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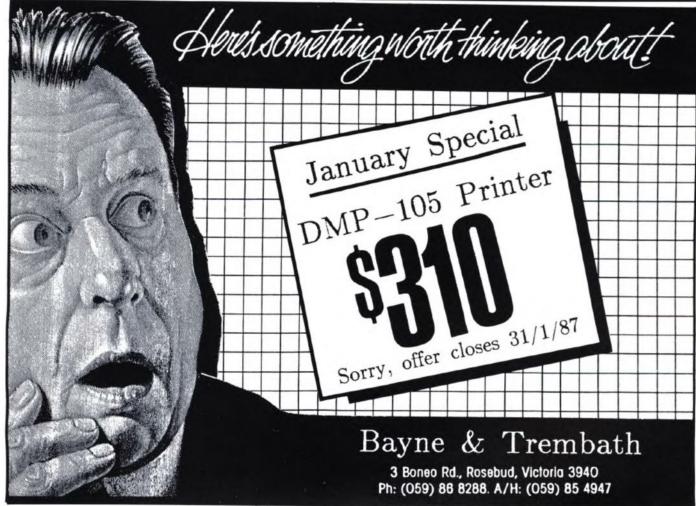
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Who is this magazine for?

This magazine is for users of Tandy Colour Computers, MC-10 computers, Model 100 and 200 users, T1000 and T2000 users.

I.B.M. P.C. and I.B.M. clone users will also be able to use the T1000 programes and articles in the "softgold" section.

Who provides the material for this magazine?

90% of the material to be found in this magazine is provided by people who just want to share their knowledge with you.

The Crew

Founder Greg Wilson
Publishers Graham & Annette Morphett
Managing Editor Graham Morphett
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Assistant Editor Julie Vidler
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Brian Dougan, Paul Humphreys, Alex Hartmann, Michael Horn, Darcy O'Toole, Martha Gritwhistle, Geoff Fiala, John Redmond, Sonya Young and Mike Turk.

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clubroom



January, A Reference Issue

This month our magazine is a bit different in that some of what we are presenting, you may have seen before! This is our Reference Issue.

Inside you'll find lots of information which you can keep by your computer throughout the year to help at those times when you get 'stuck'!

This magazine is the result of a disk we've kept specially for it all through 1986.

As articles have come in, we've put aside articles we thought would be of relevance to this issue.

Then we added other information to the original article. So some of this month's authors may not recognise much of their work!

The bottom line is that we're sure you'll refer to this magazine again & again during 1987!

Did you Notice Something Different?

Yes we changed the paper!

Dunno whether we're going to continue to use it at this stage... paper's so expensive, but what do you think?

Australian Rainbow Magazine This Month

Aussie Rainbow is the sister magazine of Australian CoCo Magazine.

Aussie Rainbow caters for experienced users of

Tandy Colour Computers, and every month has a number of programs which range across a wide subject area.

This month for example there are one or two games, a BASIC tutorial, a Disk Basic Tutorial, information for OS 9 users, several programs for Amateur Radio users, utilities and a quantity of reviews of new products on the American market (& not yet available here).

Eggemon

Eggemon has had the same effect on everyone who has read it....but unfortunately we're committed to several more yet!

Seriously, it's amazing how somethings take on! I'm sure Adrian will have much more to say, if he can still speak with such a swollen head!

New Users

Again this month, many of our readers will be the

proud possessors of new computers.

Welcome to this magazine! We want to help you with your new computers and we invite you to phone, write, call in or contact us via Goldlink, should you have problems with those computers.

We want to help.

Tandy Store Award

The Tandy Store Award this month goes to John Oliver at Whitford City.

John has a long association with CoCo owners and a real involvement with the local Tandy Computer users there in Perth.

In fact he tells me that this year he is going to cream Pat Drennan, Tandy's top man in WA!

We'll see - because that's a tough assignment; but succeed or fail, we recognise John and the work be does.

Happy New Year!

From all of us to all of you, have a top year!

We are really excited about 1987! The new CoCo 3,
the new Tandy EX & SX computers and the plans we
have for Viatel this year really make 1987 a year
to look forward to!

So stay safe... especially you Viatellians (!) for your own sakes, stay off there roads if you are going to drink!

We need every reader we can get!



for

TAKING THE FIRST SIMPLE STEPS TO LEARNING BASIC

IME DIFFERENCE CALCULATOR

by Graham Morphett & Friends

Recently a reader in Coffs Harbour asked for a routine which would add one time to another.

The problem sounds easy but holds one or two traps initally.

The major problem is how to make those seconds come up as seconds and not as a decimal value.

We solved the problem by not doing any calculations in decimal.

The times to be added are converted to seconds (lines 30 & 40), then these results are added to each other (line 50). Then this is reconverted to hours minutes and seconds (line 60).

In so doing, we see an example of how INT works a command many of us would find handy if only we could remember to use it more often!

(INT stops the computer from 'remembering' the 'remainder' in an arithmetic operation. For example PRINT INT(3/2) will give an answer of 1.

This is very useful if you want to work out say, number of boxes required where the answer is

required in whole boxes. If apples come in boxes of 50, and your customer wants 275 apples, the formula PRINT INT(275/50)+1 will tell you how many boxes of apples the guy

needs to order.) Please note that the two times have to be input exactly to the format specified - ie 00 00 00.

To foolproof the system, you might like to add a test, using the MID\$ statement,

at line 15 & line 25 to check that spaces are in the correct places in A\$ & B\$.

16K ECB

APPLICATION

The Listing:

1 '**TIME DIFFERENCE CALCULATOR*
****** GRAHAM MORPHETT ****** ******** 20/11/86 *******

2 GOTO10

3 SAVE"TIMEDIFF": STOP

10 CLS: INPUT"FIRST TIME HH MM S

S"; A\$

20 INPUT"NEXT TIME HH MM SS"; B

30 IFT1 <= 0 THEN H1=VAL (LEFT\$ (A\$, 2)): M1=VAL(MID\$(A\$,4,2)): S1=VAL(

RIGHT\$ (A\$, 2))

35 H1=H1*3600: M1=M1*60: T1=H1+M1+

SI

40 H2=VAL(LEFT\$(B\$,2)): M2=VAL(MI D\$ (B\$, 4, 2)): S2=VAL (RIGHT\$ (B\$, 2))

: H2=H2 * 3600: M2=M2 * 60: T2=H2+M2+S2

50 T=T2+T1

60 H=INT (T/3600): M=T-(H*3600): M= INT (M/60): S=T-(H*3600)-(M*60)

hh mm ss:"; 70 PRINT"total is : PRINT USING "###"; H; : PRINT USIN

G "###"; M; : PRINT USING "###"; S

75 H1=0: M1=0: S1=0

80 H1=H: M1=M: S1=S

90 GDT020

ോം

oydisk

by Justin Lipton

OYDISK WAS BASED upon what Alex taught me at CoCoConf about the DSKI\$ and DSKO\$ commands. What this program does is lets you go through the various sectors and tracks with your joystick. Move the joystick right will go ahead one sector while moving it left will move back one sector. Moving the joystick up will go ahead one track while pulling it down moves back a track. is very interesting to see what is on your disks.

The Listing:

0 GOTO10 1 '******* JOYDISK ********* 2 '***** JUSTIN LIPTON ******

3 SAVE"86:3": END 10 CLS

20 CLEAR 500 30 T=0:S=1

40 DSK1\$0, T, S, A\$, B\$ 50 H=JOYSTK(0): V=JOYSTK(1) 60 IF H=0 THEN S=S-1 70 IF H=63 THEN S=S+1 80 IF V=0 THEN T=T+1 90 IF V=63 THEN T=T-1 100 IF S>18 THEN S=1: T=T+1 110 IF S(1 AND T=0 OR T(0 THEN S =1:T=0

120 IF T>34 THEN T=34 130 IF T>0 AND S<1 THEN S=18:T=T -1 140 CLS 150 PRINT @ O, "TRACK "T" SECTOR "S: PRINT AS: PRINT BS 160 GOTO 40 300

AUSTRALIAN PRODUCT REVIEWS

THE AUSTRALIA II

HE AUSTRALIA II. The 12 metre that one the America's cup in 1983. Now you have the chance to own your own. Tandy are selling the remote control version of the famous 12 metre. The actual model is 51cm long and with the aluminium mast (through which the aerial wire runs) is 81cm. The boat comes in kit form with the hull ready moulded. The modelling job entails detailing the deck and rigging the boat. What is really interesting is that it has the winged keel, modified for the smaller version.

Before putting the mast on I gave the hull a bath tub test and was impressed by the ease at which the hull travels. Graham and I have not as yet tested the boat in outside conditions but all indications would be that the boat is fast.

My only complaint about the whole set-up is that the rigging can get very fiddly. But otherwise I enjoyed putting the boat together and since I did not get a good look at the keel at the time of the race, it was interesting to have a good look at close range.

Maurice Phillips

PAPER ROUTE

This program I enjoyed more than the rest because it did not seem as interesting as the rest.

The object is to get the paperboy to go along his route delivering his papers. The hard part is knowing who is a customer and who is not.

The paperwork states that the customers have a red door and the non-customers a blue door. This is a bit hard to work out in black and white, but I came to the conclusion that the customers have letter boxes!

You get extra points for breaking windows or knocking over garbage cans and tombstones. If you make a perfect run you get a bonus and a new customer.

On the other hand, if you fail to deliver to one of the customers, they will cancel their subscription. To gain extra papers as you go along, you will see bundles along the way and by steering your bike towards them, you pick them up.

The boy is controlled by a joystick and pulling back on said stick causes him to stop. Pressing the button makes him throw the paper.

There are many hazards along the route to keep away from but I won't spoil the fun for you (sinister chuckling). You can get extra boys every 20000 points and you can pause the game to have a break. This game will get you in the headlines!

MARBLE MAZE

This program will appeal to quite a few people, as it follows a labrynth format.

But... this game is different!

The object is to roll the marble around the maze using your joystick, to the finish line within a given time. You have to ensure you don't go off the edge, and you have to be careful of the monsters in the maze.

KARATE

As a Karate instructor I can relate to this program. I imagined it would not impress me, but the speed and large number of techniques surprised me. They even do things I cannot, like forward and reverse flips.

You can play against the computer or against another person. In the one-player mode you have KARATEKA (blue) on the left, and the computer on the right can block your moves. As you progress the computer gets smarter and gets harder to beat.

The object of the game is to knock down your opponent using a variety of punches and kicks in order to gain points and win matches.

All movements and techniques are controlled by the joystick and probably the hardest part of the game is remembering where to hold the stick and when to press the button.

It is very similar to a karate tournament in regards to scoring and also the fact that each match has a time limit. When your time is up, the player with the most points wins.

Finally, it also has a pause so you can take a break when you get tired.

KNOCKOUT

In the disk version, this game comes on two disks; one for the game and the other for the graphics. The tape version gives you the option of loading the graphics from side 2 of the tape or using the same boxer as before.

The object of the game is to become boxing champion of the world, and having become champion, defend your title against all comers.

All control in this program is from the keyboard. Up and down arrows control your boxers guard. Left and right arrows make your boxer dodge left and right. The "Z" key controls his left puch and the "?/" key controls his right.

If your boxer's guard is up, he will punch to the head. If down, he will punch to the body.

You have a power gauge and each time you punch your opponent, you increase your knock out power. When you have enough power your "K.O." indicator will start flashing in the top left corner of the screen.

When you hit the spacebar while you have enough power, your boxer will throw a right hook and this will drain a lot of his energy. You have two energy bars on the left of the screen and when these are gone the boxer has been knocked down.

There are 5 different boxers and each time you fight them they get harder. You also have a pause facility and a high score saving facility.

All these programs are available from me on either tape or disk. I am trying to keep these prices as low as possible because high prices breed piracy. (The big NO-NO). Disk or tape are both priced at \$39.95 to start with. They are available from either of these addresses:

Barry Clarke St. Mary's Software, 11 Gleeson Rd, Burpengary 4505 Q (07) 204 2806 (07) 888 2806 Barry Woolet 1 Clucas Rd, Dharruk 2760 NSV (02) 625 7742

MIGO NEWS

Editor Jim Rogers

To all our readers a Happy and Prosperous New Year! Now that the festivities are over and you have all had a Merry Christmas it's time to get back to

the keyboard!

Beginning with the November issue, how do you like the new format? In my own opinion it is, with one exception, the best issue of CoCo which has been turned out to date. That exception, which Grahame Pollock has pointed out to me, is that a mistake was made when we headed the MC10 programs with the rider that they would also run on the 16 K. The PEEKS and POKES for MC10 are different for the CoCo and we are going to have to give you the alternatives.

Somewhere in the new format we, the MICO's, seem to have gained something. Twelve programs in there for November and who knows what it may eventually lead to? Maybe the name will have to be changed from CoCo to MICO in very large letters. I know that Graham feels that he has been cheated somehow and that our portion is a little large. He thinks he is being white anted. Anyway like Oliver Twist we will

just keep asking for more!

Just about this time we will all be waiting and wondering on the results of the experiments by Scott

Ferrero. Do we have a disk drive yet?

By the way, if anyone can help, Scott is in the market for an old white or grey case 64 K COCO. It can be busted, croaked or have scrambled brains, he only wants it for parts in his very worthwhile experiments. Any offers will be appreciated by Scott at 22 Deans St, Clontarf. QLD 4019.

At the time of you reading this I expect to have received some very interesting programs promised by Admirable John (Irish Washerwoman) Day and with luck you may be able to try them out in the next issue.

It may be of interest to those who do not yet have contact with our USA cousins, the MC10 Users Group, that our Grahame Pollock and Frank Rees are prominent personages in their magazine.

Anyone wishing to contact MC-10 Users Group write

to:-

LARRY HAINES E 2924 Liberty St. Spokane WA 99207 USA or LARRY ALLEN Box 103 Owensville IN 47665 USA.

It could be a well worthwhile exercise. I am hoping very soon to have permission to publish parts of their magazine.

In the meantime go ahead and enjoy your first issue for 1987 and may it be the worst copy we turn out this year.

fim

Bauer Board

Some months ago I made mention of what had become known as the Bauer Board. It was of particular interest to me and I thought it would be worth while passing on to the readers as it was a method of expanding the MC10 by means of the MC10-X kit manufactured and supplied by Michael J. Bauer. I was unable to contact Michael at that time but eventually received a letter from him via the kind help of Frank Rees.

This report from Frank tells it all!

MICHAEL J. BAUER AND THE DREAM 6800

Michael J. Bayer, lecturer in Electronics and Computer Science at Deakin University in Victoria, had published, in the May 1979 issue of Electronic Australia, his Dream 6800 do-it-yourself computer construction project.

It was based with 6800 and Chip 8 languages and, despite a modest 1K of ROM and 1K of RAM, is a very good computer to use. It was a great success with hundreds having been built and then expanded

with various add-ons.

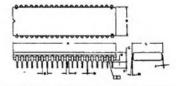
Michael left teaching for a while and worked on a commercial computer based project only recently released. It is an all electronic AC Kilowatt Hour Meter(i.e. Domestic Electricty Meter) for which he developed all the software. It is based on a 6805-R3 (MCU+A/D converter) and is called EMS 2000. His name also is on the patent.

When the MC10 was released Michael developed some wonderful things for it of which, with his permission, much will be made available to all

eaders.

Michael is teaching again at present and does not wish to go public himself on his work but as one of his keen students I will be glad to help where and when I can.

FRANK REES. 27 King St. Boort. Vic. 3537.



The M.J.B. Tape

Frank Rees has forwarded to me a copy of the MJB (Michael J. Bauer) tape with the following instructions enclosed:-

MJB (F000-FFFF) and M-MJB (8000 - 8FFF). Side B contains copies of the EPROM by MJB for use with the MJB Expansion Board (MC10-X). With the flick of a switch and RESET the MC10 gets a COMPLETELY DIFFERENT OPERATING SYSTEM with monitor, editor, tape support and Chip8 interpreter instead of BASIC.

Side A is a modified MJB system moved into RAM which allows the MC10 to run with a completely different operating system in RAM. Relocation causes a loss of HIRES. Chip8 and RESET cannot be used, requiring care with the tape SAVE and LOAD. RESET can't be used to recover from error. There is a menu of instructions with H for Help.

To LOAD, CLEAR 100,32000: CLOADM. EXEC CLOADM. Modify 5200-1 to F000 so system will not crash if "C" is used causing Chip8 to be called. BREAK operates to warm RESET. While the Instruction Book with the Chip extensive, much can be worked out by trial and the error because of system structure. Tape copy posted anywhere in Australia \$5.

Dear Graham.

I really enjoy reading the magazine and am really pleased that so much programming talent exists Australia.

I realise how much trouble it would be to give just one person the Greg Wilson award. That is why I thought it would be easier to award one in each state. Because of the great skill shown by our programmers in this country, the idea might make giving this award slightly easier.

Keep up the good work. Yours Truly

Tania Hardy

VIC

Tania,

Nice idea.

For now, to keep it special, we're

going to maintain the system as it is.

This year's winner, Brain Dougan, was voted for by users from across Australia, so he won fair & square! Graham

Dear Graham.

Your Viatel board doesn't hold much interest for a CoCo owner.

The messages on it remind me of the type of thing I heard when C.B. radio first came out. My C.B. is in the cupboard and will stay there. I've got more to do than logon and say hi, how are you, gotta go now.

Have a look at the Microline (I think) 666 section of Viatel. Questions and answers go on for pages. That section is all C64 etc (yuk) but that's what we really need on Goldlink. Think about it!

Further on the same theme, here in the forgotten north, we suffer from a lack of contact with other CoCo users. Our User Group is just going but I'm the long time user of the group and they all come to me with their questions. Who do I ask? I fix it myself or do without.

You can see my comments above are relevant to my situation. Of course I can always try ringing someone like Jack Fricker. He's most helpful, but STD costs heaps.

Anyway I'll start it next time I'm on Viatel. I have a few unanswered problems. It's up to you to carry it on. REMEMBER GREG WILSON'S BETWORK.

Jeff Larson

OLD

Jeff.

You touched on the key to the problem.

The exciting thing about Goldlink to me is that it can be anything to anyone.

If I'd had to wait for CoCo owners to put "worthwhile" messages on our boards, we wouldn't be on Viatel still.

On the other hand, you know where our bias is, and we nightly eject superfluous messages from the Tandy board to give the "serious" users a go.

Ultimately it is up to the "serious" users to make use of the facilities the rest of the system pays to provide them.

I might add that since the release of the CoCo 3, THE place to get the latest news HAS been the Tandy board, so much so that we have created a "Golden so that we have created a Oldies" section where the questions &

answers that are most relevant are being held on the system a little longer.

The bottom line is this: there are two boards for "serious" users of Tandy machines, the Tandy board & the OS 9 board.

'protected with bias" They are 'protected with bias' boards, in that ratbag messages are usually ejected.

They take more to look after & they but they are where we want to be, & they are our original reason for being on the system.

None the less, I disagree with your coments on other boards.

An individual message - often even an individual night's messages - can look like early CB. But what is happening is much more than that.

The people come online for companionship, entertainment, & to enjoy themselves.

Not everyone will enjoy everything on a particular board, and we have already demonstrated our interest in and ability to create boards reflective of the wishes of our users - so if you have a

need not being met, speak up!
Remember, members of Goldlink have no cost (except line time) limitless access to any of our boards, so use the ones which suit you!

Graham.

Dear Graham,

Amidst all the confusion of whether to have lowercase or not to have lowercase, I finally got around to undertaking the relatively minor task of upgrading my CoCo to enable the in-built TRUE lowercase letters as specified by Kevin in the November edition of CoCo.

Having owned the 64K CoCo for only seven months, it was the later "slashed colors" version (#26.3127B) and after reading of I. Mauvie's hassles in the Dr Column in July's magazine, then I decided to risk my CoCo health by doing this bit of surgery. Not being that much of a "whizz-kid", (I didn't say that!), I was surprised at how quick the upgrade

To my surprise, the upgrade worked first go and I felt the strike-back of this upgrade; no color in the PMODE 1 or 3 graphics screens used in conjunction with the SCREEN1, 0 command - instead of accessing the two different 4-color sets, you obtain the equilivent in the 2-color set. A major disappointment, it was, until I realised the full worth of SPDT switch which disables the upgrade to provide for the color in the hi-res graphics mode.

Unfortunately, our beloved CoCo still hasn't learnt to "understand" lowercase letters, which isn't that much of a problem if you've lived with it before. Finally, if you do own a CoCo2 with the "slashed colors" on the badge, then carry out the upgrade - it doesn't take long and is probably the cheapest upgrade you'll ever make on your computer, and besides, the results are rather rewarding - it's like having an extra 32 characters at hand (including the ASCII nos. 96 and 123-127).

Michael Saliba.

Dear Graham,

buying a copy of CoCoMax, however, before laying out the cash could you I am seriously considering please advise me about the value of the program and is there a better program around for a similar cost that does same or better kind of job. Your advise would be much appreciated. You might even be able to supply me with the name of a supplier of the program other than Tandy, where I may recieve a better

Steve Issanchon, Thornlie, VA

Dear Steve,

CoCoMax is a top program. The latest version, CoCoMax II is well worth obtaining as it as a number of additional features over CoCoMax 1.

There are other Screen Graphics programs around (eg Graphicom) but they are no longer supported here in Australia andin our opinion are not as good as CoCoMax II in any case.

Computerware for Micros in Adelaide supplies CoCoMax II in Australia, so you

could try them.

Dear Graham,
I am currently considering marketing my own sofrware and was hoping that you could give me some idea of how to go about it, and what is involved in undertaking such a project.

I have been computing for approximately six years and have just recently updated to a CoCo 3 but still have no printer or disk system. I am able to program in both BASIC and MACHINE CODE.

Could you please give me some idea of what language would be the best to program in and if possible what type of software has the public most interested in, although mine is graphic adventures. am hoping to write and market this sort of software.

would be grateful for any help possible.

Simon Kalick, Fountain Gate, VIC

Dear Simon,

There is a real continuing interest in Graphics Adventures and Arcade Games.

The Computer Hut Bowen and in ourselves attempt to foster programmers as much as possible.

In our case, we can only do so much! This year, in conjunction with Tandy, the top programs submitted to us not be printed until we've decided on the Games Programming Contest winners.

The winning entry will be purchased by Tandy for distribution in their stores!

The Computer Hut, on the other hand, has already sold one Aussie program in

the US, and markets others here. The aim of this magazine is to assist

programmers at every level.

If you think you have something of commercial standard, send it -appropriately marked - and we will send it provide you with an accessment.



Dear Dr CoCo,

please tell me some Could you information about using ML. When I typed in a short machine language program in an article on how to use ML I could not

I was wondering if you had any books packed with programs, mainly because ! am interested in how they are together and also I am putting together a computer program so that I can get ideas from them for this program that I am doing.

Ps, could you tell me your phone number, please?

Alan Torney Jambin QLD

Dear Alan.

To answer your question, no we don't keep or sell any books to teach people machine language. You should learn assembly language first to know machine Assembly language is just language. that: a language to assemble code so it works in machine language. If you are still interested in learning machine language, it is wise to following:

1. A decent book teaching assembly language. You see, to make a machine language program, it is best to type it in assembly language. You may ask yourself, "What kind of book are we looking for?". Ok, that's simple. You go into any computer store and ask for book that teaches assembly language for a 6800 CPU computer". Cost is between \$10 and \$30.

2. You also need software to write your assembly language. Tandy sell a program pack called "Etdasm+" for about \$70.

Once you have these two items described above, you can write your program in assembly and run it in machine language.

Dear Dr CoCo,

We are attempting to do "Grand Prix" by Doug Gray out of Australian CcoCo November 1985. On line 245 we are receiving an ?UL ERROR. We have repeated the line numerous times and checked the program, however ?UL ERROR in line 245 reappears. Could you please advise us on this problem as it is a long time-consuming program; disappointed!

Joseph Timperos Nabowla, Tas

Dear Joseph.

The only thing that I can suggest to you is to check line 70. Is it there? You see, line 245 tells the computer to GOSUB a line 70 (ie, the computer is supposed to go to line 70 and return once it finds a RETURN statement). The only way for you to get an ?UL ERROR is if line 70 isn't there.

Dear Dr CoCo, Could I get some help with the following?

My son recently purchased the May '86 Rainbow on Tape in indulge his interest in Adventures. He struck some problems: * The CoCoZone requires a red screen to

take off. We have never been able to achieve it. Curiously line 8 reads LOAD"ZONE", not LOAD"COCOZONE" which is the name of the file in the directory.

* FANTASY throws up a "?DF ERROR in

590" message.

* Martha's instructions are unclear. It seems to require use of another blank disk onto which you transfer the first two programs (CHARGEN & SYMGEN). When I attempt to RUN"GOLDSOFT" I get the title, Hubris Software, then "?NE ERROR"

I am reluctant to throw this in your direction but I am not in contact with anyone who has a copy of the programs so

could not seek help locally.

On a happier note, as a secondary teacher of English here in NSW I was wondering if the inclusion of Tandy into Queesland schools has generated interesting language programs. Perhaps you could put me in touch with someone who has a similar interest in this field.

Paul Sowter Westleigh, NSW

Dear Paul.

Here are some recommended tips on fixing the above programs:
* CoCoZone: don't worry about the red

screen to start, that program has been designed to use American artifacted colours. Change LOAD"ZONE" to read LOAD" COCOZONE". otherwise RENAME"COCOZONE/BAS" to "ZONE/BAS".

Fantasy: type in: KILL"F/BAS". You shouldn't get a "?DF ERROR ". # Martha: It is recommended you have an

empty formatted disk for this one. For now, lets call this disk your boot disk. It works like this:

1. LOAD"CHARGEN". RUN it and when it asks you to save it on disk, put in your boot disk and type 'Y' & press <ENTER>. It will save it as "C/DAT".

LOAD"SYMGEN" from your tape/disk. RUN it and when it asks you to save it on disk, put in your boot disk and type & press (ENTER). This program will two extra programs called "S1/DAT" & "S2/DAT"

3. LOAD"GOLDSOFT". SAVE it on your boot disk as well.

To make sure that everything is there, insert your boot disk and type DIR. programs should come T/BAS", "C/DAT", "S1/ These up: "GOLDSOFT/BAS", "S1/DAT". "S2/DAT".

So if you wanted to play this, you would type in RUN"GOLDSOFT".

As for your question on education programs and contacts, your contact would be Bob Horne, St Edmunds Primary School, Mary St, Ipswich 4305

Dear Dr CoCo.

Could you please tell me if there any alterations to the listing for "Grand Pri" by Doug Grey which was published in your November issue of CoCo. As entering the listings as published I find that the game cannot be played because of errors comming up on the screen.

Thank-you. Raymond Stephens,

Dear Raymond, As far as we know, there aren't any

alterations to be made to "Grand Pri". You didn't tell me your system, ie 16K, and their me your system, ie lok, 32K or 64K. If you have a 16K computer with a tape recorder, you'll have to type the following: POKE25,6: NEW and then run it. If you have a disk drive with your system, then type in POKE25,14: POKE&HEOO, 0: NEW. It should then work.

Dear Dr CoCo, I believe that when we bought a CoCo tape that instead of typing each program in from the magazine all the silly nonsense errors and all the other errors would disappear but this is not so.

I also know that if I really spent some time and learned how to program I would be able to cope with these errors. I neither have the time or However inclination and besides a program on a tape should work.

The first error to show is a ?DN ERROR in 730 every time I press any number (1,2,3,4 or 5). (By the way the program is "TV Trivia".)

I look up the ?DN error in the guide and it tells me that there can only be 3 devices used with OPEN, CLOSE, PRINT or INPUT: 0, -1 or -2.

Also somehow I got an error in 205 and list it. It reads IF TD=12 THEN 210 ELSE 220. There is no line 210, so what does the computer do? It grinds to a stop again! Either line 210 is left stop again! out on tape and in the CoCo Magazine or the number should be 215.

There is also a ?SN ERROR in 480. Help!

Joyce Simpson Miles, QLD

Dear Joyce,

Regarding programs on tape, disk and magazine. This is what we do with programs to be incuded into the magazine. They are generally loaded into a computer and sorted into their a computer and sorted into their catagories. "IV Trivia" would come under the title of a game. They are then RUN to see if they work. But due to time pressure (getting the magazines out on time, etc), we can't go through every and cranny the program has. We can certainly do that with the smaller programs, but not with the larger ones.

to your errors. This program was actually made for a Disk Drive, if you wanted to, you could do extensive modifications to the program so it runs from a tape-based system.

The error you got in line 730 was a disk error. From what I understand, you don't have a disk drive.

The error in line 480 should have read:

480 FOR X=1 TO 2500: NEXT X:CAT=RND(5)

The error in line 205 should read: 205 IF TD=12 THEN 215 ELSE 220 I hope this clarifies everything.



COM STATION 642

GOLDLINK Clubroom 64231422a Oc Goldlink Member

From: 024926540

VED 19 NOV 1986 18:19:22

Hello peoples, Ge Tandy sure have enthus iastic staff, I walked in the door to buy the Nov CoCo and 3 of them literally pounced on me, and ofered me imediate help on any number of problems I migt have, 10 /10 for SERVICE, thats great!!!

Lady Daisy xx

That store has been told VHO you are & how important you are!

*

GOLDLINK Clubroom From: 829441940 VED 19 NOV 1986 23:48:32

64231487a Oc

I have a complaint about the quality of your magazine Graham. The copy I bought from the local Tandy

store was so good that it went walkabout. So I have to keep the one you sent from Queensland after all. (Don't let it happen again!)

Gypsy Rover

This is getting complex!

*

GOLDLINK 6423534a Oc Tandy Users' BBS Nember 726288690 MON 10 NOV 1986 22:15:42

IF YOU HAVE ONE OF THE NEW COCO 3'S AND WANT TO CHANGE THE COLOURS OF THE TEXT AND PMODES TRY POKING THE LOCATIONS AHFFBO TO AHFFBF WITH THE COLOURS YOU WANT. LOOKS GREAT ON THE ARCADE GAMES.

U SUALY F INDS O UT

DOES ANYONE KNOW HOW TO ADDRESS THE GINE TO CHANGE BETWEEN LOW AND HI RES??

*

GOLDLINK 6423535a Oc Tandy Users' BBS Member 838155830 THU 27 NOV 1986 23:39:11

FOR LATEST COCO2 & COCO3: Want true low er case in 32 x 16 screen? Type POKE 359,57:POKE65314,21. Want that with inverse video? Type POKE 359,57:POKE65314,52. Want the same but orange on black? Type POKE 359,57:POKE 65314,57. And for normal text black on orange Type POKE 359,57:SCREEN 0,1. ... In each case revert to normal with POKE 359,126. IN OS9 use DEBUG to change location \$FF22 to \$15 or \$34. Compliments of

A.M.U.G. ADELAIDE ... Regards Allan T.

GOLDLINK

64231451a Oc Goldlink Member

Clubroom From: 755105770

MON 01 DEC 1986 23:24:17

no no no i'd waste the bastard then i'd up my mark..if you'll pardon the expres sion

darcy molly did you see those pictures in tho fice today? th ones from SA grand prix. what were those two men coming out of the toilet doing in there, is that what they call a study group? still it was SA.

Yes, I saw the pictures... The mind boggles, does'nt it.

*

GOLDLINK 6423533a 0c Tandy Users' Board 625890240 WED 26 NOV 1986 18:14:06

Anouncing .. Automatic Graph-It.

- + Plots any single equation in a Y=X.... format.
- + Independent X-Y axis with seperate scales, Draw Axis, Grid & Numbers.
- + Compare different equations on the one screen.
- + Easy to use, Menu-window driven -operation.
- + Requires Extended basic CoCo+Joystick. << Program & manual, Only \$20. Tape only Design Plus, Viatel No. 625890240.

*

GOLDLINK 64235610a
OS9 Users' Board Member
705471270
MON 17 NOV 1986 23:17:41

Very frustrated user, check your NB for what may help you. OS9 V2.0 keeps better time (still not perfect) but is far bigger. Needs to be stripped to compile C programmes ETC. Will not do anything decent with extra modules load ed. My main system is still running with V1.01, although I have Wordpack II, 2SP pack.

JEFF

GOLDLINK 6423667a 0c The IBM PC & Tandy 1000 Board 374956010 SAT 22 NOV 1986 23:51:57

COULD ABYONE HELP ME SOLVE A PROBLEM I HAVE WITH SOFTWARE FOR THE IBM. I HAVE AM ACCOUNTING PACKAGE THAT WHEN I INITIALIZE IT IT GOES TO LOOK FOR A CERTAIN FILE AND TELLS ME THAT FILE IS NOT THERE.HOWE VER WHEN I DO A DIR THE FILE IS ON DISK AND LOOKS NORMAL.WHEN USING NORTON UTILITY I ASK FOR A SCAN FOR THAT FILE AND IT COMES UP AS NONEXISTANT.ANY HELP IS GRATEFULY ACCEPTED. PLEASE MB ME.

Sounds like a partial disk crash to me

GOLDLINK 64231438a 00
Clubroom Goldlink Kember
From: 379900200 Jokes Leader
SAT 22 NOV 1986 15:28:41

TOKE

An englishman, an australian and of course Paddy. They find a magic slide. Any liquid they shout while on the slide will be waiting at the bottom for them to splash into. The Englishman starts off and shouts WINE. When he gets to the bottom he lands in wine. The Australian starts and shouts BEER and sure enough he lands in a lake of beer. Paddy gets on, gives himself a good push off and shouts... WHEEEEEEEE

Snake Byte ..

0c

Member

GOLDLINK 6423669a 0c The IBN & Tandy 1000 Board Member 755100150 FRI 28 NOV 1986 13:55:03

A 2 day course is available for users of Tandy 1000's & IBM PC's & clones. The course covers Hardware; Op systems how to use software.

Each student is provided with their own workstation.

The cost is \$120 for the weekend & further details can be obtained from: Advanced Computer Training 07 208 6911 (Rod Young)

Other courses are available in Pascal, Forth dBase & WP.

GOLDLINK 64234621a Carry's Kitchen Mem 755105770 SUN 16 MOV 1986 20:46:24

OUICHE

0c

4 eggs..1 cup milk..1 cup evap milk..

1 cup diced ham, chicken, salmon, bacon pieces etc. one half cup grated cheese, one half packet scone mix, 2 tblespoons softened marg, oregeno fortaste, 1 small grated onion, salt, pepper. Plcace ingrediants in leak proof bowl, seal and shake well. pour into 9 inch quiche or pie plate. Bake for 30 mins of 350 degs F or 180 deg C or until filling is set. it's easy and tastes delicious..DARCY

::D::K 64234625a 0c Carry's Kitchen 357882260 SAT 22 NOV 1986 14:20:28

> NONI'S VILD! VILD! RECIPE....
ok.1 slice of onions mixed with desert
rat, then add pepper to 5 slices of
Rubber Duck, stir fry for 5mi. then put B
ig 'N and Ggoose in the frying pan & a
d Gypsy Rover Vine 86 vintage. Then
grab a leg of Vombat and stick it in
the oven for 10min. Use a little Daisy f
o& en Pessant on the Bat & Strike a six
on the oven. Please make sure you use
the new European Vortex oven. Desert,
Please do not Take offence to this Craz
z Message..... NONI......

GOLDLINK 64235611a Oc OS9 Users' Board 234491110 TUE 18 NOV 1986 17:06:49

OZVIZ: Are you using DECB1.0 through a multipak? It needs 12volts, can be taken from the RGB connector internally to the old 12volt line on the Pak Port. 1 have 1.0 working fine on coco3.

Xcom9 user: I found trouble with this program under 1.01, but it runs fine if you use it with 2.0

--Rosko! --

*

GOLDLINK 6423664a 0c The IBM PC & Tandy 1000 Board 624783820 SAT 15 NOV 1986 10:22:41

eel like flying at twice the speed of sound then try JET for the IBM PC it is out of this world.

The Doctor.

Did you know that anything that is 100% IBM compatible is illegal ???

K-900. (canie-houndred) (The sidekick)

GOLDLINK Clubroom 64231463a Oc Goldlink Member

033119340 TUE 02 DEC 1986 13:18:20

> Godafternon everybody.

Wombat., I didnt send that messge. (che ck MB no).

Mr X(ylarthen) you are DEAD!!!
(also I no longer use tasMANIAC)(now
sign Tasmaniac)(com-jok's couldnt write
the other one)

Tasmaniac

*

GOLDLINK 6423666a Oc The IBM & Tandy 1000 Board Member 939052770 TUE 18 NOV 1986 00:03:05

HI PEOPLE REGARDING THE BEST PLACE TO B

THERE IS ONLY ONE PLACE AND THAT IS TANDY BELMONT WA...

WE GIVE THE BEST SERVICE......
AND THE BEST AFTER SALES SUPPORT....
COME AND GIVE US A GO AND BE PLEASANTL
Y SURPRISED....

REGARDS PAUL MANAGER

*

GOLDLINK 64235614a 0c OS9 Users' Board Member 705471270 SUN 30 NOV 1986 19:23:34

The message from getting less frustrate d is answered in Nov 86 Aust Rainbow page 43. Wordpack (I and II) are addressed at \$FF9C and \$FF9D which will NOT be available on the coco 3

JEFF

CULDLINK 6423537a Control Tandy Users' BBS Member

705471270 TUE 02 DEC 1986 19:37:20

Does Tandy's new monitor for the coco 3 have an input for composite video as well as RGB analog?

JEFF (feeling rich)

No.

GOLDLINK Tandy Users' BBS

6423536a 0c Xember

6423146Qa

00

262289400 TUE 11 NOV 1986 20:54:45

Jef.

I have the Service Manual for the Models Cat No. 26-3001 & 26-3002.

If I can be of any help N.B. me.

*

GOLDLINK

Clubroom

From: 262416830 TUE 02 DEC 1986 20:23:09

Hi everyone. I am not on this board that much but i will be on here on Friday night. Does anyone feel like giving me a MB, and i will be very happy.

ROCKY BALBOA

*

GCLDLINK 6423932a 0c Life's Most Romantic Moments 062002800 TUE 02 DEC 1986 14:48:29

Perhaps my most romantic moment of all time happened today. I had just had this really bad argument with myself (& I mean BAD). Started over something sill y really - don't they always? -(I forgot to kiss my reflection going past one of my many strategically placed mirrors especially placed for this purpose) and con sequently, a fight ensued resulting in the worse argument I've had with myself in a long time. I thought I'd NEVER forgive me! (but oh, was the making up with myself afterwards good!) ROX.

GOLDLINK 6423368a Oc Amateur Radio Users' 714457200 SAT 04 OCT 1986 08:10:10 De VK4ST Are there any other operators

De VK4ST Are there any other operators on the Sunshine Coast who would like to exchange programmes via modems? QSL! 73 Brian

GOLDLINK 6423239a 0c Rail Enthusiasts' Board 342820950

MON 01 DEC 1986 19:41:31

WANTED: RAILWAY VIDEOS PREF. BETA SEND TITLE, PRICE REQUIRED AND YOUR PHONE NUMBER TO: LEO BIRD VIATEL 342820950 GOLDLINK

0c

64231464a Oc Goldlink Member

Clubroom From: 068000570

TUE 02 DEC 1986 17:07:56

Gypsy Rover,

WHAT LEAD, WE HAVE NO PROBLEM HERE WITH IT!

THE PORT PIRIEAMS JUST LIVE LONGE R THEM THE REST OF THE WORLD!

Luv Deb 007xx

75

GOLDLINK

64233311a

00

TV Talk

357882260 MON 01 DEC 1986 23:07:14

ZWILIGHT ZONE IS BACK !!!!!!

THIS B/B REALLY WORKS ...

THANKS FOR INFORMING ME NINIANE.

GOOD WORK GOLDLINK!

..... NON I

*

GOLDLINK 64236311a Oc Commodore Users' Board

722919410 SUN 30 NOV 1986 19:50:11

Does anybody here know how to download a programme from VIATEL?

The software I have doesn't seem to support this function. Please contact on the above MB number for any help.

Thankyou..

*

GOLDLINK 6423437a Oc Atari Users' BBS

034497700 MON 10 NOV 1986 19:56:42

To Atari users: In edition 258 of MAD magazine there is a computer program for the atari. If have that issue then what is the PGM like?

UNKNNOVN

Is that where you get your programs from? (Just kidding...)

*

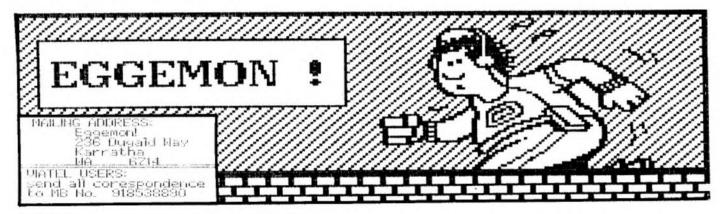
GOLDLINK 6423932a 0c Life's Most Romantic Moments 062002800 TUE 02 DEC 1986 14:48:29

Perhaps my most romantic moment of all time happened today. I had just had this really bad argument with myself (& I mean BAD). Started over something sill y really - don't they always? -(I forgot to kiss my reflection going past one of my many strategically placed mirrors especially placed for this purpose) and con sequently, a fight ensued resulting in the worse argument I've had with myself in a long time. I thought I'd NEVER forgive me! (but oh, was the making up with myself afterwards good!) ROX.

*

rogues' Xes ... Its & G. L. A. S. S. Three desperates! Its terrible what can happen when you fall asleep at the wrong time, in the wrong place! Helen Entertains looking better Mopar







Psssst!



"Our revered Editor"

Somewhere behind the first word, you'll be bound to find Jokes, competitions, smelly socks and the slickest humour around this side of Melbourne.

If this is not the case, please let us know within thirty days and we'll prompty burn your letter in the nearest.

(We wouldn't do things like that would we?)

Actually that kind of behavior might be the norm in 'certain' residences just a few pages away, but definitely NOT the sort of thing that happens in such a reputable magazine such as yours truly.

(Don't you believe it! -ed.)

Stay tuned to the Eggemon! pages, your lifeline to the real (?) world

Arrelevantly Yours

Ever notice that it takes as much heat to melt a kilo of snow as it does to boil a litre of soup at room temperature?

speaking of boiling, some tropical fish can survive in an aquarium full of human blood for simply ages! (some readers can too! - Ed .)

Baron Dominique Larrey, napoleon's surgeon could amputate a man's hand off in fourteen seconds flat.

Not to be out done, one pickpocket out on holiday from England to australia during the convict years eventually became the chief of police in Parramatta.

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STORIES FROM IRELAND

STORIES FROM IRELAND

Sean was confessing his sins to
Father Patrick.

"father, Oi've sinned. Oi've been
bedding down with a married woman."

"Ye've what!" said the priest.

"Carnal Knowledge, God fergive Ye,
'tis a mortal sin and Oi'll need to be
knowin' the name of the misbegotten
sinner you slept with."

"Shure, I couldn't tell you that
father. It wouldn't be honourable."

"Sean, Ye let me be the judge of
that. Now who was it? - was it Ada
Murphy?

"No," said Sean."No, it wasn't Ada
Murphy, father. Don't be askin me, Oi
can't say."

"Listen Ye unfortunate divil. It will
be better for ye if yo tell who it was.
was it Mary Finnegan?"

"No father, it was not Mary
Finnegan. Father, forgive me but I
cannot reveal who it was."

"Well if ye won't tell me, away and do
penance," said the priest. "Say ten
Hail Marys and three novenas."

Mick was waiting his turn outside
the confessional. "How was it? What
did you get?", he whispered to Sean.

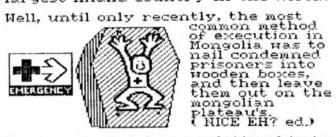
"Foine," Sean whispered back."Ten
hail Marys, three novenas and a
couple of good leads.

A JEWISH STORY Two smart

JEWISH STORY Two smart ladies met in the street. "Beckie your looking woderful! What have you been up to?" Molly, guess what! I'm having an affair."
"An affair! Wonderful! Tell me, who,s doing the catering?"

SAY THAT AGAIN?

Did you Know that mongolia is the largest inland country in the world?



Having absolutely no relationship to the above, but equally unimportant, was the fact that famous actor Yul Brynner started out in the acting proffession as a trapeze artist. (Not old buddy Yul NEVER!)

Bad hunting in the Cities I'm afraid. In Winnipeg, Canada, it is illegal to use a Bow and Arrow in the streets.

