
                      TSTALF
Ø2Ø7 Ø77Ø 8141
                              CMPA #UPCASA
Ø2Ø8 Ø772 2515
                              BLO Z@
Ø2Ø9 Ø774 815A
                              CMPA #UPCASA+25
Ø21Ø Ø776 22Ø4
                              BHI B@
Ø211 Ø778 8Ø41
                              SUBA #UPCASA
Ø212 Ø77A 2ØØA
                              BRA Y@
Ø213 Ø77C
                      Be
Ø214 Ø77C 8161
                              CMPA #LOCASA
Ø215 Ø77E 25Ø9
                              BLO Ze
Ø216 Ø78Ø 817A
                              CMPA #LOCASA+25
Ø217 Ø782 22Ø5
                              BHI Z@
Ø218 Ø784 8Ø61
                              SUBA #LOCASA
Ø219 Ø786
                      Ye
Ø22Ø Ø786 1AØ4
                              ORCC #4
                                              SET Z FLAG
Ø221 Ø788 39
                              RTS
Ø222 Ø789
                      Ze
Ø223 Ø789 1CFB
                              ANDCC #$FB
                                              RESET Z FLAG
Ø224 Ø78B 39
                              RTS
                      * CONVERT CHAR IN ACCA FROM
                       * ASCII TO SCREEN.
Ø225 Ø78C
                      CNYCOD
                              CMPA #$2Ø
Ø226 Ø78C 812Ø
Ø227 Ø78E 24Ø3
                              BHS A@
```

LDA

Ø228 Ø79Ø 866Ø

#\$60

Ø229	Ø792	39		RTS	
Ø23Ø	Ø793		A@		
Ø231	Ø793	8140		CMPA	#\$40
Ø232	Ø795	2403		BHS	86
Ø233	Ø797	884Ø		ADDA	#\$40
Ø234	Ø799	39		RTS	
Ø235	Ø79A		B@		
Ø236	Ø79A	8160		CMPA	#\$6Ø
Ø237				BLO	Ze
Ø238				CMPA	#\$80
	Ø7AØ			BHS	
	Ø7A2				#\$60
Ø241			Z@		
0242		₹0		RTS	
DLTL	W/17	07			
6743	Ø7A5		ENDCOD	EQU	*
2270	D/13		*	LUU	•
MOAA	Ø7A5		FRQTAB	EQU	ENDCOD
Ø245			FROEND	EQU	FRQTAB+52
Ø246			SUBTAB	EØN	FROEND
Ø247			SUBEND	EQU	SUBTAB+26
Ø248	Ø7F3	^	ENDUSE	EGU	SUBEND
Ø249	Ø7A5			END	



TEXT PROCESSOR FEATURES

- Character Fill
- · Programmable Footer
- · Right Justify Line
- Multiple Footnotes
- . Three Indent Modes
- Three Programmable Headers
- Ten Programmable Tab Stops
- . Margin Justification Left and Right
- . Decimal Align, Center, Left and Right Justify On Tab Column
- . Display and Input From Keyboard
- Change Formatting During Processing

54K Text Buffer with 64K.

TEXT EDITOR FEATURES

- · Single Keystroke Edit Command
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- Fully Integrated Disk File Handler
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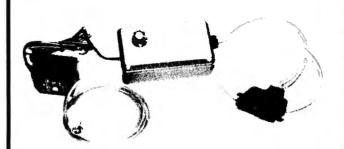
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POLTERGEIST From Radio Shack Cartridge \$34.95 16K and joysticks required

Poltergeist is a great arcade type game based on the 71 million dollar grossing movie of the same name. Unfortunately it doesn't appear in the RSC-8CC catalog or in the program catalog for the Color Computer, and therefore may be little known. The first place I saw it advertised was in Radio Shack's Pre-Christmas Sale flyer, about three weeks after I got the cartridge. At \$34.95 its well worth it. My friends and family have spent hours playing it.

In general the object of the game is to save Carrol Anne from the Poltergeist. To do so you must survive three levels of game play, with only 3 men, or lives, to do it in.

Level 1

"'Can you gather the things you need to rescue Carrol Anne?"

The screen displays the top view of a neighborhood of 62 houses, known as the Westhaven development. You (a little man)

appear in the upper left corner of the screen and must maneuver yourself around the streets and pick up the things you need to rescue Carrol Anne. The items you must collect are: a red ribbon, tennis balls, handkerchiefs, towels and a rope. These items appear as black rectangles in the red houses. To pick up the items you must go to the driveway of the house they appear in and press the joystick button. You will receive 15 points for each item you collect. After you have collected all five items you must go to the driveway of the house containing a flashing blue box and press the joystick button. The flashing box moves randomly to adjacent houses. To complicate things, the streets are traveled by cars. You must duck into driveways and hide around corners to escape their deadly clutches.

You have 30 time units to complete this level. Upon completion you will receive BONUS points. Bonus is awarded as follows: BONUS = time units left on clock times 10 times the number of men you have left.

If you run out of time or are hit by a car, you lose a man. If you have any men left you must return to this level again, and forfeit all

Poltergeist

items previously collected.

There are a couple of flaws with this level. One, sometimes you don't have to be in a driveway to collect an item. Two, if you hold the fire button down, no cars will come out. These are minor flaws and do not adversely affect game play.

Level 2

"Can You Get Past The Stairs?

The screen now displays a twelve step staircase with you appearing as two feet at the bottom. You must climb all the way to the top step without hitting any obstacles or letting the Poltergeist get you. Each step has an obstacle on it, either a block or a face. which moves randomly back and forth. The Poltergeist starts at the top of the stairs and can travel in any direction, but is delayed when it runs into any of the obstacles. With some tricky maneuvering you can lure it into a group of obstacles and then make a mad dash to the top and receive BONUS points as in level 1, then its off to level 3! If you die, the screen goes black and your feet spiral into the darkness, and you lose a man. If you have any men left you will return to level 1.

I might add, upon entering this level it is a good idea to have your joystick pulled back so that you don't accidentally walk forward right into an obstacle.

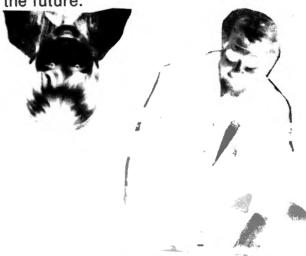
Level 3

"Can You Help Carrol Anne Escape?"

You are now in an energy field and the screen displays multicolored lines shooting past you from the distance. You control a "+" on the screen which acts as your site. Ghostly figures will come towards you one at a time and if its a Poltergeist you must shoot it by lining it up with your site and pressing the joystick button. If however it is Carrol Anne you must wait for her to disappear. You get 15 points for each Poltergeist you kill and you must kill eight to complete the level. which isn't easy. Each figure moves toward you faster than the last and you have less time to decide what to do. If you shoot Carrol Anne, miss a Poltergeist or run out of time. you lose a man and if you have any men left, its again back to level 1. If you complete this level you get a special BONUS, 60 time units 56 CCN Feb '83

are added to the time left on the clock and then bonus points are awarded as in the previous levels. The message "This house is clean!" will appear, and the game is over.

The graphics, sound and game theme add up to make a spectacular game. In fact this is my favorite game cartridge available so far and I hope its an example of the kind of game software we can expect from Radio Shack in the future.



COLOR COMPUTER WEEKLY



CAN YOU AFFORD \$1 A WEEK? The CCW Newsletter will give you this if you can:

- An issue loaded with program listings of all sorts (for just a buck a week—unbelievable)!
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- Mailed out to you first class every week!
 (At last a reason to live from week to week)!
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Telewriter-64 the Color Computer Word Processor

- 3 display formats: 51/64/85 columns × 24 lines
- **■** True lower case characters
- User-friendly full-screen editor
- Right justification
- **■** Easy hyphenation
- Drives any printer
- Embedded format and control codes
- Runs in 16K, 32K, or 64K
- Menu-driven disk and cassette I/O
- No hardware modifications required

THE ORIGINAL

Simply stated, Telewriter is the most powerful word processor you can buy for the TRS-80 Color Computer. The original Telewriter has received rave reviews in every major Color Computer and TRS-80 magazine, as well as enthusiastic praise from thousands of satisfied owners. And rightly so.

The standard Color Computer display of 32 characters by 16 lines without lower case is simply inadequate for serious word processing. The checkerboard letters and tiny lines give you no feel for how your writing looks or reads. Telewriter gives the Color Computer a 51 column by 24 line screen display with true lower case characters. So a Telewriter screen looks like a printed page, with a good chunk of text on screen at one time. In fact, more on screen text than you'd get with Apple II, Atari, TI, Vic or TRS-80 Model III.

On top of that, the sophisticated Telewriter full-screen editor is so simple to use, it makes writing fun. With single-letter mnemonic commands, and menu-driven I/O and formatting, Telewriter surpasses all others for user friendliness and pure power.

Telewriter's chain printing feature means that the size of your text is never limited by the amount of memory you have, and Telewriter's advanced cassette handler gives you a powerful word processor without the major additional cost of a disk.

...one of the best programs for the Color Computer I have seen...

- Color Computer News, Jan. 1982

TELEWRITER-64

But now we've added more power to Telewriter. Not just bells and whistles, but major features that give you total control over your writing. We call this new supercharged version Telewriter-64. For two reasons.

64K COMPATIBLE

Telewriter-64 runs fully in any Color Computer — 16K, 32K, or 64K, with or without Extended Basic, with disk or cassette or both. It automatically configures itself to take optimum advantage of all available memory. That means that when you upgrade your memory, the Telewriter-64 text buffer grows accordingly. In a 64K cassette based system, for example, you get about 40K of memory to store text. So you don't need disk or FLEX to put all your 64K to work immediately.

64 COLUMNS (AND 85!)

Besides the original 51 column screen, Telewriter-64 now gives you 2 additional highdensity displays: 64 × 24 and 85 × 24!! Both high density modes provide all the standard Telewriter editing capabilities, and you can switch instantly to any of the 3 formats with a single control key command.

The 51×24 display is clear and crisp on the screen. The two high density modes are more crowded and less easily readable, but they are perfect for showing you the exact layout of your printed page, all on the screen at one time. Compare this with cumbersome "windows" that show you only fragments at a time and don't even allow editing.

RIGHT JUSTIFICATION & HYPHENATION

One outstanding advantage of the full-width screen display is that you can now set the screen width to match the width of your printed page, so that "what you see is what you get." This makes exact alignment of columns possible and it makes hyphenation simple.

Since short lines are the reason for the large spaces often found in standard right justified text, and since hyphenation is the most effective way to eliminate short lines, Telewriter-64 can now promise you some of the best looking right justification you can get on the Color Computer.

FEATURES & SPECIFICATIONS:

Printing and formatting: Drives any printer (LPVII/VIII, DMP-100/200, Epson, Okidata, Centronics, NEC, C. Itoh, Smith-Corona, Terminet, etc).

Embedded control codes give full dynamic access to intelligent printer features like: underlining, subscript, superscript, variable font and type size, dot-graphics, etc.

Dynamic (embedded) format controls for: top, bottom, and left margins; line length, lines per page, line spacing, new page, change page numbering, conditional new page, enable/disable justification.

Menu-driven control of these parameters, as well as: pause at page bottom, page numbering, baud rate (so you can run your printer at top speed), and Epson font. "Typewriter" feature sends typed lines directly to your printer, and Direct mode sends control codes right from the keyboard. Special Epson driver simplifies use with MX-80.

Supports single and multi-line headers and automatic centering. Print or save all or any section of the text buffer. Chain print any number of files from cassette or disk.

File and I/O Features: ASCII format files — create and edit BASIC, Assembly, Pascal, and C programs, Smart Terminal files (for uploading or downloading), even text files from other word processors. Compatible with spelling checkers (like Spell 'n Fix).

Cassette verify command for sure saves. Cassette autoretry means you type a load command only once no matter where you are in the tape.

Read in, save, partial save, and append files with disk and/or cassette. For disk: print directory with free space to screen or printer, kill and rename files, set default drive. Easily customized to the number of drives in the system.

Editing features: Fast, full-screen editor with wordwrap, block copy, block move, block delete, line delete, global search and replace (or delete), wild card search, fast auto-repeat cursor, fast scrolling, cursor up, down, right, left, begin line, end line, top of text, bottom of text; page forward, page backward, align text, tabs, choice of buff or green background, complete error protection, line counter, word counter, space left, current file name, default drive in effect, set line length on screen.

Insert or delete text anywhere on the screen without changing "modes." This fast "free-form" editor provides maximum ease of use. Everything you do appears immediately on the screen in front of you. Commands require only a single key or a single key plus CLEAR.

...truly a state of the art word processor...
outstanding in every respect.
— The RAINBOW, Jan. 1982

PROFESSIONAL WORD PROCESSING

You can no longer afford to be without the power and efficiency word processing brings to everything you write. The TRS-80 Color Computer is the lowest priced micro with the capability for serious word processing. And only Telewriter-64 fully unleashes that capability.

Telewriter-64 costs \$49.95 on cassette, \$59.95 on disk, and comes complete with over 70 pages of well-written documentation. (The step-by-step tutorial will have your writing with Telewriter-64 in a matter of minutes.)

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USING GRAPHICS WITH THE MICROWORKS ASSEMBLER



If you've purchased the Micro Works Assembler (SDS80C), you've got a very efficient system for writing 6809 code. While developing your program, all of the following are in the Color Computer at once: an editor program, an assembler, a monitor, your source program, and your object code.

You can enter a program, assemble it, then return to the editor, and repeat the process until the code is debugged. You are not required to use the cassette anywhere in the debugging process, but you will usually want to save your source before testing to protect against a bug in your program destroying the text buffer.

The SDS80C design puts everything that can be in ROM, and uses RAM efficiently by not storing unnecessary blanks. I can fit about 700 program statements into a 16K machine, and that's with reserving 3K for graphics. To use graphics, you've got to find a place for the graphics page. It's possible to protect high memory from the assembler by changing the stack pointer and putting it there (see p.34 of the SDS80C Owner's Manual). But it's easier to just leave the video window where it will be on entering 58 CCN Feb '83 58

your program, which is at \$400.

This means that there will not be separate text and graphics screens, as under BASIC, but they will both start at \$400. The text screen ends at \$5FF, but a graphics screen will be longer. A screen for PMODE 1 will occupy \$400 to \$FFF. Since the editor normally puts your source code at \$610, we'll have to change this before typing in text, or loading it from tape.

Enter "=" to go to the monitor. Then enter "M0000" to view memory location 0. Refer to p.24 of the Owner's Manual for an explanation of these fields. Change the "06100610" to "10101010", then enter "to return to the editor. The text buffer now starts at \$1010, so \$400 thru \$FFF can be used for graphics memory.

After I figured this out, I cheerfully proceeded to write programs using graphics. I put in the SWI (software interrupt) instruction, as explained on p.23, but when the program reached the SWI, I didn't see the familiar display of registers. My program was interrrupted, and the monitor was entered, but I was still in graphics mode! This means you must return to text mode in

AARDVARK

TRS-80 COLOR

OSI

VIC-64

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TIMEX

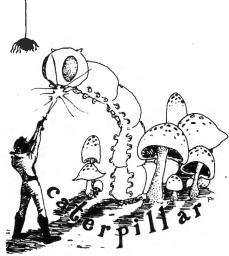


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These Adventures are written in BASIC, are full featured, fast action, full plotted adventures that take 30-50 hours to play. (Adventures are interactive fantasies. It's like reading a book except that you are the main character as you give the computer commands like "Look in the Coffin" and "Light the torch.")

Adventures require 16k on TRS80, TRS80 color, and Sinclair. They require 8k on OSI and 13k on Vic-20. Derelict takes 12k on OSI. \$14.95 each.



CATERPILLAR

O.K., the Caterpillar does look a lot like a Centipede. We have spiders, falling fleas, monsters traipsing across the screen, poison mushrooms, and a lot of other familiar stuff. COLOR 80 requires 16k and Joysticks. This is Edson's best game to date. \$19.95 for TRS 80 COLOR.

PROGRAMMERS!

SEE YOUR PROGRAM IN THIS SPACE!! Aardvark traditionally pays the highest commissions in the industry and gives programs the widest possible coverage. Quality is the keyword. If your program is good and you want it presented by the best, send it to Aardvark.

ESCAPE FROM MARS

(by Rodger Olsen)
This ADVENTURE takes place on the RED PLANET. You'll have to explore a Martian city and deal with possibly hostile aliens to survive this one. A good first adventure.

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DERELICT

(by Rodger Olsen & Bob Anderson) New winner in the toughest adventure from Aardvark sweepstakes. This one takes place on an alien ship that has been deserted for a thousand years - and is still dangerous!

TUBE FRENZY (by Dave Edson)

This is an almost indescribably fast action arcade game. It has fast action, an all new concept in play, simple rules, and 63 levels of difficulty. All machine code, requires Joysticks. Another great game by Dave Edson, TRS 80 COLOR ONLY, 16k and Joysticks required, \$19.95.



CATCH'EM

(by Dave Edson)

One of our simplest, fastest, funnest, all machine code arcade games, Raindrops and an incredibe variety of other things come falling down on your head. Use the Joysticks to Catch'em. It's a BALL! - and a flying saucerl - and a Flying YI- and so on. TRS 80 COLOR. \$19.95.

BASIC THAT ZOOOMMS!! AT LAST AN AFFORDABLE COMPILER!

The compiler allows you to write your programs in easy BASIC and then automatically generates a machine code equivalent that runs 50 to 150 times faster.

It does have some limitations. It takes at least 8k of RAM to run the compiler and it does only support a subset of BASIC-about 20 commands including FOR, NEXT, END, GOSUB, GOTO, IF, THEN, RETURN, END, PRINT, STOP, USR (X), PEEK, POKE, *, /, +, -, >, < ,=, VARIABLE NAMES A-Z, SUBSCRIPTED VARIABLES, and INTEGER NUMBERS FORM 0-64K.

TINY COMPILER is written in BASIC. It generates native, relocatable 6502 or 6809 code. It comes with a 20-page manual and can be modified or augmented by the user. \$24.95 on tape or disk for OSI, TRS-80

Color, or VIC.

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Assembler Graphics

your program, before you use an SWI.

The sample program shows how to get into and out of graphics, how use SWI while in graphics mode, and how to use the info in "COMMENT CORNER". The April, '82 issue explained that the routine to draw a line is at \$94A1 in the Extended ROM. This program sets PMODE 1, clears the screen, draws a line with the coordinates in LINTBL each time a key is pressed, then again waits for a key to be pressed. If it's BREAK, the program ends, otherwise, it clears the screen and draws the lines again. It's not a useful program by itself, it just demonstrates how to use graphics. (Note: Make the ORG statement, line 2, a comment before using "").

To use the breakpoint (SWI) feature, insert "JSR SWI" instead of just "SWI". The program will then save the registers on the stack, reset to text mode, restore the registers and enter the monitor. You will be able to see all the register, except the

program counter, then do anything you would normally do with the monitor (examine memory, etc.) Enter "G" to return to your program. The program will then resume graphics mode, and return to the statement following the "JSR SWI".

With this set-up, you will see part of the graphics screen has been clobbered. If this is not acceptable, start your graphics screen at \$600, and adjust the start of the editor's text buffer accordingly. This is accomplished by storing ''12101210'' at memory location 0. Then load the program and change statement 12 to ''SCSTRT EQU \$0600'' and add ''STA \$FFC7'' after line 67. Now there are separate graphics and text screens, as in COLOR BASIC, but this costs another 512 bytes of memory.

You now have the basics for developing fast action graphics games in 6809 code. Write some game programs and liberate COLOR COMPUTER owners from slow BASIC games.

CC GRAPHICS DISASSEMBLER AND ARCADE GAME EDITOR

Use up and down arrows to scan through memory and display data tables as a band of graphic pictures. Right and left arrows change byte scan width to frame graphics. Use two horizontal cursor lines to block in desired graphic program then returns:

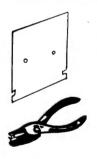
- Data table beginning address
- Data table ending address
- Byte width of picture data

Learn ML programming by seeing how your professional games are written. Takes the mystery out of ML animation techniques. Change graphics by modfying small blocks of data. Put a hat on Pac Man, give Orville some teeth, or change your Space Invaders to Cowboy and Indian Raiders. You'll have fun learning. Know where the graphic data tables are. Ideal complement to a MNEMONICS disassembler. Eliminate garbage mnemonics resulting from false code disassembly of data. Tutorial explains how to use \$19.95

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MACRO-80C

The Micro Works is pleased to announce the release of its disk-based editor, macro assembler and monitor, written for Color Computer by Andy Phelps. THIS IS IT — The ultimate programming tool!

The powerful 2-pass macro assembler features conditional assembly, local labels, include files and cross referenced symbol tables. MacRo-80c supports the complete Motorola 6809 instruction set in standard source format. There are no changes, constraints or shortcuts in the source language definition. Incorporating all of the features of our Rompack-based assembler (SDS80C), MacRo-80c contains many more useful instructions and pseudo-ops which aid the programmer and add power and flexibility.

The screen-oriented text editor is designed for efficient and easy editing of assembly language programs. The "Help Key" feature makes it simple and fun to learn to use the editor. As the editor requires no line numbers, you can use the arrow keys to position the cursor anywhere in the file. MACRO-80c allows global changes and moving/copying blocks of text. You can edit lines of assembly source which are longer than 32 characters.

DCBUG is a machine language monitor which allows examining and altering of memory, setting break points, etc.

The editor, assembler and monitor — as well as sample programs — come on one Radio Shack compatible disk. Extensive documentation included. MACRO-80c **Price: \$99.95**

YOU NEED COLOR FORTH!!

Why?

•Forth is faster to program in than Basic

Forth is easier to learn than Assembly Language
 Forth executes in less time than Basic

Forth is a highly interactive language like Basic, with structure like Pascal and execution speed close to that of Assembly Language. The Micro Works Color Forth is a Rompack containing everything you need to run Forth on your Color Computer.

Color Forth consists of the standard FORTH Interest Group (FIG) implementation of the language plus most of FORTH-79. It has a super screen editor with split screen display. Mass storage is on cassette. Color Forth also contains a decompiler and other aids for learning the inner workings of this fascinating language. It will run on 4K, 16K, and 32K computers. Color Forth contains 10K of ROM, leaving *your* RAM for *your* programs! There are simple words to effectively use the Hi-Res Color Computer graphics, joysticks, and sound. The 112-page manual includes a glossary of the system-specific words, a full standard FIG glossary and complete source listing. COLOR FORTH . . . THE BEST! From the leader in Forth, Talbot Microsystems. **Price: \$109.95**

SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM

The Micro Works Software Development System (SDS80C) is a complete 6809 editor, assembler and monitor package contained in one Color Computer program pack! Vastly superior to RAM-based assemblers/editors, the SDS80C is non-volatile, meaning that if your application program bombs, it can't destroy your editor/assembler. Plus it leaves almost all of 16K or 32K RAM free for your program. Since all three programs, editor, assembler and monitor are co-resident, we eliminate tedious program loading when going back and forth from editing to assembly and debugging!

The powerful screen-oriented Editor features finds, changes, moves, copys and much more. All keys have convenient auto repeat (typamatic), and since no line numbers are required, the full width of the screen may be used to generate well commented code.

The Assembler features **all** of the following: complete 6809 instruction set, conditional assembly; local labels; assembly to cassette tape or to memory; listing to screen or printer; and mnemonic error codes instead of numbers.

The versatile monitor is tailored for debugging programs generated by the Assembler and Editor. It features examine/change of memory or registers, cassette load and save, breakpoints and more. SDS80C Price: \$89.95

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PARALLEL PRINTER INTERFACE — Serial to parallel converter allows use of all standard parallel printers. PI80C plugs into the serial output port, leaving your Rompack slot free. You supply the printer cable. PI80C Price: \$69.95

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Star Blaster — Blast your way through an asteroid field in this action-packed Hi-Res graphics game. Available in ROMPACK; requires 16K. Price: \$39.95

Pac Attack — Try your hand at this challenging game by Computerware, with fantastic graphics, sound and action! Cassette requires 16K. Price: \$24.95

Berserk — Have fun zapping robots with this Hi-Res game by Mark Data Products. Cassette requires 16K. Price: \$24.95

Adventure — Black Sanctum and Calixto Island by Mark Data Products. Each cassette requires 16K. Price: \$19.95 each.

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Also Available: Machine Language Monitor ★ 2-Pass Disassembler ★ Memory Upgrade Kits ★ We Stock 64K Chips ★ Parts and Services ★ Books ★ Call or write for information





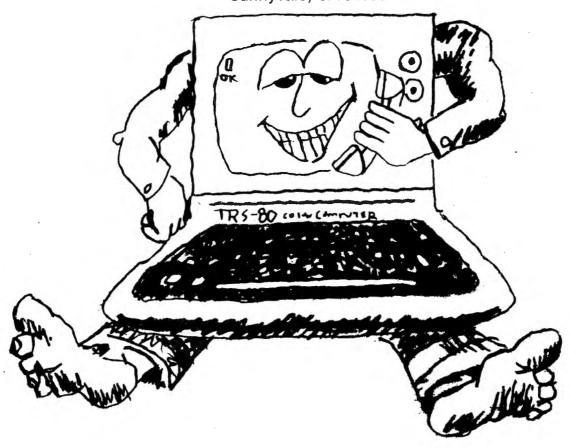
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SO WHAT'S A BBS?

By Shawn Jipp 555 E. El Camino Real #409 Sunnyvale, CA 94086



A BBS by definition means a 'Bulletin Board System'. A computer BBS, then, is a means whereby computer hobbyists may items advertise for sale, exchange information and knowledge, leave electronic mail for one another, post announcements, and more, all via the miracle of Ma Bell, a modem, some communication software, and of course your good old computer and/or terminal. The best thing about all this is that accessing a BBS only costs you the amount of the phone call!

There are many different types of computer bulletin boards out there, each with their own unique personality. Some may specialize in certain topics such as general aviation, genealogy, or even limericks. Others may cater to one type of computer. Some of the more common BBS names are: Connection-80, Comnet-80, Bullet-80, Forum-80, PMS, Conference-Tree, ABBS, CBBS, Living BBS and several others that are less common. There are even some that use CoCo's and other 6809 systems!

Most bulletin boards are written in BASIC 62 CCN Feb '83

with an assembly language driver handling the I/O through the modem, although some may be written entirely in assembly language.

The standard BBS computer systems include a modem with some sort of auto-answer capability, two to four floppy disk drives (some are lucky enough to have a hard disk drive!), and of course, the computer, which can be anything from a TRS-80 Color Computer to an IBM mainframe.

A BBS is provided as a free service to you, the user, since electricity, diskettes, extra telephone lines, printer paper, and one's time all cost money, the 'SYSOP' (System Operator), of the BBS may sell software and/or hardware through his board to help finance his hobby. This can prove to be excellent source of computer products.

The hours of operation of a BBS may range from 24 hours each day for 365 days each year to just a few hours or so, whenever the SYSOP feels like putting his system "ONLINE". Most however, are online 24

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POLARIS — You are under the ocean in a submarine, attacking planes and enemy destroyers dropping depth charges attempting to destroy your sub. Can you destroy them before they destroy you? This is an extremely fast action machine language program with high resolution graphics. Only \$14.95



SUPER ZAP — Enemy spaceships are attacking from all sides and your mission, should you choose to accept it, is to defend your starbase from the deadly Armada of Pyruss. This will be a dangerous mission since the Pryuss Armada has never been defeated by any humanoid. Action increases as the game progresses. Only \$1495.

BUSINESS PROGRAMS

INVENTORY CONTROL — This program contains all the necessary features required for all types of inventories, such as sorting of inventory by stock number. This program will list stock number, description, amount in stock, cost, wholesale, profits. Minimum 16K disk required. Only \$39°5.

PROPERTY INVENTORY FOR YOUR BUSINESS — This program lists inventory by department, date purchased, property numbers. Gives line list of inventory to your line printer, also this program has the ability to add and delete items. Minimum 16K disk required. Only \$29°5.

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE — This program inputs outgoing accounts (name, address, city, state), expenditure payed and balance owed. You can also list one account or all accounts to the printer. Minimum 16K disk required. Only \$29%.

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE — This program inputs incoming accounts (name, address, city, state), capital received, credit limit, date of last payment and lists one or all accounts to the printer. You can also insert or delete accounts. Minimum 16K disk required. Only \$29°5.

BOWLING SCORED FOR DOLLARS — Do your leagues bowling averages. This program will keep individual scores, team totals, individual averages, team standings, and print all this information to your line printer. Minimum 16K disk required. Only \$1495.

ALL GAME PROGRAMS — require 16K extended and joysticks (prices are set for cassette, add \$400 for disk).

PROGRAMMERS!!! — K & K pays the highest royalties for your programs. If your program is good, send it to K & K and receive the best possible coverage!

TRS-80 Color Computer Users — This is only a small listing of what we have to offer. New programs are added each week. Send \$1.00 for our complete catalog.





What's a BBS?

hours every day. The hours of operation are usually listed somewhere on the BBS itself.

To access a BBS you will need a modem, computer and/or terminal, telephone, and some sort of communications software.

The word modem is an abbreviation of "Modulator - Demodulator". This is a device that converts the binary electrical signals from the computer into audio signals that are then sent over the telephone lines. Several different types are available and the price range varies from \$89 to over \$700. A direct connect modem has a cord that plugs directly into the phone companies modular jack, whereas an "acoustically coupled" modem requires one to place the standard telephone's headset into two rubber "cups" on the modem itself. One of these cups is a speaker, the other a microphone. I suggest that you purchase the direct-connect type as acoustically coupled ones tend to be somewhat more sensitive to room noise and are more clumsy to use.

If you are going to be using an acoustically coupled modem then you will need a standard, old-fashioned telephone. If you plan to use a direct-connect type then you will need a modular jack (consult the phone company if you don't have one already).

As for communications software, there are two major types: "dumb" or "intelligent". An example of a dumb type is Radio Shack's very own videotext. Videotext allows you to communicate with a host computer or BBS. and then after 'logging off', to scroll thru the memory buffer to re-read everything that was displayed during the call. An intelligent program on the other hand, allows you not only to do the above, but also to dump the buffer to a printer after logoff; automatically upload or download basic programs; save programs in the buffer to either disk or cassette; send pre-entered messages to the host computer; save selected portions of the buffer; and more. Very versatile indeed! An example of an intelligent communications program for the Color Computer is Eigen System's Colorcom/E. personally recommend paying a few dollars more and buying an intelligent one. Color Computer Communication programs range in price from \$29 to \$99.

When you get all the 'goodies' together 64 CCN Feb '83

you will want to try calling a BBS yourself. To call a BBS, simply load in your communications software, dial the proper telephone number, and after your modem detects the distant modem's 'carrier' frequency (CR LIGHT ON), hit the ENTER key a couple of time. After asking for your name, the BBS will then prompt you, displaying menus of what your options are from time-to-time. If you should get lost, try the 'H', '?', or 'HELP' commands. If you don't have a BBS number to call, then you may call mine at (408)-SEE-6809 any time of the day. It is running on a 64K Color Computer with two drives.

After a short time you will be an 'old pro' at bulletin board usage. Don't forget to have fun and......Happy Hacking!

CCN TIP

To PCLEAR 0 type POKE 25,6:NEW

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CASSETTE BOX LABELS

By Richard L. Scales 550 Sommers Avenue Wabash, IN 46992



Recently, I saw a program that produces label inserts for cassette boxes. It caught my eye because I am constantly aware of how messy (ugly) my box labels are. Let's face it, I just cannot print legibly. Unfortunately the labeling program was for another computer and the printing routines only vaguely resembled something I recognized. Consequently, I sat down and wrote my own program for the Color Computer and Line Printer VII.

It soon became apparent that there could be two concepts as to what is "right side up". This caused me to write two versions so you can take your pick. Choose the one you like best. Listing 1 (see Figure 1), produces a label insert for those of you who store boxes vertically. It permits you to lift the box to see if a particular program is on the tape. Listing 2, (see Figure 2) produces an insert for those of you who store cassette boxes horizontally (flat). You can pull the box out as you would open a drawer and read the program names.

The two programs are the same except for

the lines being rearranged. Therefore I will discuss Listing 1 and refer to those line numbers. Comments will apply to both (except for the line numbers).

Program Listing 1:

Line 40; The spaces after the quote are merely to make a more attractive screen display.

Lines 50-70; The assumption is that your printer is set for 10 characters per inch. If you don't have 10 c.p.i, adjust for your printer. Also adjust Lines 160-200.

Lines 80-90; All those PRINTs are for screen appearance. Two lines are used so the GOTO statement in Line 130 will send you to Line 90, instead of 80. Either will work.

Line 100; Spaces are for screen appearance. Line 110; LINE INPUT was chosen to permit using punctuation when typing the label. If you do not have Extended Basic, change to INPUT, but you won't be able to use commas, etc. The spaces are for appearance (centering on screen) AND to force the cursor down to the next line so your typing

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Cassette Box Labels

will not wrap-around.

Lines 120-140; This routine limits length to 20 characters and centers the copy. CHR\$(31) sets the printer to 5 characters per inch. If you don't have the LPVII, change this to the appropriate value.

Line 150; Note the ";:" after L\$. The ";" suppresses a line feed to maintain proper print-out spacing. The CHR\$(30) returns the LPVII to 10 characters per inch. Again, check your Printer Manual if you have a different printer. In the interest of brevity, the programs lack some routines you may feel are needed. As written, you MUST have your printer connected and ON before typing RUN. You can add the following lines if you

45 PRINT: PRINT" PRINTER MUST BE ON AND READY"

46 PRINT: PRINT" (PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE)"

47 X\$ = INKEY\$:IF X\$ = "" THEN 47

The programs do not provide for printing individual program names. You simply write them down as you store them on the tape. My intent was to improve the appearance of stored boxes. I can live with my awful printing as long as others don't normally see it.

STUDENTS...your NOW. homework assignment is to write a routine (for program 1) that permits printing the individual program names (SIDE A and SIDE B) on the box label. Send your listing to me:

> **Dick Scales** 550 Sommers Avenue Wabash, IN 46992

DO NOT send me tapes or disks...just LLISTings. I will review your work and send the one(s) I like best to this magazine in the hopes that they will print it (them) in a future

The author of the winning entry may be rewarded with the knowledge that his/her name appeared in print. If you want your LLISTing back or wish me to comment, enclose a SASE.

ARE YOU READY?...YOU CAN DO IT!...GO FOR IT!

HINT: You may find it easier to print Side B program BELOW rather than beside Side A programs.

66 CCN Feb '83

