# January 19 Compared to the second of the sec

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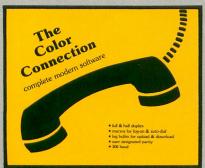
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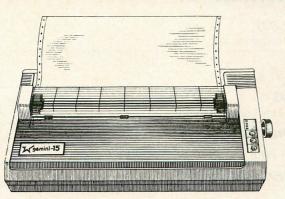
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# **FEATURES**

**12/CC Furniture** by Brian H. Alsop **(Construction)**Neaten up your computer room: we've got the plans to show you how.

**16/Custom Color** by Dennis Kitsz (Hardware) Blow the doors off 64K with a 128K bubble memory upgrade.

32/The Sorcerer's Puzzles II by Richard Ramella (Game)
To be a good sorcerer you must first be a good puzzle solver.

**39/DYE It** by H. Allen Curtis
Add a new graphics command to your programming repertoire.

(Graphics)

46/Damage Report, Mr. Scott by Jamie Tietjen (Game Fix) CC Space Trek for non-disk users.

**48/Family Outing** — **Computer Style** by Tim and Debra Cole (**General**) Observing the Color Computer Club of Youngstown, OH in action.

**52/GOTO Where?** by D.E. Wood
Use this utility to trace your program's routes.

**55/Dissecting Your ROM** by Jake Commander (Tutorial) The first of a 12-part series examining the Color Computer ROM, bit by bit.

**64/What is Color Disk Basic?** by Franklyn D. Miller (Tutorial) A guide to help you decide if Disk Basic is for you before you spend the money.

68/7ounds/ Sounds/ by William Barden Ir

**68/Zounds! Sounds!** by William Barden Jr. Teach your Color Computer to speak up.

(Sound)

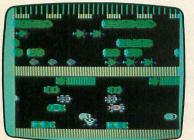
(Utility)



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# **DEPARTMENTS**



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Color Computer Forth and more.

92/NEW:PRODUCT\$

96/END OF FILE

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Unlimited Potential by Charles Freiberg



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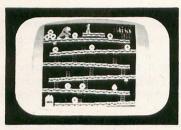
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# **■PEEK** (07,83)



y all means, GOTO 16. One of the first people I called when **The Color Computer Magazine** was in its early planning stages was Dennis Kitsz. My timing was perfect; Dennis had just started work on what became this month's Custom Color article

a bubble memory upgrade designed to turn your Color Com-

puter into a 128K powerhouse.

At first I found the concept difficult to swallow. Dennis has a great, and unique, sense of humor. I didn't know if he was pulling my leg or not. When he mentioned that this one megabit upgrade could be upgraded itself to a full megabyte I knew that not only was Dennis pulling my leg, but that he was tugging hard on my chain as well. But there was something in his tone that advised me to humor him because he was obviously setting me up for some other, more believable Kitsz-style wonder.

"You don't understand what I'm talking about, do you?" he asked me. "Sure I do," I said, "You're trying to tell me that I can laugh even louder next time I see an ad shouting the virtues of the IBM PC, or the Apple micro, because this machine sitting in front of me not only has a better CPU but is also capable of stor-

ing 128K in its internal memory." "Right," he replied.

Of course I'm making a lot of this up. Time has clouded my memory a bit. But it's true that I didn't believe him when he first mentioned the upgrade to me. It's true we both said some nasty things about Apples and PC's. But if I've learned anything about Dennis Kitsz over the years, it's that no one is better qualified to do the impossible than he.

See for yourself: the impossible begins on page 16. By the time you get to the end of the article you'll know everything you need to know about installing 128K of bubble memory into your Color Computer. Jake Commander is hard at work on an operating system which should be ready in a month or two, or by the time you've built the mod, whichever comes first. For the quick among you, Dennis provides enough software to get you going while awaiting wonders from Jake.

We almost put Custom Color in the back of the magazine simply because we knew it would be a difficult act to follow. Instead we opted to put that burden on Richard Ramella. GOTO 32 for the second appearance of The Sorcerer's Puzzles. Our young apprentices finally get to meet the Sorcerer this time

around.

H. Allen Curtis decided that Extended Color Basic needed a new command. GOTO 39 and learn how to create and use the

new command DYE when programming graphics.

The cliche that you can't teach an old dog new tricks doesn't apply to programmers. Jake Commander wrote CC Space Trek (The Color Computer Magazine, June 1983) on a Disk Basic Color Computer. He sent it to me and I ran it on my disk-based system. The graphic tokenization technique Jake used, as it turned out, didn't work on non-disk systems. Like a true programmer, Jake's reaction to the glitch was, "How about that?" It's a good example of what subtle differences between configurations can occur. Technical Editor Jamie Tietjen worked with Jake on the fix and presents it in "Damage Report, Mr. Scott" (GOTO 46). And while we're on the subject of damage reports, Jamie went through our first four issues with a fine-tooth logic probe. The results are the subject of this month's End of File (GOTO 96).

Last month Shawn Jipp told you how to go about forming a Color Computer Users Group. This month, freelance writers Tim and Debra Cole visited one and share their observations with us. GOTO 48 for "Family Outing — Computer Style." It should be noted that if you are a member of a users group, or contemplate starting one, it is your obligation to respect the rights of people who invest their time and money to give you something to do with your computer. Software piracy is not a small matter. Rather than discuss the subject here, in a single paragraph, next month we'll get deeper into the subject in End of File.

GOTO 52 for "GOTO Where?," a utility to help you find all the GOTO references in any Basic program. Then GOTO 55 for "Dissecting Your ROM" by Jake Commander. This article begins a 12-month series exploring your computer's ROM. The whole project began in April when we published Jake's Color Computer Memory Map. In June, Jake shared his disassembler with us. Now that you have all the nitty gritty, Jake will take you deep into the workings of your machine by explaining what all the addresses in your computer's ROM can do for you. Each month Jake will dissect just over 1K, so that after 12 months you'll have a complete reference guide to the entire 16K Color Computer ROM. Neat stuff.

Many people have written us asking about Color Disk Basic: "What's in it?" "How does it work?" and so on. Franklyn Miller attempts to answer your questions in "What is Color Disk Basic?" (GOTO 64).

In past issues William Barden Jr. showed you some nifty ways to create graphics with your Color Computer. This month Bill complements pictures with sounds. GOTO 68 for "Zounds! Sounds!"

REVIEW\$ begin with a comparison of versions of Color Computer Forth written by Forth aficionado Gregg Williams. GOTO 79 for Forth and other reviews.

And don't forget to enter The Color Computer Magazine Summer Programming Project for your share of over \$6000 worth of Color Computer prizes. GOTO 24 for details

K.L. Editor



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Managing Editor Debra Marshall

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Art Director
Illona M. Jennings

Technical Editor Jamie Tietjen

Review Editor Terry Kepner

Contributing Editors
William Barden Jr.
Jake Commander

Dennis Kitsz
Technical Consultants

Paul Detwiler Steve Odneal

Art Production
J.L. Patterson
Rod McCormick
Cathi Leavitt
Kathleen Chmelewski
Arnie Hoffman

**Publisher** James S. Povec

**Advertising Director** 

David J. Ezequelle (207) 236-9621 Highland Mill Camden, ME 04843

Circulation Director Lori A. Hellevig

Subscriber Relations
Judith B. Simonton

Controller John Delile Pam Gertner, Assistant

Office Manager Faith H. Jones Bonnie Hellevig, Assistant

> Typist Paula Whittet

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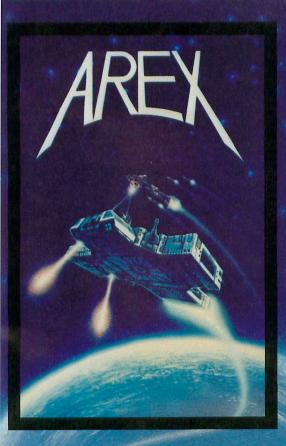
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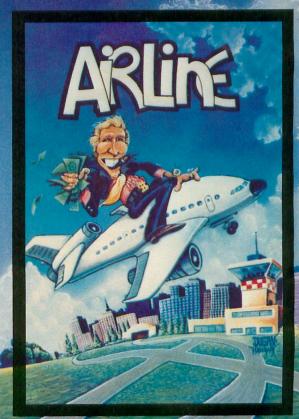
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## 16K Field of Honor

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computing public.

We have experimented with a few of the programs and have found a way to fit the Field of Honor program into a 16K machine without losing the musical presentation.

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- 5 REM BY SCOTT NORMAN
- 10 CLS:CLEAR250:DIM MM(6,5):PRINT@137, "FIELD OF HONOR";
- 35 PLAY "XA\$;"
- 45 PLAY "XB\$;"
- 55 PLAY "XC\$;"
- 65 PLAY "XD\$;"
- 210 FOR T=1TO1500:NEXT
- 1055 IFC<1ORC>5THEN 1050

Fred Wohlstein & Friend Greenfield, IN

# Disk Registers

In reference to Custom Color, May 1983, Dennis Kitsz forgot to mention one other address in the Radio Shack disk controller. In addition to the four disk-controller registers, \$FF48, -9, -A, and -B, there is a 'write-only' eightbit latch on the controller board that is addressed at \$FF40. You cannot read the contents on the latches, but be assured that if you tried to write to that address you would get some surprises from your disks. There is also the 'phantom' address of \$FF50 as Dennis explains in his article.

I have nothing but the highest praise for your excellent publication. Keep up the good work.

Ronald J. Uncapher Ortonville, MI

# Programs and Eyesight

I hope with this letter to register vehement complaint about the presentation of program listings in The Color Computer Magazine. Too many of them are printed too small for easy reading.

Robert P. Lockhart Martinez, CA

Deciding on what size to reproduce program listings was not easy.

At first we used other computer magazines as our guide and reduced the listings accordingly. Either the other magazines have readers with better eyesight than ours, or they're ignoring a lot of mail.

After trying various formats we've settled on what you see in this issue. All Basic listings are printed in a 32-character width, and reduced to fit in no less than half a page. Background tints have been reduced to enhance readability. Machine language listings posed a different problem. They can go on forever. To reduce them to

a reasonable size, without causing eyestrain, we've opted to turn them sideways taking advantage of the page's greater width. See Jake Commander's article on page 55.

We hope this helps. — Eds.

## **Education Notice**

Cognitec is willing to donate copies of its early Telewriter version to schools or charitable institutions. If you are interested send a letter to Mr. Howard Cohen at Cognitec. Supplies are limited, and you may have to pay postage and handling.

Paul Kimmelman Norton, OH

Dr. Kimmelman will be joining
The Color Computer
Magazine's staff next month
as Education editor — Eds.

The May review section inadvertantly listed The Stripper as available only from Spectrum Projects. Produced by Eigen Systems, it is available through Spectrum Projects and other vendors. — Eds.

# Doing Their Highland Thing

One reason why this magazine's So colorful (!) with news, Is due to where it's published. Do its offices sport views Of thriving, bustling city life? Not quite! One sees, instead, A peaceful country town. (Is that A billy goat ahead?)

For, high atop America (Yep, way up there in Maine), There thrives a tiny berg, whose name Was Camden-on-the-Plain. T'was shortened just to Camden, Since the great Atlantic Ocean Is right upon the doorstep of This rugged Land o' Goshen!

A quite unlikely home for our Computer magazine?
Well, not to hear its staff and crew!
They find their hamlet keen!
Who'd argue? For a very seasoned
Viewpoint is provided
By leathery old 'Sea Salts' who've
In Camden long resided!

A stronger 'business' reason why The magazine is there? The weather? No that can't be it! 'Tis blustery, all year! Is this 'remote' location some Advanced computer center? I doubt it! All the area schools Are ones just fish can enter!

So why did 'Color Computer' locate there? The Camden type of place Is one where you can work, and play, At — more or less — your pace. The traffic will not hassle you. (There really isn't much!) You seem to have more time to think, And contemplate, and such...

Thus there, in Camden's Highland Mill, Computing, writing, printing, The staff resides. From what I've read, They've clearly not been stinting! The editorial quality Is excellent and more! It pays to be a stone's throw from A real live general store!

Michael H. Shadick Minneapolis, MN

Ayuh, thanks Mike. — Eds.



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37617 Grade 5 35356 Grade 6 35312 Adult

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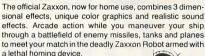
from Programmer's Guild

Awesome text adventure for novice or experienced. The Wizard's Tower, last of the surviving fortresses, is a catacomb to the omnipresent undead spirit of Blackheart Flamethrower. Enter if you dare, but don't expect to emerge alive!

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# ZAXXON

from DataSoft



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# VOYAGER I

from Avalon Hill

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29012 16K Tape \$19.95

# GHOST GOBBLER

from Spectral Associates

In this new and exciting version of the popular arcade game, use your joysticks to move your Ghost Gobbler through the maze, eating dots and power pills to score points. 8 bonus shapes, super sound, and 16 skill levels. Extended BASIC required; joysticks.

22611 16K Tape \$21.95

# SCEPTER OF KZIRGLA

from Rainbow Connection Software
Real-time graphics adventure game with arcade sound for the color computer. 13 floors of dungeon with monsters, treasure chests, hidden trap doors... even a flying magic carpet! All in your quest to find the Scepter of Kzirgla. Whatever you do, don't get caught in the poisonous gas cloud! Extended BASIC required.

26514 16K Tape \$19.95 26525 16K Disk \$21.95 Also, Conquest of Kzirgla 27199 16K Tape \$21.95 36537 32K Disk \$26.95

# Programmer's Corner

# COLOR COMPUTER DISASSEMBLER

by Jake Commander from Interpro

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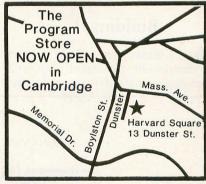
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# **CC Furniture**

Do something nice for your computer, build it a home.

by Brian H. Alsop

OW THAT YOU HAVE a computer, monitor, disk drive, cassette recorder and piles of tapes, how can they be stored?

My solution is a cart that can be wheeled about. You can roll all of the above components from place to place by disconnecting a power cord and printer cable. Photo 1 shows the finished product. The cost should be less than \$75

# **Building It**

Figure 1 shows four views of the cart and component placement; Figure 2 shows approximate dimensions for the various pieces. Cut them slightly oversize and hand fit as necessary. These dimensions are for my components, so tailor them to your own needs. The dimensions aren't critical, but make sure the monitor rests at eye level when you're seated and the keyboard should be at a comfortable height. Make sure the shelves don't interfere with your knees or ankles.

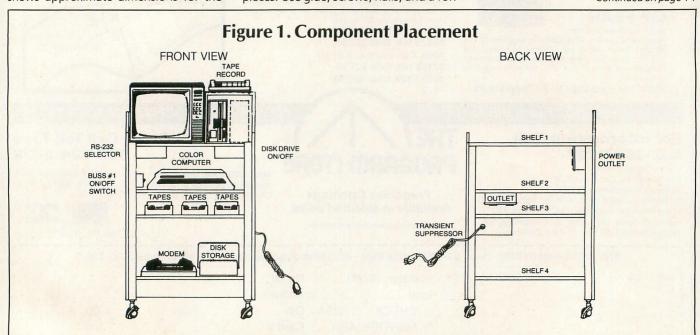
The top shelf is not as deep as the second shelf, to permit easy access to the keyboard. Similarly, the third shelf is only a portion of the depth to permit installation of electrical outlets under shelf two. I used half-inch plywood for all shelves and sides and two-by-two's for structural pieces. Use glue, screws, nails, and a few

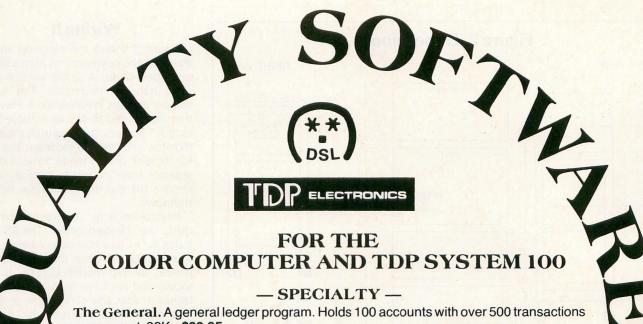
angle brackets to assemble the pieces.

I determined the cutout position for the disk drive ROMpak after assembly. A good set of casters allows the cart to roll over deep pile rugs. Cover the plywood edges with quarter-round and screen door trim. I made the disk drive box separately and installed it with screws. The box sides are plywood. For the top and bottom pieces use 3/4 inch shelf board. Glue three small trim pieces to the top of the shelf to prevent the cassette recorder from walking.

How you finish the cart is up to you; remember to seal it with varnish to keep sawdust out of your computer.

Continued on page 14





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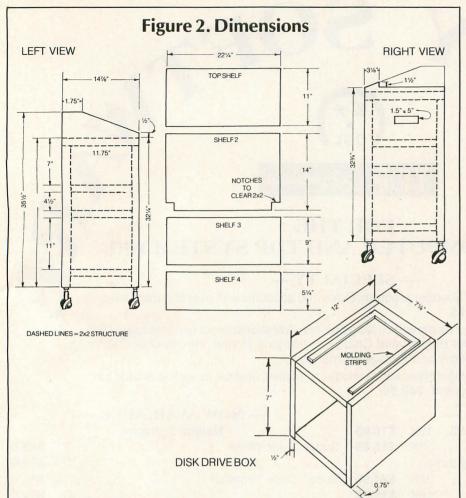
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# Wiring It

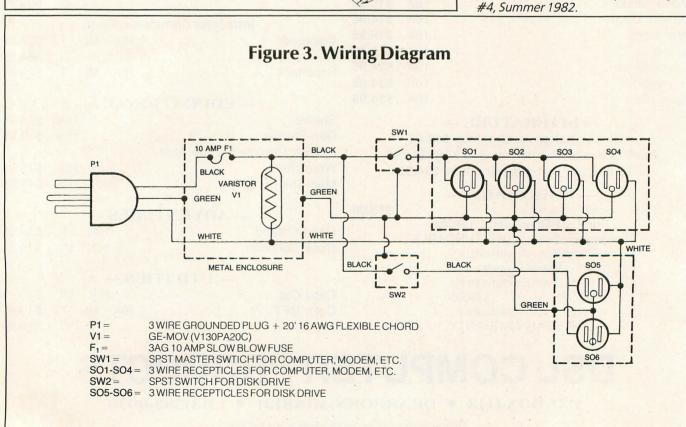
Figure 3 shows the electrical wiring diagram; the power comes from a single grounded cable. A single varistor provides transient protection. This surge stopper appears in Reference 1. Power is then distributed to two switchable buses. Bus 1 services the computer, modem, monitor, and cassette recorder; bus 2 is for the disk drive. I made the disk drive separate from the rest to remind me to remove the disk from the drive before shutdown.

Interconnections between components use standard cables. The RS-232 outlet is fed to a homebrew switch box to select the printer or the modem. The printer, an old model 33 TTY, is not shown and is connected via a long detachable cable. One of my future projects is to make this link wireless by using a pair of discarded CB walkie-talkies.

Placement of the cassette recorder is important. TV's generate interference that can get into your cassette recorder and cause I/O errors. To test for this problem, remove the earphone jack and turn up the volume. If your TV is radiating into the recorder you will hear a buzz. Locate the recorder to minimize this pickup.

With this cart it's easy to move my computer to wherever I want.

Reference 1. H.Friedman, "Surge Stopper", Radio Electronics Special Projects



# ABSOLUTELY RELECTION

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rise from the seabottom. But the danger doesn't stop there — overhead, surface destroyers lace the water with depth

charges; below, deadly attack bases and arcing lasers cut a killing swath that could reduce your sub to bubbling slag. But even these potentially lethal perils are dwarfed by the awesome menace that awaits you at the course's end.

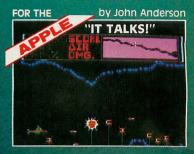
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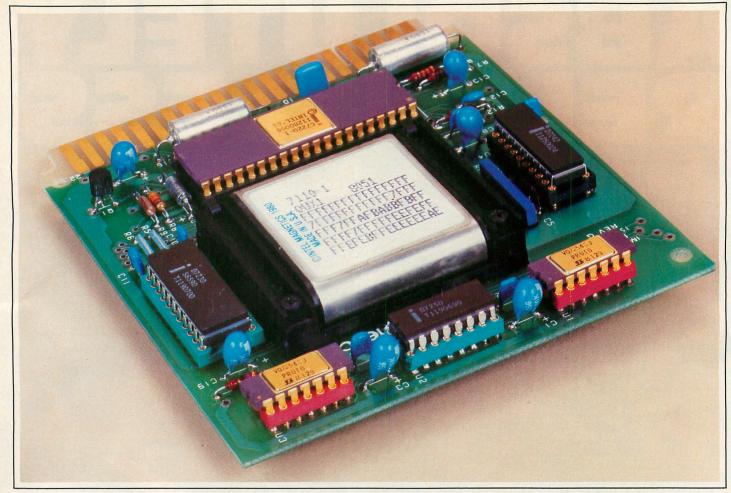


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# **Custom Color**

Try 128K bubble memory on for size.

by Dennis Kitsz

'LL TELL YOU right from the start: This project is expensive. But, yes, this project is worth it. Surprisingly, it isn't complicated, but it's more sophisticated than any other peripheral for your Color Computer. What is it? The longheralded, and finally accessible, bubble memory.

This month's article contains a lot of technical information, and if you are one of those folks who thought integrated circuits were at last beginning to make sense, get ready for an entirely new world of technology. Although bubble memory can be made to act like an ordinary computer device, it bears little electronic resemblance to familiar circuitry. It uses mysterious concepts such as "magnetic domains," and refers to coils and chevrons and synthetic garnet.

Nevertheless, you can build this

month's bubble memory project and avail yourself of 128K bytes of thoroughly crash-free storage. Before you heat up those soldering irons, though, let's talk theory.

# Mysteries of the Bubble

We've all played with magnets, and you can probably remember those days in science class when you slipped a piece of paper over a horseshoe magnet and dumped iron filings on the paper. Some stood up; others huddled together, forming elegant magnetic patterns on the paper. These are the familiar north-south representations of magnetic force. Yet at the minute, molecular, crystalline level, magnetism behaves curiously. A thin wafer of matter has its magnetic po-

larities flattened out; random, poorly differentiated areas of magnetism are found floating through the wafer. If an external magnetic field is created above and below the thin material, the magnetic areas attempt to come to attention, forming somewhat more regular (but smaller), pools. You might consider it akin to patterns of vegetable oil on the surface of a pot of water. As the oil breaks into smaller puddles, the puddles increase in regularity. If the puddles of oil are broken up vigorously, they become tiny, even circles. Likewise, when the magnetic forces above and below the thin wafer of matter (garnet crystal, in this case), are made strong enough, the magnetic areas form tiny, regular bubbles. These regular bubbles can be tamed, and, by alternating the character Continued on page 19

# **Technical Background**



Figure A. Magnetic bubbles are formed in a thin film of certain crystalline materials as the external magnetic field is increased.

Figure B. Bubbles are propagated around asymetrical chevrons by a rotating magnetic field; the bubbles move with the field from an area of lesser magnetism to an area of greater magnetism.

The magnetic bubble memory is a unique solid-state storage technique, combining a century-old technology of electromagnetic wire coils (for bubble motion), analog sensing (for reading the bubbles), familiar but recent digital electronics (for interfacing), and a thin film of magnetic material (where the bubbles themselves exist).

Intel's "Primer on Magnetic Bubble Memory" (available at no charge from the Intel Literature Department, 3065 Bowers Avenue, Santa Clara, CA 95051), describes magnetic bubble memory this way:

"A magnetic bubble memory stores data in the form of cylindrical magnetic domains in a thin film of magnetic material. The presence of a domain (a bubble), is interpreted as a binary 1, and the absence of a domain is a 0. Bubbles are created from electrical signals by a bubble generator within the memory, and reconverted to electrical signals by an internal detector.

"Externally the memory is TTL-compatible.

"An external rotating magnetic field propels these cylindrical domain bubbles through the film. Metallic patterns or chevrons deposited on the film steer the domains in the desired directions. Transfer rates, once started, are in the tens of thousands of bits per second, but because the data circulates past a pickup point at which it becomes available to the outside world, there is a latency averaging tens of milliseconds before data transfer can begin.

"In these respects, magnetic bubble memories are serial high-density storage devices like electromechanical disk memories. However, in a disk, the stored bits are stationary on a moving medium, whereas in the magnetic bubble memory the medium is stationary and the bits move." This is an excellent summary, although it's hard to imagine exactly what the bubbles are and how they

Magnetic materials — that is, materials which can be magnetized — contain random patterns of magnetic areas called domains. Domains are present in wrenches and cassettes, screws and loudspeakers. By magnetizing this material, the domains can be forced into patterns pointing in one direction. These large domains don't themselves move, but in a sense reorganize in a common direction. The material is then considered magnetized.

In very thin films of some kinds of crystalline matter (less than onethousandth of an inch thick), the magnetic domains are all perpendicular to the wider expanse of the film (Figure A). That is, their poles are oriented toward either the top or bottom surfaces of the crystal wafer. At this point (before being magnetized), since because of the thinness of the wafer they seem to have no third dimension, their linear shape can be described as snakelike. By creating a permanent magnet sandwich above and below the wafer, four stages of magnetization can be made to occur. Under a weak magnetic field, all the perpendicular magnetic domains will orient their polarity in one direction—all the snakes will "belly up." As the external field is increased, the domains will shrink in width and length. An even stronger field will cause the domains to contract into cylinder shapes (which look like bubbles from above). At the extreme, the bubbles will disappear completely as the entire crystal wafer becomes evenly magnetized at its surface.

It is the third, cylindrical state which is important. This bubble domain can

be made to move from an area of less magnetism to an area of greater magnetism. Intel's technique for bubble motion involves depositing asymetrical, V-shaped magnetic patterns (chevrons) on the surface of the thin film (Figure B). By means of rotating the magnetic field (by changing the current pulses in a pair of perpendicular electromagnetic coils surrounding the wafer), the bubble is forced to follow the magnetism induced in the chevron. The bubble is led around the chevron from its thick side to its thin side. As the magnetic field continues to rotate, the bubble finds itself at the end of the "V" leg with nowhere to go. It begins to stretch out, and the bubble is plucked from the thin chevron leg by the stronger field of the neighboring thick chevron leg. It continues around the new chevron, as the pattern repeats itself. The bubbles move.

Reading the moving bubbles is similar to reading the data from a disk. The bubbles are first replicated (split into duplicates) and placed on an output loop. A magnetoresistive detector — similar to a tape recording head — senses the moving bubbles and sends the information through amplification and shaping circuitry. The sense amplifiers and other external ICs organize the information into data usable by a microprocessor.

Writing data to a bubble involves taking new bubbles created at the input loop, and swapping tracks with an existing loop. The previous loop is then bumped out the end of the input track, where it is lost. The new data continues in the storage loop.

Bubble memory is unique because it is said to be non-volatile; at first it is difficult to understand why. The answer lies in the fact that permanent magnets are an integral part of the bubble memory package, keeping the magnetic domains upright and in place. If power fails, the only change to the existing situation is that the fluctuating electromagnetic field pulses which move the bubbles around simply stop. If data is being read at the time, it is merely a duplicate residing in the output track, not the original. If data is being written, only the swap time — a few microseconds - is critical. Power-fail detection circuitry keeps the swap going until it is complete.

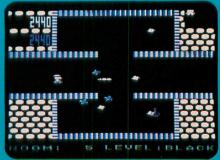
Bubble memory is so stable, in fact, that you can remove the bubble from its socket when you are finished with it and take it with you.

# Who says all the good games are for somebody else's computer?

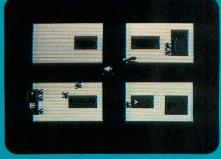




PROTECTOR III

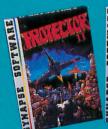


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Continued from page 16

of the magnetism nearby, they can be jostled around the crystal in a predictable manner. In fact, with just the right amount of bumping, the bubbles can be made to resemble nothing less than binary information!

Not convinced? Well, I guess I'm skeptical too, but bubble memories are just too expensive to chop up to see what's inside. My sales brochure from Intel Corporation has lots of pretty pictures of bubble memories being created by white-clothed lab techs, so for now I'll just accept that as true.

The technological trick to bubble memory is getting the magnetic domains to behave. There are over one million of them to keep track of, and unlike disks or other conventional (read that as "reasonable"), devices, it's the bubbles that move while the rest of the device

stays still!

I'm hard put to come up with an analogy for exactly what goes on inside the bubble devices. You can imagine the process as a kind of micro-magnetic slam dancing. You crash into someone just as they turn to the beat, flinging you into someone else. You're the bubble, the someone else is a chevron-shaped pattern of magnetizable material deposited on the surface of the garnet, and the beat is a constantly alternating magnetic field surrounding the whole business. A field of just the right strength can slide a magnetic bubble from one chevron to the next.

What then? Why, the passing bubbles are duplicated into short "loops" to be read by an output track, amplified and shaped into proper digital signals. It's very similar to reading information on a disk, or playing back any kind of magnetic recording. A sense and read amplifier provides this good digital signal to the bubble controller chip — a sophisticated integrated circuit in the same class as disk controllers. The bubble controller assembles the information into bytes, which are provided upon request to the computer.

The data writing process is similar. Information is assembled by the bubble controller, provided to the coil driver amplifiers and power transistors, and embedded in the bubble's reserved input loop or track. At the proper time, the input loop is duplicated (by swapping the magnetic domains), into the selected loop in the main storage area.

All this provides a memory device which is environmentally stable, unaffected by power loss (since the permanent magnets in the bubble are responsible for maintaining the memory), compact (the 128K bubble is 1 1/2 inches square), and significantly faster than disk or tape storage.

# The Color Interface

The circuit described this month allows the TRS-80 Color Computer to be interfaced to an Intel BPK-72 bubble memory prototype kit. Details on purchasing this kit (about \$300), or a complete Color Bubble system, are provided at the end of the article.

Interfacing the BPK-72 to the TRS-80 Color Computer turns out to be a fairly simple hardware task. The bubble controller — the main communication device between computer and bubble requires just two addresses from the computer's memory map, plus the usual reset, read/write and data signals, all available at the Color Computer's cartridge connector. A power supply (5 and 12 volts) is also needed, together with a 4 MHz clock used for bumping along the magnetic domains within the bubble memory system. The rest of the system's operation is handled in the software.

