

# 80 U.S.

THE TRS-80 USERS JOURNAL.

Vol. VI., No. 1

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January, 1983

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Case Histories*



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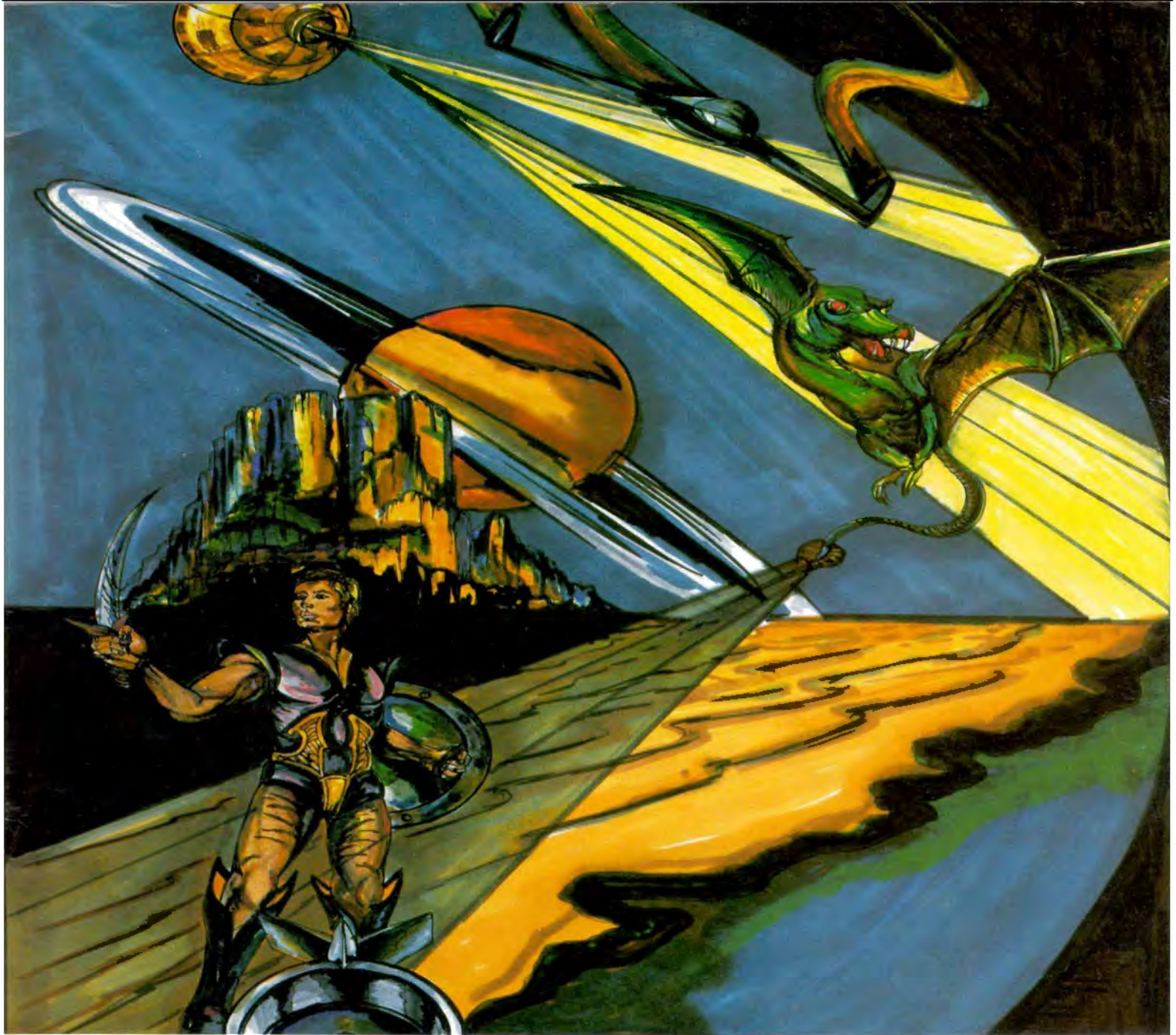
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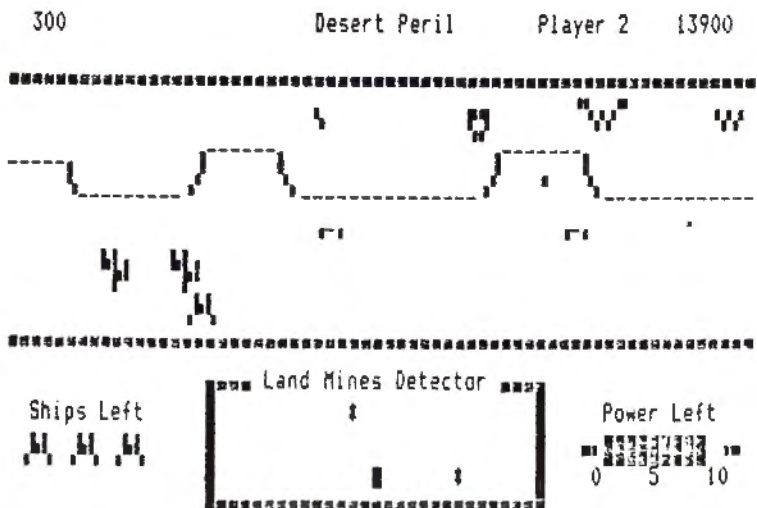
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# 80-U.S.

## THE TRS-80 USERS JOURNAL

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Vol. VI, No. 1 — January, 1983

### From stone to computer

20

T. G. Melatis

An archeological interpretation of computing.

### The computing family

26

Gary Shade

A humorous profile of a family that just joined the computer revolution.

### Microstrokes for microfolks

28

Bill Grout

Model III  
Fast graphics and multiple images.

### Recipies for making pi

32

Alan Mandell

Models I/II/III, LNW80, PMC-80  
Five ways to generate 3.14159...

### You don't have to be a mathematician

40

Tasha K. Taylor

A literary approach to structured programming.

### All about input

42

Richard Metzler

Models I/II/III, LNW80, PMC-80  
How to structure, filter, blink and massage your INKEYS.