```
10 CLS 'FOR BOXES STORED VERTICA
LLY
20 PRINT@196, "CASSETTE BOX LABEL
 MAKER": FORZ=1 TO 900: NEXTZ
30 CLS:PRINT@193, "THIS PROGRAM M
AKES INSERTS FOR"
4Ø PRINT"
                YOUR CASSETTE BOX
ES"
5Ø PRINT#-2, STRING$ (4Ø, "."); "CUT
60 FOR X=1 TO 5:PRINT#-2,"!"; TAB
(39);"!":NEXT X
7Ø PRINT#-2,STRING$(40,"."); "FOL
80 CLS:PRINT:PRINT
9Ø PRINT:PRINT
100 PRINT"
                 ENTER LABEL NAM
E"
110 LINE INPUT"
                     (MAXIMUM 2Ø
SPACES):
                   ":L$
120 N=LEN(L$)
130 IF N>20 THEN PRINT:PRINT"
TOO LONG!":GOTO 9Ø
140 T=INT((20-N)/2):PRINT#-2,CHR
150 PRINT#-2, TAB(T); L$; : PRINT#-2
, CHR$ (3Ø)
16Ø PRINT#-2, STRING$ (4Ø, "."); "FO
170 PRINT#-2,"!"; TAB(7); "SIDE A"
; TAB(25); "SIDE B"; TAB(39); "!"
18Ø PRINT#-2,"!";TAB(7);"----"
; TAB(25); "----"; TAB(39); "!"
190 FOR Z=1 TO 13:PRINT#-2,"!";T
AB (39) ; "!": NEXTZ
200 PRINT#-2, STRING$ (40, "."); "CU
21Ø CLS:PRINT@166, "DO AGAIN?
 OR N) "
220 X$=INKEY$:IF X$="" THEN 220
230 IF X$="Y" THEN 10 ELSE END
```



Cassette Box Labels

```
10 CLS'FOR BOXES STORED FLAT
20 PRINT@196."CASSETTE BOX LABEL
 MAKER":FOR Z=1 TO 900:NEXTZ
30 CL8:PRINT@193."THIS PROGRAM M
AKES INSERTS FOR"
4Ø PRINT"
               YOUR CASSETTE BOX
ES"
50 PRINT#-2,STRING$(40,".");"CUT
60 PRINT #-2,"!"; TAB(7); "SIDE A"
;TAB(25); "SIDE B"; TAB(39); "!"
70 PRINT#-2,"!"; TAB(7);"----";
TAB(25);"----";TAB(39);"!"
8Ø FOR Z=1 TO 13:PRINT#-2,"!";TA
B(39);"!":NEXTZ
90 PRINT#-2,STRING$(40,".");"FOL
D"
100 CLS:PRINT:PRINT
110 PRINT: PRINT
12Ø PRINT"
                 ENTER LABEL NAM
13Ø LINE INPUT"
                     (MAXIMUM 2Ø
SPACES)
                 ";L$
14Ø N=LEN(L$)
150 IF N>20 THEN PRINT: PRINT"
TOO LONG!": GOTO 110
160 T=INT((20-N)/2):PRINT#-2,CHR
$(31)
```

```
17Ø PRINT#-2, TAB(T); L$;: PRINT#-2, CHR$(3Ø)
18Ø PRINT#-2, STRING$(4Ø, "."); "FOLD"
19Ø FORX=1 TO 5: PRINT#-2, "!"; TAB(39); "!": NEXT X
20Ø PRINT#-2, STRING$(4Ø, "."); "CUT"
21Ø CLS: PRINT@166, "DO AGAIN? (YOR N)"
22Ø X$=INKEY$: IF X$=""THEN 22Ø
23Ø IF X$="Y"THEN 3Ø ELSE END