Before beginning this project, please take note of several things:

- The Color Bubble system costs more than the entire computer, and each 128K bubble is an additional \$100 investment. That means it is not an economical replacement for disk storage, but can act most effectively as a kind of extended RAM or fast-access storage compartment for a dozen of your best programs.
- The Color Bubble needs an operating system before it can function. A bubble operating system can be extremely rudimentary or as sophisticated as the best disk operating systems on the market. Jake Commander is working on one that you'll find in The Color Computer Magazine in the next month or so, and is putting finishing touches on The BOSS (Bubble Operating System Software), a high-powered interactive system.
- The Color Bubble is only one part of a coherent system of Color Computer peripherals which are being presented regularly in this column. Hence, the address decoding is taken from the group of phantomed addresses found in the disk area. Refer to Custom Color, April and May 1983 columns for details. In this case the addresses are selected by demultiplexer circuit U5, and provided, through suitable decoding, to the type 7220 bubble controller chip on board the Intel BPK-72 bubble memory kit.

An operating system — or at least a bubble "boot" — must be provided so the unique machine language commands of the bubble controller chip can be embedded in the Color Computer's Basic language. It can be typed in, loaded from

tape, or (best of all), be present in a ROM of some kind. The bulk of the operating system can be contained in the bubble itself, but something must boot that operating system in place when the computer is turned on. Figure 1 is the complete schematic for the bubble interface and for an operating system EPROM (a standard 2716 or 2732 erasable memory).

For those interested in a single-board, hard-wired system — including the I/O port from April and May, and the upcoming EPROM programmer, real-time clock, and other circuits — the select signals (marked W, X, Y, and Z) are ORed for through. Optionally, 74LS139 may be left out of subsequent boards, and the select signals taken from the first board plugged in place (normally the I/O board), or from a motherboard of some kind. Plans for a completely buffered motherboard will be provided in a later column. In the meantime, you can socket the 74LS139 for later removal if you build the motherboard system.

# The Intel Bubble System

The history of bubble memory is filled with starts and stops, of announcements and failures, and of companies investing huge sums of money only to sooner or later drop out of the technological race. Despite several years of research, then, bubble memory is still in its infancy. This in turn leaves a standardization gap to be filled; that, alas, is in the future.

With several competing systems now available — none compatible with any other — I found it necessary to choose only one to work with; I selected National Semiconductor. After two months of work, I opened Electronic Engineering Times to discover that National had dropped its bubble memory division; the telephone number I had used the day before was disconnected. Remaining were Fujitsu and Intel, and a wave of patriotism came over me. I selected the Intel product, which turned out to be stable and reliable, though more expensive than Fujitsu's bubble.

The Intel bubble memory product comes in several forms, including individual components and complete boards and systems. The interface presented in this article connects the Color Computer to the Intel BPK-72 prototype kit. This kit, available from Intel distributors, consists of: a type 7110 one-megabit magnetic bubble memory; a 7250 coil predriver; two 7254 quad VMOS drive transistor arrays (for alternating the pulses in the bubble memory coils); a 7230 current pulse generator; a 7242 formatter/sense amplifier (for reading the boot loop); a

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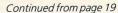
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7220 magnetic bubble memory controller (to interface with the computer); power-fail detection circuitry; a circuit board; and all parts and documentation. Also included are a dummy module, necessary for testing the proper operation of the circuit board before inserting the costly bubble memory itself; and a seed module, needed for re-seeding the bubble if the boot loop information is accidentally erased.

The BPK-72 is fairly straightforward to build, although it is no Heathkit project. Intended as an evaluation board for engineers, the BPK-72 contains a schematic diagram and parts layout, but no stepby-step instructions or construction hints. The process is complicated slightly by a series of changes made to the BPK-72 printed circuit board which were not reflected in the documentation provided with it. Although Intel has promised to update the documentation, as of this writing it remains unchanged. When constructing the BPK-72, then, be aware of the following changes to the Revision H circuit board (Figure 2):

1. C18 has been changed from a ceramic to an electrolytic capacitor of the same value. Be careful to note the correct orientation of this capacitor.

2. R8 has been changed from 12K to 1K.

3. The melt-on socket has been replaced by a screw-down socket.

4. The unidentified parts on the circuit board are:

U8 75463 integrated circuit

3.9K, 1/4w R17 R18 5.6K, 1/4 w

R19 5.1K, 1/4 w

.01 mF, ceramic C20

C21 .01 mF, ceramic

1N914 diode CR1

1N914 diode CR2

To construct the BPK-72, install the sockets, then the small parts, and finally insert all the integrated circuits, except the 7110 bubble. When construction is complete, set the BPK-72 aside and begin work on the interface.

# **Bubble Interface** Construction

You can choose any method for wiring the interface (point-to-point or wirewrap), which is not a complicated task (Figure 1). I recommend using the Radio Shack prototyping boards (276-163 \$4.95 or 276-165 \$9.95), which are more than convenient, since they are made to plug directly into the comput-

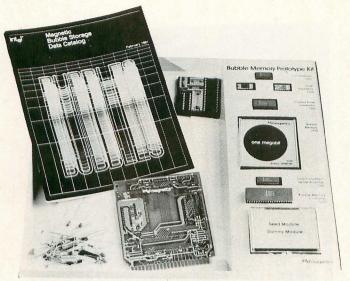


Photo 1. The Intel BPK-72 bubble memory prototype kit contains the complete data, all integrated circuits and test modules, small parts and sockets, and a high-quality printed circuit board.

**Bubble Memory Prototype Kit** Coil Predriver Drive Transistors 7254 Current Pulse Generator 7230 intel magnetics Rubble Memory one megabit BUBBLE MEMORY Dual Formatter/ Sense Amplifier **Bubble Memory** Controller 7220 Seed Module **Dummy Module** 

Photo 2. Complete integrated circuit set provided with the BPK-72 includes the bubble memory, five peripheral chips, bubble memory controllers, and test modules.



Please turn to page 22

intel magnetics

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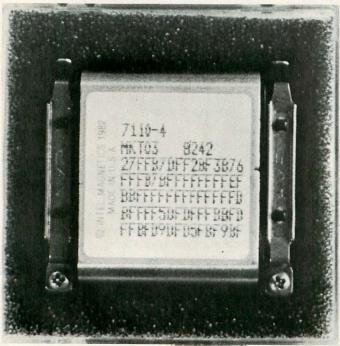
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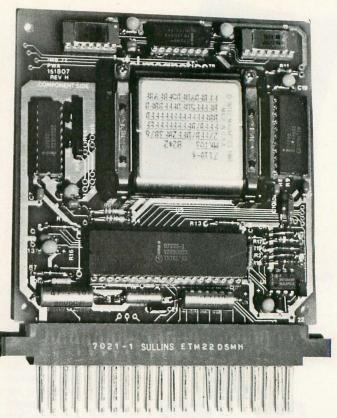
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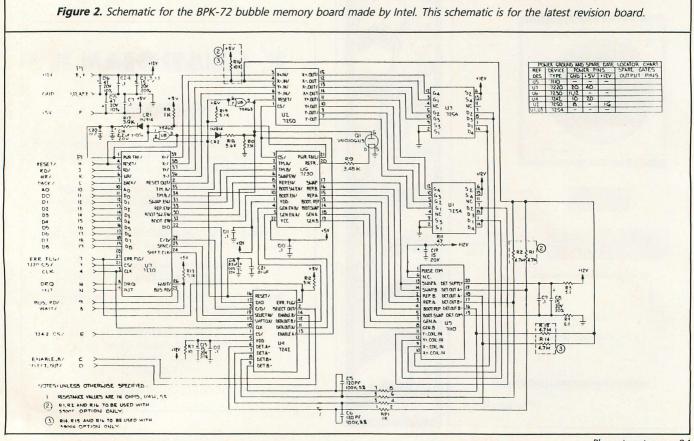
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**Photo 3.** A one-megabit bubble memory, provided with its socket. The information printed on top is a map of the good loops inside the bubble. At this early stage of bubble technology, 25 percent additional bubble loops are provided for redundancy, guaranteeing 100 percent quality of the final memory. Should seed information be erased by the user, the map allows it to be restored using the seed module, for use by the format/sense amplifer.



**Photo 4.** A complete BPK-72 bubble memory board inserted in a 44-pin edge connector. Write circuitry is at the top, read and sense circuitry at the sides, controller at the bottom, and the bubble itself in the center.





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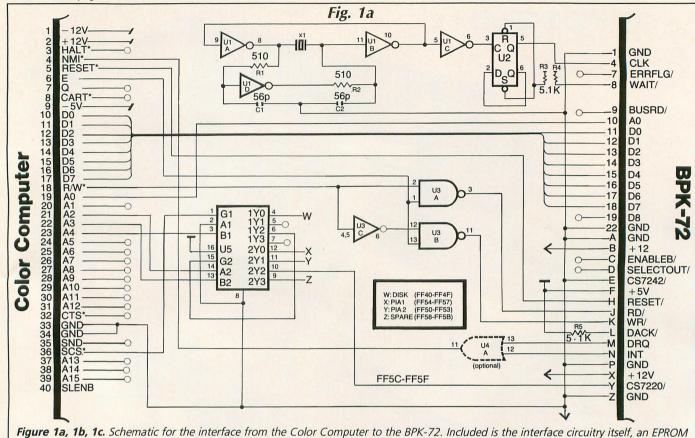
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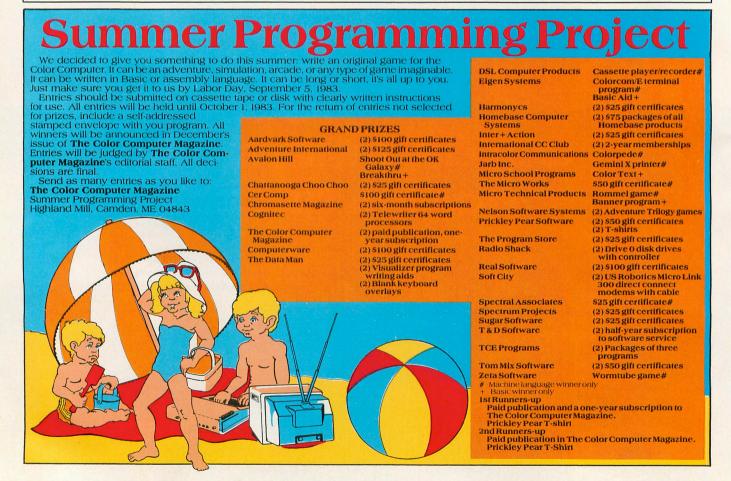
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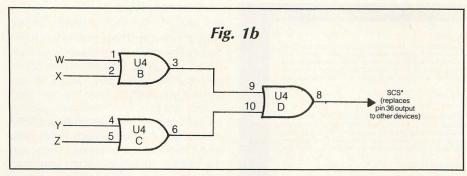


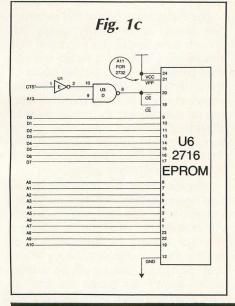
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for containing the bootstrap and system programs, and an optional interrupt signal.









ΑO	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Symbol	Name of Register	Read/Write
1	0	0	0	1	С	C	С	С	CMDR	Command Register	Write Only
1	0	0	0	0	В	В	В	В		Register Address Counter	Write Only
1	s	S	s	s	S	s	S	s	STR	Status Register	Read Only

SSSSSSS = 8-bit status information returned to the user from the STR CCCC = 4-bit command code sent to the CMDR by the user. BBBB = 4-bit register address sent to the RAC by

Table 1. Register addressing of the 7220 bubble memory controller (overview).

		RA	C				
A0	В3	B2	B1	ВО	Symbol	Name of Register	Read/Write
0	1	0	1	0	UR	Utility Register	Read or Write
0	1	0	1	1	BLR LSB	Block Length Register LSB	Write Only
0	1	1	0	0	BLR MSB	Block Length Register MSB	Write Only
0	1	1	0	1	ER	Enable Register	Write Only
0	1	1	1	0	AR LSB	Address Register LSB	Read or Write
0	1	1	1	1	AR MSB	Address Register MSB	Read or Write
0	0	0	0	0	FIFO	FIFO Data Buffer	Read or Write

B3B2B1B0 = 4-bit contents of RAC at the time the user makes a read or write request with A0 = 0

LSB = Least Significant Byte
MSB = Most Significant Byte

Table 2. Register addressing of the 7220 bubble memory controller (detail).

D3	D2	D1	Do	Command Name
0	0	0	0	Write Bootloop Register Masked
0	0	0	1	Initialize
0	0	1	0	Read Bubble Data
0	0	1	1	Write Bubble Data
0	1	0	0	Read Seek
0	1	0	1	Read Bootloop Register
0	1	1	0	Write Bootloop Register
0	1	1	1	Write Bootloop
1	0	0	0	Read FSA Status
1	0	0	1	Abort
1	0	1	0	Write Seek
1	0	1	1	Read Bootloop
1	1	0	0	Read Corrected Data
1	1	0	1	Reset FIFO
1	1	1	0	MBM Purge
1	1	1	1	Software Reset

Table 3. The 16 commands of the 7220 bubble memory controller. For details of the use of the commands, refer to the 7220 data sheet or application notes (packed with the BPK-72 kit). Please turn to page 26

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Continued from page 25

er's 40-pin, 0.1-inch spaced, female edge connector. These boards are highquality fiberglass, and will save you much work. The 2716 EPROM (Radio Shack part number 276-2507, \$6.95) is optional if you wish to have the operating system reside in ROM and save space in the bubble itself. Also, an on-board ROM makes initialization easier, since you won't need to type in or load from tape the bubble operating system bootstrap

The most critical part of this construction project is the power supply. Although quite simple, it is important that this be completely built, tested and verified before either the bubble board or the interface is connected. Wire the power supply as shown in the schematic, but do not connect the power leads to the rest of the circuit. Apply power to the supply and measure the voltages. Verify that the 5 and 12 volt supply sections are putting out the correct voltage.

Important note; It is especially important when working with the Color Computer to have someone else check your work. No matter what you build, have a friend proofread it for you. In my years of writing about computers, I have found that damage is almost always caused when readers don't take the time to proofread their work. Do it. Save yourself the aggravation and me the time it takes to answer your letter.

When the power supply is working, wire the remainder of the interface. If you choose to include the EPROM, wire this section first. If you have an EPROM already programmed with any information at all, put it in the EPROM socket, and insert the interface in the Color Computer cartridge slot. Power up the interface first, then the computer, and PEEK through memory locations starting at \$E000 (57344 decimal) to assure yourself the information is there. Remove the interface and complete the construction.

Again test the unit by inserting the interface, powering up the computer, then the interface, and verifying that all computer operations are normal. If at any time the computer locks up or fails to operate properly, immediately turn it and all peripherals Off! The central processing unit of the Color Computer is unbuffered and delicate; remember to have someone else check your work.

# **Testing Your Bubble System**

By this time you should have a complete, working interface, and an assem-

**Listing 1.** Bubble memory test routine, to be used before insertion of the 7110 bubble memory.

```
10 CLS : PRINT"Bubble Memory Test Routines" : PRINT
20 PRINT"Use the dummy module, not the 7110!" : PRINT
30 D=&HFF5C : S=&HFF5D : REM * D=DATA S=STATUS
40 POKES, 11 : POKED, 1 : POKED, 16 : POKED, 8 : POKED, 0 :
   POKED, Ø : P=PEEK(S) : PRINTP" = current status" : IF
   P=64 THEN PRINT"This value is correct" ELSE PRINT "This
   value should be 64" : REM * Set up 7220 controller
60 GOSLIB 1000
70 ON A GOTO 80,40
80 CLS : PRINT"Beginning next test..."
90 FOR X = 1 TO 40 : POKED, X : NEXT : REM * Fill 7220
   byte buffer
100 P=PEEK(S) : REM * Again check status
110 IF P=41 THEN PRINT"Bubble buffer full; continuing"
    : GOTO120 : ELSE PRINT"Bubble buffer status bad." :
    PRINT"Trying again" : GOTO 90
120 PRINT"Now reading buffer...'
130 FOR X = 1 TO 40 : PRINT PEEK(D); : NEXT : REM * Read
    back bytes from 7220
140 PRINT : PRINT"The above should read 1 to 40"
150 GOSUB 1000
160 IF A=1 THEN 170 ELSE 120
170 PRINT"Initial interface tests complete."
180 GOSUB 1000
190 IF A=1 THEN RUN ELSE END
1000 PRINT" (C) ontinue or (R) epeat Test"
1010 A$=INKEY$ : IF A$="C" OR A$="c" THEN A=1 : RETURN
1020 IF As="R" OR As="r" THEN A=2 : RETURN
1030 GOTO 1010
```

bled BPK-72 bubble memory board with all integrated circuits installed except the 7110 bubble memory itself. Put the dummy module in the socket; note that the socket provided is a newer Augat type that opens by loosening two screws. Lift up the socket locking arms, drop in the dummy module (there is a small notch to guide it to the correct orientation), and relock and screw down the arms.

Connect the boards together and apply power (the boards are not yet hooked to the computer). Verify that the voltages are still correct, and that they are present on the BPK-72 board as noted in the schematic. Remove the power, wait a short time for the capacitors to discharge, insert the complete unit into the computer, power up the computer, power up the interface, and refer to Listing 1.

The listing is a short Basic program that runs the interface and bubble controller through their paces. It will verify the proper operation of the bubble system as a whole by reading from and writing through the controller chip, which cannot operate correctly without: proper addressing from the interface; correct clock frequency from the interface; accurate information from the format/sense amplifier; and a stable power supply.

If it passes this test, you're ready to continue. If not, stop now and recheck all

your work! Here is a quick checklist of places to look:

- Are all solder joints made on both boards?
- Are all wires connected (if you used a wire-wrap or point-to-point technique)?
- Are all solder joints good (shiny)?
- Are the boards inserted straight?
- Is either board inserted backwards?
- Are all ICs inserted in the correct direction?
- Are any pins crushed under ICs?
- Are any pins slipping out the sides of sockets?
- Are ICs in the proper sockets on both boards?
- Does the power supply still test okay?
- Are all resistors installed on the interface?
- Is polarity correct on all BPK-72 electrolytic capacitors?
- Does any part get very hot?

Once you have corrected any prob-

lems, your board should pass the test program, since the interface is simple and the bubble board is extremely reliable. The final step is recommended but not absolutely necessary if your soldering and assembly technique is good; the most damage you can cause is to lose the seed information from the bubble, which is printed on the top of the bubble itself and can be restored at any time. To avoid the possibility of this inconvenience it is wise, before inserting the 7110 bubble memory, to verify that all the coil drive signals are occurring at the proper times and voltage levels. Prepare the program in Listing 2 on an Editor/Assembler (ED-TASM+ or equivalent), or use the Basic program in Listing 3. Running this program will produce a continuous stream of coil pulses, which can then be displayed on an oscilloscope. Figure 3 presents the waveforms that must be visible on the 7110's socket pins.

The details on the interpretation of these signals are found in Intel's application note AP-119, on page 18. This information is provided with the BPK-72 kit, so if your waveforms don't come close to those shown in the figure, be sure to refer to this note. If everything checks out fine to this point, you're ready to use the bubble memory.

# What's It Good For?

When considering this project I asked myself, why would anyone want to spend \$350 or more to have bubble memory? Why not just have a disk drive for the same price?

The most important answer for me is experience: What have I done over time with my two Model I disk drives?

Actually, it turns out I only use one of them in true read/write fashion — drive 0 simply contains all the utilities, such as Electric Pencil, Scripsit, Disk Basic, Superzap, and about 15 others on a write-protected disk. I seldom change the disk; drive 1 gets the workout.

In effect, my bubble memory becomes drive 0. It's 128K can contain your utilities, plus any other frequently used information. Since it is so fast, it acts like you have the programs in RAM. From my per-

**Listing 2.** Assembly listing of control signal waveform generation program, used for testing the BPK-72 timing.

		00100	* A PR	DGRAM TO	CREATE C	COIL DRIVE
		00110	* SIGN	ALS FOR	OSCILLOSC	OPE DISPLAY
		00120	*			
1000		00130		ORG	\$1000	
		00140	*			
1000 86	ØB	00150	START	LDA	#\$@B	
1002 B7	FF5D	00160		STA	\$FF5D	
1005 86	00	00170		LDA	#\$00	
1007 B7	FF5C	00180		STA	\$FF5C	
100A 86	11	00190		LDA	#\$11	Listing continued on page 28
	1000 86 1002 B7 1005 86 1007 B7	1000 1000 86	00100 00110 00120 1000 00130 00140 1000 86 08 00150 1002 87 FF5D 00160 1005 86 00 00170 1007 87 FF5C 00180	20100 * A PR 00110 * SIGN 00120 * 1000 00130 00140 * 1000 86 0B 00150 START 1002 B7 FF5D 00160 1005 86 00 00170 1007 B7 FF5C 00180	00100 * A PROGRAM TO 00110 * SIGNALS FOR 00120 * 1000 0 00130 0 000 000140 * 1000 86 08 00150 START LDA 1002 87 FF5D 00160 STA LDA 1007 87 FF5C 00180 STA	00100 * A PROGRAM TO CREATE D 00110 * SIGNALS FOR OSCILLOSE 00120 * 1000 00130 0RG \$1000 00140 * 1000 86 0B 00150 START LDA #\$0B 1002 B7 FF5D 00160 STA \$FF5D 1005 86 00 00170 LDA #\$00 1007 B7 FF5C 00180 STA \$FF5C

Listing continue	ed from page 27	7			
100C F	B7 FF5C	00200		STA	\$FF5C
100F 8	36 08	00210		LDA	#\$08
1011 E	87 FF5C	00220		STA	\$FF5C
1014 8	36 00	00230		LDA	#\$00
1016 F	B7 FF5C	00240		STA	\$FF5C
1019 F	B7 FF5C	00250		STA	\$FF5C
101C 8	36 12	00260		LDA	#\$12
	37 FF5D	00270		STA	\$FF5D
1021 E	6 FF5D	00280	LOOP	LDA	\$FF5D
	31 20	00290		CMPA	#\$20
1026 8	27 F9	00300		BEQ	LOOP
1028 7		00310		JMP	START
1000			*	0111	DIFICE
	2020	00330	Six week	END	
ଉପ୍ରଥମ	TOTAL ERRORS			LIND	
LOOP	1021				
START	1000				

**Listing 3.** Basic listing of the assembly program shown in Listing 2.

```
10 DATA 86, 0B, B7, FF, 5D, 86, 00, B7
20 DATA FF, 5C, 86, 11, B7, FF, 5C, 86
30 DATA 08, B7, FF, 5C, 86, 00, B7, FF
40 DATA 5C, B7, FF, 5C, 86, 12, B7, FF
50 DATA 5D, B6, FF, 5D, 81, 20, 27, F9
60 DATA 7E, 10, 00
70 A$="%H"
80 FORN=%H1000 TO %H102A
90 READB$
100 X=VAL(A$+B$)
110 POKEN, X
120 NEXT
130 EXEC%H1000
```

# Glossary

**bias field** — a magnetic field applied to a thin magnetic film to reduce magnetic domains to bubbles.

**boot loop** — a special loop to map which loops are active and which are inactive, as found by factory testing.

**bubble, magnetic** — a cylindrical magnetic domain in a thin film of garnet; viewed from above it appears to be a bubble. It represents a binary 1.

**chevron** — one of many possible shapes for a metallic pattern deposited on a film of garnet to propel and steer bubbles.

**detector** — a device to distinguish bubbles from non-bubbles.

domain, magnetic — a small region of a ferromagnetic material containing similarly oriented atoms, so that the region is magnetized in one direction.

**garnet** — a naturally occuring silicate mineral. Synthetic garnet with similar crystal structure is made of oxides of lead and yttrium or other rare earths.

**input track** — a row of chevrons that leads bubbles from a generator to storage loop tracks.

latency — the delay between a request to read/write a memory address and the occurance of the operation, until that address arrives physically (not necessarily mechanically).

major loop — a loop with a generator, detector, or an annihilator, used to read/write data from/to a number of minor loops.

**minor loop** — an endless loop track for storing bubbles.

**non-volatile** — memory that retains data integrity with power shut off.

**output track** — a row of chevrons that lead bubbles from a storage loop to a bubble detector.

random access — memory whose access time to any bit is wholly independent of that bit's address.

**serial access** — memory whose access time to any bit is very dependent on that bit's address.

**Listing 4.** All the 7220 control commands written as a series of subroutines. Once your bubble memory is complete, you can use these routines to experiment with bubble operation.

			(2020.1.0	71171	*
					* 7220 COMMAND SUBROUTINES
					* EACH ROUTINE WRITES A
					* SINGLE COMMAND TO THE * 7220 BUBBLE MEMORY
					* CONTROLLER
			0016		
1000			001		ORG \$1000
			0010		
					* WRITE BOOTLOOP REGISTER * MASKED
1/2/2/2	86	10			CMNDØ LDA #\$10
1002	20	3A	002		
1001	0.5				* INITIALIZE COMMAND
1004		11	002		CMND1 LDA #\$11 BRA OUT
2 2.2.0	A 4				* READ COMMAND
1008		12			CMND2 LDA #\$12
100A	20	35	002		
1000	86	13			* WRITE COMMAND CMND3 LDA #\$13
100E		SE	003		
45			003	20	* READ SEEK COMMAND
1010		14			CMND4 LDA #\$14
1012	50	5A	003		* READ BOOTLOOP REGISTER
and the					* COMMAND
1014	86	15			CMND5 LDA #\$15
1016	20	26	003		
21113					* WRITE BOOTLOOP REGISTER
1018	AE.	16			* COMMAND CMND6 LDA #\$16
101A		55	224		
			004	30	* WRITE BOOTLOOP COMMAND
1010		17			CMND7 LDA #\$17
101E	50	1E	0045		* READ FSA STATUS COMMAND
1020	86	18			CMND8 LDA #\$18
1022		1A	0048		BRA OUT
1251					* ABORT COMMAND
1024		19	2/2/5		CMND9 LDA #\$19 BRA OUT
1.000.0	T. /Z.	70			* WRITE SEEK COMMAND
1028	86	1A			CMNDA LDA #\$1A
102A	20	12	005		BRA OUT
1020	AC.	18			* READ BOOTLOOP COMMAND CMNDB LDA #\$1B
102E		ØE	005		
			0058	90	* READ CORRECTED DATA
ill surab	LATE.				* COMMAND
1030		IC ØA	ØØ60		CMNDC LDA #\$1C BRA OUT
1 (2) 512	20	CIT-1			* FIFO RESET COMMAND
1034	86	1 D			CMNDD LDA #\$1D
1036	20	06	006		BRA OUT
					* MBM PURGE COMMAND
1038 103A	50	1E Ø2	0.06		CMNDE LDA #\$1E
TESH	L. 421	ZIE.			* SOFTWARE RESET COMMAND
1030	86	1F			CMNDF LDA #\$1F
103E		FF5D	2/2/7(		
1041	39		207		RTS
		0000	12/2/7		END
	2/2/2		TAL ERRO		
	CIMIN		1000		CMND9 1024
	CMIN		1004		CMNDA 1028
	CIAIV		1008		CMNDB 102C CMNDC 1030
	CMV		100C 1010		CMNDD 1034
	CMN		1014		CMNDE 1038
	CMN		1018		CMNDF 103C
	CIMIN	7 עו	101C		DUT 103E
					a las les altanatadas
	HAMILE S			919	



approximately October 1982 require an additional keyboard plug adapter. Please add \$4.95.

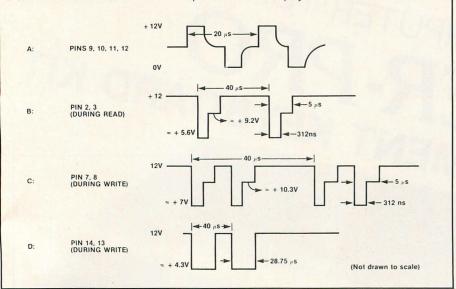


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**Figure 3.** Control signals that should be present on the 7110 bubble socket when Listing 2 or 3 is run. Use a 10-MHz oscilloscope for accurate display.



spective, if I'm going to spend a few hundred dollars just to hold utility programs, it might as well be for the bubble system instead of a disk drive, which is slow and mechanical.

The disadvantage of the bubble is, of course, the cost of the 7110 bubble memories themselves. It's not likely you can afford to keep a shelf of them at \$100 each. But then, the security of knowing your sensitive information is crash-free and protected from prying eyes might be convincing. And the cost might come down in the next few years. Intel predicts that by next year 1 megabyte of bubble storage will cost the same as 128K does today.

# **Updates**

- Due to stresses on its supply system, Radio Shack can no longer offer the Extended Color Basic ROM at the Repair Center cost, as described in the March column. The ECB ROM will still be available on an exchange basis (only) with damaged ECB ROMs at the \$67 price, and the ECB ROM kit can be purchased from Computer Centers, without installation or warranty, for \$99.
- Due to quality control difficulties with external suppliers and manufacturers, projects appearing in this column will in the future be available from me directly, or from authorized dealers, under the Green Mountain Micro logo. Write to me at Green Mountain Micro, Roxbury, Vermont 05669, and ask for a catalog and dealer list.
- With reference to the above, the I/O port described in April and May should

be in stock by the time you read this. My apologies for the delay. The Color Computer lowercase generator (Lowerkit), the TV Buff monitor output board, an updated Video Display Scroller, and the Bubble Memory Interface (Color Computer or Model III) are in stock.

- For the hundreds of readers who wrote asking for 64K upgrades and information on the 32K upgrades and other modifications for the newer NC-revision Color Computer, and for early Crevision boards, please have patience. I am preparing a complete rundown on this information for publication soon.
- Due to power failures during freak heavy spring snows in Vermont, this month's entire column was prepared on Radio Shack's new Model 100 portable computer. Congratulations to the Shack on their high tech breakthrough!
- During the next few months, look for plans for a complete lowercase and special character generator that fits compactly inside the Color Computer; a replacement keyboard project; an EPROM programmer; and a real-time clock. See you next month.