### 80-U.S. Journal interviews Bob Snapp

48

80-U.S. staff

### LSNAPP

52

Pete Carr

Models I/III, LNW80, PMC-80  
An evaluation of Snapp-Ware's enhancements to LDOS.

### Model II Supervisor Calls

58

T. R. Dettmann

Model II  
Part I: A function grapher. First of a three-part series.

## File copy utility

Model I/III, LNW80, PMC-80

Now have a COPY command on a single drive system.

62

Charles Edwards

## Short cut

For all models

Compute shortest path through a network or traffic pattern.

64

Arnold Maddox

## Bar graphs

Color Computer

66

Richard Scales

## Printer hangups

Model I only

Avoiding the printer-not-ready problem.

75

Jerry Latham

## Files and foibles

Models I/II/III, LNW80, PMC-80

Methods that will allow your data files to span disks.

84

T. R. Dettmann

## Scriptsit your programs

Model II, two drives

Use a word processor for greater editing ability.

92

Waldo T. Boyd

## Sprinter II

Models I/III, LNW80, PMC-80

An evaluation on how to triple your CPU speed.

94

Jim Klapproth

## Proctor Products

104

T.R. Dettmann

A look at the progress and problems of installing a computing system in a manufacturing plant.

## Speller

Color Computer

Have your Color Computer talk to non-readers.

106

Charles Hohn

## Baudot with your computer

Models I/III, LNW80, PMC-80

An evaluation of Richcraft Eng. L.T.D.'s teletype program.

108

Dr. Richard D. Jameison

## Microcomputers in a church

110

Dr. Edward Simpson

How the TRS-80 has proven useful in numerous situations.

## Annual index

Alphabetized by title for Volume V, 1982.

133

## REVIEWS

### Radio Shack

**Computer Classes** 113

Reviewed by Cameron C. Brown

**Problem Solving Principles** 114

Reviewed by T. R. Dettmann

**MAXPRINT** 114

Reviewed by John T. Phillips, M.D.

**LNW 5/8 Doubler** 116

Reviewed by Jim Klapproth

**Custom TRS-80** 117

Reviewed by Capt. Paul Hine

**Temple of the Sun** 118

Reviewed by Grey Smith

**Bounceoids** 121

Reviewed by Bob Perez

**Space Castle** 122

Reviewed by Jerry Latham

## DEPARTMENTS

### Editorial

6

By Cameron C. Brown

### Directions

8

By I. Mike Schmidt

### Notes, etc.

10

By Cameron C. Brown

### Letters to the Editor

14

### Captain 80

80

By Bob Liddil

### Tandy topics

82

By Ed Juge

### BASIC bits

96

By Thomas L. Quindry

### @ News

98

By Spencer Hall

### Exploring VisiCalc

100

By Timothy K. Bowman

### Basically BASIC

102

By James A. Conrad

### New products

128

### Advertiser index

136

### Bulletin board

136

January, 1983 5

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## 80-U.S. Journal

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# Editorial

Cameron C. Brown

1982 has seen a lot of changes. Software has become more professional and much of it looks as though Madison Avenue was involved in its packaging. Hardware is getting more reliable, lower priced, and we are now able to purchase machines that are pretty to look at. Who would have ever thought that the selection of a computer would be based on the color of its casing?

It appears to me that we will be looking back on 1982 as the year in which we all grew up just a little bit more. As consumers, we have learned what to look for and, more importantly, what to avoid. I hate the phrase "user-friendly", but we are now getting material that truly is kind to the operator. No longer is the primary criteria "Does it work?", but we now want to know "Does it work well enough to meet my needs"? We are being told to select computers based upon the software available for it. Just last year, the key question was "How reliable is the hardware, and how many bugs does it have?"

New Year's is resolution and prediction time. This is an excellent time to look forward and take a guess as to what we can expect for 1983. If Jeanne Dixon can do it, so can *80-U.S.*, though we don't claim to match her record of success.

Tandy Corporation will release new models and discontinue some others. At the same time, they will be attacked for not caring and that the consumer has been taken. Tandy stock will rise another 20% even though trade journals will continue to comment that they are losing ground in the marketplace.

Compatibility will not be any better and we will still be under the mistaken notion that the problem has a solution.

The court system will make contradictory rulings regarding copyright of software and all lawsuits currently in place will be settled out of court since no one

really does know what is going on.

A new computer will be released that has a built in modem, hard disk, floppy backup that connects to your TV. It will be marketed as a home information center, just like the home entertainment centers of today.

A portable, hand-held computer that has the capability of a full-blown Model III will come on the market. Model III owners will be able to install one megabyte of RAM in their machines.

Another mainframe manufacturer will enter the micro market and lay an egg. Their machine will not come anywhere close to the expectations that consumers will hold for it. We will hear of yet another new method for data storage that will supposedly cut costs by 100 percent. Of course it will be at least one year late in getting on the market, if at all.

The secret will finally come out that over 90% of the software on the market is actually written by teenagers who do the writing during their algebra classes.

Forth user's groups will be granted tax-exempt status by a California court since they are really a religious cult.

Somebody will finally start a company that does not have the word micro, super, computer, or an acronym in its title.

Owners of an original 4K, Level I, Model I will band together and form a club similar to antique car clubs. They will begin to appear in mass at conventions and shows and be revered in numerous "Remember when?" articles and discussions.

All in all, 1983 promises to be another exciting year. It should be full of growth, improvement and progress. The one prediction I can make with complete confidence is that *80-U.S. Journal* will be there reporting, commenting, and letting you know what's new while still giving you programs that entertain, teach and enlighten.

Happy New Year.

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\*Some features work only if your printer has the mechanical capability.

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## The ULTIMATE TRS-80 Terminal Package

### What is OMNITERM?

OMNITERM is a professional communications package for the TRS-80 that allows you to easily communicate and transfer files or programs with almost any other computer. We've never found a computer that OMNITERM can't work with. It's a complete package because it includes not only the terminal program itself, but also conversion utilities, a text editor, special configuration files, serious documentation and serious support.

### Why do I need it?

You need OMNITERM if you need to communicate efficiently with many different computers, or if you want to customize your TRS-80 for use with one particular computer. You need OMNITERM to SOLVE your communications problems once and for all.