A SMALL EXPLOSION?

On the 16th July, 1945, the USA exploded the first Atom Bomb in New Mexico, a south western state.
After a small sound carried 200 miles away, and an insignificant mushroom cloud lifted 40 000 feet into the atmosphere, the US army sent out a Bulletin saying that an Arsenal had accidently blown up.
(UHAT? NO COVER UP? your choking)



Plenty of mail this week. Keep up the good work hate mail fans. This week we happened to find one community letter, and one or two others. We do ask however, that you please write in english. Sadly, our translators failed in French.

One Mucs R Zgorf complained of various punctuation marks going missing in his issue. If any body has seen them, please return to EGEMON ar we will see they stay there in th. future. (You Hope).

Another question that came up, was why a certain individuals name kept cropping up in the last few issues of this magazine. That is tecause she not only got her alsorts answers in on time, she managed to beat the runner-up pretty badly.

In answer to Miss Ferris' letter, we would like to announce that you would have recieved 50% in the issue four alsorts game if your answers had been in on time.

all answers, columns, letters MUST be in by the following thursday of your recieving this magazine, if they are to be included in the Alsorts game, printed, or answered - EDITOR)

We also recieved letters addressed to Egemon International, our father Co. They were duly sent on.

Thanks to all who wrote,

Bye for Now - EGGSaminer of lettuce

Competition Arena

To keep everybody on their toes somewhat a competition has finally been organised. Any body who can answer all the questions listed in the Question Box will recieve some kind of Pressie in the mail along with their issue of EGEMON! Also we shall print your name real Big in our next issue. All you need to do is answer the questions and send them in before our next issue arrives on your doorstep.

THE ALLSORTS Q&A GAME

- With what do you associate the international sizes A0 to A10 a. Liquid b. Bread c. Paper c. Hay
- 2. Where will you find NU, OMICRON, XI RHO and TAU?
 a. In Thailand
 b. In the theory of relativity
 c. in the human body
 d. in the Greek Alphabet

- 3. Who discovered Australia in 1606 ? a. Henry Hudson b. William Janzoon c. William Dampier d. Ferdinand Magellan
- Who discovered Greenland in 982 ?
 Eric the Red
 Edward the White

c. Leif Eriksson d. Cedric the Blue

5. What was the name of the ship in which Sir Francis Drake sailed around the world between 1557 and 1580 ?

a. the Endeavor
b. the Centurion
c. the Victory
d. the Golden Hind

6. Who reached North America around the year 1000 AD ? a. Jacques Cartier b. Christopher Columbus c. Leif Eriksson d. Bartholomew Diaz

OOPS! The solution to the THINK ABOUT IT question- How many saturday nights until you are eighty should read:

Using a calculator:

 $(800 - Your Age) \times 52 = ?$

AFTER THOUGHTS

Kilts were worn in France before they were worn in Scotland and also kangaroos cannot jump if their tails are off the ground.

Giaale Time

What fish are other fish most scared of? JACK THE KIPPER

Who is the biggest gangster in the sea? AL CAPRAWN

What's yellow and leaps from cake to cake? TARZIPAN

What do frogs drink? CROAKER COLA

What happens when a frogs car breaks HE GETS TOAD AWAY.

RECIPES

MENU

Have you tried those half cooked Egg recipes lately To save all those that even tried we are attempting to bring the latest recipes in the garbage bin

EGGS FLORENTINE

IMGREDIENTS:

750g spinach 25g butter 1/4 tsp nutmeg

Salt ground pepper 4 Eggs

SAUCE:

butter plain flour

300ml Milk 50g grated cheese

HON TO DO IT:

Cook and drain the Spinach. Return to saucepan, Add butter, Nutmeg, Salt and Pepper, and Keep Hot.
To make the sauce, melt the Butter in saucepan, add the flour, Cook without browning for 2-3 min Gradually add the Milk, simmer for 2-3 minutes, stirring constantly Stir in half the cheese, the salt and the pepper. Keep Hot. Poach the Eggs until just set. Put the spinach

In an oven proof dish and arrange the Eggs on top!
Pour over the Sauce ,sprinkle with the remaining cheese and brown under a preheated oven.

SERUES 4

January 1987 Australian CoCo Magazine, * Page 15

MCROS



Now there's an exciting new world for Personal Computer owners to explore. The world of Goldlink 642 on Telecom Viatel.

All you need is a 1200/75 baud modem, the appropriate software, and a telephone line, and your PC will be ready to go.

Suddenly you'll be able to shop for software on your PC, and actually download* it directly through the Viatel system. You'll be able to get PC advice and tips. Even place messages on the system for other Viatel users to read and respond to — literally a PC talkback service that lets you have a say on almost any subject.

That's just part of what Goldlink 642 offers. And Goldlink 642 is just part of what Telecom Viatel offers. You can also bank with Viatel, place bets, buy and sell shares, book travel, and much more. Instantly, easily, economically. 24 hours a day.

Ask for a free brochure at any Telecom Business Office. And start using your micro in a whole new, better way.

* Coming





APPLICATION FORM

DATE OF APPLICATION / /

EVERSE SIDE CAREFULLY)

section	LETING THIS APPLICATION, PLEASE READ REVENSE SIDE CAREFOLLT)
1	PLEASE TICK APPROPRIATE BOX TO INDICATE SERVICE REQUIRED
	BUSINESS SERVICE NON-BUSINESS SERVICE (CHARGES INCURRED ON BUSINESS SERVICES ARE USUALLY TAX DEDUCTIBLE)
	SURNAME (OR BUSINESS NAME IF BUSINESS SERVICE) GIVEN NAMES
	POSTAL ADDRESS NUMBER/STREET
	TITLE ADDRESS NOMBER/STREET
	SUBURB/CITY STATE POSTCODE
	TELEPHONE NUMBER ON WHICH SERVICE IS REQUIRED (INCLUDING STD CODE)
section 2	CONTACT NAME (IF BUSINESS SERVICE) GIVEN NAMES
2	
	POSTAL ADDRESS FOR BILLING IF DIFFERENT FROM SECTION 1 ABOVE NUMBER/STREET
	SUBURB/CITY STATE POSTCODE
	CONTACT TELEPHONE NUMBER (INCLUDING STD CODE)
section	PLEASE DESCRIBE NATURE OF BUSINESS (OR OCCUPATION IF NOT A BUSINESS SERVICE)
3	
	PLEASE INDICATE TYPE OF EQUIPMENT USED TO ACCESS VIATEL
special instructions	VICTORIA 3001
	PLEASE ALLOW TEN WORKING DAYS FOR PROCESSING OF APPLICATION AND RETURN MAIL ADVICE.
telecom use only	DTE PP VN UN
	REF

REGISTRATION AND SUBSCRIPTIONS

Customers must register as a Business Service if the telephone number nominated for the use of the VIATEL Service is a Business Service and/or VIATEL is to be used wholly or mainly for Business, Commercial, Industrial, Professional or Government purposes. (Charges incurred on Business Services are usually tax deductible.)

Where a Business Telephone Service is nominated for the use of VIATEL, but the use of VIATEL is wholly or mainly for Non-Business purposes, the Customer may be registered as a Non-Business VIATEL subscriber, providing the registration is taken out in the Customer's personal name and address and not a Business name.

Telecom Australia will register the Business or Individual named under Section 1 as a Customer of its VIATEL Service and will provide the Customer with a confidential Customer Identity Number and Personal Password by mail.

Where billing address is indicated, bills and bill related correspondence ONLY will be forwarded to that address. All other correspondence will be forwarded to address under Section 1.

Customers should advise VIATEL of any change of address as soon as possible.

If you lose your Customer Identity Number and/or Personal Password, you must advise VIATEL in writing before new numbers are issued. Our postal address is: Freepost 20, Box 188C, GPO Melbourne, Vic. 3001. FOR SECURITY REASONS REPLACEMENT NUMBERS AND PASSWORDS CANNOT BE PROVIDED OVER THE TELEPHONE.

Customers of VIATEL acknowledge that their name and registered VIATEL Number will appear on the VIATEL Mailbox Directory and that Service Providers and/or other registered VIATEL users may send messages to their VIATEL number.

Telecom Australia undertakes no responsibility in relation to the accuracy of the information or service provided by Service Providers on VIATEL. Telecom Australia will not be responsible for any loss or damage arising out of or in any way connected with the use of this information or service.

Attention is also drawn to the terms and conditions governing the provision of information and services by some Service Providers. These terms and conditions may, in some cases, include a disclaimer absolving the Service Provider from liability regarding information and services supplied on VIATEL. The means of accessing these terms and conditions is set out on the Service Provider's Index Page on VIATEL.

Should you require any changes to your existing telephone equipment (e.g. new exchange line, additional socket), please contact your local District Telecom Office.

In a small number of cases VIATEL reception may be unsatisfactory. Correction may incur an additional charge.

Key To System Status

= Financial membership required for full

access.

Reg = Free membership requiring name, phone

No. etc.

= Visitor access to some/most functions. VA

= VERY limited visitor access.

Public = Access free to anyone.

NEW SOUTH WALES

System Name & Phone No. Op Times & Status

ABCOM-IBBS0047 RIBM

Phone: (074) 36 4165

Sysop: Ben Sharif Public

Andomeda

Phone: (02) 746 3598 Public

AUGUR BBS

Phone: (02) 661 4739

Sysop: Mark James

AUSBOARD (OSBOURNE) RCPM

Phone: (02) 439 7072

Sysop: Daniel Moran

BERT BBS

Phone: (02) 211 0855

Bounty C-64 BBS

Phone: (02) 918 3256

Bresike Omen

Phone: (02) 457 8281

Sysop: Geoff Arthur

Club 80 (SYDTRUG) RTRS

Phone: (02) 332 2494

Sysop: Michael Cooper

Phone: (02) 664 2334 Sysop: Graham Lee

Contact RCPM Phone: (02) 550 1004

Sysop: Steven Villiams

CSACE (ATARI) Phone: (02) 529 8249

Sysop: Larry O'Keefe

Dick Smith RIBM Phone: (02) 887 2276

Frontier Systems RIBM

Phone: (02) 875 2606 Sysop: John Stanton

24 Hours

24 Hours

24 Hours

Reg/VA

24 Hours

Public

24 Hours

[1200/75]

24 Hours

Mem/VA

24 Hours

Public

Mem/VA

24 Hours

24 Hours

Mem/VA

24 Hours

Mem/VA

24 Hours

Reg/VA

24 Hours

Public

24 Hours

Public

Goblin Sound RMAC

Balmain RCPM Phone: (02) 660 8182

Sysop: Ned Whitford

24 Hours Illawarra BBS

Phone: (042) 84 4354 Sysop: John Simon

InfoCentre BBS

Phone: (02) 344 9511 Sysop: Paris Radio

Prophet TBBS Phone: (02) 628 7030

Sysop: Larry Lewis

SYDNEY PC USERS RIBM Phone: (02) 238 9034

Phone: (02) 221 5520 Sysop: Geoff May

TANDY AUSTRALIA RIBM

Phone: (02) 625 8071

Tesseract RCPM+ Phone: (02) 651 1404

Sysop: John Hastwell-Batten Zeta Remote TRS 80 System

Phone: (02) 627 4177 Sysop: Nick Andrew

AUSTRALIAN CAPITAL TERRITORY

CANBERRA IBBS Phone: (062) 58 1406

CANBERRA RBBS

Phone: (062) 88 8318;

QUEENSLAND

ACEA COMMODORE BBS

(ACEA-BBS) Phone: (07) 341 0285

Brisbane Experimental

RCPM II (BEX2-RCPM) Phone: (07) 395 1809

Brisbane Microbee User

Group GROUP RCPM (BMUG-RCPM) Phone: (07) 34 833

HI-TECH CBBS (HTC-BBS) Phone: (07) 38 6872

Tomorrow Land Direct

(BRIS-TLD) Phone: (07) 394 2300

Reg/LVA

24 Hours

24 Hours

V1

V2

Reg/VA

Mem/VA

24 Hours

Public

24 Hours

24 Hours Mem/VA

24 Hours

CP/N & MS DOS Reg/VA

24 Hours

Mem/LVA

24 Hours

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VICTORIA	=========		Multiple BBS (MULTI-BBS) Phone: (08) 255 5116	24	Hours		
VICTORIA				24	Hours		
AM-NET BBS (AMNET-BBS) Phone: (03) 336 7055	24 Hours		NEXUS Education Dept BBS (NEXUS-BBS)	24	nours		
Computers Galore BBS Phone: (03) 561 8479	24 Hours		Phone: (08) 243 2477				
	04 !!		NORTHERN TERRI				
Down Under Software Phone: (03) 429 4679	24 Hours	RIBK					
	04 !!		Outback RCPM Phone: (089) 27 7111	. 24	Hours		
Gippsland RCPM Phone: (051) 34 1563	24 Hours		OMEN II RTRS	24	Hours		
HISOFT BBS	24 Hours		Phone: (089) 27 4454				
Phone: (03) 799 2001			RED CENTRE RCPM	24	Hours		
HI-TECH BBS	24 Hours		(REDC-RCPM)				
Phone: (03) 397 1165			Phone: (075) 32 6340				
Mail Bus Phone: (051) 27 7245	24 Hours		WESTERN AUSTR				
MELBOURNE MICRO	24 Hours		Applecross	24	Hours		
COMPUTER CLUB CBBS Phone: (03) 762 5088			Phone: (09) 364 9924				
MICROPRO COMPUTERS RCPM	24 Hours		OMEN III RTRS Phone: (09) 279 8555	24	Hours		
(MICROP-RCPM)	24 110013						
Phone: (03) 568 8180			NEW ZEALAND: NORT				
MICROPRO COMPUTERS RCPM	24 Hours		Attache RBBS	24	Hours		
(MICROP-RCPM)			Phone: 64 9 76 2309+				
Phone: (03) 568 8180			Note: Type 'HELP' to log on				
Millionaire BBS Phone (03) 222 2939	24 Hours		INTERNATIONAL				
OMEN IV RTRS	24 Hours		Some of the following are R	ING-BA	CK systems. You		
Phone: (03) 846 4034			ring once and then hang up after the first ring. When you ring the second time, the computer wi				
Public Resources #1 BBS Phone: (03)878 2918	24 Hours		answer. If you let the phon on the first time, you will	e ring	more than twice moice contact		
SCORCERER COMPUTER	24 Hours		with the Sysop. Please Note: You Must dial	the IS	D prefix		
USER'S ASSOC. CBBS			(eg. 00144 = UK) and then t				
Phone: (03) 434 3529			THE LEADING ZERO OF THE STD So Southern BBs would become				
VTX 4000 Videotext Service Phone: (03) 329 2936	24 Hours						
=======================================	==========	========	300/300 FULL DUPLEX BUL				
TASMANIA			SOUTHERN BBSs	20	4 Hours		
Ian Campbell TBBS Phone: (003) 26 4248	24 Hours		Phone: 0243 511007				
	04 11		COMPUTER ANSWERS MAGAZINE	2	4 Hours		
Launceston BBS Phone: (003) 34 0911	24 Hours		Phone: 01 631 3076	2.	4 Hours		
MS-RBBS RTRS	24 Hours		BASUG (Ringback) Phone: 0742 667983	2	1 Trout a		
Phone: (003) 34 0911 Sysop: Mike Scott			MICRO USER (MICROVEB) Phone: 061 456 4157	2	4 Hours		
				_	A Voure		
SOUTH AUSTRAL	1 A		CBBS Surrey Phone: 04862 25174	2	4 Hours		
Computer Ventures BBS Phone: (08) 255 9146	24 Hours		MAILBOX 80 LIVERPOOL	2	4 Hours		
Electronic Oracle IBBS	24 Hours		Phone: 051 428 8924				
(EO-IBBS)	24 HOULS		STOKE ITEC REMOTE CP/M	2	4 Hours		

I'S BEEN one of those days! My disk drive and my tape recorder have broken down. To save myself from going mad I thought I might mess about with the CoCo's mathematical functions. I thought you would start with SIN. SIN is a function which relates to trigonemetry (the propeties of triangles). I knew that SIN(X) gives me many different values. Hmmm ... I thought, if I graphed the values on the graphics screen ...". I came up with the following program.

10 REM LINES 20-40 SET UP GRAPHICS

SCREEN

20 PMODE 4,1

30 SCREEN 1,1

40 PCLS

50 REM WE NOW START A FOR/NEXT LOOP LETTING X BE OUR HORIZON TAL LOCATION AND Y OUR VRTICLE

60 FOR X=1TO 256: REM WIDTH OF

GRAPHICS SCREEN

70 Y=INT(SIN(X))+100: REM TELLS COMPUTER THAT 'Y' IS AN INTEGER AND MOVES IT DOWN 100 PIXELS

80 PSET (X, Y, 5): REM PLOTS THE

POINTS

90 NEXT X

100 GOTO100

Mmm ... an interesting effect; many small waves appear across the screen. These are known to mathematicians as SINE WAVES. They are caused by the values of SIN.

After further experimentation I changed LINE 70

70 Y=1NT(S1N(*10))+100

and ran the program again.

Very interesting. We now have many small waves crammed up and what do you know, they are colored!

The colors that appear are called ARTIFICIAL colors and are caused on the CoCo when dots on the screen are close together. The result is a false or almost an illusion of color.

By changing Line 70 many different patterns could be made. For example:

70 Y=INT(SIN(X*10)*10)+100 caused a colored diamond patter to appear and ...

70 Y=INT(SIN(X*8)*8)+100 caused a colored rope like

pattern to appear.

70 Y=INT(SIN(X*6)*6)+100 made buff waves appear across the screen but these are quite large and

After finding nothing more that interesting me thought I could ty another mathematical function. I moved the TAN command also used i trigonometry.

But there was a problem. Often 'Y' was negative. Hmmm ... I thought. Aha! Maybe I could use the ABS command. This command only gave the computer the absolute or positive value of a number.

70 Y=ABS(INT(TAN(X))+100)

This gives us more artifact colors plus interesting pattern. After some let downs I tried: 70 Y=SIN(ABS(INT(TAN(X))))+100

compicated equasion provides an amusing This effect.

Gee, it's eleven already - I'll have to switch off! Remember, one of the best ways of learning about your computer is through experimentation.

Happy Frogramming



To get the most memory available for the extended color computer, try

FOKE 25,6: NEW (enter)

But if you have a Disk System, you can get up to 29K of memory by typing:

FILES 1: POKE &HDOO, 0: POKE 25, 13: NEW

Unpacking BASIC programs

If you have come across a program that has had its lines packed so tightly that parts of of the lines can't be seen when listed, here is a way to make them visible again in a 64K CoCo. First RUN a program to put the computer into the 64K mode ...

10 'ROMRAM

20 CLEAR999

30 DATA26,80,190,128,0,183,255,2 22, 166, 128

40 DATA183, 255, 223, 167, 31, 140, 22

4,0,37,241,57

50 FORI=1TO21: READA: AS=AS+CHRS (A

): NEXT 1

GO P=VARPTR(A\$)+1

70 POKE F, 126

80 EXEC P

90 PRINT" BASIC IS NOW IN RAM"

. and then enter POKE &HB816,4. This poke into the BASIC interpreter will allow the full line to be listed. This POKE will affect the LIST, LLIST and ASCII save functions, but will not affect the EDIT mode.

POINTER FOR DUNGEONS OF DAGGORATH

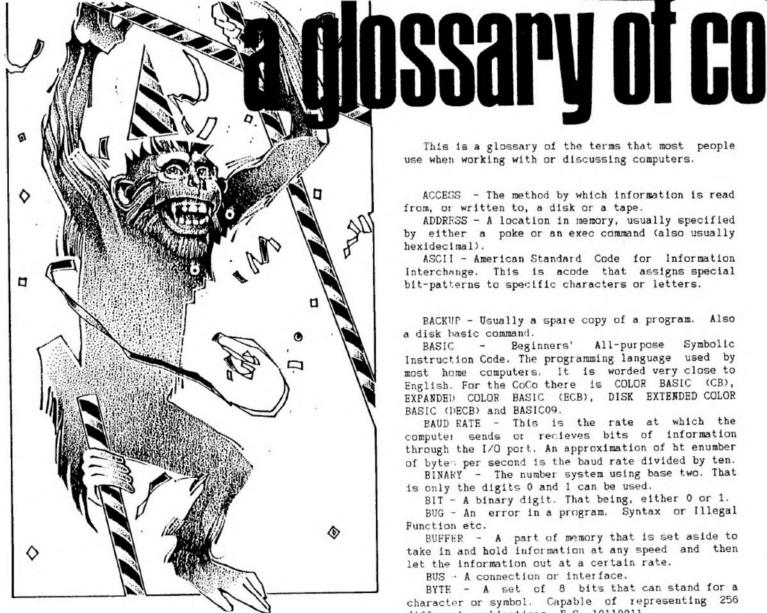
In the Dungeons of Daggorath, I find it handy to find a suitable corridor and dump everything I have in front of me bar the sword and torch.

The idea is: Whenever a creature comes for me, he has to pick up everything that is on the floor first before he can kill me. So while he's picking up my loot, I'm clobbering him senseless with my sword.

Another handy hint is to save your position BEFORE you go down to the next nevel.

Now I ask you lot out there for some help.

In the third level, with what do I destroy the imaginary wizard? I've done everything from clobbering him with swords & shields to zapping him with rings to running away! Help - please??



This is a glossary of the terms that most people use when working with or discussing computers.

ACCESS - The method by which information is read from, or written to, a disk or a tape.

ADDRESS - A location in memory, usually specified by either a poke or an exec command (also usually hexidecimal).

ASCII - American Standard Code for Information Interchange. This is acode that assigns special bit-patterns to specific characters or letters.

BACKUP - Usually a spare copy of a program. Also a disk basic command.

BASIC - Beginners' All-purpose Symbolic Instruction Code. The programming language used by most home computers. It is worded very close to English. For the CoCo there is COLOR BASIC (CB), EXPANDED COLOR BASIC (ECB), DISK EXTENDED COLOR BASIC (DECB) and BASICO9.

BAUD RATE - This is the rate at which the computer sends or recieves bits of information through the I/O port. An approximation of ht enumber of byte per second is the baud rate divided by ten.

BINARY - The number system using base two. That

is only the digits 0 and 1 can be used. BIT - A binary digit. That being, either 0 or 1.

BUG - An error in a program. Syntax or Illegal Function etc.

BUFFER - A part of memory that is set aside to take in and hold information at any speed and then let the information out at a certain rate.

BUS - A connection or interface.

BYTE - A set of 8 bits that can stand for a character or symbol. Capable of representing 256 different combinations. E.G. 10110011

CB - Color Basic. The standard language of the CoCo.

CHARACTER - A character or number or symbol that appears on the screen.

COLD START - This is enacted by turning the computer off and turning it on again. To begin from power off is to perform a cold start.

CRT - Cathode Ray Tube. A monitor or TV. The

CPU The Central Processing Unit. The "brain" of the computer where the "thinking" takes place. The CoCos1 % 2 use a 6809 processor whereas the CoCo3 uses a 68B09E processor.

DATA - Lines in a program that are set aside to be READ by the computer. DATA is a way of storing information in a program.

DEBUG - To remove the errors or BUGs from a

DEFAULT - Default has many uses. It can be used in some cases as a command that changes the BAUD RATE or to define which disk drive that you want to

DISKETTE - There are two basic types of disk. The floppy disk and the hard disk. The floppy disk is used on a personal or domestic scale and holds enough information for such uses. The hard disk is used in large situations where very large amounts of information have to be ACCESSed quickly.

mputer terms-

by Maurice Phillips

DISK DRIVE - The device used to read from and write onto a disk. Again two types. Hard disk and floppy disk. Hard disk is used for progressive work.

The floppy for incidental work.

DOS - Disk Operating System. These vary with different companies with different features. You can usually find one to meet personal needs. Some DOS's include OS-9, Rainbow Bits, Tandy DOS and many more.

DUMB TERMINAL - This is simply a remote screen used to display information. E.G. At airport or bus

terminals.

This is a method of communication DUPLEX between two terminals. Half DUPLEX is where the typed character is sent and is printed only on the receiver's screen. Full DUPLEX is when the character is sent, printed on tyhe receiver's screen and then sent back and printed on the sender's screen. Full DUPLEX is the most widely used system today.

ECB - EXTENDED COLOR BASIC. The extended language for the CoCo. ECB gives access to hi-res graphics and some other commands such as EDIT.

ESCAPE CHARACTER - This tells the computer that the following data is of a different set to the previous set.

FILE - This is an organised set of related data. FLEX - An advanced DOS used by 6809 CPU computers.

FORMAT - Used to organize the disk's magnetic

medium into tracks and sectors.

GRANULE - A unit of storage space on a disk representing 2304 bytes of space.

HANDSHAKE - A communictions interface preceeding transmission of information. E.G. A printer is told to print. The printer aknowledges the request and signals to pass on the information. Transmission then commences.

HARD COPY - A printed copy of data or a file or

listing etc.

HARDWARE - Physical parts of a computer setup.

E.G. Computer, printer, modem etc.

HEX - Short for hexidecimal. Base 16. Uses 0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,A,B,C,D,E,F. CoCo use of a HEX number is preceded by &H. E.G. &HE00

INPUT - Transferral of data into RAM using keyboard, tape, disk etc.

INTELLIGENT TERMINAL - The main terminal. The one that does the thinking.

I/O - An abbreviation of Input/Output.

LINE FEED - A printer command which moves the

paper down a line. LOAD (CLOAD) - Command enabling files or ASCII data to be read from a tape or disk. Load is for

disk. Cload for tape (cload=cassete load). LOADM (CLOADM) - The same as load and cload except this command is for MACHINE LANGUAGE

programs.

MACHINE LANGUAGE - A language that lets you access ROM usually HEX ADDRESSES.

MAINFRAME - Large Computer that can store

millions of record in memory. MICRO COMPUTER - A term used to

describe computers such as the CoCo.

MODEM - Converts electrical impulses into audio signals and back again. Can be used over long distances using phone lines. Lets computers communicate.

OS-9 - An advanced DOS for 6809 CPU computers.

PARAMETER - A variable is given a value. This value is used to control certain factors of a program. This value is a parameter.

PARITY BIT - Calculates the value of a certain byte and determines odd or even. Sometimes used for

error trapping in modems.

PERIFHERAL - Any device that can be used under the control of the computer. E.G. tape recorder, disk drive, printer etc.

PORT - Socket on the computer used for certain

jobs. E.G. joystick port, I/O port etc.

PROMPT - A signal made by the computer telling the user that the computer is ready to accept the next command.

RAM - Random Access Memory. This is the memory set aside for the operator to use for programming or data analysis. RAM is usually measured in K or KiloBYTES. E.G. 4K, 16K, 32K, 64K, 128K, 512K etc.

ROM - Read Only Memory. The memory set aside for the computer to gain information on how to run itself. This is where all the computer's internal commands are stored. It cannot be rewritten as can RAM.

RS 232 - The SERIAL port used by the CoCo.

SECTOR - One eighteenth of a TRACK on a DISK containing 256 BYTES of storage.

SERIAL - A form of transmission. One BIT after another. One BIT is sent and used before the next is sent.

SIMPLEX - Name for half DUPLEX.

SMART TERMINAL - A terminal capable of displaying and accepting data but cannot run without the mian terminal.

SOFTWARE - Programs or ather data that is used by

the computer. STOP BIT - Indicates the end of a SERIAL transmission.

TRACK - 18 SECTORs forming concentric circles on the disk medium. There are main forms of disk. 35 track, 40 track or 80 track.

UTILITY - A program that serves a specific purpose in conjunction with the computer's running. E.G. A self check program for the computer is a UTILITY.

WORD PROCESSOR - Lets you type files and edit them before printing and usulaay let you save the file. This glossary waas done with a word processor called Telewriter 64.

WORD WRAP - A feature of good word processors is that you set the number of characters per line and if, near the end of a line, a word goes over this mark, the computer will take the word and put it at the start of the next line.

WRITE PROTECT - You do this is to prevent your disk from being overwritten by covering the write protect notch with tape or a w.p. tab. The notch serves the same purpose as the tab in the top of a cassette.

Printer Pokes

POKE149, 4: POKE150, 88 50	baud
POKE149, 2: POKE150, 227 75	baud
POKE149, 1: POKE150, 246	baud
POKE149, 1: POKE150, 110 150	baud
POKE149, 0: POKE150, 180 300	baud
POKE149, 0: POKE150, 87 600	baud
POKE149, 0: POKE150, 41 1200	baud
	baud
	baud
POKE149, 0: POKE150, 18 2400	baud
POKE149, 0: FOKE150, 10 3600	baud
POKE149, 0: POKE150, 7 4800	baud
POKE149, 0: POKE150, 3 7200	baud
POKE149, 0: POKE150, 1 9600	baud

PEEK (65314)

= odd, printer offline, = even, printer online POKE360, 162: POKE361, 191 All text output to printer POKE360, 115 Restore the above in ECB POKE360, 203: POKE361, 74 Restore the above in DECB

For those whose screen dump only prints halfwidth just put printer into elongation mode for DMP110 send: CHR\$(27); CHR\$(14). To end elongation send: CHR\$ (27); CHR\$ (15)

Disk Pokes

POKE111, 254: DIR Directory to printer FOKE25, 14: POKE26, 1: POKE3584, 0: NEW No graphics, lots of memory. POKE25, 20: POKE26, 1: POKE5120, 0: NEW Same as PCLEAR1 PCKE25, 26: PCKE26, 1: PCKE6656, 0: NEW Same as PCLEAR2 POKE25, 32: POKE26, 1: POKE8192, 0: NEW Same as PCLEAR3

POKE25, 38: FOKE26, 1: FOKE9728, 0: NEW Same as PCLEAR4 FOKE2439, 255 Verify on POKE2439, 0 Verify off POKE65344,0 Turns off drive motors POKE298, 0: POKE303, 0 Turns off Disk BASIC commands POKE298, 25: FOKE303, 14 Restores the above POKE111,254: DIR Hard copy of Directory PEEK (235) Returns drive number PEEK (236) Returns track number PEEK (237) Returns sector number PEEK (2439) = 0 if Verify on = 255 if verify off PEEK (49152) 68 = If Disk System present EXEC49364 Warmstart DECB 1.0 EXEC49383 Warmstart DECB 1.1 EXEC52175 Same as DIR in DECB 1.0 EXEC52393

Speed Pokes

POKE359,60 Slow poke for ECB POKE359, 60: POKE361, 37 Slow poke for DECB FOKE359, 19: POKE360, 19: POKE361, 57 Even slower poke POKE65495, 0 Double speed POKE65494, 0 Normal speed POKE65497, 0 Triple speed (loss of screen) POKE65496, 0 Returns to normal

Same as DIR in DECB 1.1

Cold Start

POKE113, 0: EXEC40999 Performs a cold start EXEC113 [Fress RESET] Does the above

Different Screens

POKE359,57 Orange screen (type SCREENO, 1) POKE359, 126 Restores the above POKE359,74: POKE360,57 Changes ASCII of everything on screen POKE179, n

Get more colors in hi-res. (n = 1 to 2

Character Pokes

POKE282,255

Uppercase mode

POKE282, 0

Lowercase mode

PEEK (282)

= 0 Lowercase,

= 255 Uppercase

Protection Pokes

List Disable:

POKE383,57

LIST protect

POKE383, 126

Disable protect

Break Disable:

POKE248,50: POKE249,98: POKE250,28: POKE251,175:

POKE252, 126: POKE253, 173: POKE254, 165: POKE410, 126:

POKE411,0: POKE412,248

Reset Disable:

CLEAR200, 31000: FORX=32742T032767: READ 1: POKEX, 1:

NEXT: EXEC32762: DATA58, 142, 58, 18, 16, 222, 33, 48, 140,

246, 159, 166, 28, 175, 127, 255, 64, 126, 173, 192, 48, 140,

236, 159, 114, 57

Machine Language Addresses

How to find the Start, End, and Exec address of an

ML program after loading it FROM TAPE:

Start address: PRINT PEEK(487) *256+PEEK(488) End address: PRINT PEEK(126) *256+PEEK(127)-1

Exec address: PRINT PEEK(157) *256+PEEK(158)

Then save the program like this:

(C) SAVEM"FILENAME", Start add, End add, Exec add

Loading ML into a different place in memory: To move up in memory, take off the old address from the new address. To move down in memory, take off the old address from the new address and add 65536.

Merging two BASIC programs from tape:

1) RENUMber both programs so they don't overlap each other.

2) CLOAD the lower number program.

3) POKE25, PEEK (27): POKE26, PEEK (28)-2

4) CLOAD the second program.

5) POKE25, 30: POKE26, 1

PEEK (116) *256+PEEK (117)

Returns size of your system

PEEK (274) *256+PEEK (275)

Returns TIMER value PRINT

PEEK (49) *256+PEEK (50)

Returns last DATA line numbe

PRINT PEEK (207) *256+PEEK (208)

Returns last radius of circle in PMODE 4

Various INKEY\$

EXEC44539

Same as: 10 A\$=INKEY\$: IF A\$=""THEN10

EXEC41393

INKEYS with Cursor

POKE383, 126: POKE384, 161: POKE385, 177

LISTs one line at a time.



Tape Help

POKE143, 8: POKE144, 24: POKE145, 4

Read tape in when CoCo at normal speed.

POKE143, 13: POKE144, 24: POKE145, 6

Read tape in when CoCo at high speed.

PEEK (129)

After an I/O error:

1 = Bad Tape,

2 = Out of memory

Various Other Trivia

POKE280, PEEK (275)

Complete Random

EXEC34471

Same as TRON

EXEC34472

Same as TROFF

General Information

Joysticks: side = on/off

Both = 124/252

Left = 125/253

Right = 126/254

Neither = 127/255

type = value Pmodes:

4,0 = 240-2474.1 = 248 - 255

3.0 = 224 - 2313,1 = 232-239

2,0 = 208-2152,1 = 216-223

1,0 = 128-1351.1 = 136 - 143

DIM Statements & GET/PUT:

Dimensioning DIN A(?)

A = (x2-x1)*(y2-y1)/n

n = 37: PMODE 3 & 4;

n = 76: PMODE 1 & 2;

n = 150: PMODE 0

Extra Memory

POKE25, 14: POKE26, 1: POKE3584, 0: NEW

PCLEAR 0 for disk

POKE25, 6: NEW

PCLEAR 0 for tape

POKE25, 6: POKE31, 6

PCLEAR 0 without erasing your program

Some Basic Techniques

by John Berger

1. TRUNCATION AND ROUNDING

There are two functions used in the COCO that convert numbers which have decimal parts (floating point numbers) into whole numbers (integers). These are INT and FIX. These are best demonstrated by an example. Try this:

10 INPUT I

20 PRINT INT(1); FIX(1); INT(-1); FIX(-1)

30 GOTO10

Try these numbers: 4.1, 4.4, 4.5, 4.6 and 4.9. As you can see when you try this, INT takes the nearest whole number less than or equal to the number input.

However, FIX just chops off the numbers to the right of the decimal point. Neither ROUND correctly (less than .5 goes down, .5 and above goes up). Add this line and RUN the program again: 15 I = I + .5 Well, which one rounds correctly? The answer is at the end of the article. 2. VARIABLES AND CONSTANTS

In any command such as CIRCLE you can swap a variable for a constant. Eg. CIRCLE(20,30),5 can be substituted by X = 127: Y = 95: R = 50: CIRCLE(X,Y)R. You can draw circles all over the screen by setting different values for X, Y and R and calling the CIRCLE command in a subroutine. 3. DYNAMIC DEVICE ALLOCATION

In the PRINT*(DEVICE), command you can use different values for the device. So, if you are writing a program that writes and reads tape or disc, you can test it by redirecting the output to the screen and taking your input from the keyboard. You could test output to a printer by first printing to the screen. Use something like this: PRINT*DV, "test" and INPUT*DV, I\$.

You can LET DV = 0 for keyboard input and screen output, -2 for printer or modem output, -1 for tape input and output, and +1 to +15 for disc input and output. 4. PRINT USING

You can embed PRINT USING type formats within a string. Try these:

A = 123.4567
B = 765.3421
PRINT USING"####.###"; A
PRINT USING"######.#", A
PRINT USING"\$\$####.##, B
PRINT USING"I HAVE \$####.## IN MY ACCOUNT";
PRINT USING"AND I OWE \$##.##";87.56
PRINT USING"###.##"A; B

Did you notice that PRINT USING did your rounding on output? You can also use PRINT USING when writing to tape or disc. 5. SWITCHES AND FLAGS

In the machine, if a condition is TRUE its value is -1 and if it is FALSE it is 0. To switch from TRUE to FALSE and back you can use SV = ABS(SV) -1.

You can also test using this IF SW THEN ... or IF NOT SW THEN ... In fact you can be even more



cunning by performing a calculation rather than a test. Try these: A = 9 : PRINT A<0 : PRINT A>0 or IF A THEN PRINT A (this prints A if A is non zero). What about this? A = PEEK(65280)=126 : PRINT A. This sets up A to be TRUE (-1) if location 65280 contains 126 and false (0) if it does not. You can even string together a series of tests and come up with an arithmetic expression. It is faster than a series of separate tests. For example:

If A is between 100 and 200 then B is 1, If A is between 201 and 300 then B is 2, If A is greater than 300 then B is 3, Otherwise it is 0.

B = -((A)99) + (A)200) + (A)300))
This could be embedded within a Function call:

DEFFNBB(A) = -(A)99) - (A)200) - (A)300) Then

INPUT X
B = FNBB(X)
PRINT B

6. MIDS

MID\$ Has two forms in COLOR BASIC and another particularly useful form in EXTENDED COLOR BASIC.

X\$ = "ABCDEFG"

Y\$ = MID\$(X\$,2,3) : PRINT Y\$ gives BCD Y\$ = MID\$(X\$,3) : PRINT Y\$ gives CDEFG

In EXTENDED COLOR BASIC you also can do this: MID\$(X\$,3,2) = "12" : PRINT X\$ This gives AB12EFG.

To recap, the first form extracts three characters starting at the second. The next form extracts all characters to the right of and including the third. The last form replaces two characters within the string starting at the third. This is particularly useful in avoiding that frustrating delay (when the machine seems to just freeze up), that occurs when it runs out of string space and shuffles up all the strings to make more space (this is called garbage collection). The MIDs function on the left hand side of an expression does not use any new string space! P.S. Does anyone know an EXEC or USR address to force garbage collection under programmer control?

 PRINTING NUMBERS AS STRINGS Try this:

10 READ AS 20 PRINT AS 30 READ B

40 PRINT BS

50 READ A

60 PRINT A

60 PRINT -A 70 DATA 123,-123,456,-456

Note how a space is left in front of a number in case a - sign has to be printed.

8. DATA STATEMENTS

Large numbers can be READ in via DATA statements using the E format. DATA 1E6,2E6,.... instead of DATA 100000,200000,.... If you wish to READ or INPUT string data that contains a comma (,) or a colon (:) then put quotes around the string. To handle quotes (") do not put quotes around the string. This is OK provided you do not wish to use both a quota and either comma or colon in the same string. Then it takes some effort. You can use an apostrophe (') if the quote is not really necessary. If it is then you can use CHR\$ (34), use This is OK provided you do not wish to use a symbol such as @ and substitute or break up the input either manually or with INKEYS. EXTENDED COLOR BASIC LINEINPUT or one of the standard substitute subroutines will also solve this problem for INPUT but I am not aware of an easy solution for DATA.

9. RANDOM NUMBERS

You probably know that the so called random numbers generated in the COCO are not really random. They are pseudo-random numbers. Usually the software takes a "seed" and generates a series of numbers in such a way as to make them appear to be random. This s a two-edged sword. If you are testing then it helps to be able to reproduce the same sequence of pseudo-random numbers over and over again until you are sure that your program works. At other times (for instance in a game) you might like to make sure that not only do events occur in a haphazard way but that the start varies too. With the COCO you can do both. If you use the same number each time then RND(-number) will generate the same sequence of pseudo-random numbers. To change the sequence use a different number. For a completely random seed user RND(-TIMER).

The only time you need to put a space between a variable and a BASIC keyword is if a numeric variable (such as X or FLAG) preceeds a keyword. 401FX>YGOTO10 does not do the same as 401FX>Y GOTO10.

11. FAST KEYBOARD INPUT

RUN this and then press a few keys: 10?PEEK(135):GOTO10 What are you looking at? HINT (Try CHR\$ (PEEK (135)).

The answer to the question in the first paragraph... use FIX(I+.5).

DIR +

ir+ is a directory assistance program for disc users. When run it will print to screen or printer as required.

The Listing:

0 GOT020

3 SAVE"DIR+: 3": END

10 ' DIR+ WRITEN BY D. W. THURBON. COPYRIGHT BY PIXEL SOFTWARE 10 DECEMBER 1985.

20 CLEAR1000

30 POKE150, 40: CLS3: PRINTER BAU

D RATE POKE.

40 PRINT@32," (1) SCREEN"," (2) PRINTER": PRINT@64, STRING\$ (32, 175

50 AS=1NKEY\$: 1FA\$=""THEN50

60 IFVAL(A\$)=1THENDV=0ELSEIFVAL(A\$) = 2THENDV = -2: PRINT@96,;: LINEIN

T END EXEC": PRINT#DV

PUT" DISK NAME "; Q\$ ELSE50 70 IFDV=-2THENPRINT#-2,Q\$ 80 PRINT#DV,"NAME EXT STR by D. W. Thurbon

16K DECB UTILITY

90 FORSC=3TO11

100 P=1

110 DSKI\$0, 17, SC, A\$, B\$

120 B\$=LEFT\$(B\$, 127)

130 D\$=A\$+B\$

140 FORX=1TO8

150 IFASC (MID\$ (D\$, P, 1))=255THEN2 40ELSEIFASC (MID\$ (D\$, P, 1)) = OTHENP

=P+32: GOTO220ELSEPRINT#DV, MID\$ (D \$, P, 8)+" ";: P=P+8: PRINT#DV, MID\$

(D\$, P, 3)+" ":

160 P=P+3: IFASC(MID\$(D\$, P, 1))<>2 THENPRINT#DV," NOT BINARY": P=P+

21:GOTO220

170 P=P-11:F\$=MID\$ (D\$, P, 8)+"."+M

ID\$ (D\$, P+8,3)

180 GOSUB300

190 PRINT#DV, X\$

200 P=P+32:GOTO220

210 PRINT#DV

220 NEXTX 230 NEXTSC

240 PRINT@482,"'E' TO END. ANY K

EY FOR NEXT":

250 ZZ\$=INKEY\$: IFZZ\$="" THEN250

260 IF ZZ\$="E" THEN 280

270 GOTO30

280 POKE113, 0: EXEC40999

290 END

300 OPEN"D", 1, F\$, 1: FIELD #1, 1 AS

A\$: R=1: GOSUB390: 1FC <> OTHEN410

310 GOSUB390: L=C*256: GOSUB390: L=

L+C

320 GOSUB390: S=C*256: GOSUB390: S=

S+C: Y=L+S-1

330 X\$=RIGHT\$("00"+HEX\$(S),4)

340 X\$=X\$+" "+RIGHT\$("00"+HEX\$(Y).4)

350 R=R+L: GOSUB390

360 GOSUB390: Q=C: GOSUB390: IFC<>0

OR Q<>0 THEN410

370 GOSUB390: L=C*256: GOSUB390: L=

C+L

380 X\$=X\$+" "+RIGHT\$ ("00"+HEX\$ (L

).4): CLOSE1: RETURN

390 IFR>LOF(1) THEN C=1: RETURN

400 GET#1, R: C=ASC(A\$): R=R+1: RETU RN

410 RETURN

300

ERROR MESSAGES

The following error messages have a certain format:

[Message] [Error Number] - [Error Name] [(System)] Description

[(System)] - 3 = CoCo 3 Error

D = Disk Error

E = Extended Basic Error

C = Color Basic

/0 10 - "Divide by Zero" (C)

You can't divide anything by zero.

AE 33 - "Already Exisits" (D)

When you COPY a file from one disk to another, it may be that that particular filename already exists on your destination disk.

AO 18 - "file Already Open". (D)(C)

This happens when creating a data file. For ample, when you say, OPEN"I", #1, "filename" on one line and later on have the same line again, you'll get this error.