# **Bubble Memory Parts List**

The BPK-72 bubble memory evaluation kit is available from Intel Magnetics, 3065 Bowers Avenue, Santa Clara, CA 95051. Contact the office of Steve Coney, NVMD Marketing, Mail Stop SC2-961; specify the BPK-72-4, which is the commercial temperature range (0 to 70 degrees C). The price is \$299 for the complete kit.

The interface is available as a complete

kit of parts and circuit board (\$50) or assembled and tested (\$100) from Green Mountain Micro, Roxbury, VT 05669, (802) 485-6112. The complete system (BPK-72, interface, and The Color BOSS — bubble operating system software by Jake Commander) is available for \$550 from Green Mountain Micro.

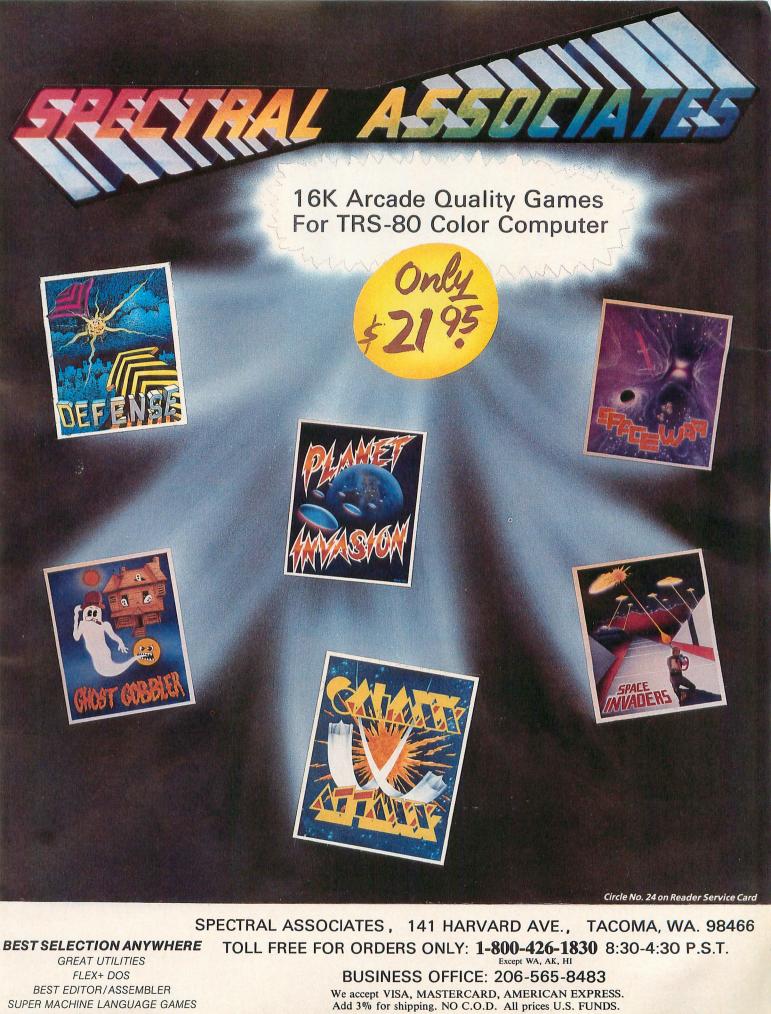
### **Individual parts:**

U1	74H04/F04 (not LS04!) hex
	inverter
U2	74LS74 dual flip-flop
U3	74LS00 quad 2-input NAND
	gate
U4	74LS32 quad 2-input OR gate
U5	74LS139 dual 2-of-4 demulti-
	plexer
U6	27165-volt 2Kx8 EPROM
U7	7805 5-volt regulator
U8	7812 12-volt regulator
C1,C2	56 pF, 50V
C3	2200 mF, 50V
C4	100 mF, 35V
C5	100 mF, 35V
C6-C16	
CR1	2A, 50V bridge rectifier
R1,R2	510 ohms, 1/4w
R3-R5	5.1k, 1/4w
T1	18 to 24 volt, 2A transformer
X1	8.000 MHz crystal

Miscellaneous: circuit board with male, 0.1-inch, 40-pin edge connector; 0.1-inch, 40-pin female card connector (for feed-through to disk, if desired); 0.156-inch, 44-pin female card connector; heat sinks for the regulators; sockets; solder; wire; hardware.

# **Technical Specifications**

- Bubble memory manufacturer: Intel Corporation, Santa Clara, California.
- Interface manufacturer: Green Mountain Micro, Roxbury, Vermont.
- Operating system bootstrap and system routines in ROM from \$E000 to \$EFFF; expanded operating routines in the bubble.
- Bubble size: 1 Megabit (128K bytes), expandable by using 4 Megabit (512K bytes) bubble, which is pin-for-pin compatible. Also expandable by adding bubble (BPK-70) boards. Internal organization is 2048 loops, 512 bits/loop.
- Data transfer rate: Depending on software, up to 50K bytes per second.
- Average access time: 50 mS. System clock frequency is 4 MHz +/-0.1 percent.
- Power requirements: +12 volts, 400 mA; +5 volts, 400 mA (maximum); built-in powerfail detection.
- Operating temperature range: 0 to 70 degrees C.
- Cost: See parts list.

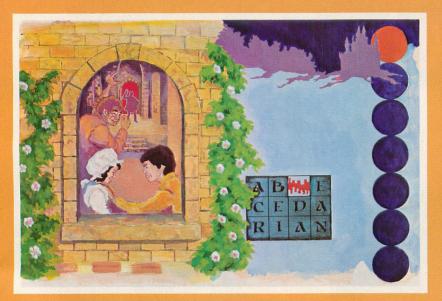


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# The Sorcerer's Puzzles II

Having solved the first three puzzles, Poke and Sunshine's quest continues.



16K Extended Color Basic

by Richard Ramella

HE STORY of the boy and girl, Poke and Sunflower, began in the April issue when they arrived at the Sorcerer's castle hoping to become apprentices. During the three months since their arrival at the castle, the twisted, malicious, and generally unpleasant keeper of the castle, Bob, has put them through several preliminary tests. The children have not yet even seen the Sorcerer.

"Good morning, good morning!" Bob greeted a sleepy Sunflower and Poke as they arrived for the usual porridge breakfast.

"Mrff," said Sunflower.

Poke slammed his spoon on the table. "Mush! I hate mush!"

"Now, now," Bob cautioned. "If you grubby young urchins want to become sorcerers, you must follow instructions exactly and with great humility. After you whitewash the east battlement of the castle you face more tests."

"For the jillionth time, when do we see the Sorcerer?" Sunflower asked.

Bob shrugged. "Perhaps when your work is done... perhaps on Michaelmas

next. Who am I to presume knowledge of the Sorcerer's wondrous comings and goings?"

"I thought we were in for excitement and danger when we came here," Poke complained.

"Correct me if my ears play tricks," said Bob, "but did you say excitement and danger?"

"Pay no attention to Poke," said Sunflower.

"Oh, but I must. He'll get excitement and danger when he climbs the highest spire and paints it."

As he spoke, Bob smiled and turned to leave. Then he stopped in his tracks and fell with a shriek to the floor. Poke and Sunflower looked up. Standing in the doorway was a chubby, bald little man dressed in a rumpled corduroy suit.

"Hello," he said, "any mail arrive for me while I was gone?"

"Behold the mighty Sorcerer," Bob announced as he writhed on the floor.

The little man put one foot on Bob's prostrate form and lightly stepped over him, his hand extended. "I'm Donald E. Goldberg, Welcome to my castle."

"Do as he says and you won't get hurt," said Bob. "Don't anger him, for his wrath is awesome."

"Shush, Bob, and do get up off that cold floor."

"Yes, master. Thank you master." Bob leaped to his feet, a manic smile on his face, and stood fawning at the Sorcerer's elbow.

Sunflower quickly explained how she and Poke came to the castle to apprentice themselves to the Sorcerer. She noted they had already performed three tests. "And Bob was about to have us whitewash the castle."

The Sorcerer turned to Bob. "You were going to have these children *climb* the castle?"

Bob burst into tears. "Yes, yes, I admit it! I'm guilty! Turn me into a frog for a month, but please don't throw me in the briar patch!"

Sorcerer Goldberg frowned. "Bob, I think it might be good if you disappeared for a while." He snapped his fingers and Bob was gone. "Don't worry," the Sorcerer told the children, "I've just put him on hold."

Poke and Sunflower exchanged quick glances. There was no doubt about the Sorcerer's power. Sunflower asked, "Well, what about our becoming apprentices?"

Bob's voice was heard, though he couldn't be seen. "The girl has a smart mouth, master. The boy is stupid, but the girl has a tart tongue."

The Sorcerer winced and snapped his fingers again; Bob's voice faded. The little man eyed the pair for a moment. "Okay," he said, "you're now my apprentices."

"Wow!" said Poke.

"Surviving three months with Bob proves your worth," said the Sorcerer. "But I think we'll have a few more tests to determine your intelligence."

"Oh, we're really smart," Sunflower

The fat little Sorcerer pointed a finger at the wall and a panel opened. Out rolled a grand pedestal topped by a thick, aged book. "Behold Wizardy Made Simple," said the Sorcerer. "Turn to page 7,640, and you'll find the rules for Disappearing Act, Abecedarian and Turnabout. Try them..." And then like Bob, Sorcerer Goldberg vanished.

# **Disappearing Act**

A three-by-seven grid is drawn. In the bottom two rows are 14 playing pieces, all orange except for the blue one in the bottom left square. In the top left square is a green cursor that moves by pressing the four arrow keys. The object is to eliminate all playing pieces but one. Jumped pieces will disappear. Diagonal jumps are not allowed. To jump, position the green cursor over the piece that will jump, then tap N, W, E or S for the compass direction to be jumped. The jump must be over one piece into an empty square. For a double win, make the blue piece the last remaining and have the final jump leave it in the top left square.

# Abecedarian

The letters A-X and an empty square are displayed in a five-by-five grid. The object is to put these 24 letters in alphabetical order, reading left to right in descending rows. Press the four arrow keys to maneuver letters. A legal move is one that slides a letter in the direction indicated by the arrow key tapped, filling the empty space in that direction. At the start, a player can choose from 10 to 1,000 displacement moves, and the starting position is already disordered. The program recognizes the winning position.

# **Turnabout**

There will be a large color square on the screen. The object is to make the top half blue, the bottom half orange. The program recognizes a winning situation. As the program begins, the winning state is shown, then the two colors exchange. After that there is a series of exchanges of parts between the two blocks. This results in a random pattern. Move the blank cursor over the top half of the block by tapping the arrow keys. Press the space bar and blocks of colors on top and bottom exchange positions in a pattern. To solve the puzzle, you must determine where to place the blank cursor and press the space bar to make the top blue and the bottom orange. You are allowed 50 space bar taps.

For the solution or winning strategies, send a self-addressed, stamped envelope to Sorcerer's Puzzles Two, The Color Computer Magazine, Highland Mill, Camden, Me. 04843. Canadians may send 40 cents coin and self-addressed envelope.

# **Disappearing Act**

100 REM \*DISAPPEARING ACT\* TRS-8
0 16K EXTENDED COLOR BASIC
110 REM \* PRISMATIC PUZZLER #4 /
RICHARD RAMELLA
120 CLS(0):P\$=CHR\$(143+80):U\$=CH
R\$(94):D\$=CHR\$(10):L\$=CHR\$(8):R\$
=CHR\$(9):R=96:S=224:T=352:PRINT@
7,"DISAPPEARING ACT";:W\$=CHR\$(143+64):O\$=CHR\$(143+112):B\$=CHR\$(128):FORA=0TO28:X\$=X\$+CHR\$(143+64):IFA/4=INT(A/4)THENA\$=A\$+CHR\$(143+64):IFA/4=INT(A/4)THENA\$=A\$+CHR\$(143+64):LSEA\$=A\$+CHR\$(128)
130 NEXT:FORA=32TO384STEP32:PRINT@A,A\$;:NEXT:FORA=32TO416STEP128

: PRINT@A, X\$; : NEXT : A\$(1) = A\$ : Z\$ = W\$+B\$+0\$+B\$:FORA=1TO7:A\$(2)=A\$(2)+Z\$:NEXT:A\$(3)=A\$(2):MID\$(A\$(3),3 ,1)=CHR\$(143+32):PRINT@R,A\$(1);: PRINT@S, A\$(2);:PRINT@T, A\$(3);:X= 98: A=1: B=3 140 A\$=INKEY\$:Q=0:PRINT@X,P\$::IF A\$<>D\$ANDA\$<>U\$ANDA\$<>R\$ANDA\$<>L \$ANDA\$<>"N"ANDA\$<>"W"ANDA\$<>"S"A NDA\$<> "E"GOTO140ELSEIFA\$=L\$GOSUB 250ELSEIFA\$=R\$GOSUB260 150 IFQ=lora\$=u\$andx<123ora\$=D\$a NDX>353GOTO140 160 PRINT@X, B\$;: IFA\$=R\$THENX=X+4 :B=B+4ELSEIFA\$=L\$THENX=X-4:B=B-4 ELSEIFA\$=U\$THENX=X-128:A=A-1ELSE IFA\$=D\$THENX=X+128:A=A+1 170 PRINT@X,P\$;:PRINT@R,A\$(1);:P RINT@S, A\$(2);:PRINT@T, A\$(3);:PRI NT@X,P\$; 180 IFA\$="S"ANDX<123ANDMID\$(A\$(1 ),B,1)<>B\$ANDMID\$(A\$(3),B,1)=B\$A NDMID\$(A\$(2),B,1)<>B\$THENMID\$(A\$ (3), B, 1) = MID\$(A\$(1), B, 1) :: MID\$(A(1),B,1)=B:MID(A(2),B,1)=B:190 IFA\$="N"ANDX>353ANDMID\$(A\$(3 ),B,1) <> B\$ANDMID\$(A\$(1),B,1)=B\$ANDMID\$(A\$(2),B,1)<>B\$THENMID\$(A\$(1), B, 1) = MID\$(A\$(3), B, 1) : MID\$(A\$(2),B,1)=B\$:MID\$(A\$(3),B,1)=B\$:V200 IFB<10GOTO210ELSEIFA\$="W"AND MID\$(A\$(A), B-4, 1) <> B\$ANDMID\$(A\$(A), B-8,1)=B\$ANDMID\$(A\$(A),B,1)<>B\$THENMID\$(A\$(A),B-8)=MID\$(A\$(A),B,1):MID\$(A\$(A),B-4)=B\$:MID\$(A\$(A), B, 1) = B\$ : V = V + 1210 IFB>19GOTO220ELSEIFA\$="E"AND MID\$(A\$(A),B+4,1)<>B\$ANDMID\$(A\$(A), B+8,1)=B\$ANDMID\$(A\$(A),B,1)<>B\$THENMID\$(A\$(A),B+8,1)=MID\$(A\$(A), B, 1): MID\$(A\$(A), B+4, 1)=B\$: MID(A\$(A),B,1)=B\$:V=V+1220 PRINT@R, A\$(1); :PRINT@S, A\$(2) ;: PRINT@T, A\$(3);: PRINT@480, "SCOR E:";V;: IFV<13GOTO140 230 IFMID(A\$(1),3,1)=CHR(143+3)2)THENPRINT@480,"DOUBLE "; 240 PRINT@490," WINNER ";:FORT=1 TO3:SOUND89,2:NEXT:SOUND125,2:FO RT=1TO2:SOUND147,2:SOUND125,2:NE XT:FORT=1T05:NEXT:GOT0240 250 IFX=980RX=2260RX=354THENQ=1: RETURNELSERETURN 260 IFX=122ORX=250ORX=378THENQ=1 : RETURNELSERETURN : END

# SATURN

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Auto Run is a utility program for the TRS-80\* Extended Basic Color Computer. It is used to add convenience and professionalism to your software. Auto Run will help you create your title screen with the graphics editor. The graphics editor allows you to choose a background color and border style. Using the arrow keys and several other commands you can draw pictures, block letters and also include text.

text.
Auto Run will generate a machine language loader program to preceed your program on the tape.
Then, to start up your program, simply type
CLOADM to load in the Auto Run loader program,
which will then automatically start itself up, display
your title screen, load your program and then RUN
or EXEC it.

or EXEC it.

Also you may record a vocal or musical introduction preceding your program. The Auto Run loader will control the audio on/off.

Basic programs can be set to load anywhere in memory above \$500 (the PCLEAR 0 page).

Software authors: The Auto Run prefix may be appended to your software products.

Auto Run is \$14.95 and includes complete documentation and an assembly source listing.

Requires 16K Extended Basic.

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# Tape Information

Management System

Management System A user-oriented, easy to use personal database management system for the TRS-80\* Color Computer with these outstanding features:

\*keeps files of programs, names, addresses, birthdays, recipes, class or club rosters, anything variable record and field lengths phrase substitution editor up to 8 user-definable fields

\*ML sort (up to 3 fields), search and delete functions

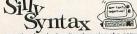
\*2 search modes — range and item

\*user-definable printer format, for any printer

\*up to 230 characters per record

For \$24.95 you get the database management system, our full documentation which includes a reference guide and a programmer's guide, and our 1981 Bibliography of articles relating to the Color Computer. Requires 16K Extended Basic. 32K recommended.

1982 TIMS Bibliography — \$9.95





# **Abecedarian**

100 REM \* ABECEDARIAN / 16K EXTE NDED COLOR BASIC

110 REM \* PRISMATIC PUZZLER #5 / RICHARD RAMELLA

120 CLS(0):CLEAR600:PRINT@262," ABECEDARIAN";:FORT=1T O1000:NEXT:FORT=1TO50:PRINT@RND( 128)+223, CHR\$(RND(26)+64); CHR\$(1 43+RND(7)\*16);:SOUNDRND(8)\*20,1: NEXT: FORT=1TO1000: NEXT: P\$="ABCDE FGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWX"+CHR\$(128)

130 CLSO: PRINT"YOU NEAR THE ABEC EDARIAN TEST. ": PRINT "HOW MANY DI SPLACEMENTS, ": PRINT FROM 10 TO 1 000":INPUTM:IFM>1000THENM=200ELS EIFM<10THENM=10

140 CLS(0):DIMA\$(11):C\$=CHR\$(128 ):U\$=CHR\$(94):H\$=CHR\$(10):L\$=CHR \$(8):R\$=CHR\$(9):FORA=1TO21:D\$=D\$ +CHR\$(143+32):NEXT:FORA=1TO10:E\$ =E\$+CHR\$(128):NEXT:A\$="LDJIVEQHB XUKARCWFNSGPMTO"+C\$:C\$=C\$+CHR\$(1 43+32)+C\$:FORA=1TO25:B\$=B\$+MID\$( A\$,A,1)+C\$:NEXT:B=1

150 FORA=1TO81STEP20:A\$(B)=C\$+MID\$(B\$,A,20):B=B+1:NEXT:A\$(10)=A\$(5):A\$(8)=A\$(4):A\$(6)=A\$(3):A\$(4))=A\$(2):A\$(2)=A\$(1):FORA=1TO11STEP2:A\$(A)=D\$:NEXT:FORA=lTOll:A\$(A)=E\$+A\$(A):PRINTA\$(A)::NEXT:A=10:B=30:C\$=CHR\$(128):FORF=1TOM:PR INT@480, "DISPLACE: "F;

160 J=RND(4):IFJ=1ANDK=2ORJ=2AND K=1ORJ=3ANDK=4ORJ=4ANDK=3GOTO160 ELSEK=J: IFJ=1THENZ\$=H\$ELSEIFJ=2T HENZ\$=U\$ELSEIFJ=3THENZ\$=L\$ELSEIF J=4THENZ\$=R\$

170 GOTO200

180 NEXT: PRINT@480, "TIME TO PLAY ";: N=1

190 Z\$=INKEY\$

200 IFA=2GOTO210ELSEIFZ\$=H\$THENM ID\$(A\$(A),B,1)=MID\$(A\$(A-2),B,1):MID\$(A\$(A-2),B,1)=C\$: A=A-2

210 IFA=10GOTO220ELSEIFZ\$=U\$THEN MID\$(A\$(A),B,1)=MID\$(A\$(A+2),B,1)):MID\$(A\$(A+2),B,1)=C\$:A=A+2

220 IFB=14GOTO230ELSEIFZ\$=R\$THEN MID\$(A\$(A),B,1)=MID\$(A\$(A),B-4,1

):MID\$(A\$(A),B-4,1)=C\$:B=B-4

230 IFB=30GOTO240ELSEIFZ\$=L\$THEN MID\$(A\$(A),B,1)=MID\$(A\$(A),B+4,1

):MID\$(A\$(A),B+4,1)=C\$:B=B+4

240 PRINT@0,"";:FORX=lTOll:PRINT A\$(X);:NEXT:IFN=OGOTO180ELSEFORY



=2TO10STEP2:FORS=14TO30STEP4:Q\$=Q\$+MID\$(A\$(Y),S,1):NEXTS:NEXTY
250 IFQ\$=P\$THENPRINT@480," WINN
ER";:SOUND100,1:GOTO250ELSEQ\$="":GOTO190:END

#### **Turnabout**

100 REM\*TURNABOUT\*TRS-80 16K EXT ENDED COLOR BASIC

110 REM \* PRISMATIC PUZZLER #6 / RICHARD RAMELLA

120 CLS0: PRINT@236, "TURNABOUT "; :CLEAR550: FORA=1TO128: A\$=A\$+CHR\$ (143+112): B\$=B\$+CHR\$(143+32): NEX T: E\$=B\$: FORA=1TO3: G(A)=RND(6): NE XT: A=32: P=1

130 PRINT@32,B\$;A\$;:PRINT@320,"T HIS IS YOUR GOAL.";:FORT=1TO2000:NEXT:CLS0:PRINT@32,A\$;B\$;:PRINT@320,"BUT IT STARTS THIS WAY.":FORT=1TO2000:NEXT:PRINT"AND THEN IT GETS MIXED UP."

140 S=50:FORT=1TORND(10):P=RND(1 28):K=RND(4):GOSUB200:PRINT@32,A \$;B\$;:NEXT:K=0:P=1:PRINT@480,"YO U HAVE 50 MOVES ";:FORT=1TO1500: NEXT:FORT=320TO510:PRINT@T,CHR\$( 128);:NEXT

150 C\$=INKEY\$:PRINT@448,"MOVES L EFT";S;

160 PRINT@480,"TOP"; CHR\$(143+32); BOTTOM"; CHR\$(143+112);: IFC\$=CHR\$(94)ANDA>63THENA=A-32: P=P-32ELSEIFC\$=CHR\$(10)ANDA<128THENA=A+32: P=P+32ELSEIFC\$=CHR\$(8)ANDA/32</br>

<>INT(A/32)THENA=A-1: P=P-1ELSEIFC\$=CHR\$(9)AND(A-31)/32<>INT((A-31)/32)THENA=A+1: P=P+1

170 PRINT@A, CHR\$(128);:FORT=1TO2 0:NEXTT:PRINT@32,A\$;B\$;:IFC\$=CHR \$(32)GOSUB190

180 GOTO150

190 S=S-1:K=K+1

200 IFK=1THENW=2ELSEIFK=2THENW=4 ELSEIFK=3THENW=8ELSEIFK=4THENW=1 6:K=0

210 FORJ=P TO LEN(A\$)STEPW:L\$=MI D\$(A\$,J,1):MID\$(A\$,J,1)=MID\$(B\$, J,1):MID\$(B\$,J,1)=L\$:NEXT

220 IFA\$<>E\$THENRETURN

230 PRINT@32,A\$;B\$;:F\$=CHR\$(128) +"WINNER"+CHR\$(128)

240 FORX=320TO344:PRINT@X,F\$;:SO UNDX-150,1:NEXT:FORX=344TO320STE P-1:PRINT@X,F\$;:SOUNDX-150,1:NEX T:GOTO240

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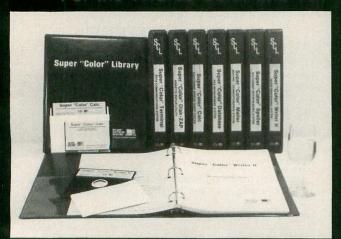
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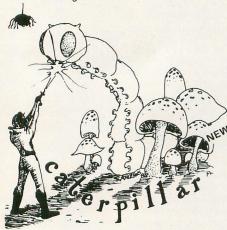
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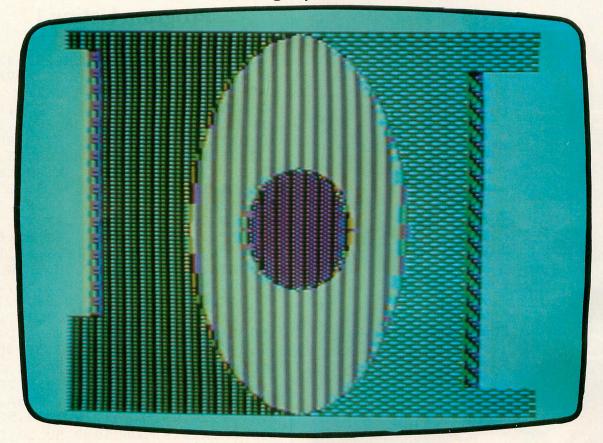
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#### Create a new graphics command.





# DYE It!

#### by H. Allen Curtis

UMEROUS PROGRAMS and articles demonstrate that there are many colors besides buff and black in color set 1 of PMODE 4. Knowing this, aren't you dissatisfied with Basic's PAINT command? Wouldn't you like to be able to use a PAINT-like command that permits you to use each of the existing colors and color patterns? This article will make such a command available to you in a very convenient way.

The new command is called the DYE command. DYE, like PAINT, is an aptly chosen word to describe its function to color objects. The syntax for DYE is as follows:

#### DYE(x,y,c,k,r)

- x specifies an X-coordinate and is a numeric expression from 0 to 255.
- y specifies a Y-coordinate and is a numeric expression from 0 to 191.
- c specifies the color code for every odd

line DYEd and is a numeric expression from 0 to 255.

- k specifies the color code for every even line DYEd and is a numeric expression from 0 to 255.
- r specifies the rotate code and can change c and k; r is a numeric expression

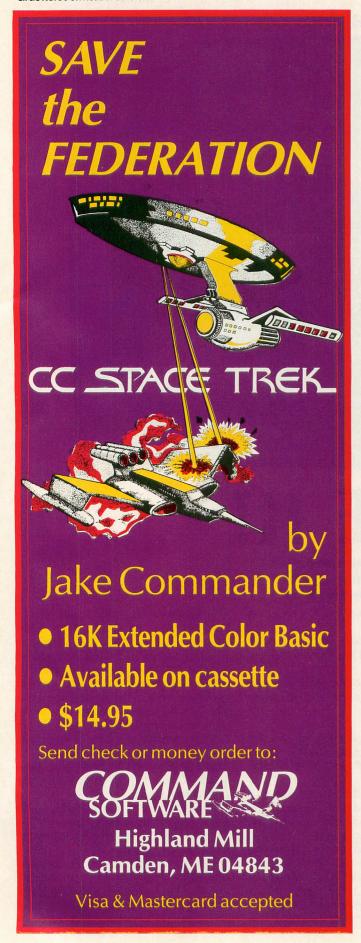
The expressions x and y specify X - and Y - coordinates precisely the same way as similar expressions do in the PAINT command.

The color codes 0 and 255 of c or k represent black and buff, respectively. Codes between 0 and 255 represent an array of colors and color patterns too varied to describe and list in detail. The codes 85 and 170 represent the solid color patterns cyan and orange or orange and cyan, respectively. Which code represents which of these two colors depends on the starting state of your Color Computer.

The rotate code r treats c and k as binary numbers and rotates them right r positions. The first line DYEd is always in c's color with c unrotated. The second line DYEd is always in k's color with k unrotated. The code c is rotated r positions right for every succeeding odd line DYEd. Likewise, the code k is rotated r positions right for every succeeding even line DYEd. Note that for  $5 \le r \le 7$ , r is equivalent to a left rotate of 8 - r positions. Suppose c = 23, k = 170, and r = 1. Table 1 shows the codes of the colors in the first 10 lines DYEd.

The expressions x, y, c, k and r have the same properties as those presented in George Fraser's TRS-80 Microcomputer News article, "Texture," (June, 1982). This is no coincidence since Fraser's article was the inspiration for mine. A short, two-line Basic program with a machine language subroutine embedded in it adds the DYE command to your Color

Please turn to page 41



#### **Program Listing 1**

10 X=256\*PEEK(27)+PEEK(28)-42920 FORI=X TOX+428: READA\$: A=VAL(" &H"+A\$):POKEI,A:B=B+A:NEXT 30 DATA 44, 59, C5, 30, 8C, FA, CE, 1, 3F ,FF,1,35,C6,3,BD,A5,9A,8E,1,37 40 DATA6F, 1D, 6C, 1D, 33, 8C, 9, EF, 81 ,33,4F,EF,1,6F,5,39,81,D0,25,3 50 DATA7E, B2, 77, 8E, 1, 3A, 80, CE, 7E ,AD,D4,BD,B2,6A,86,4,97,7D,BD 60 DATAB7, 3D, 34, 10, 32, 61, BD, B2, 6 D,A,7D,26,F2,BD,B7,3D,9F,43,35 70 DATA16, DD, 42, D7, 45, BD, B2, 67, 1 F, 10, C6, 20, 3D, D3, BA, 1F, 3, 1F, 10 80 DATA1F, 98, C6, 2, D7, 7E, 5F, 4D, 2A ,4,88,80,C6,10,80,8,2B,3,5C,20 90 DATAF9,8B,8,44,1F,2,8E,0,1F,9 F,51,F,50,1F,31,DC,BA,C3,17,E1 100 DATAFD, 1, DA, 1F, 20, BC, 1, DA, 25 ,1,39,3A,E6,84,C1,FF,27,35,4D,27 110 DATA5,58,58,4A,26,FB,C4,C0,C 1,C0,27,24,1F,20,D,50,2B,F,26,2 120 DATAD7,50,D1,51,24,10,5A,86, 3, 1F, 2, 20, C4, D1, 52, 26, 1, 39, 5C, 4F 130 DATA20, F3, D6, 50, 3, 50, 20, F1, 1 F, 20, 4D, 27, 4D, 81, 3, 27, 49, C6, FC 140 DATAE4, 84, Cl, FC, 27, 41, C6, 3F, E4,84,C1,3F,27,39,4A,26,20,C6 150 DATAFO, E4, 84, C1, F0, 27, 2E, 86, CF, 8D, D, 86, C, A4, 84, 81, C, 26, 7B 160 DATA8D, 2, 20, 77, 43, 9A, 45, A4, 8 4,A7,84,39,C6,F,E4,84,C1,F,27 170 DATAE, 86, F3, 8D, ED, 86, 30, A4, 8 4,81,30,26,5B,20,DE,1F,20,5D,27 180 DATA9, A6, 82, 5A, 81, FF, 26, 2, 20 ,F4,D7,51,CC,3,3,97,7C,96,7C,A4 190 DATA84,91,7C,26,9,8D,C3,8,7C ,8,7C,5A,26,EF,D6,51,5C,30,1,A6 200 DATA84,81,FF,26,8,96,45,A7,8 4,Cl,1F,26,EF,D7,52,DB,51,57,C9 210 DATA0, 4F, 1F, 2, CC, CO, 3, 97, 7C, 96,7C,A4,84,91,7C,26,9,8D,90,4 220 DATA7C, 4, 7C, 5A, 26, EF, 33, C8, 2 0,A,7E,27,15,96,7D,26,6,C,7D,96 230 DATA 42, 20, 4, F, 7D, 96, 43, 97, 45 ,1F,20,16,FE,EC,86,2,97,7E,D6 240 DATA44,27,E3,34,4,DC,42,46,6 ,42,56,6,43,35,4,5A,26,F1,20,D2 300 IFB<>44133THENCLS:PRINT"YOU HAVE TYPED A VALUE OR VALUESINCO RRECTLY IN ONE OR MORE DATA STAT EMENTS."