### What do I get?

The OMNITERM package includes the OMNITERM terminal program, four conversion utilities, a text editor, and setting files for use with popular computers such as CompuServe, the Source, and Dow Jones — just as samples of what you can do for the computer you want to work with. The package includes six programs, seven data files, and real documentation: a 76-page manual that has been called "the best in the industry." And OMNITERM comes with real user support. We can be reached via CompuServe, Source, phone, or mail to promptly answer your questions about using OMNITERM.

### What do I need to use OMNITERM?

A Model I or Model III TRS-80, at least 32K of memory, one disk, and the RS-232 interface, or Microconnection modem. OMNITERM works with all ROMs and DOSes, and will work with your special keyboard drivers.

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OMNITERM allows you to translate any character going to any device: printer, screen, disk, keyboard, or communications line, giving you complete control and allowing you to redefine the character sets of all devices. It will let you transfer data, and run your printer while connected for a record of everything that happens. OMNITERM can reformat your screen so that 80, 32, or 40 column lines are easy to read and look neat on your TRS-80 screen. It even lets you get on remote computers with just one keystroke! The program lets you send special characters, echo characters, count UART errors, configure your UART, send True Breaks and use lower case. It accepts VIDEOTEX codes, giving you full cursor control. It will even let you review text that has scrolled off the screen! Best of all, OMNITERM will save a special file with all your changes so you can quickly use OMNITERM for any one of many different computers by loading the proper file. It's easy to use since it's menu driven, and gives you a full status display so you can examine and change everything.

"OMNITERM has my vote as the top TRS-80 terminal program available today." Kilobaud Microcomputing, June 1981, pages 16-19.

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# Directions

I. Mike Schmidt, Publisher

Our old ball of mud has made it around the sun one more time and it's time to look at the past year and into what the next holds for us. The past year has been an exciting one for us here at *80-U.S. Journal*. We have more than doubled our staff and space and our circulation has more than doubled too. It's wonderful, and we can't go on without thanking all of you who made that possible.

The one change, apparent with this issue, is that we have gone to an all slick format. As I write this, of course, we haven't yet seen it so I hope it turns out to be what we expected. We have every reason to think it will.

## IS RADIO SHACK IN TROUBLE?

With Captain Kirk pushing Commodore, Bill Cosby pushing Texas Instruments and a host of others pushing yet another host of others on television one wonders about Radio Shack and their place in the sun. I recently had the opportunity to study in detail their annual report to stockholders. It was interesting, to say the least. If there is any doubt about who will be on top of the microcomputer business in 1983 you should study this report. There will probably be a shake-out of computer manufacturers starting this year, and from what I can see, Tandy will still be there when it's over.

Last year Tandy had total sales of over 2 billion dollars. About 624 million of that came from computer hardware, software and supporting peripherals. That's about 31% of their business from computers. Not

too shabby, is it?

They haven't stopped there either. You can bet that in 1983 there will be announcements of even more new hardware and software.

This year will also bring more VisiCalc type software packages. Let's face it, there are many microcomputer users who simply don't want to learn how to program. There will definitely be a place for those types of software packages. 1983 promises to be quite a year and I wouldn't miss it for anything.

I also predict that if *Byte* and *80-Micro* don't quit their "catalog size" war, they will have to engage some form of motor express to deliver their publications in 1983 because of a postal carrier revolt.

Closer to home we have just installed an RS-232 on an AM Varityper. We can now send text and program listings directly from a Model II to the typesetter. Text can be imbedded with typesetting codes so that the typesetter simply runs out the copy almost without human intervention. In fact, I am writing this on my Model 16 using a text editor. We send text and listings from the Model I, III and Color Computer to the Model II via RS-232, and from the Model II to the typesetter. We can also send Scripsit files for typesetting, and when authors submit articles on Scripsit, we can edit them on the screen and then send them across to be set, in which case the only person who actually keyed in the text was the original author! Isn't technology wonderful?

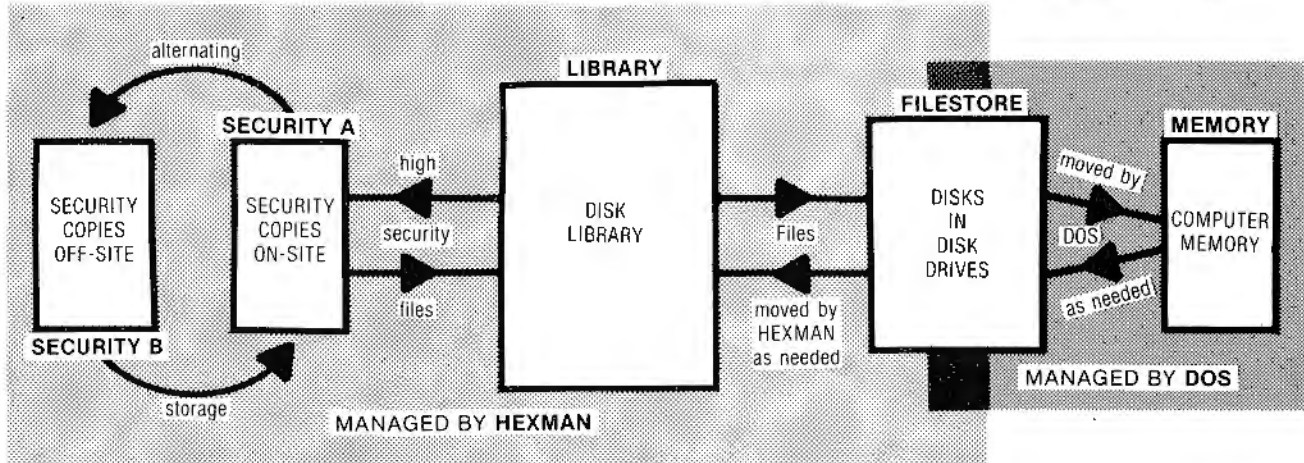
All in all, it has been an interesting year and we look forward to the next being all of that and more. Make happy holidays, enjoy yourselves, and remember that good years, like good days, are made, not had. Happy holidays!



# HEXMAN D.M.S.

## DISK MANAGEMENT SYSTEM

Computerized file storage and retrieval for your whole disk library.