BR 27 - "Bad Record". (D)

You have used an impossible record number in your GET or PUT line. Either it is too low (less than one) or too high (higher than the maximum number of records the Computer can fit on the disk). different record number in the PUT or GET line, or assign a smaller record kength in the OPEN line. 8 - "Bad Subscript". (C)

In BASIC, you can have up to 10 arrays, ie A\$(10). Anymore and you need to DIM your array. For example, if you have 20 items to read, you need to DIM A\$(20) otherwise you'll get an error.

CN 16 - "Can't coNtinue". (C)

You have to re-RUN your program. DD 9 - "Double-Dimensioned array" (C)

When you DIM A\$(20) in line 20 and DIM A\$(20) again in line 40. (Line numbers are an example.) DN 19 - "Drive / Device Number error". (D)(C)

If you were in the command mode (the mode you're in when you tell the computer to do something, like RUN or NEW) and you were, say, trying to DSKINI or DIR or BACKUP a drive higher than 3 or less than 0 will you get this error.

If you were in the programming mode, it is possible you are using more files than you have specified earlier in the program, for example: when you FILES 2,200 and you type in OPEN"1",#3, "filename", you need to FILES 3,200.

DS 24 - "Direct Statement" (C)

This error you can only get when you load an ASCII file that isn't a BASIC program (ie you didn't (C) SAVE"filename", A).

DF 28 - "Disk Full" (D)

Your program is too long to fit on the disk or

there isn't anymore free room on your disk. ER 37 - "Write / Input past end of file" (D)(C)

You are trying to PUT more data in the record than it can hold or INPUT more data than it contains.

FC 4 - "illegal Function Call" (E)(C)

You are doing something that is out of the computers ability to do. For example, a PMODE 4 screen has a range 256 x 192. If you PSET(260,100) you will get an FC error. If the length of A\$ is 10 and you try to get MID\$(A\$, 13,5) you will get this error also.

FD 17 - "bad File Data" (D)(C)

When you try to PRINT something OPEN"O", #1, "filename" or INFUT a variable when really it's a string.

FM 21 - "bad File Mode" (D)(C)

When you something other than an "I", "O" or "D" in an OPEN"I", #1, "filename".

FN 31 - "bad FileName" (D)(C)

The name you chose to save your file with is inappropriate (usually the name you gave your filename was longer than eight characters.)

FO 34 - "Field Overflow" (D)

The FIELD length is longer than the record length. Aadd the various lengths of your FIELDs together and place this figure at the end of the OFEN statement.

FS 32 - "bad File Structure" (D)

HP 39 - "Hi-res Print error" (3)

Either one of the files you saved has gone bad or the whole disk is ka-put. To avoid this happening to you, BACKUP your disks regularly.

Printing a hi-res message on a low-res screen = no no!

HR 38 - "Hi-Res graphiz error" (3)

Set up the hi-res screen first, eg HSCREEN 2. ID 11 - "Illegal Direct" (C)

If you were using an INPUT statement, you can't use it on the command level, only in a BASIC program.

IE 23 - "Input past End of file" (D)(C) You are INPUTting more data than the datafile can

10 20 "Input/Output error" (D)(C)

For disk: either the door of your drive isn't shut properly or the disk isn't formatted / formatted properly or there isn't a disk in the drive or something else we don't know about.

For tape: Program was corrupted when you saved it or you kept the tape near a magnetic field and as a result the program is now corrupted or the power supply isn't connected. As a result you should keep your recorder away from any magnetic fields.

LS 14 - "Long String error" (C) continued on page 33

COLOUR COMPUTER —— MFMORY MAP ——

EXTENDED OVERVIEW

***** Dept. 1: 0000-03FF: Ram used by BASIC interpreter ************************** General Counter 0003 0006 String Flag Flag if garbage collected 0007 Start of User RAM 0019 0019-001A BASIC program begin 001B-001C Pointer: top of program/begin variables 001D-001E Pointer: top of variables/arrays start 001F-0020 Pointer: end of arrays/start of memory. 0021-0022 Top of stack/start of string pool 0023-0024 Start of used area of string pool 0025-0026 Fointer: BASIC memory limit 0027-0028 End of string pool/Start of User space 0033-0034 Pointer: current data read position 0037-0038 Current variable name 4 bytes used by tokenise 0041-0048 Start & end address of block move Highest add. to move to 0041 Highest add, to move 0043 Lowest add. moved to 0045 0047 Lowest add. to move Address of descriptor of highest string 004B found 004F-0054 Floating point accumilator #1 (6 bytes) 0056 String length 005C-0061 Floating point accumilator #2 (6 bytes) Sign comparison 0062 Extended precision byte 0063 0068-0069 Current program line Current column position 0060 Device number for output character; 006F 0: Screen 1-16: Disk BASIC file # \$FE: Printer \$FF: Tape EOF on tape file flag 0070 Reset flag; \$55 for warmstart 0071 0072-0073 Reset pointer (contains \$8000 BASIC warmstart) 0074-0075 Painter: end of memory File mode; 0078 0=None, 1=Input, 2=output Tape working buffer length 0079 007A-007B Tape working buffer pointer Tape file block type; 007C 1: data, \$FF: EOF No. of data bytes in cassette I/O block 007E-007F Program end address 1 after a CLOADM

0800 Checksum 0081 Cassette error no. 0082 General counter Pulse width count 0083 Rise/Fall flag 0084 Last sine value 0085 Last key entered 0087 0088-0089 Pointer: current cursor position 008A-008B Serial read no. of tries Sound frequency 0080 008D-008E Duration of sound Start of area downloaded from ROM 008F Controls length of unmodulated carrier 0092 preceeding cassette 1/0 0094 Cursor Color 0095-0096 High and low bytes of baud rate code (usually \$0057) 0097-0098 Carraige return delay (usually \$0001) Comma field width (usually \$10) 0099 009A Last comma field (usually \$70) Printer line width (usually \$84) 009B Affects positions of vars. line-printed 009C in comma fields (\$00) 009D-009E Transfer address after CLOADM 009F Start of get next character subroutine 00A5 Start of get same character subroutine 00A6 Next character pointer 00A8-00AA Jump vector to print "OK" 00AE-00AE Extended product area Trace flag OOAF 00B5 Current color Current PMODE 00B6 00B7-00B8 End of screen1 00B9 Number of bytes per line 00BA-00BB Address of graphics page \$E: Disk system, \$6: No disk CORC OOBD OOBF Y1 00C1 Color set 1: (= 8) 0003 12 00C5 45 00D7 Temp OODB Change flag DLOAD baud rate 00F6 00E7 Input timeout constant OOEA Operation code Drive number OOEB OOEC Track OOED Sector OOEE Buffer address 00F0 Status returned 0100-0102 Software interrupt 3 called by vector at \$FFF2 0103-0104 Software interrupt 2 called by vector at 0105-0108 Software interrupt 1 called by vector at \$FFFA 0109-010B Non-maskable interrupt called by vector at \$FFFC set to \$D7AE by disk 010C-010E Interrupt request called by vector at \$FFF8 set to \$A9B3/Set to \$894C by extended/Set to \$D7BC by disk 010F-0111 Fast interrupt vector called by vector at \$FFF6/Set to \$AOF6 0112-0113 High and low bytes of TIMER 0116-0117 Seed for RND function Shift lock flag 011A Keyboard delay constant 0110

CLUB ROOM	
011D-011F Jump vector to \$8489 - print "OK"	01DA-02D8 Cassette buffer
0120-013C Token table directory;	01DA-01E1 CLOADM file name
Byte 1 = no. of keywords	01E5-01E6 EXEC address from tape
Byte 2%3 = Address of table	01E7-01E8 Load address from tape
Byte 4%5 = Address of subroutine	O2DC Contains token for first keyword in
0120-0124 BASIC commands	BASIC statement
0125-0129 BASIC functions	02DD-03DC Console I/O buffer
012A-012E Extended BASIC commands	
012F-0133 Extended BASIC functions 0134-0138 Disk BASIC commands	**************
0139-013C Disk BASIC functions	Dept. 2: 0400-05FF: Video display
013E-013F Address for USRO	**************************************
0140-0141 Address for USR1	VAVV VOIT LO TES SCIENT
0142-0143 Address for USR2	*******************
0144-0145 Address for USR3	Dept. 3: 0600-7FFF: RAM for user program
0146-0147 Address for USR4	*******************
0148-0149 Address for USR5	0600-35FF Possible graphics screen
014A-014B Address for USR6	0600 Bottom of program area/No disk
014C-014D Address for USR7	0600-06FF Disk buffer
014E-014F Address for USR8	0700-07FF Disk buffer II
0150-0151 Address for USR9	0800-0927 Drive table
0152-0159 Keyboard rollover table	097E Table of current tracks
015A-015D Joystick readings	0982 NMI in use flag
015A Left joystick up/down 015B Left Joystick left/right	0983 NMI JMP
015C Right joystick up/down	0985 Motor shutoff counter
015D Right joystick left/right	0986 Current latch data 0C00 Program start/disk system
015E-0160 Open device hook called at \$A5F6/Set to	OCOO Program start/disk system OFFF Top of memory for 4K
\$C426 by disk	3FFF Top of memory for 16K
0161-0163 Device number check called at \$a5B9/Set to \$C838 by disk	7FFF Top of memory for 32K
0164-0166 Return device parameters called at	******************
\$A35F/Set to \$C843 by disk	Dept 4: 8000-9FFF: Extended BASIC ROM
0167-0169 Character output called at \$A282/Set to	**************************************
\$8273 by extended/Set to \$CB4A by disk	8000-9FFF Extended BASIC ROM
016A-016C Character input called at \$A176/Set to	807F Cold start to BASIC without six@ze
\$BCF1 by extended/Set to \$C58F by disk	search and workspace initilization.
016D-016F Check file OPEN for input called at	Resets pointers to start of BASIC
\$A3ED/Set to \$C818 by disk	program
0173-0175 Close all open files called at \$A426/Set	80C0 Warmstart to BASIC. Does not reset
to \$CASB by disk	pointers to start of BASIC prog.
0176-0178 Close one file called at \$A42D/Set to	8183-81EF Extended command token table
\$8286 by extended/Set to \$CA4B by disk 0179-017B Frint using called at \$B918/Set to \$8E90	81F0-821D Subroutine entry addresses
by extended	821E-8256 Extended function token table
017C-017E File itme scanner called at \$B061/Set to	8257-8272 Subroutine entry addresses 82B9 Break or stop routine
\$CC5B by disk	82BB Extended interpret loop
017F-0181 Break key check called at \$A549/Set to	8378 COSine
\$C859 by disk	8381 TANgent
0182-0184 Get line from keyboard called at	83B0 ArcTaNgent
\$A390/Set to JMP RTS by disk	8446 LOG
0185-0187 Finish loading ASCII file called at	8480 SQuare Root
\$A4BF/Set to \$CA36 by disk	84F2 EXPonential
0188-018A Check end of file called at \$A5CE/Set to	8524 FIX
\$C860 by disk	8533 EDIT
018B-018D Evaluate operan d called at \$b223/Set to	86A7 TRace ON
\$8846 be extended/Set to \$CDF6 by disk 018E-0190 User error called at \$AC46/Set to JMP	868A TRace OFF
RTS by disk	86AC POSition
0191-0193 Error called at \$AC49/Set to \$88F0 by	86BE VARiable PoinTeR 874E STRING\$
extended/Set to \$C24D by disk	877E INSTRING
0194-0196 Run called at \$AE75/Set to \$829C by	8871 DEFine
extended/Set to \$C990 by disk	8968 TIMER
0197-0199 Hex & octal called at \$BD22/Set to \$87E5	8970 DELete
by extended	8A09 RENUMber
019A-019C Execute line called at \$AD9E/Set to\$82B9	8BDD HEXS
by extended	8C18 DownLOAD

8C18

8DBC

8E06

928F

92A6

92C2

92DD

9339

9361

9365

DownLOAD

Bit tables

PPOINT

PRESET

PSET

Input serial character

Output serial character

Find byte/bit routine

Byte/bit; PMODES0,2,4

Byte/bit; PMODES 1,3

01A0-01A2 CLS, GET, PUT, etc called at \$A910,\$975C,\$8AFA,\$8162 Set to \$C29A

01A3-01A5 Tokenized called at \$B821/Set to \$8304

by extended

by extended

Tape file length

by disk

8000-9FFF Extended BASIC ROM

01D2-01D9 Tape file name

01D1

019D-019F Graphic address called at \$A8C4

```
$7C contains file block type:
          LINE
                                                                        0= file header, 1= data, $FF= EOF
          Draw horizontal line
9444
                                                                          $7D contains number of data bytes in
946C
          Draw verticle line
                                                                           file:
9481
          Draw line
                                                                        Z=1, A=0 if no errors,
94E2
          The draw line loop
                                                                        Z=0, A=1 if checksum error,
          Move up, down, left, right routines
9506
                                                                        Z=0, A=2 if memory error
9532
          PCLS
                                                                        X= buffer start block length if no
9546
          COLOR
9621
          PMODE
                                                                        X points to beyond bad address if
9670
          PCLEAR
                                                                         error
          Compare two points
9710
                                                                        U and Y are preserved
          PCOPY
9723
                                                            A77C
                                                                      Start cassette and get bit sync for
9755
          GET
                                                                        reading. U and Y preserved, FIRQ and
9758
          PUT
                                                                        IRQ masked
          PAINT
QSEC.
                                                                      MOTOR
                                                            A7BD
9A22
          FLAY
                                                            A7D8
                                                                      Turn cassette on and write leader
QCB6
          DRAW
                                                            A7E5
                                                                      Write tape file
9E9D
          CIRCLE
                                                                      Turn motor off
                                                            A7E9
                                                                      Write block to cassette; Tape to
                                                            A7F4
*********************************
                                                                       speed and leader written;
Dept 5: A000-BFFF: BASIC interpreter ROM
                                                                         $7E= buffer address,
*******************************
                                                                         $7C= block type
A000-BFFF BASIC ROM
                                                                         $7D= Number of data bytes
A000-A001 Address of check keyboard
                                                                       X= buffer address data bytes
A002-A003 Address of character out
                                                                       All registers modified
A004-A005 Address of cassette read on
                                                                      Sine table for cassette out
                                                            A85C
A006-A007 Address of block in
                                                            088A
                                                                      SET
A008-A00B Address of joystick in
                                                                       RESET
                                                            ASB1
ADDC-ADDD Address of header out
                                                            A8F5
                                                                       POINT
ACOE
          Secondary reset
                                                            A910
                                                                      CLS
A027
           Primary reset
                                                            8S6V
                                                                       Clear screen and home cursor
A06E
           Hardstrart (after reset)
                                                                       Print copyright ( CLS9=>255 )
                                                            A937
AOA6
          Check for disk ROM
                                                            A94B
                                                                       SOUND
ADCB
          Check for extended ROM
                                                                       Generate sound
                                                            A956
AOD7
           Frint version
                                                            A992
                                                                       AUD10
A0E8
          Softstart (after reset)
                                                                       Interrupt processor (60Hz counter)
                                                            A9B3
AOF6
          FIRQ entry (ROMpak check)
                                                            A9C6
                                                                       JOYSTICK
          Start of area downloaded to RAM at $8F
ADID
                                                                       Read and store joystick values;
                                                            A9DE
          Start of area downloaded to RAM at $10C
A129
                                                                        $15A= Left joystick up/down
A171
           Input character, bit 7 clear
                                                                        $15B Left joystick left/right
A176
           Input character
                                                                        $15C Right joystick up/down
A199
           Blink cursor routine
                                                                        $15D Right joystick left/right
A1B1
           Wait for keypress and read keyboard;
                                                                        Y is preserved
           char, returned in A register
                                                             PSAA
                                                                       Function address table
AIC1
           Check keyboard and get key if pressed;
                                                                       Operation table for +,-,*,/, ,AND,OR
                                                             AA51
           Z=1, A=0 if no key pressed, or
                                                                        (3 bytes each-addresses and precedence
            7:0, A key, B and X preserved
                                                                        values)
           Table of codes for non-alpha keys
A26E
                                                             AA66
                                                                       Command name table
A282
           Output character to device specified by
                                                                       Function name table
                                                             ABIA
            $6F, all but CC preserved
                                                             AB67
                                                                       Command address table
A2PF
           Output character in A to printer (RS232)
                                                                       Error code table
                                                             ABAF
A30A
           Output character in A to screen
                                                             APF1
                                                                       Text strings
A390
           Input line from keyboard into buffer ar
                                                                       Search stack for GOSUB or FOR
                                                             ABF9
            $02DD; return X$02DC; zero byte at end
                                                             AC1E
                                                                       Open up space in memory
            of buffer
                                                             AC20
                                                                       Move block of memory starting at top;
A416
           CLOSE
                                                                        $41-2 is destination top,
A44C
           CSAVE
                                                                        $43-4 is sorce top
           Perform CSAVEM function; requires start
A46C
                                                                        $45-6 is destination bottom
            of memory block in $19-A0 and in
                                                                        $47-8 is source bottom
            $01E7-8, transfer address in $01E5-6,
                                                                       Error handler
                                                             AC46
            and file name in $01D2-9.
                                                             AC73
                                                                       Idle loop
            Enter with A=2 and X=0
                                                             AD17
                                                                       NEW (clear memory)
A498
           CLOAD
                                                             AD19
                                                                       Execute NEW
A4FE
           CLOADM
                                                             AD47
                                                                       Interpret loop
A53E
           EXEC
                                                             AD9E
                                                                        Interpret loop
A564
           INKEYS
                                                             ADC6
                                                                       Execute line
A59A
           Transfer block
                                                             ADE4
A5CE
           EOF
                                                             ADEB
                                                                       Check for break or pause
A5EC
           SKIPF
                                                             AEO2
                                                                        END
A5F6
           OPEN
                                                             AE09
                                                                       STOP
A629
           Open tape file
                                                             AE30
                                                                        CONTinue
A681
           Find filename
                                                             AE41
                                                                        CLEAR
 AGFE
           Blink screen corner
                                                             AE75
                                                                        RUN
 A701
           READ a block from tape
                                                                        GO
                                                             AF86
 A07B
           Read a block from cassette; must be On
            and in bit sync.
                                                              AE92
                                                                        GOSUL
```

CLUB	RUUM	
AEA4	RETURN	BFF2 Interrupt and reset vectors
AEEO	DATA	BBF2-BBF3 SWI3
AEE3	REM or '	BBF4-BBF5 SV12
AEE8	ELSE	EBF6-BBF7 FIRQ
AF14	IF	BEF8-BBF9 IRQ
AF42	ON	BBFA-BBFB SW11 BBFC-BBFD NM1
AF67	Get unsigned integer	BBFE-BBFF RESET
AFF5	LET INPUT	DDF B-DDFF RESEL
B046	READ	***************
BOF8	NEXT	Dept 6: C000-D7FF: Disk BASIC ROM
B156	Get expression	**************
B1C1	Another entry in operation table	C004 Address of DSKCON
B223	Get operand	COD4 Warm start to disk BASIC
B290	Execute functions	C17F-C1DA Disk command token table
B2D4	AND/Ok operations	C1DB-C200 Disk subroutine addresses
B2F4	Relational operations	C6C2 KILL
B34E	DIMension	C932 SAVE C98B MERGE
B38F	Variable creation	C99A LOAD
B3E4	Evaluate integer expression	CBCF DIRectory
B3ED	Convert number in FPAC into 16-bit	CD1A CVN
	two's complement integer left in D	CD28 MKN\$
	register; overflow, return to BASIC if >+32767 or <-32768	CD36 LOC
B4EE	NEM	CD5B LOF
B4FD	SIR\$	CDC0 FREE
B518	Get string	CDE9 DRIVE
B56D	Allocate string routine	CF3F RENAME
B591	Garbage collection	CF8A WRITE
B5D8	Process one descriptor	CFEO FIELD
B5EF	Compact one string	D025 RSET
B681	LEN	D026 LSET D080 FILES
B68C	CHR\$	D146 UNLOAD
B6A0	ASC	D175 BACKUP
B6AB	LEFT\$	D2CC COPY
B6C8 B6CF	RIGHTS MIDS	D3FF DSKI\$
B716	VAL	D474 DSKO\$
B750	PEEK	D4AB DSKINI
B757	POKE	D65B VER1FY
B75E	LLIST command	D66C DSKCON
B764	LIST command	D6C5 Restore
B7C2	Untokenize	D6FD Get status
B7E6	Untokenise one token	D6FD Delay 78 msec D705 Read/Write sector
B821	Tokenize	D7A2 Command address table
B892	Tokenise one word	D7AA Bit table for drives
B8F7	PRINT	D7AE NMI handler
B97E	TAB	D7BC 1RQ handler
B99C B9AC	Print text screen	
B9B4	Print a space Start of floating point routines -	*****************
D9D4	rounding	Dept 7: FF00-FFFF: I/O and control
B9B9	Subtract from FPAC1	*/*********************
B9C5	Add to FPAC1	FF00-FF03 PIA U8
BA79	Two's complement FPAC1	FF00 Bit 0: Keyboard row 1, right joystick
BAC5	Constant 1.0	Bit 1: Keyboard row 2, left joystick
BACA	Multiply	Bit 2: Keyboard row 3
BB2F	MOVE (X) to FPAC2	Bit 3: Keyboard row 4 Bit 4: Keyboard row 5
BB7D	Constant 10.0	Bit 5: Keyboard row 6
BB91	Divide	Bit 6: Keyboard row 7
BC4A	Move FPAC2 to FPAC1	Bit 7: Joystick comparison input
BC5F	Move FPAC1 to FPAC2	FF01 Bit 0: Control of the horizontal sync
BC6D	Test FPAC1 for zero and sign	clock (63.5 micro secs)
BC7A BC93	SiGN ABSolute value	Bit 1: Interrupt input
BCEE		Bit 2: Nomally 1 (0 changes FF00 to
BD12	inTeger Convert string to floating point	data direction register)
DDIC	constants 99999999, 9, 999999999, 1E09	Bit 3: SEL 1 (LSB of the two analog MU
BDCC	Display the decimal value in D register	select lines)
PDD9	Convert FPAC1 to ASCII	Bit 4: Always 1
BECO	Constant 0.5	Bit 5: Always 1
BEC5	Series of 4 byte constants	Bit 6: Not used
BF1F	RaNDom	Bit 7: Horizontal sync interrupt flag
BF78	SINe	FF02 Bit 0: Keyboard column 1
BEBD	Constants 2 pi, 0.25	Bit 1: Keyboard column 2
BFC8	Series of 5 byte constants	Bit 2: Keyboard column 3

```
Bit 2: RAM size output
          Bit 3: Keyboard column 4
                                                                       Bit 3: VDG control output
           Bit 4: Keyboard column 5
                                                                       Bit 4: VDG control output
           Bit 5: Keyboard column 6
                                                                       Bit 5: VDG control output
           Bit 6: Keyboard column 7
                                                                       Bit 6: VDG control output
           Bit 7: Keyboard column 8
                                                                       Bit 7: VDG control output
           Bit 0: Control of the field; sync clock
FF03
                                                                       Bit 0: ; Control of the
                                                            FF23
                   at 16.667 msecs
                                                                              ;Cartrdge interrupt
           Bit 1: Interrupt input
                                                                       Bit 1: ;input
           Bit 2: Normally 1 (0 changes FF02 to
                   data direction register)
                                                                        Bit 2: Normally 1 (0 changes FF22 to
           Bit 3: SEL 2 (MSB of the two analog MUX
                                                                               data direction register)
                   select lines)
                                                                        Bit 3: Six bit sound enable
           Bit 4: Always 1
                                                                        Bit 4: Always 1
           Bit 5: Always 1
                                                                        Bit 5: Always 1
           Bit 6: Not used
                                                                        Bit 6: Not used
           Bit 7: Felf sync interrupt flag
                                                                        Bit 7: Cartridge interrupt flag
FF20-FF23 PIA U4
                                                                       Output latch
                                                            FF40
           Bit 0: Cassette data input
FF20
                                                                        Bit 0: Drive select 0
           Bit 1: RS232 data output
                                                                        Bit 1: Drive select 1
           Bit 2: 6 bit D/A LSB
                                                                        Bit 2: Drive select 2
           Bit 3: 6 bit D/A
                                                                        Bit 3: Motor on
           Bit 4: 6 bit D/A
                                                                        Bit 4: Precomp
            Bit 5: 6 bit D/A
                                                                        Bit 5: Double density
            Bit 5: 6 bit D/A
                                                                        Bit 6: Drive select 3
            Bit 7: 6 bit D/A MSB
                                                                        Bit 7: Halt enable
            Bit 0: Control of the CD;
FF21
                                                                       Disk status
                                                             FF48
                  ; RS232 status input
                                                                       Disk Track number
                                                             FF49
            Bit 1: ;
                                                                       Disk sector number
                                                             FF4A
                                                                       Disk data
                                                             FF4B
            Bit 2: Normally 1
                                                             FFE0-FFF1 Not used
            Bit 3: Cassette motor control;
                                                             FFF2-FFF3 SWI3 vector
                    0 = off, 1 = on
                                                             FFF4-FFF5 SWI2 vector
            Bit 4: Always 1
                                                             FFF6-FFF7 FIRQ vector
            Bit 5: Always 1
                                                             FFF8-FFF9 IRQ vector
            Bit 6: Not used
                                                             FFFA-FFFB SWI1 vector
            Bit 7: CD interrupt flag
                                                             FFFC-FFFD NMI vector
            Bit 0: RS232 data input
 FF22
                                                             FFFE-FFFF Reset vector
            Bit 1: Single bit sound output
```

ERROR MESSAGES

continued from page 28

The string you are working with is longer than 255 characters long. You could try to shorten the string or by dispersing the string amongst other strings.

NE 26 - "Non-Existant error" (D) (E)

The file you are trying to work with doesn't exist on that tape. Either (a) check your spelling of the filename or (b) it may be on another disk.

A DLOAD error!

NF 0 - "NEXT without a FOR" (C)

There is no appropriate NEXT after the leading FOR statement. There could be that there isn't a FOR statement in the above lines or you simply got the nested loops mixed.

NO 22 - "file Not Open" (D)(C)

If you OPEN your file first before you INPUT#1 or PRINT#1 you shouldn't get this error.

OB 29 - "Out of Buffer space" (D)

Use the FILES command to reserve more space.

OD 3 - "Out of Data" (C)

There is too little data to be read. Add more data to the end of the DATA line.

OM 6 - "Out of Memory" (C)
Not enough memory is left for the computer to execute the next command.

OS 13 - "Out of String" (C)

Not enough string space for the computer to work with. Use the CLEAR statement to clear more string space.

OV 5 - "OVerflow" (C)

The number the computer was working with was too

big or too small.

RG 2 - "Return without a Gosub" (C)

You have a RETURN in the program without a preceeding GOSUB.

SE 35 - "SEt to non-fielded string" (D)

The field you are trying to LSET or RSET hasn't been FIELDed. Check the field line.

SN 1 - "SyNtax Error" (C)

You've typed in something the computer doesn't understand. In most cases, the command was misspelt. ST 15 - "STring too complex" (C)

The string you were working with were too complex to work with. Try breaking up the strings to a simpler working procedure.

TM 12 - "Type Mismatch" (C)

You were trying to assign a string to a number eg A="I LIKE EATING" and vice versa, eg A\$=68.

UF 25 - "Undefined Function" (E)

You'll have to define your function first before you can use it.

UL 7 - "Undefined Line" (C)

You have a GOTO or a GOSUB that doesn't exist, eg GOTO 50 where line 50 doesn't exist. VF 36 - "Verification Fault" (D)

The computer is telling you that one of the sectors it wrote to is faulty. Our recommendation is to rename the filename as "ERROR/XXX" and resave the file.

WP 30 - "Write Protected" (D)

You can't write to the disk because you have a write-protect notch pasted on the side of the disk.

PRINTER

CODES



DMP 430

FUNCTION	: *RS		Dec		CHAR H	ACT ex	ER	Symbol
Normal	0	27	29		1B	13		
Compressed	1	27	23		1B	17		
Condensed	2	27	20		1B	14		
Proportional	3	27	17		1B	11		
Proportional								
Compressed	5	27	47		1B	2F		
Correspondance								
Quality (10 CPI)	4	27	18		1B	12		
Correspondance								
Quality (12 CPI)	6	27	29		1B	1D		
Elogation								
Start :		27	14		1B	OE		
End :		27	15		1B	OF		
Bold								
Start :		27	31		1B	1F		
End:		27	32		1B	20		
Italics								
Start :		27	66	1	1B	42	1	
End:		27	66	0	1B	42	0	
Start Superscript		27		-	1B	53	0	
Start Subscript		27	83	1	1B	53	1	
End Super/Sub Scri	pt	27	88		1B	58		
Double Height		27	87		1B	57		
Microfont		27	77		1B	4 D		
Underline								
Start :		15			OF			
End:		14			OE			

^{*} RS= Rotary Switch. Must Be Set Before Power On. Some Printer Codes for the DMP 130

DMP 130

FUNCTION	:			CHA	RACTE	ER
		De	ec .	He	ex.	Symbol
Normal		27	19	1B	13	
Compressed		27	23	1B	17	
Condensed		27	20	1 B	14	
Proportional		27	17	1B	11	
Correspondance Quality (10 CPI)		27	18	1B	12	

Elogation	
Quality (12 CPI) 27 29 18 1D - Elogation Start: 27 14 18 0E - End: 27 15 18 0F - Bold Start: 27 31 18 1F -	
Start: 27 14 1B 0E - End: 27 15 1B 0F - Bold Start: 27 31 1B 1F -	
End: 27 15 1B 0F - Bold Start: 27 31 1B 1F -	
Bold Start: 27 31 1B 1F -	
Start: 27 31 1B 1F	
5.4	
End: 27 32 1B 20	
Italics	
Start : 27 66 1 1B 42 1	
End: 27 66 0 1B 42 0	
Start Superscript 27 83 0 1B 53 0	
Start Subscript 27 83 1 1B 53 1	
End Super/Sub Script 27 88 1B 58	
Microfont 27 77 1B 4D	
Underline	
Start: 15 OF	
End : 14 OE	
BMC 80	

FUNCTION	:		CHARACTER	
		Dec	Hex	Symbol
Underline	(ESC)	45	2D	
On: N>1				
Off: N=0				
Italics				
On	(ESC)	52	34	4
Off	(ESC)	53	35	5
Unidirectional				
Printing	(ESC)	60	3C	<
Emphasised				
On	(ESC)	69	45	E
Off	(ESC)	70	46	F
Double Strike				
On	(ESC)	71	47	G
Off	(ESC)	72	48	Н
Set Column Width				
N = Characters				
Per Line	(ESC)	83	5D	Q
Double Width				
Printing	(ESC)	87	61	V
Line Feed		138	8.8	LF

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SPECIALISTS IN SPORTS SIMULATION SOFTWARE

Cuzzle enerator

by John Wallace

n interesting exercise for the computer to sort out words into a puzzle. Some of the words you enter will surely give the computer a headache. All instructions are included in the listing.

The Listing: WRDPZZLE

5 REM"PUZZLE"BY CREATIVE COMPUTI NG MORRISTOWN, HEW JERSEY MODIFIE D BY I.WALSH, ELDERSLIE HIGH SCHO OL,6/81 ADAPTED FOR TRS-80 COCO 10 GOSUBI0000 RESTORE 15 CLS 20 PRINT@135, "WORD SEARCH PUZZLE PRINTE171, "GENERATOR" 38 PRINT@261, "ADAPTED BY JOHN WA LLBCE":PRINT@295,"MNSOFTWARE 1/1 2/84" 50 PRINTE481, "Press and ked to tart Program"; :IFINKEY#=""THEN50 100 CLEAR: CLEAR500 110 CLS 120 PX=-1:S0=2 130 PRINT"IS YOUR PRINTER ON";:I HPUT"(Y/N)";A#:IFA#="N"THENPX= 140 IFPXTHENES="on" 150 IFNOTPXTHENA\$="off" 160 PRINTESSI, "PRINTER IS ";A\$; 300 IFPX=0THENTW=32:G0T0315 305 GOSUB2500 310 PRINT" HOW MANY COLUMNS DOE S YOUR PRINTER HAVE"; INPUT TIM 315 PRINT@337,"COLUMNS ="JTW 317 GOSUB2500 320 PRINI*DO YOU WANT A SOLUTION PEINTOUT (YZN)"; :INPUTX# 325 IFX#="Y"THEMPRINT@450, "PRINT ED SOLUTION REQUIRED"; GOSUB2500 G010336 327 PRINT@450, "NO PRINTED SOLUTI ON"; GOSUB2500 330 PRINT"NHAT IS TO BE THE WIDT H OF THE PUZZLE (MAX=COLS/2)"; INPUTM: MD=W 339 1FPX=08NDW>15THEN343 340 IFW#2<=TWTHEN345 343 PRINT"THAT WILL NOT REALLY F IT IN"TW "COLUMNS":GOTO330 345 IFWK1THEN330 346 PRINT@353,"WIDTH =";W;:GOSUB 2500 350 INPUT" THE LENGTH =";L:IFL>W THENMDH

354 IFPX=0BNDL>15THENPRINT"TOO L

ONG TO FIT ON SCREEN": GOT0350 355 IFLKITHEN350 356 PRINT@385, "LENGTH =";L; GOSU 82500 369 PRINT" WHAT IS THE MAXIMUM N HIMBER OF WORDS IN THE PUZZLE"; INFUTM 370 IFM>=2THEN380 375 PRINT"SORRY, THERE MUST BE A TWO WORDS" GOTO360 T LEAST 380 PRINT@369, "MAX.WORDS =";M;:G 08UB2500 385 PRINT" ARE THESE DETAILS COR RECT (Y/N)":INPUTCC#:IFCC#<>"Y"T HEN100 390 DIMA(L,W),W#(M),LX(M),LY(M) 395 FORM1=1TOL:FORN1=1TON:AKM1,N 10=0:NESTN1,M1 400 DIMW(M,3),DXY(8,2),DD(28) 405 CLS 410 PRINT"ENTER A HEADING THAT W ILL BE PRINTED OVER THE PUZZL 420 PRINT"("TW"CHARACTERS MAXIMU 425 INPUT"NAME =";XY\$ 435 XZ#=XY# 436 CLS:PRINTTABCZDXY# 437 PRINT: PRINT 440 PRINT"OK...ENTER A WORD AT E BCH OUESTION MARK" RCH 458 PRINT"TO RE-DO THE PREVIOUS WORD TYPE A HYPHEN (-)" 460 PRINT"WHEN YOU RUN OUT OF WO EDS TYPE A FULL-STOP (.)" 462 PRINT 467 2X=0 470 FORT=1TOM 480 PRINTI::INPUTT#:IFT#="-"THEN 1=1-1:PRINT"RE-DO"; W\$(1); "...":G 010489 490 IFT#="."THENM=I-1:GOT0660 500 IFLEN(T\$)=0THENPRINT"INPUT E RROR: RE-DO":GOTO480 510 J=1 520 TE\$=M1D\$(T\$,J,1):IFTE\$>="A"A NDTE#<="Z"THEN570 525 IFTE#<"A"ORTE#>"Z"THEN530 526 IFJ=10RJ=LENCT\$)THEN2000 527 DL#=LEFT#(T#,J-1):DR#=RIGHT# (T\$,(LEN(T\$)-J)):T\$=DL\$+CHR\$(ASC (MID\$(T\$,J,1))+32)+DR\$:GOT0570 530 IFTE#=T#THENT#="":GOTO500 540 IFJ=LEN(T\$)THENT\$=LEFT\$(T\$,J -1):6010580 550 IFJ=1THENT\$=RIGHT\$(T\$,(LEN(T #)-1)): J=J-1:G0T0570 560 T#=LEFT#(T#, J-1)+RIGHT#(T#,(LEN(T\$)-J)): J=J-1 578 JaJ+1: IFJ(aLENCT#)THEN520 571 IFIK10THEN580

572 IF1>9THEN585

580 PRINTTAB(5)"-":T#;"-":G0T060 585 PRINTTAB(4)"-"; T#; "-" 600 IFLEN(T\$) <= MDTHEN610 605 PRINT"THAT'S TOO LONG I'M AF RRID" 607 PRINT"TRY ANOTHER ONE" GOTO4 618 FORIZ=1T01-1:1FW\$(1Z)(>T\$THE NNEXT12:6010630 628 PRINT"YOU'VE ENTERED THAT ON E ALREADY TRY ANOTHER": GOTO480 630 W#(1)=T# 635 1FZX(LEN(T\$)THENZX=LEN(T\$) 640 NEXTI 645 CLS 650 PRINT"THAT'S IT...";M; "WORDS 660 PRINT"NOW LET ME PONDER THIS 664 ZX=ZX+1:ZN=INT(TW/ZX):ZN=0 680 FORI=1TOM-1 685 FORJ=I+1TOM 690 IFLEN(W#(I)) (LEN(W#(J)) THENH #SH=(L)*W#(I)=W#(J)*W#(J)=HZ# 700 NEXTJ,I 710 FORI=1TOS: READDXY(1,1), DXY(I 520: NEXT 720 FOR1=1T028: READDD(1): NEXT 730 DRTH0,1,1,1,1,0,1,-1,0,-1,-1 -1,-1,0,-1,1 748 DATA2,4,6,8,2,4,6,8,2,4,6,8, 2,4,6,8,2,4,6,8,2,4,6,8,1,3,5,7 745 CT=1 750 FORI=110M 760 LN=LEN(N*(I)) 778 NT=0 790 SD=DD(RND(28)) 800 SM=RND(W):X1=SX+(LN-1)*DXY(S D:10:1FX1<10RX1>WTHEN790 810 SY=RND(L):X1=SY+(LN-1)*DXY(S D.2) IFX1<10RX1>LTHEN790 828 NT=NT+1 821 PC=1HT(NT#9/(W#L#80)) 822 POKE16384,(9-PC)+48+128 825 IFNT<>W*L*S@THEN850 826 POKE16384,32+128 827 SOUND100,2 830 PRINT"COULDN'T FIT '"; W\$(I)" ":PRINT"IN THE PUZZLE" 832 INPUT"DO YOU WANT ME TO TRY AGAIH": A# 834 JFLEFT#(A#,1)="Y"THEN750 836 W#(1)="":GOT0950 850 J=SY:K=SX 860 FORP=1TOLN 878 IFACJ, KOCOBANDACJ, KOCOASCOMI D#(W#(I),P,1))THEH798 880 J=J+DXY(\$D,2) K=K+DXY(\$D,1): NEXTE 900 J=SY:K=SX 910 FORF=ITOLN: ACJ, K)=ASC(MID\$(W

PROGRAMS

\$(I),P,1)) 920 J=J+DXY(SD,2):K=K+DXY(SD,1): NEXTP 940 W(I,1)=SX:W(1,2)=SY:W(1,3)=S 941 POKE16384,32 945 PRINT: PRINTCT, W\$(I): CT=CT+1: LX(I)=SY:LY(I)=SX 950 NEXTI 951 PRINT"NUMBER OF WORDS =";CT-1:PRINT"LET ME PONDER THIS..." 952 IFLEFT\$(X\$,1)<>"Y"THENCLS:GO T0957 953 XY#="HERE IS THE ANSWER KEY# 956 AN=1 957 N=1:IFPXTHENPRINT"HOW MANY C OPIES OF THIS PUZZLE DO YOU WAN T"; : INPUTN 958 IFPXTHENPRINT"adjust top of page on Printer' 959 1FX#(>"Y"THEN968 960 PRINT"HIT ANY KEY TO CONTINU 961 IFINKEY#=""THEN961 962 CLS: ZP=0 964 IFPXTHENGOSUB3000:G0T0968 965 GOSUB1070 968 IFPX=0THENPRINT"HIT ANY KEY TO CONTINUE" 969 IFPX=0THENIFINKEY#=""GOT0969 970 COUNT=0:XY\$=XZ\$:AH=0 971 FORI=1TOL 975 FORJ=1TOW 980 IFA(1,J)=0THENCOUNT=COUNT+1 981 NEXT : NEXT 982 IFPX=0THEN1001 984 CLS:PRINT"DO YOU WANT TO INS ERT A MESSAGE (Y/N)"; : INPUTCHOIC E\$ 986 IFCHOICE\$="N"THENNQ=1:NC=0:G 0101001 988 IFCH01CE\$<>"Y"THEN984 990 CLS:PRINT"MAX. NUMBER OF CHA RACTERS IN THEMESSAGE =";COUNT 992 PRINT PRINT"PLEASE TYPE YOUR MESSAGE NOW" : PRINT : INPUTMS\$: NC= 0:N0=0 993 IFZQ=1THEN995 994 DIMZC(LEN(MS\$)):ZQ=1 995 FORI=ITOLEN(MS\$) 996 TL\$=MID\$(MS\$,1,1) 998 IFTL\$>="A"ANDTL\$<="2"THENZCC NC)=ASC(TL\$):NC=NC+1 999 NEXTI 1000 IFNC>COUNTTHEN990 1001 FORI=1TOL 1002 FORJ=1TOW 1003 IFA(I,J)<>0THEN1006 1004 IFN0>=NCTHENR(1, J)=(RND(26) +64):GOTO1006 1005 A(I, J)=20(NQ):NQ=NQ+1 1006 NEXT : NEXT 1010 FORI=1TOM-1:FORJ=I+1TOM 1020 IFW\$(1)<=W\$(J)THEN1030 1021 HZ\$=W\$(I):W\$(I)=W\$(J):W\$(J) :: H2 \$ 1030 NEXTJ: NEXTI 1060 FORC=1TON: IFPXTHENGOSUB3000 NEXTC: GOTO1240 1065 GOSUB1070:NEXTC:GOTO1240 1070 REM 1080 T=(TW-2*W)/2 1100 PRINTTAB((TW-LEN(XY\$))/2);X Y\$ 1110 PRINT 1115 IFANTHENPRINTTABCCTW-LENCXZ \$))/2)XZ\$:PRINT 1120 FORJ=1TOL 1121 IFT(>0THENPRINTTAB(T); 1130 FORK=1TOW 1133 PRINT""; 1134 IFA(J,K)=@THENPRINT". ";:G0 T01140 1135 PRINTCHR\$(A(J,K));" "; 1140 HEXTK: PRINT: NEXTJ 1145 IFPX=0THENPRINT"HIT ANY KEY

TO CONTINUE" 1146 IFINKEY\$=""THEN1146 1150 PRINT 1160 PRINT"FIND THESE HIDDEN WOR DS IN THE ABOVE PUZZLE" 1170 PRINT 1174 ZP=ZP+5+L 1180 FORJ=1TOM: IFLEN(W\$(J))=0THE N1210 1185 IFAN=1THENZP=ZP+1 1195 IFAN=1THENPRINTW≇(J), "("LX("C"CLDYJ", "CL 1200 IFBN=1THEN1210 1202 PRINTW#(J) 1204 ZH=ZN+1 1206 IFZN<>ZWTHEN1210 1208 PRINT: ZH=0: ZP=ZP+1 1218 NEXT 1240 END 2000 IFJ=1THENDL\$="":DR\$=RIGHT\$(T\$,(LEN(T\$)-J)):T\$=DL\$+CHR\$(ASC(MID#(T#, J, 1))+32)+DR#:G0T0570 2100 IFJ=LEN(T\$)THENDL\$=LEFT\$(T\$, J-1): DR\$="": T\$=DL\$+CHR\$(ASC(MID \$(T\$,J,1))+32)+DR\$:G0T0570 2500 REMCLSROUTINE 2510 FORI=0T0256STEP32:PRINT@1," ":NEXT:PRINT@0,;:RETURN 3000 REM*PRINTER ROUTINE 3005 T=(TW-2*W)/2 3010 LPRINTTAB((TW-LEN(XY\$))/2); XY\$ 3020 LPRINT 3030 IFANTHENLPRINTTABCCTW-LENCX 2\$))/2);XZ\$:LPRINT 3040 FORJ=1TOL 3050 IFT(>0THENLPRINTTAB(T); 3060 FORK=1TOW 3080 IFA(J,K)=0THENLPRINT". ";:G 0103100 3090 LPRINTCHR\$(A(J,K));" "; 3100 NEXTK: LPRINT: NEXTJ 3110 LPRINT 3120 LPRINT" THESE WORDS ARE HID DEN IN THIS PUZZLE. SEE HOW MAN Y OF THEM YOU CAN FIND." 3138 LPRINT 3140 ZP=ZP+5+L 3150 FORJ=1TOM: IFLEN(W\$(J))=0THE N3230 3160 IFAN=1THENZP=ZP+1 3170 IFAN=1THENLPRINTW#(J),"(";L "(";(L)Y(J);",";(L)() 3180 IFAN=1THEN3230 3190 LPRINTW#(J), 3200 ZN=ZN+1 3210 1F2N<>ZWTHEN3230 3220 LPRINT: ZN=0: ZP=ZP+1 3230 NEXT: LPRINT: LPRINT 3240 LPRINT : LPRINT : LPRINT 3250 ZP=ZP+2:ZN=0 3260 IFAN<>1ANDZH=@THENZJ=ZP:ZH= 3270 IFRN=1THENZP=0:G0T03300 3280 IFZJ<60-ZPTHEN3300 3290 ZF=0 3300 RETURN 10000 CLS2 10020 DATA226,194,162,130,98,66, 67,68,69,70,71,72,104,136,197,22 9,261,262,263,264,265,266,267,23 5,203,171,139,107,101 10030 DATA232,133,200,89,4,89,4, 89,4,32,4,58,4,58,4,32,10 10040 A\$=CHR\$(128) 10045 FORI=1TO44:READDUMMY\$:NEXT 10050 FORA=1T032 10060 READD 10070 PRINTED, 8\$; 10080 FORT=1T050 NEXT 10090 NEXT 10100 PRINT@163, "software"; 10110 FORS=1TO7:READN,L:SOUNDN,L NEXTS 10120 PRINT@180, "presents"; 10130 FORI=1T01000 NEXT

MC 10

by Gary Furr

LINE LIST

Will list for you each line and you are able to slow it down.