SIDE A SIDE B

SAMPLE FOLD

CUT

CUT
```



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MISSION: EMPIRE!

NOW FOR 16K Does NOT require Extended BASIC

Some of the cute is gone, but none of the excitement and playability which made "The RAINBOW" say about the 32K version that "We recommend MISSION:EMPIRE!"

MISSION: EMPIRE!

for disk or cassette \$19.95

A strategic wargame/strategy game. Starting with one planet, incomplete intelligence and limited resources, you must conquer the rest of your galaxy. The game takes 2-5 hours and is DIFFERENT EVERY TIME! All versions offer the option of saving a game in progress.

Specify 32K disk, 32K cassette or 16K version - the 32K versions require Extended BASIC, the 16K version does not. The disk version is normally shipped on a cassette with instructions for transferring to disk. If you want the program shipped on a disk add \$3.00.

Send check, money order or Mastercard/Visa number (including expiration date and SIGN order). Price includes shipping. PA residents include 6% sales tax.

*All programs require Color Computer_{TM} (Tandy Corp.) or TDP System 100 Computer_{TM} (RCA Corp.).

64K Korner



Dateline: Syracuse New York, December 22,

1982

Time: Midnight Place: Den

Subject: Desperate attempt to write 64K

Korner for February 1983

I called Bill Sias earlier today to find out how much time I had for the deadline for the February issue. He told me that he was hoping that my column was coming in todays mail. When I asked when I absolutely, positively had to have it to him I received all of one extra day. So that is why I'm burning the midnight oil, trying to put this together. I have to send it by overnight mail tomorrow. Oh well, another rush job.

Did you realize that this column started one year ago this month? Time sure flies doesn't it? By the way Kent Myers is the unknown author in last months column, sorry

Kent, for not giving you credit.
In the January issue of "Micro

In the January issue of "Microcomputing" on page 80 of an article for the TI99/4a is a benchmark between the TI and Atari computers. They also listed the times for TSC BASIC, here they are. Atari 10.8 seconds, TI console 17.7 seconds, TI extended 12.5 seconds, TI latest vs 9.9 seconds and TSC BASIC 3.2 seconds. Horray for the 6809 and TSC. By the way the TI 68 CCN Feb '83

machine is a 16 bitter, an old design 16 bit but a 16 bit just the same. The Atari is a 6502.

Things have been really hopping at the lab. It seems that the \$299 sale on the CoCo along with the Christmas buying spree has really spurred sales of Color Computers and the resultant new owners have been calling for software to run on their new computers. After over 5 years of listening to Z-80 and 6502 users brag about how great their machines are, it sure is nice to have everybody jumping on the 6809 bandwagon. Now they all know why we had 6809's while they were running their rather slow, antiquated computers.

That reminds me. Today I received a call from a fellow, like many calls I've received in the past along this very line. It seems that this guy wanted to buy CoCo's for his school and he had opposition from other teachers that were pushing Apples. He wanted to get some help in convincing his opponents that the CoCo with a 6809 was a better computer than the Apple. As happens in cases like these the other fellows were sold on the Apple, and didn't want to listen to what he had to say.

This is one very hard nut to crack. Apple has been doing one heck of a job selling their computer. The fact that it is based on old



Arcade Action & Adventure

For The TRS-80 Color Computer



repeuetaetion: a place in the public esteem or regard: a good name.

The Program Store, one of the original software companies of the '70s, began to develop its solid reputation for selection and service right from the start. Today, it offers the largest selection of software in America, and backs every piece of inventory with the trusted Program Store name.

Voyager I

From Avalon Hill

You're on board a spaceship infested with killer robots in this graphic science fiction game. You must clear the 4-level 144-location ship of robots and arm it to self-destruct. Can you do it and escape before you, too, are blown up? High-speed graphics are represented in 3-D perspective representing your eye's view; with instant switching to floor plan maps. Extended BASIC required.

16K Tape, \$19.95



VC

From Avalon Hill Can you change history? You command the South Vietnam army; the computer controls the Viet Cong (VC) and North Vietnamese Army. Can you win the hearts and minds of the people, and destroy the VC units in your province? Challenging operational level combat game with hi res graphics

16K Tape, 0 \$19.95 SHOOTOUT AT THE OK GA

This exciting new game requires fast arcade response and well-thought-out strategy. Thirty allen warships have entered your Patrol Zone-can you handle your defense? Are your shields up? Have you checked your energy level? Is your azimuth set? OK then...Good

16K Tape, \$19.95

Death Planet: The Dog Star **Adventure**

By Lance Micklus from Adventure International The beautiful Princess Leya has been captured by the evil General Doom. Can you save her, and the Royal Treasury, from Doom and his army? Extended BASIC required.

16K Tape. \$19.95

Avenger

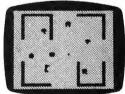
From Cornsoft Pest control in space is not easy! Your Pesticraft is armed with laser and pesticide bombs to vaporize the almost-endless wave of pests. Watch for the AVENGER that tries to stop you. And the birdsfilled with attacking droids. Get an extra Pesticraft for each 10,000 points. Requires 2 joysticks.

16K Tape, \$19.95

Kraft Computer Joystick

Developed specifically for game control, cursor control and graphics applications, the Kraft Joystick is quick, easy and convenient to use. With two axis control; choice of "free-floating" or "spring center return" mode, plus pushbutton switch, conveniently placed for left thumb operation.

Save \$10.00 \$64.95



Robot Battle

From Spectral Associates

Can you dodge the never-ending horde of robots while avoiding the fatal touch of the Android? Realistic voices and 16 skill levels provide a tremendous arcade type challenge. Does not require Extended BASIC; joysticks.

16K Tape, \$21.95

Monkey Kong New!

From Med Systems

Exciting arcade action with delightful animated graphics. You'll need all your speed, skill and manual dexterity for this one! With increasing levels of difficulty, so you won't get bored. For 1 or 2 players, or 2-player split control.

16K Tape, \$24.95

Color Havwire

From Mark Data Products Hostile robots await you in a series of dangerous rooms. As you fire your laser gun to destroy the robots, be sure not to touch the walls or any objects you find-they are all electrified! Don't relax for a moment...the Indestructible Menace is lurking somewhere, ready to demolish everything in his path

. and he cannot be destroyed. Fast-paced 1 or 2 player game with great colors and sound. Requires joystick for each player.

16K Tape, \$24.95

Ghost Gobbler

From Spectral Associates

In this new and exciting version of the popular arcade game, use your joysticks to move your Ghost Gobbler through the maze, eating dots and power pills to score points. 8 bonus shapes, super sound, and 16 skill levels. Extended BASIC not required; joysticks.



By Ken Kalish from Med Systems.

You are the Phantom Slayer, assigned to enter the deadly Catacombs and destroy the mutant Phan-You're armed with a laser pistol and proximity detector, but be careful—the Phantoms' touch is fatal! Real-time machine language game with hi-res 3-D graphics and sound. Multiple skill levels; extended BASIC not required.

16K Tape, \$19.95



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64K Korner

technology, runs 3 times slower, and costs several times more than the CoCo doesn't seem to get through to proponents of the Apple.

The only thing I can suggest to say to people like that is this. "If you want to spend three times as much money to buy a computer based on obsolete technology, that runs three times slower, and is harder to program and upgrade, then I have some swampland in Florida I think you may be interested in." What else can you do! Those commercials can brainwash them if they don't watch out and it's impossible to talk someone out of something once they have made their mind up. The only thing you can do is plant a seed of doubt. Maybe they will take off the rose colored glasses and compare the two computers. Most people like this just want you to agree with them, they don't want their applecart upset (pun intended).

I would like to see everyone buy a CoCo, and it's not just for business reasons. The real reason is I'm getting tired of hearing the same old story from people who bought Apples, VICs, TIs and others. They all say the same thing, "Why didn't you tell me what the CoCo could do, I wouldn't have bought this piece of junk". Well what can I say, sooner or later they all come around. Lets hope it's sooner.

NEW COCO PRICE

By now the word should be out that RS has announced the 64K CoCo at the list price of \$549.00. That includes extended Basic too. The 16K regular Basic CoCo will stay at the \$299.95 sale price. Computer Plus is selling them at \$420.00 and \$249. Now that's value for you. Computer Plus had the drive 0 Disk Systems on sale for \$385 in December and if that's still in effect that means that you can get a 64K CoCo with FLEX and Disk system for about \$900 from them. By the way they are dealers for FHL FLEX, as is LEVEL IV. That price is all the more interesting when you stop to think that RS was selling the 32K CoCo for \$750 just a short while ago, and that didn't include the disk system! I guess the pressure from competition got them on the ball. Horray for RS.

TO Radio Shack from FHL

Several people have asked if Radio Shack paid us for using our modification to access 70 CCN Feb '83

the 64K in the CoCo in the new 64K Color Computers. Well the answer is no they didn't and as a matter of fact they didn't even ask. But that's OK with us. I hereby give Radio Shack the rights to use our modification in their 64K Color Computers absolutely free of charge.

NEW 64K SOFTWARE
From SPECTRUM PRODUCTS
64K DISK UTILITY PACKAGE \$21.95 on
Disk.

In response to this column, Bob Rosen from Spectrum Products, 9315 86 Drive, Woodhaven, NY 11421, (212) 441-2807, sent me a copy of their new disk utility package. I haven't had time with the Christmas rush to do little more than give it a quick once over but read on, here is one of those, "Why didn't I think of that" kind of things.

The package consists of three programs, the first of which is the important one. With the ''40K'' program your CoCo can have 40K of user RAM instead of 32K! How about that! What it does is to relocate the 8K Basic that resides from &H8000 to &H9FFF up above Disk Basic to the &HE000 area. After performing a moverom it then moves the lower 8K to &HE000 and modifies whatever vectors needed and your up and running with 40K. A ?MEM returns 31015 instead of the usual 22823. Of course you need 64K for this to work but it does seem to work very nicely.

The other two programs are a software print spooler that uses the upper 32K RAM as a buffer. I didn't run this but it sounds like it should work fine. This would be better than a Disk spooler because of time saved by not having to write things to disk first, and not having to modify existing program. A PRINT #-2 sends it thru the spooler so programs will run as usual.

The last program is a utility to copy ROM packs, and although it doesn't say, I assume that it runs the ROM pack in RAM after switching to 64K. This should work for any ROM packs that don't have protection (self modifying code that crashes RAM versions). Many of RS ROM packs don't have protection.

Well it's getting close to 2AM and we have a Christmas party at the office that I have to be prepared for. So until next month this is a very tired Frank Hogg signing off.

JUMBLY

By Mick Murray 9730 W. Richard Franklin Park, IL. 60131



Anyone who has played the popular syndicated game "Jumble" is already familiar with this game. The rules are simple: unscramble the scrambled word in as few tries as possible! There is no time limit involved, but the computer does keep track of attempts at reconstructing the word. One main advantage of this program is the fact that you can rearrange the scrambled letters any fashion, and have that arrangement displayed each time automatically. The computer uses the "Inkey" function to check each letter pressed and ignores characters which are not part of the word, while replacing the character location in the original jumbled word the a "-". This aids the player in keeping track of where he is.

One or more players can use this program. The first thing the computer prompts for is whether you want one of the internal data based words, or wish to input your own. Any word between two and eighteen letters are accepted when inputted manually. If the internal data based words are chosen, you are then prompted to input a difficulty level

(from 1 (easiest) to 5 (most difficult)). The computer then will randomly select a word from the data set, check the number of characters and compare this to the difficulty level. If not the requested difficulty level, it will again randomly select another word, and continue this until a word of the proper length is found. This method will allow non-repeatability for the single player who, say, always chooses the same difficulty level.

Once the word is chosen, either data based or manually, the jumbled word then appears on the screen and the player is asked to make his guess. To avoid a quiet and static screen during the wait for input 'moving character' sequence is run along the bottom of the screen, accompanied by a soft 'tick tock' effect. It is enough of a subroutine to keep the game interesting during the players thinking process, yet subtle enough to not disturb the player while he is reviewing the jumbled word.

Two options are always open to a player; he may at any time choose to "give up" and type a "?" for the correct word, and he may also type a "* " to automatically get a new

Jumbly

word of the same difficulty level. The latter choice was installed into the program in the event that the player recognizes the jumbled word as one he has already played, and wishes a new one.

"Play" and "Sound" routines are used extensively in this program, from each "Inkey" function to "win music". This gives

some extra variety in the game.

If the player wishes to delete existing words and input his own in the data file, the program allows for modification. The two important factors in modifying existing words are 1) the player must know exactly how many words he has in the data set, and, 2) he will probably want to include some words from each degree of difficulty. The "RND(N)" command just before the data set is the reason the player must know how many words he has in the data set. The computer will, as stated earlier, randomly select a word by reading, from 1 to RND(N), ("N" being the total number of words in the data set), and using the last word read as the one to be tested for degree of difficulty.

The computer will automatically count the data based words and give the total number of words in each of the five difficulty levels simply by inserting a ' (or REM) as the first statement in line 140. It reads all the words and tallies the data until a "123" is encountered. Therefore, make sure the last word in the last data statement is "123". If the player puts in all new words and finds for example, he has only one or two level 5 words (using the above method), he may then concentrate soley on inputting a few extra level 5 words! Needless to say keep tabs on available memory while inputting new words; if you run out of memory, chances are you'll lose all you've got!

```
10 '****** 'JUMBLY' ********

15 '

16 '

17 '

20 ' COPYRIGHT 1982, M.L.MURRAY

22 ' 9730 W. RICHARD ST.

24 ' FRANKLIN PARK, ILL. 60131

26 '

30 'A WORD GAME FOR ONE OR MORE PLAYERS!!

40 '

50 '
```

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```
60 'FOR 16K EXTENDED-BASIC
    TRS-80 COLOR COMPUTER!
70 "
8Ø '
85 'INSERT A --> ' <-- AT THE
    BEGINNING OF LINE 140 TO GET
    A TALLY OF TOTAL DATA WORDS!
86 '
87 X$="?*?*?*?*?*?*?*?*?*?*?
*?*?*?*<sup>1</sup>
90 CLS:PRINT @128, X$
100 XX$="******* JUMBLY! ***
101 PRINT @224, XX$: PRINT @320, X$
112 PRINT @482," MAY, 1982, MICK
L. MURRAY"
120 FOR T=1 TO 900:NEXT
13Ø DIM A$(18):DIM C$(18):DIM R$
    (18):DIM D$(18):DIM J(18)
14Ø GOTO 18Ø 'SEE LINE 85!!!!!!
142 CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT"
# OF LEVEL 1 WORDS ="; D1:PRINT"#
 OF LEVEL 2 WORDS ="; D2:PRINT"#
OF LEVEL 3 WORDS =";D3:PRINT"# 0
F LEVEL 4 WORDS ="; D4:PRINT"# OF
 LEVEL 5 WORDS ="; D5: PRINT: PRINT
"TOTAL WORDS ="; D1+D2+D3+D4+D5
150 READ A$: N=N+1: PRINT N; " ";
    A$; " "; "="; LEN (A$); "LETTERS"
160 FOR T=1 TO 50:NEXT
161 LL=LEN(A$)
162 IF LL<=4 THEN D1=D1+1
163 IF LL=5 OR LL=6 THEN D2=D2+1
164 IF LL=7 OR LL=8 THEN D3=D3+1
165 IF LL=9 OR LL=10 THEN D4=D4+
166 IF LL>=11 THEN D5=D5+1
17Ø GOTO 142
18Ø CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT" THIS
IS A WORD JUMBLE GAME!":PRINT
190 PRINT "1.) IF YOU GET STUCK
THEN TYPE
               A '?' FOR THE COR
RECT WORD. ": PRINT
200 PRINT"2.) TYPE A '*' FOR A N
           FROM THE SAME DIFFICU
EW WORD
LTY LEVEL.":PRINT
21Ø PRINT STRING$(32, "*"): INPUT"
WOULD YOU LIKE ONE OF MY WORDS
(C) OR DO YOU HAVE ONE OF YOUR
OWN (0)";C1$
22Ø IF C1$<>"O" AND C1$<>"C"
    THEN 21Ø
23Ø IF C1$="C" THEN GOSUB 1010
24Ø CLS:PRINT:PRINT XX$:PRINT:PR
INT
245 DD=3
```

Jumbly

```
25Ø INPUT"YOUR WORD PLEASE"; A$
260 CLS:PRINT:PRINT
27Ø C$="":D$=""
28Ø FOR X=1 TO 18:J(X)=Ø:NEXT
29Ø P=1
300 NT=0
310 L=LEN(A$)
320 '
330 '** START SEQUENTIAL WORDING
34Ø FOR N=1 TO L
35Ø C$(N)=MID$(A$,N,1)
36Ø NEXT N
370 '*** START THE JUMBLING ***
38Ø SOUND 24Ø,1:FOR T=1 TO 1Ø:
   NEXT: SOUND 240,1
39Ø X=RND(L)
400 IF J(X)=1 THEN 390
410 J(X) = 1
42Ø D$=D$+C$(X)
43Ø IF LEN(D$) < LEN(A$) THEN 39Ø
44Ø IF D$=A$ THEN 27Ø
450 OW$=D$ 'ORIGINAL JUMBLE !!
46Ø PRINT @192, "====>
47Ø PRINT @198, D$
48Ø '*** END OF JUMBLING ***
49Ø PRINT @198, D$
500 PRINT @130, "NOW, MAKE YOUR G
UESS: "
51Ø PRINT @256, "--->"
520 PRINT@262,R$:PRINT@198,D$ 960 FOR N=1 TO 10:SOUND 1,1:NEXT
53Ø T = INKEY =
54Ø IF T$="?" THEN 146Ø
55Ø IF T$<>"*" THEN 62Ø
552 CLS:PRINT @226, "SEARCHING FO
R A NEW WORD ... "
560 FOR V=30 TO 5 STEP -8
57Ø V$="V"+STR$(V)+";"
574 O=RND(5):O$="O"+STR$(0)+";"
580 M$=V$+O$+"T55ABCDEFGGGGGFEDC
BA"
590 PLAY M$
600 NEXT V
61Ø GOTO,1Ø4Ø
62Ø IF T$="" THEN 53Ø
64Ø FOR N=1 TO L
65Ø IF T$=MID$(D$,N,1) THEN 69Ø
66Ø NEXT N
67Ø IF LEN(R$)=L THEN 64Ø
68Ø GOTO 53Ø
690 R$=R$+T$:PRINT @262,R$
700 MID$(D$,N,1)="*"
71Ø PRINT@198, D$
72Ø IF LEN(R$) < L THEN 53Ø
73Ø D$=R$:R$=""
740 IF D$=A$ THEN 800
75Ø FORT=1TO3:NEXT
76Ø D=RND(2):R1=RND(5)+7:R2=R1-4
```

```
:R3=R1-7:RS$="0"+STR$(0)+";"
        +STR$(R1)+";"+STR$(R2)+";"+
        STR$ (R3): PLAY"T5; 01; V25; "+RS
770 NT=NT+1 'NT=NUMBER OF TRIALS
   78Ø PRINT @323,"YOU HAVE TRIED ";NT;"TIMES.. GOOD LUCK!!"
   79Ø GOTO 5ØØ
  800 '
   81Ø PRINT @415," HOORAY FOR YOU!
  !! YOU HAVE WON THIS MATCH AFTE
  R ONLY"; NT+1; "TRIES!!!"
 815 'WIN MUSIC...
  82Ø FOR N=1 TO 2Ø
  83Ø IF RND(8)<>4 THEN 88Ø
  84Ø X=RND(255):Y=RND(7)
  850 FOR Z=1 TO Y
  860 SOUND X.1
 870 NEXT Z
880 SOUND RND(255),1
 890 NEXT N
900 FOR N=1 TO 255 STEP RND(10)+
15
910 SOUND N,1
920 NEXT N
  93Ø FOR N=1 TO 10:SOUND 248,1:
        NEXT N
94Ø FOR N=255 TO Ø STEP -2Ø
  950 SOUND N,1:NEXT N
 970 FOR T=1 TO 300:NEXT T
  98Ø INPUT" MAYBE YOU WOULD LIKE
TO TRY AGAIN?(Y OR N)";YN$
990 IF YN$="Y" THEN CLS: PRINT:P
RINT"GOOD! HAVE FUN WITH THIS NE
XT ONE...":FOR T=1 TO 500:NEXT
   T: IF C1$="C" THEN 1020 ELSE 230
  1000 PRINT:PRINT"THAT'S OK. A LO
   T OF PEOPLE GET HEADACHES FROM
   PLAYING ME! WELL, SEE 'YA!!": END
   1010 CLS
  1020 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT" WHICH LE
  VEL DO YOU PREFER: PICK FROM
   1 (EASIEST) TO 5 (MOSTDIFFICULT
 ):":INPUT DD:DD=INT(DD)
  1030 IF DD<1 OR DD>5 THEN PRINT"
  THE DEGREE OF DIFFICULTY MUST
  BE BETWEEN 1 AND 5!! SORRY, BUT
  YOU MUST GO BY MY RULES!": GOTO 1
  Ø2Ø
  1040 IF DD=1 THEN LO=1:HI=4
  1050 IF DD=2 THEN LO=5:HI=6
 1060 IF DD=3 THEN LO=7:HI=8
1070 IF DD=4 THEN LO=9:HI=10
 1080 IF DD=5 THEN LO=11:HI=18
1082 PRINT:PRINT"SEARCHING FOR A
```