Your Disk Operating System makes a fine job of managing the files that are in your disk drives. No need to worry about where your old files are kept or where to store new files,

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### Storage Management

Only a small portion of your disks can be in your disk drives at any one time. These disks form the "Filestore" to which your computer has immediate access, and the remaining disks form your disk "Library". Ideally the "Filestore" should contain the most active files, while inactive files are kept on "Library" disks stored near the computer.

HEXMAN comes as close to this ideal as it can by monitoring file activity and keeping the most frequently used files in the Filestore. If previously inactive files are needed, they are moved in from the Library. If the Filestore becomes full, the least active files are moved out to the Library. The net result is the files you are most likely to use are ready and waiting.

HEXMAN also performs other storage management chores such as daily backups of modified files, on-site and off-site storage of security copies, and file growth monitoring.

### File Retrieval

HEXMAN manages up to 8000 files (2000 originals with up to 4 copies of each). If remembering that many eight letter file names gives you a headache — don't worry. HEXMAN gives you two easy ways to find the files you need. With HEXMAN you find files by function e.g. "Get all the files I need for the end of month Sales Reports" or by description e.g. "Find the letter I sent to Radio Shack about my disk drives". HEXMAN finds your files in seconds. Once you have found them you may Review them, Load them or Delete them as needed.

### Requirements

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This product is timelocked. Unregistered copies will expire at a future date. Registered owners will receive an extension patch when needed.

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# Notes, etc.

We recently received a letter from Mr. Fritz L. Schweitzer, Jr. of Darien, CT. He gave an excellent discussion on how to correct a "Direct Statement in File" error that can occur in a Model III.

When a program line is close to the magic 256 bytes in length and is then saved in ASCII format, a "Direct Statement in File" error may result when you attempt to load the program. All you do is list the program and locate the offending line. It would be wise to print it out for reference. Now, go into the DEBUG utility and enter key F. Respond to the filespec question with the name of your program. Page through the program until you find the line that caused the problem; it's not too hard since the ASCII file is easy to read along the right-hand side of the display.

The entire line is shown and you will notice that some of the last bytes of the display are missing from the printed listing. Key in the letter M in DEBUG mode, move the cursor over the display and change all characters that are not on the paper listing to zeros. Now press ENTER and the change is put onto the disk file of the program.

If you now reload the program it will still not run, but it can be loaded. Just change the offending line by splitting it up so it is shorter, and add any characters that you may have had to zero out when you were in DEBUG. Save the "corrected" program and you are done.

## Color Computer disk users

Be careful when going from disk to tape and back again. When Color Computer programs are saved to tape and reloaded without the disk pak installed, troubles will occur. All Disk BASIC commands are  
10 80-U.S. Journal

defaulted to an exclamation point (!) token. The Color Computer ROM cannot interpret the commands and a listing will not show the correct commands. So, be sure that your disk pak is installed whenever you have a program that uses Disk BASIC commands, even if you don't plan on running it. This leads us to the following correction.

## Color Computer Text Editor Oct. '82

Believe us, the program works, but not as we listed. Tokens appeared in the place of the Disk BASIC commands and here are what they really are. In line 110, !2,2048 should be 110 FILES 2,2048. In line 150, ! is VERIFY; in lines 430 and 1180, ! is KILL; and in lines 1190 and 1200 the ! stands for RENAME.

## Downloader, Nov. '82

We dropped a line in Listing 1, page 32. Be sure to add:

```
50040 DEFUSR2 = &HF01F:CLS:
BD = 85
```

## @ News

This issue marks the end of our @ News column, but don't fear, Spencer will be with us in a new and exciting role starting next month. We will still be publishing appropriate articles for ESF users and owners, so stick with us. ESF readers have been with *80-U.S. Journal* since the early days and we don't plan on forgetting those who helped us grow into what we are now.

## Puzzler

We might be asking for something that may not be possible. We want to be able to input a whole number X, and have the computer either

GOSUB or GOTO line number X. For example, if we input 120 for X, we want to have the BASIC program branch control to line number 120. So, this month's puzzler is to figure out how to GOTO X. Don't confuse this with the ON X GOTO (or GOSUB) where the X can be a variable.

We now have a simple solution to the November puzzler and our winner is Mr. Leonard Zucker of Charleston, SC. His code generates a bridge hand and uses Model III graphics to display the suits. The program does not sort and refers to face cards by number (Ace = 1, King = 13, etc.) but it is very fast and quite short. The winning code is:

```
1 ' *** BRIDGE DEAL ***
10 GOSUB500
20 CLS:PRINTCHR$(23):DEFINT
A-Z
30 NR=52
40 DIM X(NR)
50 FOR I=1 TO NR:X(I)=I:NEXTI
60 A=RND(NR):GOSUB100
70 X(A)=X(NR)
80 NR=NR-1:IF NR<1 THEN 80
90 GOTO60
100 CD=X(A)
110 ST=(CD-1)/13:VL=CD-1-13*
ST
120 PRINTUSING"## ! ";VL+
1,S$(ST),
130 RETURN
500 POKE16420,1:FORI=0TO3:S$
(I)=CHR$(192+I):NEXT
510 RETURN
```

Be sure to send your solution for this month's puzzler to: Puzzler, c/o *80-U.S. Journal*, 3838 South Warner, Tacoma, WA 98409.

## Our listings

We are working feverishly to get

our programs into a form that our Comp/Set typesetter can handle automatically. A computer is being hard-wired to send the programs over an RS-232 line. This will give you clear, crisp listings that should be much easier to read and use when typing them into your machine. Don't worry, the listings will still be a direct feed from a working program to the typesetter. They will not be retyped or in any way modified.

The typesetter does justify spacing, so be careful with very long program lines so that you don't exceed the 255-byte per line limit. If everything checks out, you may find some typeset programs in this issue.

#### In this issue

This month signifies a hallmark for us. We are on enamel paper and have the capability for lots of color. It is like starting anew, and that is exactly what this issue is all about. We can all remember when it was all

so new and confusing. In this issue we have a few articles, some humorous, which should spark those memories. For those of you who are just jumping into the micro world, perhaps we can help prevent some problems.