The Listing: LINELIST

2 REM *** LIST ALL LINES *** GARY FURR 4 REM 5 REM RUN IT AND CLOAD A BASIC REM PROGRAM AND EXEC 32000" REM "SHIFT +@" CAN BE USED REM TO SLOW IT DOWN REM *************** 10 FORD=32000T032034 20 READF : POKED, F : NEXTD 30 DATA222,147,223,250,8,8,236 40 DATR0,189,244,25,134,32,189 50 DATA249,201,222,250,238,0 60 DATA223,250,166,0,129,0,39,6 70 DATA189,229,102,126,125,4,57

NOLIST

With this small program you can make the listing disappear but the program will still work. You can restore the listing at any time.

The Listing: NOLIST

1 REM ***WHERE IS THE LIST*** REM GRRY FURR 3 REM RUN IT. TYPE LIST. WHERE REM IS THE LISTING. THE REM PROGRAM WILL STILL WORK. TRY IT AGAINST OTHER REM REM PROGRAMS. 8 REM POKE17062,57 =RESTORE REM ************** 10 POKE17062,126:POKE17063,125:P OKE17064,00 15 FORF=32000T032005 20 READD : POKEF, D : NEXTF 25 DATA220,163,189,244,25,57 26 PRINT:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT HINT"

28 PRINT"PEEK(163)*256+PEEK(164)

" PRINT"LAST LINE WHICH WAS USED

NOCURSOR

27 PRINT"

You can now make the cursor disappear or reappear as you wish.

The Listing: NOCURSOR

2 REM ***WHERE AM I*** NO CURSOR ? 3 REM *GARY FURR* 4 REM POKE17029,57 5 REM 6 REM WILL RESTORE 7 REM ************* 10 POKE17031,00:POKE17030,125:PO

KE17029,126

20 FORA=32000T032005

30 READB: POKEA, B: NEXTA

40 DATA 50,50,189,248,131,57

10140 RETURN

16K CoCo or MC-10



DATABASE type program to allow you to conduct your own Home Finance Analysis. You are asked the questions in turn through the program and by keying in the required data you will come up with all the answers to balancing the household budget. That is of course with Mr Keating's help.

The Listing: HOME

360 LET C=000.00

370 REM

5 CLS 10 PRINT@4. "-HOME FINANCE ANALYS 19-" 20 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT 50 PRINT "INPUT SALARY:"; 60 INPUT DS 90 PRINT "HOW MANY PERIODS PER M ONTH?" 100 INPUTOR 130 LET TS=(DS*DP) 140 PRINT" BNY ADDITIONAL INCOME I SHOULD" 145 PRINT "KNOW ABOUT?" 150 INPUT A\$:IF A\$="YES"THEN200 160 IF A\$="Y"THEN200 170 IFA\$="NO"THEN300 180 IF A#="N"THEN 300 190 F INT "A SIMPLE YES OR NO WI LL DO!":GOT0140 200 PRINT "ENTER ADDITIONAL AMOU NT OF" 205 PRINT "INCOME." 210 INPUTAS 220 LET TS=TS+AS 300 REM FIXED EXPENCE CALCULATIO NS 310 REM 320 LETA=000.00 330 REM 340 LET B=000.00 350 REM

380 LET D=000.00 390 REM 400. LET E=000.00 500 LET FX=A+B+C+D+E 505 CLS 600 PRINT: PRINT 610 PRINT"I WILL NEED INFORMATIO H" 620 PRINT "REGARDING THIS MONTH' S VARIABLE" 625 PRINT"EXPENSES." 630 PRINT: PRINT" GROCERIES COST?" 640 INPUTM 650 PRINT"ELECTRIC BILL?" 660 INPUTN 670 PRINT"GAS BILL?" 680 INPUTP 690 PRINT "WATER BILL?" ZOO INPUTO 701 PRINT"TELEPHONE BILL?" 705 INPUTU 710 PRINT "HEATH COST?" 720 INPUTE 730 PRINT"CLOTHING COST?" 740 INPUT S 750 PRINT"CHARGE CARD BILL?" 760 INPUTT 770 PRINT"ANY ADDITIONAL EXPENSE S YES OR NO." 780 INPUT B\$: IF B\$="YES" THEN 83 790 IF B\$="Y" THEN 830 800 IF 8\$="NO" THEN 1000 810 IF B\$="N" THEN 1000 820 PRINT"A SIMPLE YES OR NO WIL L DOI" GOTO 780 830 PRINT"PLEASE DESCRIBE THE AD DITIONAL" 840 PRINT"EXPENSE IN TWENTY CHAR ACTERS" 845 PRINT "OR LESS." 850 INPUTAX≴ 860 PRINT "PLEASE ENTER THE AMOU HT" 870 PRINT"OF THE ADDITIONAL EXPE NSE." 880 INPUTAX 1000 LET YX=M+N+P+Q+R+S+T+U+Y+AX 1110 PRINT"PRESS (ENTER) TO CONT INUE": INPUT Z\$ 1115 CLS 1120 PRINT "YOUR VARIABLE EXPENS E TOTAL" PRINT "\$"; VX 1130 PRINT"WHEN YOUR EXPENSES AR E SUBSTRAC" 1158 PRINT"-TED FROM YOUR INCOME , THE " 1155 PRINT"AMOUNT REMAINING IS:\$ ";(TS-(VX+FX)) 1160 IF (TS-(VX+FX))(0 THEN 1400 1170 PRINT"ANY FUNDS TO SAVINGS? YES OR NO." 1180 INPUT C\$: IF C\$="YES" THEN12 38 1190 IF C\$="Y" THEN1230 1200 IF C\$="HO" THEN 2000 1210 IF C\$="N" THEN 2000 1220 PRINT"A SIMPLE YES OR NO WI LL DO!": GOT01170 1230 PRINT"ENTER AMOUNT DESIRED. 1240 INPUT SV: IF (TS-(VX+FX+SV)) < 0THEN1600 1250 PRINT"PRESS (ENTER> TO CONT INUE": INPUT Z\$ 1255 CLS 1260 PRINT"WHEN SAVINGS ARE DEDU CTED FROM" 1270 PRINT "YOUR READY CASH, YOUR **HEW READY"** 1275 PRINT"CASH IS: ";(TS-CVX+FX 1280 LET RC=(TS-(VX+FX+SV)): GOTO 2000 1400 PRINT"PRESS (ENTER) TO CONT INUE": INPUTZ#

1405 CLS 1410 PRINT"DEFLICT IN THIS MONTH 'S FINANCES" 1430 PRINT"CHOOSE AN OPTION FROM THE MENU" 1435 PRINT"BELOW." 1440 PRINT:PRINT"(1)WITHDRAW FRO M SAVINGS" 1450 PRINT"(2)BORROW FROM SOURCE OF CREDIT" 1460 PRINT"(2) REDUCE FLEXIBLE EX PENSES" 1470 PRINT: PRINT"ENTER CHOICE NU MBER. 1480 INPUT CH 1490 ON CN GOT01700,1800,1900 1600 PRINT"SAVINGS AMOUNT HAS CR ERTED A" 1610 PRINT"DEFICIT. PLEASE REFIG URE SAVINGS" 1628 LET SZ=0: G0T0 1178 1700 PRINT"ENTER AMOUNT FROM SAV INGS" 1710 INPUTSH 1715 CLS 1720 PRINT"THIS AMOUNT WILL HOW BE ADDED" 1730 PRINT "TO YOUR INCOME, AND A HEN" 1735 PRINT"READLY-CASH BALANCE S HOWN. " 1740 LET TS=TS+SN 1750 PRINT"PRESS (ENTER) TO CONT INUE": INPUTZ\$ 1755 CLS 1760 GOT01140 1800 PRINT"ENTER AMOUNT BORROWED 1810 PRINT"ALL LOAMS WILL IMPACT 1815 PRINT"EXPENCES." 1820 INPUTBN 1825 CLS 1830 PRINT"THIS AMOUNT WILL NOW BE ADDED' 1848 PRINT"TO YOUR INCOME, AND A NEW" 1845 PRINT"READY-CASH BALANCE SO ₩Н. " 1858 LET TS#TS+BN 1860 PRINT"PRESS (ENTER) TO CONT INUE": INPUTZ\$ 1865 CLS 1879 GOTO 1148 1900 PRINT"THE FIGURES THAT YOU RE-ENTER" 1910 PRINT"WILL REPLACE THE VARI HBLE" 1915 PRINT"EXPENSES ENTERED EARL 1920 PRINT"PRESS (ENTER) TO CONT INUE": INPUTZ#: CLS: GOTO 600 2000 REM 2010 PRINT: PRINT"PRESS D AND (EN TERO TO" 2020 PRINT"DISPLAY BALANCE SHEET 2030 INPUT F#: IF F#="D"THEN 2070 2040 PRINT"WHAT??" 2050 GOTO 2010 2055 CLS 2070 PRINT "******INCOME***** FIXED****** 2080 PRINT "************** XPENSES##### 2090 PRINT"SBLARY #\$";(DS#DP) 2110 PRINT"ADDITIONAL=\$";AS 2120 PRINT"TOTAL = \$"; TS 2130 RFM 2140 REM 2150 REM 2160 REM 2170 REM 2250 PRINT: PRINT" PRESS N AND (EN TER> TO DESPLAY" 2260 PRINT"THE NEXT BALANCE SHEE continued on page 38 ACEY

by Barry Furman

ere we have another of those terrible gambling games. You don't have to go to the Casino to lose the week's wages. Still with a little care you can make a profit.

Two cards are shown on screen and your card is face down.

You bet that your card will be between the value of the banker's two cards.

Stay home with this and lose your money where it doesn't matter.

16K CoCo or MC-10

The Listing: ACEYDUCE

10 REM acey ducy 20 REM by BARRY FURMAN

30 REM 21 SUNSET LANE 40 REM LEVITTOWN, NY 11756

50 REM CONVERTED TO MC-10 BY JAY THOMAS, THE ORIGINAL 16K LISTING APPEARED IN THE JAN '84 RAINBOW 60 REM PAGE 27-32 AS A TALKING

VERSION FOR COCO....

65 REM MAKE ANY IMPROVEMENTS YOU WANT, BUT DON'T FORGET THAT BARRY WROTE THE GAME

70 U\$=CHR\$(128) 88 CLS(8): PRINT@64, "in"+U\$+"this "+U\$+"9ame"+U\$+"you"+U\$+"start"+ Us+"with"; 90 PRINT@128,"\$100.00"+U\$+"and"+ U\$+"bet"+U\$+"that"+U\$+"your"+U\$+ "card" 100 PRINT@128+64, "will"+U\$+"have "+U\$+"a"+U\$+"value"+U\$+"which"+U #+"falls 110 PRINT@192+64, "between"+U\$+"t he"+U\$+"the"+U\$+"two"+U\$+"cards" 120 PRINT@256+64, "showing"+U\$+U\$ +U\$+"the"+U\$+"first"+U\$+"card"+U

s+"has"

121 PRINT@256+128, "the"+U\$+"lowe st"+U\$+"value";

125 0=100

130 FOR X=1T08000:NEXT 310 IF 0\$="W"THENGOSUB2660

320 IF 0\$="L"THENGOSUB2700

330 IF 0\$="C"THENGOSUB2740 350 IF 0\$="B"THEN F=F+1 360 IF 0\$=""THEN400

400 RESET(30,18):RESET(30,19) 410 IF RND(4)=4 THEN SET(24,10,2

):SET(37,10,2) 430 N=100

448 CLS8

450 IF Q=0 THEN Q=100

460 K=K+1:IF K<>1 THEN 540 470 PRINT@224,"YOU'RE STARTING W

= # " ; M

ITH"Q"BUCKS"; : GOTO 590

480 FOR X=64 TO 95

490 PRINT@X,CHR\$(128);

500 NEXT X

continued from page 37

2510 PRINT"WOULD YOU LIKE TO: " 2270 INPUT D#:1F D#="N" THEN 230 2280 PRINT"WHAT??":PRINT:GOTO225 2300 REM 2305 CLS 2310 PRINT" ** * * * * * VARIABLE AXPE NSES######## 2330 PRINT*GROCERIES m " : 14 2340 PRINT"ELECTRIC BILL =";N 2350 PRINT"GRS BILL 2360 PRINT"WATER BILL"; 0 2365 PRINT"TELEPHONE BILL=";U 2370 PRINT"HERTH COST 2380 PRINT"CLOTHING COST =";\$ = " : T 2390 PRINT"CHARGE CARD 2395 PRINT"ADDITIONAL EXPENSES" 2400 PRINT AX#;"=#";AX 2401 PRINT: PRINT" PRESS H AND KEN TER> TO CONTINUE" 2402 INPUT F\$: IF F\$="H" THEN2404 2403 PRINT"WHAT??": PRINT: G0T0240 2404 REM 2405 CLS 2410 PRINT"FIXED EXPENSES TOTAL: 2420 PRINT"YORIABLE EXPENSES TOT RL:#"3VX 2430 IF SV>0 THEN PRINT"AMOUNT T O SAVINGS IS: \$";SV 2440 IF SN>0 THEN PRINT"AMOUNT F ROM SAVINGS IS: \$"; SN 2450 IF BN>0 THEN PRINT"AMOUNT B ORROWED IS: \$"; BN 2460 PRINT"REMAINING READY-CASH IS: \$";(TS-(VX+FX+SV)) 2470 PRINT"PRESS Y AND (ENTER)FO R MENU. " 2488 INPUT E#: IF E#="Y" THEN GOT 2490 PRINT"WHAT??":PRINT:GOT0247

2520 PRINT"(1)RE-DISPLAY ENTIRE BRURNE SHEET" 2530 PRINT*(2)RE-RUN THE PROGRAM FROM START" 2540 PRINT"(3)RE-RUN THE VARIABL E EXPENSE" 2545 PRINT" PORTION" 2550 PRINT"(4)PRINT HBRD COPY" 2555 PRINT"C500UIT" 2560 PRINT"ENTER NUMBER OF CHOIC 2570 INPUT2 2575 CLS 2580 OH Z GOTO 1000,10,1900,3000 2598 2590 PRINT:PRINT AY******** : END 3000 CLS 3005 PRINT@197, "POSITION TOP OF PAPER" 3010 PRINT@260, "PRESS (ENTER) WH EN READY":INPUTZ\$
3011 FOR I=1 TO 2 3012 LPRINT, CHR#(27); CHR#(54): NE XII 3015 LPRINT, CHR#(27); CHR#(14) 3020 LPRINT," FINANCIAL STA TEMENT"; CHR\$(27); CHR\$(15) 3025 FOR I=1 TO 2 3030 LPRINT, CHR\$(27); CHR\$(54) 3035 NEXT I 3040 LPRINT "******FIXED INCOM E********** 3045 LPRINT "**********EXPENS ES********** SALARY =#":(DS# 3858 LPRINT " DPS 3055 LPRINT " ADDITIONAL=\$ " : AS 3060 LPRINT " TOTAL =\$":15 3090 LPRINT,CHR#(27);CHR#(54)
3095 LPRINT,"###################### *****VARIABLE EXPENSES******** 3100 LPRINT"GROCERIES 3105 LPRINT"ELECTRIC BILL=#":N =\$" ; P 3110 LPRINT "GAS BILL 3115 LPRINT "WATER BILL = £ " ; O 3120 LPRINT "TELEPHONE BILL=\$";U =#";R 3125 LPRINT "HEATH COSTS 3130 LPRINT "CLOTHING COSTS=\$";S 3135 LPRINT "CHARGE CARDS =\$";T 3140 LPRINT"ADDITIONAL EXPENSES" 3145 LPRINT, 8X\$; "#\$"; 8X 3150 FOR I=1 TO 2 3155 LPRINT, CHR#(27); CHR#(54): NE XTI 3160 LPRINT "FIXED EXPENCES TOTA L: \$" > FX 3165 LPRINT "VARIABLE EXPENCES T OTAL: \$" > VX 3170 IF SV>0 THEN LPRINT "AMOUNT OF SAVINGS 18: \$"; SN 3180 IF BN>0 THEN LPRINT "AMOUNT BORROWED IS: \$";BN 3185 LPRINT "REMAINING READY-CAS H IS: \$";(TS~(VX+FX+SV)) 3190 LPRINT, CHR#(12) 3195 CLS 3200 PRINT"PRESS Y AND (ENTER) F OR MENU. 3205 INPUT E#: IF E#="Y" THEN GOT 0 2500 3210 PRINT "WHAT??":PRINT:GOT032 aa



2500 REM

2505 CLS

```
1960 SET(4,V+15,5):SET(14,V+15,5
                                                          1250 FOR Y=1T05
510 FOR X=64 TO 95
                                                          1260 PRINT@405, "YOU WIN!!!";
520 PRINT@X, CHR#(128);
                                                                                                                     1970 NEXT V.H
                                                          1270 SOUND 225,5
530 NEXT X
540 FOR X=64 TO 95:PRINT@X,CHR$( 1280 PRINT@405,CHR$(128);:PRINT@ 1980 PP=FP+1:IF PP>20 THEN 2010 128);:NEXT X:PRINT@68,"YOU NOW H 406,CHR$(128);:PRINT@407,CHR$(12 1990 SOUND190+PP,1
                                                                                                                      2000 GOTO 1980
HVE"0"DOLLARS.";
550 PRINT@459,"$"; PRINT@460,0;
                                                           8);:PRINT@408,CHR$(128);:PRINT@4
                                                                                                                      2010 PP=0:FOR X=101 TO 106
                                                           09,CHR$(128);:GOTO 1285
                                                                                                                      2020 PRINTEX, CHR$(131+64);
                                                           1285 PRINT@410, CHR$(128); :PRINT@
560 FOR X=1 TO 1100
                                                           411,CHR$(128);:PRINT@412,CHR$(12
                                                                                                                      2030 REM
570 NEXT X
                                                                                                                      2040 PRINTOX+221, CHR$(131+64);
                                                          85:
580 IF K<>1 THEN 610
                                                                                                                      2050 PRINTEX+160, CHR#(140+64);
                                                          1298 PRINT@413, CHR$(128); :PRINT@
590 FOR J=1 TO 900
                                                                                                                      2060 REM ***
GOO NEXT J
                                                           414,CHR$(128);
                                                                                                                     2070 PRINTEX+381, CHR$(140+64);
                                                           1300 NEXT Y
610 GOTO 660
                                                                                                                    2080 PRINT@X+16, CHR$(131+64);
2090 PRINT@X+176, CHR$(140+64);
                                                           1310 FOR P=300 TO 319
620 0=0+M
                                                                                                              2090 ....
2100 REM
2110 NEXT X
                                                           1328 PRINT@P, CHR$(128);
630 GOTO 460
                                                         1330 NEXT P
648 Q=Q-M
                                                           1340 FOR Z=288 TO 319
650 GOTO 460
                                                                                                                   2120 FOR T=1 TO 1500
660 L=L+1:IF L>1 THEN N$="NEXT": 1350 PRINT@Z,CHR$(128);
                                                                                                                     2130 NEXT T
G0SUB1690
                                                           1360 NEXT Z
                                                                                                                   2140 FOR H=12 TO 21
2150 FOR V=6 TO 13
2160 PRINT@65,"NOW I'LL TURN THE
                                                           1370 FOR X=405 TO 415
665 IF L<=1 THEN N$≈"FIRST":GOSU
                                                          1380 PRINT@X,CHR$(128);
B 1690
678 IF LOT THEN PRINTETS, "NEXT T
                                                          1390 HEXT X
                                                                                                                        CARDS OVER...";
WO CARDS: ";
                                                           1400 GOTO 620
                                                           1410 PRINT@438, "SORRY, "; :PRINT@4 2170 SET(H, V+2,5) :SET(H+32, V+2,5
680 A≃RND(13)
                                                           69, "YOU LOSE!";
690 B=RND(13)
                                                                                                                      2188 NEXT V
700 IF A>=B THEN 680
710 IF B-A=1 THEN 680
                                                           1420 SOUND13,12
                                                                                                                      2190 NEXT H
                                                           1430 FOR X=1 TO 1010
                                                                                                                     2200 FOR V=7 TO 12
720 GOTO 740
                                                           1440 NEXT X
                                                          1450 FOR Y=288 TO 319
                                                                                                                      2210 SET(11, V, 5)
730 GOTO 640
                                                                                                               2220 SET(21,V,5)
2230 NEXT V
                                                           1460 PRINTRY, CHR$(128);
740 RESTORE
750 DATA 1,A,2,2,3,3,4,4,5,5,6,6 1470 NEXT Y
                                                                                                                      2240 PRINT@200,CHR$(132+64);
77.7.8.8.9.9.10.10.11.J.12.Q.13. 1488 FOR X=438 TO 447
K.14 1490 PRINT@X.CHR$(128);
                                                                                                                      2250 PRINT@199, CHR$(142+64);
K. 14
                                                           1490 PRINT@X,CHR$(128); 2260 PRINT@232,CHR$(135+64);
760 READ G: IF G=14 THEN 800
                                                                                                                      2270 PRINT@215,CHR$(128);
770 READ C$
                                                           1510 NEXT X
                                                                                                                      2280 PRINT@216,CHR$(128);
                                                          1520 IF M<Q OR Q=0 THEN640
1530 PRINT
780 IF A=G THEN L$=C$
                                                                                                                      2290 PRINT@217,CHR$(133+64);
                                                      1540 V=307:PRINT@V, "SORRY FRIEND 2300 PRINT@248, CHR$(133+64); 
";:PRINT@V+34, "YOU LOST";:PRINT 2310 PRINT@184, CHR$(140+64); 
@V+65, "YOUR DOUGH.."; 
1550 PRINT@183, CHR$(142+64);
 790 GOTO 760
800 RESTORE
810 READ G: IF G=14 THEN 850
820 READ C#
                                                           1550 PRINTE436, "HANT TO TRY"; PR 2330 PRINTE134, L#;
838 IF G=B THEN V#=C#
                                                          INT0468, "AGAINKY/N)"; PRINT0505, 2340 SOUND90,2
840 GOTO 810
                                                                                                                       2350 FOR J=1 TO 1000
                                                           ""; : INPUT A$
850 GOSUB 1800
                                                                                                                       2360 NEXT J
                                                           1560 FOR X=478 TO 483
860 GOTO 870
                                                                                                                       2370 PR!NT@150,V#;
870 PRINT@288,"WHAT'S YOUR BET"; 1570 PRINT@X,CHR$(128);
                                                                                                                      2380 SOUND110.1
INPUT M
                                                           1580 NEXT X
                                                                                                                      2390 FOR X=1 TO 1600
                                                           1598 IF R#="Y" THEN 88
880 FOR X=310 TO 319
                                                           1600 PRINTE484, "O.K. HOPE YOU HA 2400 NEXT X 2410 RETURN
890 PRINT@X,CHR#(128);
                                                   D FUN!!";
1610 FOR X=508 TO 510
1620 PRINT@X,CHR$(128);
1630 HEXT X
900 NEXT X
                                                                                                                        2420 REM##TURN OVER DEALER'S CAR
918 IF MC>8 THEN 1018
                                                                                                                      DS##
920 PRINT@437, "CHICKEN!!!";
930 SOUND21,8:SOUND16,18
                                                                                                                       2430 FOR X=1 TO 1000
                                                                                                                      2440 NEXT X
                                                          1640 GOTO 1640
1650 CLS0
940 FOR X=288 TO 319
                                                                                                                       2450 FOR H=4 TO 14
950 FRINT@X,CHR$(128);
                                                                                                                       2460 FOR V=23 TO 30
                                                          1660 FOR H=11 TO 21
1670 FOR V=5 TO 13
960 NEXT X
970 FOR X=437 TO 447
                                                                                                                       2470 SETCH, V, 5)
                                                                                                                       2480 NEXT V.H.
                                                           1680 SET(H, V, 5)
980 PRINT@X,CHR$(128);
                                                          1688 SET(H,V,5)
1698 CLSØ: PRINT@2, "HERE ARE YOUR 2498 PRINT@428, CHR$(128),
2588 PRINT@421, CHR$(128),
990 NEXT X
                                                              "N$" TWO CARDS";
 1000 GOTO 660
                                                          1700 PRINT@288, "NEXT CARD";
                                                                                                                     2510 PRINT@422,CHR$(133+64);
2520 PRINT@388,CHR$(142+64);
 1010 IF M<=0 THEN 1140
                                                          1710 REM***GREEN PILE OF DOUGH** 2520 PRINT@388,CHR*(142*64); 2530 PRINT@389,CHR*(140*64); 2540 PRINT@389,CHR*(140*64); 2540 PRINT@453,CHR*(135*64); 2540 PRINT@453,CHR*(135*64); 2550 PRINT@453,CHR*(142*64); 2550 PRINT@453,CHR*(140*64); 2550 PRINT@4
1020 T=339:PRINT@T, "SORRY BUT YO
U";:PRINT@T+32, "BET TOO MUCH";
1030 PRINTET+64, "YOU ONLY HAVE";
                                                                                                                       2550 RESTORE
                                                            1740 PRINT@X,CHR#(143+80);
 PRINTET+96, Q"DOLLARS "; PRINTET
                                                           1750 PRINT@X+32, CHR$(143+80);
1760 PRINT@X+64, CHR$(143+80);
                                                                                                                       2568 READ G
 +131,"TO BET.";
                                                                                                                       2578 JF G=14 THEN 2618
 1848 PRINTET+161," BET AGAIN ";
                                                                                                                       2580 READ C#
 1050 FOR D=1 TO 1750
                                                            1770 NEXT X
                                                            1780 PRINT@459,"#"; :PRINT@460,0; 2590 IF G=C THEN D#=C#
 1060 NEXT D
                                                                                                                       2600 GOTO 2560
                                                           1790 RETURN
 1070 FOR X=299 TO 319
 1070 FOR X=299 10 319
1080 PRINT@X.CHR$(128); NEXT X
                                                                                                                        2610 FOR X=1 TO 300
                                                          1800 REM **BACK OF CARD**
1810 FOR X=64 TO 96
1820 FRINT@X,CHR*(128);
                                                                                                                     2620 NEXT X
2630 PRINT@355,D$,
 1090 FOR G≈39 TO 63
 1100 FOR J=18 TO 31
                                                                                                                       2640 RETURN
 1110 RESET(G.J)
                                                           1830 NEXT X
                                                                                                                      2650 GOTO 2650
 1120 NEXT J.G
1130 GOTO 860
                                                            1840 FOR H=10 TO 21
                                                           1840 FOR H=10 TO 21

1850 FOR V=7 TO 15

1860 PRINT0288, "NEXT CARD"; 2670 SQUND225, 5

1870 PRINT069, "HERE'S THE SHUFFL 2690 RETURN
 1140 C=RHD(13)
                                                 1870 PRINT@69, "HERE'S THE SHUFFL 2680 NEXT X 2690 RETURN 2700 FOR X=1 2700 SET(H-6,V+15,4) 2700 SET(H-6,V+15,4) 2700 SET(H-6,V+15,5):SET(52,V+1,5) 2700 SOUND21 2700 RETURN 2700 RETURN 2700 RETURN
 1150 RESTORE
 1160 READ G
                                                                                                                        2700 FOR X=1 TO 8
 1170 IF G=14 THEN 960
                                                                                                                    2710 NEXT X
2720 SOUND13,17
 1180 READ C#
 1190 IF G=C THEN D$=C$
1200 GOSUB 2420
                                                                                                                        2740 FOR X=1 TO 8
 1218 5010 1228
 1220 IF C>R THEN 1240
                                                                                                                        2760 SOUND21,8:SOUND16,18
 1230 G0T0 1410
 1240 IF C>=B THEN 1410
```

Tandy

MODEL 4 TANDY DESKTOP COMPUTER



What a price breakthrough! The Tandy Model 4 is the perfect computer for busy managers, educators and home computer enthusiasts. Has a spacious 64K memory expandable to an enormous 128K! Featuring a numeric keypad, dual disk drives, parallel

printer interface and a huge ready-to-run software library. Includes an easy to follow owners manual and introductory booklet to help get you started. With amazing value like this you wouldn't want to miss out! 26-1069



A. CCR-81. Ideal for loading and saving your own programs and data on cassette tapes. Requires 4 "C" batteries (not incl.) or 240V AC. Includes cable. 26-1208

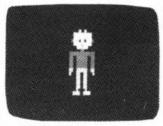
B. CCR-82. Our lowest-priced computer cassette recorder. Includes cable. Requires 4 "AA" batteries or AC adapter. (Batteries & AC adapter not incl.) 26-1209

Fast Daisy Wheel Printer



DWP-220. Here's an extremely affordable way to expand your computer! Prints over 200 wpm in clear, sharp, "electric typewriter" characters. Uses interchangeable print wheels that simply drop in — no mess. 26-1278

SOFTWARE FOR COLOR COMPUTER



Reg 79.95

SAVE \$20

A. Color Computer Learning Lab. With a 200-page manual, 8 cassette tapes and 30 lessons. Was 79.95. 26-3153.....Now 59.95



79.95

SAVE \$20

D. Sands of Egypt (Disk). Discover the secret of the ancient Tomb of Ra! Was 79.95 sorry no rainchecks. 26-3290......Now 59.95



Reg 79.95 SAVE \$20

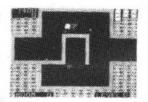
B. Micro Illustrator (Disk). Draw beautiful pictures and designs like a pro! Was 79.95 26-3278 Now 59.95



Reg 49.95

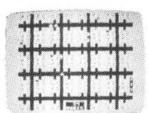
SAVE \$20

E. Wildcatting (ROM Pack). Hit a gusher and you're in the money! Was 49.95 sorry no rainchecks. 26-3067 Now 29.95



Reg 79.95 SAVE \$20

C. Shamus (Disk). Enjoy this fast-paced space-odyssey adventure game. Was 79.95



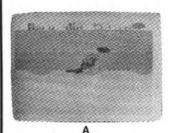
Red 69.95

SAVE \$20

F. Poltergeist (ROM Pack). Based on the hit Spielberg movie. Was 69.95. sorry no rain-

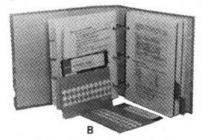
B, C, E, F needs joystick or mouse.

Tandy 1000 Software



Reg 749.95

SAVE 549⁹⁵



Reg 79.95

SAVE

 59^{95} \$20

A. Microsoft Word. Enjoy using our deluxe word processing system. Displays up to eight windows at once. With various text forms. Requires 256K. Was 749.95

B. BC's Quest for Tires. An action game featuring Thor from the comic strip BC. Help Thor as he tries to rescue Cute Chick. Was 79.95 sorry no rainchecks. 25-1115 Now 59.95

Accessories



A. Computer Cassettes. Certified for reliable data storage. Was 5.95 26-301... B. Joysticks. Fast 360° movement, single shot C. Color Mouse. For speed and ease in games and

graphics, 26-3025

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> Independent Tandy Dealers may not be participating in this ad or have every item advertised. Prices may also vary at individual Dealer Stores



CALENDAR

SMTWTFSSMTWTFSSMTWTFS 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 10 11 12 13 14 15

by L.W. Thurbon

ALENDAR WILL compute and printout on the screen and on your printer any month of any year between the years 1601 - 10099 (though I doubt the CoCo will be around in the year 10000). Just type in the program and run it, be sure to follow all on screen instructions.

The Listing:

0 GOTO10 3 SAVE"CALENDR: 3 4 END 10 REM THE PERPETUAL CALENDAR. BY L. W. THURBON. COPYRIGHT. PIXEL SOFTWARE. MAY 1985. 20 CLEAR: DIMM\$ (12): S\$=" ****** **************** 30 DATA JANUARY, FEBRUARY, MARCH, A PRIL, MAY, JUNE, JULY, AUGUST, SEPTEM BER, OCTOBER, NOVEMBER, DECEMBER 40 FORN=1TO12: READM\$ (N): NEXTN 50 CLS PERPETUAL CA 60 PRINTS\$: PRINT" LENDAR PROGRAM": PRINTS\$ 70 PRINT: PRINT" ENTER THE MONTH YOU REQUIRE WITHIN THE RANGE (1-12)";: INPUTM 80 PRINT: PRINT" ENTER THE YEAR Y OU REQUIRE IN THE RANGE (1601-10099) ";: INPUTY: YP=Y: V=6 90 IF M<1 OR M>12 THEN50 100 IF Y(1601 OR Y)10099 THEN50 110 IF Y>9399 THEN Y=Y-7500 120 IF Y>8699 THEN Y=Y-6800 130 IF Y>7999 THEN Y=Y-6100 140 IF Y>7299 THEN Y=Y-5400 150 IF Y>6599 THEN Y=Y-4700 160 IF Y>5899 THEN Y=Y-4000 170 IF Y>5199 THEN Y=Y-3300 180 IF Y>4499 THEN Y=Y-2800 190 IF Y>3799 THEN Y=Y-2100 200 IF Y>3099 THEN Y=Y-1400 210 IF Y>2399 THEN Y=Y-700 230 IF Y>2000 THEN W=0 240 W= (W+(Y-1600))+INT((Y-1600-1)/4)+1-INT((Y-1600-1)/100) 250 W=W-INT(W/7)*7:LY=0 260 IFY-INT(Y/4)*4=0 THEN LY=1 270 IFY-INT(Y/100)*100=0 THEN LY =0280 IFYP-INT(YP/400)*400=0 THEN LY=1 290 IFM=2 THEN W=W+3 300 IFM=3 THEN W=W+3+LY 310 IFM=4 THEN W=W+6+LY 320 IFM=5 THEN V=V+8+LY 330 IFM=6 THEN V=V+11+LY

350 IFM=8 THEN W=V+16+LY 360 IFM=9 THEN W=W+19+LY 370 IFM=10 THEN W=W+21+LY 380 IFM=11 THEN W=W+24+LY 390 IFM=12 THEN V=V+26+LY 400 W=W-INT(W/7)*7:DM=31 410 IFM=2 THEN DM=28+LY 420 IF M=4 OR M=6 OR M=9 OR M=11 THEN DM=30 430 CLS 440 PRINT@35,"SUN MON TUE WED TH U FRI SAT" 450 FORN=65 TO 93: PRINT@N, CHR\$ (4 2):: NEXTN 460 FORN=94 TO 478 STEP32: X=42 470 PRINTON, CHR\$ (X); : NEXTN 480 FORN=449 TO 478: PRINTON, CHRS (X):: NEXTN 490 FORN=65 TO 450 STEP32: PRINT@ N, CHR\$(X);: NEXTN: MC=LEN(M\$(M)) 500 PRINT@16-(MC+5)/2, M\$ (M);" -" ; YP; : C=0: FORN=1TO DM 510 IFN=1 THEN C=99+(V*4):GOTO57 520 IFC=187 AND N>9 THEN C=C+39: GOT0570 530 IFC=123 OR C=186 OR C=187 TH EN C=C+40: GOTO570 540 1FC=250 OR C=314 OR C=378 TH EN C=C+40: GOTO570 550 IFN=10 THEN C=C+3:GOTO570 560 C=C+4 570 B\$=STR\$(N):PRINT@C,B\$;:NEXTN :SOUND200, 3: PRINT@480, "'P' FOR P RINTER OR 'N' FOR NEXT"; 580 A\$=INKEY\$: IFA\$="" THEN580 590 IFA\$<>"P" THEN50 600 POKE150, 40: PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (27) CHR\$ (14) 610 FORS=1024T01503: P=PEEK(S) 620 IFP>127THENP=32 630 1FP>95THENP=P-64 640 IF (S AND 31)=OTHEN PRINT#-2 . CHR\$ (13) 650 PRINT#-2, TAB(4); CHR\$(P); : NEX 660 GOTO50 670 END So B

by Allan Thompson 16K CB

HIS PROGRAM tests the DMP 100 and it's serial / parallel interface I had a problem settings. and wrote this to test each adjustment I made.

To use it simply enter the baud rate and the poke when asked to. You should of course alter the interface setting also.

Have fun with it anyway.

The Listing:

1 '**printer/interface test** by allan thompson 2 GOTO4 3 SAVE" 100C: 3" : END

4 GOSUBSO: CLS

10 CLS: POKE359, 57: SCREENO, 1: PRIN T: PRINT

20 INPUT"BAUDRATE"; BD: SOUND200, 1 25 INPUT"ENTER POKE150, #. (PK)"; P K: SOUND200, 1

26 POKE 150, PK: PRINT"POKE150,"; P K: PRINT"THIS IS BAUD"; BD: PRINT#-2."THIS IS PAUD "; BD: PRINT: PRINT #-2: REM *** the test ***

40 PRINT#-2,"ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRS TUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy COMPLETED": PRINT z1234567890 " **: COMPLETED **" : SOUND 180, 9: SOUN D200, 2: POKE359, 126: END

50 CLS: FRINT@97, "THIS PROGRAM TE STS THE DMP100": PRINTTAB(4)" AND IT'S SERIAL/PARALLEL": PRINTTAB(4)"INTERFACE SETTINGS. I HAD A": FRINTTAB(4)"PROBLEM AND WROTE TH

IS TO": FRINTTAB(4)"TEST EACH ADJ USTMENT I MADE."

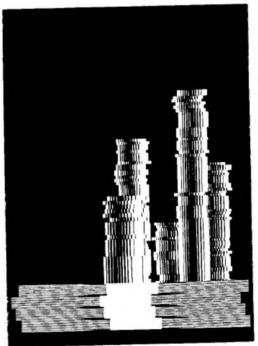
51 GOSUB100: CLS: PRINT@97, "TO USE IT SIMPLY ENTER THE": PRINTTAB(4 "BAUD RATE AND THE POKE WHEN": P RINTTAB(4)"ASKED TO.": PRINTTAB(4 "YOU SHOULD OF COURSE ALTER": PR INTTAB(4)"THE INTERFACE SETTING ALSO.": PRINTTAB (36)"HAVE FUN WIT H IT ANYWAY."

52 PRINTTAB(36)"COMPLIMENTS ALLA N THOMPSON"

100 FORT=1TO7000: NEXT: RETURN 101 END

300

340 IFM=7 THEN W=W+13+LY





by Brian Grey

16KCB + PRINTER BUSINESS

HE IDEA for this program came quite easily and unexpectantly. About two months ago one of the at work was young tradesmen telling me about his first payment on his house loan. It appeared from what he was saying that he was not aware of the large amount interest he would have to pay on his sizeable loan. So I set to work making the program "LOAM".

The program will ask for all the variables and then send to the screen and printer the remaining principal after the quarterly repayment has been made. The repayment has been 207 GOSUB022 summary at the end of the printout 207 GOSUB022 209 PRINT@227,"HOW MUCH ARE YOUR interest paid and day of last You now have the option 211 INPUT P payment. of re-doing the exercise with extra payments on top of the 213 GOSUB622 quarterly repayments. The program 215 PRINT"ARE YOUR PAYMENTS," indicates the saving of the original interest.

The program will run on RUN"LOAM".