	<b>Table</b>	1
Code	<b>Binary Form</b>	Line DYEd
23	00010111	1
170	10101010	2
139	10001011	3
85	01010101	4
197	11000101	5
170	10101010	6
226	11100010	7
85	01010101	8
113	01110001	9
170	10101010	10

Computer's Basic repertoire. This program is called DYE SETTER. When you have loaded SETTER into the computer, you then will be able to compose and run your own programs using the DYE command. DYE SETTER becomes a part of each program you write. When you load your program (having previously saved it), it will run as though DYE had been an original command in the Color Computer's repertoire.

#### **Generating DYE SETTER**

DYE SETTER is generated using a three step process. The first step, though short, is the most important, so take care in performing it. After you have turned on your computer, carefully type:

POKE 27,1+PEEK(27): POKE28,173+ PEEK(28)

When you are sure you have typed the line correctly, press Enter. You have just freed 429 bytes of RAM located immediately after any Basic program that you key in and immediately before the memory storing variables for that program. The 429-byte RAM area is protected from being overwritten by the Basic interpreter and is the place where the machine language portion of DYE SETTER will be located.

It is worth noting that when you turn on your Color Computer, address 28 always contains the number 3. If you wish to free 509 bytes of RAM, you would have to set the contents of address 28 to 0 and then add 2 to the contents of address 27.

The second step of the process is POKEing the machine language portion of DYE SETTER into the freed RAM area. To perform this step, key in Listing 1 or Listing 2. Those of you with cassette-based systems should use Listing 1; those with Radio Shack disk-based systems should use Listing 2. After you have

typed the program, run it. If you get an OD error message, check your DATA statements to see what value or values you omitted. Or, if you receive the message, YOU HAVE TYPED A VALUE OR VALUES INCORRECTLY IN ONE OR MORE DATA STATEMENTS, check the DATA statements and correct your mistakes. Then rerun the program. When the program runs without an error message of any kind, the machine language routine is correctly located in the freed memory area.

For the third step, type:

DEL 20 -

and press Enter. Then type and Enter this line:

20 DEFUSR = X + 3:X = USR(0)

You have now generated DYE SETTER. Save it on tape or disk depending on whether your system is cassette or disk based. DYE SETTER works with both 16K or 32K RAMs.

Any time you load DYE SETTER from tape or disk be sure to run DYE SETTER before you add any lines of Basic programming that contain DYE commands. Otherwise, your computer will not recognize the word DYE as a command, and you will receive a BS error message at any line containing the DYE command.

Adding the DYE command to Basic's repertoire places one restriction on cassette based systems: except for the USR of line 20, you must not use USR, USR1 or USR2.

#### **Using the DYE Command**

With DYE SETTER still resident in your Color Computer, you can experiment with the DYE command via a few illustrative examples:

Example 1: Key in the following four lines:

30 PMODE4,1:PCLS1:SCREEN1,1: COLOR0,1

40 LINE(10,10)-(239,171),PSET,B

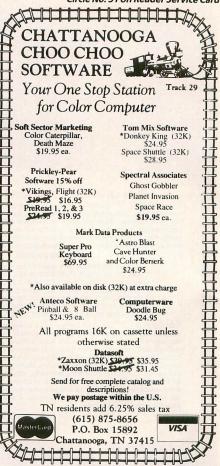
50 DYE(125,11,23,170,1)

500 GOTO500

Then type RUN and press Enter. The first thing you will notice is that, like all good dyes, the DYE command is fast. In fact, the DYE command will color an object about 35 times faster than the PAINT command.

In the example, c, k, and r were assigned the values associated with Table

Please turn to page 44



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#### **Program Listing 2**

10 X=256\*PEEK(27)+PEEK(28)-42920 FORI=X TOX+428: READA\$: A=VAL(" &H"+A\$):POKEI,A:B=B+A:NEXT 30 DATA44,59,C5,30,8C,FA,CE,1,49 ,FF,1,3F,C6,3,BD,A5,9A,8E,1,41 40 DATA6F, 1D, 6C, 1D, 33, 8C, 9, EF, 81 ,33,4F,EF,1,6F,5,39,81,E3,25,3 50 DATA7E, B2, 77, 8E, 1, 44, 80, E1, 7E ,AD,D4,BD,B2,6A,86,4,97,7D,BD 60 DATAB7, 3D, 34, 10, 32, 61, BD, B2, 6 D,A,7D,26,F2,BD,B7,3D,9F,43,35 70 DATA16, DD, 42, D7, 45, BD, B2, 67, 1 F, 10, C6, 20, 3D, D3, BA, 1F, 3, 1F, 10 80 DATA1F, 98, C6, 2, D7, 7E, 5F, 4D, 2A ,4,88,80,C6,10,80,8,2B,3,5C,20 90 DATAF9,8B,8,44,1F,2,8E,0,1F,9 F,51,F,50,1F,31,DC,BA,C3,17,E1 100 DATAFD, 1, DA, 1F, 20, BC, 1, DA, 25 ,1,39,3A,E6,84,C1,FF,27,35,4D,27 110 DATA5,58,58,4A,26,FB,C4,C0,C 1,C0,27,24,1F,20,D,50,2B,F,26,2 120 DATAD7,50,D1,51,24,10,5A,86, 3,1F,2,20,C4,D1,52,26,1,39,5C,4F 130 DATA20, F3, D6, 50, 3, 50, 20, F1, 1 F, 20, 4D, 27, 4D, 81, 3, 27, 49, C6, FC

140 DATAE4,84,C1,FC,27,41,C6,3F, E4,84,C1,3F,27,39,4A,26,20,C6 150 DATAFO, E4, 84, C1, F0, 27, 2E, 86, CF, 8D, D, 86, C, A4, 84, 81, C, 26, 7B 160 DATA8D, 2, 20, 77, 43, 9A, 45, A4, 8 4,A7,84,39,C6,F,E4,84,C1,F,27 170 DATAE, 86, F3, 8D, ED, 86, 30, A4, 8 4,81,30,26,5B,20,DE,1F,20,5D,27 180 DATA9, A6, 82, 5A, 81, FF, 26, 2, 20 ,F4,D7,51,CC,3,3,97,7C,96,7C,A4 190 DATA84,91,7C,26,9,8D,C3,8,7C ,8,7C,5A,26,EF,D6,51,5C,30,1,A6 200 DATA84,81,FF,26,8,96,45,A7,8 4,C1,1F,26,EF,D7,52,DB,51,57,C9 210 DATA0, 4F, 1F, 2, CC, CO, 3, 97, 7C, 96,7C,A4,84,91,7C,26,9,8D,90,4 220 DATA7C, 4, 7C, 5A, 26, EF, 33, C8, 2 0,A,7E,27,15,96,7D,26,6,C,7D,96 230 DATA 42, 20, 4, F, 7D, 96, 43, 97, 45 ,1F,20,16,FE,EC,86,2,97,7E,D6 240 DATA 44, 27, E3, 34, 4, DC, 42, 46, 6 ,42,56,6,43,35,4,5A,26,F1,20,D2 300 IFB<>44211THENCLS:PRINT"YOU HAVE TYPED A VALUE OR VALUESINCO RRECTLY IN ONE OR MORE DATA STAT EMENTS."

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BASIC with machine code subroutines

Continued from page 41

1. To get an idea of the plethora of colors and patterns available to you, assign to c, k and r a series of different values. Although r has only been defined for values 0-7, the DYE command will accept values from 0 – 255. However, the higher values of r will not provide any patterns not generated by using 0-7; using high values for r slows the DYE commands operation. New values are assigned to c, k and r by EDITing the last three values of the DYE command in line 50. For solid cyan or orange, for instance, assign 85 or 170 to c and k with r set to 0.

When you are finished playing with the c, k, and r codes, consider the y code. In line 50 change the y code from 11 to 95 and see what happens when you run the program. The DYE command, unlike PAINT, always colors objects from top to bottom. The x code, in general, depends on the value assigned to y. Usually, the x code is a value representing approximately the midpoint of the first line DYEd. Of course, for a rectangle, x is the same for any value of y.

Example 2: Replace lines 40 and 50 of Example 1 with the following:

40 X = 128 : Y = 96 : CIRCLE(X,Y), 3050 C=68:K=1:R=0 60 DYE(X,Y-28,C,K,R)

Note that the values in the DYE command are specified in variable form. They were given in constant form in Example 1. Either form or a mixture is permitted. After you run the program, you will notice that the color pattern covering the circle is fuzzy at the boundaries. This is the case for most color patterns.

Example 3: Save Example 2 depending on which version of DYE SETTER you are using. After you have recorded a good copy of the program, turn off your computer. Then turn your computer back on and load the program. Now, LIST it. Look at line 60 in particular. Don't worry about the exclamation point where DYE should be. Run the program and you'll see that it executes as it did in Example 2. LIST the program again and note that DYE now appears in line 60.

Example 4: Add the following line to Example 2 or 3:

#### 25 PCLEAR5

Then change PMODE4,1 in line 30 to PMODE4,2 and run the program. You will probably receive an ?SN error at line 30. If so, rerun the program and it will then execute properly. This example shows that you are not restricted to using the first four video pages. To use the DYE

command the background color must always be buff.

Example 5: Add the following lines to Example 4:

70 CIRCLE(X,Y),60,,1.6 80 C = 95:K = C:DYE(X,Y-94,C,K,R)90 DYE(X-32,Y-30,C,K,R)

Now run it. Note that the space between the ellipse and the circle was colored using two DYE commands. The first command did most of the work; it colored all but the space to the left of the circle, and the second DYE command took care of

Example 6: Add the following lines to Example 5:

100 LINE(14,10)-(18,140), PSET, B 110 C = C + 1:K = K + 10:R = 2120 DYE(16,11,C,K,R)

then run the program. This example shows that DYE can be used to cover narrow objects.

For narrow objects the value of x is determined as follows: Let A and B represent the X-coordinates of the left and right boundaries, respectively, of the object at the Y-coordinate specified by y. Then  $x \ge 8 + 8*INT(A/8)$ , and  $x \le B - 2$ . This means that how narrow a "DYEable" object can be depends on its position on the screen. For instance, suppose A =219, then  $x \ge 8 + 8*INT(219/8) = 224$ . The smallest B can be is 226 when x =224. Therefore, the narrowest object with A = 219 has a right boundary B at a distance 7 from A. To verify this, add these lines to the program:

130 LINE(219,20)–(226,175), PSET,B 140 DYE(224,21,C,K,R)

Then run the program. Now, change the right boundary B from 226 to 225 in line 130 and note what happens when you run the program.

Example 7: This is the concluding example. It shows that you can use DYE outside of objects as well as inside them. Replace the value 225 in line 130 with the original value 226. Then add these two lines and run the program:

150 DYE(25,1,0,50,0) 160 DYE(200,1,0,250,4)

#### **Concluding Remark**

If you tried all seven examples, you should be ready to write your first PMODE 4 program using the DYE command. So, go DYE it, the PAINTless way.

# Andrea

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# Damage Report, Mr. Scott

CC Space Trek corrected for Extended Color Basic.

#### by Jamie Tietjen and Jake Commander

**STARFLEET COMMAND** Engineering Change Notice CC40.5 10-60.66, Stardate 8305.02. **SUBJECT:** Uprated Cadet Fleet Scanner Display — Revised installation procedures. **FROM:** Starfleet Chief Engineer Tietjen. **TO:** All Cadet Fleet Installation Engineers.

It has been determined from initial field reports that uprated scanner displays will give erroneous reports or completely fail to initialize (preventing operation of other sensing systems) when lack of Communication Cassettes forces manual installation. The source of this fault occurs from unexpected Disk Token data presented for translation during initialization using the Basic Interpreter tokenization technique. These Disk Tokens are not translated at all by Extended Basic systems, and result in improper operation of the final "quote" stage of initialization.

Revision 1.1 involves replacing initialization code (Lines 10–60) with the code listing included with this notice, plus the temporary initialization code lines 65 and 66. This code should not be altered or expanded in any way, as it is position dependant. The first trial run of the initialization should produce a normal Scanner display, and may be verified by checking for proper translation of code line 60. The first placeholding Token (appearing as \*) should translate to a quotation mark ("), and those following should become exclamation points (!).

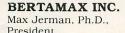
Proper initialization may be followed by deleting code lines 65 and 66 to shorten system initialization. If this is done, it should be followed by a system back-up command (CSAVE). All systems should become active and return to normal status. 10 CLEAR 250:SB=PEEK (25) \* 256+PEEK (26):FORX=1TO5:READZ:POKESB+Z,34 :NEXT:DATA78,119,149,193,237 20 A\$=\*FNFNFNFNFNFNFNUSINGUSINGF NUSINGFNUSINGFNUSINGFNUSI NGFNUS INGFNUS INGFN\*FNFNFNFNFNFNF 30 B\$=\*\*FORFORFORFORFORFORFOR FORFORFORFORFORFORUSING 40 L\$(1)=\*\*CONTPAINT\*CONTPAINT\*C LOADPCOPY\*CLOADPAINT\*CONTPCOPY\*C LOADPAINT \* CONTPCOPY \* CLOADPAINT \* C ONTPAINT\*CONTPAINT\*CONT 50 L\$(2)=\*CONTPAINT\*CONTPAINT\*CO NTPCOPY\*CONTPCOPY\*CLOADPAINT\*CON TPCOPY\*CLOADPAINT\*CONTPCOPY\*LLIS TPAINT \* CONTPAINT \* CONTPAINT 60 L\$(3)=\*PAINT\*CONTPAINT\*CONTPA INT \*CLOADPAINT \*CONTPCOPY \*CLOADPA INT \*CONTPCOPY \*CLOADPAINT \*CONTREN UM\*CONTPAINT\*CONTPAINT\* 65 FORY=1TO34:READX, Z:POKESB+X, Z :NEXT:DATA103,206,120,206,150,21 1,153,211,156,211,159,211,162,21 5,165,211,168,215,171,211,174,21 9,177,211,180,211,196,211,199,21 1,202,215,205,211,208,215,211,21 1,214,215,217,211,220,211,223,21 1,239,211,242,211,245,215 66 DATA248,215,251,211,254,215,2 57,211,260,215,263,211,266,211,2 69,211

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PERSONALIZED INSTRUCTION ON PERSONAL COMPUTERS

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# Family Outling Style! Computer Style! Visit a Color Computer users group.

tables where they begin to set up the hardware and equipment they've brought with them in preparation for the start of the monthly meeting of the Color Computer Club of Youngstown, Ohio.

A line forms in the hallway outside, and at this rate, it's apparent that the room will soon be filled beyond capacity as members and quests continue to cart their portable televisions, cassette recorders and notebooks past the cluttered table where Ginny Komara, club treasurer, and Phil Lucido, president, are checking off names on the ledger sheet and collecting the \$1 cover charge as well as the yearly dues. Ginny points out that this is the first time since the club was founded that it has been necessary to set a fee for attending a session. But this is also the first time the club has met at the Holiday Inn, and the room costs money.

Originally, Ginny explains, the group got together in the back room of a Radio Shack, then they moved on to occupy the basement of the Hobby House before outgrowing both of those rent-free quarters. It seems that this single section of an expandable conference room is not going to be large enough to contain the

increasing number of people waiting at the door.

Tim McFadden, former president of the club, comes late because of his work schedule, but the assembly waits for his arrival before starting the proceedings. Tim is the founder of the organization and, though not currently an officer, is still a main force behind it. All this madness, he says, indicating the melange of mortals and machinery, is the result of a spur of the moment inspiration that came about when a handful of enthusiastic people got together one day after a visit to the Canton, Ohio, Radio Shack. They decided to gather everyone they knew who owned Color Computers to join forces in order to help one another and share their experiences.

From a stark framework of 23 individuals 1 1/2 years ago, they've built the membership to over 100 people, and the number increases each month. All of this is by word of mouth, too. They've never advertised their existence, though area computer shops are aware of them and sometimes pass on the information to new

Since Tim has arrived and found a spot in the back of the room, and the scene at the tables has begun to resemble pre-launch countdown at the Houston Manned Spacecraft Center, Phil makes his way to the front of the crowded room.

The room becomes silent as machines are switched off and the rows of chairs neatly arranged in the center of the floor are filled first come, first served. The President takes his place in front of the congregation. Robert's Rules are tailored to

Name: Cathern Chmelaun Right (t. Name: Cathern Chmelaun Right (t. Name: Cathern Chmelaun Right) Address: 4 Series (4K 2die phone: 203-2482-2370) To which magazines do you gurronthy subscribes To which magazines do you currently subscribe?

by Tim and Debra Cole





fit the informality of the group and the session begins.

A few minutes are set aside to discuss old business, then Phil addresses those who have just dropped by in order to see how a club like this works. (All quests are welcome to attend twice free of charge, but the club does ask a dollar fee after that.) He explains that the Color Computer Club is an organization devoted to promoting the use of the Color Computer. For those who may have just purchased a machine or are not quite sure how to run one, beginners' classes are offered and taught at specified times by the club's veteran members. No one needs feel that he must be an expert to enjoy his computer or that he has to rely on manuals and salespeople to help him figure out what he is doing.

The annual dues, he continues, are only \$15 per membership. A membership can be just one person or an entire family. (We can think of very few places an entire family can go, be together for a few hours on a weekend, and share a good time for only \$15 a year. It's sort of a McDonald's for the mind.)

Bob Sherman speaks next, he's head of the club's educational subcommittee. He is a man who takes his responsibilities seriously and he stresses the idea of bringing the Color Computer into area schools to demonstrate how beneficial these machines can be as learning and teaching tools.

The next subject for discussion under the educational topic is the acquisition of more material for the club's program library. The library is a catalogued collection of programs either written by members or used with the "expressed written consent of the copyright owners." (The club is adamant about protecting copyrights and discourages members from copying material not their own for any purpose.)

After a short discussion, Phil reclaims the floor and makes a motion that the fund-raising drive for the Easter Seals Telethon be repeated. They held one last year when several members got together at a local shopping mall and donated their time and machines to the cause by setting up different arcade-types of games on each screen and charging passers-by 25 cents a game to play. Every penny was donated to the Easter Seals charity. The motion passes easily.

Next on the agenda is the nominations for club offices. Any member is permitted to run for office providing he or she has attended at least one third of the meetings held since his or her membership began. The elections are held one year prior to the time those elected take office, in order to give them a chance to

learn their jobs through a period of apprenticeship before taking over their new positions.

It's been about half an hour and a member makes the motion that the general meeting be adjourned. Motion seconded and passed. Everyone stands at once, and most of the people mingle briefly before moving off to user's groups around the room. Now, the screens glow and everything from simple games to complex mathematical problems mystically claim the attention of those fleet-fingered pilots at the keyboards as well as those backseat operators who are ever ready with instructions, advice and questions.

In one corner, a group of youngsters play "Desert Sands" while across the room, Bill Taylor, a journeyman electri-

#### "It's astonishing the number of uses people find for the Color Computer."

cian from GM Packard, tries to explain his machine to us. He's been interested in computers since 1975, and started out on a home-built 6502 microprocessor. From there he went to the C24P, then on to the C1P. He now has a TRS-80 Color Computer. He's written a number of technical articles on the computer and obviously knows the workings well.

A few feet away ten-year-old Larry Cadman, a student at Kirkmer elementary, plays chess with his machine. The machine wins — this time.

In one corner, two women discuss the new question and answer feature in the club's monthly newsletter and how it will help them. Now, when someone has a problem, he can deposit that question in a box and it will be answered in the following month's bulletin. That way others with the same difficulty can benefit from the orgainzation's collective experience.

Amid the talking, beeping, clattering, zapping, laughing, ringing and all the other sounds that make a bona fide din, the educational subcommittee attempts to hold its own meeting around a table commandeered in the center of the room. Chairman Sherman outlines, briefly, (for our benefit) the four basics of the committee:

The first is to enchance the Color Computer's use as a learning tool by reviewing or rewriting educational programs.

The second is to present the members of the club with a demonstration of some educational program or service. The third goal is to organize community involvement projects such as taking club members into area schools to demonstrate the computer. (They've already done this several times and with great success. Three principals from various schools are in the room to learn more about the Color Computer and its potential.) Finally they are in charge of coordinating educational classes for the club members.

We leave the meeting in progress to wander over to a front corner of the room where we find the program library wedged between the blackboard and the coat rack. Here, tapes are filed into three categories: utility, game, and educational. Members are allowed to check out one tape per membership per month for reviewing. With the high unemployment in this particular area of the country it's amazing that so many people update their libraries at all, and no one wants to get stuck with something he can't use once he gets it home. Borrowing helps a member find out in advance whether a particular program can help or be of interest before purchasing. Again, the club stresses that taping these programs is forbidden.

The Color Computer Club issues a program library index to members complete with index number, name of program, type of program, memory, N-E-M, and description of each item offered as a guide. Even as we watch, the box that holds the tapes empties and assistant librarians, Gene DiRenzo and Judy Valerio, scribble names and pass out material as fast as they can.

From time to time members stop to chat, eager to talk about how they feel about their machines. It's astonishing the number of uses people found for the Color Computer. One woman uses it to keep a running record of her shopping list, the students say it's invaluable when doing homework (not to mention the hours of game playing time available), and everyone finds it a handy checkbook balancer.

In no time at all, four o'clock has rolled around, and, without a signal of anykind, machines are gradually, reluctantly, shut down, unplugged, and packed away as members straggle out the door a few at a time. We are all set to follow when one of the officers asks what insight we've gathered about the way members feel toward their club. The answer is simple. We've never seen such a cooperative group of diverse individuals with so much enthusiasm or so much interest in any one thing. The whole visit was our pleasure.

# Telewriter-64 the Color Computer Word Processor

- 3 display formats: 51/64/85 columns × 24 lines
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- **■** Drives any printer
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- No hardware modifications required

#### THE ORIGINAL

Simply stated, Telewriter is the most powerful word processor you can buy for the TRS-80 Color Computer. The original Telewriter has received rave reviews in every major Color Computer and TRS-80 magazine, as well as enthusiastic praise from thousands of satisfied owners. And rightly so.

The standard Color Computer display of 32 characters by 16 lines without lower case is simply inadequate for serious word processing. The checkerboard letters and tiny lines give you no feel for how your writing looks or reads. Telewriter gives the Color Computer a 51 column by 24 line screen display with *true lower case characters*. So a Telewriter screen looks like a printed page, with a good chunk of text on screen at one time. In fact, more on screen text than you'd get with Apple II, Atari, TI, Vic or TRS-80 Model III.

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Telewriter's chain printing feature means that the size of your text is never limited by the amount of memory you have, and Telewriter's advanced cassette handler gives you a powerful word processor without the major additional cost of a disk.

...one of the best programs for the Color Computer I have seen...

- Color Computer News, Jan. 1982

#### **TELEWRITER-64**

But now we've added more power to Telewriter. Not just bells and whistles, but major features that give you total control over your writing. We call this new supercharged version Telewriter-64. For two reasons.

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Telewriter-64 runs fully in any Color Computer — 16K, 32K, or 64K, with or without Extended Basic, with disk or cassette or both. It automatically configures itself to take optimum advantage of all available memory. That means that when you upgrade your memory, the Telewriter-64 text buffer grows accordingly. In a 64K cassette based system, for example, you get about 40K of memory to store text. So you don't need disk or FLEX to put all your 64K to work immediately.

#### 64 COLUMNS (AND 85!)

Besides the original 51 column screen, Telewriter-64 now gives you 2 additional high-density displays:  $64 \times 24$  and  $85 \times 24!!$  Both high density modes provide all the standard Telewriter editing capabilities, and you can switch instantly to any of the 3 formats with a single control key command.

The  $51 \times 24$  display is clear and crisp on the screen. The two high density modes are more crowded and less easily readable, but they are perfect for showing you the exact layout of your printed page, all on the screen at one time. Compare this with cumbersome "windows" that show you only fragments at a time and don't even allow editing.

#### RIGHT JUSTIFICATION & HYPHENATION

One outstanding advantage of the full-width screen display is that you can now set the screen width to match the width of your printed page, so that "what you see is what you get." This makes exact alignment of columns possible and it makes hyphenation simple.

Since short lines are the reason for the large spaces often found in standard right justified text, and since hyphenation is the most effective way to eliminate short lines, Telewriter-64 can now promise you some of the best looking right justification you can get on the Color Computer.

#### **FEATURES & SPECIFICATIONS:**

**Printing and formatting:** Drives any printer (LPVII/VIII, DMP-100/200, Epson, Okidata, Centronics, NEC, C. Itoh, Smith-Corona, Terminet, etc).

Embedded control codes give full dynamic access to intelligent printer features like: underlining, subscript, superscript, variable font and type size, dotgraphics, etc.

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Menu-driven control of these parameters, as well as: pause at page bottom, page numbering, baud rate (so you can run your printer at top speed), and Epson font. "Typewriter" feature sends typed lines directly to your printer, and Direct mode sends control codes right from the keyboard. Special Epson driver simplifies use with MX-80.

Supports single and multi-line headers and automatic centering. Print or save all or any section of the text buffer. Chain print any number of files from cassette or disk.

File and I/O Features: ASCII format files — create and edit BASIC, Assembly, Pascal, and C programs, Smart Terminal files (for uploading or downloading), even text files from other word processors. Compatible with spelling checkers (like Spell 'n Fix).

Cassette verify command for sure saves. Cassette autoretry means you type a load command only once no matter where you are in the tape.

Read in, save, partial save, and append files with disk and/or cassette. For disk: print directory with free space to screen or printer, kill and rename files, set default drive. Easily customized to the number of drives in the system.

Editing features: Fast, full-screen editor with wordwrap, block copy, block move, block delete, line delete, global search and replace (or delete), wild card search, fast auto-repeat cursor, fast scrolling, cursor up, down, right, left, begin line, end line, top of text, bottom of text; page forward, page backward, align text, tabs, choice of buff or green background, complete error protection, line counter, word counter, space left, current file name, default drive in effect, set line length on screen.

Insert or delete text anywhere on the screen without changing "modes." This fast "free-form" editor provides maximum ease of use. Everything you do appears immediately on the screen in front of you. Commands require only a single key or a single key plus CLEAR.

...truly a state of the art word processor...
outstanding in every respect.

— The RAINBOW, Jan. 1982

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# GOTO Golor Basic Where?

A debugging aid for Basic programs.

by D.E. Wood

OTOXREF ANALYZES a Basic program and tells you which lines are called and from where they are called.

The program examines each byte of the program you want analyzed (I'll call this the target program), and searches for all occurrences of the Basic commands GOTO, RUN, GOSUB, ELSE, and THEN. It reads the line numbers called by these commands and the numbers of the lines containing the calls; this information is stored in a string array. The first five characters of each string record the number of a called line; the rest of the string records the lines from which that line is called. For example, if lines 50, 70, 500, and 1000 call line 100 of a program, then one string in the array would be:

00100 50, 70, 500, 1000

#### Table 1.

Instructions for appending one program to the end of another with a cassette-based system.

To gain the maximum amount of available memory, CLOAD the first program and type: POKE 25, 6: NEW ENTER

- Step 1. Type: PRINT PEEK (25), PEEK (26) ENTER
- Make a note of the two numbers printed
- Step 2. Type: PRINT PEEK (27), PEEK (28) ENTER

If PEEK (28) is greater than 1, go to Step 5

- Step 3. Type: POKE 25, PEEK (27)—1: POKE 26, PEEK (28) + 254 ENTER Go to Step 6
- Step 4. Type: POKE 25, PEEK (27): POKE 26, PEEK (28)—2 ENTER
- Step 5. CLOAD the second program.
- If the first line of this program does not have a higher number than the last line of the program loaded in Step 1, use the renumber function to give it higher line numbers. The first program will not be affected by a renumber at this point.
- Step 6. Type: POKE 25, the first value noted in Step 2 Enter POKE 26, the second value noted in Step 2 ENTER

To use GOTOXREF, key in Program Listing 1 and save it to tape or disk. Then load the target program and append GOTOXREF to the end of that program. Table 1 shows how to combine two programs on a cassette-based system.

When the two programs are combined, Enter: RUN 60000. Line 60015 of GOTOXREF asks you for a range of line numbers: I'll explain this later. For now, just press Enter in response to both queries.

When the entire program has been examined, the program sorts the array into called-line order which appears on the screen as shown in the Sample Run.

If your target program is very long and contains many calls, you may find there isn't enough string space available to record all the calls. This appears as an O/S Error (out of string space), after GOTO XREF has been working for some time.