Jumbly

```
LEVEL "DD"WORD..."
1090 RW=RND(331)
1100 FOR F=1 TO RW: READ A$: NEXTF
1110 RESTORE
1120 SOUND240, 1: FORT=1T010: NEXTT
     SOUND240.1
1130 L=LEN(A$)
1140 IF L<LO OR L>HI THEN 1090
1144 PRINT:PRINT"
                    I GOT ONE!!!"
1150 FORS=1 TO 5:SOUND 200,1:NEX
116Ø GOTO 26Ø
1170 '
118Ø '
1190 '
1200 '
1210 'LINES 1260 TO 1450 ARE
      USED AS DATA STATEMENTS
      FOR THE COMPUTER WORDS!!
      USE LINE 140 FOR A FULL
      COUNT OF HOW MANY TOTAL
      WORDS! THE 'RND' FUNCTION
      IN LINE 1090 IS BASED UPON
      THIS TOTAL-WORD COUNT!
1220 '
1230 '
1240 '
1250 '
1260 DATA BEARD, SING, CLOTHING, DR
UM, SWEATER, WARNING, CROWN, KING, QU
EEN, ALPHABETICAL, SEQUENTIAL, GOLD
, OFFERING
1270 DATA CHICKEN, AMERICA, NOMAD,
ADDRE, INFANT, CONSTIPATION, BLOUSE
, ZEBRA, SCHEDULE, GREY, YELLOW, PURP
LE, TROUSERS, LADLE, GIMMICK, COOKIE
128Ø DATA MUSIC, ORGAN, DRUM, LIGHT
ING, LIGHTNING, STORMY, WEATHER, NIG
HT, SATELLITE, ORBIT, MOUSTACHE, HAI
RDO, HOSE, TUBING, BEER, WINE, BOOZE,
TACO, HAMBURGER, PORK, PARENTHESIS,
NUMERICAL
1290 DATA MUGGY, COLD, WARM, FREEZI
NG, HOT, RAINING, PAINING, VILLAGE, R
IDE, ANIMALS, PICNIC, BASKET, TOMORR
OW, ANGELIC, POLICE, OFFICER, MOUTH,
BISINESS, NUISANCE
1300 DATA OVERCOAT, COFFEE, AIRPOR
T, HORRIBLE, OVERDOSE, MONKEY, ALLIG
ATOR, WATER, GORGEOUS, EYEBROWS, GLA
SSES, AUTOMOBILE, INTERESTING, SURG
EON, GENERAL, CIGARETTE, PIPE, PILE,
PLUSH
1310 DATA OSCILLOSCOPE, COMPUTERI
ZATION, SPONGE, BIOLOGICAL, HYDRAUL
IC, MOTOR, COLOR, FINGER, TONGUE, TOW
```

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```
EL, TELEVISION, SATURDAY, MICROPHON
E, MICROSCOPE, EMPLOYMENT
1320 DATA FLOWER, TULIP, ENGROSSIN
G, DELUSION, CHILDREN, BUGGY, VIAL, M
ARRIAGE, SOMEDAY, SORRY, UGLY, TROUS
ERS, WORLD, DROOP, VANTAGE, ASHTRAY,
BLUE, BALLOON, WITHOUT
1330 DATA BRONZE, EMERALD, DIAMOND
, EARRINGS, DANDELION, CRABGRASS, LO
BSTER, CASSETTE, VIDEO, AUDIO, PHYSI
CAL, STEREO, INFANT, DIAPER, CARTON,
ELASTIC, KICK, BITE, CHEW, CRAYON, AL
MUNIMU
1340 DATA CHAIN, AMAZING, THEATER,
DIALOUGE, EXPLAINATION, VOODOO, GHO
STS, DIRECTOR, ASSISTANT, DESIGNER,
COORDINATION, FURNITURE, FURNISHED
1350 DATA RIVER, OCEAN, BEND, SWEAT
, THOUSAND, MILLION, BILLION, TRILLI
ON, TRUCK, CAT, HI, SWIMMING, POOL, TR
IPLE, PROTECTION, CORROSION, COMPAN
1360 PROTECTION, INCREDIBLE, AWARD
, WINNING, FARM, GIRL, EXCITEMENT, CE
NTURY, PICTURE, MOVIE, RUNNING, RACE
R, BUSH, TREE, HOVER, STEER, AMPHIBIA
N, HINGE, LEAVES
137Ø DATA NECKLACE, RADIO, RATIO, W
HEEL, TEETH, PACIFIER, DIRTY, THERMO
STAT, MOUNTAINS, BEAR, ELONGATED, RA
TIO, ADDITIONAL, FUTURISTIC, DEPLOY
MENT, NUCLEAR, ATOMIC, WEAPON, RADAR
, MIXER, DONUT, CEREAL, FARM
1380 DATA TOPCOAT, KEYHOLE, SUSPEN
DERS, PRIDE, THING, ARROGANCE, JOKER
, PRIZE, SENATE, MOTHER, FATHER, BROT
HER, JELLY, JAM, BEND, RIBBON, REALLY
, MAGAZINE, PATENT
1390 DATA NEWSPAPER, DAILY, BLONDE
, ZERO, ANTICIPATION, WINNER, ELEVEN
, ROSE, COLLAR, SHOULDER, FLAG, FRAGR
ANCE, NOCTURNAL, APPLE, ORCHARD, ALF
ALFA, FULFILL, EMPTY, SPINAL, SPINIC
H, FEELING, THOUGHT
1400 DATA EMPLOYMENT, RUN, DAY, COW
,HIM,GIN,WIN,TAG,RUG,DOG,COLLIE,
KITTEN, PET, GOLDFISH, TROUT, RECORD
ING, ELBOW, OLYMPIC, RUNNER, GASOLIN
E, KEROSENE, MASTER
1410 DATA WEALTH, WEATHER, WINTER,
SUMMER, STANDING, SOMETHING, NOTHIN
G, POSSIBLE, IMPOSSIBLE, REMARK, QUI
CK, AGREE, BREATHLESS, THROUGH
1420 DREAMER, EXCITABLE, FIREWORKS
,KNOW,LIKE,MYSELF,YOU,WOW,PITCH,
BALCONY, OFFICE, NURSE, HOSPITALIZA
TION, ADVENTURE, HEART, SPLEEN, BOOG
```

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THE NIBBLER & MS. NIBBLER A fast maze chase game featuring the nibbler man and three bumbling preditors. Written in machine code and joystick compatible, this fun packed game is enjoyed by all. MS. NIBBLER is similar to THE NIBBLER described above but features a different maze and MS. NIBBLER for the ladies.







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----> ":A\$:" <----" 151Ø PRINT: PRINT"IT IS TOO BAD.. YOU ONLY MADE "; NT; "ATTEMPTS AT THE WORD!"

1520 PRINT" BETTER LUCK NEXT TI ME!!"

1530 PRINT

1540 FOR T=1 TO 1600: NEXT T: GOTO 980

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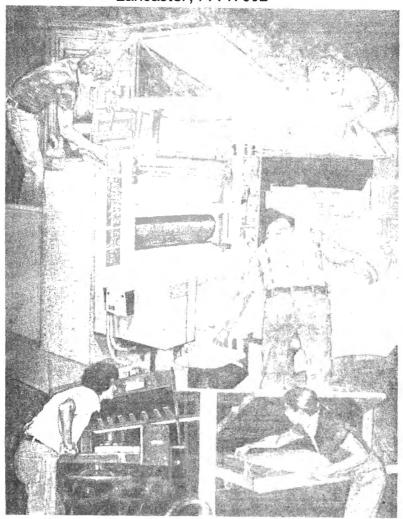
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OKIDATA REVISITED

By Robert E. Foiles 53 Cedar Acres Drive Lancaster, PA 17602



In my search for correct information on the Okigraph option for the Okidata 82A printer, I ran into both good news and bad news.

The good folks at Okidata Technical Support unit in New Jersey were more than happy to be of help. It seems that should someone using the Okidata as the printer for their Color Computer, the Okidata option may or may not be what you are looking for.

First, so we are all on the same topic, the Okigraph option (part #57514901) is a set of proms that convert the Okidata into a "dot addressable graphic" printer. The option gives a resolution of 60 horizontal dots by 66 vertical dots. Under program control, this system will produce illustrations, graphs, charts, or any other material displayed on the screen.

However, somehow in the design of the replacement proms, the "low speed" serial

interface is disabled. If you want to use the option, you might go the route of getting one of the serial to parallel adopter ports; or as suggested by Okidata, use the "highspeed serial board" (part #70000604) to accomplish the conversion.

The good news, at least for the new buyers of the Okidata 82A, is that Okidata has developed a totally new "User's Manual" for the 82A. Again, the good guys at the Technical Support Unit loaned me a copy of the new manual to read.

This is truley a Manual for the user! The material is written in English and does not suffer from the style of some of the "translation" which were written in Japan. The material is well laid out with photos and exploded views of critical areas. The charts are readable and complete.

The Chapter that impressed me the most

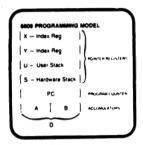
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Okadata

was the Chapter on Programming the Okidata. This is the first time I have seen in print just how the program lines are to be written to have the Color Computer forward the commands to achieve "Condensed print", "Bold", or "Wide or expanded" printing. (However, when using Color Scripsit for this task, the extra features can not be called from within the text, there are ways, but that is another article.) It also explains the "secret" of programming vertical tabs (codes to skip lines). For those who might be interested, this Chapter also explains how the user may shift from 7 bit data format to 8 bit (or back) and still be able to utilize the block graphic printing ability of the 82A. (When I first got my 82A, I would have given my eye teeth for information.)

Another "secret" opened to the user is a very complete section on "Making Your Own Interface cables". If your Okidata dealer is across the street and Computer Center is around the bend, this may not be to interesting or important. However, if you live out in the hinter land, this section can save the new user a lot of headaches (and maybe the cost of some new chips if the plug is the wrong configuration).

I was surprised to see in the new edition, right out in the open, a simple chart explaining how to set the switch to allow the 82A to print in one of the ten LANGUAGES it is able to put on paper. (The switch pattern will call forth either German, French, Swedish, Danish, Dutch, Norweigian, Italian, or use the industry standard ASCII, and believe it or not "Radio Shack TRS-80" is listed for a special switch setting).

Another panel of switches allows the user to work with 7 bit or 8 bit code, provide automatic line feed for systems that only send a carriage return code (not a problem for Color Scripsit), and switch selectable data receiving speed (baud rate).

I was so impressed with this new Manual that I almost wanted to run out and buy another Okidata 82A just to get the new manual. While I do not know what the local dealers may want for a copy of the publication, I will note that this Manual has a blue cover and is printed in standard book

style (that is, it is taller than it is wide), this should help you explain what you are looking for in case your dealer does not yet have any in stock. After reading the Manual, I was sure happy that I have the Okidata 82A (and now all I have to do is get my wife to agree that this was a real necessary purchase)!

CCN TIP

The missing edit commands! The following commands can be used with BASIC's editor but are undocumented:

L List line

X eXtend line

I Insert characters

A Abort editing

E Exit

Q Quit

H Hack then insert

#D Delete # characters

#C Change # characters

#Schar Search for #th char

#Kchar Kill all characters up to the #th char

Shift uparrow end subcommand

#backspace backspace # characters #space bar space forward # spaces

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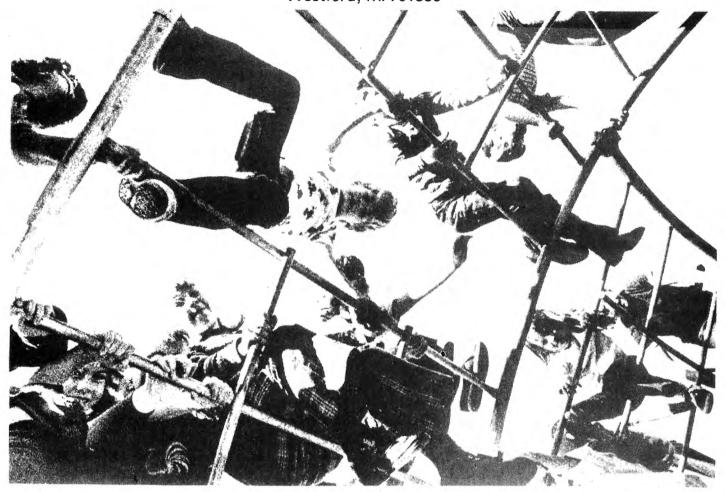
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FOLLOW ME GAME

By Charles C. Evans 20 Heywood Road Westford, MA 01886



As with many buyers, the Color Computer was my first extensive encounter with a personal computer, and I was interested in experimenting with simulation of popular games as a learning project. I wanted a game without complicated rules or arcane complexity, so it could be played with a minimum of continuous instruction by people who have no affinity for computers.

FOLLOW ME is the result of some of these efforts and is a game based on the popular game of Simon (trademark of Milton Bradley Co.) that I have written to run on the Color Computer. SIMON®, in its Milton Bradley implementation, is a round platter with four translucent plastic sectors, each a different color, in each of the quadrants on its top surface. When the play starts, SIMON selects one of the four sectors at random and illuminates it while emitting a tone. After this action, the player must touch whichever sector lit within a certain time, or a tone is

sounded signifying the players loss of the round. If the player makes contact in time, then the first sector flashes and sounds again, followed by a second sector flashing and sounding. The players response must, again, be to touch the two sectors in the proper sequence. If the play is successful, then each new turn plays back the same sequence as previously, with one additional color added. Play continues this way until the player forgets the sequence and fails to press the sectors in the proper sequence, within the time limit of the game.

In the simulation of the SIMON® game presented in this article, there are several programming ideas that were devised to solve problems of game simulation that may be helpful to novice game writers. Some elements of the game are easier to implement than they were for the designers of Simon®. All of these elements have to do with the Color Computers ability to display

text on the screen. This makes it convenient to present whatever instructions you might wish to convey to the user, and to report progress and game results. The difficulties that typically arise are those of real time operation making things fast enough. Another that is unique to this particular game is that the colored regions of SIMON® are visible to the player at all times, and the play is shown with lights that are under the colored sectors. Beyond this problem, the SIMON® game has the player touching the colored sectors directly as a response. Some form of substitute input/output methods had to be devised, since the Color Computer has no comparable I/O capability.

The first problem to solve was to resolve the way the colored areas would look on the both their auiescent illuminated states. Simulation of this the way that SIMON® works is not directly possible because there is no brightness control for colors with Color Basic. The solution I devised to implement the function was to draw an outline of the color around the region (I chose a box) that would represent the colored buttons of the SIMON® Game, and have the computer fill in the area when the color is asserted by the program. I think you will see that it is very effective when you run the program.

The second problem to be addressed was that of accepting the user responses. I elected to use the four upper left keys on the keyboard (1, 2, 3, and 4). Since I didn't want a lengthy set of user instructions on the screen, I decided to present an image of the key below the colored areas that would be visual interactive area of the screen. Once the use of the buttons is explained, play is obvious.

In order for the program to do a good job of simulation, it is necessary for the response speed to be comparable to that of the real game. I tried several schemes for this, and ended up with the technique that is described in Chapter 9 of "Getting Started With Color Basic". It is necessary to print everything on all of the semigraphics lines to maintain the writing speed, and inspection of the program will show how this is done.

The main program loop operates on a table of random numbers that is created in full 82 CCN Feb '83

before the program runs. This accounts for the slight delay before the program starts. The array size is set to 50 numbers, which has not been needed by any player who has played the game on my computer. Creating the random number sequence in advance causes the program to run with more consistent timing, although it does take more memory space than is likely to be needed. If anyone playing your game gets so good that they can remember a sequence of 50 numbers, then increase the size of the array to a larger number by changing the dimension of the M-array at statement 10 and changing the loop counter at statement 880 to the same number (from 50). When the program runs, the system starts with X = 1 in statement 910, displays the first color and sound in the loop at 920 to 940, looks for congruence between player responses and the random number table in the loop at statements 970 to 1040, and then adds 1 to the x-loop so an additional color and sound will be added at the next play. The test value for "t" at statement 1000 determines how long the player has to respond. You can change this number to shorten or lengthen the play time, or add a skill level routine at the beginning of the program to set this value. I chose not to add this complexity, since the player can shoot for longer sequences as the main game challenge. Most of the other loops in the real time control part of the program between statements 850 and 1220 are self explanatory.

A situation that arose as a bit of a surprise was the way that the random number generator of the Color Computer operates. When the program was the first one run after the computer was powered up, the number sequences always stated the same way. Later, I read an article that described how the Random Number Generator routine of the Color Computer operated, and it will give the same sequence of random numbers from power up in the same program. The cure I devised for this is in statement 780. It depends on the timer value that the system is generating from power up. Since it is executed in the program after power up and loading, the user will have a hard time performing all of the sequences of start up to cheat the system and know in advance what

20 'BY CHARLES EVANS

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colors are going to appear on the screen. Statement 780 generates a random number from 0 to 10; this number is used to exercise the random number algorithm of the Color Computer quickly until the player causes the system to exit the loop ending at statement 810. Statement 780 is the only statement using a Basic Command from Extended Color Basic. If your computer lacks Extended color Basic, try:

780 Z = N or 780 Z = (any other number)

The looping of the start sequence will still give some randomness to the sequence, although a persistent player could count the flashes in the input sequence display to determine how many times the system has looped. Played this way, it is possible to memorize the starting pattern. but it would be a fair amount of work for a good memorizer! My scheme, while not mathematically rigorous, should keep the play different and interesting most of the time.

A behavioral difference between SIMON
and Follow Me that I did not deal with is that when Follow Me is not waiting for keyboard input, any key pressed will be the next input for the user response. It doesn't take much to get confused if a careless touch of the keyboard should happen, even if the button pushed happens to be the right response, so beware.

"improvement" that I experimentation on was to use all 8 colors of the Color Computer in an "experts" version of the game. A second row of color bars could be created, but the real time speed of the program might be adversly affected. Also, a choice would have to be made between continuing the row of keys versus using the keys below 1, 2, 3, and 4. The system would probably "feel" more natural with Q, W, E, and R as the keys for the second row, but their offset from the top row might prove to be a nuisance. Clearly, some experimentation would help if this should be interesting to you.

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```
40 3
50 ' BUILD COLOR ARRAYS
60 3
70 CLEAR 2000:DIMM(50):CLS(0)
8Ø B$=CHR$(128)
                  'SOLID BLACK
9Ø G$=CHR$(143)
                  'SOLID GREEN
100 Y$=CHR$(159)
                   'SOLID YELLOW
11Ø U$=CHR$(175)
                   'SOLID BLUE
12Ø R$=CHR$(191)
                   'SOLID RED
130 '
14Ø ' BUILD COLOR BOXES
150 '
160 FOR X=1 TO 5
17Ø G1$=G1$+CHR$(14Ø)
18Ø G2$=G2$+CHR$(131)
19Ø Y1$=Y1$+CHR$(156)
200 Y2$=Y2$+CHR$(147)
21Ø B1$=B1$+CHR$(172)
22Ø B2$=B2$+CHR$(163)
23Ø R1$=R1$+CHR$(188)
24Ø R2$=R2$+CHR$(179)
25Ø B5$=B5$+B$
26Ø NEXT X
270 7
280 '
      NOTATION FOR COLOR EDGES
290 T=TOP, M=MIDDLE, B=BOTTOM
300 '
31Ø GT$=CHR$(142)+G1$+CHR$(141)+
B$
32Ø GB$=CHR$(139)+G2$+CHR$(135)+
33Ø GM$=CHR$(138)+B5$+CHR$(133)+
34Ø YT$=CHR$(158)+Y1$+CHR$(157)+
B$
35Ø YB$=CHR$(155)+Y2$+CHR$(151)+
R$
36Ø YM$=CHR$(154)+B5$+CHR$(149)+
37Ø BM$=CHR$(17Ø)+B5$+CHR$(165)+
B$
38Ø BB$=CHR$(171)+B2$+CHR$(167)+
R$
39Ø BT$=CHR$(174)+B1$+CHR$(173)+
400 RT$=CHR$(190)+R1$+CHR$(189)+
41Ø RM$=CHR$(186)+B5$+CHR$(181)+
B$
42Ø RB$=CHR$(187)+R2$+CHR$(183)+
43Ø M$=GM$+YM$+BM$+RM$
440 '
450 ' BUILD SOLID BOXES
460 3
```

```
47Ø FOR X=1 TO 7
                                        1000 IF T>=100 THEN 1130
48Ø GN$=GN$+G$
                                        1010 GOTO 970
49Ø YN$=YN$+Y$
                                       1020 IF VAL(Z$)<>M(J) GOTO 1100
500 UN$=UN$+U$
                                       1030 ON M(J) GOSUB 1430,1500,157
51Ø RN$=RN$+R$
52Ø NEXT X
                                       1040 NEXT J
53Ø GN$=GN$+B$
                                       1050 PRINT @ 355, "GOOD"X"COLORS
540 YN$=YN$+B$
                                       SO FAR";
55Ø UN$=UN$+B$
                                       1060 FOR T=1 TO 400:NEXT T
56Ø RN$=RN$+B$
                                       1070 PRINT @ 355."
                                                 11 2
57Ø °
580 ' BUILD STRIPS TO SHOW
                                      1Ø8Ø X=X+1:T=Ø
590 ' FILLED COLORS SINGLEY
                                       1090 GOTO 920
                                       1100 CLS(7)
61Ø MG$=GN$+YM$+BM$+RM$
                                       1110 PRINT @ 170, "WRONG COLOR!";
62Ø MY$=GM$+YN$+BM$+RM$
630 MB$=GM$+YM$+UN$+RM$
                                      1120 SOUND 1,30:CLS(0):GOTO 1160
64Ø MR$=GM$+YM$+BM$+RN$
65Ø '
                                       1130 CLS(8)
660 'TITLE BEGINNING
                                       1140 PRINT @ 165, "FASTER, PLEASE
670 '
                                       ! " ;
68Ø N=1
                                       1150 SOUND 7,30:CLS(0)
69Ø N=N+1: IF N=5 THEN N=1
                                      1160 CLS(6):PRINT @ 136, "TOO BAD
700 FOR L=1 TO 200:NEXT L
                                      ,FELLA!";
71Ø CLS(N)
                                       1170 PRINT @ 162, "DO YOU WISH AN
720 PRINT@ 69, "WELCOME TO FOLLOW
                                      OTHER GO?(Y)";
                                       1180 PRINT @ 326, "YOU MANAGED"X
73Ø PRINT@ 133, "TYPE ANY KEY TO
                                      -1"COLORS!";
 START";
                                       119Ø Y$=INKEY$
740 PRINT@ 197, "COPR. C.C.EVANS
                                      1200 IF Y$="" THEN 1190
                                       121Ø IF Y$="Y" THEN 65Ø
750 '
                                       122Ø END
760 ' RANDOMIZE START OF SEQ.
                                       1230 '
770 '
                                       1240 ' PRINT KEYPAD GUIDE
780 Z=ABS(INT(9.8*SIN(TIMER)))
                                       1250 '
79Ø D=RND(Z)
                                       1260 PRINT @ 258," ! ";
800 AS=INKEYS
                                       1270 PRINT @ 266," ' ";
810 IF A$="" THEN 690 ELSE 850
                                       1280 PRINT @ 274," # ";
820 '
                                       129Ø PRINT @ 282," $ ";
830 'BEGIN GAME
                                       1300 PRINT @ 290," 1 ";
840 '
                                       1310 PRINT @ 298, " 2 ";
85Ø CLSØ
                                       1320 PRINT @ 306," 3 ";
86Ø T=Ø
                                       1330 PRINT @ 314," 4 ";
870 GOSUB 1260:GOSUB 1380
                                       1340 RETURN
88Ø FOR R=1 TO 5Ø
                                       135Ø '
890 M(R)=RND(4)
                                       1360 ' DISPLAY EMPTY BOXES
900 NEXT R
910 X=1
                                       1380 PRINT @ 32,GT$+YT$+BT$+RT$+
920 FOR I=1 TO X
                                       M$+M$+M$+M$+GB$+YB$+BB$+RB$;
93Ø ON M(I) GOSUB 143Ø,15ØØ,157Ø
                                      139Ø RETURN
                                       1400 "
94Ø NEXT I
                                       1410 ' FLASH GREEN BOX
95Ø I=Ø
960 FOR J=1 TO X
                                       1430 PRINT @ 32, GN$+YT$+BT$+RT$+
97Ø Z$=INKEY$
                                       MG$+MG$+MG$+MG$+GN$+YB$+BB$+RB$;
98Ø IF Z$<>"" THEN 1020
99Ø T=T+1
                                       144Ø SOUND 40,5
```