T.G. Melatis begins by raising some interesting questions regarding our "progress" through the ages. Gary Shade introduces us to his family for a light-hearted look at computing, and T.R. Dettmann follows the trials and tribulations of one man as he went about computerizing his business. Dr. Simpson completes our tour of people starting out in computing by giving us a look at what they do in his church.

Tasha Taylor dispells fears about having to know mathematics while at the same time making a nice comparison between structured writing and structured programming. For those with a math interest we have five different ways to compute pi by Dr. Alan Mandell.

There is an excellent graphics program that almost makes animation a reality on your Model III by Gary and Bill Grout, and Jerry Latham gets us around the printer not ready problem on the Model I.

Model II owners rejoice. We asked Terry Dettmann to do an article on Supervisor Calls and he went all out. In this first part of a three-part series, he shows how to scroll protect the screen and gives a program that also works as a function grapher. Parts two and three will take us into flipping video displays and culminate in a disk directory program. Now the Model II owner can also get organized. Waldo Boyd points out a decidedly simple way to obtain powerful editing for your Model II BASIC programs.

No matter what machine you own, don't miss Files and foibles, Basically BASIC, BASIC bits, or our other regular columns and features. They are there to entertain and inform. May you find 1983 to be full of wonderment and fun. -Cam ■

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# Letters

Reference 80-U.S. for November 1982, "Notes" (p. 16).

You are in error when you say one cannot 'PRINT@ 20, "L";' without erasing what's at position 30. What you have in your listing is a special case occasioned by the "END" statement. The END statement will start the cursor at the semicolon, run it to the beginning of the next line and print O.K. But try, '40 GOTO 40' and it will print both characters just fine. Your special case should be watched for, however, in any program, to keep from losing data.

As long as I'm troubling to drop you a line, let me mention that I enjoy your magazine very much. I would like to see more Color Computer items, but I understand your limitations in that regard. One thing I find is that a number of program listings for the other TRS-80s work quite well on the Color with only minor changes. It would be nice if you printed more alternate listings — even if extensive changes are required. Like a lot of people, I suspect, my exposure to computing is through a single machine. It is frustrating to have a program listing which you want to use, but are unable to figure out the necessary conversions, or don't have the time to

do so. These, in any case, are minor things, and don't detract from the quality of your magazine. Keep up the good work.

Glenn J. Christensen  
Coos Bay, OR

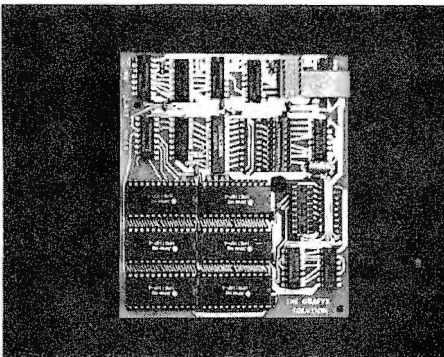
*You are right, but the problem lies in the way the Color Computer interprets the semicolon. The cursor is held at that position until another PRINT command is given. Then it will erase to the end of line, no matter what. By printing a " " at some position past the line in question, you can move the cursor to a location in which an erasure to end of line does not affect the output. POKEing graphics into video memory is one method we found to work. You can expect to see more Color Computer programs and we agree that many of our programs can be put on the Color Computer. Space does not allow us to give different listings for every model TRS-80. —Ed.*

I was amused by Ron Goodman's attempts to recover a program he accidentally "newed," in your October 1982 issue.

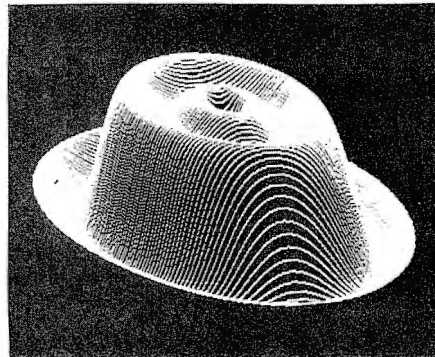
If he is using Level II BASIC, he could have saved a lot of effort by entering the following: POKE 17130, 1 then SYSTEM/11395 and finally LIST.

You recover the entire program this way with a lot less effort. For the Model III, use POKE 17386,1 instead of 17130,1.

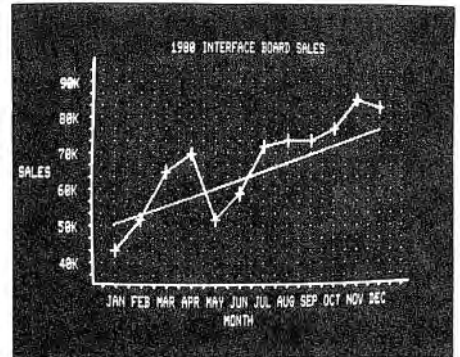
Don't bother trying this with Disk BASIC, it will work



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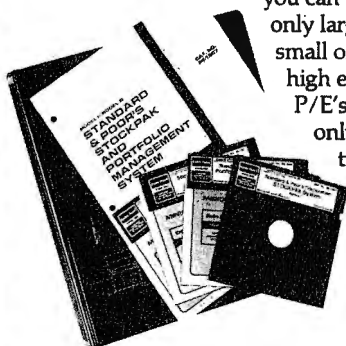
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# 9

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only in Level II.

**N.B. Parrish  
Marathon, TX**

We found you can *LLIST* but not *RUN*, *EDIT* or *CSAVE* a program recovered under this method. Notice that even with this approach the first program line is listed correctly but the pointers are still flawed. If you are desperate for at least a listing of a *NEWed* program, this method is acceptable. —Ed.

In the April 1982 issue, you published an excellent utility (Short leader for data tapes) by Kenneth R. Smith. It was just what the doctor ordered for my long data tapes. But unfortunately, it will not work on a Model III. In the July '82 issue, Letters to the Editor, (page 6), James A. Sladek sent in a patch to the routine for later Model I ROMs but unfortunately this also does not work on a Model III.

I am writing this letter in hopes that someone has adapted this utility to the Model III and can help me out.

Finally, I would be remiss if I closed this without congratulating you on your fine magazine. Keep up the good work.