This is where the From and To gueries in line 60015 can be useful. Assume that the target program has line numbers from 0-10000, fairly evenly distributed over this range. If GOTOXREF bombs out because of an O/S or B/S (bad subscript) error, run it again, but this time specify a range from 0-5000. GOTOXREF will examine your entire program, but will only save and display calls to lines within the range of 0-5000. Since calls to lines outside this range are not recorded, you'll use less string space. When you have extracted the information you want, Enter: RUN 60000 again and specify a range of 5001-10000. GOTOXREF then picks up the calls it ignored in the previous run. It takes twice as long to analyze a program this way, but it does get the job done.

If you have a printer, substitute Program Listing 2 for lines 60600–60605. This gives a nicely formatted printout.

That's all you need to know to use GOTOXREF. The rest of this article describes in detail how it works.

#### Initialization

Line 60005 reserves as much memory as possible for string storage, leaving 800 bytes for program operation. L\$( ) is the string array that records the called lines and the lines they are called from. A separate element of this array is assigned to each line called. Strings cannot be more than 255 characters long, so if a particular line is called from many other lines, there may not be enough room for all the calls in one string. In this situation, the program assigns a second string to that called line.

RAM locations 25 and 26 record where the Basic program memory starts. The variable X represents the memory location being PEEKed at. Line 60010 initializes X two bytes before the beginning of your target program. Line 60100 immediately increments X by one, so the first PEEK is at the byte immediately preceding the target program.

#### **Subroutine**

The subroutine at lines 60400–60410 PEEKs at byte X and makes G equal to the value stored in this byte. Line 60405 skips over any spaces (ASCII code 32) in your target program. This is necessary because GOTOXREF looks for a line number immediately after a Call command. If your program had a space between a GOTO and a line number, the call would be missed unless the space was ignored.

#### The Search

Basic commands are stored in memory in a compressed format, using one or two bytes to represent the entire command rather than one byte for each character in the command. GOTOXREF looks for bytes containing values of 129 and 165 (which represent GOTO), 129 and

#### Table 2.

Explanation of Variables.

- A The program line currently being examined
- A\$ Line number A, converted to a string
- C The number of elements of the L\$( ) array used so far
- F2 Flag in the sort routine
- G The value stored in memory location X
- **L\$(** ) String array that records each called line, and the lines it's called from
- **Q** Counter in FOR...NEXT loops to create, sort, and display the L\$( ) array
- **\$\$** String used to store the line number following a call
- \$1 Lowest line number to search for
- **S2** Highest line number to search for
- T\$ Temporary storage in sort routine
- X Memory location currently being examined X\$ Dummy string for INPUT statements in line 60605
- Y Dimension of the L\$( ) array

166 (GOSUB), 142 (RUN), 132 (ELSE), and 167 (THEN).

The fact that not all bytes with the above values represent Basic commands complicates the search for calls. Line pointers (the first two bytes of each line), and line numbers (the third and fourth bytes of each line), can contain values anywhere from 0-225. Fortunately, the last byte of every line contains a zero, as does the byte immediately before the beginning of a program. When I refer to a zero, it's the value stored in a byte, not the character zero, which may be part of your program's text. In a program statement such as IF X = 0 THEN Y = 5, a byte containing a value of 48 (the ASCII code for 0) represents the character 0. In a Basic program, the only places zero value bytes can be found are at a line end, and maybe in one or more of the pointer or line number bytes.

When line 60105 finds a zero, line 60110 calculates the next line number and increments X by four, to skip over the pointer and line number bytes.

Now that pointers and line numbers are out of the way, lines 60125–60127 test for the call commands. If they find one, line 60135 examines the bytes that follow, and if the bytes are numerical, stores them in S\$. If no line number follows the command, as may be the case with RUN, ELSE, and THEN, S\$ remains a null string and control passes to 60105 to search for another call command. If S\$ does contain a number, 60145 tests to see if it is within the range of line numbers specified by the operator in answer to the queries in line 60015.

#### The Array

If S\$ contains a line number within the proper range, then 60200 lengthens it to five characters by adding leading zeros as required. This is necessary because the sort and display routines operate on the basis that the called line numbers occupy the first five characters of each string in the array.

Line 60205 defines A\$ as the string form of A, the line in which the call was

located. A FOR...NEXT loop is then established to examine the L\$( ) array.

If the array doesn't contain a string devoted to calls to S\$, then 60225 gives this job to the first null string in the array and records the call from A\$.

If an array element for calls to line S\$ exists, then 60215 tests to see if a call from line A\$ has already been recorded. If it has, it's not recorded again. So for a line such as

10 ON X GOTO 20, 30, 20, 20, 50

10 would be recorded only once on the string for calls to line 20. This saves string space and produces a shorter, neater display. You may prefer to show that line 20 was called three times from line 10. If so, delete line 60215.

Line 60220 checks to see if the array element devoted to calls to line S\$ is too long to accept another call. If this is so, the loop continues and searches for another string devoted to S\$. If there isn't another string, line 60225 creates one.

If an L\$(Q) element has been assigned to calls to line S\$, and a call from line A\$ hasn't been recorded yet, and L\$(Q) is not too long, then 60220 adds A\$ to the end of L\$(O).

#### **The Search Continues**

After processing a call, and if necessary, recording it in the array, line 60300 looks for a comma after the called line number. The routine branches to 60105 to search for another call if no comma is found. If 60300 finds a comma, GOTO-XREF must be PEEKing at an ON...GOTO or ON...GOSUB statement, so control passes to 60130 to search for another line number.

#### The End

The search ends when 60115 encounters the first line of GOTOXREF. All that remains is a simple bubble sort (lines 60500–60510) and the display (lines 60600 and 60605). The display shows one string at a time; press Enter to see the next one. The display is an endless

loop so you'll have to press Break to escape.

To test GOTOXREF on itself, add 63000 REM and change the 59999 in lines 60015 and 60115 to 62999. The sample run shows GOTOXREF's analysis of itself.

Many thanks to Mel Seder for his help in writing and testing this routine.

#### Listing 1

60000 PRINT "GOTOXREF" 60001 REM D. WOOD, R. I. A. 60005 CLEAR 0 : CLEAR MEM - 800 60010 Y = 100 : DIM L\$(Y) : X = PEEK(25) \* 256 + PEEK(26) - 2 60015 INPUT "FROM";S1 : INPUT "T O";S2 : IF S2= 0 THEN S2= 59999 60100 X = X + 160105 GOSUB 60400 : IF G > 0 THE N 60125 60110 X = X + 4 : A = PEEK(X-1) \*256 + PEEK(X)60115 IF A > 59999 THEN 60500 60120 PRINT : PRINT "LINE NO. "; A ; " CALLS"; : GOTO 60100 60125 IF G<>129 AND G<>142 AND G <>132 AND G<>167 THEN 60100 60126 IF G<>129 THEN 60130 60127 X= X + 1 : GOSUB 60400 : I F G= 165 OR G= 166 THEN 60130 60128 GOTO 60100 60130 X= X + 1 : S\$= "" 60135 GOSUB 60400 : IF G > 47 AN D G < 58 THEN S\$= S\$ + CHR\$(G) : X = X + 1 : GOTO 6013560140 IF S\$= "" THEN 60105 ELSE PRINT "," ; S\$ ; 60145 IF VAL(S\$) < S1 OR VAL(S\$) > S2 THEN 60300 60200 IF LEN(S\$) < 5 THEN S\$= "0 + S\$ : GOTO 60200 60205 A\$=STR\$(A) : FOR Q=0 TO C 60210 IF LEFT\$( L\$(Q), 5) <> S\$ THEN NEXT Q : GOTO 60225 60215 IF RIGHT\$ ( L\$ (Q), LEN(A\$)) = A\$ THEN 60300 60220 IF LEN( L\$(Q)) + LEN( A\$) < 255 THEN L\$(Q)= L\$(Q) + "," A\$ : GOTO 60300 ELSE NEXT Q 60225 L\$(Q) = S\$ + A\$ : C = C + 160300 GOSUB 60400 : IF G= 44 THE N 60130 ELSE 60105 60400 G= PEEK(X) 60405 IF G= 32 THEN X= X + 1 : G OTO 60400 60410 RETURN 60500 PRINT : PRINT "SORTING" 60505 F2= 0 : FOR Q= 1 TO C - 1 : IF L\$(Q) > L\$(Q + 1) THEN T\$= L\$(Q) : L\$(Q) = L\$(Q + 1) : L\$(Q+ 1) = T\$ : F2= 1 60510 NEXT Q:IF F2=1 THEN 60505 60600 CLS: FOR Q= 1 TO C: PRIN T "LINE NO. "; VAL( LEFT\$( L\$(Q), 5)); " IS CALLED FROM"; RIG HT\$( L\$(Q), LEN( L\$(Q)) - 5) 60605 INPUT X\$: NEXT Q: PRINT "FINISHED": INPUT X\$: GOTO 606

#### Sample Run

Sample Kun								
60100	IS CALLED FROM	60120, 60125, 60128						
60105	IS CALLED FROM	60140, 60300						
60125	IS CALLED FROM	60105						
60130	IS CALLED FROM	60126, 60127, 60300						
60135	IS CALLED FROM	60135						
60200	IS CALLED FROM	60200						
60225	IS CALLED FROM	60210						
60300	IS CALLED FROM	60145, 60215, 60220						
60400	IS CALLED FROM	60105, 60127, 60135, 60300, 60405						
60500	IS CALLED FROM	60115						
60505	IS CALLED FROM	60510						
60600	IS CALLED FROM	60605						

#### Listing 2

60600 CLS: FOR Q= 1 TO C: PRIN T#-2, "LINE NO."; VAL(LEFT\$( L\$(Q), 5)); "IS CALLED FROM"; RIGHT\$( L\$(Q), LEN( L\$(Q)) - 5) 60605 NEXT Q: PRINT "FINISHED": INPUT X\$: GOTO 60600

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# Dissecting Your ROM

Color Basic ROM explained. The first of 12 articles.

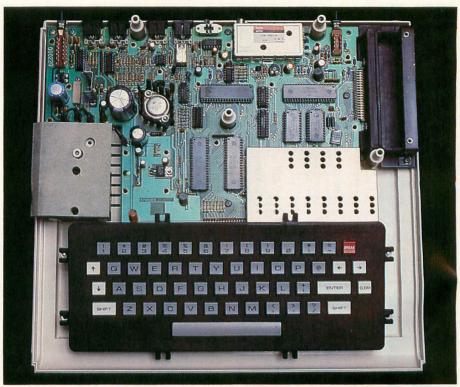
#### by Jake Commander

T ALWAYS HAPPENS the same way; get a new microcomputer and there's something I need to know. The only trouble is, it's never, ever, in the manual. I guess that's the price you pay for having an inquisitive mind. Shortly after I bought my Color Computer, I took a long, tortuous trip into its brains. This was all brought about by innocently wondering if I could get the Color Computer to read tapes from my TRS-80 Model I. It didn't seem an unreasonable proposal (and is quite possible). However, at the time I was hoping the tape formats would be more similar than they turned out to be.

How did I find that out? By looking in the manual? Not likely. The only way was to disassemble the ROM and try to find the code that performed the tape I/O (input/output). It sounded so simple, but there were a few minor obstacles in the way. First, I didn't have a disassembler. Second, I had no knowledge of 6809 machine code so I couldn't have understood a disassembly anyway.

Crazy though it may sound, this situation had advantages. If I really wanted that tape I/O information from ROM, I had to learn 6809 machine code pretty fast and follow it up by writing a disassembler to plod through the code.

As you'll find if you face a similar situation, writing a disassembler is just about the fastest way there is of learning the machine code for a particular MPU (also known as CPU). I'd already discovered this from disassembling the Model I's ROM and found it gave me a crash



course on the Z-80. The same was about to happen with the 6809.

That sets the scene for what you're about to see over the next months in The Color Computer Magazine. As I said before, this whole project began by trying to find what made the tape I/O tick. Before finding that information, I had unraveled half the original 8K Color Basic 1.0 ROM. It was only natural to complete the job and have a good reference in front of me. Next thing I knew, I'd upgraded to Extended Color Basic and my curiosity took over again. (I'd improved the disassembler itself and that was a good way to try it.) Bear in mind that the comments will be rather cryptic in certain places. There are two reasons for this: it was originally intended only for my personal use so the comments were kept short and to the point. Also, it had to be done fast so I could keep an overall picture in mind, so some of the comments reflect that speed.

Each month I'll cover a little more than 1K of disassembly, which will build up to a full reference on the whole 16K of Extended Color Basic. At the start of each article, I'll make a comment or two on what that part of the ROM is doing, but as the series is to be for reference, expect it to be more or less a stand-alone column.

The disassembly is just the way you'd get it by using the disassembler presented last month, with one exception. Relative branches are shown jumping to absolute addresses in order to leave more space in the comments column.

Where the code isn't really machine code but is ASCII text or tables, the comments will make this clear. No attempt is made to clean up the disassembly to make it appear more like source code. It will look just as output from the disassembler looks.

Where trick pieces of code are used, this will be commented, too. For instance, it's possible to jump into the middle of certain op codes and have a different instruction carried out than appears in the disassembly. An example of this is the code at \$A304 which appears as CMPX #\$9E97. Notice that if this code is jumped to at location &A305, the MPU will execute a LDX <\$97 instruction. This can be used by a sneaky machine code programmer to mask certain code. It isn't done for secrecy, but it saves a jump over the unwanted op code. Once again this will be commented where it occurs.

All this may give a false impression. The comments are not at their most useful at each and every op code. They give the best idea of the working of the code when you take a step back. Like an artist viewing his work, too close a view doesn't give the right picture. So, don't take each commented op code too literally, but try to get a picture of each section of code that performs a particular function. That's another reason why some comments remain cryptic.

So here we go: Round One. This portion of ROM deals with power-up and reset. Also covered is keyboard input, plus video and RS-232 output.

Listing begins on page 56.

; cassette on delay (twice). ; Return address. ; Reset PIA's and SAM. ; Reset Level 1 "Startup" flag. ; Go to ROWPACK	are transferred from ROM from location 008F.  NOP Havelength reference.  NOP 'Upper allowed cass. wavelength. DEC <0 'iupper allowed cass. wavelength. SUBA #\$0B 'ind # of bytes at header (128). SUBA #\$0B 'illash cursor, & flash counter. NEG <1 'imad # of bytes at header (128). SUBA #\$0B 'ipad Rate delay.  ANDA # 0 'iprinter Chars/line & print pos and post in the p
\$A7D1 \$A7D1 #\$A108 \$A02A <\$71 \$C000	re transferred from 10cation 0087
JSR JSR LDU JMP CLR	
AOFC BD A7D1 AOFF BD A7D1 A102 CE A108 A105 7E A02A A108 OF 71 A10A 7E C000	## Startup, these values at Startup, these values at Startup, these values at Startup, these values and startup, these values and startup, these values and startup, along a min startup and startup a
00113 00114 00115 00115 00117	## KEFLECTT ## At Startup, to RAM PORT 00119 A105 00120 A107 00121 A107 00124 A111 00125 A111 00126 A111 00126 A111 00127 A111 00128 A112 00128 A112 00139 A121 00131 A123 00131 A123 00131 A123 00131 A124 00132 A144 00144 A141 00145 A144 00145 A144 00146 A145 00147 A147 00148 A148 00149 A148 00150 A148 00151 A158
(poll keyboard for character) (output character to DEVNUM) (start cassette) (read cassette block) (write cassette block) (read joysticks) (write cassette leader)	;Temporary Stack Pointer;Enable the ;Cartridge ;Already set up? ;Else possible jump - X ;Jump destination ;If not, do startup ;Else possible jump - X ;Jump destination ;If not, start Color BASIC ;Otherwise jump to the NOP. ;Set up the return address ;for page zero. ;Set direct page register. ;Set direct page register. ;Clear the keyboard PIA setup) ;Clear the keyboard columns. ;Clear the keyboard columns. ;Clear the keyboard columns. ;Clear the control registers. ;Clear the PIA control registers. ;Set the control registers. ;Set up Video Display Generator.
POLCAT (poll k ;CHROUT (output ;CSRDON (start ;BLKIN (read o ;BLKOUT (write ;JOYIN (read j	LDS
00002 A000 A1 C1 00003 A002 A2 82 000004 A004 A7 7C 00005 A006 A7 0B 00007 A008 A7 F4 00007 A00A A9 DE 00008 A00C A7 D8	Initialization Routine 00009 A00E 10 CE 03D7 00010 A012 86 37 00011 A014 B7 FF23 00013 A019 81 55 00014 A01B 26 51 00015 A01D 9E 72 00016 A01F 86 84 00017 A021 81 12 00018 A022 66 84 00019 A025 6E 84 00022 A02B 1F 9B 00023 A02D 8E FF00 00024 A03D 6F 01 00025 A03B E7 01 00026 A03B E7 01 00027 A03B E7 01 00038 A044 6F 03 00031 A03F 8E FF20 00031 A03F 8E FF20 00031 A044 6F 03 00034 A046 6F 03 00035 A040 6F 01 00036 A049 A7 02 00037 A04B A7 02 00038 A04D E7 03 00041 A055 A7 84 00041 A055 B6 FFC0 00045 A055 A7 84 00045 A056 C6 10 00045 A056 A7 84 00052 A056 A7 84 00052 A056 A7 1B 00052 A068 A7 1B 00052 A068 A7 1B 00053 A068 A7 1B 00053 A068 B7 FFC9 00052 A068 A7 1B 00052 A068 B7 CC10

	Save chr, increment buffer.  Save buffer pointer.  Bump number of bytes in block.  Setup Block Type.  >=> output buffer.  ;Number of bytes.  ;Do complete tape output.  ;Reset # bytes & I/O pointr.  ;Disable Interrupts.  ;Chop bit 7  ;Save the count.  ;Bit O to CF  ;Into  ;Into  ;To port.  ;	
	\$\frac{\chi_{\chi\ti_{\chi\ti}\chi_{\chi\ti}}\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi\ti}\chi_{\chi\ti}\ti}\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi_{\chi}\chi_{\chi_{\chi}\chi_{\chi\ti}\chi_{\chi_{\chi}\chi_{\chi}\chi_{\chi}\chi_{\chi}\chi_{\chi\ti}\chi_{\chi}\chi_{\chi}\chi_{\chi}\chi}\chi_{\chi}\chi}\chi_{\chi}\chi_{\chi}\chi}\chi\chi_{\chin\chi}\chi\chi}\chi}\chin\chin\chi\chi\tii\ti}\chi\chi}\chi\chi\tii\ti}\chi\tii\ti}\chi\tii\ti	
	tte Output: INC	
	00330 A2A0 A7 80 00331 A2A2 9F 7A 00333 A2A6 35 96 00334 A2A4 0C 79 00335 A2AA DC 79 00335 A2AA DT 70 00336 A2AC 8E 01DA 00337 A2B DF 7E 00337 A2B DF 7E 00339 A2B DF 7E 00339 A2B DF 7E 00340 A2B 34 62 00341 A2B 7B A7E5 00342 A2B 35 62 00342 A2B 35 62 00343 A2B DF 7E 00344 A2BF 8B A7E5 00345 A2C 1A 50 00346 A2C 8B 36 00346 A2C 8B 36 00347 A2C 68 00348 A2C 60 00349 A2C 8B 36 00349 A2C 8B 36 00349 A2C 8B 36 00349 A2C 8B 36 00340 A2C 8B 36 00340 A2C 8B 36 00340 A2C 8B 36 00341 A2C 8B 36 00346 A2C 8B 36 00346 A2C 8B 36 00346 A2C 8B 36 00356 A2C 8B 36 00367 A2C 8B 36 00368 A2C 8B 36 00369 A2C 8B 36 00370 A2C 8B 35 00371 A2C 8B 35 00371 A2C 8B 35 00372 A2C 8B 36 00373 A2C 8B 35 00374 A2C 8B 35 00375 A2C 8B 35 00376 A2C 8B 35 00377 A2C 8B 35 00378 A2C 8B 35 00378 A2C 72 8A 00388 A300 8B 10 00388 A300 8B 10	
	Get space on stack  => rollower bits   Initialize column=0   Initialize column=0   Initialize row=1   Setup row mask   Seaw had bit   Save it   Sa	
	#\$0152 #\$0152 #\$0152 #\$0152 \$\$FE02 \$\$A238 1,X 1,X 1,X 1,X 1,X 1,X 1,X 1,X 1,X 1,X	
1	de key pressed LEAS - 3,5 LIDB #\$75 LIDB #\$75 STB \$FF0 ST	
is in the life of the same of	A   C   A   C	
Listing	Strobe 00223 00224 00225 00225 00225 00227 00231 00231 00231 00231 00231 00231 00240 00241 00251	

Cursor position. Backspace? If not. Are we already at top LHS? Yes, ignore. Back off cursor. Save new position.	jun not.  jun our position.  jeac to cursor.  jead of line?  No, continue.  jeave new cursor  jenore if other control  graphic  jump to A340 if so  jump to A340 if so	;leave out offset; ;Add offset if necessary; ;Send character to screen; ;new cursor position ;End of screen ;jump to A35D if not ;SCROLL	per Output device.  "B.X"  "B.X"  "E.X"  "Initialize "Print" device.  "Output mode "Jump to A373 if video. "-1? "Jump to A374 if cassette. "Jump to A384 if cassette. "Jump to A373 if video. "Jump to A373 if video. "Jump to A373 if video. "Jump to A373 if cassette. "Jump to A373 if cassette. "Jump to A373 if cassette. "Jump to A373 if video. "Jump to A374 if cassette. "J
A, B, X <\$88 **8 **8 **8 **8 **50 **50 ***50 ***50 ***50 ***50 ***50 ***50	\$\frac{2}{2}\$\$\fra	#\$DF #\$40 #\$40 \$\$48 \$\$05 FF \$\$50 X \$\$70, X	
PSHS LDX CMPA. BNB CMPX BEQ LDA STA BRA CMPA	LDA LDA STA STA BITB BNE BNE CMPA CMPA CMPA CMPA	ANDA STA STA STA CMPX LDD LDD STD CMPX LDD STD CMPX LDD STD CMPX LDB	eters, as JSR A PSHS A
TO VIDEO A30A 34 16 A30C 9E 88 A30E 9E 88 A310 26 08 A310 26 08 A315 27 46 A317 86 60 A319 A7 82 A315 20 27 A315 20 00 A315 20 A315 20 A315 20 A315 20 A315 20 A315 20 A315 A315 A315 A315 A315 A315 A315 A315		84 88 88 88 88 88 86 86 86 86 87 88 86 86 87 88 87 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88 88	Initialize Output Parameters, 00424 A35F BD 0164 PSH 00425 A362 A16 PSH 00426 A364 O
PR IN 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	00410 00411 004112 004114 004115 004118 004119 004210 004210	Initia 00424 000425 000425 000423 000423 000433 000433 000433 000433 000433
		c c	
;Keyboard row. ;Ignore joystck cmprsn. ;Keyboard column. ;=@ if column=0, and row=0 ;Offset for keyboard table. ;If so ;Offset for keyboard table. ;If so ;Offset for keyboard table.	"0"; or sh e shift char char char char or shift.	; up-arrow; shift up-arrow; shift up-arrow & shift dn-arrow; left-arrow; right-arrow; zero & shift zero; carriage retn & shift carr. rtn; CLEAR & backslash; BREAK & shift BREAK; shift "a"	t to to the total th
FF00 ;Keyboard row.  \$80 ;Ignore joystck cmprsn.  \$244 \$c0 ;Keyboard column.  \$23 ;=@ if column=0, and row=  \$33 ;0ffset for keyboard tabl  \$21 ;Chr <"A"?  \$264 ;If solumn=0, and row=  \$21 ;Chr <"A"?  \$264 ;If solumn=0, and row=  \$273 ;Gfset for keyboard tabl  \$281 ;Chr <"A"?	Chr >	; up-arrow; shift up-arrow; shift up-arrow in shift dn-arrow; left-arrow; right-arrow; zero & shift zero; carriage retn & shift carr; CLEAR & backslash; BREAK & shift BREAK; shift man	;RAM vector ;Get device number. ;Get device number. ;RS-232 LPRINT ;PRINT to video ;I/O mode. ;Input, return. ;Inumber of bytes in buf;Does it equal 255: ;Jump to A29E if not. ;Set Pointers, do cass;I/O buffer.
\$FF00 ;Keyboard row. \$FF02 ;Ignore joystck cmprsn. \$A244 \$\$C0 ;Keyboard column. \$A244 \$\$C0 \$:0 if column=0, and row=\$33 ;=0 if column=0, and row=\$21 ;Chr <"A"? \$A264 ;If solumn=0, and tabl \$\$A21 ;If solumn=0, and tabl \$\$A21 ;If solumn=0, and tabl \$\$A21 ;Offset for keyboard tabl	#\$30 \$A264 \$A22D \$A25D \$A25D \$A40 \$A20E \$A	'up-arrow 'shift up-arrow 'shift up-arrow 'dh-arrow 's left-arrow 's 'ight-arrow 'g 'zero & shift zero 'carriage retn & shift carr.' 'C.EAR & backslash 'BREAK & shift BREAK 'ng''	Number.  \$0167  \$0167  \$0167  \$2067  \$3408  \$428F  \$5428F  \$780  \$100 mode.  \$478  \$100 mode.  \$100 mode.  \$100 mode.  \$100 mode.  \$2426  \$100 mode.  \$100 mode.  \$2426  \$100 mode.  \$252 m
keyboard.  A238 B6 FF00  A238 B6 FF00  A230 7D FF02  A240 2B 02  BMI \$A244  A240 2B 02  BMI \$A244  A244 39  A245 C6 33  LDB #\$A23  A247 8E A238  LDK #\$A238  A247 8E A238  A247 BE A238  A248 BE A238  A248 BE A21A  A248 BE A21A	MES #\$30 ;Chr > BHS \$A264 ;If scan BHS \$A22D ;Scan BLS \$A22D ;Scan BLS \$A25D ;Scan BLS \$A25D ;Rever BEQ \$A25D ;Rever BEQ \$A26A ;Is it TSTA \$A20E ;Retur BEQ \$A20E ;Retur BADB \$A20E ;Retur BADB \$A20E ;Retur BADB \$A20E ;Retur BADB \$A20E ;Scan BNE \$A26A ;->If scan	A20 20 A0 BEAN A20	Character as per Device Number.  A282 BD 0167

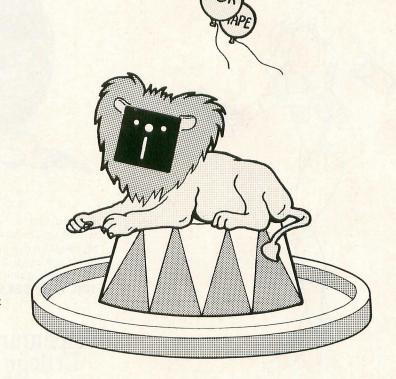
	<pre>;-&gt; RAM ;Device number ;-&gt; RTS if normal ;must be = -1 ;- If not, jump to A403,</pre>		<pre>;-&gt; RAM vector ;Device Number ;Is it equal to -1? ;-&gt; If not tape, jump to A415 ;File Mode ;File Thou!?</pre>		<pre>;-&gt; Close (cr) ;-&gt; Get Device number ;Do close ;Parse current chr ;Parse utrent chr ;Farse if End of Line ;Else get next device #</pre>	;And close that one ;-> RAM ;Output Device = cassette :-> RAM		
\$4394	\$016D <\$6F \$A415 \$A403	<\$78 \$A400 #\$2C \$AC46 \$AC45 \$A415	\$0170 <\$6F \$A415 <\$78 \$A3FB	\$A403	\$A426 \$A5A5 \$A42D <\$A5 \$A44B \$A5A2	\$A41B \$0173 #\$FF <\$6F	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	<pre>&lt;\$79 \$A449 \$A2A8 #\$FF \$A2AA &lt;\$778</pre>
BRA	Input/Output JSR LDA BEQ INCA BNE	LDA BNE LDB JMP DECA BEQ JMP	OUTPUT JSR LDA INCA BNE LDA LDA BNE LDA BEQ	BEQ	BEQ JSR BSR JSR BEQ JSR	BRA JSR LDA STA	LDA CLR INCA BNE BNE LDA CMPA	Buffer LDA BEQ JSR LDB JSR CLR RTS
16 N 20 AD	File Open for In A3ED BD 016D A3F2 27 21 A3F2 27 21 A3F4 4C A3F5 26 0C	A3F7 96 78 A3F9 26 05 A3F9 26 2C A3F0 7E AC46 A400 4A A401 27 12 A403 7E A616	n for 0170 6F 07 78 E9	A413 27 EE A415 39	n A416 27 0E A418 BD A5A5 A41B 8D 10 A41D 9D A5 A41F 27 2A A421 BD A5A2			assette 4430 96 54436 27 54441 80 54444 C6 54446 80 54449 0F 54448 39
	Check F 00493 00494 00495 00496 00496	00498 00499 00500 00501 00502 00503	Check 00505 00506 00507 00508 00509 00510		CLOSE 1 00514 00515 00516 00517 00518	00520 CLOSE 00521 00522 00523	00525 00525 00527 00528 00529	
	<pre>;Output Device #=-1 ;Comma col. width, max. tab pos. ;Line position ;characters per output line</pre>	<pre>;-&gt; jump to CLS ;- jump to RAM Vector ;- jump to RAM Vector ;-&gt; Keyboard Input/Output buffer ;initialize character count ;-&gt; Get keyboard character ;-&gt; fet keyboard character ; fourthut buffer flushed?</pre>	ce type = 3C8 if no LEAR key? to CLS & ACKSPACE A3B4 if i		it a SHIFT p to A3C2 i racter coun p to A390 6 nt a backsp eat until k	BREAK key? flag just in A3CD if it is Enter Key?	ve flags Print Car limit Buf Return, (	'If yes, ignore & jump to A39A is it greater than ?? 'If yes, ignore & jump to A39A is it greater than 24 characters? '-> If yes, ignore & jump to A39A is it grtr than 249 characters? '-> If yes, ignore & Jump to A39A iotherwise, load it into buffer ; bump the character count to A282 & print character
A, B, X, PC	<\$6E #\$0100 \$A37C	\$A928 \$0182 <\$87 #\$02DD #1 \$A171	\$A3CC \$A5CF \$A3CB \$A3CB \$A3BD \$A3BA	\$A390 -1,X \$A3E8	#\$15 \$A3C2 \$A390 #8 \$A282 \$A3B8	#3 #1 A3CD #\$0D \$A3D9	SB958 ,X #\$02DC CCR,PC	#\$20 \$A39A \$A39A \$A39A \$A39A ;X+ \$A282
PULS	Parameters COM LDX CLRA CLRB BRA		BNE TST BNE CMPA BEQ CMPA BNE BNE DECR			CMPA ORCC BEQ CMPA BNE CLRA	PSHS JSR CLR LDX PULS	CMPA BLO CMPA BHS CMPB BHS STA INCB JSR
continued from page A382 35 96	assette Output A384 03 6E A386 8E 0100 A389 4F A38A 5F A38B 20 EF	Characters to A38D BD A928 A390 BD 0182 A393 0E 87 A395 8E 02DD A398 C6 01 A398 BD A171 A399 DD A70 DD A390 DD A70	A39F A3A1 A3A3 A3A3 A3A7 A3AB	A3AE 27 A3B0 30 A3B2 20	A3B4 81 A3B6 26 A3B8 5A A3B9 27 A3BB 86 A3BD BD A3C0 20	A3C2 81 A3C4 1A A3C6 27 A3C8 81 A3CA 26	A3CD 34 A3CF BD A3D2 6F A3D4 8E A3D7 35	84 A3D9 81 20 84 A3D8 25 BD 85 A3D9 81 7B 86 A3D7 24 B9 87 A3E1 C1 FA 88 A3E3 24 B5 89 A3E5 A7 80 91 A3E8 BD A282
Listing 00441	Set C 00442 00443 00444 00444 00445	Input 00447 00448 00449 00450 00451 00452	00455 00455 00455 00456 00457 00459	00462 00463 00464	00465 00466 00467 00468 00469 00470	00472 00473 00474 00475 00476	00478 00479 00480 00481 00481	00483 00485 00485 00487 00488 00489 00490

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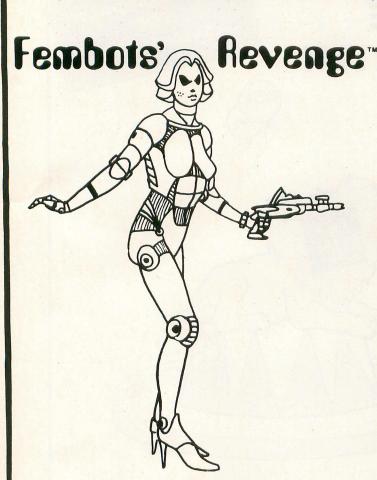


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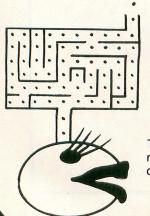


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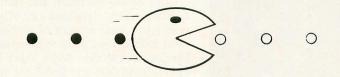




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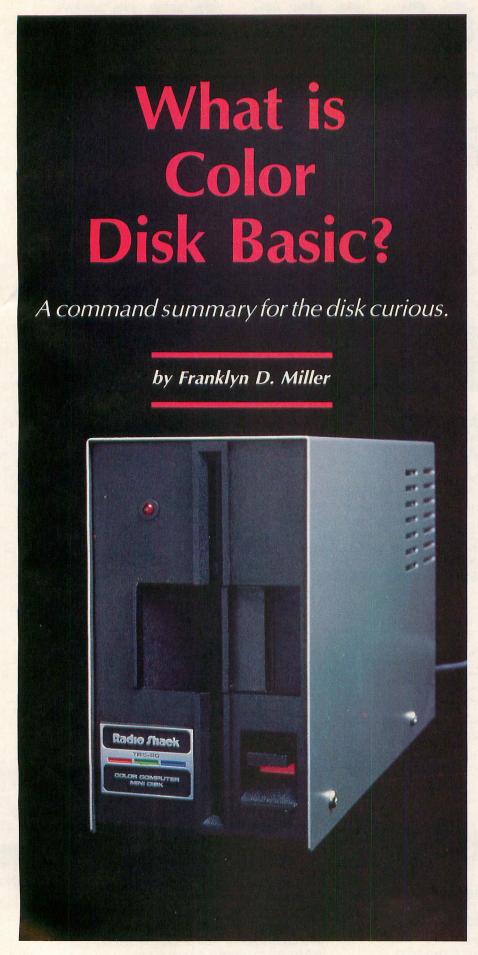
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RECENTLY ACQUIRED Color Disk Basic and am rather impressed with it. I thought the readers of **The Color Computer Magazine** might be interested in learning how it compares with Model I DOS.