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145Ø GOSUB 138Ø 146Ø RETURN 1470 ' 1480 ' FLASH YELLOW BOX 1490 ' 1500 PRINT @ 32,GT\$+YN\$+BT\$+RT\$+ MY\$+MY\$+MY\$+MY\$+GB\$+YN\$+BB\$+RB\$; 151Ø SOUND 67,5 152Ø GOSUB 138Ø 153Ø RETURN 1540 ' 1550 ' FLASH BLUE BOX 1560 ' 157Ø PRINT @ 32,GT\$+YT\$+UN\$+RT\$+ MB\$+MB\$+MB\$+MB\$+GB\$+YB\$+UN\$+RB\$; 158Ø SOUND 98,5 159Ø GOSUB 138Ø 1600 RETURN 1610 ' 1620 'FLASH RED BOX 163Ø ? 164Ø PRINT @ 32,GT\$+YT\$+BT\$+RN\$+ MR\$+MR\$+MR\$+MR\$+GB\$+YB\$+BB\$+RN\$; 165Ø SOUND 134,5 1660 GOSUB 1380 167Ø RETURN



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Wonder Why Your Color Computer™ Screen Doesn't Look Like This?

LIST
10 'Demo of COLORED FONTS
20 FORK=1 TO 30 STEP 4
30 CIRCLE(200,96), X
40 NEXT X
50 FORK=32 TO 255
60 PRINTCHR\$(X); NEXT X
70 GOTO 70
0K

RUN
!"#\$%&'()*+,-./0123456789:; <=>?
@ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ[\]^~a
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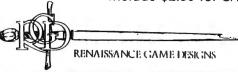
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A WORD FROM THE SPONSOR

Hi again. This is Month Two in my series of short chats about various Color Computer subjects in these Star-Kits ads. Hope you will find them interesting and useful.

Judging from several phone calls I've received, there seems to be some confusion as to what a DOS (Disk Operating System) can do for you. One recent caller summarized it best when he said, I'd like to buy your STAR-DOS. Can you tell me how it will help me write better Basic programs? My answer must have shocked him, because I told him not to buy any DOS. In fact, I myself have talked about a dozen potential STAR-DOS purchasers out of buying it. I don't know whether other DOS vendors have done the same, but I'm convinced that there are many readers among you who have bought a DOS (hopefuly not ours) and have absolutely no use for it whatsoever. Let me explain.

To use a disk you need the hardware (a disk drive and controller) and the software (a disk operating system or DOS). In most computers, the controller can do little by itself except load the DOS from the disk into memory. Hence, without the DOS, the disk system is useless. But the Color Computer is unique — its controller has an 8K ROM (Read Only Memory) which acts as an extension to Basic and lets Basic access the disk directly without needing a separate DOS.

Thus, in other computers, you either need a separate DOS on disk to load Basic in the first place, or at least to tell Basic how to access the disk. In the Color Computer, Basic knows how to use the disk as soon as you plug in the controller. Hence, if you only run Basic programs, you have absolutely no need for a separate DOS. (In fact, a DOS just gets in the way of Basic!) So what does a DOS do, you ask?

A disk operating system lets you run machine language programs which use the disk. These can be purchased programs, or programs you write yourself.

But here's another catch. On most other computers, since you must have a DOS to use the disk, everyone writing disk programs simply uses the DOS for the disk functions, since they just assume that everybody has one. But Color Computer disk operating systems are very new. Hence many software suppliers, figuring you don't have a DOS, have gone to great pains to include enough functions in their programs so that you don't need a DOS to run them. (For example, our own SPELL 'N FIX has its own disk routines and does not need any additional DOS.)

So when should you buy a DOS? There are really only two cases: (1) You intend to write your own programs to use the disk, and need some simple way of interfacing to the disk, or (2) there is some specific program you want to run which requires a DOS. For example, if you want to run our DBLS or Disk Sort-Merge (oops . . . we won't announce that 'till next month), then you will need STARDOS.

So, if one of these two cases applies to you, by all means buy one. But don't get one unless you have a real need. And that applies to our STAR-DOS as well as others.

By the way . . . did you hear the one about the program to translate English to Russian? To test it, they translated *The spirit is willing but the flesh is weak*. The Russian translation came out something like *The vodka is amenable, but the meat tastes bad.*

See you next month.

Pete Stark

SPELL'N FIX

Regardless of whose text processor you use, let SPELL 'N FIX find and fix your spelling and typing mistakes. It reads text faster than you can, and spots and corrects errors even experienced proofreaders miss. It is compatible with all Color Computer text processors, including Telewriter and Radio Shack's Scripsit! (See the review in 80 Micro, November 1982.) \$69.29 in the Radio Shack disk or cassette versions; \$89.29 in the Flex version. (20,000 word dictionary is standard; optional 75,000 word Super Dictionary costs \$50 additional.)

HUMBUG — THE SUPER MONITOR

A complete monitor and debugging system which lets you input programs and data into memory, list memory contents, insert multiple breakpoints, single-step, test, checksum, and compare memory contents, find data in memory, start and stop programs, upload and download, save to tape, connect the Color Computer to a terminal, printer, or remote computer, and more. HUMBUG on disk or cassette costs just \$39.95.

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A Disk Operating System specially designed for the Color Computer, STAR-DOS is fully compatible with your present Color Computer disk format — it reads disks written by Extended Disk Basic and vice versa. But with STAR-DOS you can use machine and assembly language programs to do things Basic can't. Just \$49.95.

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REMOTERM — allows full operation of the Color Computer from an external terminal. \$19.95.

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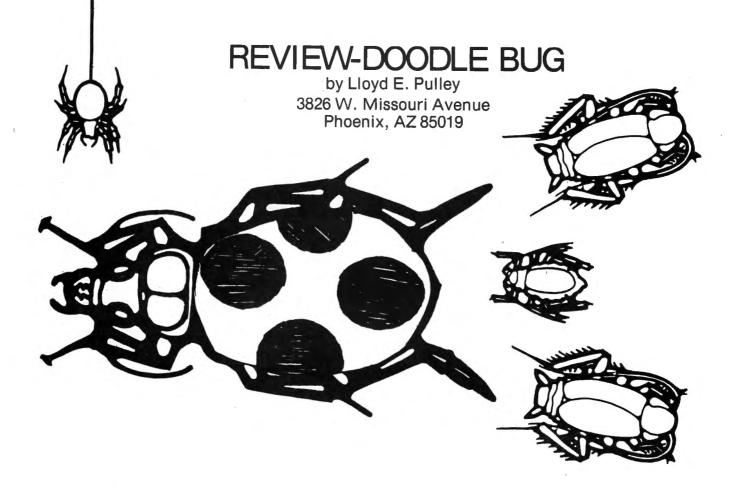
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"Lady Bug, Lady Bug fly away home. Your house is on fire and your kids are alone."

Well in Doodle Bug, there's no house to catch fire, but there are hours of fun and enjoyment. This program, a takeoff of the Arcade game "Lady Bug", is probably one of Computerware's best releases to date.

For those of you who are not familiar with "Lady Bug", a brief synopsis. First you start out with a maze (shades of Pac Man), which your Lady Bug scampers around chomping up "dots", while the "Enemy Bugs" chasing you around trying to eat you. From there the games differ.

In Doodle Bug you have your choice of starting out with from 3 to 6 Lady Bugs. As you move through the maze, you'll run into various items: Letters, Hearts, and Skulls. On each level there are 3 of each in the maze. The letters and hearts change colors throughout the game and are worth varying points and bonus's depending on what color they are when you eat them. By spelling out EXTRA and SPECIAL, you can receive extra Lady Bugs. Eating a skull kills you or an Enemy Bug. Also througout the maze are turnstiles. A Lady Bug can go through turnstiles whether open or closed but an Enemy Bugs can only go through them when

they're open. So one of the tricks of the game is knowing which way to leave the turnstiles pointing.

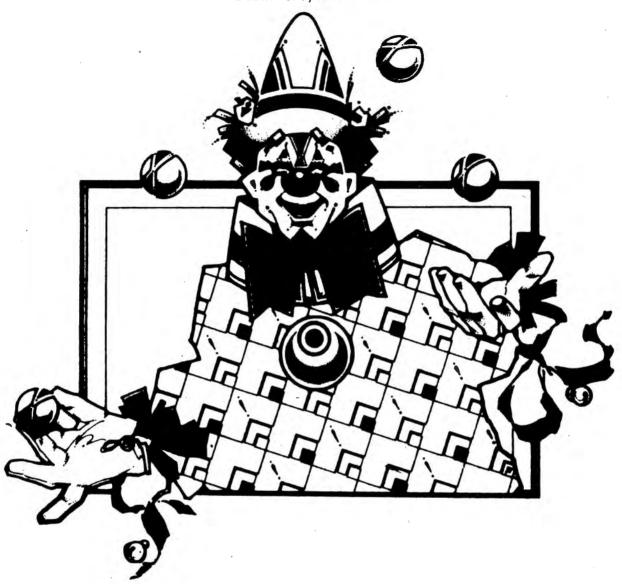
This game combines great speed, graphics and joystick control. It also has a Pause key which will freeze the screen while you answer the phone, door, or whatever. I wish more of the programmers would add this feature to their programs.

The program comes on tape at \$24.95 or disk at \$29.95. Since I own a Radio Shack disk drive, I always order my programs on tape and load them onto disk myself. (I find that this is a good practice the way my drive bomb disks). Computerware attached a Auto-loader onto the program so that it is impossible to load the program onto disk, even though it will run OK with the disk plugged in. (I suppose this is to hold down illegal copies). But with about 5 minutes time and a little knowhow, you can take the selfloader off and put the program onto disk. Since I don't want to take all of the challenge out of life, I'll let you figure out how to accomplish this.

My family found this to be an excellent program, full of fun and action. With this one, Computerware keeps up its excellent reputation.

KOKOMATH

By Michael J. Himowitz 825 William Street Baltimore, MD 21230



By now everyone knows that a computer is one of the world's best teaching tools, particularly for drilling youngsters in subjects such as math and foreign languages.

The problem is that children often grow tired of a plain screen display or a program that doesn't reward their efforts. I wrote KOKOMATH to solve that problem with low-resolution graphics, music and a game format. I've tried it out on youngsters ranging in age from 5 to 12, and they can't seem to get enough of it.

Here's what happens. When the program starts up, KOKO the math clown appears and asks the child for his name. When he types that in, KOKO asks whether he wants 88 CCN Feb '83

to add, subtract, multiply or divide. Then he asks whether the youngster wants, easy, hard or "Brain Buster" problems.

The gimmick is that KOKO is suspended in the air over a tub of water. If the child gets 10 out of 10 math problems correct, KOKO gets a bath. When a child answers a problem correctly, KOKO smiles, rolls his eyes, plays a happy tune and gives him a running score.

If the child types in the wrong answer, he gets a brief frown, a beep or a sad little tune, and the right answer displayed on the screen (the program does not repeat wrong answers). At the end of 10 problems (if all 10 answers were not correct), KOKO gives him a percentage score and asks if the youngster wants another quiz.

KOKO Math

The program will run on a 16K Extended Color Basic machine. Instructions for modifying the difficulty of the problems are listed in remark lines at the end.

This is a fairly long program, and if you don't want to type it in, send \$7 to Michael J. Himowitz, 825 William Street, Baltimore, MD 21230, and I'll send you a copy.

```
1 'KOKOMATH
2 'BY MIKE HIMOWITZ
3 '825 WILLIAM ST.
4 'BALTIMORE, MD.
5 'TO MODIFY PROGRAM, SEE NOTE A
T END OF LISTING
6 A=RND(TIMER):B=RND(TIMER)
10 CLS0:GOSUB1700:GOSUB1000:GOSU
B1300
30 GOSUB1100:GOSUB 1600:GOSUB120
Ø: GOSUB15ØØ
40 PRINT@81, "HI THERE!";:PRINT@
113, "I'M KOKO";:PRINT@143, "THE M
ATH CLOWN";:PRINT@174,"WHAT'S YO
UR NAME?";:PRINT@237,"(TYPE YOUR
NAME";:PRINT@269, "AND PRESS 'EN
TER')";:PRINT@3Ø1," ";:INPUT N$
6Ø GOSUB15ØØ:GOSUB12ØØ:PRINT@77.
"NICE TO MEET YOU, ";:PRINT@113, N
$;:GOSUB 1600:PRINT@141,"I'VE GO
T A SECRET.";
7Ø GOSUB91Ø:GOSUB91Ø:PRINT@173,"
I HATE THE WATER. ";:GOSUB1400:PR
INT@451, "WATER"; : GOSUB910: GOSUB9
10:PRINT@449, W$;:GOSUB1610:PRINT
@237, "IF YOU GET ALL 10"; :PRINT@
269, "MATH PROBLEMS"; :PRINT@3Ø1, "
RIGHT, YOU'LL"; : PRINT@333, "DUNK
75 PRINT@365, "WHEN YOU'RE READY"
;:PRINT@397, "PRESS <ENTER>";:INP
UTQ
8Ø T=0:GOSUB1300:GOSUB 1500:GOSU
B1200:GOSUB1600:PRINT@111,N$;:PR
INT@143, "DO YOU WANT TO: ";:PRINT
@178, "A. ADD
                 ";:PRINT@210,"B
. SUBTRACT";:PRINT@242,"C. MULTI
PLY";:PRINT@274,"D. DIVIDE
90 AS=INKEYS
95 IF A$="A"THEN2000
96 IF A$="B" THEN 2200
97 IF A$="C" THEN 2300
98 IF A$="D" THEN 2400
99 IF A$=""THEN 90
100 GOTO 90
```

```
110 GOSUB 1500:GOSUB1600:PRINTe1
11, "DO YOU WANT: "; : PRINT@175, "A.
 EASY PROBLEMS"; : PRINT@207, "B. H
ARD PROBLEMS";:PRINT@239, "C. BRA
IN BUSTERS":
13Ø RETURN
900 FOR X=1TO80:NEXT:RETURN
910 FORX=1TO460:NEXT:RETURN
1000 'PRINT BLANK FACE, HAT AND
FEET
1001 F$=STRING$(7,255):TH$=CHR$(
179) +CHR$ (191) +CHR$ (179): BH$=CHR
$(179)+STRING$(5,191)+CHR$(179):
FT$=STRING$ (2, 191)
1010 FORX=98TO258STEP32:PRINT@X,
F$;:NEXT:PRINT@36,TH$;:PRINT@66,
BH$;:PRINT@291,CHR$(191);:PRINT@
295, CHR$(191);:PRINT@322,FT$;:PR
INT@327, FT$; : RETURN
1100 '1ST EYE POSITION
1101 RE=1159:LE=1155:E1=158:E2=1
55:E3=151:E4=157
1105 POKE RE,E1:POKE LE,E1:RETUR
N
1200 'ROLL EYES
12Ø1 POKE 65495,Ø:GOSUB 11ØØ:GOS
UB900:POKE LE,E2:POKE RE,E2:GOSU
B900:POKE RE,E3:POKE LE,E3:GOSUB
900:POKE RE,E4:POKE LE,E4:GOSUB
900:GOSUB1100:POKE 65494,0:RETUR
1300 'PRINT SMILE
13Ø1 SM$=CHR$(244)+STRING$(3,252
)+CHR$(248):PRINT@227,SM$;:RETUR
1400 'PRINT FROWN
14Ø1 FM$=CHR$(241)+STRING$(3,243
)+CHR$(242):PRINT@227,FM$;:RETUR
1500 'PRINT SCREEN
1501 POKE 65494,0: IF T=0 THEN ZR
=16 ELSE ZR=16*RND(8)
15Ø2 SC$=STRING$(19,127+ZR):FOR
X=45 TO 461 STEP 32:PRINT@X.SC$;
:NEXTX:POKE 65494, Ø:RETURN
1600 IF RND(3)=1 THEN PLAY "T6;0
3; L8; A; P8; L8; D; F; L4; E; C": RETURN
1605 IF RND(3)=2 THEN PLAY "T7;0
2; L4; C; E; G; O3; C": RETURN
1606 IF RND(3)=3 THEN PLAY "T5;0
2;L4.;G;L8;F;L4.;E;L8;D;L4;C":RE
TURN
1607 GOTO 1600
1610 IF RND(2)=1 THEN PLAY "02;L
4.;C;L8;D;L4;E-;L4;C":RETURN
162Ø IF RND(2)=2 THEN 163Ø
```