The Listing:

O GOIO10 1 'LOAN -- BRIAN GREY

2 SAYE"LOAN: 3": END

10 POKE150, 18

15 CLS

20 FORX=1024T01054 STEP 2

22 POKEX, 36: NEXT

24 FORX=1087TO1503STEP 64

26 POKEX, 36: NEXT

28 FORX=1504T01535 STEP2

30 POKEX, 36: NEXT

32 FORX=1056T01472 STEF64

34 POKEX, 36: NEXT

36 PRINT@200,"THE HOUSE LOAN"

38 PRINT@400,"BY BRIAN GRAY"

40 PRINT@452,"DO YOU NEED INSTRU

CTIONS"

42 I\$=INKEY\$: IFI\$=""THEN42

44 IF 1\$="Y"THEN990

106 CLS

110 PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (35);

122 PRINT@230,"WHAT IS THE PRINC

OF THE LOAN" IFAL

132 INPUT A

134 CLS

152 GOSUP622

152 PRINT@227, "WHAT IS THE INTER

EST RATE"

172 INPUT B

174 CLS

192 GOSUB622

200 PRINT@226,"WHAT YEAR DID THE

LOAN START"

205 INPUT Y

206 CLS

PAYMENTS"

212 CLS

213 GOSUB622

(1) Y

216 PRINT"

EARLY

(2) Q 217 PRINT"

UARTLT"

219 PRINT"

(3) M

ONTHLY

220 INPUT R 221 CLS

222 GOSUB622

223 ON R GOTO 224,225,226

224 W=P/12*3: GOTO227

225 W=P:GOTO227

226 W=P*3

227 FRINT@226,"DO YOU WISH TO PA

YOUR PAYM Y EXTRA ON

ENTS"

228 INPUTA\$

230 IF A\$="NO" THEN GOTO 260

233 CLS

234 Q=0: T=0: Z=0: U=0: M=0: I=0: S=0:

A=0

TO PAY"

235 PRINT@226," HOW MUCH EXTRA D O YOU WISH

240 INPUT M

248 CLS

249 GOSUB622

250 A=F

251 Y=J

252 PRINT#-2, CHR\$(10)

260 CLS

265 PRINT"THE FOLLOWING FIGURES

INDICATE WHAT IS LEFT OF THE PR AFTER THE PAYMENT HAS INCIPAL

PEEN MADE"

326 PRINT#-2,"YOUR PRINCIPAL IS"

A "DOLLARS"

328 FRINT#-2, "YOUR INTEREST RATE

IS" B" PERCENT"

342 ON R GOTO 352,362,372

352 C=4: PRINT#-2, "YOUR FAYMENTS

ARE" P" DOLLARS PER YEAR" : GOTO374

362 C=4: PRINT#-2, "YOUR PAYMENTS

ARE"P"DOLLARS PER QUARTER": GOTO3

372 C=4: FRINT#-2, "YOUR PAYMENTS

ARE"P"DOLLARS FER MONTH": GOTO374

374 IF M=0GOTO 382

376 PRINT#-2, "YOU ARE PAYING" N"D

OLLARS EXTRA PER PAYMENT"

382 PRINT#-2, CHR\$(10)

392 PRINT#-2,"THE FOLLOWING FIGU

RES INDICATE THE REMAINING PRINC

IPAL AFTER THAT PAYMENT"

402 PRINT#-2,"HAS BEEN MADE"

412 PRINT#-2, CHR\$(10)

414 PRINT#-2, "YEAR" TAB(15)"1ST Q

TR"; TAB(30)"2ND QTR"; TAB(45)"3RD

QTR"; TAB(60)"4TH QTR"

417 J=Y

419 F=A

420 X=0

422 X=(A/100) *B

432 X=X/C

442 Q=Q+X

444 1FM>0GOTO452

446 V=Q

452 T=T+1

462 Z=W-X

472 A=A-Z-M

480 A=INT(A)

482 PRINTA 484 IF S=0 THEN GOSUB 700

486 S=S+15

PROGRAMS

488 PRINT#-2, TAB(S)A; 490 IF S=60THEN S=0 492 IF A>W+M THEN GOTO 420

512 PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (10)

522 PRINT"YOU MADE"T"PAYMENTS" 532 PRINT#-2,"YOU MADE"T"PAYMENT SI 542 GOSUB622 552 PRINT"YOU PAYED"Q"DOLLARS IN INTEREST" 562 PRINT#-2,"YOU PAYED"Q"DOLLAR S IN INTEREST" 572 GOSUB622 574 IF M=0 GOTO 582 576 U=T*M 577 [=V-Q 578 PRINT" YOU PAYED" U" DOLLARS EX TRA TO SAVE" I" IN INTEREST" 580 PRINT#-2,"YOU PAYED"U"DOLLAR S EXTRA TO SAVE" I" IN INTEREST" 582 S=T/C 592 PRINT"IT TOOK"S"YEAR TO PAY YOUR DEBT" 602 PRINT#-2,"IT TOOK"S"YEARS TO PAY OF YOUR DEBT" 603 PRINT 604 PRINT"DO YOU WISH TO MAKE AN CALCULATION" OTHER 605 PRINT 606 INPUT LS 607 PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (10) 608 IF L\$="YES" THEN GOTO233 610 PRINT"GOOD BYE AND GOOD SAVI NG" 612 END 622 FOR X=0T0300: NEXT 632 PRINT 642 RETURN 700 PRINT#-2 705 PRINT#-2. Y: 710 Y=Y+1 720 RETURN 990 CLS 1000 PRINT@O, "THIS IS A PROGRAM TO HELP IN THEPLANNING OF THE RE PAYMENTS OF A HOUSE LOAN" 1020 PRINT" THE PRINCIPAL OF THIS PROGRAM ISTO SHOW YOU HOW MUCH YOU CAN SAVE BY PAYING EXTRA PAYMENT. FACH 1030 PRINT" FIRST RUN THE PROGRAM TUOHTIW EXTRA PAYMENTS THEN W ITH A RANGEOF EXTRA PAYMENTS" 1040 PRINT" <!NKEY>" 1050 I\$=INKEY\$: IFI\$=""GOTO1050 1060 CLS 1070 PRINT@O,"THE PROGRAM WILL A CCEPT MONTHLY, QUARTERLY AND YEAR LY REPAYMENTS. BUT THE RESULTS AR E PRODUCED FOR QUARTERLY REPAYME NTS FOR SIMPLICITY" 1080 PRINT A PRINTER WILL PRO 1090 PRINT" DUCE THE RESULTS ON 2400 BAUD THOUT A PRINTER BUT WILL BE A RATE. THE ITHOUT A 2000 PRINT 2010 PRINT" <INKEY>" 2020 I\$=INKEY\$: IF I\$=""THEN 2020 2030 GOTO106 പ്രാവ

CONVERSION TABLES

ome of you will already have these conversions. I doubt that all of you will have all of the converions in this chart as some are quite uncommon as you will see. Just type in the program and run but take special attention of the prompts at the bottom.

by L. W. Thurbon

16K CB

240 PRINT" 1 LITRE = 1.75976 PIN

The Listing: TS. 250 PRIN

O GOTOSO 3 SAVE"LESCHART: 3": END 10 ' LES'S BENCHTOP CONVERSION TABLE. BY L. W. THURBON. PUBLIC DOMAIN SOFTWARE. COURTESY PIXEL SOFTWARE. 30 PRINT" 1 INCH = 25.454 MILLIM ETERS." 40 PRINT" 1 CENTERMETRE = 0.3937 INCHS" 50 PRINT" 1 FOOT = 0.3048 METRES 60 PRINT" 1 METRE = 3.280 FEET. 70 PRINT" 1 METRE = 39.36 INCHES 80 PRINT" 1 MILE = 1.60934 KILOM 90 PRINT" 1 KILOMETRE = 0.621371 19 KILES" 100 PRINT" 1 MILE = 0.8689 NAUTI CAL MILES" 110 PRINT" 1 NAUTICAL MILE = 1.1 5 MILES." 120 PRINT" 1 ACRE = 43560 SQUARE FEET." 130 PRINT" SPEED OF SOUND = 1127 FEET PER SECOND AT 20 DEG. CEL 140 PRINT" 1 ATMOSPHERE = 763 MM MERCURY." 150 PRINT" 1 ATMOSPHERE = 10135 MILLIBARS" 160 PRINT" 1 ATMOSPHERE=29.92 IN S MERCURY" 170 PRINT@484," press any key for more"; 180 AS=INKEYS: IFAS=""THEN180 190 CLS 200 PRINT" 1 INCH MERCURY=33.803 MILLIBARS" 210 PRINT@32," 1 IMP GALLON = 4. 456 LITRES." 220 PRINT" 1 U.S. GALL = 0.8328

230 FRINT" 1 IMP GALL = 1.201 U.

IMP GALLS"

S. GALLS."

TS. 250 PRINT" 1 CORD = 4 * 4 * 8 FE FT 260 PRINT" 1 POUND PER SQUARE IN CH = 6.895 KILOPASCALS." 270 PRINT" 1 MILLIMETRE = 1000 M ICRONS." 280 PRINT" 1 SQ MILE = 27878400 SO FEET" 290 PRINT" 1 KILOGRAM = 2.204622 POUNDS." 300 PRINT" 1 DEG LATITUDE = 4 MI NUTES TIME" 310 PRINT@384," 1 CUBIC FOOT = 6 .24 IMP GALLS." 320 PRINT" 1 CUBIC FOOT = 27.805 LITRES." 330 PRINT" 1 KM/LTR = 2.76883 MI LES/GALL." 340 PRINT@484, "press ^ to read a gain"; 350 B\$=INKEY\$: IFB\$="" THEN350 360 IFB\$="^" THEN380 370 IFB\$<>"" THEN450 380 CLSO: PRINT@32," OVER AND OVE R AND OVER AGAIN ";:PRINT@64," T HATS ALL YOU EVER WANT RINT@128," JUST OVER AND OVER AG AIN "; 390 PRINT@192," DON'T YOU THINK I GET TIRED OF "; : PRINT@224," D OING IT OVER AND OVER AGAIN ?" 400 PRINT@484,"press ^ to read a gain"; 410 C\$=INKEY\$: IFC\$="" THEN410 420 IFC\$ (>"" THEN440 430 CLS: PRINT@232, "ohh no not ag ain"::PRINT@293,"ok ok don't get uptight"; : PRINT@355, "i'm doing it i'm doing it!";:FORX=1T05000 : NEXTX: GOTO10 440 CLSO: PRINT@228," thank heave ns for that ";:FORZ=1TO3000:NEXT 450 CLS:PRINT" PIXELSOFT BASIC 2 TO STARBURST COMP 5.0 LICENCED UTERS 1986BC. 460 END

హించ్రా



The Listing:

0 GOTO10

1 '******* QUIZZER **********
2 '***** JUSTIN LIPTON *******
3 SAVE"86B:3":END
10 CLEAR 500
20 DIM A\$(100), B\$(100): Q=0: R=0
30 CLS: PRINT: INPUT"INPUT DATA FR
OM A DEVICE"; G\$: IF G\$="YES" OR G
\$="Y" THEN 300
40 CLS: INPUT"HOW MANY QUESTIONS"; I
50 FOR B=1 TO I
60 INPUT"QUESTION"; Q\$(B)
70 INPUT"ANSWER"; A\$(B)
80 NEXT B

QUIZZER

by Justin Lipton

16K CB

OFTEN FIND THE BEST way to study for a test or exam is to write out some questions and answers and have someone ask them to you. But why waste somebody's time when you have a CoCo. That's why 'Quizzer' was made. The computer will ask you weather you want to load any data from disk or cassette. If not, you then proceed to enter your questions and answers. Pressing 'Q' will end the program, while pressing 'S' will save the data to either disk or tape for further use.

100 Q=Q+1 110 CLS 120 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT: PRINT: PRIN 130 PRINT Q\$(C); : INPUT D\$ 140 IF D\$="Q" THEN CLS: END 150 IF D\$="S" THEN 200 160 IF DS=AS(C) THEN PRINT TAB(1 2)"CORRECT": R=R+1: ELSE PRINT TAB (13)" WRONG": PRINT: P= (32-LEN (A\$ (C)))/2:PRINT @ 256+P, A\$ (C) 170 PRINT: PRINT" YOU NOW HAVE" R"O UT OF"Q; FIX(R/Q*100)"%" 180 FOR T=1 TO 460: NEXT T: GOTO 9 200 CLS: PRINT: PRINT: PRINT"SAVE T O-": PRINT"1) TAPE" 210 PRINT"2) DISK" 220 INPUT S 230 IF S=1 THEN D=-1 ELSE D=1

240 OPEN"O", #D, "QUIZZER" 250 FOR 0 =1 TO I 260 PRINT # D, Q\$ (0) 270 PRINT # D. A\$ (0) 280 NEXT O 290 CLOSE #D: CLS: GOTO 90 (1) TAPE OR (2 300 I=0: INPUT") DISK";S 310 IF S=1 THEN D=-1 ELSE D=1 320 OPEN "I", #D, "QUIZZER" 330 IF D=-1 THEN D=-1: IF EOF(D) THEN CLOSE#D: GOTO 90 340 IF D=1 THEN D=1: IF EOF(D) =-1 THEN CLOSE #1: GOTO 90 350 INPUT #D, Q\$(I) 360 INPUT #D, A\$(1) 370 I=I+1:GOTO 330

. T. B



SUPERDAG

by Martin Eade 32K ECB ADVENTURE

ASAM TRUMPY, alias SuperDag you must report to HQ as the hero, SuperDag. Scattered around the house are pieces of your equipment: goggles, boots, cape and costume. Once you have found these, you must find a place to transform into -- tadah! SuperDag! But the problem is no-one must see you transform.

After all that, you have to find the secret entrance and report for duty.

Good Luck, SuperDag.

Some routines used for this program were taken from "Sword Quest" by Andrew Hart.

Due to the extravagant length of this program, we will not be listing it in the pages of this extravagent magazine. Instead, it will be on the evermore extravagent CoCoOz for this month - ed)

UFO MAZE

UFO MAZE. your ship caught in a rocky cavern and you must through a tunnel escape in the bottom right of the screen. You have a flashing force field around you that must not touch the rocks or you will lose one of your 6 ships. In the second screen there are barriers that must be got through as well as avoiding the rocks. Good

The Listing:

0 GOTO5 '***** UFO MAZE ********** ****** JUSTIN LIPTON ****** 3 SAVE"107:3": END 5 CLS: FRINT @ 262, "PLEASE WAIT... 10 DIM Z(28,28): MN=6:SC=1:PM=10: SO=0: HS=100: RS=0 20 PMODE 4,1: PCLS: 30 CIRCLE(100, 100), 11,,.6 40 LINE (90, 98) - (110, 98), PSET: LIN E(90, 102)-(110, 102), PSET 50 PAINT(100, 105),,5: PAINT(100, 9 5),,5 60 FOR A=90 TO 110 STEP 4: LINE (A ,98) - (A, 102), PSET: NEXT A 70 GET (86, 86) - (114, 114), Z, G 80 PCLS 90 DRAW"BM 0,10;R10F5E2F8E6R7U4E 5F9R15D3F6E7D3F9G3F5E6F4E7U5F4E8 R9F5E6R10E8F10R12D4E5F7R8E6R6E9F 12R10U6F8R5": PAINT(1,1),,5 100 DRAW"BM 0,0; D9R5F8G4R6D6F5G6 D5F7G9D9R10F5G10D6R10F10G6F3G8D9 L4F5G2R8G10F6G3F9D8R4G5F8G10": PA INT(10, 190),,5 110 DRAW"BMO, 193; R20E9F3R8E6D5F3 E9F4R10E10F12R15U6E8F7R10E10DF4R 5F7R9D5E8F10E6R10F4E6U6F8E4R7F3E 7R10E6": FAINT(100, 190),,5 120 DRAW"BM 255, 135; L5U6L10E7H8U 6L7E3H7E10U5E4R3H5U6E3U8E5H7L5E8 U6R3H4E8U5": PAINT (250,50),,5 130 DRAW"BM 23,70; F8E3R5E5F3R3E3 F3D6E4R5F5E3D5E4R6D4E3F4E3R7F3E5 D6E3R8E3F5R4U3F3E5F3R7U3E3F4R5D4 E3F3R5E3D3F4E5R6D6H3G3D3L7H2G4D3 L8H5G2H2L5D2L3U2G4U4G3H4L8D3H3L4 D2H3G4L7H4G8H4L6U3G3L5H4G6U4L6U3

by Justin Lipton
16K ECB
GAME

GAME

G5H5L7G8H6L8D4H5": PAINT (48, 75), 321 FSET (A+28, B, 5)
5

140 A\$="E4F5E6D4F4G10R4G5H4L3E4H 5U5": DRAV"BM 222, 133; S3A3"+A\$: PA INT (222, 123), ,5: DRAV"BM 165, 140; S3A3"+A\$: PAINT (165, 130) . . 5: DRAW" BM 80, 145; S4A2"+A\$: PAINT (77, 145) 143 GOTO 400 145 FOR X= 10 TO 50 STEP 8:CIRCL E(X, 4), 4, 0, . 6: NEXT X 159 SC=1:TIMER=0 160 SCREEN 1,1: A=25: B=25 170 PUT (A, B) - (A+28, B+28), Z, PSET 180 H=JOYSTK(0): V=JOYSTK(1) 190 IF H=0 THEN A=A-3 200 IF H=63 THEN A=A+3 210 IF V=0 THEN B=B-3 220 IF V=63 THEN B=B+3 230 B=B+2 240 IF A>222 THEN PLAY"T2P4V15L1 604CEGL805CL1604AL405C": SC=SC+1: LINE(A, B)-(A+28, B+28), PRESET, BF: GOTO 160 250 IF PPOINT(A+14, B-1)=5 THEN 3 40 255 PSEI (A+14, B, 5) 260 IF PPOINT (A-1, B+14)=5 THEN 3 40 265 PSET (A, B+14,5) 270 IF PPOINT(A+14, B+29)=5 THEN 340 275 FSET (A+14, B+28,5) 280 IF PPOINT(A+29, B+14)=5 THEN 340 285 PSET (A+28, B+14,5) 290 IF FPOINT(A-1, B-1)=5 THEN 34 295 PSET (A.B.5) 300 IF PPOINT(A+29, B+29)=5 THEN 340 305 PSET (A+28, B+28,5) 310 IF FPOINT(A-1, B+29)=5 THEN 3 40 315 PSET (A, B+28, 5)

320 IF PFOINT(A+29, E-1)=5 THEN 3

40

325 IF SC>1 AND OF=0 THENLINE(10 0.38)-(103,75), PSET, BF: LINE(197, 90)-(220,93), FSET, BF: LINE(230,14 0)-(233,170), FSET, EF 326 IF SC>1 AND RND(SC+1)=1 TH EN OF=1: LINE(100,38)-(103,75),P RESET, PF: LINE (197, 90) - (220, 93), P RESET, BF: LINE(230, 140)-(233, 170) , FRESET, BF: ELSE OF=0 330 GOTO 170 340 MN=MN-1: SOUND 1, 1: FOR F=1TO 10: SCREEN 1, 0: FOR T=1 TO 50: NEXT T: SCREEN 1, 1: FOR T=1 TO 50: NEXT T: NEXT F: LINE (A, B) - (A+28, B+28), PRESET, BF 360 PLAY"T2L2001V31BV28AV24GV20F V16DV10C#V5C" 365 CIRCLE(PM, 4), 4.5, .6: PM=FM+8 370 IF MN=0 THEN RS=1: SO=INT(TI MER/10) *SC: IF SO>HS THEN HS=SO: L INE(A, B)-(A+28, B+28), PRESET, BF: G OTO 400 375 1F RS=1 THEN GOTO 400 380 GOTO 160 400 CLSRND(7)+1: FOR A=0 TO 31: E= RND(9)-1:SET(63-A, 0, B):SET(A, 0, B): SET (0, A, B): SET (63-A, 31, B): SET (63, A, B): SET (A, 31, B): SET (63-A, 31, B): NEXT A 410 PRINT @ 108,"UFO MAZE"; : PRIN T @ 168,"LAST SCORE "SO; : PRINT @ 200, "HIGH SCORE "HS; 420 FRINT @ 327,"PRESS FIRE TO B EGIN"; 425 RS=0 426 LINE(100, 38)-(103, 75), PRESET , BF: LINE(197, 90) - (220, 93), PRESET , BF: LINE (230, 140) - (233, 170), PRES FT. PF 430 IF PEEK (65280) = 254 OR PEEK (6 5280)=126 THEN MN=6: PM=10: GOTO 145: ELSE 430

, J. D.



SHOPPIG 630 GR=0: GOTO210 700 'BACK SCREEN 710 GS=GS-13 720 IR GSCOTHENGS LIST

by Grahame Pollock 16K ECB

The Listing:

LAST. I've done it! I've finally been able to con--vince Sandra (my wife) that this bucket of wires silicon is worth something. And it was THIS program that did it! She has now given me a firm promise not to try to throw my CoCo out of the window anymore. (The only thing that saved it last time was that it was still plugged

You've probably seen a few shopping list type programs before, but this one is different. We use it every week to make up our grocery list, because it's so easy to select items and update prices. One of the most boring tasks in our household every week was the one of writing out the grocery list. Now with the help of CoCo the task has become much easier and a good deal less boring.

All of your possible grocery items are displayed on screen. To select the items for your list, you simply use the up and down arrow keys until your cursar is positioned in front of the item you want. You then select the number of these items that you want and then go on to select further items. Only those items with numbers other than "0" in front of them will be printed on the final list.

At any point in your list, you may wish to: -

- insert a new item
- edit an existing item
- alter the price

Once you have finished selecting your groceries, you should press "M" to return to the main menu. From there you can print out your list or save your entire file to tape (3 times).

If you want a separate list for vegetables, then you must add them after a dummy item called "VEGES".

If you want to CSAVE this program then just break and type GOTO 3 and it will be CSAVED 3 times.

Here's hoping that SHOPPING LIST will save YOUR CoCo from being thrown out the window.

```
O PMODEO: PCLEAR1
1 CLEAR2500: IT=500
2 GOTO10
3 FORSV=1TO3: FORT=1TO3000: NEXTT:
CSAVE"SHOPLIST": PRINTSV: NEXTSV: E
10 DIMN(IT), IT$(IT), P(IT)
20 CLS: PRINT"SHOPPING LIST BY G.
POLLOCK 1986"
30 PRINT: PRINT"1. GROCERIES"
50 PRINT: PRINT"2. LOAD FILE"
60 PRINT: PRINT"3. SAVE FILE"
70 PRINT: PRINT"4. PRINT LIST"
80 IS=INKEYS: IF IS=""THEN80
90 I=VAL (I$)
100 ON I GOTO 200, 1800, 1500, 2000
110 GOTO20
150 IFP=INT(P)THEN190
160 PR$=STR$ (P-INT (P))
170 IF LEN(PR$) <3THEN PR$=PR$+"0
": GOTO170
180 P$=STR$(INT(P))+PR$
190 RETURN
200 ' GROCERY LIST
210 CLS: PRINT"eDIT, pRICE, mENU, iN
SERT, dELETE, ARROWS, NUMBERS"
220 FOR G =GS TO GS+12
225 PRINTN(G); IT$(G);
227 PRINTTAB(12)"";
230 PRINTUSING"$$##. ##"; P(G)
245 NEXTG
250 PN=(GR*32)+64
260 PRINT@PN, CHR$ (128);
270 1$= INKEY$
280 IFI$="E"THEN400
290 IFI$="P"THEN500
330 IFI$="N"THEN20
340 IFI$="I"THEN800
```

350 IFI\$="D"THEN900

395 1F1\$=""THEN270

LSE270

400 'EDIT

440 GOTO520

530 GOTO210

610 GS=GS+13

500 'PRICE INPUT

600 'NEXT SCREEN

1: POKE341, 255: GOTO1000

1: POKE342,255: GOTO1100

410 PRINT" ":: INPUTIMS

510 PRINT" "; IT\$ (GS+GR);

430 [T\$ (GS+GR)=LEFT\$ (IM\$, 18)

620 IF GS>1T-13THENGS=IT-13

360 IFPEEK (341) = 247THENSOUND100,

370 IFPEEK (342)=247THENSOUND100,

397 IFI\$ <= "9" ANDI\$ >= "0" THEN1400E

520 PRINT@PN+21,"";: INPUT" \$";P(

```
720 IF GS<OTHENGS=0
730 GR=12: GOTO210
800 'INSERT
810 IF GM+1=IT THEN210
820 FOR I=GM TO GS+GR STEP-1
830 IT$(I+1)=IT$(I):P(I+1)=P(I):
840 NEXTI
850 GM=GM+1
860 GOTO400
900 'DELETE
910 FOR I=GS+GR TO GM
920 IT$(I)=IT$(I+1):P(I)=P(I+1):
N(I)=N(I+1)
930 NEXTI
940 GM=GM-1
950 GOTO210
 1000 'UP
 1010 IFGR<=OTHEN700
 1020 GR=GR-1: PRINTCHR$ (8); : GOTO2
 50
 1100 ' DOWN
 1110 IFGR>GM+1THEN210
 1115 IF GR >12 THEN 600
 1120 GR=GR+1: PRINTCHR$ (8):: GOTO2
 50
 1400 '# OF ITEMS
 1410 I2$= I$: : PRINTI$;
 1420 IS=INKEYS: IFIS=""THEN1420
 1430 IFI$>"9"THENN (GS+GR)=VAL (I2
 $):GOTO250
 1440 I3$=I2$+I$
 1445 PRINTIS;
 1450 N(GS+GR)=VAL(I3$):GOTO250
 1500 'SAVE
 1510 CLS: INPUT"PRESS RECORD AND
 ENTER"; ENS
 1515 FORSV=1T03: FORT=1T03000: NEX
 TT
 1520 OPEN"O", #-1, "LIST"
 1530 FORJ=OTOGM
 1540 PRINT#-1, IT$(J), P(J)
1550 NEXTJ
 1560 CLOSE#-1
 1565 PRINTSV: NEXTSV
1570 GOTO20
1800 CLS: PRINT"PRESS PLAY": 'LOAD
1810 OPEN" I", #-1, "LIST"
1820 J=0
 1830 IF EOF (-1) THEN 1860
 1840 INPUT#-1, IT$(J), P(J)
 1850 J=J+1: GOTO1830
 1860 CLOSE#-1:GM=J
  1870 GOTO200
 2000 'PRINTOUT
  2005 TP=0
  2010 FORJ=OTOGM
  2025 IF IT$(J)="VEGES"THEN PRINT
  #-2, "": PRINT#-2, "TOTAL=$"; TP: PRI
  NT#-2," VEGES": TP=0
  2027 IFN(J)=0THEN2080
  2030 PRINT#-2, N(J); IT$(J);
  2040 PRINT#-2, TAB(12)"";
  2050 PRINT#-2, USING"$$##. ##"; (N(
  J)*P(J))
  2060 TP=TP+N(J)*P(J)
  2080 NEXTJ
  2085 PRINT#-2,"TOTAL=$"; TP
  2090 GOTO20
  BoB.
```

FUEL SO TO

by Allan Thompson

16K ECB

UTILITY

UELECON IS A program made to measure the economy of your car. When RUN, you will be presented with a menu (after being shown the credits). Pressing 1 or 2 will show how your economic your car is. If you press 1 you will be working with Miles, and if you pressed 2 you will be working with kilometers.

Lets say you want to work in kilometers. First enter how many kilometers you dare to go until your fuel gauge reads zero. Enter your response (usually 350 - 450k for an average car). It will then ask you how many litres your fuel tank can hold (usually 401 to 551, for an average car). After pressing ENTER, you will be asked how much petrol is per liter

(nowadays about 45.9 to 55.9, depending your area). Tadah! You are shown how many kilometers you travel in one litre, how much that one kilometer will cost you, and how much it will cost to go 'x' amount of kilometers.

Pressing 3 will ask you the same set of questions asked of you above. The difference is that it asks you the distance to be travelled, le how far do you want to travel. Enter your distance (in kilometers) and it will report on how much that trip will cost you.

All in all, a very interesting program. Have fun with it.

The Listing:

0 '55555555555555555555555555555 1 'S FUEL ECONOMY CALCULATOR \$ 2 '\$ & TRIP COSTING UTILITY \$ 3 '\$ BY ALLAN THOMPSON (C) APRIL 1986 5 '\$ 6 POKE359, 57: SCREENO, 1: CLS3: PRIN T@131, STRING\$ (27, "\$"); : PRINT@163 "\$"; : PRINT@189, "\$"; : PRINT@195," S": : PRINT@197. "FUEL ECONOMY CALC ULATOR"; : PRINT@221, "\$"; 7 PRINT@227, "\$"; : PRINT@230, "+TRI P COSTING UTILITY"; : PRINT@253,"\$ ";:PRINT@259, "\$";:PRINT@264, "BY ALLAN THOMPSON"; : PRINT@285, "\$"; 8 PRINT@291,"\$"; : PRINT@298,"29 A PRIL, 1986"; : PRINT@317, "\$"; : PRIN T@323,"\$"; : PRINT@349,"\$"; : PRINT@ 355, STRING\$ (27, "\$");: FORT=1T0500 0: NEXTT 9 CLS: GOTO20 10 KILL"FUELECON/BAS": SAVE"FUELE CON/BAS": END 20 X\$=STRING\$ (32,36) FUEL ECONOMY CALCULA 21 Y\$=" TOR 22 Z\$=" TRIP COSTING UTILIT 23 U=220: V=240: V=245 24 POKE359, 126: CLS: PRINT@35, STRI NG\$(26,"\$");:FORG=92TO444STEP32: PRINTEG, "\$"; : NEXTG: FORGG=67TO419 STEP32: PRINTOGG, "\$"; : NEXTGG: PRIN

T@451.STRING\$ (26,"\$");

25 GOSUB29: SOUNDV, 1: SOUNDV, 1: SOU

NDU, 1: PRINT@78, "MENU"; : PRINT@134 ,"<1> ECONOMY IN MPG";:PRINT@198 "(2) ECONOMY IN KM/L";:PRINT@26 2," <3> COSTING A TRIP"; : PRINT@32 6," <4> EXIT FROM PROGM"; : PRINT@3 95, "YOUR CHOICE"; 26 GOTO28 27 FORJ=1T015: POKE140, 240: EXEC43 345: NEXTJ: RETURN 28 1\$=1NKEY\$: IF 1\$="" THEN28 ELS EIF [\$="1" OR I\$="2" OR I\$="3" O R IS="4" THEN 31 ELSE 30 29 FORS=242TO239STEP-3: SOUNDS, 1: NEXTS: SOUND245, 1: RETURN 30 GOSUB27: GOTO5 31 IF 15="1"THEN35 32 IF 15="2"THEN42 33 IF 15="3"THEN62 34 IF I\$="4"THEN63 35 POKE359, 57: SCREENO, 1: SOUNDU, 1 :CLS: PRINT XS; : PRINT YS; : PRINT X \$; : PRINT: INPUT" ENTER KILOMETER S "; K: SOUNDV, 1:: INPUT" ENTER LI "; L: GOSUB29 TRES 36 X=1.609: Y=4.546 37 M=K/X: PRINT USING" ###. ##"; M ; : PRINT" MILES"; : PRINT: G=L/Y: PR INT USING" ##. ##"; G; : PRINT" G ALLONS"; : PRINT 38 MPG=M/G 39 PRINT USING " ##. ##"; MPG; : P RINT" MILES PER GALLON"; 40 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT X\$: PRINT: PR INT" PRESS (ENTER) TO CONTINUE 41 !F INKEY\$=""THEN41 ELSE24 42 POKE359, 57: SCREENO, 1: IF I\$="2 43 IF I\$="3" THEN45

44 SOUNDU, 1: CLS: PRINT X\$; : PRINT

Y\$; : PRINT X\$; : GOTO46 45 SOUNDU, 1: CLS: PRINT X\$; : PRINT Z\$;:SOUNDU, 1: PRINT X\$;:GOTO46 46 SOUNDU, 1: INPUT" ENTER KILOME TERS "; K: SOUNDV, 1:: INPUT" ENTER LITRES "; L: SOUNDV, 1: INPUT" ENTER CENTS/LITRE"; C: GOSUB29 47 KPL=K/L: CE=(L*C/K)/100: CX=L*C /K: KXL=(K*100)/L 48 PRINT USING" =##.###": KPL: : PRINT" KILOMETERS/LTR "; 49 PRINT USING" \$##.###" ; CE; : PRINT" PER KILOMETER"; 50 PRINT USING" \$##.### "; CX; : PRINT" PER 100 K/MRS"; 51 PRINT USING" "; KXL; : PRINT" KMS/100 LITRES"; 52 IF 1\$="3"THEN56 ELSE 53 53 PRINT" ";:PRINT X\$:PRINT PRESS (ENTER) TO CONTINUE 54 ES=INKEYS: IF ES="" THEN54 ELS 55 IF E\$=CHR\$ (13) THEN 24 ENTER DISTANCE T 56 INPUT" O BE TRAVELLED IN KILOMETERS "; KK: SOUNDU, 1: SOUND V, 1 57 L=KK/KPL: TR=L*C/100 \$##. ##"; TR; : P 58 PRINT USING" RINT" = COST FOR TRIP"; 59 PRINT" "; : PRINT X\$ 60 PRINT" PRESS <M>ENU" 61 M\$=INKEY\$: IF M\$="" THEN61 ELS E RETURN 62 GOSUB42: GOTO24 63 END 64 SAVE"100:3":END 300

OGRAMS	В	В		E	S
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by George Aftamonow

OU DON'T have to go to EPCOT in Disney World to enjoy playing games on their computers. 'NIBBLES and BITS' will d 1's. the same thing. will test your memory of 0's and 1's.

A grid of sixteen 0's and 1's will appear on the screen for you to memorize. The screen will then clear.

The Listing:

- 0 '***** NIBBLES & BITS ****** * ***** GEORGE AFTERMONOW ****
- 2 LAS="R2HU2E5R2F2NG3D2G3NU2GNL3 BR3NH2R3"
- 4 LES="R5EHU3E3R3D4NL6BD4NL4R3"
- 6 LI\$="R4E8BE2NEBG2G4D2F2R4"
- 8 LG\$="RE2NF2U3E3R5D4NG4D6G7L2HU E6R6"
- 10 LM\$="E2U2E2U2R4D2G2D2G2BR4E2U 2E2U2NL4R4D2G2D2GFR5"
- 12 LNS="RE2U2E2U2R4D2G2D2G2BR4E2 U2E2U2NL4BD8R2"
- 14 LOS="R2E2NF2U3E3R2NR3D3FR2NU4
- DG3NL3BR5" 15 LP\$="R2NE9BD7E2UE2UE2NFU3EUEU
- R4FD6G2NL4R3"
- 16 LR\$="R3E2U3E3R4FD2G2DF2R4"
- 17 LS\$="R2E8NEDFRFD2G3H2EBF3NLR2
- 18 LZ\$="BU8BR4R8NG8BD4NL4D6G6L2H
- 20 LC\$="R3E3U2E3R3FDEG6BUNU2FR6" 22 LH\$="R3E5U2NR5UE5BD6FD3G3R5"
- 24 LB\$="R3E3NF3E2U2NR5UE5BD6FD4G 2NL3R3"
- 26 LYS="R3E3NF3U2E3BR6G3D3G2NLD2 G2D2G2L3U3E3R2E2R4"
- 28 LF\$="NR2BD5E3U3NGUNF2UNRU3E4R 3DG6NLBD3NL3R5"
- 30 LT\$="RZENFE2UZEUZNL2NR4NE3BD8 NL2R2"
- 32 LV\$="R3NR6U2E2U2E2BR6G2D2G2D2 R6U2E2U2E2R2BD8"
- 34 LL\$="R3E8U3E3L4G3D9F2R3"
- 36 PMODES, 1: SCREEN1, 1: PCLS1
- 38 CN\$="R4NE5U3NE5L4ND3E8R4D5E5R 4ND3G8ND3L4NU5D3R4NE8BR8"
- 40 CIS="NU3R4U3L4E8R4NG8D3G8BR8"
- 42 CB\$="NU3R11U3NE4L11E8R8ND3G4N R3BHE2L3ND2G2R3BDDGL5E2ND2R4BR4N ED3G4BR8"
- 44 CL\$="NU3R10U3L10E8R3ND3G6R3NE 3R4NG2D3G2BR6"
- 46 CES="NU3R11U3L11E8R9ND3G2D3NE 2L4NDU2L3ENR6BD3NE2L3GR4NUR4NG2D 3G2BR8"

16KECB

GAME

It's now time to test yourself. A question mark will appear on the grid. Simply press "0" or "1", whichever was in the original grid.

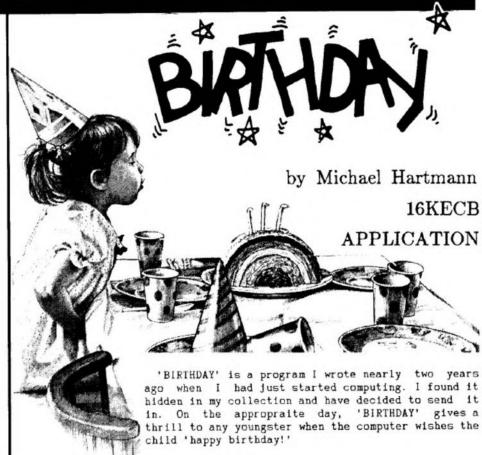
When the grid is completed, the computer will show you the correct answer, along with your score. If you got it all right, you will advance to another grid. If any of your answers were wrong, they will be shown in red.

48 CT\$="BR6NU3R3U3NE6L3E3NLE3L4N D3E2R11NG2D3G2U3L4D3NR4G6BR14"

- 50 CS\$="NU3R10U3NE3L10E2R3NU3R3E 2L4HE3R9ND3G2L6GR3F2R2NU3NE2L2D3
- 52 AD\$="NU2R3U2L3ENE2L2U2NR4E2R4 E2R3ND2G2R4ND2G2NL4D2NE2L4NG3U2G
- 53 PCLS4
- 54 DRAW"BM4, 40S8C3"+CM\$+CI\$
- 56 DRAW CB\$+CB\$
- 58 DRAW CL\$+CE\$
- 60 DRAW CS\$
- 62 DRAW"BM100,70"+AD\$
- 64 DRAW"BM40, 100" +CB\$+CI\$
- 66 DRAW CT\$+CS\$
- 68 PAINT (10, 10), 2, 3
- 70 DRAW"BM100, 130S4C1; XLB\$; XLY\$;
- 72 DRAW" BM20, 150; XLG\$; XLE\$; XLO\$; XLRS; XLGS; XLES; "
- 74 DRAW"BM130, 150E3NL4NR4U3"
- 76 DRAW" BM150, 150; XLE\$; XLL\$; XLL\$; XLES; XLNS;"
- 78 DRAW"BM60, 180; XLA\$; XLF\$; XLT\$;
- XLAS; XLMS; XLOS; XLNS; XLOS; XLWS;" 80 NN\$="NR4HR4U5HUHUHU2NG2H4E4D2
- G2DF2NDU7EU2EUE2URER4FRDF2DFD2F5 G4NF2UE2UH2NU2D8GDGDGD5R4GL4U4LF
- L4HLND4BU9F2R4E2BH4NDU2BE2NR2BL4 GHENEBHR3BR2R3"
- 82 PLAY"T302L8DDL4C+DF+DF+AL2AL1 G"
- 84 BB\$="HUENRDR2NHFR2EU21RENEL2U L3UE3UR5NFERF5G6D2E7UH6LGDBG2GHE NFBR4D27FR2ENER2UNLFDGL7H2NU5G2L
- 86 QMs="NRURNDBU2LU3EREU2HL2GLUE R3F2D2G2D3"
- 88 COLOR3, 2: PCLS2: SCREEN1, 0: DRAW "BM50, 120S8"+NM\$
- 90 DRAW"BM150, 120"+BB\$
- 92 FORZ=1TO3
- 94 DRAW"BM165,50C3"+QM\$: PLAY"T15 004GA"
- 95 PAINT (166, 88), 3
- 96 FORQ=1T0100: NEXTQ
- 98 DRAW"BM165,50C2"+QM\$: DRAW"BM7 5, 78C2FEHG": FORQ=1T0300: NEXTQ

- 99 DRAW"BN75, 78C3FEHG": NEXTZ
- 100 DIMA(16), B(16), Q\$(16)
- 101 X=RND(-TIMER)
- 102 GOSUB1250
- 105 AOS="BR12BD11BRR3FD6GL3HU6EB DR3D6L3U6BHBL12BU11": A1\$="BR13BD
- 11BRR2D7FL4EU6LEBL14BU11": Q\$="BR 12BD9BRR3F2D2G2LD3NLBD2GBU3U3ERE
- U2HL2GLUEBL13BU9"
- 110 FORX=1TO16
- 120 B=RND(2)-1: A(X)=B: NEXTX
- 140 GOSUB1000: GOSUB1100
- 150 DRAW"BM25, 30S4XLM\$; XLE\$; XLM\$; XLO\$; XLR\$; XLI\$; XLZ\$; XLE\$; BM+15,
- OXLNS; XLOS; XLWS;"
- 160 FORT=1TO3000: NEXTT
- 170 GOSUB1000: DRAW" BN37, 20XLC\$; X
- LH\$; XLO\$; XLO\$; XLS\$; XLE\$; BM+5,-19 XAO\$; BM+35, +19XLO\$; XLR\$; BM+4,-19
- XA15:"
- 390 FORZ=1T016
- 400 X=RND(16)
- 410 IF B(X)=1 THEN400ELSE B(X)=1
- 420 ON X GOTO430,440,450,460,470 ,480,490,500,510,520,530,540,550
- ,560,570,580
- 430 DRAW'BM60,60C2"+Q\$:GOTO600
- 440 DRAW"BM90, 60C2"+Q\$: GOTO600 450 DRAY"BM120,60C2"+Q\$:GOTO500
- 460 DRAW"BM150,60C2"+Q\$:GOTO600
- 470 DRAW"BM60,90C2"+Q\$:GOTO600
- 480 DRAW"BM90,90C2"+Q\$:GOTO600 490 DRAW" BM120, 90C2" +Q\$: GOTO600
- 500 DRAW"BM150,90C2"+Q\$:GOTO600 510 DRAW"BM60, 120C2"+Q\$:GOTO600
- 520 DRAW'BM90, 120C2"+Q\$: GOTO600
- 530 DRAW"BM120, 120C2"+Q\$: GOTO600
- 540 DRAW'BM150, 120C2"+Q\$: GOTO600
- 550 DRAW"BM60, 150C2"+Q\$: GOTO600
- 560 DRAW'BM90, 150C2"+Q\$: GOTO600
- 570 DRAW"BM120, 150C2"+Q\$: GOTO600
- 580 DRAW"BM150, 150C2"+Q\$: GOTO600
- 600 A\$=INKEY\$: IFA\$=" "THEN600
- 610 IFA\$="0" OR A\$="1" THEN620EL
- 620 DRAW"C1"+Q\$
- 630 IFAS="O"THENDRAW"C4"+AOS ELS EDRAV"C4"+A1\$
- 640 IF VAL(A\$)=A(X) THENC=C+1:Q\$





RD7NDRDC3BEHU6HLBD9BR6": NB\$(2)="
C2NU3RNU4RNU4RNURNURNURUBU2BLNU5
LNULNULUBU3NLNURNURNURUFD3C3BRU3
H2L2BD9BR7"

1251 'NB\$(2)="C2NRU3ED4R5ULNDLND LNDLNDNL2UNL2UNL2NR3UNLRNDRNDED2 ENLUNLUNLUNLHND2LNLUNRLNG2DNLRBU 2C3RF2D4BD2NL4D2BR3"

1252 NB\$(3)="C2NU2RNURNURNURNUZE NU3EUHNL2UEUHND3LND2LNDLNDNG2C3B ER2F2DGDFDBD2BR3"

1256 NB\$(7)="C2BRNRU3END4END2UND 2END2NULNULNULNULNULUR6D2C3BRNG3 U2HL4BD9BR8"

1257 NB\$(8)="C2NU4RNU8RNU8RNURNU 8RNU8RU3NUL3U2BU2UC3BHR3FD3FD3BD BB3"

U8EU3NU3L2NDLNDLNDLNU4DHU3ERNDRN DRNDRFC3BRND6H2L4BD9BR9" 1259 NB\$(0)="C2BUNU6FNU8RNU8RNUR

NASURE OD = CSRONOGLINGEN OR WAS UN SENDENCE OF CSRONOGLINGEN OF WAS UNDER STREET OF THE SENDENCE OF THE SENDE

1280 RETURN

300

The Listing:

0 '****************** 1 '****** BIRTHDAY ******** '**** BY M. J. HARTMANN ***** 3 '****** MOUNT VIEV ******* '****** GUYRA NSW ******** 5 '******************* GOTO10 7 SAVE"BIRTHDAY: 3": END 8 I\$=INKEY\$: IFI\$=""THEN8 10 CLS 20 PRINT@106,"HELLO THERE!! 25 PRINT@137,"MY NAME IS COCO." 30 PRINT" AND WHAT MIGHT YOUR NAME BE": LINEINPUT NS 40 PRINT" GREETINGS "; NS 50 PRINT: PRINTNS;", WHAT IS TODA Y'S DATE?": LINEINPUT DT\$ 60 PRINT: PRINT" WELL "; NS; ", YOU K NOW WHAT THAT MEANS" 65 FOR X=1 TO 2000: NEXTX 70 ' 80 ' <<<= HAPPY BIRTHDAY =>>> 90 . 100 CLS(3): PRINT@128," HAPP Y BIRTHDAY TO YOU" 110 PLAY "T801GGAGO2CO1B" HAPPY BIRTH 120 PRINT@192," DAY TO YOU" 130 PLAY "O1GGAGO2DC" 140 PRINT@256." HAPPY BIRTHDAY DEAR "; NS 150 PLAY "O1GGO2GECO2BA" HAPPY BIRTH 160 PRINT@320," DAY TO YOU" 170 PLAY "OSFFECDC" 190 CLSO: GOTO190

, J. D.

1250 NB\$(1)="C2NR4URNDU6NULERND8

PRINTER GRAPHICS

by Mal McLauchlan 16K ECB + DMP PRINTER

■VER SINCE I purchased my DMP-200 printer I have been experimenting with various ways of getting the maximum use from my investment. For example, I've used it to print out notices for various functions, to be programmes photo-copied and handed out at the door.

To make such handouts look attractive, a few fancy borders work wonders. People tend to say "However did they do this!" A few of my creations were printed in "Australian CoCo", June '86, but this time I'll give more detail on how to design such In the process you will learn a whole lot more about the capabilities of your dot matrix printer. What I have to say applies directly to most of Tandy's DMP series, and in part to all dot matrix machines.

You will probably know that anything we print out is made up of tiny dots (you can see them clearly with a magnifying glass). The DMP-200 is capable of printing up to 7 dots in a vertical line (called a dot column). So that just the dots required can be specified in a programme, a numbering system is used, as follows:-

- If the printer is required to print just one
- dot, at the top of the row, the printer is told "FRINT#-2, CHR\$(129)". Confusing? Not
- really, if we remember that the dot number
- must be added to 128, so 128+1=129. We can't
- use CHR\$ numbers under 128, because we'd be
- specifying letters of the alphabet etc. (e.g. CHR\$(65) is A. So for printer graphics, CHR\$(128) to CHR\$(255) are used. OK?

Now, one step further. If we want just the second from the top dot printed, we specify CHR\$(130) because 130=128+2.

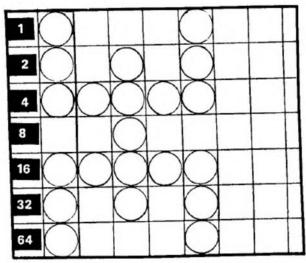
What if we want both the two top dots printed to make a tiny vertical bar? We add 1 and 2, then add 128 to make CHR\$(131). Now a giant leap - what if we want a full vertical bar of 7 dots? You're right. Add 1+2+4+8+16+32+64. This gives 127, which when added to 128 gives the magical number in computer Hence PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (255) gives a graphics -255. vertical bar 7 dots long. What will CHR\$(128) give us? You've guessed it - as 128= 128+0 then we get nothing except a vertical space (good for putting spaces between patterns).