The disk drive is larger and quieter than Model I drives, and the transformer is enclosed. The 8K ROMpak plugs into the right side of the computer and attaches to the drive with the cable supplied, which provides for two drives.

The disk system is entirely in Basic; there is no separate DOS as Model I and Model II users are accustomed to. Color Basic and Extended Color Basic are always available with the plug-in ROMpak in place. Although the system operates with the 16K RAM memory, 32K is highly desirable. The disk system uses 2K for itself, leaving 6,439 bytes for the user when in the graphics mode. A total of 37 error signals are available, but only as two letter messages, reminiscent of Level Il Basic. The disks are double density and can contain a total of 161,280 bytes. A granule contains 2,304 bytes with 68 granules and 35 tracks on a disk. I won't go into details about disk data organization, since the operating manual devotes six pages to the subject.

The manual (92 pages) is well written and contains 11 chapters and eight appendices, one of which is a memory map. Eight useful sample programs illustrate the use of a disk system. Thirty-six new commands are available, some of which are not available with Model I DOS. Each chapter has a group of questions with the answers in an appendix. There are also 10 programming exercises in another appendix.

Once again, Microsoft has done an outstanding job of packing a lot of useful code into a small amount of memory. In what follows I will assume the reader is familiar with Model I Radio Shack DOS. I will refer to DOS and Disk Basic merely as one operating system under the name "DOS."

### **Basic Commands and Comments**

#### **BACKUP**

Essentially the same as DOS.

#### CVN

• Converts a coded string back to a number but with nine-figure precision. Similar to CVS in DOS.

#### DIR

• This command lists the directory on the screen but has a serious drawback in that it displays the complete directory. It is very tricky to position the screen to the portion of interest using the shift and @ keys. The format is considerably different from DOS. Here is an example:

#### OURPROG BAS 0 B 3

From left to right are displayed file name, extension, type of storage, code, and number of granules.

That deserves a little explanation. The type of storage is a number from 0 to 3 with the following meanings:

0 = Basic program

1 = Basic data file

2 = Machine language

3 = Editor source file

Code is either A or B for ASCII or binary format.

#### DRIVE

• Normally the default is drive zero when a drive is not specified. The DRIVE command allows you to set the default to any drive from 0 to 3. This is useful if you have more than one drive.

#### **DSKINI** x

• Equivalent to FORMAT in DOS except that X = drive number. The disk is formatted and verified, and the computer returns to the Command mode at completion. It does not require user interaction.

#### DSKI\$

• A versatile command not available in DOS. With this command you can read any sector on any track into strings of 128 bytes. The format is: DSKI\$ drive number, track number, sector number, string variable1, string variable2

#### DSK0\$

• This is the complement of DSKI\$. It puts strings of up to 128 bytes on the disk, two strings per sector.

#### EOF

• Same as DOS.

#### FIELD

Same as DOS, but see FILES.

#### **FILES**

• The computer automatically uses two buffers (not three), at power-up. FILES gives you considerable flexibility. The format is: FILES X, Y, where X = the number of buffers, Y = the size of the buffers.

The buffers can be any size consistent within the memory limits and can be set either in the Command mode or in a pro-

gram. It is not necessary to turn the computer off to reset files and file size.

#### LOADM

• This command loads a machine language program from disk. Because of the instruction set for the 6809E, most machine language programs are relocatable. The 6809E can branch to a relative address anywhere in memory. The format is: LOADM "Filename", x where x is an offset in decimal.

This is very useful for machine language programmers.

#### LOC

 LOC returns the current record number of the buffer that is open. Very nice for random access filing (which Disk Color calls direct access).

#### MKNS

• This converts a number to a five-byte coded string with nine significant digits. Similar to MKS\$.

#### OPEN

• Opens a buffer. There are three modes that can be used:

1—Sequential input

O – Sequential output

D – Input or output to a random file (direct access).

You can also specify the record length and are not restricted to 256 bytes. The default is 256 bytes. Note that being able to specify a buffer size and record length means less wasted disk space, and possibly, more records.

#### PRINT #, Using

 Use this to specify the format of the information placed on a disk. All the parameters available with USING can be used.

#### PUT#

• Same as DOS except that if you do not use a record number, the current record will be used.

#### RENAME

Same as DOS but available in Basic.

#### RUN

• The format is :RUN "Filename", R. If you use the R option, all current files will remain open.

#### **SAVEM**

• This is not available directly in DOS. The format is: SAVEM "Filename:x", beginning address, ending address, entry address. The command saves a machine language program which can be recovered with LOAD M.

#### **UNLOAD** X

• X is a drive number. The command closes all open files in the drive number specified.

#### VERIFY

• Same as DOS but available at any time from Basic. It can be turned off or on. Saving takes about twice as long with VERIFY ON.

#### WRITE#

• This is similar to PRINT # but you can only use commas. Hence, more disk space is required. Another difference between Disk Color and DOS is in the use of file name extensions. If one is not specified, the computer will supply one by default. The three supplied are :BAS if the program is a Basic program; DAT if the file is a data file; BIN if it is a machine language program. When a program is Loaded, the proper extension must be used or an NE (no entry) error will occur.

#### Table 1

/O Division by zero

AE Existing File

AO Attempted to Open an already open file

BR Bad record number

BS Bad subscript (subscript out of range)

CN Can't continue

DD Attempt to redimension an array

DF Disk full

DN Device or drive number error

DS Direct statement in file

ER Past end of record

FC Illegal function call

FD Bad file data

FM Bad file mode

FN Bad file name

FD Field overflow

FS Bad file structure

ID Illegal direct statement

IE Input past end of file

IO Input/output error

LS Long string

NE No entry found

NF Next without for

NO File not open

OB Out of buffer space

OD Out of data

OM Out of memory

OS Out of string space

OV Overflow. Number too large

RG Return without a GOSUB

SE Tried to SET a string that was not FIELDed

SN Syntax error

ST String formula too complex

TM Type mismatch

UL Undefined line

VF Verification error

WP Disk write protected

Table 2 contains a list of the Basic "tokens" corresponding to the new commands in Color Disk Basic.

#### **Summary**

All in all, this is a good operating system with a well written manual (but not

for the novice), and it seems reliable. It does not provide for program recovery, but since the system is in ROM, it is not likely to be required. Double density disks are certainly desirable for data storage, but disk space can be wasted when storing shorter programs. The ability to change record size at will is definitely a strong plus. The complete system, Color Basic, Extended Color Basic, and Color

Disk Basic supply almost everything available on the Model I with more besides.

The main things lacking are DEFINT, control keys, ERL, ON ERROR GOTO, ERR/2; 1, FRE, AUTO, CLOAD?, and so on. But then, nothing is perfect.

A total of 141 commands and instructions are available, of which 35 to 40 are not available on the Model I (depending upon how you count).

		Ta	ble 2				
1st Byte	2nd Byte		1st Byte	2nd Byte		1st Byte	2nd Byte
221		FREE	255		OPEN	153	
154		GET	196		PRINT	135	
222		INPUT	137		PUT	197	
255	162	KILL	210		RENAME	214	
206		LINE INPUT	187	137	RESET	215	
207		LOAD	211		RUN	142	
220		LOADM	211	77	SAVE	216	
223		LOC	255	164	SAVEM	216	
224		LOF	255		UNLOAD	219	
255	140	LSET	212		VERIFY ON	218	136
208		MERGE	213		VERIFY OFF	218	170
209		MKN\$	255	166	WRITE	217	
	221 154 222 255 206 207 220 223 224 255 208	154 222 255 162 206 207 220 223 224 255 140 208	1st Byte 2nd Byte  221 FREE 154 GET 222 INPUT 255 162 KILL 206 LINE INPUT 207 LOAD 220 LOADM 223 LOC 224 LOF 255 140 LSET 208 MERGE	1st Byte 2nd Byte 1st Byte  221 FREE 255 154 GET 196 222 INPUT 137 255 162 KILL 210 206 LINE INPUT 187 207 LOAD 211 220 LOADM 211 223 LOC 255 224 LOF 255 255 140 LSET 212 208 MERGE 213	1st Byte         2nd Byte         1st Byte         2nd Byte           221         FREE         255           154         GET         196           222         INPUT         137           255         162         KILL         210           206         LINE INPUT         187         137           207         LOAD         211         77           220         LOADM         211         77           223         LOC         255         164           224         LOF         255           255         140         LSET         212           208         MERGE         213	1st Byte         2nd Byte           221         FREE         255         OPEN           154         GET         196         PRINT           222         INPUT         137         PUT           255         162         KILL         210         RENAME           206         LINE INPUT         187         137         RESET           207         LOAD         211         RUN           220         LOADM         211         77         SAVE           223         LOC         255         164         SAVEM           224         LOF         255         UNLOAD           255         140         LSET         212         VERIFY ON           208         MERGE         213         VERIFY OFF	1st Byte         2nd Byte         1st Byte         2nd Byte         1st Byte           221         FREE         255         OPEN         153           154         GET         196         PRINT         135           222         INPUT         137         PUT         197           255         162         KILL         210         RENAME         214           206         LINE INPUT         187         137         RESET         215           207         LOAD         211         RUN         142           220         LOADM         211         77         SAVE         216           223         LOC         255         164         SAVEM         216           224         LOF         255         UNLOAD         219           255         140         LSET         212         VERIFY ON         218           208         MERGE         213         VERIFY OFF         218



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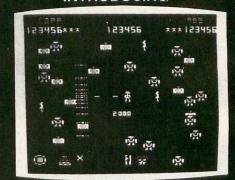
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COMMUNICATIONS

FOR THE COLOR COMPUTER & TDP-100

Zounds! Sounds!

Tuning up your Color Computer's vocal cords.

by William Barden Jr.

B ACK IN THE DAYS of the first microcomputer, the Altair 8800, computer music was hard to come by. I have difficulty remembering exactly how it was, as it was... omigosh... about eight years ago. As I recall, we were content to place a radio near the computer and listen to the musical tones produced by the pulses generated by different program loops. (No kidding! This technique dates back to the 1950's, at least — it was used as a debugging technique, Jake Commander in-

forms me, on early British machines which had a built-in speaker! But I digress...)

MIII

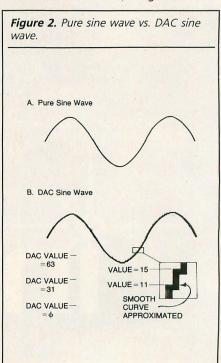
Things are more sophisticated today, especially on the Color Computer. We now have the capability to generate all kinds of sounds and transmit through the television speaker. The sounds are generally musical tones produced by Basic's SOUND and PLAY commands. I think you'll be surprised to find that you can generate many other sounds, ranging from the cry of a wounded program-

mer beating through an involved Basic program to the dulcet tones of a welltempered (at least, fairly well-tempered) clavier.

#### First Movement — Largo con Hardware

If you want, you can diddle musical Basic programs using SOUND and PLAY commands. However, I want to show you what the Color Computer can do with sound. To do that, I've got to discuss

Figure 1. Sound generation in the Color Computer. OUTPUT OF DAC ALWAYS GOES TO CASSETTE OUTPUT THIS 6 LINES ARE INPUTS TO THE DAC PIA ADDRESS THIS LINE IS THE DAC OUTPUT -BIT 1 OF 0 TO 5 VOLTS BIT 2 POKE&HFF23,PEEK(&HFF23)OR8 TO SET "6 BIT SOUND ENABLE DIGITAL-TO MODULATOR ANALOG SWITCH TO-ANALOG BIT 5 CONVERTER (DAC) BIT 6 BIT 7 TO ANALOG DOING A POKE &HFF20,V THE DAC OUTPUT OUTPUTS A VALUE, V, TO THE PIA IS SWITCHED BY POKE &HFF01, PEEK(&HFF01) AND &HF7 POKE &HFF03, PEEK(&HFF03) AND &HF7 543 VV THESE ARE



hardware to a certain extent. Bear with me and I'll try to make it as painless as possible.

Look at Figure 1; the basic sound generation mechanism in the Color Computer is called a digital-to-analog converter, commonly known as a DAC. A digital value from 0 through 63 (six bits -000000 through 111111) is first output to a PIA (peripheral interface adapter) with the address of \$FF20. The six-line output from this PIA goes directly into the DAC. The DAC converts the digital value to a voltage level of about 0 to about 5 volts. This voltage level is then routed through an analog switch, and then to the television modulator that broadcasts to the television plugged into the computer. The output also goes to the cassette output jack.

All sound associated with the Color Computer, from cassette tones of 1200 and 2400 cycles per second (hertz) to sounds generated by SOUND and PLAY commands and speech generated in some Color Computer games, goes through this basic process — value to PIA, conversion to analog value by DAC, and routing to television or cassette.

Take the 2400 cycles-per-second sound for recording on cassette (from a CSAVE command) for example: a 2400 cycle-per-second tone ideally would look like Figure 2a, a "sine wave." This tone is the pure musical tone you would hear from electronic music. The Basic interpreter simulates this tone by outputting a series of digital values to the DAC from a table in ROM (locations 43100 through 43135). The result is something approaching the 2400 hertz sine wave, and looks like Figure 2b.

The cassette output uses two tones, 1200 and 2400 cycles per second, to denote binary data. At 1200 hertz it performs the same loop in ROM, except that alternate values are skipped. The routine that gets the values from the table resides in ROM and is specifically geared to that function. We can use similar logic, though, and create a short assembly-language routine that will output a table of values to produce sounds. That routine appears in Listing 1 as a Basic program with embedded assembly-language code; the actual assembly-language code is shown in Listing 2 for reference. Listing 1 will run by itself — it relocates the machine-language bytes to the memory area starting at \$3F07 (16135) before ex-

Why use assembly language? Basic is simply much too slow to process data for sound generation in the Color Computer. We have to be able to output values to the DAC at rates of at least thousands of values per second to generate a full

range of sounds, since typical sounds range from about 20 cycles per second through 20,000 cycles per second.

This Basic/assembly-language routine simply takes a table of values and outputs them to the DAC. The routine uses four variables to control the sound. The first variable, DC, is a delay count between values and can be any number from 1 through 255. The greater this value, the longer the delay between DAC outputs, and the lower in pitch will be the sound. The second variable, RC, is a repeat count that defines how many times the table values are to be repeated. Repeats of 1 through 65,535 can be used. The next variable, AD, is the address of the data for the table. This is a ROM or RAM address from 0 through 65,535. The fourth variable, N, is the number of entries in the table. This can range from 1 to 65,535.

Suppose you want to generate a sine wave sound. The location of the sine wave table for cassette operation is \$AB5C (43100 decimal in ROM). If you want an approximate 300 cycles-persecond tone for about 3.5 seconds, use the values shown in Table 1. Try it.

#### Table 1

DC = 10 10 for delay count RC = 1000 36 entries repeat 1000 times TA = 43100 table starts at ROM 43100 NE = 36 36 entries in table

300 cycles per second (300 hertz) for about 3.5 seconds

Try changing the values for the delay count and then executing the Basic program. Notice how the pitch varies, dependent upon the DC variable? Try changing the repeat count (RC); short or long sound sequences can be generated by changing RC. In this case, the sine wave from the table plays for longer and longer intervals as you increase the RC variable.

Now comes the really interesting part of this program. We were using the sine wave table in ROM to generate sine waves; how about other data? Any data in ROM or RAM can be used! Try different AD values, and vary the DC and RC variables. You'll find a surprising variety of sounds ranging from gunshots to a voice saying "You have voided the warranty on this machine. It will self-destruct in 10 seconds!" I'm just kidding about that last part...

As a matter of fact, by experimenting you can discover exactly how some of those Atari game sounds are produced — by using existing random (almost) data in ROM or RAM!

#### Second Movement — Un Poco SOUND

Let's get back to solid ground; we've gone off on somewhat of a tangent concerning random sounds. It's fairly easy to produce random sounds just by doing an output to the DAC using random data. But what about musical sounds?

The Basic sound command in the Color Computer is called SOUND. This is somewhat of a misnomer. SOUND really produces only one sound, and it looks like Figure 3. This waveshape is a poor man's sine wave consisting of three levels (0, 31, or 63) when only the top six bits of each value are considered.

Why not use a complete sine wave, as in the case of the cassette tone? Believe

#### Listing 1

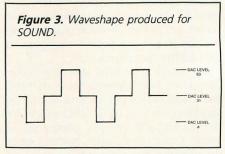
```
100 'BASIC/AL SOUND GENERATOR
110 CLEAR 200,&H3EFF
120 DEFUSR0=&H3F07
130 DATA &HCE,&H3F,&H00,&HAE,&H43,&H10,&HAE,&H45
140 DATA &HA6,&H80,&HB7,&HFF,&H20,&HE6,&HC4,&H5A
150 DATA &H26,&HFD,&H31,&H3F,&H26,&HF2,&HAE,&H41
160 DATA &H30,&H1F,&HAF,&H41,&H26,&HE5,&H39
170 FOR I=&H3F07 TO &H3F25
180 READ A: POKE I,A
190 NEXT
200 POKE &HFF01, PEEK (&HFF01) AND&HF7
210 POKE &HFF03, PEEK (&HFF03) AND&HF7
220 POKE &HFF23, PEEK (&HFF23) ORB
230 INPUT "DC=";DC
240 INPUT "RC=";RC
250 INPUT "TA=";TA
260 INPUT "NE="; NE
270 POKE &H3F00,DC
280 POKE &H3F01;INT(RC/256): POKE &H3F02;RC-INT(RC/256)*256
290 POKE &H3F03;INT(TA/256): POKE &H3F04;TA-INT(TA/256)*256
300 POKE &H3F05, INT(NE/256): POKE &H3F06, NE-INT(NE/256) *256
310 A=USRO(0)
320 GOTO 230
330 FOR I=&H3F07 TO &H3F25
340 PRINT HEX$(PEEK(1));"
350 NEXT I
```

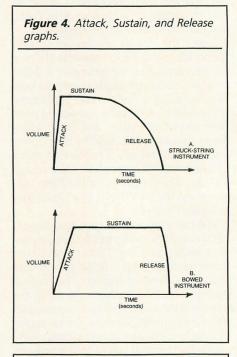
#### Listing 2 00100 \*\*\*\*\*\* SOUND GENERATOR 00110 (\$3FOO) = DELAY COUNT ENTRY: 00120 (\$3F01,2)=REPEAT COUNT 00130 (\$3F03,4)=TABLE ADDRESS 00140 00150 (\$3F05,6)=# OF ENTRIES 00160 00170 ORG \$3F00 3F00 3F00 00180 3F07 3F00 00190 RANDOM LDU #\$3F00 POINT TO PARAMETERS 3FOA AE 43 00200 RANDOS LDX +3,0 GET TABLE START 3FOC 1DAE 45 00205 LDY +5,U GET # ENTRIES 3FOF 80 00210 RAN010 LDA , X+ GET VALUE AA OUTPUT TO DAC 3F11 B7 FF20 00220 STA \$FF20 3F14 E6 C4 00230 ,U GET DELAY COUNT 3F16 5A 00240 RAN020 DECB DEC DELAY COUNT 3F17 26 3F19 31 GO IF NOT D DECREMENT # ENTRIES FD 00250 RNF RANG20 00270 3F LEAY -1 , Y 00290 3F1B 26 F2 RAND10 GO IF NOT D 3F1D AE 00300 LDX GET REPEAT COUNT +1,U 3F1F 30 1F 00310 IFAX -1,X DECREMENT STX +1,U 3F21 AF 00320 STORE BACK 41 3F23 26 E5 00330 RANDO5 GO IF NOT D 3F25 39 00340 RTS RETURN 0000 00350 END DDDDD TOTAL ERRORS RANDOS RAN010 3F OF RAND20 3F16 RANDOM 3F07

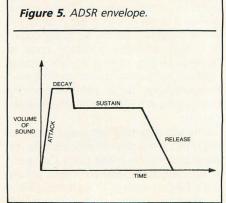
#### Listing 3 3FDD 00100 \$3F00 ORG 00110 SYNTHESIZER 00120 00130 ENTRY: (\$3FF0,1)=ON COUNT 00140 (\$3FF2,3)=OFF COUNT (\$3FF4,5)=ADSR TABLE ADDRESS 00150 (\$3FF6,7)=ADSR INCREMENT DELAY 00160 (\$3FF8)=VOLUME 1-63 IN VVVVVV00 00180 (\$3FF9)=# OF INCREMENTS 00190 LDU 3FF0 00200 #\$3FFD POINT TO PARAMETERS 3F00 CE POINT TO ADSR TABLE 3F03 10AE 44 00210 LDY +4,11 GET INCR DELAY 3F06 AE 46 00220 LDX +6,0 GET VALUE SYND20 3F08 A6 A4 00230 LDA GET VOLUME LDB +8,U 3FOA E6 48 00240 SYNO30 30 00250 MUL FIND DAC VALUE 3FOC B7 00260 \$FF20 SET DAC ON 3FDD STA 3F10 00270 LDD , U GET ON CNT C4 DEC INT CNT GO IF NOT D 3F12 30 1F 00280 SYN040 LEAX -1,X SYN050 3F14 26 08 00290 BNF +1,Y +9,U PNT TO NEXT SEG 3F16 31 21 00300 LEAY DEC # OF INT 3F18 49 00310 DEC 6A 3F1A 27 1F 00320 BEQ SYN090 DONE IF D INIT INT DELAY 3F1C AE 00330 LDX +6,0 46 3F1E **C3** 00340 SYN050 ADDD DEC ON CNT GO IF NOT D 3F21 26 00350 BNE SYN040 3F23 7F FF20 00360 CLR \$FF20 +2,0 3F26 EC GET OFF CNT 42 00370 LDD 3F28 30 1F 00380 SYN060 DEC INT CNT LEAX -1 , X SYN070 GO IF NOT D 3FZA 26 08 00390 BNE 3F2C 31 00400 LEAY +1,Y PNT TO NEXT SEG 3F2E 6A 49 00410 DEC +9,11 DEC # OF INC SYND9D DONE IF D INIT INT DELAY 3F30 27 Π9 00420 BEQ 3F32 AE 00430 46 LDX +6,0 C3 FFFF 00440 SYN070 ADDD DEC OFF CNT 3F34 26 SYN060 GO IF NOT D 3F37 EF 00450 BNE 20 CD SYN020 GO FOR NXT CYCLE 3F39 00460 BRA RTS 3F3B 39 00470 SYN090 RETURN 0000 00480 FND DDDDD TOTAL ERRORS SYN020 3F08 SYN030 3FOA SYN040 SYN050 3F1E SYN060 3F28 SYN070 3F34 **3F3B** SYN090 3F00 SYNTH

#### Continued from page 69

it or not, because assembly language is not fast enough. Consider a sine wave of 1000 cycles per second. Each cycle of the sine wave is 1/1000th of a second long, or one millisecond. If the sine wave table has, say, 32 values, that makes the time between values output to the DAC about 30 microseconds, or 30/1,000,000th second. Even assembly language can just squeak by with those time constraints. A typical assembly-language instruction takes about five microseconds, and we're talking about not much time left over to do other overhead functions.









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Continued from page 70

Of course, we could cut down on the number of entries in the table. I picture some Microsoft programmer coding this routine and starting out with a fullfledged table of sine values, and finally throwing up his hands and saying, "It'll have to be three levels!" And that's what every sound produced by SOUND has three levels.

Just for reference, here's a table of values for SOUND, taken from a 16K Color Computer with Extended Color Basic (see Table 2). The format of SOUND

#### SOUND F, D

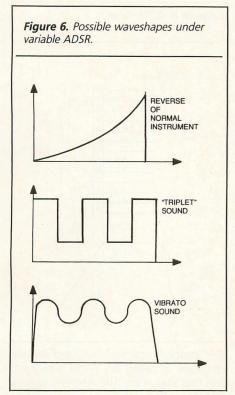
where F is a frequency value of 1 through 255 and D is a duration count of 1 through 255. Each duration count is about 68 milliseconds (68 thousandths of a second) long.

	Table 2
Sound F Value	Frequency (Hertz)
255	6896
250	3846
240	1923
230	1351
220	1041
210	833
190	595
180	500
170	444
160	400
150	370
140	338
130	322
120	299
110	277
100	260
90	244
80	230
70	212
60	204
50	192
40	185
30	175
20	166
10	164

#### Coda

You can't do much with SOUND, but you can do more with PLAY. PLAY is geared to musical notes covering five octaves. You can specify note values, including sharps and flats, octave values (1 - 5), note length values (1 - 31), and pause (rest) values (1-255). The X command lets you execute substrings.

PLAY obviously uses the SOUND routine in ROM (in Color ROM, not Extended Color ROM) to produce the tones. So, PLAY offers a nice range of notes with volume control, but we're after bigger game...



## Third Movement — ADSR Scherzo

Is there a better way to generate musical sounds than with the PLAY/SOUND commands in Basic? Although PLAY/ SOUND provides five octaves of tones with volume, tempo, and duration control, it still doesn't provide many of the things that make music sound interesting. One of the things you can do with a computer is synthesize different sounds — the sound of a piano, or a cello or maybe even a sound that doesn't have any comparable instrument quality. We'll set this as our goal — to control pitch and volume, but to add another dimension, creating different sounds not just the single sound of a three-level pseudo sine wave.

To provide ourselves with background on creating unique sounds, let's look at typical sounds, as shown in Figure 4. The first of these is an instrument whose strings are struck, like a piano (Figure 4a). The graph shows the volume of the sound produced on the vertical axis and the time over which the sound occurs on the horizontal axis. The energy of the hammer striking a string is rapidly transmitted to the string, and the result is an almost instantaneous sound. The sound then dies away in seconds. The next sound is shown in Figure 4b, a bowed instrument like a violin. The build-up time is longer and is sustained as long as the bow is drawn across the string. The

Continued on page 74



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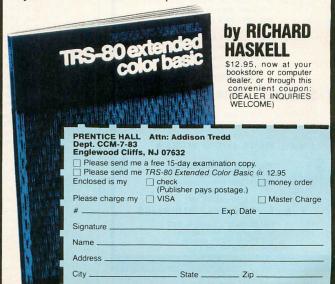




Figure 7. On count and off count parameters.