1625 GOTO 1610

KOKO Math

```
163Ø FOR X=1 TO 5:SOUND 50,1:SOU
ND 100, 1: NEXT X: RETURN
1700 'PRINT WATER
17Ø1 W$=STRING$(9,175):FORX=353T
0481STEP32; PRINT@X, W$; : NEXT: RETU
2000 GOSUB 110 'ADDITION
2001 CR=0:GOSUB 1300
2005 B$=INKEY$: IFB$=""THEN2005
2010 IF B$="A"THEN A=RND(10):B=R
ND (1Ø)
2011 IF B$="B"THEN A=RND(25):B=R
ND (25)
2012 IF B$="C"THENA=RND(50):B=RN
2015 IF B$<>"A" AND B$<>"B"AND B
$<>"C" THEN 2005
2030 T=T+1:GOSUB1300:GOSUB1500:P
RINT@111, "PROBLEM NO. " T;:PRINT
@175, A"+"B" =";: INPUT C
2040 IF C=A+B THEN GOSUB 3000 EL
SE GOSUB 4000
2045 IF C<>A+B THEN PRINT@208, A"
+"B"="A+B;
2047 FORX=1T0900:NEXT
2050 IF T=10 AND CR<10THEN5000
2060 IF T=10 AND CR=10 THEN 6000
2070 GOTO 2010
2200 GOSUB110'SUBTRACT
22Ø1 CR=Ø:GOSUB13ØØ
2205 B$=INKEY$:IFB$=""THEN2205
2210 IF B$="A"THEN A=RND(10):B=R
ND (1Ø)
2211 IF B=="B"THEN A=RND(25):B=R
ND (25)
2212 IF B$="C"THEN A=RND(50):B=R
ND (5Ø)
2215 IF A<B THEN 221Ø
2230 T=T+1:GOSUB 1300:GOSUB1500:
PRINT@111, "PROBLEM NO. "T;
2232 PRINT@175, A"-"B" =";
2236 INPUT C
2240 IF C=A-B OR C=B-A THEN GOSU
B 3000 ELSE GOSUB4000
2245 IF C<>A-B THEN PRINT@2Ø8,A"
-"B"="A-B;
2247 FOR X=1T0600:NEXT
2250 IF T=10 AND CR<10THEN5000
226Ø IF T=1Ø AND CR=1ØTHEN6ØØØ
227Ø GOTO 221Ø
2300 GOSUB 110 'MULTIPLY
23Ø1 CR=Ø:GOSUB13ØØ
23Ø5 B$=INKEY$:IF B$=""THEN23Ø5
231Ø IF B$="A" THEN A=RND(1Ø):B=
RND (10)
2311 IF B$="B" THEN A=RND(15):B=
```

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```
RND (15)
2312 IF B$="C" THEN A=RND(20):B=
RND (20)
233Ø T=T+1:GOSUB13ØØ:GOSUB15ØØ:P
RINT@111, "PROBLEM NO. "T;:PRINT@
173. A" X "B"=";: INPUT C
234Ø IF C=A*B THEN GOSUB 3000 EL
SE GOSUB 4000
2345 IF C<>A*B THEN PRINT@208, A
"X"B"="A*B;:FORX=1T0500:NEXT
235Ø IF T=1Ø AND CR<1ØTHEN5ØØØ
2360 IF T=10 AND CR=10 THEN 6000
237Ø GOTO 231Ø
2400 GOSUB 110 'DIVIDE
24Ø1 CR=Ø:GOSUB13ØØ
2405 B$=INKEY$: IF B$=""THEN2405
2410 IF B$="A"THEN A=RND(10):B=R
ND (1Ø)
2411 IF B$="B" OR B$="C"THEN A=R
ND (20): B=RND (20)
2415 IF B$<>"A" AND B$<>"B" AND
B$<>"C" THEN 2405
2430 T=T+1:GOSUB1300:GOSUB1500:P
RINT@111, "PROBLEM NO. "T;:PRINT@
173.A*B"/"B" =";:INPUT C
2440 IF C=A THEN GOSUB 3000 ELSE
 G08UB4ØØØ
2445 IF C<>A THEN PRINT@208, A*B"
/"B"="A;:FORX=1T0500:NEXT
245Ø IF T=1Ø AND CR<1ØTHEN5ØØØ
246Ø IF T=1Ø AND CR=1ØTHEN6ØØØ
247Ø GOTO 241Ø
3000 CR=CR+1:GOSUB1500:GOSUB1200
:PRINT@142, "CORRECT, " N$"!";:GO
SUB 1600
3010 PRINT@176, "THAT'S";:PRINT@2
Ø8, CR" OUT OF "T;:PRINT@24Ø, "CO
RRECT ANSWERS";
3Ø2Ø IFCR=9ANDT=9THENGOSUB9ØØØ
3030 FOR X=1 TO 600:NEXT:GOSUB13
ØØ: RETURN
4000 GOSUB1500:GOSUB1400:GOSUB12
ØØ:PRINT@144, "SORRY, "N$;:GOSUB
161Ø:RETURN
5000 'END OF TEST
5010 GOSUB 1500:GOSUB1400:GOSUB1
300:00SUB1600
5020 PRINT@78, "WELL, "N$",";:PR
INT@11Ø, "YOU DIDN'T";:PRINT@142,
"DUNK ME. ";:PRINT@174, "BUT YOU
 GOT";:PRINT@206,CR/T*100" PERCE
NT";:PRINT@238,"CORRECT
5030 PRINT@270, "FOR ANOTHER"; :PR
INT@302, "QUIZ, PRESS"; :PRINT@334
,"<ENTER>";:INPUT K
```

5Ø4Ø GOTO 8Ø

KOKO Math

6000 PERFFECT SCORE 6010 GOSUB 1500:GOSUB1400:GOSUB1 600:PRINT@142, "UH-OH!";:PRINT@17 4, "YOU GOT ME!";:PRINT@206, "A PE RFECT SCORE!" 6020 FORX=246 TO 344STEP32:PRINT @X, "GLUG!";:NEXT 6025 GOSUB 910:GOSUB910 6030 S=200:W\$=STRING\$(9,175):FOR X=321T033STEP-32:PRINT@X,W\$;:FOR Z=1T05@: NEXT Z: SOUND S, 2: S=S-1@: NEXT X 6035 GOSUB1100:GOSUB 910:FORX=1T O15:SOUND1Ø,1:SOUND2Ø,1:NEXT X 6040 GOSUB1200 6050 PRINT@368, "FOR ANOTHER QUIZ ";:PRINT@4ØØ, "PRESS <ENTER>";:IN PUT R 6055 CLSØ:GOSUB 1700:GOSUB 1000: GOSUB1100: GOSUB1300 6060 GOTO 80 9000 GOSUB1400:PRINT@272, "YOU'VE GOT ME"; : PRINT@3Ø4, "WORRIED NOW ! ": RETURN 10000 'TO MAKE PROBLEMS EASIER O R HARDER, MODIFY THE RANDOM NUMB ERS FROM WHICH THEY ARE SELECTED

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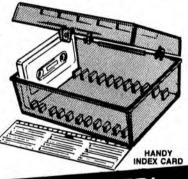
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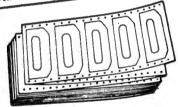
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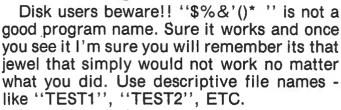
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HELP!!

by Dave Clark 11657 Summerhaven St Louis, MO 63141





How descriptive can you get in eight characters? No matter how hard you try - you will not remember every file name. And your buddy will not have any idea of what that program does.

The solution is HELP!! This program is a basic version of a scheme provided by Frank Hogg with FLEX. The concept is so simple it hurts. The program simply reads a file looking for a keyword. Once it finds the keyword it displays on the screen each line of text until it finds the next keyword.

The data file is constructed with the keywords starting in position one of the line. Lines with non-keywords must contain a blank. A line of data is a string of characters ending with the ENTER key. If the lines are kept to less than 32 characters the HELP text file can easily be listed if desired. (see LIST program)



The HELP text file can be prepared with any text editor that saves data in text format. SCRIBE from COMPUTERWARE works very well for this purpose. If you don't have a text editor use the BUILD program. But don't make any errors! You can't change the line once it is entered.

What are HELP's disadvantages? Simple! IF the HELP file becomes too large the access time becomes long. But a 4679 byte file with 50 file names described took less than 15 seconds. Not bad for a 16 line program.

10 ' HELP
20 ' D CLARK
100 GOTO30000
1000 INPUT"KEYWORD"; KW\$
1010 OPEN"I",1,"HELP/TXT"
1020 IFEOF(1)GOTO1900
1030 LINEINPUT#1,L\$
1040 IFLEFT\$(L\$,1)<>" "GOTO1100
1050 IFFS=0GOTO1020
1060 PRINT#P,L\$:GOTO1020
1100 K=INSTR(1,L\$," "):IFK=0THEN
K1\$=L\$ELSEK1\$=LEFT\$(L\$,K-1)
1105 IFFS=1THEN1910

HFI PI

1110 IFKW\$<>K1\$THEN1020 113Ø FS=1:CLS:GOTO1060 1900 IFFS=ØTHENPRINTKW\$; " NOT FO UND" 1910 CLOSE: END 30000 WD=1 3Ø1ØØ GOTO1ØØØ

' LIST 1 2 ' DCLARK 1Ø CLS 20 INPUT"FILENAME";F\$ 3Ø INPUT"PRINTER(Y/N)";P\$ 40 IF P\$="Y"THENP=-2:POKE150,18E LSEP=Ø 50 OPEN"I",#1,F\$ 60 PRINT#P. "FILENAME=";F\$ 7Ø IFEOF(1)=-1THEN2ØØ 8Ø LINE INPUT#1.L\$ 9Ø LC=LC+1Ø 100 PRINT#P, LC; ">"; L\$ 110 L=L+LEN(L\$):GOTO70 200 CLOSE#1 210 PRINT#P. "END OF FILE-"L"BYTE

5"

1

BUILD

2 DCLARK USE ENTER TO END LINE. 7 USE ENTER AS THE ONLY CHARAC TER TO END THE FILE. 1Ø CLS INPUT"FILENAME"; F\$ 50 OPEN"O",#1,F\$ 80 LINE INPUTL\$ 9Ø LC=LC+1Ø 100 PRINT#1,L\$ 110 L=L+LEN(L\$):GOTO80 200 CLOSE#1 21Ø PRINT#P, "END OF FILE-"L"BYTE



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REVIEW OF CASSETTE MAGAZINES



When I first bought my computer, in November, 1981, there was not a great deal of software to be had. I had not "discovered" CCN yet and felt that I was alone in the quest for good software. Then one day I happened upon an ad for Chromasette Magazine.

Since the day I received my first issue, I have been "hooked" on Chromasette.

It may be that some of you are not familiar with what I'm talking about. Once a month, a cassette arrives with a number of programs on it. These are "ready to run", that is NO TYPING. Just load and run.

There are now three companies (that I know of) that are in this field. One I've already mentioned, Chromasette. The other two are T & D Software and The Programmer's Institute. (See addresses below).

Now, with software of this order you don't get to chose what programs you get, it's a surprise every month. This is an inexpensive way to purchase good software. Say, you need to purchase a database program. Two

of the three magazines have had some form of database program in the past few months. While these programs may not be exactly what you want, you can rewrite or change the program to fit your needs. This is far cheaper than spending \$20 for a very similar program that you might have to customize anyway. Another plus is the great variety of the programs you receive. Something to please everyone. While you may not need a particular program you get one month you may find a use for it in the future.

All three companies try to give you a happy balance between game, practical, utility, and home use programs. Something to please everyone. The prices vary, ranging from \$45 to \$50 for one year. (Single copies are also available.).

Chromasette, is by far my favorite. Dave Lagerquist is the friendly editor, and provides an excellant product each month. Each program is written by a different individual. This provides for a lot of variety, something which I greatly appreciate. The programs are always excellent, and 99% of

CCN Feb '83 95

Cassette Magazines

the time bug free. (You are always given the fix in the next issue if there was a bug in the last one). Some of the programs are in machine language, this is a real plus and adds to the quality of the product. The programs always load easily, but just in case Chromasette will replace any defective cassette. There are two copies of each program on the cassette.

This is the best of the bunch.

I'm only luke warm on TRC magazine from The Programmer's Institute. On each issue they place a "teaching program". These are a good idea but are done far more efficiently in a news letter. The teaching program is usually 90% text, which is a waste of good tape that another more useful program could use. The other programs are games or home use/budget, although beginning with issue number 7 there will be a utility program The programs included each month. themselves are very well written, using at time very complex code. But there are bugs programs whether these programming errors or typing errors I don't know, but I do know that on many occasions many of their programs crash and cannot be recovered. There are also a number of spelling errors. TRC is also available on disk.

Coco-cassette by T & D Software is very well done. The programs are very well written and are almost bug free. The programs load easily, and there are three copies of each program on the cassette. The graphics are very good. The first issue contains a graphic calendar program that is excellant. Coco-cassette contains mostly game and fun programs (10 on the first issue and 9 on the second). The programs are very entertaining and are a joy to run.

All of the above contain some type of documentation from the editor. Chromasette in it's news letter also gives programming hints and tips.

Single issues are available of all three magazines as well as six month and one year subscriptions.

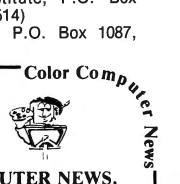
Cassette magazines such as these can help to make your program library complete and well rounded.

Happy Computing!! (T&D Software, P.O. BOX 256-C, Holland, MI 49423)

(The Programmer's Institute, P.O. Box 3191, Chaple Hill, NC 57514)

(Chromasette Magazine, P.O. Box 1087, Santa Barbara, CA 93102





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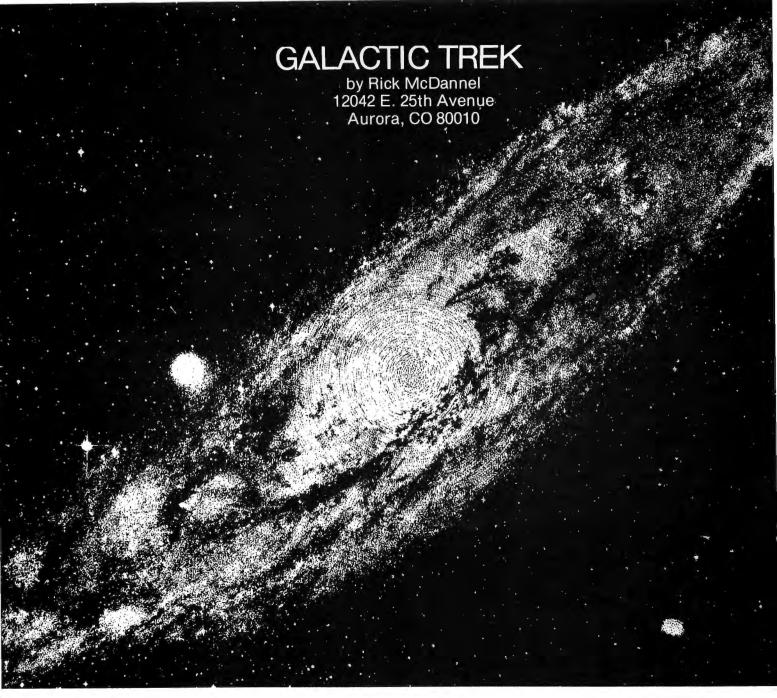
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ECHNOLOGY

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I am sure I am not the only one who has spent hours and hours hacking away at a game written in BASIC only to find out that the result was much to slow to be exciting. Hopefully, with this program I can show one way to make BASIC games more dramatic. I think you will be pleasantly surprised at what a thirteen byte machine language subroutine can do.

The function of the ML subroutine is to scroll everything on the graphic screen to the bottom except the top eight lines which will be used to display the score. The program uses PMODE 1 which requires two pages of memory, in this case memory positions 1536-3072. In PMODE 1 each byte contains four horizontal graphic elements and each graphic line is thirty-two bytes long giving us 98 CCN Feb '83

a 128x96 resolution. The basic procedure for scrolling would be to start with the last byte in the second line from the bottom and put that byte in the same position in the last line. In other words, get the byte in memory position 3040 and put that byte in 3040 + 32 or memory position 3072. After that it is just a matter of decrementing and repeating this process until the last point to be scrolled is reached. This works fine but the result is just not fast enough for this game. To get twice the speed all that needs to be done is to put the bytes two lines down instead of one. The other difference between the basic procedure described above and the subroutine used in "GALACTIC TREK" is that instead of moving one byte at a time, the 16 bit accumulator is used and two bytes are

80:35

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moved. The following is the complete listing of the scroll routine used in the program:

ØØØ1 Ø6ØØ ORG 15000 ØØØ2 3A98 8E11CØ START LDX #4544 Get start addr ØØØ3 3A9B EC83 LOOP LDD .--X Get 2 bytes and *dec address pointer ØØØ4 3A9D A7884Ø STA 64, X Put 2 bytes 2 *lines down 0005 3AA0 8C0700 CMPX #1792 Check for last *byte to scroll 0006 3AA3 26F6 BNE LOOP No, then again ØØØ7 3AA5 39 RTS Yes, return to basic ØØØ8 3AA6 **END**

LOOP 3A9B START 3A98

After running "GALACTIC TREK", the first evidence of the ML subroutine will be seen as the title page scrolls down the screen. Press the fire button on the right joystick to begin the game. The right joystick will control the horizontal movement of the ship. The player starts the game with four ships and is awarded a bonus ship for each complete "TREK". Each completion of the three phases of the game is considered to be a "TREK". The ship's lasers are fired by pushing the fire button. A thousand points must be obtained in each phase in order to proceed to the next.

In the first phase, the player is required to travel through a Zymanian minefield. Twenty-five points are awarded for each mine blown up. The amount of mines on the screen will increase with every one hundred points. The second phase is a little more difficult. The object of this phase is to obtain the precious Zymanian Ore that are also worth twenty-five points a piece. In this phase, the laser acts in the capacity of a tractor beam. To make it a little more interesting the ship will have to travel through a passageway that narrows with every one hundred points. In the final phase the player will meet the Zymanians themselves in the form of a fleet of ships. They may not be very accurate with their lasers, but like the other phases with each 100 CCN Feb '83

one hundred points the difficulty level increases. In this case the frequency of Zymanian's shots is stepped up. The strategy is to shoot the ships as quickly as possible since each ship shot will be one less that can fire back and less waves of attackers will have to be taken on. The player is awarded fifty points for each ship blown up.

You may notice that many of the objects fired upon will not blowup with the first hit. This is not a flaw, it was put in the program intentionally to make it more challenging. Also, the debris from blown up objects can be just as fatal as the objects themselves. Besides the level of difficulty increasing with every one hundred points, with each "TREK" the difficulty level will increase faster than the preceding "TREK".

After losing all the ships a "GAME OVER" message will be displayed, to play again just press the fire button. The high score will be displayed in the upper right hand corner of the screen.

I think you will find "GALACTIC TREK" an enjoyable and challenging game. If there are any comments or questions, please write to me at the above address. Also for those of you who do not like to type send \$4.95 to cover my costs and I will send you a copy of "GALACTIC TREK" on cassette. A 16K Extended Computer is required for this game.

VARIABLE LIST

= Counter for 3rd phase

CT