If you have understood the above, you will have no difficulty in making up patterns on squared paper and programming them into CoCo (or your Telewriter -64 output). Following is an example of one pattern

I made recently:-

第一等等的表面的思想的思想的思想的思想的基礎的思想的思想的思想的思想的思想的思想的思想的思想的基础的基础是要需要的概要等

This is what it looked like on squared paper:-



first dot column is 128+1+2+4+16+32+64 i.e. CHR\$(247). If you work out each of the remaining columns you have the program line

PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (247); CHR\$ (148); CHR\$ (190);

CHR\$(148); CHR\$(247); CHR\$(128);

But before we put it to printer we have a few more

things to do.

Firstly, the printer must be in the graphics mode and so the programme includes CHR\$(18). I've added the code for elongated print, for clarity of reproduction in the magazine. Then, do we want just one pattern or a row of them across the page? I've used just enough to nicely fill a 64- character

Here is the program I came up with to print out 4 lines of patterns. You can 'invent' some more good patterns, I'm sure.

The Listing:

1 '**** PRINTER GRAPHICS ****** 2 '***** MAL MCLAUCHLAN ******

3 SAVE"106:3": END

10 '***DMP FANCY BORDERS FOR MOS T TANDY PRINTERS - CHANGE CODES

FOR SOME OTHER MACHINES****** 20 '*BY MAL MCLAUCHLAN, 11 HUNTE RST. BOONAH, QLD 4310 USING THE PRINCIPLES MENTIONED IN THE DM P-200 MANUAL************* 30 FR1NT#-2, CHR\$ (18); CHR\$ (27); CH

40 FOR RPT=1 TO 80: PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (213); CHR\$ (170); CHR\$ (213); CHR\$ (1 70); CHR\$ (213); CHR\$ (170); : NEXT RP

T: GOSUB 100

50 FOR RPT=1 TO 80: PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (247); CHR\$(148); CHR\$(190); CHR\$(1 48); CHR\$ (247); CHR\$ (128); : NEXT RP

60 FOR RPT=1 TO 60: PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (136); CHR\$ (148); CHR\$ (162); CHR\$ (2 21); CHR\$ (221); CHR\$ (162); CHR\$ (148); CHR\$ (136); : NEXT RFT: GOSUB 100 70 FOR RPT=1 TO 60: PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (201); CHR\$ (213); CHR\$ (227); CHR\$ (2 21); CHR\$ (221); CHR\$ (227); CHR\$ (213); CHR\$ (201); : NEXT RPT: GOSUB 100

80 END 90 '**GOSUB TO PUT SPACE BETWEEN EACH LINE OF GRAPHICS FOLLOWS: -********** 100 FOR RPT=1 TO 6: PRINT#-2: NEXT RFI: RETURN continued on page 56

kiDs SoNgs

by Mal McLauchlan

COLOURFUL introduces the littlies to bright singable nine tunes, well known in most classrooms. Just press a number and ENTER for a tiny singalong.



The Listing:

o GOTO10

1 '****** KIDSONGS ********* 2 ***** MAL MCLAUCHLAN ****** 3 SAVE"106A: 3": END 10 '***NINE FAVOURITE SONGS FOR LITTLIES - JUST SELECT AND PLAY 20 '*******SET TO COCO BY****** *MAL MCLAUCHLAN, 11 HUNTER STREET , BOONAH. Q. 4310*********** 30 CLS: FOR P=0 TO 509 STEP 5: PRI NTCHR\$ (255); CHR\$ (239) + CHR\$ (159) + CHR\$ (175) + CHR\$ (191); : NEXT P 40 PRINT@4,"NINE GREAT KID'S SON 50 PRINT@68,"1.A HOLE IN MY BUCK

60 PRINT@100,"2. THE MUFFIN MAN ";;:PRINT@132,"3.LONDON'S ";:PRINT@164,"4.T RURNING ";:PRINT@1 HIS OLD MAN 96,"5. DOWN BY THE STATION 70 PRINT@228,"6. DING DONG BELL

";:PRINT@260,"7. IN AND OU T THE WINDOW ";

80 PRINT@292,"8.LOOBY LOO ";:PRINT@324,"9.POLLY PUT

THE KETTLE ON";

100 C=RND(7)+1 110 ON X GOTO 120,150,180,210,24 0,270,300,330,360 120 CLS(C): PRINT@227, "THERE'S A HOLE IN MY BUCKET"; 130 FOR RPT=1 TO 2: PLAY" T503L8GA L4BDDEGDEGDEGL8GAL4BDDEGDEGF#L2G ": NEXT RPT 140 GOTO 30 150 CLS(C):PRINT@ 232,"THE MUFFI N MAN";

90 PRINT@419, "WHICH NUMBER DO YO

U WANT?";: INPUT X

160 PLAY"T203L8.CFL8.FL16GL8AFL8

. FL16EL8DGL8. GL16FL8ECL8. CL16CL8 CFL8.FL16GL8AFL8.FL16EL8DGFEL4.F P16L8CL8CCL8. CL16B-L8AFL8. FL16EL 8DGL8.GL16FL8ECL8.CO4L16CL8CCL8. CO3L16B-L8AFL8.FL16EL8DGFEL2F 170 GOTO 30

180 CLS(C): PRINT@232, "LONDON'S B URNING";

190 PLAY" T303L8CCL4FFL8CCL4FFL8G GL4AAL8GGL4AAO4CL2CL4CL2CL8CO3E-L4AAO4L8CO3B-L4AAL8CCL4FFL8CCL4F L2F

200 0010 30

16K ECB

210 CLS(C): PRINT@234, "THIS OLD M AN":

220 PLAY"T503L4C02AL203CL4C02A03 L2CL4DCO2B-AGAL2B-O3L4CO2FL8FFL4 FL8FGAB-03L2CL4C02GGB-AGL2F

230 GOTO 30

240 CLS(C): PRINT@230," DOWN BY TH E STATION";

250 PLAY"T303L4FL8.FL16GL4AAL8.G L16FL8.GL16AL4FCL8.FL16FL8.FL16G L8. AL16AL4AGL8. GL16AL2FL8. FL16FL 8. FL16GL4AAL8. GL16FL8. GL16AL4FCO 3L4FF04FF03GAF

260 GOTO 30

270 CLS(C): PRINT@232, "DING DONG

BELL":

280 PLAY"T303L4FCL2FL8AB-GAL2FL4 FL8CCL2FL8AB-GAL2FL4AL8AB-O4L2CL 8DCO3B-04L4CO3L8AAGAB-04L4CL8DCO 3B-04DL4CO3FL8FEFGL4AGL8AGAB-04L 4CL8DCO3B-L4AGL2F

290 GOTO 30

300 CLS(C): PRINT@229," IN AND OUT THE WINDOWS";

310 FOR RPT=1 TO 2: PLAY" T303L8EE L8. DL16CO2L8BO3L4. DL8FFL8. EL16DL 8CL4.EL8GGO4L8.CO3L16BL8BL4AL8AG GFDL2C": NEXT RPT

320 GOTO 30

330 CLS(C): PRINT@234, "LOOBY LOO"

340 PLAY"T303L8FFFL4AL8F04L2CP16 O3L8FFFL4AL8FL2GL8FFFL4AL8FO4L2C P16L8CDCO3B-AGL2F

350 GOTO 30

360 CLS(C): PRINT@228, "POLLY PUT

THE KETTLE ON";

370 PLAY"T3O4L8CDCO3B-AFL4FP96L8 GAGFECL4CP96O4L8CDCO3B-AFFAL4DL8 .EL16EL2FL8AFB-GAFL4P96FP96L8B-D GFECL4CL8AFB-GAFFAL4DL8EEL2F 380 GOTO 30

300

123 IF LEFTS (B\$ (V), C) = C\$ THEN PR

INT V; B\$ (V)

124 NEXT

125 LINE INPUT"PRESS (ENTER) TO

CONTINUE"; H\$

126 FLAY"T12805AAB"

127 GOTO11

128 CLS

129 LINEINPUT"INPUT THE STRING Y

OU ARE LOOKINGFOR."; T\$

130 PLAY" DACDEAD"

131 CLS

132 PRINT"DATA:"

133 FOR Y=0TO X

134 F= INSTR(B\$(Y), T\$)

135 IF F=OTHEN NEXT: GOTO138

136 PRINT Y; B\$ (Y)

137 NEXT

138 PRINT: LINEINPUT" FRESS (ENTER

> TO CONTINUE"; ZXS

139 PLAY"CADEACD"

140 GOTOI1

141 OS=1NKEYS

142 15=""

143 IF OS="" THEN141

144 IF OS=CHRS(32) THEN RETURN

145 GOTO 141

146 CLS

147 FOR J=X TO2STEP-1

148 R\$=B\$(1):F=1

149 FOR L=2TO J

150 IF B\$(L)>R\$THEN R\$=B\$(L):F=L

151 NEXT: B\$ (F) = B\$ (J): B\$ (J) = R\$

152 NEXI

153 PRINT"DATA:"

154 FOR T=1TO X

155 PRINT T; B\$ (T)

156 NEXT

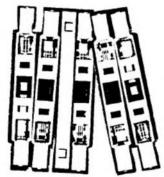
157 PRINT: LINEINPUT" PRESS (ENTER

> TO CONTINUE"; S\$

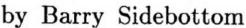
158 PLAY" DAECDAG"

159 GOTO 11

30B



taßetat





32K ECB

UTILITY

HIS PROGRAM is a very straight forward Database for a cassette collection (audio). I know I could have used any of the miriad commercial types on the market but it's more fun doing your own, (and besides, customised versions do the particular job better).

There's not much to explain as it's self prompting, provided your cassettes are in the same format as mine ie. numbered I onward & categorised sides A & B. The program allows you to enter the titles & artists names. You can then search, view or goto a particular number.

A couple of notes on the menu selections:

- * The 'Toggle Auto' selection toggles auto on/off. Auto is used in 'Entering' and 'Viewing'
- * To change disk numbers go to 'Disk Dir' enter the number and respond no to dir.
- * To change the page length go to 'Printer' enter the page length and respond no to printout.
- * When viewing
 the files if the auto is 'on' the computer will wait
 a few seconds then continue. If auto is 'off' you
 will be prompted to continue.
- * In entering section if auto is 'on' the computer will assign the entry the next number, with auto 'off' you will be prompted. When entering side B a response of (ENTER) will copy the Title/Artist from side A
- * the printout uses a couple of printer control codes for my AMUST 80DT to set page length and page to TOF. Change these accordingly.

That's about it, Hope you can use it.

The Listing:

- *********** * * TAPECAT(ALOGUE) * 3 ' * BY 4 ' * BARRY SIDEBOTTOM * 5 ' ************** VERSION 2.0 * * . * 1986 (C) 8 ' ************* 10 CLS: FRINT@8, "TAPECAT (ALOGUE)" 15 FOR X=1TO5: PRINT@8, "tapecat"; :SOUND200, 1: PRINT@8, "TAPECAT"; :S OUND175, 1: NEXT 20 PRINT@46, "BY": PRINT@71, "BARRY SIDEBUTTON. ": PRINT@106, "VERSIO N 2.0": PRINT@139,"1986 (C)" 25 PRINT@225, "always ENSURE CORR ECT DISK IS INSERTED DURIN G USE !!" 30 Y=1232:FOR X=1231T01216STEP-1 : FOKE X, 179: POKE Y, 179: Y=Y+1: NEX T: POKE1216, 177: POKE1247, 178 35 Y=1279: FOR X=1248T01280STEF32 : POKE X, 181: POKE Y, 186: Y=Y+32: NE XT: FUKE1312, 180: FUKE1343, 184
- 40 Y=1342: FOR X=1313T01327: POKE X, 188: FOKE Y, 188: Y=Y-1: NEXT 45 CLEAR2000 50 MM\$(0)="off": MM\$(1)="on": DIM AA\$(10), TA\$(10), AB\$(10), TB\$(10): DRIVEO: PL=66 55 PRINT@356,"1. START NEW FILE. 60 PRINT@388,"2. ACCESS EXISTING FILE." 62 FOR X=1032T01046: PE=PEEK(X): P OKE X, PE-64: NEXT 65 PRINT@420, "dRIVE #:"DD; 70 PRINT@449, STRING\$ (6, 140); 75 PP=PEEK(1453): POKE1453, PP-64: POKE1380, 49: POKE1412, 50: FRINT@45 7,"SELECT 1 OR 2";:POKE1488,49:P OKE1493,50 80 PRINT@472, STRING\$ (6, 140): 85 SOUND205, 1: GOSUB455: IF 2\$="D" THEN DD=DD+1:GOTO90ELSE100 90 IF DD>3THEN DD=0 95 GOT065 100 ON Z GOTO370,110 105 GOT045
- 110 CLS: GOSUB115: SOUND205, 1: GOTO 130 115 PRINT@0, STRING\$(31," "): PRIN T@0, "FILE NAME ==> ";: SOUND205, 1 :LINEINPUT NF\$: IF LEN(NF\$) >8THEN 120ELSE125 120 PRINT@0, "TOO LONG !! ": SOUND30, 5: FOR X=1TO5 00: NEXT: PRINT@0, STRING\$ (20," "): GOT0115 125 IF NF\$=""THEN RETURN ELSE NM =0:FL\$=NF\$:RETURN 130 ' ** MAIN MENU 135 SC=0: AA\$="": AB\$="": TA\$="": TB \$ =" " 140 GOSUB610 145 FRINT@71,"** MAIN MENU **" 150 FRINT@133, "aDD MORE FILES." 155 PRINTO165, "VIEW CURRENT FILE S. " 160 PRINT@197," SEARCH FOR STRING . " 165 FRINT@229, "gOTO TAFE NUMBER 170 FRINT@261, "CHANGE FILE NAME. 175 PRINT@293,"dISK DRIVE/DIR. (";:DDs=MIDs(STRs(DD),2,1):PRINTD D\$;")" 180 PP=FEEK(1334): POKE1334, PP-64 185 PRINT@325,"tOGGLE AUTO. ("MM \$ (MM)")" 190 PRINT@357,"pRINTOUT. (";:PL\$ =MID\$(STR\$(PL),2,2):PRINTPL\$;")" 192 PE=PEEK(1392): POKE 1392, PE-6 4: PE=PEEK(1393): POKE 1393, PE-64 195 PRINT@389,"eND SESSION. (UFDA TE SYS.)" 200 PRINT@416, STRING\$ (32, 140); 205 SOUND205, 1: GOSUB455 210 IF Z\$="F"THEN940 215 IF Z\$="A"THEN465 220 IF Z\$="V"THEN255 225 IF Z\$="C"THEN640 230 IF Z\$="D"THEN655ELSE IF Z\$=" S"THEN1045 235 IF Z\$="G"THEN720 240 1F Z\$="T"THEN GOSUB840: GOTO1 30 245 IF Z\$="E"THEN GOTO247ELSE250 247 GOSUB810: PRINT@448, "SESSION ENDED. COLD START? (y/n)"; : SOUND 205, 1: GOSUB455: IF Z\$="Y"THEN249E LSE IF Z\$="N"THEN END ELSE247 249 POKE113, 0: EXEC40999

250 G010205

265 GOSUB610

260 CLS

255 ' ** VIEW FILES

270 PRINT@70,"** VIEW FILES **

"("(MM) &MM")" 275 PRINT@128,"ALL TAPES? (y/n)" 280 SOUND205.1:GOSUB455 285 IF Z\$="Y"THEN310ELSE IF Z\$=" N"THEN290ELSE280 290 PRINT@160,"START # :";:SOUND 205, 1: LINEINPUT SNS: IF SNS=""THE N CLS: GOTO130 295 SN=VAL(SN\$): IF SN<10R SN>NN THEN PRINT@160, "BETWEEN 1 -"NN:S OUND30,5:FOR X=1TO1000:NEXT:PRIN T@160,STRING\$(30," ");:GOTO290EL SE300 300 PRINT@192, "END # (a FOR ALL) ";:SOUND205,1:LINEINPUT ENS:IF E Nt=""THENPRINT@192, STRING\$ (30," "): GOTO290ELSE IF ENS="A"THEN EN =NN: GOTO315 305 EN=VAL(EN\$): IF EN<SN OR EN>N N THEN PRINT@192, "BETWEEN"SN"-"N N:SOUND30,5:FOR X=1T01000:NEXT:P RINT@192, STRING\$ (30," ");: GOTO30 OELSE315 310 SOUND205, 1: SN=1: EN=NN 315 FOR X=SN TO EN 320 GOSUB855 325 GOSUB880 330 IF MM=0THEN340ELSE SOUND205, 1: FOR Z=1T01500: NEXT 335 NEXT: GOTO355 340 FRINT@480," nEXT OR aBORT?"; 345 SOUND205, 1: GOSUB455

350 IF Z\$="N"THEN NEXT ELSE IF Z

485 PRINT@128, "SIDE a (END//) T O END." 490 PRINT@160, "artist:";: SOUND20 5.1: LINEINPUT AA\$ 495 IF AAS="END//"THEN CLS: GOSUB 810:GOTO130ELSE500 500 PRINT@192,"title :";:SOUND20 5.1: LINEINPUT TAS 505 PRINT@256, "SIDE b (ENTER) TO DUPLICATE." 510 PRINT@288, "artist:"; :SOUND20 5.1: LINEINPUT ABS 515 IF AB\$=""THEN 520ELSE530 520 AB\$=AA\$ 525 PRINT@295, AB\$ 530 PRINT@320, "title :"; : SOUND20 5,1:LINEINPUT TES 535 IF TB\$=""THEN TB\$=TA\$: PRINT@ 327, TB\$ 540 IF MM=1THEN570 545 PRINT: PRINT" aUTO OR mANUAL N UMBERING" 550 SOUND205,1:GOSUB455 555 IF Z\$="A"THEN570ELSE IF Z\$=" M"THEN560ELSE550 560 PRINT@448,"TAPE # :";:SOUND2 05.1:LINEINPUT TNS:TN=VAL(TNS):I F TN>NN+1THEN PRINT@480, "CAN'T B F GREATER THAN" NN+1; : SOUND30,5: F OR Z=1T01000: NEXT: PRINT@480, STRI NG\$ (30," ");:GOTO560ELSE565 565 X=TN 570 PRINT@480, "THIS WILL BE TAPE # :"X;:SOUND205,1

"THEN690ELSE IF Z\$="N"THEN PRINT 0448.STRING\$(30," ");:GOTO130ELS E635 690 CLS: PRINT"DISK CONTENTS" 695 SOUND205, 1: DIR 700 FRINT: PRINT"GRANS FREE ="FRE E(0): SOUND205, 1 705 FRINT@480," (any key) TO REIU RN"; 710 GOSUB455 715 CLS: GOTO130 720 * ** GOTO TAFE NUMBER 725 PRINT@448, "TAPE # :"; : SOUND2 05,1:LINEINPUT TNS: IF TNS=""THEN FRINT@448, STRING\$ (30," "); : GOTO 130ELSE TN=VAL(TN\$) 730 IF TN<10R TN>NN THEN735ELSE7 735 PRINT@448."BETVEEN 1 - "NN:S OUND30.5: FOR X=1TO1000: NEXT 740 PRINT@448, STRING\$ (30," "); : G 010725 745 X=TN: CLS: GOSUB610: GOSUB855: G OSUB880 750 PRINT@416, " (ENTER) TO RETURN TO MAIN MENU."; 755 FRINT@448,"TAPE # :"; : SOUND2 05,1:LINEINPUT TNS: IF TNS=""THEN CLS: GOTO130ELSE TN=VAL (TN\$) 760 IF TN<1OR TN>NN THEN765ELSE? 75 765 PRINT@448,"BETWEEN 1 - "NN:S OUND30,5: FOR X=1T01000: NEXT 770 PRINT@448, STRING\$ (30," "); : G



575 IF X=<NN THEN585ELSE580

355 FRINT@480," mORE OR aBORT?"; 360 SOUND205, 1: GOSUF455 365 IF Z\$="M"THEN255ELSE IF Z\$=" A"THEN CLS: GOTO130ELSE360 370 ' ** OPEN NEW FILE 375 CLS: PRINT"START NEW FILE." 330 PRINTSTRING\$ (32, 140); 385 FRINT@64,"FILE NAME (<=8): " ::LINEINFUT FLS 390 IF LEN(FL\$)>8THEN395ELSE405 395 FRINT'SORRY TOO LONG !!": SOU ND30,5:FOR X=1TO1500:NEXT 400 PRINT@81, STRING\$ (LEN (FL\$)." "): FRINTSTRING\$ (30," "): GOTO385 405 PRINT@17,"==> "FL\$ 410 PRINT@64, "OPENING SYSTEM FIL E .. STANDBY." 415 OFEN"D", #1, FL\$+"/SYS" 420 WRITE #1,0:FUT #1,1 425 CLOSE#1: SOUND205, 1 430 PRINTO64, "OPENING DATA FILE STANDBY." 435 OPEN"D", #1, FL\$ 440 CLOSE#1: SOUND205, 1 445 FOR X=1T01000: NEXT 450 CLS: GOTO130 455 ' ** Z\$="" 460 Z\$=INKEY\$: IF Z\$=""THEN455ELS E Z=VAL(Z\$): RETURN 465 ' ** INFUT NEW TAPES 470 CLS: GOSUB610 475 PRINT@66," ** INPUT NEW RECOR DS ** ("MM\$(MM)")" 430 X=NN+1: PRINT@27, NN;

580 NN=NN+1 585 OPEN"D", #1, FL\$ 590 WRITE #1, AA\$, TA\$, AB\$, TB\$ 595 PUT #1.X 600 CLOSE#1 605 AA\$="": AB\$="": TA\$="": TB\$="": GOT0465 610 ' ** ? CUPRENT FILE 615 PRINT@O, "CURRENT FILE => "FL 620 PRINT@32, STRING\$ (32, 140); 625 IF NM=OTHEN GOSUB780 630 PRINT@27, NN; 635 RETURN 640 ' **FROM LINE 190 TO CHANGE FILE NAME. 645 GOSUB810 650 GOSUB115: GOTO130 655 * ** DISK CONTENTS 660 PRINT@448,"DRIVE # : :: FRINT@457, ""; : SOUND205, 1: LINEI NPUT DDS 665 IF DD\$=""THEN PRINT@448, STRI NG1(30," ");:90T0130ELSE DD=VAL(DDA 670 IF DD<OOR DD>3THEN PRINT@448 "BEIWEEN 0 - 3"; : SOUND30, 5: FOR X=1T0500: NEXT: GOT0660 675 PRINT@310, DD\$; : PF=PEEK(1334) : POKE1334, PP-64: DRIVE DD 680 PRINT@448, "DIRECTORY? (y/n). 685 SOUND205, 1: GDSUB455: IF ZB="Y 775 GOT0745 780 ' ** GET SYSTEM NUMBER 785 OPEN"D", #1, FL\$+"/SYS" 790 GET #1,1 795 INPUT#1, NN 800 CLOSE#1 805 NM=1: RETURN 810 ' ** UPDATE CURRENT SYSTEM 815 OPEN"D", #1, FL\$+"/SYS" 320 WRITE #1, NN 825 PUT #1.1 830 CLOSE#1 835 RETURN 840 * ** TOGGLE MANUAL ON/OFF 845 IF MM=OTHEN MM=1ELSE IF MM=1 THEN MM=0 850 RETURN 855 ' ** ? TO SCREEN 860 OPEN"D", #1, FL\$ 865 GET #1, X: INPUT #1, AA\$, TA\$, AB \$. TP\$ 870 CLOSE#1 875 RETURN 880 PRINTO96, "SIDE a" 885 PRINT"a: "AA\$ 890 FRINT"t: "TAS 895 IF TB\$=TA\$THEN920 900 PRINT: PRINT"SIDE b" 905 PRINT"a: "AB\$ 910 PRINT"t: "TB\$ 915 GUT0925

920 FRINT: PRINT" ** double tape *

010750

PROGRAMS

925 PRINT: FRINT" TAPE # :"X 930 FOR P=1TO3: PRINT: NEXT 935 RETURN 940 ' **PRINIOUIS 941 PRINT@448, "PAGE LENGTH ==> " :: SOUND205, 1: LINEINPUT FL\$: IF FL \$=""THEN PRINT@448, STRING\$ (32," ")::GOTO130 942 PL=VAL(PL\$): PRINT@368, PL\$: : F OR X=1392T01393: PE=PEEK(X): POKE X, PE-64: NEXT: PRINT@448, STRING\$ (3 943 PRINT@448,"DO PRINTOUT ? (y/ n) 944 SOUND205, 1: GOSUB455: IF Z\$="Y "THEN945ELSE IF Z\$="N"THEN PRINT @448, STRING\$ (32," "); : GOTO130ELS E944 945 PRINT@448, "DATE (DD/MM/YYYY) =>";:SOUND205,1:LINEINPUT DA\$ 950 IF DAS=""THEN PRINT@448,STRI NG\$ (32," ");:GOTO145 955 PRINT@448, STRING\$ (32," "); : P RINT@448, "PRINT ALL FILES ? (y/n)."; 960 SOUND205, 1: GOSUB455: IF Z\$="Y "THEN975ELSE IF Z\$="N"THEN965ELS 965 PRINT@448, STRING\$ (32," "); : P RINI@448, "START #:"; : LINEINPUT S NS: IF SNS=""THEN PRINT@448, STRIN G\$ (32," ");:GOTO145ELSE SN=VAL(S NS): IF SN<1OR SN>NN THEN PRINT@4 48, "BETWEEN 1 -"NN; : SOUND30, 5: FO R X=170500: NEXT: PRINT@448, STRING \$(32," ");:GOTO965 970 PRINT@464,"END #:"; : SOUND205 , 1: LINEINPUT ENS: IF ENS=""THEN P RINT@448, STRING\$ (32," "); : GOTO96 SELSE EN=VAL(ENS): IF EN(SN OR EN >NN THEN PRINT@464,"BETVEEN"SN"-"NN; : SOUND30, 5: FOR X=1T0500: NEXT : PRINT@464, STRING\$ (15," "); : GOTO 970: ELSE980 975 SN=1:EN=NN 980 PRINT@448, STRING\$ (32," "); 985 GOSUB1255 987 PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (27); "C"; CHR\$ (P 1.) 990 PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (27); CHR\$ (14);" TAPE CATALOGUE.": PRINT#-2, "FILE - "; FL\$: PRINT#-2, CHR\$ (27); "-"; CH R\$(1); "update"; CHR\$(27); "-"; CHR\$ (0);" - "; DA\$ 995 PC=1: PG=1: PRINT#-2, "PAGE:"; P G: PRINT#-2 1000 FOR X=SN TO EN 1005 GOSUB855: PRINT@448, "PRINTIN G TAPE #:"X; 1010 X\$=STR\$(X):X\$=RIGHT\$(X\$, LEN (X\$)-1): IF LEN(X\$)=1THEN TB=2ELS E IF LEN(X\$)=2THEN TB=1ELSE TB=0 1015 X\$-X\$+".": PRINT#-2, TAB(TB) X \$; TAB(6) LEFT\$ (TA\$, 35); : IF TB\$=TA THEN PRINTTAB(43)"-"ELSE PRINTT AB(43)LEFT\$(IB\$, 35) 1020 IF PC/25=INT(PC/25)THEN1025 FLSE1030 1025 PRINT#-2 1030 IF PC/50=INT(PC/50)THEN PRI NI#-2, CHR\$ (27); CHR\$ (12): PG=PG+1: FOR Z=1TO4: PRINT#-2: NFXT: PRINT#-2, "FAGE: "PG: FR!NT#-2: PC=PC+1: NEX I ELSE PC=PC+1: NEXT 1035 PRINT@448, STRING\$ (32," ");: FFINT@448,"mORE ? (y/n)";

1037 FRINT#-2: FRINT#-2: PRINT#-2, "TOTAL PAGES: "; FG 1040 SOUND205, 1: GOSUB455: IF Z\$=" Y"THEN PRINT@448, STRING\$ (32," ") ::GOTO955ELSE IF Z\$="N"THEN CLS: GUT0130ELSE1040 1045 * **SEARCH FOR STRING 1050 PRINT@448, "STRING :"; : SOUND 205,1:LINEINPUT SS\$ 1055 IF SS\$=""THENPRINT@448,STRI NG\$ (63," ");:GOTO130 1060 CLS: GOSUB610 1065 PRINT@65,"** SEARCH FOR STR ING ** ("; MM\$ (MM);")"; 1070 PRINT@128,SS\$ 1075 PRINT@448, "aRTIST OR tITLE? <enter>TO ABORT"; 1080 SOUND205,1:GOSUB455 1085 IF Z\$="A"THEN1090ELSE IF Z\$ ="T"THEN1120ELSE IF Z\$=CHR\$(13)T HEN CLS: GOTO130ELSE1080 1090 PPINT@96, SS\$: PRINT"artist": GOSUBI150 1095 FOR X=SN TO NN 1100 GOSUB1165 1105 IF AAS-SSS OR ABS-SSSTHEN G OSUB1195 1110 NEXT 1115 GOTO1235 1120 PRINT@96, SS\$: PRINT"title": G OSUB1150 1125 FOR X=SN TO NN 1130 GOSUB1165 1135 IF TAS=SS\$ OR TB\$=SS\$THEN G 09081195 1140 NEXT 1145 GOTO1235 1150 PRINT@448, "SEARCH FROM # (a ";:SOUND205,1:PR FOR ALL) INT@474,"";: LINEINPUT SNs: 1F SNs =""THEN CLS: GOTO130ELSE IF SN\$=" A"THEN SN=1:GOTO1160ELSE1155

1155 SN=VAL(SN\$): IF SN<1 OR SN>N N THEN PRINT@448, "BETWEEN 1 -"NN ";: SOUND30,5:F OR X=1TO500: NEXT: GOTO1150 1160 RETURN 1165 PRINT@448, "SEARCHING =>"X;" ";:PRINT@465,"MATCHES =>"SC; 1170 AA\$="":TA\$="":AB\$="":TB\$="" 1175 OPEN"D", #1, FL\$ 1180 GET#1, X: INPUT#1, AA\$, TA\$, AB\$. TBS 1185 CLOSE#1 1190 RETURN 1195 SC=SC+1 1200 GOSUB680 1205 FOR Z=1TO3: PLAY"T20L1303ABO 4CDEFGFEDCO3BA": NEXT 1210 PRINT 9448, "SEARCHING =>"X;" ";: FRINT@465, "MATCHES => "SC; 1215 IF MM=1THEN FOR Z=1T03000: N EXT: RETURN 1220 FRINT@480," cONTINUE OR aBO 1225 SOUND205, 1: GOSUB455 1230 IF Z\$="C"THEN RETURN ELSE I F Z\$="A"THEN CLS: GOTO130ELSE1225 1235 FRINT@480, "SEARCH OVER. (any key) TO RETURN"; 1240 IF SC=OTHEN PRINTO448,"NO M ATCHES FOUND. ": SOUND30, 5 1245 SOUND205, 1: GOSUB455 1250 CLS: GOTO130 1255 ' **CHECK PRINTER ON/OFF 1260 PR=PEEK (65314) 1265 IF PR/2=INT(PR/2)THEN PRINT @448, STRING\$ (30," "); : RETURN 1270 PRINT@448, "TURN PRINTER ON" ;:PRINT@448,"turn printer on";:S OUND205, 1: GOTO1255

300

PRINTER GRAPHICS

continued from page 51

I also succeeded in alternating patterns (one single pattern from the second row followed by one from the third row) and this combination repeated the required number of times. Here it is:-

HOMOMOMOMOMOMO

The combinations are almost infinite in number! If the Editor gets enough feedback from printer users to say you want it, I will show you how to design patterns and simple pictures like stick figures, using not one but a number of passes of the print head across the paper. This makes larger graphics for certain purposes. You may also like CoCo to add the 128 to each dot column count automatically, to save a boring job. Also, all the CHR\$ numbers can be put in to data lines so you don't have to type in CHR\$ over and over again. When that stage is reached, we will all know a lot more about printer graphics than we do now. I learn something new every time I am on the computer - that's one of the joys of our hobby!

This distinctive type of graphics provides us with another great use for our dot matrix printer....

त्यात्रास्त्रात्वात् विकास विकास विकास स्थापन विकास के विकास का विकास का विकास का विकास का विकास का

by Keith Echberg

16K CB + PRINTER

APPLICATION

TCHEKE

FIRST one is called · LOTCHEK8 ' and is for checking 'Lotto' results. It is well described in a The experts seperate sheet. could write it better, no doubt, but it certainly works OK. I had no trouble at all in doing this program.

The Listing:

0 CLS

1 PRINT"LOTCHEKS"

2 PRINT"FOR CHECKING 'LOTTO' RES ULTS."

3 PRINT"BY KEITH ECHBERG, 15:9:19

86": FOR I=1 TO 5000: NEXT I 4 PRINT"ONLY SUITABLE IF YOUR NU

MBERS ARE THE SAME FOR EVERY DRA

5 PRINT"ENTER YOUR NUMBERS AT LI NES 101,111 ETC. EXISTING NUMBERS ARE SAMPLES"

6 PRINT"CHANGE LINE 10 TO ENTER THE 8 VINNING NUMBERS AS 'DATA'

7 PRINT"ENTER THE 2 SUPPLEMENTAR Y NUMBERS LAST"

8 PRINT" WHEN ALL WINNING NUMBERS HAVE BEEN ENTERED, 'RUN 10'."

9 PRINT: PRINT#-2,"LOTCHEK8": PRIN T#-2,""

10 STOP

20 FOR X=1TO8

30 READ FS

40 PRINT "F\$=: "F\$: PRINT #-2, "F\$=

:"F\$

100 REM ... GAME 1...

101 DATA5, 7, 21, 35, 22, 18, 31, 8

102 IF F\$="18" GOTO 201 ELSE 10

103 IF F\$="19" GOTO 201 ELSE 104 104 IF F\$="31" GOTO 201 ELSE 105

105 1F F\$="33" GOTO 201 ELSE 106 106 IF F\$="25" GOTO 201 ELSE 110

110 REM ... GAME 2 ...

111 IF F\$="9" GOTO 211 ELSE 112 112 IF F\$="20" GOTO 211 ELSE 113

113 IF F\$="24" GOTO 211 ELSE 114

114 IF F\$="27" GOTO 211 ELSE 115

115 IF F\$="19" GOTO 211 ELSE 116 IF F\$="36" GOTO 211 ELSE 120

120 REM ... GAME 3...

121 IF F\$="7" GOTO 221 ELSE 122 122 IF F\$="6" GOTO 221 ELSE 123

123 IF F\$="12" GOTO 221 ELSE 124

124 IF F\$="40" GOTO 221 ELSE 125

125 IF F\$="35" GOTO 221 ELSE 126 126 IF F\$="34" GOTO 221 ELSE 130

130 REM ... GAME 4 ...

131 IF F\$="2" GOTO 231 ELSE 132

132 IF F\$="5" GOTO 231 ELSE 133

133 IF F\$="21" GOTO 231 ELSE 134 134 IF F\$="42" GOTO 231 ELSE 135

135 IF F\$="23" GOTO 231 ELSE 136

136 IF F\$="44" GOTO 231 ELSE 140

140 REM ... GAME 5 ...

LOTCHEK8

F\$=:5

YES, GAME 4

F\$=: 7 YES, GAME 3

YES, GAME 6

F\$=:21

YES, GAME 4

F\$=:35

YES, GAME 3

F\$=:22

F\$=: 18

YES, GAME 1

YES, GAME 5

YES, GAME 6

F\$=:31

YES, GAME 1

YES, GAME 8

F\$=:8

YES, GAME 9

REMEMBER THAT THE LAST 2 NUMBERS ARE SUPPLEMENTARIES

141 IF F\$="36" GOTO 241 ELSE 142 142 IF F\$="11" GOTO 241 ELSE 143 143 IF F\$="42" GOTO 241 ELSE 144 144 IF F\$="18" GOTO 241 ELSE 145 145 IF F\$="42" GOTO 241 ELSE 146 146 IF F\$="36" GOTO 241 ELSE 150 150 REM...GAME 6... 151 IF F\$="7" GOTO 251 ELSE 152 152 IF F\$="18" GOTO 251 ELSE 153 153 IF F\$="14" GOTO 251 ELSE 154 154 IF F\$="12" GOTO 251 ELSE 155 155 IF F\$="34" GOTO 251 ELSE 156 156 IF F\$="45" GOTO 251 ELSE 160 160 REM ... GAME 7... 161 IF F\$="2" GOTO 261 ELSE 162 162 IF F\$="42" GOTO 261 ELSE 163 163 IF F\$="15" GOTO 261 ELSE 164 164 IF F\$="37" GOTO 261 ELSE 165 165 IF F\$="40" GOTO 261 ELSE 166 166 IF F\$="45" GOTO 261 ELSE 170 170 REM. . . GAME 8 . . . 171 IF F\$="3" GOTO 271 ELSE 172 172 IF F\$="36" GOTO 271 ELSE 173 173 IF F\$="41" GOTO 271 ELSE 174 174 IF F\$="44" GOTO 271 ELSE 175 175 IF F\$="31" GOTO 271 ELSE 176 176 IF F\$="38" GOTO 271 ELSE 180 180 REM ... GAME 9... 181 IF F\$="8" GOTO 281 ELSE 182 182 IF F\$="1" GOTO 281 ELSE 183 183 IF F\$="19" GOTO 281 ELSE 184 184 IF F\$="24" GOTO 281 ELSE 185 185 IF F\$="16" GOTO 281 ELSE 186 186 IF F\$="42" GOTO 281 ELSE 190 190 REM. . . GAME 10. . .

191 IF F\$="33" GOTO 291 ELSE 192

192 IF F\$="39" GOTO 291 ELSE 193 193 IF F\$="28" GOTO 291 ELSE 194 194 IF F\$="16" GOTO 291 ELSE 195 195 IF F\$="34" GOTO 291 ELSE 196 196 IF F\$="41" GOTO 291 ELSE 340 201 PRINT "YES, GAME 1": PRINT#-2, "YES, GAME 1": GOTO 110 211 PRINT "YES, GAME 2": PRINT#-2, "YES, GAME 2": GOTO 120 221 PRINT "YES, GAME 3": PRINT#-2, "YES, GAME 3": GOTO 130 231 PRINT "YES, GAME 4": PRINT#-2, "YES, GAME 4": GOTO 140 241 PRINT "YES, GAME 5": PRINT#-2, "YES, GAME 5": GOTO 150 251 PRINT "YES, GAME 6": PRINT#-2, "YES, GAME 6": GOTO 160 261 PRINT "YES, GAME 7": PRINT#-2, "YES, GAME 7": GOTO 170 271 PRINT "YES, GAME 8": PRINT#-2, "YES, GAME 8": GOTO 180 281 PRINT "YES, GAME 9": PRINT#-2, "YES, GAME 9": GOTO 190 291 PRINT "YES, GAME 10": PRINT#-2 "YES, GAME 10": GOTO 340 340 PRINT: PRINT#-2,"" 350 NEXT X 360 PRINT"REMEMBER THAT THE LAST 2 NUMBERS ARE SUPPLEMENTARIES" 370 PRINT#-2,"REMEMBER THAT THE LAST 2 NUMBERS ARE SUPPLEMENTARI

300



GCREEN SAVE by George McLintock UTILITY

AM IN THE process of converting my screen dumps to plotters to work with the High Resolution Graphic Screen of the CoCo3. Before doing so, it has been necessary to work out some way of accessing this screen in a similar way as the old CoCo graphic screen can be.

Some aspects which may be of more general interest are -

TO DISPLAY THE HIGH RES GRAPHIC SCREEN WITHOUT CLEARING IT

POKE &HE6C6, 18: POKE &HE6C7, 18

After using these POKE's, the HSCREEN command will display the High Res Screen, but will not clear it. So that you can draw a picture with one program, and load another program which can display what was previously drawn. You can also switch displays between this screen and text screens, and still come back to the High Res Graphic Screen again without losing what was there.

The POKE's remove the call to the HCLS command which is part of the HSCREEN command.

TO ACCESS THE HIGH RESOLUTION GRAPHIC SCREEN WITH MACHINE LANGUAGE.

This procedure is based on re- directing control from within the HCLS command to your own ML routine starting at Hex E00 (For disks)

POKE &HE6E1, &H7E: POKE &HE6E2, &H0E

Your ML routine is then entered by executing a HCLS command in Basic. When control arrives at your ML routine, the 32K of memory for the High Res Graphic Screen is located in normal address space from Hex 2000 to Hex 9FFF, and can be operated on at those addresses.

When finished, you exit your routine and return to Basic with a JMP Hex E6EB.

The ML routine must be restricted to addresses below Hex 2000, and the stack should not be used. To be safe, all registers used (except X and CC) should be saved and restored, but not with FSHS.

To restore the HCLS command to normal, POKE &HE6E1, &H8E: POKE &HE6E2, &H2O. For non-disk systems, you should be able to replace Hex OE with Hex O6 and locate your ML routine from that address.

When your ML routine is entered, interrupt are masked and must be left that way. This means that you cannot (C)SAVEM or (C)LOADM the High Res Screen directly from this memory space unless you also make all other changes to ROM routines that are required to prevent interrupts being unmasked.

I have included a small Basic/ML program (Called 3SAVESCN) which will save and restore the High Resolution Graphic Screen to disk or tape based on this procedure.

The High Res Screen is moved to normal memory in blocks of 4K at a time (from Hex 1000 to Hex 1FFF), and moved from there to disk or tape.

GENERAL

A reset or a cold start, will restore the copy of ROM to its original form, hence these POKE's have to be re-done after either event. Once set, the High Res Graphic Screen will remain unaltered in much the same way as the old CoCo graphic screen.

RESERVED WORD & DISPATCH TABLES.

The reserved word table and dispatch table for the new commands start from Hex E715 and Hex E236 respectively. And from Hex E264 and Hex E27E for the new functions.

If you want to look for other useful bits of ROM code, the dispatch addresses are:

WIDTH	F636	PALETTE	E5F0	HSCREEN	E688
LPOKE	E545	HCLS	E6CF	HCOLOR	E6F4
HPAINT	EBF5	HCIRCLE	EA49	HLINE	E882
HGET	EDE5	HPUT	EDED	HBUFF	ED58
HPRINT	EF3F	ERL	E3D4	BRK	E3E6
LOCATE	F8D2	HSTAT	F925	HSET	E761
HRESET	E765	HDRAV	F39D	CMP	E676
RGB	E674	ATTR	F9B9		

For the Functions:

LPEEK	E573	BUTTON	E5B1	HPOINT	E850
ERNO	E4E9	ERLIN	E4FD		

The Listing:

1 '** 3SAVESCN BY GEORGE MCLINTOCK 17/11/86 2 GOTO 20 3 SAVE "112:3": END 4 STOP 5 'THIS PROGRAM ALLOWS YOU TO SAVE AND RESTORE THE HIGH RESOL-UTION GRAPHIC SCREEN OF THE COCO 3 TO/FROM DISK OR TAPE 10 AS=INKEYS: IF AS="" THEN 10 EL SE RETURN 20 CLS: PRINT" A PROGRAM TO SAVE A ND RESTORE THE HIGH RES GRAPHI C SCREEN OF THE COCO3 TO DISK O R TAPE": PRINT: PRINT" BY GEORGE MC LINTOCK": PRINT 30 PCLEAR 8 'CLEAR MEMORY FOR ML ROUTINE 40 PRINT"ENTER S TO SAVE THE S CREEN": PRINT" OR R TO RESTOR E IT": PRINT: GOSUB 10: OP\$=A\$ 50 IF A\$="S" OR A\$="R" THEN 60 E LSE 40

EN USED": PRINT: PRINT" 1 FOR HSCR EEN 1": PRINT" 2 FOR HSCREEN 2": P RINT" 3 FOR HSCREEN 3": PRINT" 4 FOR HSCREEN 4": PRINT: GOSUB 10: S= VAL (AS) 90 IF S < 1 OR S > 4 THEN 80 100 PRINT"ENTER NAME OF FILE": IN PUT NS 110 B=0: FOR X=&HE00 TO &HE44 'SE T UP ML 120 READ AS: C=VAL("&H"+AS): B=B+C : POKE X,C 130 NEXT X: IF B <> &H183C THEN P RINT "ERROR IN DATA STATEMENTS": 140 POKE &H13E, 0: POKE &H143, 0 'A LLOW WITH BDOS - REQUIRED MY MAC HINE 150 POKE &HE6C6, 18: POKE &HE6C7, 1 8 'ALLOW HSCREEN WITHOUT CLEARIN 160 POKE &HE6E1, &H7E: POKE &HE6E2 &HOE 'SET TO BRANCH TO ML 170 FOKE &HOEO2, &H20 'START FROM BEGINING OF SCREEN 180 IF DS="T" THEN PRINT: PRINT " SET TAPE RECORDER TO ";: IF OP\$=" R" THEN PRINT "PLAY" ELSE PRINT 190 IF D&="T" THEN PRINT "AND PR ESS ENTER": GOSUB 10 200 IF S=2 OR S=4 THEN S1=8 ELSE S1=4 210 HSCREEN S: IF OP\$="R" THEN 30 220 POKE &HOEO4, 0 'SWITCH FOR SA

VE 230 FOR X=1 TO S1 240 N15=N5 + MID\$ (STR\$ (X), 2) 'NA ME OF THIS BLOCK 250 AUTO 'MOVE THIS BLOCK 260 IF D\$="D" THEN SAVEN N1\$, &H1 000, &H1FFF, 0 : GOTO 270 265 CSAVEM N1\$, &H1000, &H1FFF, &H1 270 NEXT X 280 POKE &HE6E1, &H8E: POKE &HE6E2 , &H20 'RESET HCLS TO NORMAL 290 STOP 300 POKE &HOEO4,1 'SWITCH FOR RE STORE 310 FOR X=1 TO S1 320 N1\$=N\$ + MID\$ (STR\$ (X), 2) 'NA ME OF THIS BLOCK 330 IF Ds="D" THEN LOADM N1\$ ELS E CLOADM N15 340 HCLS 'MOVE THIS BLOCK 350 NEXT X 360 GOTO 280 370 DATA 20,0D,20,0,0,10,0,20,0, 0,0,0,0,0,0 380 DATA 30,8C, FO, EF, 07, 10, AF, 09 , ED, OB, 1F, 13 390 DATA 10, AE, 40, AE, 43, 6D, 42, 26 , 17, A6, A0, A7, 80, AC, 45, 26, F8, 10, A F.40 400 DATA1F, 31, EE, 07, 10, AE, 09, EC, OB. 7E, E6, EB 410 DATA A6,80, A7, A0, AC, 45, 26, F8

, D. B.