**Don Bazzurro  
26 Winona Drive  
West Springfield, Mass. 01089**

*Can anyone help? Regarding your last comment, we certainly intend to. —Ed.*

I have found your latest issue (October 1982) of *80-U.S.* one of the most enjoyable I have received so far. As one of the earlier advocates of personal computing (TRS-80 Model I — 1978) I thought I had picked up on most of the useful tips/subroutines/utilities, etc., that have appeared in microcomputer magazines. That issue of *80-U.S.*, however, proved me wrong.

Tim Bowman's article on Automatic Program Dating was one example. Having written many programs since 1978 — I thought to myself — how dumb you have been — a simple idea — easy to implement — but so very useful!

Thomas Quindry's article on Restoring Your Data Pointer was another. In one demo package of twelve programs I had incorporated into a single package — I had used the brute force method of setting up dummy reads according to the relative placement of each program within the composite series.

Recovering dead programs and *DECIPOKE* are several others I haven't had time to thoroughly review yet — but they and others in this issue really made my day.

I had to take time out from my reading to get this note off to let you know that articles such as those in this

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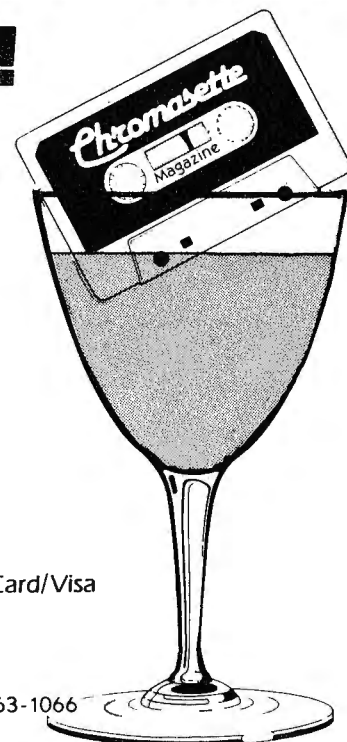
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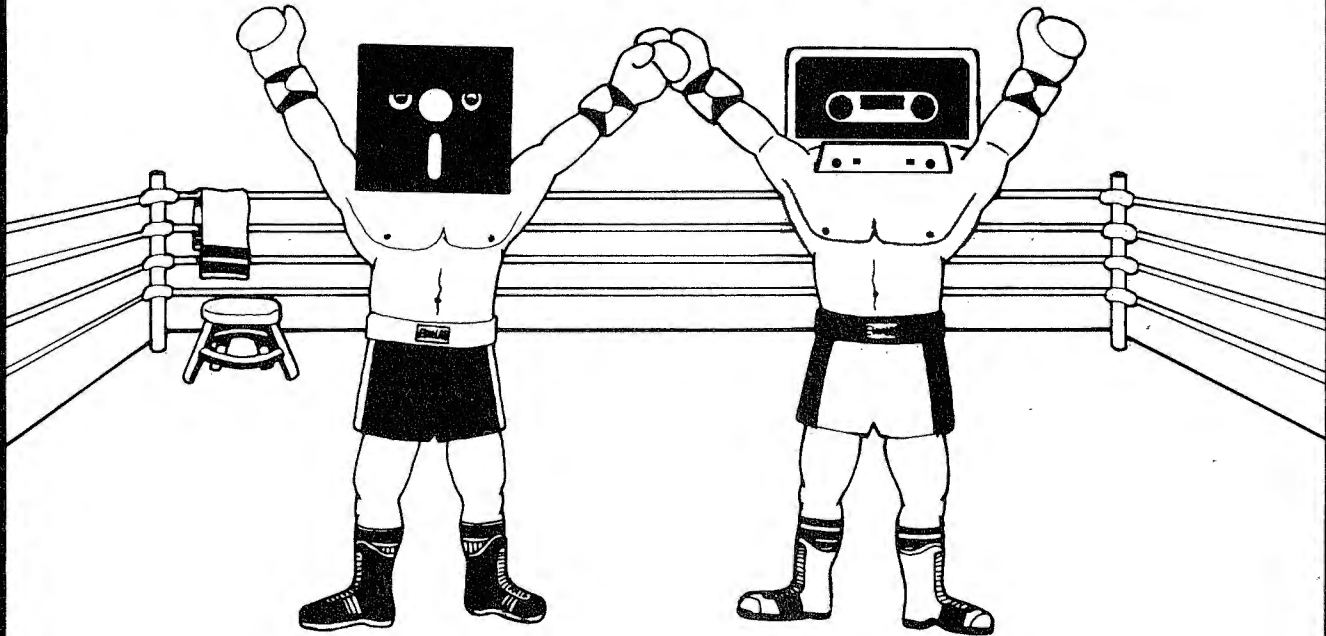


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issue are well received by people like me — and I'm hoping future issues will continue this idea.

**Richard E. Robinson**  
Neptune Beach, FL

*The October issue was a collection of a number of very brief articles. We do plan to do more of it and are pleased you found it to be worthwhile. —Ed.*

I have recently purchased a Line Printer VII from our local Radio Shack dealer. I have enjoyed the printer very much, as it does exactly what I bought it to do. I could, however, think of several things I would like it to do but I won't get into that in this letter.

The documentation supplied with the printer leaves an awful amount to the imagination. One of the most interesting features about the Line Printer VII is the dot addressable graphics. The manual briefly brushes over the commands and gives only one poor example of a program.

I believe that many of your readers could benefit from an in-depth article covering the graphic capabilities of the Line Printer VII. I for one would be most appreciative to have such an article in my reference library.

Thank you for your time and cooperation.

**Robert E. Wesley**  
Plattsburgh, NY

*Any writers out there who wish to help? —Ed.*

Kenneth R. Smith addressed a needed subject in the September 1982 issue on the Epson and Graftrax-80. He deserves our thanks for jumping right in and challenging the dot-by-dot straight on.

Well, some of us non-Epson dot matrix owners are left stranded by this program because of differences in printer codes. Not willing to be left out of the fun I reached for the NEC 8023A-C printer manual for a few clues to the differences.

First I grouped a few lines together where possible, then proceeded to compare the printer codes. Two lines, 110 and 130, were changed to make the default setting right. Next, the graphics dots mode was changed in line 260. The NEC printer returns a '63' (line 280) for 'printer ready' so change this. We are almost there now.