```
D
     = Difficulty level
EX$ = Explosion sound
F-F5 = Flags for 3rd phase
FX
     = Firing point for Zymanian ship
G
     = Debris for 1st phase
HS
     = High score value
HS$ = High score string
J
     = Jovstick value
L
     = Length of score strings
L1$
     = Ship's laser sound
     = Zymanian's laser sound
L2$
MX
     = Mine's horizontal position
     = Variable used in calculation of difficulty
N$() = Array that contains digits for score display
     = Phase counter
PH
     = Determines when a Zymanian ship will
RF
    fire
SC
     = Player's score value
SC$
    = Player's score string
SX
     = Ship's horizontal position
TR
     = Trek counter
UF
     = Zymanian ships
     = Width of passageway in 2nd phase
W
X
     = Loop counter
X1
     = Leftside of passageway in 2nd phase
     = Rightside of passageway in 2nd phase
10 ' ** GALACTIC TREK **
20 ' BY RICK MCDANNEL
3Ø ' 12Ø42 E. 25TH AVE.
40 ' AURORA, CO 80010
50 ' (C) RICK MCDANNEL 1982
60 '
7Ø CLSØ:HS=Ø:DIM S(2),G(12),UFO(
8Ø EX$="L255T25501V31;7;3;3;5;1;
2;7;5;5;4;5;7;V25;5;5;7;3;7;4;5;
2; V2Ø; 3; 5; 7; 7; 1; 1; 2; 7; 4; V15; 3; 5;
3; 2; 1; 2; 2; 5; 5; V1Ø; 1; 7; 4; 2; 5; 8; 1;
3; 5; 7; 3; 5; 3; V5; 4; 6; 7; 2; 7; 3; 7; 2; 8
90 L1$="L255T25502V31CBAGFED02C"
:L2$="V31T255L25501CECECECE"
100 POKE65495,0:PMODE1,1:COLOR2,
3:PCLS3
11Ø DRAW"BM4Ø, 1Ø; C2; NF4; NG4; U2; D
6":GET(34,8)-(47,14),S,G
12Ø CIRCLE(1Ø8,16),8,1:COLOR1,3:
LINE (100, 10) - (102, 0), PSET, BF: LIN
E(115, 10) - (117,0), PSET, BF: COLOR2
,3:PAINT(108,16),4,1:GET(100,0)-
(118,24), UFO, G
13Ø FORX=1TO2Ø:PSET(RND(3Ø),RND(
3\emptyset),1):NEXTX:GET(\emptyset,\emptyset)-(3\emptyset,3\emptyset),G,
G:PCLS3
```

```
140 FORX=15000TO15013:READZ:POKE
X.Z:NEXTX:DEFUSRØ=15000
15Ø DATA 142,17,192,236,131,237,
136,64,140,7,0,38,246,57
16Ø FORX=ØTO9:READN$(X):NEXTX
17Ø DATA "BM+1, Ø; H1; U4; E1; R2; F1;
D4; G1; L2; BM+6, Ø"
18Ø DATA "BM+1, Ø; R1; NR1; U6; G1; BM
+6,+5"
19Ø DATA "NR4; U1; E1; R1; E2; U1; H1;
L2; G1; BM+7, +5"
200 DATA "BM+0,-1;F1;R2;E1;H2;E2
; H1; L3; BM+7, 6"
21Ø DATA "BM+3, Ø; U2; NR1; L3; U1; E3
;D3;BM+4.3"
22Ø DATA "BM+Ø,-1;F1;R2;E1;U2;H1
;L3;U2;R4;BM+3,+6"
23Ø DATA "BM+4,-5;H1;L2;G1;D4;F1
;R2;E1;U1;H1;L3;BM+7,+3"
24Ø DATA "U1; E4; U1; L4; BM+7, +6"
25@ DATA "BM+1,-@;H1;U1;E1;H1;U1
;E1;R2;F1;D1;G1;NL2;F1;D1;G1;L2;
BM+6, Ø"
260 DATA "BM+0,-1;F1;R2;E1;U4;H1
;L2;G1;D1;F1;R2;BM+4,+3"
27Ø SC=Ø:SH=4:D=2Ø:SX=128:X1=8Ø:
PH=1:F=0:F1=0:F2=0:F3=0:F4=0:F5=
Ø: CT=Ø: N=Ø: TR=Ø
28Ø PCLS3:GOSUB99Ø:GOSUB9ØØ
29Ø ' *** MAIN LOOP
300 ON PH GOSUB 440,470,570
31Ø J=JOYSTK(Ø):IFJ>53THENSX=SX+
5ELSEIFJ<9THENSX=SX-5
320 IFSX<10THENSX=10ELSEIFSX>243
THENSX=243
33Ø PUT(SX-6,181)-(SX+7,191),S,P
SET
340 A=USR(0)
350 IFPEEK (339) <>255THENGOSUB400
360 IFPPOINT(SX-6, 183)=10RPPOINT
(SX-5, 183) = 40RPPOINT(SX, 181) = 10R
PPOINT (SX, 181) = 40RPPOINT (SX+6, 18
3) = 10RPPOINT (SX+6, 183) = 4THENGOSU
B87Ø
37Ø IFRND(2)=1THENPSET(RND(255),
30,2)
38Ø GOTO3ØØ
390 ' *** SHOOT & CHECK
400 FORY=180T035STEP-8:PP=PP0INT
(SX.Y): IFPP=30RPP=2THENNEXTY
410 LINE(SX, 183) - (SX, Y+2), PSET: P
LAYL1$:LINE(SX,183)-(SX,Y+2),PRE
SET: IFPP=4THEN ON PH GOSUB700,76
0,790
```

420 RETURN

43Ø ' *** 1ST PHASE

```
44Ø IFRND(D)<>1THENRETURN
450 MX=RND(220)+15: IFPPOINT(MX.3
5)<>3THEN45Ø
46Ø DRAW"S"+STR$(RND(6)+4)+"C2;B
M"+STR$ (MX)+", 35; NU6; NR6; ND6; NL6
; C1; NE4; NF4; NG4; NH4": CIRCLE (MX.3
5), 4, 4: PSET (MX, 35, 1): RETURN
470 ' *** 2ND PHASE
48Ø IFRND(8)=1THENMX=X1+RND(W)EL
49Ø IFPPOINT (MX, 34) = 4THEN51Ø
500 CIRCLE (MX, 36), 7, 4: PAINT (MX, 3
6),4,4:PSET(MX,36,1)
51Ø IFRND(2)<>1THENRETURN
520 IFRND(2)=1THENX1=X1+8ELSEX1=
53Ø W=52+(D*2):X2=X1+W
540 IFX1<9THENX1=X1+8ELSEIFX2>24
5THENX1=X1-8
550 COLOR1,3:LINE(0,RND(30)+22)-
(X1, 22+RND(3Ø)), PSET: LINE(X2, 22+
RND(3Ø))-(255,RND(3Ø)+22),PSET:C
OLOR2, 3: RETURN
560 ' *** 3RD PHASE
570 IF F THEN580ELSEPUT (27, 30) - (
45,54), UFO, PSET: PUT (72,38) - (90,6
2), UFO, PSET: PUT (117, 46) - (135, 70)
UFO, PSET: PUT(162, 38) - (180, 62), U
FO, PSET: PUT (207, 30) - (225, 54), UFO
,PSET:F=1:CT=Ø
580 FX=SX-75+RND(150):IFFX<00RFX
>255THEN58ØELSECT=CT+4:IFCT>=18Ø
THENGOSUB68Ø
590 IF CT>=120 THEN RETURN
600 RF=RND(20+D): IFRF>5THENRETUR
NELSE ON RF GOTO610,620,630,640,
610 IF F1 THENRETURNELSELINE (35,
50+CT)-(FX,188), PSET: PLAYL24:LIN
E(35,50+CT)-(FX,188), PRESET:GOTO
660
620 IF F2 THENRETURNELSELINE (81,
59+CT) - (FX, 188), PSET: PLAYL2$: LIN
E(81,59+CT)-(FX,188), PRESET:GOTO
660
63Ø IF F3 THENRETURNELSELINE(122
,68+CT)-(FX,188),PSET:PLAYL2$:LI
NE(122,68+CT)-(FX,188),PRESET:GO
T0660
64Ø IF F4 THENRETURNELSELINE(171
,58+CT)-(FX,188).PRESET:GOTO660
650 IF F5 THENRETURNELSELINE (216
,50+CT)-(FX,188),PSET:PLAYL2$:LI
NE(216,50+CT)-(FX,188),PRESET
660 IFFX>SX-5ANDFX<SX+5THENGOSUB
870: GOSUB680
670 RETURN
102 CCN Feb '83
```