ONTIME

SHORT ON TIME

ON=10
OFF=190

TOTAL=200
OFF=100

TOTAL=200
OFF=100

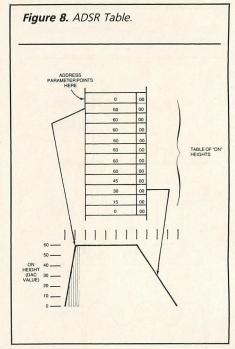
TOTAL=200
OFF=100
OF

Continued from page 73

sound dies away more rapidly than the piano sound.

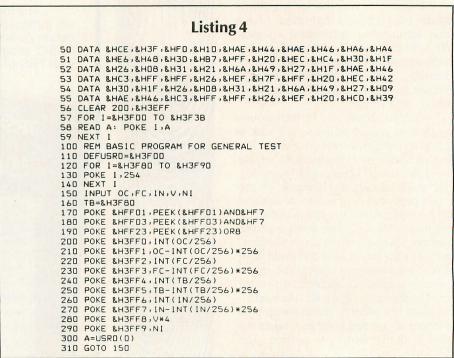
The envelope shape helps define the characteristic sound of the instrument, and can be divided into attack, sustain, and release portions. The attack portion is the initial build-up, the sustain is the sustained sound (for example, the bowing of a violin), and the release is the time it takes the sound to die away.

Another portion of the waveform that could be defined is *decay* time. This is the time immediately following the attack, and occurs primarily in electronic synthesizers and not in real instruments.

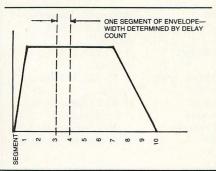


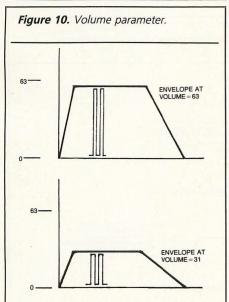
The attack, decay, sustain, and release envelope is called an ADSR envelope, and that's what we'll be referring to here (see Figure 5).

What's going on inside the envelope? Unfortunately, inside the envelope is a complex waveform made up of the combinations of musical tones produced by the instrument we are synthesizing. Each instrument has its own timbre during each portion of the ADSR; there is no non-electronic instrument that produces a pure sine wave, of course. Duplicating the characteristics of the instrument inside the envelope is simply not possible with the (slow-speed!) processing we



**Figure 9.** Envelope segment delay count (increment delay).





have available in assembly language.

Electronic synthesizers can generate a variety of different sounds by generating a square wave, or other regular waveform, and then filtering out the slower or higher frequency, components of the waveform. Unfortunately, the Color Computer doesn't have filtering capability (though we could add it externally). We'll have to make do with a simple waveform inside the envelope to make it less of a chore to generate the waveform under program control.

In spite of this limitation, however, the sounds produced under a variable ADSR envelope will be quite flexible, and we can come close to simulating certain instruments. We can also do some things that just can't be done in the real world, such as generating *strange* envelopes, as shown in Figure 6. As a matter of fact, we can define any envelope we wish!

## Fourth Movement — Allegro con Synthesizer

The culmination of our efforts as a synthesizer is a Color Computer assembly-language program, shown in Listing 3.

This program uses a parameter block of six variables at locations \$3F00 through \$3F09, plus an envelope table. The parameter block and envelope table are easy to set up in Basic, and I'll show you how to do it. First let's talk about the SYNTH assembly-language program.

#### Listing 5

```
50 DATA &HCE, &H3F, &HF0, &H10, &HAE, &H44, &HAE, &H46, &HA6, &HA4
51 DATA &HE6,&H48,&H3D,&HB7,&HFF,&H20,&HEC,&HC4,&H30,&H1F
52 DATA &H26,&H08,&H31,&H21,&H6A,&H49,&H27,&H1F,&HAE,&H46
53 DATA &HC3,&HFF,&HFF,&H26,&HEF,&H7F,&HFF,&H20,&HEC,&H42
54 DATA &H30,&H1F,&H26,&H08,&H31,&H21,&H6A,&H49,&H27,&H09
55 DATA &HAE,&H46,&HC3,&HFF,&HFF,&H26,&HEF,&H20,&HCD,&H39
   CLEAR 200,&H3EFF
57 FOR I=&H3F00 TO &H3F3B
58 READ A: POKE I,A
59 NEXT
100 REM BASIC PROGRAM FOR "DUTY CYCLE"
110 DEFUSRO=&H3F00
120 FOR I=&H3F80 TO &H3F90
130 POKE 1,254
140 NEXT
150 POKE I,D
160 INPUT F, IN, V, NI
170 FOR I=10 TO F-10 STEP 5
180 OC=I: FC=F-OC
190 TB=&H3F80
200 POKE &HFF01, PEEK (&HFF01) AND&HF7
210 POKE &HFF03, PEEK (&HFF03) AND&HF7
220 POKE &HFF23, PEEK (&HFF23) OR8
230 POKE &H3FF4, INT (TB/256)
240 POKE &H3FF5,TB-INT(TB/256)*256
250 POKE &H3FF6, INT(IN/256)
260 POKE &H3FF7, IN-INT(IN/256) *256
270 POKE &H3FF8,V*4
280 POKE &H3FF9,NI
290 POKE &H3FFD, INT(OC/256)
300 POKE &H3FF1,OC-INT(OC/256)*256
310 POKE &H3FF2, INT (FC/256)
320 POKE &H3FF3,FC-INT(FC/256)*256
330 PRINT OC,FC
340 A=USRO(0)
350 NEXT I
```



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#### Table 3

Variable	Description	Allowable Values
ON	On count: defines	1-65,535. 1-400
	duty cycle	typical
FC	Off count: defines	1-65,535. 1-400
	duty cycle	typical
IN	Increment delay: defines	1-65,535. 1-1000
	segment width	typical
V	Volume: overall	1–63.63 is maximum,
	volume of sound	1 is minimum
NI	Number of increments	1-255. Depends on ADSR
	in ADSR table	table size; 16-32 typical

Figure 11. Establishing the number of envelope segments.

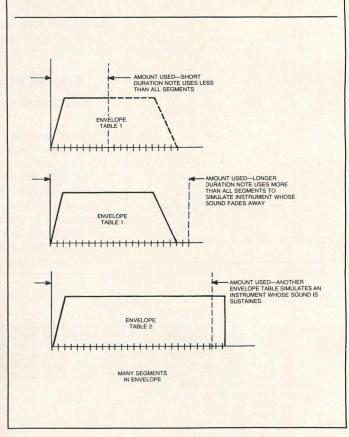
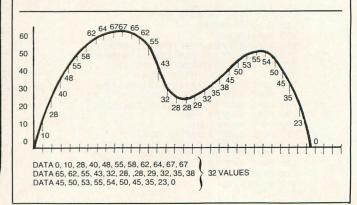


Figure 12. Generating your own ADSR.



The On Count and Off Count parameters define the shape of the waveform inside the envelope, as shown in Figure 7. The longer the counts, the lower the frequency or pitch of the waveform. A perfect square wave will have equal on and off counts, as shown in the figure. Either the on or off portions of the wave can be varied to produce different "duty cycles" (ratio of on to off portions of waveform). Remember that for the same fundamental frequency (pitch) of sound, the total of the on and off counts must be constant. That is, you might have 10 and 190 for on and off counts in one case, and 100 and 100 in a second case. The total is 200 in both cases, and the basic freguency of the note will be the same. The note will sound different, however, and we'll discuss why shortly.

The third parameter in the parameter block is the address of the ADSR envelope table. This table defines the shape of the envelope by defining the maximum height of each on portion of the waveform, as shown in Figure 8. The table concept is similar to the randomnoise program discussed earlier. The ADSR envelope table can be located anywhere in memory.

The fourth parameter in the parameter block is a delay count between segments of the envelope, as shown in Figure 9. The greater the delay count, the longer the envelope will be stretched out over time.

The fifth parameter in the parameter table is the envelope's over-all volume. The envelope table determines the envelope's shape, but the basic shape can be increased or decreased in over-all volume by varying this parameter, as shown in Figure 10.

Finally, the last parameter defines the number of segments in the envelope (see Figure 11). The envelope table and increment delay establish the over-all duration of the envelope. A piano note might last for three seconds, for example, and the envelope table might have 32 entries of 3/32 seconds each, established by the increment delay. The number of seqments changes to reflect the duration of the note. For a sharp, staccato note on the piano you might want 1/8 second, or four segments. A normal note might last 16 segments, corresponding to a whole note at a slow tempo. The number of entries in the envelope table, the increment delay, and number of increments can be used together depending upon whether you wish to simulate an instrument that sustains a note (such as a stringed instrument or horn) or an instrument that doesn't sustain a note (such as an harpsichord or drum).

To show you how this program interfaces with Basic, take a look at Listing 4. This Basic program first relocates the machine-language code of SYNTH to the \$3F00 area; it then builds an envelope table in the \$3F80 area. The remainder of

the program simply takes your input and plays a note based on your input parameters. DC is on count, FC is off count, IN is increment delay, V is volume, and NI is number of increments. Table 3 shows the allowable values for each of these pa
\*\*Please turn to page 78\*\*

#### Listing 6

```
50 DATA &HCE,&H3F,&HF0,&H10,&HAE,&H44,&HAE,&H46,&HA6,&HA4
51 DATA &HE6,&H48,&H3D,&HB7,&HFF,&H20,&HEC,&HC4,&H30,&H1F
52 DATA &H26,&H08,&H31,&H21,&H6A,&H49,&H27,&H1F,&HAE,&H46
53 DATA &HC3,&HFF,&HFF,&H26,&HEF,&H7F,&HFF,&H20,&HEC,&H42
54 DATA &H30,&H1F,&H26,&H08,&H31,&H21,&H6A,&H49,&H27,&H09
55 DATA &HAE, &H46, &HC3, &HFF, &HFF, &H26, &HEF, &H20, &HCD, &H39
56 CLEAR 200, & H3EFF
57 FOR I=&H3F00 TO &H3F3B
58 READ A: POKE I,A
59 NEXT I
100 REM BASIC PROGRAM ADSR
110 DEFUSRO=&H3F00
120 DATA 0,31,63,63,63,63,50,48,46,44,42,40
130 DATA 38,36,34,32,30,28,26,24,22,20,18,16,14,12,10,8,6,4,2,0
140 FOR I=0 TO 31
150 READ A
160 POKE &H3F80+1,A*4
170 NEXT I
180 INPUT OC,FC,IN,V,NI
190 TB=&H3F80
200 POKE &HFF01, PEEK (&HFF01) AND&HF7
210 POKE &HFF03, PEEK (&HFF03) AND&HF7
220 POKE &HFF23, PEEK (&HFF23) OR8
230 POKE &H3FF0, INT(OC/256)
240 POKE &H3FF1,0C-INT(0C/256)*256
250 POKE &H3FF2,INT(FC/256)
260 POKE &H3FF3,FC-INT(FC/256) *256
270 POKE &H3FF4, INT (TB/256)
280 POKE &H3FF5,TB-INT(TB/256)*256
290 POKE &H3FF6, INT(IN/256)
300 POKE &H3FF7, IN-INT(IN/256) *256
310 POKE &H3FF8,V*4
320 POKE &H3FF9,NI
330 A=USR0(0)
340 GOTO 180
```



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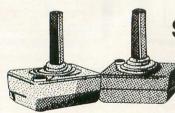
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\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

Continued from page 77

rameters and gives a description of each. Use the Basic program to experiment with various values and see how the notes sound.

The Basic program in Listing 5 is similar, but it varies the duty cycle of each note so you can see how the sound changes with different duty cycles but the same basic frequency. There's a surprising range of sounds, due to the different frequency components of the rectangular waveform.

The last Basic program (Listing 6) lets you build your own ADSR or envelope table of 32 entries. Start by drawing the basic waveform on a sheet of quadrille paper marked off with a vertical scale of 0 - 63 and a horizontal scale of 0 - 32(see Figure 12). Incorporate the 32 data values in the Data statements, and then input different parameters (as in the first

Basic program).

Space doesn't permit me to expand upon these concepts to build a complete Basic program to simulate the Basic's PLAY command. However, you can see this wouldn't be too difficult, given the assembly-language program which allows a wide range of frequencies, note durations, volume, and waveshapes. If there's enough interest in this subject, I'd be happy to provide a Basic driver for

Of course, we haven't scratched the surface of special techniques that could be implemented in the Color Computer sound circuits. Functions such as several voices (polyphony), glides (from one note to another), or reverberation are possible, along with voice synthesis.

If you're interested in further reading,

I recommend the following:

 Musical Applications of Microprocessors, Hal Chamberlin, Hayden Book Company, 1980: Comprehensive book about music generation.

- A Guide for Using the PAIA 4700/S Synthesizer System, PAIA Electronics. Inc., 1020 W. Wilshire Blvd., Oklahoma City, OK 73116: Contains basic material on synthesizers, may be purchased sepa-
- Friendly Stories about Computers/ Synthesizers, John S. Simonton, Jr., PAIA Electronics: Although describing PAIA products, contains a great deal of basic fundamental theory.
- Music, Physics, and Engineering, Harry F. Olson, Dover Publications: Basic text on instruments and sound theory.
- TRS-80 Models I, III, and Color Computer Interfacing Projects, William Barden, Jr., Howard W. Sams and Co.,: Voice sampling and synthesis in the Color Computer. Heartily recommended as I need the money...

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

\*

- REVIEW\$

**Table 1. Features** 

		itearns onics	Arma	adillo	The Micro Works
Tape/Disk/ROMpak	Т	R	T	D	R
RETAIL	\$58.95	\$123	both toget	her \$49.95	\$109.95
Minimum Requir.	16K	4K	16K	16K	4K
Operates with disk	N	Υ	N	Υ	$\mathbf{N}$
Saves Screens to	С	C and D	C	C and D	C
Type of Editor		een rom tape		G dent	Hybrid resident
Quality of Documentation	Po	oor	Very	Good	Good
Save Pre-Compiled System	٨	ı		Y	Y
M/L definitions	Y			Y	Y
Graphic words	Y	<b>*</b>		V months and	Y
Support Printer	Y			Y	Y
Comments	terrupts. Do Adding RON complicated hardware recommende only. Can to	Manipulates in- multi tasking. M to Disk is with many modifications, d for experts race program		de tutorial. Clumsy with to tape. Best	ROM leaves space for programs. Easy to use graphics words. Does include cross reference to Starting Forth book. ROM source code supplied.
*Not easy to use	execution.				

FORTH: WHAT IS IT? Some say it's a computer language, others say an operating system or a programming environment. I've worked with the language for over three years, I know it inside out, and I still haven't figured it out. Two things are apparent, though — it's not for everybody, but if you like it, you won't be able to get enough of it.

Here are two rules of thumb that usually indicate an interest in FORTH. Do you look at Basic, get frustrated with its limitations, and wish you could learn assembly language? If so, FORTH is a compromise between Basic and assembly language in its power and the ease with which it can be learned. Do you find yourself writing complicated programs or programs that use a lot of PEEKs and POKEs? Do you really like to manipulate the insides of your Color Computer? If so, FORTH is definitely your language because it's very good at managing large, complicated programs and manipulating the hardware and software of a computer.

FORTH is powerful because it has extensibility — you can customize it to suit your needs. In fact, every program you

write is such a customization. The most important thing is that the parts you add on are automatically welded into the language and are treated by FORTH as if they had always been there. For example, if you want to take the maximum of two numbers, in Basic you have to write a subroutine to do so, juggle values in and out of preset variable names, and interrupt a calculation with a GOSUB statement. With FORTH you can create a short program (or word), called MAX and use it inside any calculation, just as you would the more familiar words like + and /.

All these factors contribute to FORTH being a more powerful, more responsive language. Many programmers claim (and this is where the religious fervor toward FORTH starts), that they can write a program and get it working faster in FORTH than in other languages. I have found this to be the case to some extent myself. When you add to that the fact that FORTH programs are more compact (important when you have only 16K of memory), and run faster, FORTH seems pretty attractive.

FORTH has three main advantages: complete control over the computer, extensibility, and increased productivity. Its main disadvantages are its unusual language structure and notation, and its doit-yourself nature.

#### Advantages

FORTH commands are closer to the internal machine language the Color Computer uses than they are to, say, Basic commands. Because of this, you can do the kinds of things assembly-language programmers do, things that could be done in Basic but aren't because the language is too slow or tedious. For example, you can read or write to disk or cassette more easily in FORTH than in Basic. What's more, FORTH doesn't force you to read data in a certain format — you read it in its raw form and you decide how to interpret it. In addition, you can freely add machine language into FORTH programs to make them faster, something that is done with great effort — if at all — in Basic. Please turn to page 82

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Colorware researched the word processors available for the Color Computer. We came to the very same conclusion that so many review articles have! Telewriter-64 is, by far, the superior word processor for the Color Computer.

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Telewriter-64 also generates true lower case characters. This is much preferable to the reverse characters that merely "represent" lower case letters in other co-co word processors.

Telewriter-64 is feature packed.
Besides the standard features

found in any word processor, Telewriter also includes: user-friendly full-screen editing, rapid cursor and scrolling control, page jump, right justification, menu-driven disk or cassette access, compatability with spelling checkers (such as Spell-and-Fix), and a clever double check that asks the user "Are you sure?" before executing any operation that would kill any sizeable amount of your text.

Telewriter-64 runs on any 16K, 32K, or 64K system (extended Basic not required) and works with

printer. There is even a "typewriter" mode which sends typed lines directly to your printer.

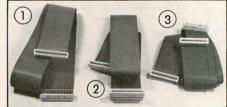
With advanced word processing software such as this, your color computer becomes a truly powerful word processing system, with a price that makes sense for the personal user.

Beyond impressive capability, Telewriter-64 simply makes any kind of writing a pleasure. It is a truly sophisticated system that is marvelously easy to learn and enjoyable to use.

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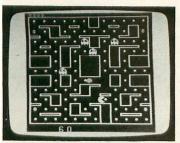


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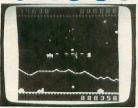
## NKEY KING



#### **DONKEY KING**

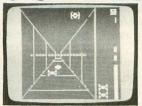
You simply can not buy a more impressive game for your color computer than this new wonder from Tom Mix. The graphics, sound, and animation are all just astonishing! There are four different graphic screens and each is endless fun. Requires 32K. Tape: \$24.95, Disk:

## **GHOST GOBBLER**



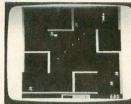
#### **PROTECTORS**

There are several good versions of the "Defender" theme available for the CoCo. None, however, rival this one from Tom Mix. No other game matches the detailed graphics and sheer excitement of this top Requires 32K. \$24.95, Disk: \$27.95



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### REVIEW\$

Continued from page 79

#### **Disadvantages**

Now for the disadvantages. FORTH is a strange language, and some people never get used to it. One very good book will help you along, *Starting FORTH*, by Leo Brodie (Prentice-Hall, 1981, \$16 in paperback — it can be ordered from your local bookstore). If I had had this book when I was learning FORTH, it would have saved me about a year's worth of confusion and exasperation. Buy it before you buy any of the FORTHs reviewed here; you'll need it anyway, and it will give you a good idea of what the language is about.

The FORTH language has a strange structure. I can't teach FORTH here, but I will say its structure is at the heart of the advantages listed above — you can't have one without the other. One of FORTH's unusual features is its use of reverse Polish notation — for example, in Basic, you say 3+5, but in FORTH you say 3 5 + (note the spaces between the numbers and the plus sign). Another oddity of FORTH is its use of a memory area called the *stack*, where numbers are temporarily stored; this leads to cryptic-looking programs because, instead of storing

results in variables, programmers often store them (without names) on the stack.

A final disadvantage of FORTH is that, in many ways, it is not so much a language as it is the skeleton of a language on which you can build. My favorite saying about FORTH is that you can do anything in FORTH, but you will probably have to do it yourself (i.e., it probably isn't in the language and you'll have to add it to the language yourself). For example, most FORTHs (including those listed in this article) do not have floatingpoint numbers, graphics commands, or arrays; you must create them yourself. (In some cases you can write short FORTH words that use certain subroutines that are in the Color Computer Basic ROMs; this is often easier than creating them vourself.)

To summarize, FORTH offers extra power but demands extra work on your part. It is a wonderful language for someone who wants to roll up his sleeves and really make the Color Computer do some tricks. Just as there are hardware hackers that build hardware from scratch, FORTH is the ultimate software hacker's language.

#### What is FIG-FORTH?

FORTH was invented in 1969 by

Charles Moore, who originally used it to acquire data for a radio telescope. Moore created the company FORTH Inc. to license and support the FORTH language as he conceived it. Over the years, FORTH became more popular and was converted to many computers by FORTH enthusiasts. In 1978, some of these people created the FORTH Interest Group (FIG) and, by 1979, had created a version of FORTH called FIG-FORTH. They documented this software and released it in the public domain to show people how FORTH works and how to create their own versions of FORTH.

To make a long story short, most software vendors decided to implement the FIG-FORTH model (as it was called) for a given machine instead of creating a version from scratch. Even though new FORTH standards have appeared, FIG-FORTH is still, so far, the most popular form of the language. All the FORTHs reviews here are implementations of the FIG-FORTH model. Each company has made its own set of extensions to its version of FORTH to allow it to interact with the Color Computer.

#### A Brief Example

I have tried to describe the essence of

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FORTH in the hope it will correctly lead you to explore or pass by the language. I will give you a short example of FORTH programming so you can get an even better feel for the language.

Listings 1a and 1b show equivalent short routines in FORTH and Basic, respectively, to switch the Color Computer into the graphics mode called G1R (128 by 64 pixels, two colors); the lines of code are in a one-to-one correspondence. A FORTH definition (here, the word "G1R") begins with a colon and the name of the definition. All the words that follow, up to the ending semicolon, are a list of words that is executed when the word being defined is later executed. Although the indentation used here is not necessary, at least one space between each set of characters is - each set of characters is a FORTH word, and FORTH looks specifically for space to tell it where a word begins and ends.

Unlike most languages, which put values after keywords (for example, "POKE 65476,0"), FORTH puts them before ("0 65476 C!"); this is because numbers usually go onto the stack first and are then pulled off the stack by a keyword. Notice that the word C! in FORTH is equivalent to Basic's "POKE." Note also that another FORTH word, !. is

equivalent to two Basic POKEs — it is, in fact, a 16-bit POKE, a feature that Color Computer Basic doesn't have. This is only a very mild example of some of the advantages that FORTH has over Basic. One

word "102CLEAR" clears that area to blanks so you can build a video image from a clean display.

The word "1024CLEAR" in Listing 2c does the same thing as Listing 2b; the

#### Listing 1a and 1b

: GlR ( go to graphics) 9000 REM--GO TO MODE GlR ( mode GlR)

0 65473 !

9010 POKE 65473,0:POKE 65474,0

REVIEW\$

0 65476 C!

9020 POKE 65476,0

65314 DUP C@ 144

9030 POKE 65314, PEEK(65314)+144

+ SWAP C!

9040 RETURN

nice thing about FORTH: if you don't like a word name, you can change it. Executing the FORTH code

: POKE C!:

lets you substitute the word POKE for the more cryptic C!.

Program Listings 2a and 2b give you, along with Listing 1a, enough words to play with G1R graphics within FORTH; they also serve as an example showing how you can add to the language functions that aren't necessarily in the language as you receive it from the manufacturer. The FORTH word "1024 MEM" points the video display to the top 1K of memory in a 16K machine. The

new version shows how a specialized FORTH word (here, the word "FILL") can make the definition of a new word much easier. FORTH has many such useful words.

To execute these words, type them in, one at a time, pressing Enter after each word. To put some kind of image on the resulting G1R screen, POKE values into the memory locations between 15360 and 16384. You can do this by typing in the phrase:

<value to store> <address> C!

Remember to separate these elements by spaces and finish by pressing Enter.

Please turn to page 84

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REVIEW\$

Continued from page 82

```
Listing 2a
 1024MEM ( set video display to start at 15360)
         ( see pages 260, 263 of "Getting Started with)
         ( Color BASIC" book for details)
  0 65478 C!
  O 65481 C!
  O 65483 C!
  O 65485 C!
  O 65487 C!
  O 65488 C!
  0 65490 C!
                     Listing 2b
              ( clears 1024 bytes of memory, )
: 1024CLEAR
              ( starting at 15360)
  16385 15360 DO
     O I !
  2 +LOOP
                     Listing 2c
                alternate version of 1024CLEAR)
1024CLEAR'
  15360 1024 0
                 FILL
```

#### The Color FORTH Chart

Most of the information about the three FORTHs I compared is in Table 1. The following paragraphs explain the significance of some of the lines of information.

- Interact with disk? FORTH makes heavy use of FORTH source code stored in 1K byte areas of memory called screens, which need to be saved permanently for later use. Of course, I highly recommend a disk system, but cassette users are probably used to the inconvenience of using cassette tape.
- Save precompiled system? With a disk and certainly with a cassette, loading a FORTH system from screens is slow and tedious. For some FORTHs, you can save the current system (with your definitions added) as a single machine-language file just like the file you load to get Color FORTH into your machine in the first place. This feature saves you a great deal of time if you have FORTH code you want to use every time you use the system. Most people customize their FORTH in various ways, save that as a precompiled system, then load that version of FORTH at the beginning of subsequent work sessions.
- Supports machine-language definitions? As I said before, you can define FORTH words in terms of previously de-

fined FORTH words or in terms of 6809 machine language. Although the latter is more difficult, it offers you the ultimate in speed. Machine-language definitions are usually used sparingly to speed up a working but sluggish FORTH program.

- Type of editor The editor is the program you use to put information on screens. A line editor forces you to deal with one line of text at a time. Since a line is usually 64 characters and the Color Computer's screen is 32, it is annoying to have to worry whether you've put too much text on a line. A screen editor is preferable because it gives you a blank screen on which you make changes via commands that let you move the cursor around the screen and make changes at its current location.
- Quality of documentation Even though you should have Brodie's *Starting FORTH*, the documentation is your only link to the special features of a given implementation. The documentation is your main tool for understanding a version of FORTH, and you will be spending a lot of time reading it. Its quality, even more than that of the language itself, will influence your feelings about the product. Be aware of this influence.

Given these opening comments and the information in Table 1, look at the individual versions of FORTH for the Color Computer (they are listed in no particular order). Hoyt Stearns Color-FORTH

THIS VERSION of FORTH (priced at \$58.95, \$123 with the optional ROM version) has some good features, but its inadequacies cause me to recommend against buying it. It is the best of all the editors reviewed, but has to be loaded from tape every time you need it. This is a tedious process that cannot be circumvented because there is no way to save the FORTH-plus-editor combination as a precompiled system

The entire system, including some potentially useful advanced features, is marred by poor documentation. The documentation is often confusing or entirely absent. For example, the screen editor, when executed, gives a cryptic prompt line that is not explained anywhere. In addition, this implementation is not explained in a consistent way. Some material is thrown in without sufficient explanation; other material is completely irrelevant. For example, the cassette includes an Extended Color Basic maze game called Ratmaze that has nothing to do with FORTH. Stearns' FORTH does include some useful color graphics words, but they are not well explained and require considerable knowledge of the Color Computer graphics hardware to use.

As a representative example of the carelessness used to create this version, let me first explain that the other (by Armadillo) lets you load FORTH by executing the command CLOADM followed by EXEC from Basic. Stearns' FORTH uses a CLOADM followed by (according to the cassette label and the printed documentation), "EXEC &H988 (&H98A cold)." One point I want to make is that it is very little trouble to create a machine-language file so that no beginning address (like 988 hexadecimal) has to be specified — you can simply say EXEC. The other point is that, when I tried to execute EXEC &H988 on my machine, I got the error message ?SN ERROR, which I supposed denoted some syntax error on my part. After some thought, I converted the number 988 hexadecimal into 2440 decimal, tried EXEC 2440, and found that that caused Color-FORTH to work. The problem is that my machine, which does not have Extended Color Basic, can take addresses specified in decimal only. Mr. Stearns forgot to add this information to his documentation. It is a small point, but it is indicative of many others.

Mr. Stearns also sells a ROM version of his product, but you have to modify a Please turn to page 86



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#### REVIEW\$

Continued from page 84

cartridge and your Color Computer to use it. The instructions to add this ROM to the floppy disk interface cartridge are 33 steps long, and they include a lot of cutting on your Color Computer — frankly, I wouldn't want to try it. I did not test this version, so I don't know how well it works if you graft it onto the standard disk cartridge (which is supposed to convert his product into a disk-based FORTH).

#### Armadillo COLORFORTH

ITH A FEW exceptions noted below, I rate this FORTH a best buy. For the modest price of \$49.95, you get a cassette and disk version of COLORFORTH (both versions are on cassette, and the disk version must be transferred from tape to disk). In quality, accuracy, layout, and completeness, its documentation is an exact opposite of Stearns'. Complicated procedures are explained in a way that is easy to understand, the documentation is laid out in an organized way, and it even contains several short tutorial sessions that show you how to

do a few simple things with FORTH. All the versions reviewed here contain the FIG-FORTH vocabulary list; the other two reproduce these pages photographically (mistakes and all) from the original FIG document, but the authors of this version have thoughtfully retyped the document and made corrections and clarifications where needed — a nice touch.

Armadillo FORTH is, unfortunately, not as good as the other versions in several respects. It has a clumsy but serviceable line editor; if you have the skill you can write your own screen editor, but that doesn't help most of us who can't or don't want to. Its method for saving screens to tape is awkward and even more unusable than the methods used by the other versions (ignore this criticism if you have a disk). Finally, this version includes fewer Color Computer-oriented words than the other versions; true, you can make them up, but it would be nice to have them already done for you.

#### Micro Works COLORFORTH

THIS IS THE ONLY version supplied in a ready-to-go ROM cartridge. Be-

cause it's a hardware product, it is more expensive (\$109.95), but you may want to pay the extra price if you hate loading cassettes. (The other two versions load from tape in almost exactly one minute.) Because this version is in ROM, it leaves more space for FORTH programs than the other versions (which use RAM to store FORTH); in addition, this version is the only one that will work on a barebones 4K Color Computer.