CORRECTIONS

60 PRINT"ENTER D FOR DISK OPER

70 IF A\$="D" OR A\$="T" THEN 80 E

80 PRINT"ENTER THE HIGH RES SCRE

OR

NT: GOSUB 10: D\$=A\$

ATIONS

LSE 60

T FOR TAPE": PRI

In "Inventory" (Oct CoCo, Pg 44) there are a few changes to be made. Line 670 should read:

> 670 INFUT#-1, I\$ (C): INPUT#-1, Q(C): INPUT#-1, P(C): INPUT#-1, Ms(C): INPUT#-1, S\$ (C)

And line 870 should read:

870 PRINT#-1, IS(X): PRINT#-1, Q(X): PRINT#-1, P(X): PRINT#-1, M\$(X): PRINT#-1, S\$ (X)

It seemed that some people got an ?FD error whenever they attemmted to save or load their data.

OUADSOLVE

"Quadsolve" (November 1986, pg 57: line 1130 needs to be changed to:

PRINTO98," INTO LINE 910, USING THE FORM"; : PRINT@130, "Y=A*X*X+B*X+C THEN run 830."

VARIATIONS

"Variations on Pye" (November 1986. pg 56) line 150 should read:

150 GOTO150

"Narzod" (October 1985, pg 14): Line 37 wasn't very readable; so here is what it should read:

> 37 FOR L=1 TO LEN(VS): P\$=MID\$ (V\$, L, 1): IF P\$=" "THEN 43

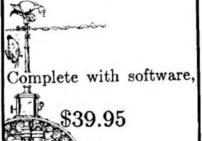
Note that there is a space between the two quotes!

STOP!

Just Released!!

The Probe for the CoCo 3!

Now you can use your CoCo 3 to measure temperatures!





by Richard Cubbit

GAME

ERE IS A program for the CoCo III. It is only an early version of the program but I thought I would send it up for you to have a look at.

is a simple times table program and the instructions

"You get asked 20 questions. Enter the answer followed by pressing ENTER. The aim is to get 100% in the quickest time".

Have fun, and let Elliot Goblet teach you the times table.

The Listing:

0 G0T05 1 '*******ELQUIZ(V1)**** 2 '*YOU GET ASKED 20 * *QUESTIONS ENTER THE* *ANSWER FOLLOWED BY * *PRESSING ENTER THE * *AIM IS TO GET 100% * *IN THE QUICKEST *TIME ************** 3 SAVE" 113: 3": END 4 'WRITTEN BY R. CUBBIT 5 PALETTE CMP 6 ON BRK GOTO 93 7 HCOLORS 8 WIDTH40: CLS(5): LOCATE5, 5: FRINT "Elliot Goblets math quiz": LOCAT E10,10:PRINT" Written by R. Cubitt ": LOCATE15, 20: ATTR4, 5, B: PRINT" No w LOADING .. "; : ATTR2, 0 9 FOR ZZ=1 TO2250: NEXTZZ 10 WIDTH32 11 RT=0: VA=0: TIMER=0: TA=0 12 HSCREEN2 13 'HCLS 14 HCOLOR8 15 HCIRCLE(124, 120), 68, 8, 1, 0, .5 16 HCIRCLE(122,56),82,8,1,.5,1 17 HCIRCLE(92,76),20,8 18 HCIRCLE(92,76),16,8 19 HCIRCLE(92,76),6,8 20 HCIRCLE(152,76),20,8 21 HCIRCLE(152,76),16,8 22 HCIRCLE(152,76),6,8 23 HCIRCLE(92,76),13,8,.5,1 24 HCIRCLE(152,76),13,8,.5,1 25 HCIRCLE(122,92),28,8,1,.70,.8 26 HCIRCLE(122,92),24,8,1,.68,.8 27 HDRAW"BM40,56; D5L1D7F1D5F1D2F 1D3F1D2F2D2F6R1F6D1F2U43H1U10H1U

6E1U1R1E1U3E3R1E4R1E3R2E2R7F1R3E 1R2E1R1E4R1E1R1E2R2F1R7F1R5F1R9F 1R3E2R2E1R1R5F14R1F1R5" 28 HDRAW"R4D1R2D1R1F2D1R1D1F1D1F 2D1F1D3F1D23F1D7F1D7F1D19F1E1U1E 1U1F1U1E2U1E1U2E7R1E1R1E1U3E2U5E 1U8E1U11" 29 HDRAW" BM53, 94; L2G3D2G1D4F1D6F 1D8R1D2F3R4E2R1" 30 HDRAW"D5F1D1F1D1F1D1F1D1F1D1F 1R1F1D1F1R1D1R1E2R2E5R1E3R1E3R1E 2R1E4R1E1R1E1R1E1R1E1R3E1R3E1R3E 1R3F1R8D1R5F1R8F1R2F1R1F2R1F2R1F 2R1FR1F2D1R1F2R1F6D1F3R2F1E3U1R1 U1R1U3R2U2R1U1E1U2E1R1U4" 31 HDRAW"E1U11E1U15" 32 HDRAW"BM197,90; R3F1D15G1D3G1D 3G1D3G3L2G1L3" 33 HLINE(72,72)-(60,80), PSET 34 HLINE(72,76)-(60,84), PSET 35 HLINE(172,72)-(180,78), FSET 36 HLINE(172,76)-(181,82), PSET 37 HDRAW"BM110, 103; L2G1L1G2L1G2D 2G1F1D1F1D1F1R6H1U1E2R4F1R1D1R1F 2R8E2R1E1R4F1D1G2R3E1R1E2U1E1U3E 1H1U1H1U1L1H1L2H1L1" 38 HLINE(113,71)-(106,105), PSET 39 HLINE(129,69)-(137,101), PSET 40 HDRAW"BM93, 143; R1E3R1E1R1E1R1 E2R1E1R1E1R1E1R1E1R2E1R1E1R3F1R7 E1R4F1R5F1R1F1R2F1R1F1R2F1R1F1R1 F1R1D1L19G1L17H1L3G1L7G1L3G1L3G1 L3G1" 41 HCIRCLE(122,91),60,8,1,.16,.3 42 HCIRCLE(92, 76), 2, 8: HCIRCLE(15 2,76),2,8 43 HPAINT (124, 100), 4, 8 44 PALETTE 15,60 45 HPAINT (120,50), 15,8 46 HPAINT (84, 125), 15, 8 47 HPAINT (164, 130), 15, 8 48 HPAINT (92, 86), 15, 8: HPAINT (152 ,86),15,8 49 HPAINT (192, 110), 15, 8 50 PALETTE 1,4 51 HPAINT (120, 10), 1, 8: HPAINT (120 .172), 1.852 PALETTE 11,15 53 HPAINT(1,1),11,8 54 HPAINT (76, 78), 8,8 55 HPAINT (168, 78), 8, 8 56 HPAINT (70, 74), 8,8: HPAINT (174, 75),8,8 57 HFAINT (84, 76), 4,8: HPAINT (160, 76),4,8 58 HFAINT (84, 76), 4,8: HPAINT (160, 76),4.8

59 HFAINT (100, 76), 4, 8: HPAINT (144

,76),4,8

60 HPAINT (90, 74), 11,8: HPAINT (154 ,74),11,8 61 PALETTE9, 32: HPAINT (124, 136), 9 ,8: HPAINT(124, 146),9,8 62 HCOLOR4 63 HPRINT(26,1), "Hi my name is" 64 HFRINT(26,2), "Elliot Goblet" 65 HPRINT(26,3),"I will teach" 66 HPRINT(29,4),"you your " 67 HFRINT(26,5), "MULTIPLICATION" 68 HFRINT(28,6), "Tables!!!" 69 HIRINT (23,8), "WHICH TABLE 1-1 2?" 70 INPUT M 71 IF M<1 OR M>12 THEN GOTO 69 72 TIMER=0 73 HCOLOR(4): Y=RND(12): HPRINT(25 ,10), "What is ": HPRINT (32, 10), M: HPRINT(36, 10), "*": HPRINT(37, 10), Y: TA=TA+1 74 INPUT A: IF A=M*Y THEN HPRINT (26,12),"!!!CORRECT!!!":FOR P = 1 TO 4: NEXT: GOSUB78: GOSUB76: GOTO7 75 HPRINT(26, 12), "****WRONG****" : FOR P=1TO4: NEXT: GOSUB 83: GOSUB7 6: GOTO73 76 HCOLOR(11): HLINE(202,80)-(320 , 110), PSET, BF 77 RETURN 78 'RIGHT ANSWER 79 RT=RT+1: IF RT=20 THEN GOTO 88 80 FORZZ=1TO6: SOUND RND(255), 2: N EXTZZ 81 IF TA=20 THEN GOTO 88 82 RETURN 83 'WRONG ANSWER 84 WA=WA+1 85 SOUND 100,5 86 IF TA=20 THEN GOTO 88 87 RETURN 88 HPRINT(26, 15), "You have got " : HPRINT (23, 16), RT: HPRINT (27, 16), "Answers RIGHT": HPRINT(25, 17),"Y our % right is ": HPRINT (30, 18), (RT/20) *100 89 HPRINT(23, 19), "You took .. " 90 HPRINT(32,19), TIMER/60 91 HPRINT (32, 20), "SECONDS!" 92 HPRINT(2,22),"Do you want to try again y/n": INPUT V\$: IF V\$="Y " THEN RUN ELSE END 93 CLS: WIDTH32: SCREEN1, 0: PRINT" W EAK EFFORT": END

30B

WHATS ON CoCoOz #1 to #4

CoCoOz #1

*Roadquiz

Hi res tutor and tester of road signs

*Print32

M/L utility adjusts printout widths to your choice.

*Market

Game simulation of a stockmarket. Buy and sell without risk.

*Dodgem.

Guide spaceship through asteroid belt with joystick.

*Cricket

User-friendly prompt generates cricket scoreboard.

*Personal

Records and manages your domestic finances.

Adventure to guide through anathestic routines.

Arcade game combining features of defender and invasion.

*Wiz-kid

Fantastic hi-res teaches littlies to count!

CoCoOz #2

Explode great variety of alien craft using laser sights.

*Erazor

Lead your shots to clean up boulders with every pass.

Graphics & spelling game with hidden words to discover.

*Townquiz

Unscramble words of Australian towns, then shows location on map.

*Sort

M/L superfast sort routine using latest techniques.

*Diary

Manage your time by planning it - edit and store

Auto-loads, selected programs from multi-program cassette.

*Pakdump

Dump ROMPAKS to alter and store on tape or disk. *Printdat

Tabular printout using Rainbow's 'unidatfile'.

CoCoOz #3

*Austgeog

Hi-res drill in names and spelling of towns and rivers.

*Garden of Eden

Allocate resources for happy and productive society.

*Alfabet

Fine graphics teach and drill you in the Greek alphabet.

*Centrit

Joystick board game to clear adjacent disks until none.

*CCMeteor

Arcade game using lasers to target attackers and trails.

*CoCoFile

Full-blown database with all those must-have features.

*Scuba

For divers, it has the safety calculations built-in.

*RBasic

Dump basics to 64K to change or use with 48K

*Use64K

Page switching each of 32K banks give access to

CoCoOz #4

*Rally

M/L arcade car driving in three lames to dodge CoCo's.

*Timekeep

Computerized time and scorekeeping for Aussie rules.

*Autoline

Adds the missing automatic line numbering feature

*Spell

Flashcard method of drilling in weekly wordlists *KT/moves

Move chess knight to land on each square once.

*Time sconv

Each sqasconv patches to convert most popular database to disk.

*Screenprint

Copies all PMODEs from screen to Tandy DMP100 printers.

*Alphabet

Large graphic lowercase letters teach youngsters.

Bet on the horses in this graphic race game.

CoCoOz #5

Full graphics to learn and test flags of 48 nations.

*Tutor

Learn all about the draw command and how to use it.

*Fraction tutor

Not only tests fractions but shows how to.

Mastermind game hones reasoning and logic

*Oilslick

Fast reflexes to catch drops and deposit in moving pot

*Line Control

Choose from 22 speeds of scrolling during listing

*Ramtest

Speedily finds how much RAM and checks every bit

of it.

CoCoOz #6

*Calendar

Provides a month's calendar for any day chosen.

*Tips

Easy to follow step through the hard basic parts.

*Shoot Gallery

Shoot the toy animals weaving to and fro before you win.

*Printsort

Gives printout after sorting up to 200 names/titles.

*BIO

Bio-feedback of stress with minimum of hardware. *Tables

Drills kids in their timestables the easy way. *Galactic

Arcade space game that's a real puzzler!

*Find

M/L utility lets you search for a string in a listing.

*Poker m/c

Pokie simulation with all the features.

CoCoOz #7

*Beauty

M/L utlity to save M/L or Basic programs to tape.

*Datagen

Converts M/L routines to Data to be embedded in Basic.

*Рсору

Smooth prompted copy disk utility beats backup!

*Concert

6 classics in multi-voice gives undreamed of sound.

*1COSA

Graphic reproduction of slow turning muliti-faceted 3D.

*Tables

Mulitple Inkey of controlled speed tables drill. *Wordlist

Flashcard for speech, word recognition most used words.

*Bomb Attack

An arcade space-invaders with an added wrinkle.

A truely professional space-invaders using keys.

CoCoOz #8

*Speedtables

273 choices to drill math, including graphic game

*Tymestable

Dual speed drills in multiplication tables.

*Tables

Pretty graphics and sweet sounds to make learning fun.

*Everest 1.6

Simulated Everest climb deploying men and materials.

*Buggle

3 direction speed word game using 16 letters.

*Monitor+

Do anything you want over the full 64K.

*Fasttest

M/L utility to mix graphics with text characters.

*F25/2

Controls 200 sales of 100 items to 80 customers.

Bright and gay horn concerto with ill-wind lyrics.

CoCoOz #9

*Skiing

Reverse-video arcade to guide skier between flags.

*ADV 32K

Adventure to restore a nuclear plant to working order.

*Rally

Car chase with you, the target. Hit or be hit.

*Spool64K

Uses upper memory as buffer for your printer.

*Screen Echo

Redirects output to the screen via the printer.

*Creattitle

Editor to create screens for auto-load and Auto-exec.

*Probability

Dice plots graphs on chances of rolling dice.

*Morse Code

Trains and drills you in morse code for licence speed.

*Math Comp

Mathematic exerciser and scorer for up to 10 students.

CoCoOz #10

*Yahtzee

Polished card game with complex scoring done by CoCo.

*Bank Statement

Saves and prints seven column listing of one or two accounts

*Adds

Automatic database system with seven modes already.

*Copycreature

Logical thinking and classification of skills for 4 to 8 year-olds.

*Supermind

Mastermind puzzle using 8 colors for code.

*Oregon

On trail simulation with you, the wagon master. *Battleship

Throw away paper for this 2-player graphic game *Autosave

Saves your building program with least hassle. *dpms

Disk program management system, says it all.

CoCoOz #11

*DiskFile

The best disk garbage cleaner you could ask for. *Bigremarks

M/L utility makes those remarks all worth while. *DIR

Controls the speed of disk directory listing. *CCS

Tape based generator of monthly statements to debitors.

*Label MKI

Utility for printing out variety of label sizes. *EZ-Tutor

Comprehensive learning program with demo German data.

*Atlantis

Large adventure program escaping from a lost city.
*Morse

Practice and drill for your dots and dashes. *Meanies

Supurb imaginative space creatures from all

CoCoOz #12

*Binary

Tutorial on binary and drill or decimal conversion.

*Checkers.

Sharpen your skills with this old graphics board game.

*INVMK1.1

Prints quote or invoice for the small businessman.

*Fastdraw

Makes drawing from curciuts to pictures as easy as can be.

*Mastermind

Cipher decoding the fun way.

DogFight your craft against CoCo's with missles.

*Scatter

Ranks the scores of up to 44 students or any such sort.

*Hexprinter

Dumps M/L in memory as decimal and Hexadecimal

Functions of a scratchpad, RAM address functions

CoCoOz #13

*Konekt4

Game of skill and concentration.

*Classicf

Plays selection of classic pieces.

*Fuel rate

Tests the economy of your car.

Students tests unified development system.

*Santa

Hard to pop gifts through chimneys.

*Statement

Spits out invoices for businessmen.

*Disklabel

Prints neat labels for disks.

Test subtraction and addition.

*Python

Eat mice but watch for water.

CoCoOz #14

*Shoplist

Creates comprehensive shopping list.

*Labeller

Print index labels for cassette boxes.

*Wordtutor

Foreign language instruction.

Adventure hunt - scary!

CoCo becomes hires scoring board

Certifies every sector and track

*CoCoMath

Helps children improve their maths.

*Flackone

Get back to base to repair ship.

*Hat dance and Villtell Johanna Vagg.

Tunes on CoCo

CoCoOz #15

*Speller

Checks spelling on disk files

See the man and hear his theme.

*Cricket

Wonderful hi-res sports graphics

*Mastermind

One of the best masterminds around

*Letterpro

Learn about text editing

*Insure

Standard value or own of every item

*Sorcerer

Complex adventure (2 years in making!).

*SPESPI.

Teach spelling from spoken word.

*Run2BC

Load 2 X 32K programs & run together

CoCoOz #16

*Russian

Learn the Russian alphabet

*CoCoZap

Disk sector/data editor utility

*Loananal

Explore money-borrowing options.

*Andromid

Trap her to stop radiation contamination.

*CoCotutor

Structured learning from file.

*Willand

Copies tapes + descenders + forces

*Pie Chart

Displays data as sections of a pie.

*Treasure

Search for 2 million units in caves

*Capitals

Learn the capitals of 66 different countries.

CoCoOz #17

*Assault

Battle with missles in space.

*Ascot

Win or lose at the Gee-Gee's.

Destroy it in an arcade quality game.

*Monarchs

List and learn every British monarch.

*Spelling

For younger kids.

*Easy

Menu simplifies disk operations.

*CoCoCalc

26 X 26 spreadsheet program.

*CoCo/Acc

Keeps accounts for small businesses.

*Wizlist

Maintains mail list and prints labels.

CoCoOz #18

*Little G

Screen edit utility.

*Orbquest

Good 32K adventure.

*Scribbler *Tic-tac

Scratch pad.

Tic tac toe.

*Primemin

Australian Prime Ministers quiz.

*Phiraes

Earquiz.

*Meindump

Utility to inspect mem printer/screen.

*Forthog

Forth compiler.

*Vidlabel

Video cassette label.

CoCoOz #19

Caculator of electrical formulae.

*Amazing

Produces a different maze everytime with a guarenteed single path through.

*Easytape

Save from disk to tape.

*40K

Switches 64K grey case CoCo so it can address 40K from Basic, also includes screen editor.

*DBase

Tape-based database. Uses 40K

*Starwars

Graphics

*Cowboy

The fastest to the draw leaps.

*Notes

Music program. Input a note, see it on a music stave and hear it play.

*Garfield

Print-out Garfield on a C-Itoh printer.

CoCoOz #20

Drawing utility to help in creating draw strings.

*Keysurp

Educational program for kids to learn alphabet.

Calculates tax.

*Fox/Geese

Game of strategy for two players.

*TRACSEC

Copies tracks and sectors to other disks.

*Vswr

Calculates voltage for ham radio operators.

*Colors

Get more colors on PMODE 3.

*Austsong

Plays 4 chord Australian songs.

CoCoOz #21

*OS8 - The system for experimenters!

Access just under 128K on any system!

*Maze

Draws a maze on the graphics screen.

*Kalscope

Watch pretty patterns appear on your screen.

*Conjverb

A French conjunction teacher.

*Drawings

Get your favorite cartoon character onto screen.

*Lottochk

Check your lotto with this utility program.

*Timecalc

Calculates time in almost any part of the world. *DIR

A utility designed to load a particular program.

*Three: Bob & Tino Delbourgo

A brain teaser from the "Delbourgos".

*Karbar: Keith Roach

A 32K ECB adventure where you control a small country.

CoCoOz #22

*038

A 64K enable module.

*4draw: Johanna Vagg

A drawing pad with a joystick.

*Faces

Draws a face.

*Skyline

Draws a city skyline.

*Counter

Counts by two, three, or whatever

*Joystick

Makes the text screen a graphics screen.

Make your own life story.

*Scrba32

A screen-print utility.

*Sernbasm

Example of 'Scrba32'.

*Baswad

Hand assembler.

*Tax

Calculates the amount of tax due.

*Acc z

Your CoCo becomes an accountant.

*Willacc

Another great accounting program.

*Gunfight

A shoot-out game.

*Tic-Tac 3D: Bob Delbourgo

Play tic-tac-toe, in 3D.

*Hangman

Play the old favorite game of Hangman.

*CoCoSafe

Can you Crack the safe?

*Lost

Get out of the desert alive before the cannibals get you!

CoCoOz #23

*C-Change

Strategy game in getting the board all one color

*Kidstuff: Johanna Vagg

Something for the kids to enjoy and sing with.

A quiz to test you on the language of other countires.

*Add

A simple test to add two sets of time.

A program to teach what a prime number is.

Can you beat the taxman?

*Beeperoo2

An adding program for kids. *Beeperoo3

Similar to Beeperoo2.

*Supply

Can you land your ship in the cavern without blowing up?

*Speller

Teach kids to spell in a fun way.

*Black

A new version blackboard for the CoCo.

*Area/Prime

Calculate the area and perimeter of objects.

*Firefox: Max Bettridge

Defend your city against invaders.

*Lagoon

Can you cross the crocodile infested lagoon? *Pixel: Les & John Thurbon.

The new Pixel Logo by the "Thurbons".

CoCoOz #24

*Kaboom

Screen dump for the CGP-115.

*One arm

Can you beat the poker machine?

*Planet

Find out about the solar system we live in.

*Matcher

The child's educational matching quiz.

*MazeRace

Watch the mouse trying to get out of the maze.

Can you get out of the maze without crashing?

*Destiny

What is your destiny?

*Testype

A typing tutor and game rolled into one.

*Tank battle

Blast each other's tanks in the field!

CoCoOz #25

PLEASE note this is APRIL's tape!

Getting OS8 into your system (but can you get it out again!).

*AA

A disk utility to load your files.

*CoCo/Mico

Converts CoCo progs to MiCo progs.

*Lil' CoCo

A picture of little CoCo.

*Interest

Calculates the interest

*Tune

The CoCo version of Simon says.

*Extras

10 extra colors to use on your CoCo.

*Beamhead

A circle calculator for ham operators.

*Sea Bat

A naval war game.

*Cat&Mice

Can you get to your hole before the cat gets

you?

*World64K The world in 56 graphic pages.

*Pages64K

Access to 56g.p.

*Magnet 64K

Depicts vibration of a dipole in uniform

magnetic fields.

*Engine 64K

Simulation of a diesel engine.

*Roo Hunt

How many roos can you shoot?

*Ephem

Find the geographical situation of the sun,

stars, and planets.

*Mexican2

The new mexican hat dance.

*Showtime

Kaleidoscope and streets by day and night.

*Streuth

A goodbye message.

CoCoOz #26

*Escher

The art of drawing pictures with numbers.

*Memotest

Can you remember the numbers that the computer gives you?

*Catalog

A security system for filing things away.

*Mapping

Shows the roads and weather of Tassie.

*Banctrac

The home banking utility.

*Lotto

Prints out a graph showing the number of times

a number has been drawn.

*5 card stud

Pit your wits against the computer.

*Comparisons

Complete comparisons.

*Antonyms

Type the antonym of the word displayed.

Save Indiana Jones before the plane crashes into

the mountain. *Track

Can you get down the skislope without crashing into the poles?

*KeyBeep

When you press a key, CoCo beeps!

CoCoOz #27

*Memories

Song memories recreated.

*Flashword

A 16K adventure for children to test their recognition skills at a flashing word.

Works out all the formulae for pythagorus'

theory.

*MLDatgen

Converts M/L data to Basic.

*Logbook

For the ham operators.

*Inv.2000

The inversed space invaders on screen.

*Labelprint

Make neat and tidy labels for all purposes.

*Wizsoc

An adventure - get free before time runs out!

*Xrefind

A Dbase for tapes.

*Tangle

An M/L arcade game for two players.

Bob Delbourgo

Assists with multiplication.

CoCoOz #28

*Wrdpulz: Keith Wray

Create word puzzles using this program.

*Qwerl: Darrel Berry

Arcade game with joystick controls a snake-like

line on the screen. *Alien: Stuart Sanders

Space invaders-type game.

*Sabre: Andrew Simpson

Space Game. Winner of 1984/5 competition.

*Moveabout: Kevin Gowan

Top graphics program. Requires intelligence.

*Labyrint: James Redmond

Graphics adventure game (64K).

*Advent+: Sean Lowe

Graphics adventure game for younger members of the family.

*Shuttle: Craig Steward

Arcade game. Land your shuttle to live. (16K)

*Quest: Craig & Kevin Springett

16K adventure.

*Nakshlas: Steven Youngberry

16K ECB snakes & ladders game. Great!

*Knitwit: Leonie Duggan

This program helps you design a jumper then prints out the pattern for you to knit.

CoCoOz #29

*The Room: Herman Fredrickson

Quick on the draw entry. *Sunup: Herman Fredrickson Quick on the draw entry. *Symshape: Les Thurbon Trigonometry from Super Les. *UFO: Gavin Unsworth 64K text screen arcade game. *Torque: Les Thurbon Calculations for your car by Super Les. *Volume: Les Thurbon More caluculations by Super Les. *FhoneDir: Dung Ly 32K/16K ECB database for your phone directory. *Eureka: Michael Hartmann Michael's version of the flag. *Benars: Stuart Sanders 16K Lo-res Towers of Benars game. *Letters: Jack Finnen 32K ECB excellent game for 3-5 year olds. *CoCoAgro: Max Bettridge 16K ECB game to text your patience. *Graphics: Grame Bennett 16K ECB program to help you draw on CoCo's screen.

${ m CoCoOz}$ #30 The Delbourgo Issue

*Landattk: Aldo Debernardis

The classic database for CoCo.

16K ECB arcade game.

*Clublist: Paul Humphreys

*Gbusters: Richard Cubitt 64K ECB. "I ain't afraid of no ghosts!" *Giftword: Bob Delbourgo A gift with words. IQ testing. *Mosiacs: D&R Delbourgo Colorful; pretty patterns. *Classic: B. Delbourgo To help with trigonometry. *Tessel: B. Delbourgo Archemedian tesselations. (16ECB) *Go: B. Delbourgo A game of skill and logic for 2 players. *Shift: B. Delbourgo A card game of skill and strategy. *Numscrab: B. Delbourgo A numeric game of scrabble. *Heraldry: B. Delbourgo Build your family crest on the screen. *Lissajos: B. Delbourgo Contains all relevant instructions. *Draw: A. Hartmann Getting the DRAW command on a standard CoCo. *Shoot: Jeff Wetzig Target shooting. *StripJak: Gordon Vilson An amusing game of stripjack. *Babysit: Johanna Vagg 10 nursey rhythms with graphic illustrations.

*Horse: Tom Lehane
Quick on the draw competition entry.

*Australia: Keith Wray
Quick on the draw competition entry.

*Backstreets: Joy Wallace
Quick on the draw competition entry.

*Impossible: Hubert Muhlbock
Hires graphics. Find the hidden triangle.

*Hangman: Andrew Whyle.
Another hangman game.

*Narzod: Max Bettridge
A fantastic graphics game that needs a joystick.

*Frog Race: Tom Lehane
A race to the finish line. Good graphics.

*Kimmat: Tom Lehane A great card game (you vs. CoCo). *Mastermind: M. Robinson Has two levels. *Index Dir: Gavin Unsworth A 16K disk utility. *Horse Race: Richard Cubit&Narelle Taylor A day at the races and bet your money on the horses. *Connect4: John Carmichael Self explanatory. *Timesave: John Carmichael Automatic edit on error, and also some single key commands. *Dodge: Justin Lipton Climb the ladder, dodge the falling objects, and dash to the door.

CoCoOz #32

*FageLook: Johanna Vagg A page flip routine. *World32K: Johanna Vagg 54 pages and watch the world spin. *Grandpri: Doug Gray A great car racing game. *Locomotn: M D'Esterre Quick on the draw competition entry. *CoCoArt: Sandy McGregor Quick on the draw competition entry. *Kanga: Johanna Vagg Quick on the draw competition entry. *Waterwars: Justin Lipton Needs joystick, blow up submarines below you. *TapeJack: G.Slim A 16K disk based utility for cassette labels. *Caterpil: Justin Lipton Maneuver with your joystick to a patch of green grass. *NumRun: Steve Youngberry A dice game. *Cadding about: Peter Knox Computer aided design a verticle antennae less than a quarter wavelength long. *Illusion: Richard Lee Optical illusions. *Invert: Richard Lee Illustrates what happens when you reverse all the colors of every pixel on a particular graphics page. *Sleepy: Richard Lee Hypnotize yourself. *Certific: Leonie Duggan

Write your own certificates of award.

Chase little orange dots over the screen.

CoCoOz #33

*GSM 64K ECB.

*Wazzdere: Steve Youngberry

Graphics Screen Manipulator.

*Prison: Tim Alton
 "You gotta get out, see!"
 *Pulsar: M. Forde
 You are in control of a space cruiser, and the enemy is in your sights.... so pulsar blast.
 *Christmas Card: J.Finnen
 Make and send your own christmas cards.
 *Chomper: Max Bettridge
 Use your right joystick to chase the dreaded creature.
 *Cocktails: Brian McLaughlin
 An amateur bartenders dream!
 *ToteBet: Robbie Dalzell
 A wacky horse race that's lots of fun!

*The Boat: Sandy McGregor Quick on the Draw Competition.

*The Car: Darren Ottery

Quick on the Draw Competition.

*Space Shuttle: Glen Mills Quick on the Draw Competition.

*PatternMaker: Johanna Vagg

A program for beginners trying to come to grips with BASIC.

*Black and White: Richard Lee

Variables are co-ordinated for a series of boxes.

*Square Circles: Richard Lee A variation between circles.

*Max: Allan Thompson

Use your CoCoMAX creation in your programs.

*Grafix Saver: Darren Ottery Saving graphics screens on tape!

*Christmas Parade

A collection of brilliant christmas graphics from the Noarlunga Users Group.

*Basic Goodies: Glen Fletcher & Paul Castelli Demonstrates the DATA & changeing line statements.

*Lotto: Barry Hattam

A program to help you choose your lotto numbers.

Abbreviations

ADV=Adventure, GAM=Game, BUS=Business, UTL=Utility, APP=Application, MUS=Music, GRF=Graphics, EDU=Education DBE=Database HEL=Program for Help section, SIM=Simulation DEM=Demo Program Format is as follows: NAME (CATAGORY): AUTHOR DESCRIPTION OF PROGRAM

CoCoOz #34

* Lord Thulsa Doom (ADV): Nick Cooper You must enter the castle of doom where the Dark Lord dwells, kill him and escape.

* Topple (GAM): Steve Youngberry Topple is a game in which you have to balance a stick on a table. Not as easy as it sounds.

* Cyclone (APP): Errol Mattingly

This is an adaption of "Hurrican Tracker", which appeared in Australian Rainbow, March 1985

* Disk (UTL): Alex Hartmann

Disk is utility designed to alter the sectors of your disk. Like a 'Disk Zap' program. * A Disk Zapper (UTL): Ian Clarke

This one does the same job the above does.

* NilToDo (AFP): Clive Winsall

What to do when you've got Nil to do.

* Recovery (UTL): John Carmichael

Recovery allows you to CLOAD a program with an IO error in it, and recover it up to the point of the error.

* CoCoDex (DBE): Clive Winsall

A database which provides an overview of our past issues of CoCoOz. Alas, we still don't have the data file for it!

* Joypen (GRF/APP): Robbie Dalzell Allows you to draw on the PMODE4 screen with an Atari-type joystick.

CoCoOz #35

* Blackjack (GAM): Tom Lehane The object of this is to win a hand by scoring more than the other player (CoCo) without going bust -

21.

* Bankrupt (GAM): Richard Cubbit

To play this one requires that you place a bet and choosing between heads or tails.

* Devil's Dice (GAM): Jeff Sheen

You are given four dice, each place end to end. Your job will be to get one colour, the same colour, on each of the four sides.

* Craps (GAM): Tom Lehane

Craps is a dice gambling game; easy to learn.

* Chuck-a-luck (GAM): Tom Lehane

This game has also been known as Sweat Cloth, Chuckerluck and more recently Birdcage. It involves three dice.

* Dice 21 (GAM): Tom Lehane

This game is equilivant to the game of BlackJack.

* Oz Rock '86 (GRF): Michael Hartmann

See the latest rock groups' logo, like AC/DC,

Midnight Oil, INXS & The Angels. * Music (MUS): Bruce Mattingley

Flay any one of five classical musical pieces.

* Accounts (DBE): Graham Morphett

Our own accounts program we use in the office.

* Quick on the draw competition entries:

1. Sad CoCo: F. Bolle

Crystal Brook: Paul Savage

3. We make it great: Steve Youngberry

4. Tower: C.A.Syms

5. A Windy Day: Sarah Law

6. Coat of Arms: Paul Hope

7. Advance Australia: Steve Youngberry

Bicycle: Patricia Foley

9. Cooch: A. Van Der Zypp

Sailing: Steve Youngberry

11. Slow Car and Truck: KKG, Inc.

12. Outhouse: Steve Youngberry * Countdown (EDU): Dean Hodgson

Countdown is a simple math drill program.

* Rail Bridge Math (EDU): Bob Horne Build the railway bridge by getting the math

questions right!

* Escape (EDU): Dean Hodgeson This is a number sentence problem solving game.

* Sentence Endings (EDU): Bob Horne Learn all about the sentence endings that are

found on the ends of sentences.

* Math Test Match (EDU): Jeff Sheen Here we have a Basic game to drill one to ten players on math problems.

CoCoOz #36

* Word Puzzle (EDU): Leath Muller

Everyone enjoys word puzzles... here's one more!

* Quick on the draw graphics competition winners

1. CoCoLoco: Max Bettridge

2. Smurf: Johanna Vagg

3. Sunshine State: Steve Youngberry

4. Planes: Ssean Lowe

5. Helicopter: Andrew White

6. Martha: Andrew White

7. Bad Moon Rising: Steve Youngberry

8. MCC: Joy Wallace

9. Eagle: Peter Coleman

* Canon (APP): Graham Pollock

A great program for getting the intuitive feeling for chucking things in the air.

* Dos Plus (UTL): Charels Bartlett

This basic program is designed to enhance your computer's DOS with another 3 commands.

* Timer (UTL): David Martin

Accurately record your camera's shutter speed using your CoCo.

* Day Planner (APP): Leonie Duggar.

Plan your or someone else's day using this program.

* Take Off (GAM): Steve Youngberry

In this one, you'll need good reflexes as well as a good memory.

* Learning Tree (EDU): Francis Bolle
An improvement on a program from "The Advnced Home
Computer Course".

* Character (APP): Barry Hattam

Prints out a character and prints it on the printer.

* Capital Letters (EDU): Bob Horne

Learn about capital letters using your CoCo.

* Opalton (ADV): Ian Clarke

Adventure about opal mining; dig up as much opal as you can, get the money for it and get out of town!

* The Car (EDU): Johanna Vagg

Draw a car using POKES from her article.

* Tables (EDU): Pat Kermode

The program is another block graphics program for computers without ECB and developed from here.

CoCoOz #37

* Word Pro+ (UTL): Tom Lehane WordPro+ is a word processor and a basic program generator built into one program.

* Delvene, Where are you (GAM): Justin Lipton This program is based on the television show, "Sale of the Century", and is played with two

* Fuel Check (APF): Mal McLauchlan

Does mum or dad want to do an economy check on the cars petrol usage and doesn't know how to do it?

* Brain Blaster (GRF): Paul Yould

Another graphics competition entry. It is NEATO!

* Masters (GRF): Martin Holt

Masters of the Universe is another graphics competition entry.

* Testing-Testing (APP): Ando Tests you on the Queensland Road Rules in readiness for your written test.

* Lo Rez Graphics (GRF): The Ddelbourgos Something to get the old grey matter moving and fun to watch.

* Menu (UTL): John Carmichael Make your next program menu look like the

commercial ones.

* CoCo Crooning (MUS): Mal McLauchlan
Two songs from the old colony days of Australia.

* CoCo (GRF): Lauchlan Wishart

Another graphics entry.

* More Life (APP): Bernard Besasparis An attempt at writing machine language.

* Bridge (GAM): Oz Wiz

Play bridge against the computer.

CoCoOz #38

* 10 Faces (GRF): Johanna Vagg

Makes 10 different faces out of a few different facial features.

* Pix Save (UTL): Tom Lehane

Dump a graphics picture onto a printer.

* What Day is this? (UTL): ?

A calender program.

* Cunning Stunts (GRF): Dave Bentley et al Started off as an exercise in drawing a compass rose. It is now a fascinating demonstration of graphics symmetry.

* Catalog: Recfind: Reclabel (BUS): Tony Scar Catalog produces a data file on tape with a set format; Recfind searches through catalog to find a record or records; and Reclabel produces a series of number tags from catalog.

* Superannuation (BUS): Nich Starrenburg Works out your supperannuation, plus more!

* Handicap (APP): John Wallace

Based on Addendum "F" on the AYF 1985-1989 yacht racing manual.

* Graflook (GRF): Michael Horn

Utility program for looking at your picture files. You can also enlarge your picture, rearrange your picture and dump your picture to the printer.

* Zener (UTL): Charels Syms

Used to calculate the component values for zener diode shunt voltage regulator curcuits.

* To Spreadsheet or not to .. (DBE): Graham M. More on our database.

* Fog Horn (GRF/EDU): Paul Stevenson

A counting program for littlies.

* Add Dice (EDU): Tom Lehane

Another counting program for the little ones.

* Math Worksheets (EDU): Dean Hodgeson

Frints math worksheets on a DMP110 printer.

* Story (EDU): Bob Horne + 5 White The story written by 22 children and Bob.

CoCoOz #39

* Snow (HEL): John Williams

Snow here, snow there!

* Frime (HEL): Bob Ddelbourgo

Nifty little program to print up prime numbers.

* Linemaster (UTL/GRF): Tom Lehane A help in drawing graphics programs.

* Underworld (GAM): Kendall Bein

You have fallen in a hole and ypu have arrived in ... UNDERWORLD. Now, can you get out?

* Ludo (GAM): Steve Youngberry

CoCoLudo is much like the board game and is for 1 to 4 players.

* DUMP+115 (UTL): Brian Bere-Streeter et al A graphics dump utility to dump graphics pictures onto a CGP-115.

* Climategraph (UTL): D Voutsis

.. is an exercise in rainfall statistics. It creates a graph for any part of the world and compares it with Babinda, Australias wettest spot.

* Breakout (GAM): Steve Youngberry

It's .. the game that never was ...!

* Dungeon of Danger (ADV): Sean Hannon Get out of the dungeon by attacking or avoiding the ones who live there.

* Detective (GAM): Val Stephen

You are the detective! - you have been called to a dead body of a woman in her 30's. You are in charge!

* Card Generator (UTL/BUS/APP): Jack Finnen
This is designed to print a set of library cards

using data.

* Long division (EDU): Bob Horne A program designed to help grade 5 & 6 mathematics students with their studies.

* Chatwin Manor (GAM): Bob Horne
This is a detective game that sets you the
problem: Who has stolen the golden statue? Is it
the maid? Is it the sister? It's up to you to find
out who!

* Spelling (EDU): John Carmichael
A program to test your spelling prowess. How good are you???

CoCoOz #40

* Popball (GAM): Max Bettridge

A hires game for those with a good eye. Catch all the balls falling from the ceiling.

* Frog 16K (GAM): Justin Lipton

This is the 16K version of the popular arcade game Frogger. Dodge the cars and find homes for all the frogs.

* Llist (UTL): John Carmichael

This program allows you to list programs with a space in between each line for you to make notes. * Talk Hang (GAM): ?

A program that talks!!. As the name suggests, it is a version of Hangman altered for the

speech/sound pak.

* Bomber Squad (GAM): Richard Cubitt Your mission is bomb five houses that are posing a threat to the government. You've got five shots. Good luck!!

* Point Setter (UTL): Justin Lipton This program gives you the opportunity to draw intricate pictures on the screen with the joystick.

* Stock Market (SIM): ?

This is a simulation of the stock market but with only 4 companies. You have the option of buying, selling, or passing. The game is over when the chosen number of turns is up.

* Cluedo (GAM): Richard Cubbit Cluedo is a game of deduction. There are five suspects, five rooms and five murder weapons. Whodunnit???

* Hidden Treasure (ADV): Val Stephen This adventure game gives you a number of choices for each situation. You make a choice by choosing A or B or C etc. Your task? To find the treasure. * Sound Maker (UTL): Ian G. Clarke

This utility lets you examine the sound making capabilities of the Coco and save the results.

* Remove & Compress (UTL): G. McLintock This program takes the spaces out of basic programs where they are not needed and generally streamlines the program.

* Tape to Disk (UTL): Justin Lipton this Utility lets you save programs, either ML or Basic, from tape to disk.

* Cassete Catalogue System (UTL): Dave Bently CCS. A program that enables you to get catalogues of your tapes.

* Art Liner (UTL): G. McLintock This is a graphics editor that works with a 480 x 570 screen and lets you save and retrieve screens from tape.

* Talk Screen (UTL): John Wallace A utility that is able to let you "talk" on the screen via the joystick.

* Welcome To Maths (EDU): Leon Anderson A little program that tests your maths knowledge and tells you when you are wrong.

* Triominoes (GAM): Bob Delbourgo This is an adaptation of the table top game using triangular domino pieces.

* Flash Reading (EDU): Dean Hodgson This is a spelling helper using the flash card method, showing one card at a time.

* Typing Teacher (UTL): Grahame Pollock Using this program is meant to let you type better. You are given words, one by one and asked to type them. At the end you are given a wordsper-minute rating.

CoCoOz #41

* Artpad (HEL): Maurice Phillips The idea was to use the hi-res screen as an art pad using your joystick. * Johanna Vagg Collection (HEL):

- Xylophone: Music by numbers & colours. 2. Tables: Be tested on the times table
- Graphics: Fun with graphics
- 4. Quota: A spelling program
- 5. Playing: Playing with music * Sword Quest (ADV): Andrew Hart

Sword quest is text a adventure that may or may not take about 10-15 minutes to get through.

* Peace (GRF): D. Voutsis The first entry to the International Year of Peace competition.

* Big Money (GAM): Mal McLaughlan An appealing story-line that combines colourful graphics, musical effects and a nifty maths

* Slide (UTL/DEM): C. Bartlett

A number slide game using a different approach.