```
680 F=0:F1=0:F2=0:F3=0:F4=0:F5=0
: RETURN
690 ' *** 1ST PHASE BLOWUP
700 SCREEN1.1:PLAY"L255T25501V31
;5;5;7;4"
710 SCREEN1,0:PLAY"01V28;7;4;3;5
72Ø SCREEN1,1:PUT(SX-15,Y+14)-(S
X+15, Y-16), G, PSET
730 SCREEN1.0:PLAYEX$:SC=SC+25:G
OSUB950:GOSUB830:IFSC>=(1000+(TR
*3000) THENPH=PH+1: N=N+1000: D=20
:FORX=1T05:PLAY"V31L255T2550"+ST
R$(X)+";1;2;3;4;5;6;7;8;9;10;11;
12": NEXTX: GOSUB9@Ø
74Ø RETURN
750 ' *** 2ND PHASE BLOWUP
760 CIRCLE(SX,Y),13,3:PAINT(SX,Y
),3,3:PLAY"V31T255L25505;6;04;6;
03; 6; 02; 6; 01; 6": SC=SC+25: GOSUB95
Ø:GOSUB830:IFSC=>(2000+(TR*3000)
) THENPLAY "T1@@L1@@V3103;1;4;8;7;
5;3;2;6;10;10;10;10;10;10;10":GOSUB
900: PH=PH+1: N=N+1000: D=20: GOSUB5
7Ø
77Ø RETURN
780 ' *** 3RD PHASE BLOWUP
790 FORX=1TO25STEP4:CIRCLE(SX,Y)
X,RND(2):NEXTX:PLAYEX4:FORX=25T
01STEP-4: CIRCLE (SX, Y), X, 3: NEXTX
800 SC=SC+50:GOSUB950:GOSUB830:I
FSC=>(3000+(TR*3000))THENPH=1:N=
N+1000: D=20: FORX=1T05: PLAY"T255L
255V31O3CCCCCCDEFGAB": NEXTX: SH=S
H+1:TR=TR+1:GOSUB900:GOSUB680:RE
TURN
810 IFSX<46THENF1=1ELSEIFSX<90TH
ENF2=1ELSEIFSX<136THENF3=1ELSEIF
SX<181THENF4=1ELSEF5=1
820 RETURN
830 ' *** DIFFICULTY LEVEL
84Ø D=2Ø-(INT(((SC-N)/1ØØ)*2)*(T
R+1)):IFD<2THEND=2
850 RETURN
860 ' *** SHIP BLOWUP
87Ø FORX=1T06:FORY=2T03:DRAW"C"+
STR$(Y)+"S"+STR$(X*2)+"BM"+STR$(
SX)+",180;BG4;E2;BR2;R2;BD4;G2;B
U2; E2; BH2; H2": NEXTY: NEXTX
880 PLAYEX#:SH=SH-1:IFSH=0THEN11
89Ø ' *** DRAW SCORE
900 SCREEN0,0:PCLS3:IFSH=1THEN91
ØELSEFORX=85TO(70+((SH-1)*15))ST
EP15: PUT (X-6, 10) - (X+7, 4), S, PSET:
NEXTX
```

910 FORX=1T030:PSET(RND(255),RND

(160) + 30, 2) : NEXTX920 HS\$=STR\$(HS) 930 L=LEN(HS\$):IFL(5THENHS\$="0"+ HS\$: GOTO93Ø 940 HS\$=RIGHT\$(HS\$,5):DRAW"SB;C1 ;BM187,15":FORX=1T05:TP=VAL(MID\$ (HS\$,X,1)):DRAWN\$(TP):NEXTX 950 SC\$=STR\$(SC) 960 L=LEN(SC\$):IFL<5THENSC\$="0"+ SC\$: GOTO960 97Ø SC\$=RIGHT\$(SC\$,5):LINE(Ø,Ø)-(70,15), PRESET, BF: DRAW"S8; C2; BM5 ,15":FORX=1TO5:TP=VAL(MID\$(SC\$,X ,1)):DRAWN\$(TP):NEXTX:SCREEN1,0: RETURN 980 ' *** TITLE PAGE 990 PCLS3:COLOR1,3:LINE(0,0)-(25 6,14), PSET, BF: FORX=1T03Ø: PSET (RN D(255), RND(166)+24,2):NEXTX 1000 SCREEN1, 0:C=4:Y1=116:Y2=67: FORX=1T04:Y1=Y1-16:Y2=Y2+16:IFX= 4THENC=1 1010 IFX=1THENNEXTX 1020 DRAW"BM128,"+STR\$(Y1)+"S"+S TR\$(X)+"C"+STR\$(C) 1030 DRAW"BM-86,0;U6;L18;D26;R18 ; UB; L6; BM+16, +8; U14; NR16; U6; E6; R 4;F6;D2Ø;BM+8,-26;D26;R18;BM+8,Ø ; U14; NR16; U6; E6; R4; F6; D2Ø; BM+28,

-4; D4; L18; U26; R18; D4; BM+8, -4; R1Ø ; NR10; D26; BM+18, 0; R8; NR8; U26; NL8. ;R8;BM+28,+4;U4;L18;D26;R18;U4" 1040 PLAY"L255T25502V31;12;11;10 ;9;8;7;6;5;4;3;2;1":DRAW"BM128," +STR\$(Y2)+"S"+STR\$(X)+"C"+STR\$(C

1050 DRAW"BM-52,0;R10;NR10;D26;B M+18, Ø; U26; R16; D12; L12; NL2; F14; B M+26, Ø; L18; U14; NR12; U12; R18; BM+8 , Ø; D14; E2; NF14; NE12; G2; D12": NEXT Х

1060 COLOR2, 3: FORX=1TO2000: NEXTX

1070 FORX=1T046:PLAY"L255T2550"+ STR\$(RND(5))+"V"+STR\$(RND(31))+" CGCGCG": IFX<>32THEN111Ø

1080 LINE(29,20)-(222,58),PSET,B :COLOR4,1:LINE(32,22)-(220,56),P SET, BF: COLOR3, 2

1090 DRAW"C1BM42,30;D16;R6;U6;NL 4; BR4; D4; F4; E4; NU4; G1@; BM+2@, -8; U14; R6; D6; L4; F4; D4; BR6; U8; BU4; U2 ; BM+12, +6; L6; D8; R6; BR6; U6; NE6; NF 6; U6; BM+18, +12; U14; F4; E4; D14; BR1 2; L6; U8; R6; BM+8, +8; U14; R4; F2; D10 ;G2;L2;BM+10,0;U8;R4;F2;D4;NF2;G 2;L2"

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1100 DRAW"BM+12,0;U4;NU4;E4;R2;D 8; BR6; U4; NU4; E4; R2; D8; BM+6, -4; R6 ; U2; H2; L2; G2; D4; F2; R4; BR6; U14" 1110 PSET(RND(255), 20, 2): A=USR(0):NEXTX 112Ø IFPEEK (6528Ø) < >254ANDPEEK (6 528Ø) <>126THEN112Ø 1130 COLOR2, 3: SCREENØ, 1: PCLS3: RE TURN 1140 " *** GAME OVER 1150 LINE(80,0)-(110,20), PRESET, BF:LINE(76,95)-(170,80), PRESET, B 1160 SCREEN1,1:DRAW"S4;C5;BM86,8 2; L6; D1Ø; R6; U4; NL2; BM+4, +4; U8; E2 ;R2;F2;D4;;NL4;D4;BR4;U10;F2;R2; E2; D1Ø; BR4; NR6; U6; NR4; U4; R6; BR16 ;R6;D1Ø;L6;U8;BM+1Ø,-2;D8;F2;R2; E2; U8; BR4; NR6; D4; NR4; D6; R6; BR4; U 10;R4;F2;D2;G2;L2;F4" 117Ø POKE65494.Ø 118Ø IFPEEK(6528Ø)<>254ANDPEEK(6 528Ø) < >126THEN118Ø 1190 IF SC>HS THEN HS=SC 1200 POKE65495,0:SCREEN0,1:GOTO2





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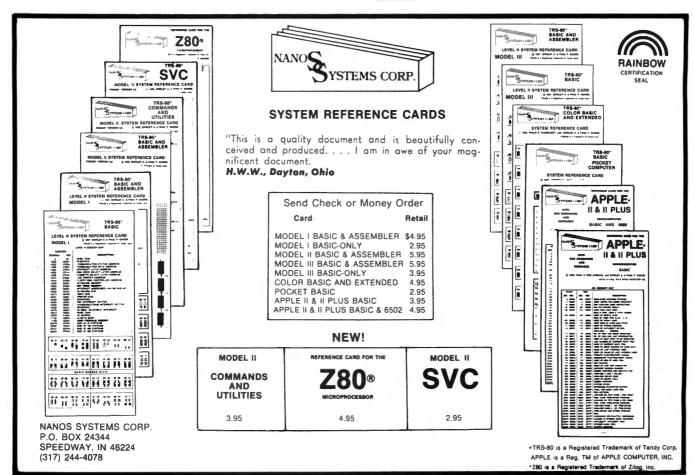
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REVIEW-HUMBUG

by Ralph Tenny PO Box 545 Richardson, TX 75080



The most basic tool available for the assembly language programmer is the debug monitor program. Depending upon the capabilities of your debugger, freshly written programs can be simply tested for operation, or, with a really good debug monitor the program can be patched, run in breakpoint or single-step mode, and analyzed thoroughly. Compared with the clumsy and inefficient operations available with BASIC, the debug monitor is almost a miracle.

HUMBUG is an exceptionally complete and well written assembly language debug monitor for the Color Computer. 32 two character commands operate in a straight forward manner, requiring no ENTER key (typical of 6809-based monitors). The user is prompted for any required parameters, and illegal commands or non-hex parameters cancel the entry. HUMBUG requires 4K of read-write memory anywhere in the machine and is totally position independent. It can reside in ROM, and then uses approximately 60 bytes of read-write memory for workspace and 256 bytes for separate stacks.

Let's examine the commands available from HUMBUG, so we can more fully appreciate what all it can do for us:

to a line with each line's starting address printed.
Al ASCII Input. Allows direct ASCII data

AD Formatted ASCII dump, sixteen bytes

input from keyboard into memory.

AO ASCII Output. Memory contents are

AO ASCII Output. Memory contents are dumped to the screen in ASCII format.

AT Analyze Tape. Analyze Color Computer format tapes and list program name, type of program or data, where in memory it loads, number of bytes and whether it is in ASCII format.

BA Set baud rate to one of five standard speeds.

BR Breakpoint set/reset. Up to four breakpoints can be set or reset, giving exceptionally flexible breakpoint operation.

CO Continue program operation in either breakpoint or single step mode.

CS Checksum is computed over a specified memory area.

DE Disassemble. Object code is dumped in assembly format.

EN End of tape. Sends "S9" over serial port to signal end of S1-S9 checksummed transmission.

FI Find a specified one, two, or three byte number and prints all memory locations

106 CCN Feb '83 106

Humbug

where the number is found.

FM Fill specified memory range with a specified character.

HD Hex Dump. Prints a memory dump in hexadecimal, with eight bytes per line and each line preceded by the start address for that line.

HE Help. Prints a menu of commands.

JU Jump. Execute another program with a jump to its start address.

LO Load tape. Upload from another computer over serial port using Motorola S1-S9 checksummed format.

MC Memory compare. Compare two specified memory areas (such as to verify a data move).

ME Memory examine/change. Examine and/or change memory contents from keyboard.

MH Move HUMBUG. Move HUMBUG to another read-write memory location.

MM Move memory. Copy a block of memory to a specified location.

MT Memory test. Performs a simple non-destructive memory test.

MV Memory view. Display any 512 byte block of memory which starts on an even 512 byte memory boundary.

PR Printer. Toggle printer on or off.

PU Punch tape. Send data over serial port in Motorola S1-S9 checksummed format.

RC Register change. Used with RE command to examine and change contents of the 6809 processor registers.

RE Register examine. Prints the contents of all 6809 registers as maintained in the user stack following a breakpoint or single step operation.

RT Remote terminal. Allows the computer to be controlled by a remote computer or terminal, or to control a remote computer or terminal.

SA Save to cassette. Essentially identical to the BASIC CSAVEM command.

SI Serial input. One of three commands used with a remote terminal.

SS Single step. Operate machine language programs one instruction at a time, thus allowing the user to visually trace program operation. Will not work with programs in ROM, and cannot be used in time critical assembly language programs involving software timing loops.

ST Start single step operation.

TF,TH Set terminal mode to full or half duplex operation.

WH Where is HUMBUG? Locate current version of HUMBUG after use of MH command.

Almost any reasonably experienced Color Computer user will be able to learn how to use HUMBUG quickly, thanks to a 30 page handbook which provides a full listing and covers HUMBUG operation in great detail. In addition, there are instructions and commentary on memory usage, compatibility with BASIC and how to protect HUMBUG when BASIC is running. This documentation is superb and very thorough, especially considering the low price.

experienced assembly language programmer will derive the most benefit from this program, but any diligent user assembly learn to programming will derive much from regular use of the program and careful study of the documentation. In particular, the full listing allows study of virtually all modes of 6809 programming. and the abundance commands allows a much more thorough understanding of what is happening.

HUMBUG is available for \$39.95 from STAR-KITS, PO Box 209, Mt. Kisco, NY 10549. If you have a Radio Shack disk system, load the tape in the usual fashion, SAVEM it to disk, and run it from there.

I heartily commend STAR-KITS for furnishing a full listing of HUMBUG and for facing the software piracy issue head on. In effect, they say "Here's how to copy HUMBUG; don't give copies away or we will sue you!" Since the user has the listing and very complete documentation, he will derive maximum value from his investment, and the software is much more durable and valuable.

CCN TIP

The following program will disable the break B kev:

10 FOR X=&HF8 TO &HFE: READ A:

POKE X,A: NEXT X
20 FOR X=&H19A TO &H19C: READ A:
POKE X.A: NEXT X

30 DATA 50,98,28,175,126,173,165

40 DATA 126,0,248

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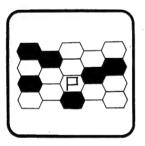
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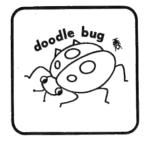
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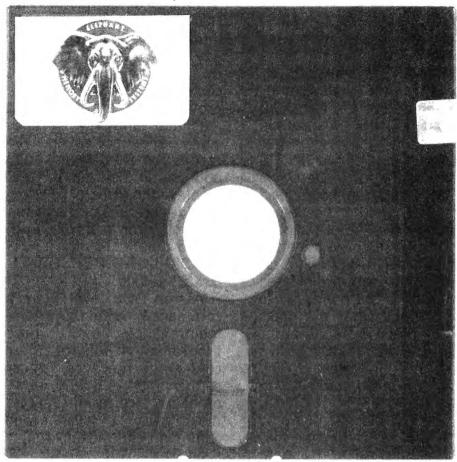
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CCMD Review

By Andrew Hubbell



CCMD+, produced and marketed by Cer-Comp, is a disk operating system, (DOS) for the Radio Shack Color Computer utilizing Tall Grass Technologies' disk controller. Physically the system consists of a circuit board approximately 6 inches by 4 inches. One end of the board plugs into the Rom Pac expansion slot on the side of the computer, while the other end has an edge connector structured for the attachment of a cable running to one or more disk drives. The disk drive(s) and connecting cable must be obtained separately you can order them from Cer-Comp along with the controller, use Radio Shack's Color Disk cable and drive, or obtain them from another source, several of which have advertisements in this magazine. In my case, I am using a Heathkit H-17 dual disk drive unit. I had to obtain a cable separately and reprogram the drive jumper plugs, since Heath normally uses different connectors and drive select signals, but the modifications required conform to standard Radio Shack usage for the Models I and II, as well as the Color Computer, so my local computer dealer was able to provide all the necessary parts and information. With these modifications installed, I plugged in the board, turned it on, and started to run. No problems. I have since discovered, however, that the disk drive cable plugs into the CCMD+9 circuit board upside down when compared to Radio Shack's controller. If you do attach it the wrong way, your disk drives will start to run continuously as soon as the equipment is powered up. It doesn't hurt the equipment, but I would recommend testing first without a disk in the drive. If you get it wrong the first time, just power down and switch it around.

A couple points should be noted about the Tall Grass/Cer-Comp controller board: First, it comes without a case. The equipment runs fine and I have had absolutely no problems from dust, fingers, or anything else contacting the components. However, it does generate some interference with my television, so I am currently looking for a shielded case in hopes of eliminating this problem. Cer-Comp has just recently come out with an optional plexi-glass case, and, though I doubt that its really necessary, I will

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probably order one soon just to feel more secure.

The second point is that this system uses hard sectored diskettes. (These are the same size as the soft sectored variety used by Radio Shack, but have 11 index holes rather than just 1. This locks the system into a 10 sector per track format. CCMD + 9's double density is achieved by using 51 bytes per sector, as opposed to Radio Shack's 256 bytes per sector). Although there is generally no price difference between hard and soft sectored floppies, the hard sectored variety are not as readily available. For me, the nearest vendor of hard sectored media is 50 miles away, while I have several local sources for obtaining soft sectored diskettes (including two Radio Shack stores) at up to 40% less. I can, of course, order the disks from Cer-Comp, or any of several mail-order houses, at a better price, but that wouldn't help if I ever need one right away. The difference in media also guarantees that you will not be able to use any D.E.B. compatable disks under CCMD + 9. You may be able to dump the programs to tape and reload under the other system or transmit from one CC to another via the RS-232 ports, but no one will be coming out with a translator program which will read one system's disks while operating under the other. Products like FLEX and OS9, which incorporate their own disk drivers, are simply not available unless/until somebody specifically writes them for CCMD+9.

CCMC+9's software exists essentially on two levels, DOS and BASIC. If you have Extended Basic, as I do, your machine will start at the DOS level. Without Extended Basic, you must first EXEC 49152 to install the CCMD+9 software into your operating system. Typing BASIC at the DOS level returns you to the control of the BASIC ROMs with CCMD+9's additional commands now available.

The BASIC level commands, which may be used either in command mode or within a BASIC program, tend to be rather limited. Essentially they extend the cassette functions to disk. LOAD, SAVE, and OPEN are rather obvious extensions. INPUT, PRINT, EOF, and CLOSE may now be used with positive values to reference disk files. 110 CCN Feb '83

Two new commands are CHAIN (LOAD and RUN a BASIC program) and REWIND (close a file and reopen it for input). Additionally, any of the DOS level commands can be used by passing it as a CDOS (Call DOS) command string. However, there are no provisions for random access files or machine language programs. The latter could be loaded, saved, and, in some cases, run at the DOS level, but since the EXEC address is neither passed to BASIC nor displayed in directory listings, I have to keep a manual record of it and feed it in to use the program. For example, to play BERSERK, I would type:

CDOS''LOAD BERSERK''

EXEC&H600

At the DOS level there are a number of commands available for handling disk maintenance and machine language programs. A few of them can be a bit confusing, however, since they have the same names as BASIC level commands (but, of course, different results). Probably the most scary is NEW. Under BASIC this command initializes the BASIC program space in RAM. Under CCMD+9's DOS, however, this command initializes a disk. I haven't made a mistake with it yet, but it is possible to do so. LOAD and SAVE at the DOS level refer to machine language programs. (In fact, the DOS can not directly locate a BASIC binary formatted program, which can be a real nuisance when I want to REMOVE one from disk). GOTO and GOSUB can be used to transfer control to a machine language program or subroutine, or even into the ROMs. CHANGE will change a program name. ANALYZE is used to display the disk directory, and BASIC returns you to BASIC ROM control. OK checks files for errors. SCMP toggles control of automatic readback check on disk writes. STRACK alters the logical (though not the physical) characteristics of a disk drive, and can be used to experiment or achieve compatibility with other equipment. Disk drive selection is accomplished by following a command with :N, where N is the number of the desired drive, or the name (up to six characters) of a disk. Incidentally, as I found out by making a few spelling errors, any of these commands can be abbreviated by its

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first two letters. Subject to this complication, (ie. typing BACKUP gets you BASIC) any command not within the standard set is interpreted as begin the name of a machine language program to be loaded from disk and executed.

The disk directory format consists of: Program name and extension, sector count, link address (used only if a file is fragmented), (RAM) load address and end address, and disk address of the first sector. The program name is limited characters, or a slash terminating the name, function as "wild cards", causing some of the commands and utility programs to process any program matching the remaining characters on the name/extension. The sector count. link address and disk address are decimal values. RAM while the two addresses hexadecimal. (Most numeric input at the DOS level is also in hexadecimal.) The directory very nicely fills up the 32 character screen, but does not show the EXEC address, even though one is retained on disk with the program. The directory can be dumped to a printer, in this same format, by typing ?AN.

Unfortunately about half of the machine language programs I have seen, both games and utilities, fail to run at the DOS level. In fact, some will not even load at the DOS level. (They can, however, be loaded and run at the BASIC level, using the command sequence mentioned earlier.) CCMD+9 points both the User stack and the Direct Page registers to high RAM, where it maintains its scratchpad, and insists that any program to be run at the DOS level restore these registers to these values. Programs which expect to find the DP register pointing to BASIC's scratchpad on page 0, therefore, fail immediately. Furthermore, CCMD+9 appears to use the IRQ interrupt for its own timing control, and several programs hang-up the when they try to generate sound.

Bill Vergona, at Cer-Comp, is currently developing a newer version of the CCMD+9 DOS which emulates Radio Shack's Disk Extended Basic. I have obtained a preliminary copy, on disk, for review purposes. The finished product should be

available by the time you read this article, but I am not sure just how it will be marketed or whether it will totally replace, or simply extend, the present controller ROM. The version I have at this point is not fully complete, and it seems to have a few bugs in it yet, but overall it seems to run fairly well.

To implement the new DOS, I simply insert the disk and type DSKEXT.U. The CCMD+9 prompt then gives way to Radio Shack's familiar copyright notice, with an interrupt driven clock residing in the upper right corner of the text screen. I don't know how to kill the clock other than by going to a graphics screen the documentation for the new DOS is not developed yet. It is stopped. however, during cassette operations. And. probably, also during disk, keyboard, etc. operations which disable interrupts. SOUND doesn't seem to bother it, Assuming that it works like Cer-Comp's CLOCK utility program, there will be an adjustable parameter which compensates for these occasional short termed lapses.

Under this newer DOS there is only the BASIC level of operation. LOADM and SAVEM handle machine language programs, which can now be EXEC'd after loading without specifying an address. DIR, KILL, and RENAME now manage the disk directory. Some of the R.S. commands, such as BACKUP, COPY, and DISKI are not implemented in the version I have, though they may be included in the finished version. Cer-Comp's Utility Disk, however, does cover these functions. The commands to manage random access files (FIELD, GET, PUT, RSET, LSET, etc.) have implemented, however, and seem to work exactly like the similar commands I have seen on other Radio Shack computers.

The documentation for CCMD+9 tends to be a bit concise, but fairly complete. It contains no reference to the physical aspects of the hardware of connections, but does contain a one or two paragraph description and at least one example of each command. It could benefit from a proofreader since there are occasional spelling and grammar errors, along with repeated or missing words and phrases. Some points of command syntax are not clear on an initial reading, but, working from the examples, I was able

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to get through it all without too much difficulty. A large portion of the manual is devoted to somewhat more technical information about the DOS's internal subroutines and disk interface. Overall, the manual (in fact, the whole system) seems oriented more toward a machine language programmer than a BASIC user. Since the newer, enhanced version of the DOS appears directed more toward BASIC programmers and novice users, this situation may change. It is nice, however, to have the technical information available without having to disassemble ROM's. Bill Vergona also seems guite helpful and willing to share information when questions do arise. Fortunately, he can only be reached in the evening, when the phone rates are lower.

How does CCMD+9 compare with the other DOS's which are available, particularly Radio Shack's Disk Extended Basic? Disk Extended Basic uses 35 track disk drives. CCMD+9, like some of the other non R.S. DOS's allows you to use 40 and 80 track drives, single or double sided. (Of course, higher capacity drives do considerably more.) Its data storage format of 10 sectors per track with 512 bytes per sector yields 200K of storage on a typical 40 track drive or 175K on Radio Shack's Color Disk drives. By allocating file space in sectors instead of granules, the available space is made to go even further. To provide a more meaningful illustration of capacity I loaded a collection of machine language games, ranging in size from 2K to 19K and averaging about 7 or 8K each, onto disk. Under CCMD + 9 I was able to fit the first 28 games on a single disk. Radio Shack's Disk Extended Basic, on the other hand, could hold only 19 of these same games on a disk.

What I like best about CCMD+9, however, is that I do not have to give up all of my cassette based software to use disks. Many of the earlier machine language programs either ORG at \$0600 or utilize a graphics screen at the location. (This was originally the start of "user area" RAM, as documented in the Extended Basic Manual.) Since Radio Shack's Disk Extended Basic now uses this location as the start of its scratchpad, the DOS and ML programs destroy each other. Approximately one half 112 CCN Feb '83

of the games I checked out, and a few of the utilities, simply will not run under D.E.B. CCMD+9, on the other hand, locates its scratchpad at the high end of RAM, and out of the 30 ML games I tested, only Aardvark's Venturer failed to run properly. (I did, however, have to write a short block move header to get Cornsoft's Scarfman onto disk. I also have removed all auto execution headers from the programs. These fixes were required to allow me to make tape backups, as well as to load the programs onto either disk system.) As I mentioned earlier, only about half of these programs can be run at the DOS level. Some of them also fail to run with the new version of the DOS installed apparently in emulating Radio Shack's system Bill Vergona also acquired some of its shortcomings. (The fact that I have only the preliminary version of the DOS may also be relevant here.) But, at least I can make them run, even if the procedure required is a bit inconvenient.

Although I would expect hard sectored disks to be less sensitive to timing differences between drives than are soft CCMD + 9's sectored ones, encodina technique seems to be even more sensitive than other systems I have seen. I have experienced some difficulty when trying to read disks on a different drive than that on which they were written. Reversing the order of my two drives eliminated loading problems on my computer, but I still have some difficulty reading the disks on someone else's system. Over the course of several months I have lost a few programs (they get a "DCODe" error when I try to load them) for unexplained reasons, but I have always been able to recopy the same program to the same place on the disk with no other ill effects. I do not know enough about Radio Shack's D.E.B. to tell you its reliability rate, but, judging from what I have read in this and other magazines, it certainly doesn't sound any better. With the Model I's I-have worked with, it was not too unusual to lose entire disks, generally as a result of spurious disk writes caused by line voltage transients, static electricity, or turning equipment off while the disk was in the drive. I often forget to pull the disks out before switching power off or on, but have never seen or heard any

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extraneous disk activity under CCMD+9.

In summary, the choice of a particular disk controller and DOS must be made on the basis of each individual's requirements. CCMD+9 is not a perfect system, but it is a viable choice. Compatibility is both its strongest and its weakest feature. At the present time Cer-Comp has more software available for its disk system than Radio Shack though outside does. vendors. including Cer-Comp, will probably tip the balance in Radio Shack's favor. If we include all existing cassette software, however, Disk Extended Basic again falls considerably behind. At the present time I am waiting for Bill Vergona and Cer-Comp to release the new DOS. (Hopefully, it will be an option, rather than the only system.) Unless I decide to run FLEX or OS9, however, I see no need to acquire Radio Shack's disk system.

Editor's Note: After discussing software with Bill Vergona I discovered that Andrew's copy of the documentation didn't include the command "TIME OFF" which turns off the clock display. I also discovered that Bill and Andrew don't agree on the definition of the term Random access.

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TRS80 color

From the January 1981 issue of the CSRA Computer Club newsletter:

There was some amusement at the November meeting when the Radio Shack representatives stated that the software in the ROM cartridges could not be copied. This month's 68 Micro Journal reported they had disassembled the programs on ROM by covering some of the connector pins with tape. They promise details next month. Never tell a hobbyist something can't be done! This magazine seems to be the only source so far of technical informations on the TRS-80 color computer *9. Devoted to SS-50 6800 and 6809 machines up to now, 68 Micro Journal plans to include the TRS-80 6809 unit in future issues.

NOTE: This and other interesting and needed articles for the Radio Shack TRS-80 color computer " are being included monthly in 68 Micro Journal-The Largest specialty computer magazine in the world!

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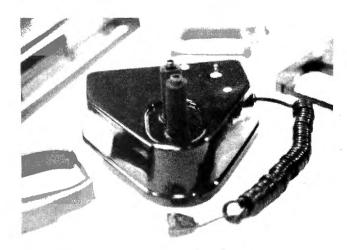
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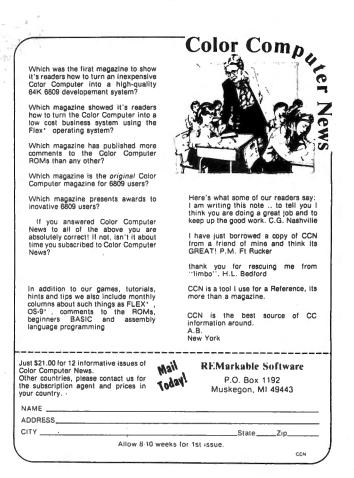


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Multi-User/Multi-Tasking Operating Systems.		
56KB FLEX / OS-9 "SWITCHING" SYSTEM	1	
HARDWARE FEATURES:		
★ 2MHz 6809 CPU	*	DMA Double Density Floppy Disk Controller
★ 56K Static Ram	*	2 Built-in 51/4" 40tr DSDD Disk Drives
★ 2 RS232C Serial Ports		(80 Track DSDD Drive Option add \$400.00)
SOFTWARE FEATURES:		
CMYRIC monitor ELEV Dick Operation	~ 0	Sustam

- ★ GMXBUG monitor FLEX Disk Operating System
- ★ OS-9 LEVEL ONE Multi-tasking operating system for up to 56K of memory

WINCHESTER SUBSYSTEMS

Winchester packages are available for upgrading current **GIMIX** 6809 systems equipped with DMA controllers, at least one floppy disk drive, and running FLEX. OS-9 LEVEL ONE or OS-9 LEVEL TWO. The packages include one or two 19MB (unformatted) Winchester drives, DMA Hard Disk Interface, and the appropriate software drivers. The Interface can handle two 5141 Winchester Drives, providing Automatic Data Error Detection and Correction; up to 22 bit burst error detection and 11 bit burst error correction.

Dual drives can be used together to provide over 30 MBytes of on line storage -- or use one for back-up of the other. (More convenient and reliable than tape backup systems.

Contact GIMIX for systems customized to your needs or for more information. 50 HZ Export Versions Available

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