The major difference was in the method of addressing the needle firing positions. The NEC calls the bits from top to bottom which is just opposite from the MX-80.

Top	Bit 0	.....	Needle 1	... 1
	Bit 1	.....	Needle 2	... 2
	Bit 2	.....	Needle 3	... 4
	Bit 3	.....	Needle 4	... 8
	Bit 4	.....	Needle 5	... 16
	Bit 5	.....	Needle 6	... 32
	Bit 6	.....	Needle 7	... 64
Bottom	Bit 7	.....	Needle 8	... 128

The top needle is fired when the least significant byte is sent to the printer. The bottom needle is fired when the MSB (most significant byte) is set. This method of dot

handling is reversed in line 5010.

Now for the final checkout. Type 'RUN.' Slowly but surely the image begins to develop on the printer paper. Moving forward at the same pace as the Epson, the printer turns out the sine wave, first moving right then transversing to the left.

This author can take credit only for the changes. With these guidelines in hand any owner of a dot addressing bit image printer can probably adapt the program to his printer. Why not try it!

**Program Listing for  
Low-Resolution Graphics  
for the NEC 8023A-C Printer**

```

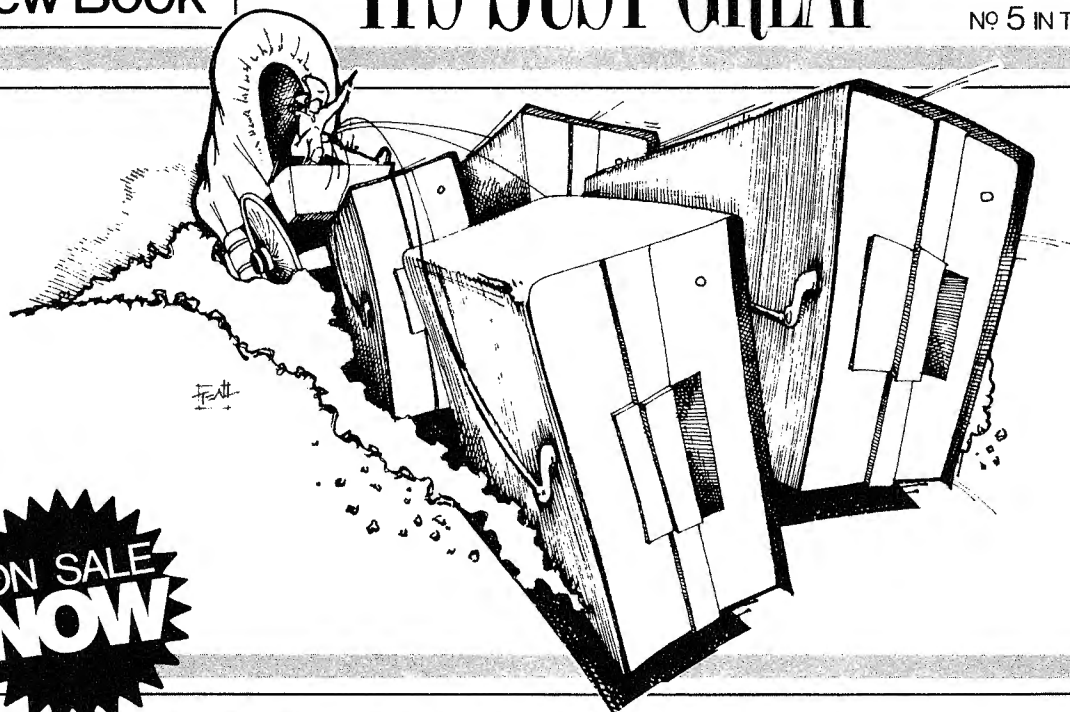
100 DEFINT A-W:DIMA(479):' LOW-RES
OLUTION
110 LPRINTCHR$(27);CHR$(78);
130 LPRINTCHR$(27);"B";
140 FORL=0TO712 STEP8:A(240)=170
160 FOR D=0TO7:X=(L+D)/100
180 IFX=0THENGOSUB1000
190 IFX=INT(X)THENGOSUB2000
200 IFX*2=INT(X*2)THENGOSUB3000
210 IF(L+D)/10=INT((L+D)/10)THENG
OSUB4000
220 Y=SIN(X):Y=INT(Y*80+240.5)
240 GOSUB5000:NEXTD
260 LPRINTCHR$(27);CHR$(83);"0480
";
270 FORI=0TO479
280 IFPEEK(14312)<>63THEN280
290 IFPEEK(293)=73THEN OUT 248,A(
I)
300 IFPEEK(293)<>73THEN POKE14312
,A(I)
310 A(I)=0:NEXTI
330 LPRINT:NEXTL:END
1000 FORY=0TO479:GOSUB5000:NEXTY
1030 FORY=0TO479 STEP80
1040 A(Y)=A(Y)OR248
1050 NEXTY:FORY=0TO479 STEP40
1060 A(Y)=A(Y)OR 240
1070 NEXTY:FORY=0TO479 STEP8
1100 A(Y)=A(Y)OR 224:NEXTY:RETUR
N
2000 FORY=235TO245:GOSUB5000:NEXT
Y:RETURN
3000 FORY=240TO244:GOSUB5000:NEXT
Y:RETURN
4000 FORY=240TO242:GOSUB5000:NEXT
Y:RETURN
5000 IFY<0 OR Y>479 THENRETURN
5010 A(Y)=A(Y)OR 2[(D):RETURN
    
```

**D.D. Freeman**  
Garland, TX

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# From stone to computer: 200,000 years

T. G. Melatis, Agoura, CA

I can't claim to be a recent convert to microcomputing. I was fortunate enough to earn a degree in Electrical Engineering. Upon graduation, I landed my first job with the U.S. Naval Oceanographic Office, as a civilian. They taught me how to install and maintain PDP-8 and PDP-9 minicomputers as well as a full range of electronic instruments and navigation equipment. Keeping those beasts alive on a pitching, rolling ship, 2000 miles from the nearest telephone, makes one quite resourceful.