* Bandit (UTL/DEM): C. Bartlett

Play the Pokies using a different approach.

* Busted (UTL/DEM): C. Bartlett

Your TV is busted .. * Take your best shot (GAM): Aldo Debernadis Golf, anyone?

* Lotto (UTL): G. Lewis

The nitty gritty of choosing your pool numbers.

* Old & Future Print (UTL): David Law An adaption of "Bigprint" from January 1984's Rainbow. Will print in 'futuristic' and in 'old english' style writing.

* Matchem (GAM): C. Bartlett

The hi-res version of "Concentration".

* Flippin' Heck (GAM): C. Bartlett Based on the game of "Othello".

* Quest (ADV): Andrew McLintock This is a D&D type adventure game where you destroy the evil magician.

* Jigsaw (GAM): C. Bartlett If you like jigsaw puzzles, then this is for you! The NeverEnding Jigsaw will keep you happy.

* Taboo (GAM): Tom Lehane

The once popular word game of taboo is here again!

* Hot (UTL): G. Adamczewski The downloadable character set for the Star Gemini 10X.

* TapeSort (UTL): Ray Hendry Your own tape directory program.

* Word Usage (EDU): Dean Hodgeson A simple word usage exercise program.

* Tables 2&3 (EDU): Bob Horne Run off your own tables sheets and have an inter-class maths tables competition.

CoCoOz #42

* Tank Battle (GAM): Craig Stewart Have a tank battle with your opponent in this hi-res screens. Added feature: you can customize your game, ie number of bullets, scenery, etc.

* Intruder (GAM): Stuart Sanders

A space invaders-type game. * Gopher (GAM): Steve Youngberry Gopher is all about jumping on gophers - there are

ten of them and appear one at a time. Can you get them?

* U-Boat (SIM): Andrew McLintock

A simulation based on the German U-boats of WW2. Sink as much allied shipping as possible.

* Colour Draw (UTL): Craig Sstewart Get 16 colours in PMODE 3 without a CoCo 3!

* Not One (GAM): Tom Lebane Not One is a fast-paced dice game that is played

by one or two person. Your opponent? CoCo, on a hi-res screen. * Flora & Fauna (UTL): Stuart Sanders

In Fauna, find out what you killed on the table. In Flora, find out what plant the one in the

* Hexadecimal Monitor (UTL): Jim Jacobs Change the contents of your computers RAM with this program.

* Cockathree (UTL): Ccolin Bartlett Adds some of the CoCo 3's abilities to the CoCo2.

* Startrek (GAM): Andrew Voutsis Rid the galaxy of the Klingons.

* Shootout (GAM): Craig Stewart Winner of the games competition! 100 % machine language.

* Chase (GAM): Stuart Sanders

Avoid the '#' with your joystick or get eaten!

CoCoOz #43

* Solgans Escape (ADV): Craig Springett Your goal here is to rescue Solgan from the dungeon and save your people from an inter-tribal war!

* Rockfall (GAM): T.J.Davies

Avoid the falling rocks. Fast graphics!

* True Love (APP): Martha Gritwhistle

Find your true love using this program..

* Donkey (GAM/UTL): Stuart Sanders

Save high scores in your game of Donkey King.

* Drovers Ddream (MUS): Steve Youngberry The tune of the "Drovers Dream".

* Shoots (GAM): Emiliano Molina

Get the baddies in the police station in the year 2000.

* Peace (GRF): Fred Remin

An entry to the "International Yerar of Peace" competition.

* Cat & Mouse (GRF): Michael Bell

Two graphics quickies showing a cat & a mouse.

* Frog Mater (GAM): Darren Ottery

You are a frog with it's only amibition in life is eating all the 'Y's without meeting the 'O'

* TV Trivia (GAM): Barry Sidebottom

The game of 'Trivial Pursuit', only all questions to it relate to TV shows.

* Navigation Plot (UTL): Keith Wray

Gives the navigational positions of major towns graphically.

* Townatak (GAM): Sean Hannan

Land your plane safely by bombing the city below. * Frequency Counter (UTL): Gordon Thurston

This should appeal to the ham and electrical enthusiast.

* Lines (GRF): Ando

Stunning effects using just LINE statements.

* Gryphon (GAM): James Redmond

This uses 'Sprite Graphics' & clever applications of the PLAY statement to make this game sound & look good!

* Inventory (APP/UTL): Steve Issanchon

Take inventory of your house when you move. * Numerology (APP): Tom Lehane

The art of numerology on the CoCo.

* Tape Catalog (UTL): Craig Stewart

A tape cataloging program for all you tape users out there.

* Calendar (UTL/APP): David Law

Print out your very own calendar for 1987! Or 1988! Or 1989! Or ...

* Mad Editor (EDU/GAM): Tom Lehane

Our editor has done it again! Maybe you can do a better job editing his text!

* Questions (EDU): Leon Anderson

Some question from the educational workbook.

CoCoOz #44

* Viabasic (UTL): Richard Rogers

A basic telecommunications program to access Viatel with.

* Graphics (GRF): Ando

A demonstration in graphics.

* Retire (UTL): Brain Grey

"How much would I have to save each year so I could retire with a million dollars?"

* Letterhead (UTL): Johanna Vagg

Use different letterheads when you write your next letter!

* Grafplot (APP): Michael Hartmann Used to design anything from sheds to tennis

* Labelmaker (UTL): Michael Hartmann Prints out index cards for cassette. (Very simple

* DMP-110 (UTL): Brian Bere-Streeter Choose one from 27 different fonts for the DMP-110 and then run your selected program.

* Oyez! (APP): Mal McLaughlan

A simple, eye-catching way to show instructions, title pages, etc

* Printex 4 (UTL): Keith Echberg

Don't worry about going over the edge when printing with your DMP-110 anymore.

* Bin-Bas (UTL): D. W. Thurbon

This is useful for saving chunks of memory out to the disk as a numbered basic program.

* File Display (UTL): K Paterson

Allows you to KILL, RUN & Display your disk files.

* Micro Files (DBE): Graham Pollock

A database program for the CoCo & the MiCo. * Log-Math (UTL): D.W.Thurbon

Will give you the logorithm of any number given.

* Form Fill (AFP): D. Bourne

An exercise in filling out forms (job applications, etc)

* Bird Register (APP/UTL): Ron Simpkin

Keeps a record of your birds.

* CoCo 3 (DEM): D. Moreton

Our first program for the CoCo 3.

* CoCoMusic (MUS): David Sitsky Allows you to play music using the entire

keyboard.

* Quadsolve (APP/UTL/EDU): Mal McLauchlan Check your work after you complete that quadratic equasion.

* Spelling Quota (EDU): Johanna Vagg

A spelling program set in hi-res graphics.

* Music for Orchestra-90 CC: Michael Monck

1. Axel F

2. Popcorn

3. If I were a Richman

4. Fur Elise

CoCoOz #45

* Hi Dice (GAM): Tom Lehane

Fast-paced dice game

* Operation Babarossa (SIM): Victor Koss

Reinacts Hitlers attack on the Soviet Union in WW

* Biorhythm (APP):

Program for the CoCo 3 that reads your biorhythms for any time, any day.

* Light Cycles (GAM): Jamie Cameron

Try to corner your opponent in this graphics game.

* File (DAT): D.R. Messer

A simple database program to create a sequential file and then save it to tape.

* Drawsave (UTL/GRF): Mal McLauchlan

A utility to make "Fourdraw" patterns in brilliant lo-res colours.

* Animation (UTL/GRF): Johanna Vagg

Animation on a low-res screen.

* Samuri (GRF): Tom Lehane

A picture of a Japanaese Samuri Warrior.

* Zard (GAM): Scott Binning

You have been sent to the planet of Doom where the evil Zard has taken over.

* Devilsh Tricks (GAM): Bob Debourgo

A modified version of the gamne "Bridge".

* 23 (GAM): George & Eleen Aftermonow

The CoCo version of the game '23 Matches'. * Tatslotto Checker (APP): Barry Sidebottom

Program to check your lotto coupon.

* Crystal (ADV): Colin North

A graphics adventure with your aim being in getting out & home.

Editor: Barry Cawley

For your Tandy 1000 or your I.B.M. P.C.



by Leigh Borkut

On the T1000 this game is great!

On the T2000 with its faster CPU, the game is positively devastating!

Leigh shows just how simple it is to create a fun

game using very simple BASIC. The program is a good one for new computer users to try, or for some of you more experienced programmers to use as a base for something even more ambitious.

The Listing:

1 ' Air Raid

2 ' by Leigh Borkut

3 GOTO 10

4 SAVE"AIR RAID"

5 END

10 WIDTH 40 : KEY OFF: X2=1: X3=1: X4=1: D=2:

SC=10: X=18: Y=15: WE=38: P=1

20 TR=VAL(RIGHT\$(TIME\$,2)): RANDOMIZE TR

30 Y2=INT(RND(1)*36)+2:Y3=INT(RND(2)*28)

+3: Y4=INT(RND(3)*32)+2

40 IF Q\$=CHR\$(O)+"M" THEN LOCATE X, Y: PRI

": Y=Y+3: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R\$: SOUND4 NT"

500,.5

50 LOCATE 10,12:PRINT"A I R - R A I D"

60 LOCATE 12,12: PRINT" by Leigh Borkut"

70 IF Y<3 THEN LOCATE X, Y: PRINT" ": Y=Y

+3: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R\$

80 COLOR 7,0:CLS

90 LOCATE 4,5:PRINT"The idea of AIR RAID

is to defend"

100 LOCATE 5,5: PRINT" two major missile b

110 LOCATE 7, 10: PRINT" Right cusor"; CHR\$(

26)

120 LOCATE 8,10:PRINT"Left cursor";CHR\$(

130 LOCATE 9,10:PRINT" (Space Bar) to fir

140 LOCATE 15, 13: PRINT" GOOD LUCK!!"

150 FOR W=1 TO 8500: NEXT

160 SCREEN 0,0,0:COLOR 14,0

170 R\$="-+-":CLS

180 LOCATE 23,1:PRINT STRING\$(39,177):C=

0: E=0

190 BASE\$=CHR\$(219)+CHR\$(220)+CHR\$(219)

200 LOCATE 22,10:PRINT BASES:LOCATE 22,2

7: PRINT BASES

210 Q\$= INKEY\$

220 LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R\$

230 IF Q\$=CHR\$(29) THEN LOCATE X, Y: PRIN

": Y=Y-3: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R\$: SOUND 4

500, .5

240 IF Q\$=CHR\$(28) THEN LOCATE X, Y: PRINT

": Y=Y+3: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R\$: SOUND 45

00,.5

250 IF Q\$=" " THEN 510

260 IF D=0 THEN LOCATE 10, 15: PRINT"Game

Over": GOTO 740

270 IF Y<3 THEN LOCATE X, Y: PRINT" ": Y=

Y+3: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R\$

280 IF Y>36 THEN LOCATE X, Y: PRINT"

=Y-3: LOCATE X, Y: FRINT R\$

290 LOCATE X2, Y2: PRINT" ": X2=X2+1: LOCATE

X2, Y2: PRINT CHR\$ (25)

300 IF C=0 THEN IF C2>21 AND Y2=10 OR X2

>21 AND Y2-11 AND Y2=12 THEN LOCATE 22,1 0:PRINT STRING\$(3,32):SOUND 400,2:D=D-1:

C=1:GOTO620

310 IF E=0 THEN IF X2>21 AND Y2=27 OR X2

>21 AND Y2=28 OR X2>21 AND Y2=29 THEN LO

CATE 22,27: PRINT STRING\$ (3,32): SOUND 400 .2: D=D-1: E=1: GOTO 620

320 IF X2>21 THEN SOUND 200,1:SC=SC-5:GO TO 620

330 LOCATE X3, Y3: PRINT" ": X3=X3+1: LOCATE

X3, Y3: PRINT CHR\$ (25)

340 IF C=0 THEN IF X3>21 AND Y3=10 OR X3

>21 AND Y3=11 OR X3>21 AND Y3=12 THEN LO CATE 22, 10: PRINT STRING\$ (3, 32): SOUND 400

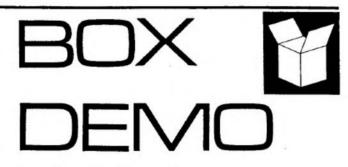
, 2: D=D-1: C=1: GOTO 660

350 IF E=0 THEN IF X3>21 AND Y3=27 OR X3

>21 AND Y3=28 OR X3>21 AND Y3=29 THEN LO January 1987 Australian CoCo Magazine, * Page 71

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CATE 22,27: PRINT STRING$ (3,32): SOUND 400
, 2: D=D-1: E=1: GOTO 660
360 IF X3=22 THEN SOUND 200, 1: SC=SC-5: GO
TO 660
370 LOCATE X4, Y4: PRINT" ": X4=X4+1: LOCATE
X4, Y4: PRINT CHR$ (25)
380 IF C=0 THEN IF X4>21 AND Y4=10 OR X4
>21 AND Y4=11 OR X4>21 AND Y4=12 THEN LO
CATE 22, 10: PRINT STRING$ (3, 32): SOUND 400
, 2: D=D-1: E=1: GOTO 700
390 IF E=0 THEN IF X4>21 AND Y1=27 OR X4
>21 AND Y4=28 OR X4>21 AND Y4=29 THEN LO
CATE 22,27: PRINT STRING$ (3,32): SOUND 400
, 2: D=D-1: E=1: GOTO 700
400 IF X4=22 THEN SOUND 200, 1: SC=SC-5: GO
TO 700
410 LOCATE 24, 15: COLOR 0, 7: PRINT USING"S
core ####"; SC; : COLOR 7,0
420 IF P=1 AND SC>250
                           THEN LOCATE X.Y
: PRINT"
         ": X=X-1: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R$: P=
430 IF P=2 AND SC>500
                           THEN LOCATE X.Y
: PRINT"
          ": X=X-1:LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R$: P=
3
440 IF P=3 AND SC>750
                           THEN LOCATE X, Y
: PRINT"
          ": X=X-1: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R$: P=
450 IF P=4 AND SC>1000
                           THEN LOCATE X, Y
: PRINT"
          ": X=X-1: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R$: P=
460 IF P=5 AND SC>1500
                           THEN LOCATE X, Y
: PRINT"
          ": X=X-1: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R$: P=
470 IF P=6 AND SC>2000
                           THEN LOCATE X, Y
: PRINT"
          ": X=X-1: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R$: P=
430 IF P=7 AND SC>2500
                           THEN LOCATE X, Y
: PRINT"
          ": X=X-1: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R$: P=
8
490 IF P=8 AND SC>3000
                           THEN LOCATE X, Y
          ": X=X-1: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R$: P=
495 IF P=9 AND SC>3500
                           THEN LOCATE X, Y
          ": X=X-1:LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R$: P=
498 IF P=10 AND SC>4000 THEN LOCATE X, Y:
PRINT"
         ": X=X-1: PRINT R$: P=0
500 GOTO 210
510 LOCATE X, Y: PRINT STRING$ (3, 176): S=S
-2: SOUND 97, 2: LOCATE X, Y: PRINT R$
520 IF X=X2 AND Y=Y2 THEN SOUND 200, 1:SO
UND 250, 2: PRINT" ": SC=SC+62: GOTO 620
530 IF X=X2 AND Y=Y2-1 THEN SOUND 200,1:
SOUND 250, 2: PRINT" ": SC=SC+62: GOTO 620
540 IF X=X2 AND Y=Y2-2 THEN SOUND 200,1:
SOUND 250, 2: PRINT" ": SC=SC+62: GOTO 620
550 IF X=X3 AND Y=Y3
                        THEN SOUND 200,1:
SOUND 250, 2: PRINT" ": SC=SC+62: GOTO 660
560 IF X=X3 AND Y=Y3-1 THEN SOUND 200,1:
SOUND 250, 2: PRINT" ": SC=SC+62: GOTO 660
570 IF X=X4 AND Y=Y4-2 THEN SOUND 200,1:
```

SOUND 250, 2: PRINT" ": SC=SC+62: GOTO 700 580 IF X=X4 AND Y=Y4 THEN SOUND 200,1: SOUND 250, 2: PRINT" ": SC=SC+62: GOTO 700 590 IF X=X3 AND Y=Y3-2 THEN SCUND 200,1: SOUND 250, 2: PRINT" ": SC=SC+62: GOTO 660 600 IF X=X4 AND Y=Y4-1 THEN SOUND 200,1: SOUND 250, 2: PRINT" ": SC=SC+62: GOTO 700 610 GOTO 260 620 LOCATE X2, Y2: PRINT" " 630 X2=1:Y2=INT(RND(2)*36)+2 640 LOCATE X2, Y2: PRINT CHR\$ (25) 650 GOTO 210 660 LOCATE X3, Y3: PRINT" " 670 X3=1: Y3=INT(RND(3) *28)+3 680 LOCATE X3, Y3: PRINT CHR\$ (25) 690 GOTO 210 700 LOCATE X4, Y4: PRINT" " 710 X4=1:Y4=INT(RND(4)*32)+2 720 LOCATE X4, Y4: PRINT CHR\$ (25)



by David Bowater

1 'Box Demonstration 2 'By David Bowater

3 GOTO 10

730 GOTO 210 740 END

- 4 SAVE"BOX DEMO"
 5 END
 10 CLS:PRINT:PRINT:PRINT,,"Box Demonstra
- tion"
 20 PRINT: PRINT: PRINT, "Arranged for the T
- 1000 by"
 30 PRINT: PRINT, "David Bowater from an ar
- 30 PRINT: PRINT, "David Bowater from an ar rangement"
- 40 PRINT: PRINT, "for the Color Confuser"
- 50 PRINT: PRINT," Press Any Key To Beg in"
- 60 I\$=INKEY\$: IF I\$="" THEN 60
- 110 KEY OFF
- 120 SCREEN 1,1
- 140 X1 = (RND*400) 1
- 150 Y1 = (RND * 257) 1
- 160 X2=(RND*400)-1
- 170 Y2=(RND*257)-1
- 170 12-(1104257) 1
- 180 C=(RND*5)-1: IF C=1 THEN 180
- 190 COLOR C, 1
- 200 IF (RND*2)=2 THEN210
- 210 LINE-(RND*X1, RND*Y1), RND*1, B, &HDB6D
- 220 LINE-(RND*X2, RND*Y2), RND*9, BF
- 230 GOTO190

PATTERN-

The following program shows how to easily create pattern fill for painting in any shape you create on screen.

by Barry Cawley

The Listing:

- 1 SCREEN 1
- 10 B\$=CHR\$(8)+CHR\$(8)+CHR\$(&HAA)+CHR\$(&H
- 20) + CHR\$ (&H20) + CHR\$ (&HAA)
- 20 CIRCLE(130,80),30,1
- 30 PAINT (135, 85), B\$, 1
- 40 A\$=CHR\$(&HFF)+CHR\$(&HE7)+CHR\$(&HC3)+C HR\$(&H81)+CHR\$(&H81)+CHR\$(&HC3)+CHR\$(&HE 7)+CHR\$(&HFF)
- 50 LINE(30,30)-(60,60),1,B
- 60 PAINT (35, 35), A\$, 1
- 390 IN\$=INKEY\$: IF IN\$="" THEN 390
- 400 SCREEN 0,0,0: COLOR 6,0: WIDTH 80: LIST

by Barry Cawley

askmake is a very interesting program which gives you an insight into the use of a mouse. The program need not only be restricted to Those of you with a mouse, as with a little effort on your part it can be converted to a joystick or to use with the arrow keys. To do this just take out the calls to the mouse routine and replace them with your own joystick or keyboard routines.

When you have finished it, how about sending it in to us and we will reprint it for others who may not be as capable as you are.

MaskMake will start off by changing to screen 2 and clearing the screen, it will then draw a grid on the screen, which you can then move the cursor around in. When you press the button the program will fill in the box on the grid and also light the relevant pixel on the right hand side of the grid.

The overall effect of this is that on the one screen you can see an enlarged version of what you are drawing and also the normal version, or if you prefer the normal drawing and the miniturized version.

I wrote this program when I was doing some fine graphics work, and wanted to add an enlargement routine to enable me to draw more acurately. This program was the test version of the function.

The Listing:

- 10 CLS 15 DIM X\$(50)
- 20 DEF SEG=0
- 30 MSEG=256*PEEK(51*4+3)+PEEK(51*4+2)
- 40 MOUSE=256*PEEK(51*4+1)+PEEK(51*4)+2
- 50 IF MSEG<>0 AND MOUSE<>2 THEN 70
- 60 PRINT "MSMOUSE Driver not Found": END
- 70 DEF SEG=MSEG
- 80 ' Initialize the Mouse
- 90 M1%=0
- 100 CALL MOUSE (M1%, M2%, M3%, M4%)
- 110 IF NOT (M1%) THEN PRINT "MSMOUSE driv
- er not installed": END
- Define the Software Cursor
- 130 M1%=10: M2%=0: M3%=&HFFFF: M4%=&H770

140 CALL MOUSE (M1%, M2%, M3%, M4%)

- 150 'START OF PROG
- 160 FOR LOOP=0 TO 256 STEP 16
- 170 LINE(LOOP, 0) (LOOP, 128): NEXT
- 180 FOR LOOP=0 TO 128 STEP 8
- 190 LINE(0, LOOP) (256, LOOP): NEXT
- 200 M1%=7: M3%=0: M4%=256
- 210 CALL MOUSE (M1%, M2%, M3%, M4%)
- 220 M1%=8: M3%=0: M4%=128
- 230 CALL MOUSE (M1%, M2%, M3%, M4%)
- 240 M1%=1: CALL MOUSE (M1%, M2%, M3%, M4%)
- 250 M1%=4: M3%=100: M4%=60
- 260 CALL MOUSE (M1%, M2%, M3%, M4%)
- 270 M1%=3
- 280 CALL MOUSE (M1%, M2%, M3%, M4%)
- 290 IF M2%=1 THEN GOSUB 500: PAINT (M3%, M4
- %),1:GOSUB 600:GOSUB 700
- 295 IF M2%=2 THEN GOSUB 800
- 300 GOTO 270
- 500 M1%=2:CALL MOUSE(M1%, M2%, M3%, M4%):RE TURN
- 600 M1%=1:CALL MOUSE(M1%, M2%, M3%, M4%):RE TURN
- 700 A=INT(M3%/16)+400
- 710 B=INT(M4%/8)+10
- 720 PSET (A, B)
- 730 RETURN
- 800 FOR B=10 TO 25
- 810 FOR A=400 TO 415
- 820 X=POINT(A,B)
- 822 X\$(B)=X\$(B)+STR\$(X)
- 830 NEXT: NEXT
- 840 FOR B=10 TO 26: PRINT X\$ (B): NEXT
- 850 'CONVERSION TO HEXIDECIMAL
- 860 FOR B=10 TO 25
- AA=VAL (MID\$ (X\$ (B), 2, 1)) *32768! 880
- AB=VAL (MID\$ (X\$ (B), 4, 1)) *16384 882
- AC=VAL(MID\$(X\$(B),6,1))*8192 884
- AD=VAL (MID\$ (X\$ (B), 8, 1)) *4096 886
- AE=VAL(MID\$(X\$(B),10,1))*2048 888
- 890 AF=VAL (MID\$ (X\$ (B), 12, 1)) *1024
- 892 AG=VAL (MID\$ (X\$ (B), 14, 1)) *512
- AH=VAL (MID\$ (X\$ (B), 16, 1)) *256 894
- AI=VAL (MID\$ (X\$ (B), 18, 1)) *128 896
- AJ=VAL(MID\$(X\$(B),20,1))*64 808
- AK=VAL (MID\$ (X\$ (B), 22, 1)) *32 900
- 902 AL=VAL(MID\$(X\$(B),24,1))*16
- AM=VAL(MID\$(X\$(B),26,1))*8 904
- 906 AN=VAL (MID\$ (X\$ (B), 28, 1)) *4
- AO=VAL (MID\$ (X\$ (B), 30, 1)) *2 908
- AP=VAL(MID\$(X\$(B),32,1))*1 910
- 920 AQ=AA+AB+AC+AD+AE+AF+AG+AH+AI+AJ+AK+ AL+AM+AN+AO+AP
- 930 PRINT HEX\$ (AQ)
- 940 NEXT

ANOTHER DATABASE?

by Greg Wilson

This database has done the rounds here for years!

I'm representing it because, 1 it is simple to use & 2, it is simple to use!

This version is a recently completed conversion from the CoCo to MS DOS - & no we are not moving our systems to MS DOS - the job was done as an exercise in preparation for the new CoCo!

The edit and data input functions work well in this version, however as we have not used the printout routines, there may be some minor errors there still.

. Printer codes are those for the DMP 130 set up in the Epson compatible mode.

Feel free to phone for assistance should you require it!

The Listing:

1 '*** NA *** AGENT & NEWSAGENTS FILES**

** 26/3/85 ** CONV FROM COCO 6/9/86**

*** From a Program by Greg Wilson ***

* 'Rearranged & made better in many *

ways by Graham Morphett & friends!'

2 CLS: GOTO 10

3 SAVE" NAsgold. BAS": FILES

4 IS=INKEYS: IF IS="" THEN 4 ELSE RUN

5 '1-ALLOCATION: 2-OWNER: 3-BUS NAME: 4-STR EET: 5-TOWN: 6-PCODE: 7-PHONE: 8-B/CARD: 9-CO MENTS: 10-LABELS: 11-MARKER: 12-CURRENT: 13-30TO60: 14-60+

10 CLEAR 5000: DIM NA\$(15), A\$(14), B\$(14), A(14): CLS: PRINT TAB(1), "AGENTS & NEWSAGE NTS"

15 '******* Main Menu ********

20 FRINT"M MAIN MENU": FRINT"P PRINT A/CS FILE": PRINT"E EDIT A/CS FILE": PRINT" S SPECIAL LABEL": PRINT"A ADD TO ACS FILE"

30 PRINT"T TANDY SEARCH":

40 I\$= INKEY\$: IF I\$="" THEN 40

50 CLS: IF I\$="P" OR I\$="p" THEN 630 ELSE IF I\$="E" OR I\$="e" THEN 80 ELSE IF I\$= "A" OR I\$="a" THEN 460 ELSE IF I\$="S" OR I\$="s" THEN 490

55 IF I\$="T" OR I\$="t" THEN 1800

60 'IFIS="M"THENRUN"A: 0"

70 GOTO 10

75 '***** Edit Accounts *****

80 PRINT TAB(17)"A/C # A";:INPUT L:GOSUB 1020:GET#2,L

90 Y=0: X=0: N=0: W\$=CHR\$ (17): LOCATE 1, 1: PR INT TAB(3)" A/C # A"; L; : FOR T=12 TO 14: Y=

Y+VAL(NA\$(T)): NEXT T: PRINT TAB(24)"OWING \$"; Y: PRINT: PRINT"F FINISH C CLEAR" 92 PRINT"L LABEL EXCHAN GE" 95 PRINT"R BACK ONE NEXT ":PRINT"H HELP" 110 PRINT: PRINT"E ": NA\$ (1); W\$: PRINT"A "; NA\$(2); W\$: PRINT"N "; NA\$(3); W\$: PRINT"S "; NA\$(4); W\$: PRINT"T "; NA\$(5); W\$;" ";: GOSU B 1080: PRINT ST\$: PRINT "P "; NA\$ (6); W\$: PR INT"U "; NA\$ (7); W\$: PRINT"B "; : GOSUB 443: P RINT"O "; NA\$ (9); W\$ 120 PRINT"Q "; NA\$ (10); W\$; TAB (10)"% "; NA\$ (11); W\$ 125 PRINT"1. CURRENT 2.30-60 3.60+" 130 LOCATE 19, 1: PRINT NA\$ (12); WS: LOCATE 19, 15: PRINT NA\$ (13); W\$: LOCATE 19, 30: PRIN T NA\$(14); W\$: FOR T= 12 TO 14: NA=NA+ VAL(NA\$(T)): NEXT T: PRINT "Total: "; NA: NA=0 150 I\$=INKEY\$: IF I\$="" THEN 150 ELSE IF 1\$="F" OR I\$="f" THEN 1070 ELSE IF I\$="L " OR IS="1" THEN 860 155 IF IS="W" OR IS="w" THEN 1600 160 IF I\$="H" OR I\$="h" THEN GOSUB 1220: CLS: GOTO 90 170 IF IS="C" THEN FOR T=1 TO 14: LSET NA \$(T)="": NEXT T: LSET NA\$(6)="9000": GOTO 9 180 IF I\$="X" OR I\$="x" THEN PUT#2, L: L=L +1:GET#2, L:LL=LL+1:CLS:GOTO 90 190 IF IS="X" THEN L=L-1: CLS: LOCATE 12, 25: PRINT" END OF FILE": FOR T=1 TO 500: NEX T: GOTO 90 200 IF I\$="R" OR I\$="r" THEN PUT#2.L:L=L -1: GET#2, L: CLS: LL=LL-1: GOTO 90 210 'LOCATE 22,1:PRINT IS;" "; 230 IF I\$="E" OR I\$="e" THEN LOCATE 8,3: N=1:GOTO 360 240 IF I\$="A" OR I\$="a" THEN LOCATE 9.3: N=2:GOTO 360 250 IF IS="N" OR IS="n" THEN LOCATE 10,3 : N=3:GOTO 360 260 IF IS="S" OR IS="s" THEN LOCATE 11,3 : N=4:GOTO 360 270 IF I\$="T" OR I\$="t" THEN LOCATE 12,3 : N=5: GOTO 360 280 IF I\$="P" OR I\$="p" THEN LOCATE 13,3 : N=6:GOTO 360 290 IF I\$="U" OR I\$="u" THEN LOCATE 14.3

605 PRINT"% CLASSIFICATION: ";:LINE INPU T A\$(11): IF LEN(A\$(11))>1 THEN 605 610 CLS: PRINT L: FOR Y=1 TO 14: LSET NA\$ (Y >=A\$(Y):PRINT NA\$(Y):NEXT Y:PUT#2,L 615 CLOSE : GOTO 10 620 RETURN: 'FOR L=1 TO 199: GET#2, L: IF NA \$(6)="9000" THEN RETURN 625 NEXT L 626 CLS: PRINT"NO ROOM LEFT IN EXISTING F ILES";: GOTO 626 629 '***** Printer Routines ****** 630 CLS: PRINT TAB(4)"PRINTER ROUTINES": P NUMERICAL ORDER ": PRINT"P RINT: PRINT" N POST CODE SEARCH " 640 PRINT"L LABELS - SINGLES ": PRINT"D LABELS - DUPLICATES": PRINT" PUT CODE" 650 I\$=INKEY\$: IF I\$="" THEN 650 ELSE IF I\$="N" THEN 670 ELSE IF I\$="P" THEN 770 ELSE IF I\$="L" OR I\$="D" THEN 1280 655 'IF I\$="T" OR I\$="A" THEN 1700 660 GOTO 10 665 '******* Print List ******* 670 CLS: INPUT"START #";S: INPUT"FINISH #" F: PRINT"S PRINT TO SCREEN": PRINT"P PR INT TO PRINTER" 680 P\$=INKEY\$: IF P\$="" THEN 680 ELSE IF P\$="s" OR P\$="p" THEN 690 ELSE 680 690 IFB=0THENB=1 695 IFP\$="p" THEN INPUT"DATE"; DA\$: LPRINT :LPRINT CHR\$ (27); CHR\$ (15); CHR\$ (14); TAB (3 2)"ACCOUNTS"; CHR\$ (15): LPRINT DA\$ 700 IF P\$="p" THEN GOSUB 760 702 GOSUB 1020 705 IF S=0 THEN S=1 706 IF F=0 THEN F=(LOF(2)/256) 710 L=LL-1: FOR I=S TO F: L=L+1: GET#2, I: IF NA\$ (6)="9000" THEN NEXT I: GOTO 745: ELS E GOSUB 1080: LPRINT" A"; I;: FOR T=1 TO 4:L PRINT NA\$(T): NEXT T: LPRINT NA\$(5); ST\$;" ";; NA\$ (6); : IF P\$="p" THEN LPRINT " "; N A\$(7); TAB(50) NA\$(12); TAB(75) NA\$(13); TAB(100) NA\$ (14) 715 H=0: FOR T=12 TO 14: H=H+VAL(NA\$(T)): A (T) = A(T) + VAL(NA\$(T)): NEXT T720 IF PS="p" THEN LPRINT TAB(123)H: LPRI NT: PP=PP+6: IF FP>=60 THEN FOR Y=1 TO 5: L PRINT: NEXT Y: GOSUB 760: PP=0 730 IF P\$="s" THEN PRINT: PRINT: PP=PP+1: I F PP=2 THEN PRINT STRING\$ ("*", 31); : LINEI NPUT C\$: PRINT: PRINT"PRESS 'XX' TO EXIT"; : IF C\$="XX" THEN 750 ELSE PRINT: PP=0 740 NEXT I 745 IFP=2THENPRINT#-2, TAB(25)"TOTALS : " ; TAB(50)A(12); TAB(75)A(13); TAB(100)A(14) ;: A=A(12)+A(13)+A(14): PRINT#-2, TAB(120)A

600 PRINT"NUMBER OF LABELS: ";:LINE INPU

: N=7: GOTO 360 295 IF I\$="B" OR I\$="b" THEN LOCATE 15,3 : N=8: GOTO 360 310 IF I\$="O" OR I\$="o" THEN LOCATE 16,3 :N=9:GOTO 360 311 IF I\$="Q" OR I\$="q" THEN LOCATE 17,3 : N=10: GOTO 360 312 IF IS="%" THEN LOCATE 17, 12: N=11: GOT 313 IF IS="1" THEN LOCATE 19,1:LINE INPU T X\$: LSET NA\$ (12) = X\$ 314 IF IS="2" THEN LOCATE 19, 15: LINE INP UT X\$: LSET NA\$ (13) = X\$ 315 IF IS="3" THEN LOCATE 19,30:LINE INP UT X\$: LSET NA\$ (14)=X\$ 330 GOTO 90 340 LOCATE 22,1:PRINT I\$;" ";:LINE INPUT X\$: IF X\$="" THEN X=1 350 RETURN 360 LINE INPUT X\$:LSET NA\$(N)=X\$:GOTO 90 440 ' **********Credit Card Encoding ** ***** 443 Z\$=NA\$(8): IF RIGHT\$(Z\$,1)="M" THEN P RINT"5163-"; MID\$(Z\$,2,4);"-"; MID\$(Z\$,6,4);"-"; MID\$ (Z\$, 10, 4); "MASTERCARD"; : RETURN 446 IF RIGHT\$ (Z\$, 1)="V" THEN PRINT" 4564-"; MID\$(Z\$,2,4);"-"; MID\$(Z\$,6,4);"-"; MID\$ (Z\$, 10, 4); " VISA"; : RETURN 448 IF LEFT\$ (NA\$ (8), 3)="496" THEN PRINT LEFT\$ (NA\$ (8), 3); "-"; MID\$ (NA\$ (8), 4, 2); "-" ; MID\$ (NA\$ (8), 6, 3); "-"; RIGHT\$ (NA\$ (8), 6): R ETURN 449 PRINT NAS (8): RETURN 450 ' ***** Account Additions ****** 460 CLS: IF KK=1 GOTO 90 ELSE GOSUB 1020: GOSUB 620:L=(LOF(2)/256)+1:PRINT TAB(6)" A/C NO: A"; L NEW ACCOUNT 470 PRINT: PRINT" ALLOCATION: ";:LINE INPU T A\$(1): IF LEN(A\$(1))>30 THEN 470 480 IF LEFT\$(A\$(1),2)="XX" THEN L=LOF:GO 490 PRINT"OWNER: ";:LINE INPUT A\$(2):IF LEN(A\$(2))>30 THEN 490 500 PRINT"BUSINESS NAME: ";:LINE INPUT A \$(3): IF LEN(A\$(3))>30 THEN 500 510 PRINT"NO & STREET: ";:LINE INPUT A\$(4): IF LEN(A\$(4))>30 THEN 510 520 PRINT"TOWN: ";:LINE INPUT A\$(5):IF L EN(A\$(5))>17 THEN 520 530 PRINT"PCODE: ";:LINE INPUT A\$(6):IF LEN(A\$(6))>4 THEN 530 540 IF I\$="S" OR I\$="s" THEN 580 550 PRINT"PHONE NUMBER: ";:LINE INPUT A\$ (7): IF LEN(A\$(7))>12 THEN 550 570 PRINT"CREDIT CARD: ";:LINE INPUT A\$(8): IF LEN(A\$(8))>14 THEN 570 580 IF I\$="S" OR I\$="s" THEN L=0: N\$=A2\$: S\$=A3\$:T\$=A4\$:P\$=A5\$:GOSUB 870:GOTO 10 590 PRINT"COMMENTS: ";:LINE INPUT A\$(9):

IF LEN(A\$(9))>30 THEN 590

T A\$(10): IF LEN(A\$(10))>2 THEN 600

760 LPRINT TAB(50)"CURRENT"; TAB(75)"30-6

O DAYS"; TAB(100)"60 + DAYS"; TAB(125)"TOT

: A=0: FORT=12TO14: A(T)=0: NEXTT

759 '********Post Codes*******

750 CLOSE: GOTO 10

AL \$": RETURN

softaold 770 CLS: LL=0: L=1: PRINTTAB(8)"POST CODE S CO": PRINT" A: ADVERTISER": PRINT" PERCENTAG EARCH": PRINT: INPUT"LOW NUMBER"; LN: INPUT" ES 1=25%": PRINT TAB(12)"2=40%" HIGH NUMBER"; HN: GOSUB 1020 1232 PRINT"Z: COCOOZ": PRINT"T: RAINBOW O 780 FOR LL=1 TO (LOF(2)/256) N TAPE" 790 GET#2, LL: IF VAL(NA\$(6))=>LN AND VAL(1233 PRINT NA\$(6)) <= HN THEN PRINT "A"; LL:: GOSUB 820 1235 PRINT" DELIVERY DOCKETS ONLY: ": PRINT :GG=GG+1:IF GG=2 THEN GOSUB 1260:GG=0 " W: RAINBOW": PRINT" C: COCO" 800 NEXT LL: CLOSE 1240 GOSUB 1260 810 I\$=INKEY\$: IF I\$="" THEN 810 ELSE 10 1250 CLS: PRINT TAB(6)"OTHER CODES": PRINT 820 GOSUB 1080: FOR T=1 TO 4: PRINT NA\$(T) "VISA AND MASTERCARD ARE": PRINT" INDICATE : NEXT T: PRINT NA\$ (5); ST\$; "; NA\$ (6): PRI D BY DELETING THE FIRST": PRINT" THREE NUM NT: RETURN BERS, AND BY FINISHING": PRINT" VITH A 'V' 850 '****** Print Labels ******* OR A 'M'" 860 PUT#2, L: LOCATE 22, 1 1260 II\$=INKEY\$: IF II\$="" THEN 1260 ELSE 870 GOSUB 1080: INFUT"ENCLOSE ";OS\$ RETURN 880 A\$=NA\$(1) 1270 GOSUB 1260: RETURN 890 LPRINT CHR\$ (15); "A"; LL; A\$ 1279 '******* Multiple Labels ***** 900 LPRINT OSS: LPRINT ***** 910 FOR T=2 TO 4: LPRINT CHR\$ (14); NA\$ (T): 1280 CLOSE: LPRINT CHR\$ (27)":";:GOSUB1020 NEXT T : CLS: INPUT" ENCLOSURE"; OS\$: INPUT"START #" 920 LPRINT CHR\$(27);"-"; CHR\$(1); NA\$(5);: ; S: IF S=0 THEN S=1 IF I\$="S" THEN LPRINT" 1285 INPUT"FINISH #"; F: IF F=0 THEN F= (LO 930 LPRINT ST\$;" "; NA\$(6); CHR\$(27)"-"; CH F(2)/256) R\$(0):CHR\$(15) 1290 FOR L=S TO F:GET#2,L 940 CLS: FOR TT=1 TO 2: LPRINT: NEXT TT: IF 1300 IF I\$="L" THEN GOSUB 1360:GOTO 1350 I\$="S" OR I\$="s" OR I\$="LB" OR I\$="lb" O 1310 FOR T=1 TO VAL(NA\$(10)) R Is="D" OR Is="d" THEN RETURN 1320 GOSUB 1360 950 GOTO 90 1330 NEXT T 1020 '******** OPEN FILES ******** 1350 NEXT L: LPRINT CHR\$ (18): RUN 1030 IF L=0 THEN L=1: LL=L 1360 LPRINT "A"; L; NA\$(1) 1040 OPEN "R", 2, "AGNT. DAT", 221 1365 LPRINT OS\$: LPRINT CHR\$ (27); CHR\$ (14) 1050 FIELD#2,30AS NA\$(1),30AS NA\$(2),30A : FOR BL=2 TO 4: LPRINT NA\$ (BL): NEXT BL S NA\$(3),30AS NA\$(4),17AS NA\$(5),4AS NA\$ 1370 GOSUB 1080: LPRINT CHR\$ (27); "-"; CHR\$ (6), 12AS NA\$(7), 14AS NA\$(8), 30AS NA\$(9), (1); NA\$(5);" "; ST\$;" "; NA\$(6); CHR\$(27)"-2AS NA\$(10), 1AS NA\$(11), 7AS NA\$(12), 7AS "; CHR\$ (0) NA\$(13),7AS NA\$(14) 1375 LPRINT: LPRINT: RETURN 1060 RETURN 1600 '***EXCHANGE ROUTINE*** 1070 PUT#2, L: CLOSE#2: GOTO 10 1610 LOCATE 23,1 1079 '****** Afix State ******** 1620 INPUT" ACCOUNT TO BE EXCHANGED"; EX 1080 ST\$="": P\$=NA\$(6): IF LEFT\$(P\$,1)="2" 1625 IF EX=0 THEN 390 1630 FOR T=1 TO 14: A\$(T)=NA\$(T): NEXT T THEN ST\$="NSV" 1085 IF P\$="2630" OR P\$="2632" THEN 1160 1633 L1=L 1090 IF P\$ > "2600" AND P\$<"2629" OR P\$> 1635 GET#2, EX: FOR T=1 TO 14: B\$(T)=NA\$(T) "2900" AND P\$ < "3000" THEN ST\$="ACT" : NEXT T 1100 IF LEFT\$ (P\$, 1) ="3" THEN ST\$ = "VIC" 1640 FOR T=1 TO 14: LSET NA\$(T)=A\$(T): NEX 1110 IF LEFT\$ (P\$, 1) ="4" THEN ST\$ = "QLD" T T: PUT#2, EX 1120 IF LEFT\$ (P\$, 1) ="5" THEN ST\$=" SA" 1650 FOR T=1 TO 14: LSET NA\$ (T)=B\$ (T): NEX 1125 IF P\$= > "5750" AND P\$ < "6000" THE T T: PUT#2, L1 N ST\$="NT" 1660 GOTO 90 1130 IF LEFT\$ (P\$, 1) = "6" THEN ST\$ = " WA" 1800 '******TANDY SEARCH***** 1140 IF LEFT\$ (P\$, 1)="7" THEN ST\$="TAS" 1810 GOSUB 1030: INPUT"STORE NUMBER"; N\$ 1150 IF LEFT\$ (P\$, 1)="9" THEN ST\$="SPARE" 1820 FOR L=200 TO (LOF(2)/256) 1160 RETURN 1825 GET#2, L: IF LEFT\$ (NA\$ (2), 4)=N\$ THEN 1180 GOSUB1020: LL=0 90 1190 FORL=1TOLOF(2):LL=LL+1:GET#2,L:IFLE 1830 NEXT L FT\$ (NA\$ (6), 1)="9" OR LEFT\$ (NA\$ (1), 1)=CHR 1835 PRINT"Store not found" \$ (255) THEN1210 1840 PRINT" PRESS (ENTER) TO RETURN" 1200 NEXT: CLOSE#2: RETURN 1845 I\$=INKEY\$: IF I\$="" THEN 1845 ELSE C 1210 KK=1: RETURN LOSE#2: RUN 1219 ' ******* Help Files ******** 1220 CLS: PRINT TAB(13)"CODES"

User Group Contacts

					. I
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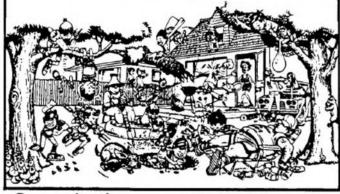
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