Micro Works' editor uses line editor commands, but the results are easier to read than the Armadillo editor because they are displayed on-screen in a partial window of 12 lines of video display. A screen in this version is 32 lines of 32 characters per line; editor commands allow you to see any 12-line chunk of this screen. It is a nice editor, but it is not as good as the Stearns editor.

This version's documentation is very good: it is clear, well-organized, and easy to read. In the cases where the program's implementation in ROM makes it work differently from RAM-based versions, the authors explain the difference and why it is done this way. One particularly nice touch is a list of differences between this FORTH and that described in *Starting FORTH*. The list is keyed to pages

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Reviewed in the April issue of Rainbow.

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in the Brodie book, and will be a great help to anyone who might not otherwise catch the differences between the FORTH version documented in *Starting FORTH* and the actual implementation they have.

The implementors give good definitions for the special words they add to the sytem; they also include the FORTH source code for many of these words (you can learn a lot about FORTH by reading and trying to understand these definitions). For some reason, they have also included the 6809 assembly language source code (uncommented, unfortunately) for Micro Works COLORFORTH itself. I'm not quite sure why they did this—the listing won't be of any use to 95 percent of the people who buy FORTH.

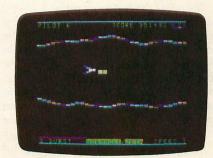
All in all, it's a good implementation of FORTH with some graphics words implemented that can be used by novice FORTH programmers. According to the documentation, a disk-oriented version is in the works. This may be serious competition to the Armadillo version.

#### **Conclusions**

I hope that in addition to telling you about these versions of FORTH, I have

given you a feeling for the language. All three are competent implementations of the FIG-FORTH model, but they differ in terms of added features, documentation, and the editor they include. These factors will influence your decision of which version to buy.

FORTH is not for everybody, but it may be for you. If so, I leave you with the time-honored salutation of its devotees; "May the FORTH be with you." Good luck.



#### Wormtube

Zeta Software P.O. Box 3522 Greenville, SC 29608 **\$20.45** 

This is a different kind of game. The concept is that you are piloting a space

ship at speeds faster than light. This creates a tube in space. You have to guide your ship through space without breaking the fabric of this wormtube, which is colorfully represented by jagged bands of light. Every once in a while you encounter a gold bar. You can either maneuver around the bar, or smash it with a topedo. Once smashed you can gather the pieces with the jaws of your ship for extra points.

Although I don't think Wormtube has enough action to keep an adult's interest, it is not a bad children's game. You start the game with 3,000,000 points. Just maintaining the ship within the wormtube's boundaries wins the player points. Smashing and capturing gold pieces wins more points. Crashing into the fabric of the tube halts the action and costs you points (up to 5,000), as does crashing into an unsmashed gold bar.

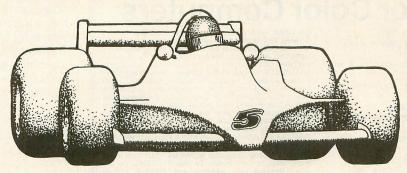
Because you begin the game with so many points, it's difficult to lose. And that's what makes it good for children. They can sharpen their hand-eye skills without suffering the negative aspects of losing.

The game can accomodate up to four players at a time. You have nine speed

Please turn the page

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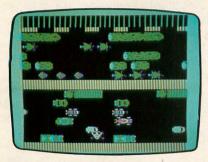
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#### REVIEW\$

options, the ability to halt the action, and save a game in progress. You can also change speeds during the course of the game by pressing the F-key for faster or the S-key for slower. — K.L. Color staff.



#### The Frog

by A. Hubbell Tom Mix Software 3424 College N.E. Grand Rapids, MI 49505

\$27.95 Tape \$30.95 Disk

OM MIX software has again turned out a good Color Computer version of a successful arcade game. This latest Tom Mix game, The Frog, is, of course, his version of Frogger.

The screen set-up is similar to the original game. You control Frog movement by the arrow keys rather than the joystick. The first half of the screen is a traffic obstacle. The second half is the river. The object of the game is to first cross the road without letting the frog get squished, and then cross the river without letting the frog get eaten. Ultimately, you want your frog to eat a fly at the top of the screen.

The obstacles get more difficult as you get better. After completing the first screen the course gets tougher with the addition of alligators cruising the river. In the third screen snakes are added. The speed and number of cars and trucks also increases. Your final obstacle is the clock. Take too much time crossing the road and river and you risk sacrificing your frog to old age.

Points are awarded for all levels of achievement. For each row advanced you get 10 points. Point values vary for the different pinnacles attained in your frog persona.

The Frog not only promises to give you a whole new outlook on the life of pond dwelling hoppers, it can also bring you romance. Occasionally a frog of the opposite gender floats by on a log in the river. Jump onto her (his) log and take her (him) (it) with you to the top of the screen and earn an extra 200 points. Not only do you get to hook up with a ribitette (ribitour), but you get extra points for your trouble.

Keyboard movement is a bit slower than the arcade version, but that only hampers play once in a while. While the graphics are well done, the sound is no great shakes. The Frog is fun.

- K.L. Color Staff



#### Moon Hopper

by M.G. Lustig Computerware 4403 Manchester Avenue, Suite 103 Encinitas, CA 92094

T'S ABOUT TIME someone took the all-time favorite Space Invaders and brought it up to date.

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N.Jon Hopper has five difficulty levels. There are three obstacles between you and the safety of your home base: phaser blasts from Traglon flying saucers, boulders, and craters. As you advance in difficulty levels the craters become more

numerous.

Your defenses are the ability to control Moon Hopper cruising speed, jump over craters, and fire phasers simultaneously from the top and front of your vehicle.

Controlling your Hopper along the moon's surface takes practice. Mastering the technique is not too difficult. Once you do, you'll be traversing the moon's surface and dodging phaser blasts like a true space cowboy. - K.L. Color Staff Please turn to page 90

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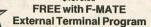
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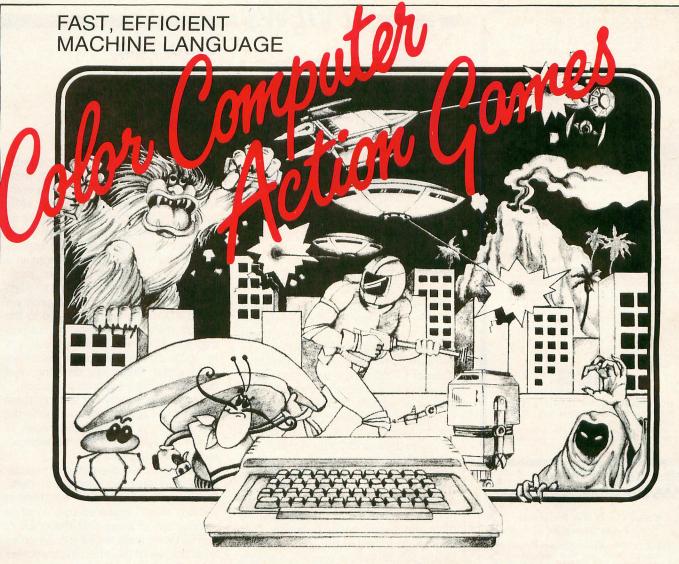
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#### REVIEWS

Continued from page 88



#### Shark Treasure

Computerware Box 668 Encinitas, CA 92024

Just when you thought it was safe to go back in the water... Shark Treasure. This is a fun game. You control divers who are retrieving gold bars from a longago sunk Spanish galleon. Each gold bar is worth \$1000. You'd be richer faster if it weren't for the fact that the long-gone captain of the ship decided to go down in shark infested waters. But being the smart businessman you are, you hire divers to go down and get the gold for you.

You begin your recovery expedition with \$2000. You, being the generous soul that you are, arm your divers with three flash grenades. These grenades do not kill the sharks, but sufficiently scare them into reversing their direction. Your divers have to gather the gold bars judiciously though, as the combined weight of flash grenades and gold bars will keep them from being able to float to the surface. This being the case, each diver can only carry three objects. He leaves the boat with three flash grenades. If he gathers two gold bars at the ocean's bottom he must discard two flash grenades leaving him only one for protection. This is fine for the first few dives, but then the sharks get wind of your presence and increase their patrol of the ingot-laden sea

As the game gets more difficult the treasures get more valuable. Sapphires. rubies, and emeralds are worth more than the gold, but you have to gather a few layers of gold bars before getting to them. Some of the gold is more valuable than other bars. The top price paid for a single bar of gold is \$8000.

Game play continues until the sharks take their toll on your diving crew. You must pay \$1000 for each diver who becomes shark-lunch. The game is over when the sharks have dined on more crew than you can afford.

- K.L. Color Staff

#### ColorText

Micro School Programs 101 Nickerson Street Suite 202 Seattle, WA 98109 \$79.80 Disk

OLORTEXT IS A Color Computer utility designed to enhance Basic programs by letting the programmer intermix graphics and text on the same screen. ColorText provides an alternate character set with upper- and lowercase with true descenders that can be used by any Basic program, and can print in a combination of colors on varied backgrounds in 15 different sizes. It also lets the programmer (via a supplied program called ADDCHR), change or add to the default character set, creating customized alternative sets. Another feature is its ability to control cursor definition, scroll speed, Break key disabling, and non-destructive merges for animation.

I was anxious to try out some of these features so I opened the manual to the first section (a tutorial), and began to work my way through. The software accomplishes all it claims.

To demonstrate the default character set, a short Basic program was supplied. I entered: RUN "PRACTICE", and text in various colors appeared on a white screen. Just to prove that the graphics and text were really mixed, it drew circles around some of the letters in yet another color. The default character set was attractive and I found that it could really print up to 15 different sizes (using the different size options with a PRINT @ command takes practice!), and as many colors as the PMODE (I used PMODE4) would allow. Although I didn't try it, the manual explains how to produce pseudo colors also.

Once I mastered the use of the default character set I was ready to create some of my own characters. I have written some Spanish tutorials, and it has always been frustrating not to have the text capability necessary for such efforts. It is difficult to explain accents when you can only see uppercase text on the screen. I decided to put ColorText to the test and create lowercase, accented characters.

By following the tutorial and ADDCHR documentation, I created six special characters in only 30 minutes. I anxiously wrote a short Basic program to print some sentences in Spanish using my newly created characters. I ran the program and it worked the first time! It produced very crisp upper- and lowercase

letters, complete with accented vowels. The best part was that, even as a new user, it had taken me less than an hour. Each of the other enhancements were as satisfying; the programs were easy to use, very straightforward, and well documented.

ColorText uses the graphics mode to recreate what is on the text screen, by intercepting all input to the text screen and then copying it to the graphics screen via its own character generator. After interception, the character is also placed in the text screen. While the text screen is still in memory, you are actually viewing the graphics version. This becomes apparent when you disable ColorText and the text screen reappears.

Since you are really using two screens at once, be careful using PCLS and CLS; if you are using ColorText and you use CLS, the text screen is cleared. Since you are looking at the graphics screen and not the text screen, the CLS command will be transparent. If you use PCLS, the text screen will not be modified, while the graphics screen will be cleared. The documentation suggests you use CLS: PCLSx to make sure the two pages stay synchronized. Some interesting effects can be created, however, by intermixing the two.

ColorText can be appended to a program for a CSAVE; the documentation contains detailed instructions for doing this. For a disk-based program, ColorText can be dynamically loaded during program execution.

One suggestion I have is for a character size modification. If larger sizes can be created, why not smaller sizes? This feature would give the software added versatility available in other software packages. My only other comment concerns the price: at almost \$80, this software is beyond the price range of many similar utilities. For the software developer who uses a heavy mix of graphics and text, ColorText would pay for itself quickly in saved programming time. For the casual user, however, the cost:benefit ratio would depend heavily on the individual interest of the programmer.

- by Norman Garrett

#### Sybex

2344 Sixth St. Berkeley, CA 94710 (415) 848-8233

\$11.95

A FIRST-TIME computer user is usually overawed by the presence of the computer, afraid that the least mistake

will destroy it. After using the computer for a period of time this fear dissipates, to be replaced by a general disregard for the machine's safety. The manuals included with the computer, in an attempt to help the first-time user overcome his fear, de-emphasize the delicacy of the equipment. In fact, the manuals give the impression the computer can't be harmed.

Unfortunately, this isn't true. All kinds of problems are caused by owners who simply don't know that there are many "Do not do..." rules that they should follow. It is a failure of the manuals in not informing the owners of these rules.

Many disk system owners have never been told that smoking around a disk drive eventually causes problems with the drive and the data stored on the disks. Neither have they been told that a telephone bell is more than powerful enough to erase the data on a disk or a tape (several times I've caught myself about to place the phone beside a disk box on a table). Nor do they know that power fluctuations can cause irrepairable harm to the computer. And more than once I've seen someone put a soda can on top of their Color Computer.

For everyone who has worried about what is, and isn't, the safe thing to do around their computer, Rodnay Zaks has introduced this authoritative volume on computer DON'TS. This 218 page, easy-reading text is liberally sprinkled with tips on the care and maintenance of a computer system.

The book begins with a chapter that asks "Why bother?" The next chapter describes the main components of a computer system, and the rest of the book plunges directly into the subject of how to destroy your computer through carelessness, negligence, and sheer stupidity. The book is divided into 13 chapters covering floppy disks, hard disks, the computer, the CRT terminal (for the Color Computer this translates into the TV), the printer, tape units, the computer room, software, documentation, security, and maintenance.

What really makes the book effective are the numerous horror stores of misuse, abuse, and accident, and their consequences for the computer's owners. In almost all cases, the people involved spent considerable amounts of money correcting a problem that could have been prevented for only a few cents (and the use of common sense). One story details how an expensive computer system was destroyed by a visitor placing, and then spilling, a soft drink on the comput-

er. The fluid went inside the computer, and promptly shorted out the CPU.

Sadly, the book isn't perfect. Many terms are not defined, and those that are, are too terse. Also, the instructions in the floppy disks chapter on how to insert disks in disk drives are incorrect (but the Tandy manual tells you how to do that).

Another point missed by the book was power failure. Mr. Zaks concludes that if a power failure lasts more than just a few minutes, a battery backup system capable of driving the computer system isn't worth the money. He mentions that the main purpose of a battery backup system is to give the operator time to properly powerdown the program and computer to prevent lost data and damaged hardware.

Other than these few nit-picking complaints, I found the book very informative. For a first-time user, the book will probably pay for itself in the prevention of a major problem with their system.

—T.K. Color staff

#### The Fixer

Tom Mix Software 3424 College N.E. Grand Rapids, MI 49505

\$18.95

JOW OFTEN HAVE YOU tried to put your favorite machine language program on disk? About 50 percent of your programs will not work with disks; then you have to pull out your controller and go back to using your cassette. After doing this a couple of times your favorite programs collect a lot of dust. The Fixer can solve that problem.

The Fixer is a short, 26 line utility that automatically loads your program from cassette then moves it into higher memory and saves it to disk. All you have to do is find the start and the end of your program. Instructions tell you how; then you run the program and give the name, start and end. That is all, the program does the rest.

Now I can run 3-D Brickaway, Madness and the Minotaur, Pyramid, and Bedlam on disk without a problem. Fixer is intended to make running your own programs convenient to your disk system. Don't abuse it by using it to make unauthorized copies.

It does not work with all of the programs. The only one I had trouble with was Raaka-Tu, which would load, but would not run correctly.

— by Jeff White

## --NEW:PRODUCT\$

#### Klendathu

Radio Shack One Tandy Center Fort Worth, TX 76102

Klendathu (R.S. #26-2567) is a space adventure based on the book Starship Troopers by Robert A. Heinlein. Up to two players are transported to a Terran Federation starship where they serve as Mobile Infantry (M.I.) forces fighting The Bug Wars on the planet Klendathu. Each player has three timed drops to the planet's surface where he must destroy as many bugs as possible using limited fire power, then return to the ship before his special suit depletes its protective energy. Points accumulated for destroying the three types of bugs and completing each mission earn the player promotions in rank as well as pay. Klendathu offers exceptional graphics and optional keyboard or joystick control during play. The game requires a 16K cassette system.

Circle No. 70 on Reader Service Card

#### Canyon Climber

Radio Shack One Tandy Center Fort Worth, TX 76102

Canyon Climber (R.S. #26-3089) challenges the player to accumulate points by maneuvering a climber through three levels of play during which he must set dynamite charges and avoid a number of hazards including mountain goats, indian arrows and falling rocks. The climber is controlled from the keyboard or by using optional joysticks to maneuver him through the three highresolution graphics playing levels. The player receives a bonus climber upon completing all three levels successfully, and is returned to the first level to begin again at a faster pace. The Canyon Climber ROMpak requires 16K RAM.

Circle No. 71 on Reader Service Card

#### Color Space War

Spectral Associates 141 Harvard Avenue Tacoma, WA 98466

Color Space War puts you in command of the last remaining

Viper in defense of your side. You must break through enemy fighters and the defenses of the Death Star to win. The Death Star can fire defensive missiles, but you can outsmart the Star by hitting its one weak spot. Watch out for the black hole — the closer you get to it, the stronger its gravity pull becomes. As you maneuver to shoot the Death Star, you must be on guard for the four invisible Space Mines, which become visible if you get too close; they explode about one second later. Special features include a cloaking device you can use to protect your Viper, sonic alert to help warn you of Space Mines, and 16 skill levels. Space War is written in machine language for fast-action, and uses the highest resolution graphics available. It requires 16K RAM and joysticks, but does not require Extended Basic, Price is \$21.95.

Circle No. 72 on Reader Service Card

#### Genealogical Programs

TWM P.O. Box 232 Lititz, PA 17543

The first genealogical programs for the Radio Shack Color Computer make it possible to get started in genealogical computing easily and cheaply. The twin programs FAMILY and FAMPRINT require 32K Extended Basic and a line printer. Both programs are \$9.95; they will maintain eight generations and 255 ancestors. They will print out a five generation pedigree chart, family group charts and a reference number index.

Circle No. 73 on Reader Service Card

#### Galax Attax

Spectral Associates 141 Harvard Avenue Tacoma, WA 98466

Galax Attax has fast, challenging action where rows of alien attackers leave flying formation and swoop down on your ship dropping bombs all the while. You must defend by destroying rack after rack of varying alien attackers and avoid being hit by their bombs. Special features include bonus ships after you destroy the sixth rack of attackers, and continuous game after game play just by pressing the fire button. Galax Attax gets progressively more difficult as you destroy the waves of attacking alien ships. Galax Attax requires 16K RAM and joysticks but not Extended Basic. The price is \$21.95 on cassette.

Circle No. 74 on Reader Service Card

#### Saturn Electronics Printer

Saturn Electronics Company, Inc. 57-61 Cloverdale Blvd. Bayside, NY 11364 (212)423-4626

The Saturn Electronics Printer/ Modem Switcher does not require batteries or any power; does not require extra cables and adapters; comes assembled and tested; has the highest quality workmanship. You may select between modem or printer at the flick of a switch. The printer automatically checks the RS-232 port and gives visual indication. It adds three extra RS-232 ports to your computer. Units may be daisychained together to give you more ports. The machine is easy to use and to hook up, and does not require any wiring, soldering or any technical knowledge. This product includes a two year warranty on parts and labor. Introductory price: \$29.95.

Circle No. 75 on Reader Service Card

#### Glaxxons

Mark Data Products 24001 Alicia Parkway Suite 207 Mission Viejo, CA 92691 (714)768-1551

Glaxxons is a super hi-res space game that pits your playing skills against squadrons of swooping, diving enemy spacecraft. Your goal is to eliminate as many aliens as possible while avoiding your own destruction. Seven selectable skill levels coupled with automatic game acceleration provide a challenge for novice and expert players. This machine language program is available on 16K cassette for \$24.95 and 32K disk for \$29.95.

Circle No. 76 on Reader Service Card

#### Color Disk Kit

American Small Business Computers, Inc. (918)825-4844

Features of the Color Disk Kit include: 156,672 characters of user storage per disk; it plugs into the computer's program pak port; it is capable of adding up to four drives for a total of over 626,000 characters of storage. The drive kit is fully compatible with Radio Shack hardware and software. The kit includes one 5 1/4 inch double density, 40 track floppy disk, cable, plug-in program cartridge, one blank 5 1/4 inch disk, reference manual and operator instructions. The cable allows up to two drives on a system — an optional cable allows up to four drives. The kit requires Extended Color Basic. The price is \$399.

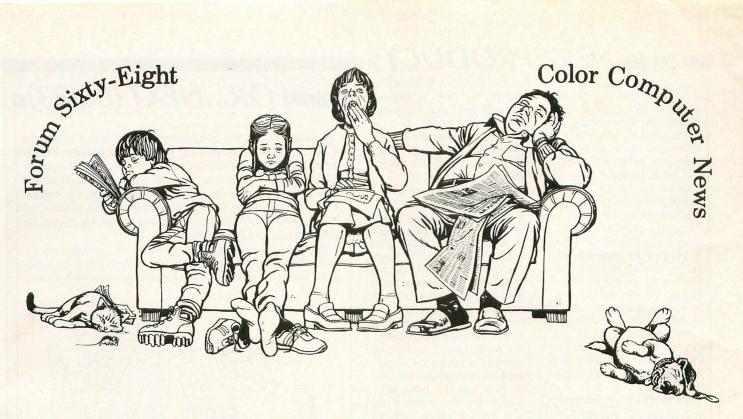
Circle No. 77 on Reader Service Card



#### Color Computer Comics

Radio Shack One Tandy Center Fort Worth, TX 76102

Superman and Wonder Woman join up with the Metropolis Computer Master, *Please turn to page 94* 



If the same old news and reviews cause you to snooze then choose:

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Forum Sixty-Eight is new to date and will prove itself real soon. So rouse from your slumber and get the first number Cause the first issue's coming in June.

Forum Sixty-Eight is the journal for Motorola Microprocessors. The forum covers business, scientific and recreational computing.

#### or Color Computer News

Color Computer News will wake your computer and open your eyes up wide. And soon you'll discover from cover to cover there's lots of good info inside.

Color Computer News is the original Color Computer magazine covering the entire spectrum of Color Computing from beginner to advanced.

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Color Computer News	Forum Sixty-Eight	Both
Subscription begins with next av	ailable issue	Allow 8-10 weeks for delivery

### NEW:PRODUCT\$

Continued from page 92 smart Alec and Shanna, who use their Color Computers to provide the super heros with information to save the Metropolis World's Fair. Why might the Metropolis World's Fair be in danger? Why, because Lex Luthor, scientific genius and arch-criminal, was denied an exhibit in the Computer and Electronics Technology Exhibit, and has threatened to blow up the fair in retaliation unless he receives \$1 billion in ransom money. Woven around this basic adventure story is a lot of information about the history of computers in general, and TRS-80 micros in particular. The comic book is available free from Radio Shack.

Circle No. 78 on Reader Service Card

#### Compact Disk System

Amdek 2201 Lively Blvd. Elk Grove Village, IL 60007

Amdek's original disk drive

system was not intended to run on the Color Computer, but with the Color Computer's tremendous growth in popularity, the system has been modified to work with Radio Shack equipment. The system's main features are: it's economical price; compact micro-floppy disk drive that accomodates two cartridges for up to 1 megabyte capacity; recording format, data transfer rate and disk rotation speed are compatible with standard 5 1/4 inch floppy disk drives; hard plastic 3 inch micro-floppy disk cartridges have a protective, hinged cover and a write protect mechanism. The Amdek disk is double-sided and has a different-colored light indicator so you will know whether you are using side A or B. The disk is shirt-pocket size and the plastic cartridge is a nice protection. The disk system can be set to be either drive 0 and 1, or drive 1 and

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## ■■FOR...NEXT (08,83)■

ugust brings the end of summer, but with it comes the start of a new column for **The Color Computer Magazine**. Dr. Paul Kimmelman will begin his regular feature, GOTO SCHOOL, wherein he will look at education and microcomputers from a computer-literate school administrator's point of view. On the same lines, David Stevens, an elementary school teacher, has some games he uses in his classes that make learning fun.

Other treats will include a game or two, a software author's look at the Color Computer, some construction projects, and a lot more, including a nifty surprise from Dennis



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## -END OF FILE



omputer magazines seem to deal more and more with software than anything else. Even hardware articles include information, if not actual program listings, about how to write software to exercise, test, and use the project. This is so because software

is what the user *really* uses; the computer is just a medium, the context of operation for your software. Without the computer software has no world to live in; but once that digital world

exists for it, life begins, and evolves.

With software life comes many dangers, as well as opportunities. Dangers include the forever elusive program flaw, or "bug." And just about all software (yes, A-L-L, all) harbors bugs. Those who claim to have bug-free software can only claim that no bugs have been found since they fixed the last one some weeks or months ago. This allows the bug-free quality index to follow some combination of the frequency of errors corrected and the age of the last patch.

This means that if you are interested in software, you will eventually become involved in debugging some program or another. *Especially* if you are "only" a user of software. Users are the ones software is written for, and one who uses software will come up with new uses for it, or new data to use it on, or new ways of operating it — none of which the original author thought of or planned for. Users who don't think of new things will eventually create a new condition that uncovers some longhidden esoteric bug.

So, a magazine about computers is a magazine about software is a magazine that needs debugging. That's where I come in. I'm here to ferret the bugs out of articles and their programs (or is it programs and their articles?), *before* they get printed. Since I've been here a full month and this is our fifth issue, it looks like I'm off to a flying start (who says techies can't be facetious?). So let the corrections roll.

In our March issue, "Stash a Directory" would only save five of the 10 directory sectors. Since the gran we stole is only 9 sectors long, this correction does the best it can by saving and restoring only the first nine sectors, leaving the seldom-used tenth sector unsaved. The Basic DBM, as basic as it was intended (no error trapping), harbored the elusive indexing bug (insert Q=Q-1 in line 9290), as well as the overused variable bug (change variable M in lines 6560 through 6580 to variable S). We still suggest you get help to tailor this program to any important management problems.

In the Custom Color column on memory expansion, it should be noted that systems expanded to 64K will appear to be 32K on power up. Extra software is required to swap the extra 32K

page into the memory map when it's needed.

In April's issue, the "Reformat Your Video" listing was from a FLEX assembler, and will not work on most non-FLEX assemblers without extensive translation. We'd like to re-publish it, but barring the space problem, we decided to offer a free full-size copy of the original corrected listing to those who send us a request with a self addressed, stamped, 9 by 12 inch envelope. In Custom Color, Figure 4b, the line from A1 should connect directly, not through the inverter buffer. Richard Ramella sent us a letter with corrections for "The Sorcerer's Puzzles" that appeared in last month's INKEY\$ column. They have been reprinted here for those who missed our June issue. However, you should also add line 130 QQ=100 to "Firecracker."

In the May issue, "Condense Your Programs," Table 1, is missing parentheses for the PEEK(n) statements. "Color Animation," Listing 1, was missing a graphic command in the string of Line 150: ...R8;F4;G4;... should be ...R8;F4;D4;G4;... and Line 160 should start A1\$="... Also, on page 30, the right hand

column near the bottom should be: B\$+A5\$+L1\$, not B\$=A5\$=L1\$. "Space Trek" had a unique problem, and its correction is listed in the Table of Contents of this issue. Custom Color, Listing 1, Line 10, should be: POKE &HFF55,0.

These are all known bugs for the first three issues. Feel free to call or write with any others you may discover, and any fixes you may have found for them.

— J.T., Technical Editor

#### March Stash a Directory

#### DIRSAV

DEL 130-240

130 FOR S = 2 TO 10

140 DSKI\$ 0, 17, S, A\$, B\$

150 DSKO\$ 0, 34, S+8, A\$, B\$

160 NEXT S : END

#### DIRGET

DEL 340-

300 CLEAR 600: FOR S = 10 TO 18

310 DSKI\$ 0, 34, S, A\$, B\$

320 DSKO\$ 0, 17, S-8, A\$, B\$

330 NEXT S : END

## April The Sorcerer's Puzzles

#### **Firecracker**

130 QQ=100

460 V\$ =MID\$ (A\$(B), C, 1) : IF V\$ =" " THEN530 ELSE S =VAL(V\$) : A\$(B) =LEFT\$ (A\$(B), C -1)+" " +RIGHT\$ (A\$(B), LEN(A\$(B)) -C)

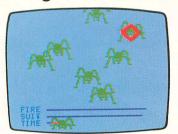
#### **Color Stones**

300 D\$ =LEFT\$ (D\$, 3) +G\$ +RIGHT (D, LEN (D) -4)360 D\$ =LEFT\$ (D\$, A -1) +F\$ +RI GHT\$ (D\$, 27 -A) 390 D\$ =LEFT\$ (D\$, A -1) +G\$ +RI GHT\$ (D\$, LEN (D\$) -A) 490 N\$ =MID\$ (C\$, A -3, 3) 492 IF NS =AS THEN CS =LEFTS (CS , A - 4) +B\$ +RIGHT\$ (C\$, 28 -A) ELSE C\$ =LEFT\$ (C\$, A -4) +A\$ +R IGHT\$ (C\$, 28 -A) 493 N\$ =MID\$ (C\$, A +1, 3) 500 IF N\$ =A\$ THEN C\$ =LEFT\$ (C\$ , A) +B\$ +RIGHT\$ (C\$, 24 -A) ELS E C\$ =LEFT\$ (C\$, A) +A\$ +RIGHT\$ (C\$, 24 - A)

## RADIO SHACK TRS-80° COLOR COMPUTER Software Update



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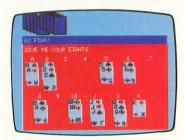
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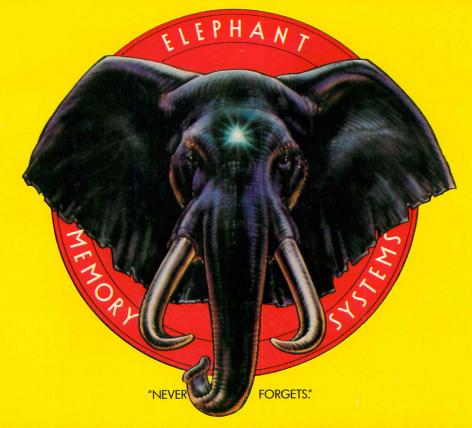
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# REVIEW BER



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