I graduated to the PDP-11 at my current job. From desktop models to rooms full of large minicomputer systems, I've had to keep up on the latest hardware and software systems. My hobby, computing, is basically a busman's holiday.

My other hobby is to work as a volunteer at the Calico Early Man Site near Yermo, California. As a volunteer, I dig for stone tools that were made by early man. How early? Drs. J. L. Bischoff and T. L. Ku have dated chemicals that were deposited from the soils onto some of the tools using a Uranium-Thorium dating technique at 200,000 years, plus or minus 20,000 years, before present. The tools are considered primitive. They consist of choppers, scrapers, chisel-like tools called burins, graters, borers, small blades, and a host of others that have very technical differences. The site is too old to find anything that looks like spear or arrow points. What is important is the age. It is at least 150,000 years older than most contemporary archaeologists would like to believe that man was on the North American Continent.

So, what is the point? I wish I could say that my TRS-80 was instrumental in the efforts at the

site, but it wasn't. The point is that both the stone tools and the computer have a lot in common, physically, as well as a measure of our heritage and our future. They both serve as examples of what I believe is a basic and erroneous measure of man's capabilities, as we commonly try to measure ourselves against our past, or to plot our future. What follows are my comparisons of the stone tools and the computer — my own analysis and conclusions about their importance. I hope that they will provide a sobering, if not challenging, outlook at technology.

## Comparisons

What do a microcomputer and a stone tool have in common? The most obvious is that they are both tools. While it may take a trained eye to tell the difference between a naturally broken rock and a rock broken by man, the second is still something constructed by man and used to make his life easier or more successful.

The second thing they have in common is the basic material from which they are both made. A lot of primitive cutting or scraping tools are made from flint, chert, obsidian, jasper, or chalcedony (kal-'sed-knee). The bulk of the tools at Calico are made from chalcedony. Early man used these materials because he could knock off flakes that had very sharp edges. In fact, obsidian edges can be sharper than any steel edge. The electron microscope has shown these edges to be sharp down to several molecules in thickness. These minerals are all composed of the same basic material as the microcomputer chip — silicon. The impurities in the mineral silicon, from which the tools are made, are

as important to tool making as other impurities are important to the electronic processes in the silicon-based microcomputer chip, even if for different reasons.

Unquestionably, our ancient ancestors had no concept of silicon, much less the Periodic Table of Elements or crystalline structures. However, I find it ironic, if not downright mystical, that two of mankind's major accomplishments at opposite ends of a 200,000-year sample are based on the same material. (The reader should be aware that man and his ancestors have been making stone tools for a lot longer than 200,000 years — more like 3,500,000 years.)

The third similarity, one which all tools exhibit, is that tools are generally developed to improve productivity. The computer has evolved from a desire to calculate answers with greater precision and accuracy, manipulate large amounts of data or do repetitive tasks with relatively little chance of error. It has proved itself as a tool, a device that allows man to do more work, or do it easier. Calico's stone tools were developed for just the same reason — to do more work or do it easier.

Why? A modern man analyzing the stock market with a computer or an ancient man using a stone blade to cut meat away from bones so that he might carry more meat from his hunt are both seeking the same thing — some little gain in productivity that will give him a slightly better chance of survival. The medium of exchange (dollars, or pounds of meat) is irrelevant.

Lest we get too big for our britches, we should be reminded that man is not the only creature that uses tools.

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The Darwin's Finch has been observed to use a cactus needle to dig grubs. Chimpanzees have been seen uprooting small saplings to use to knock down a piece of fruit that was out of reach. They will pick up a stick to use as a club to defend themselves from a predator. Termites farm fungus. Ants cultivate aphids to milk like miniature dairy herds. Tool making, or use, is no longer a sufficient definition of intelligence. A better test of intelligence has been suggested: "Does the subject use a tool to make another tool?" One of the advantages of being a man is that we are still the only creatures writing the rules. The stone tools and the computer pass both tests.

Some readers might be surprised to see my definition of tools to include farming as an example. What is a tool? I define it to be any thing or physical process that is inserted between a living thing and an objective that it is pursuing in a quest for survival. The termites use the fungus as a source of enzymes to help digest forms of cellulose that their systems could not otherwise digest. The ants don't eat the aphids, only the byproducts of their digestion. Are these any different than early man's use of stone tools to score a bone so that it may be cracked and the marrow eaten (or the bone used to make something) and man's current use of engineered genes to make microbes to eat oil spills or make insulin? More simply, the man that eats an apple is surviving. The man who then plants the seeds is using the apple tree as a tool to get more apples — an increase in productivity.

### Erroneous Measure

Man is fond of measuring himself against his past. Unfortunately, he uses a materialistic yardstick with which to make his measurements. He uses his tools and their productivity as a measure. I believe this is one of our greatest errors. We consider early man's tool kit primitive largely because it was not very productive compared to our more modern tools. A computer can manage the use of a lot of tools to increase their productivity. Is this a fair measure? Early man needed only a handful of simple tools to help

his small hunter-gatherer band survive. My company needs dozens of computers and thousands of other machines to keep a competitive edge for several hundred people to survive. The tools of modern man are more productive, but they have to be in order to support larger populations. I can't help but wonder if early man's tools were not more productive per person simply because there were so few early men to support.

If we can't measure our tools by their productivity, what measure should we use? If our new measure of intelligence is "the use of a tool to make a tool," how should we view the stone tool and the computer at opposite ends of the 200000-year sample? I would suggest that we first remember that we are not looking at two isolated points on the time scale. The time scale should be viewed as a continuum of little events, from a stone tool, to bronze, to iron, to the array of man-made and man-modified materials that we currently use for making tools.

The same continuum applies to the knowledge we apply to making tools. This idea is not new. What is seldom mentioned in this context is that as man progressed up the time and knowledge scale, his numbers increased. More thinking heads at each point must surely lead to a higher probability that man will create more tools as well as tools with higher productivity. Should modern man expect anything less than a computer or a trip to the moon when he has the benefit of all that history and an increasing number of ideas from which to choose?

### The Chevrolet Syndrome

This leads to a form of human behavior that I call the "Chevrolet Syndrome." Basically, this means that man does not need to fully understand all the principles needed to make a tool to be able to effectively use the tool. The more knowledge that one has about the tool, the more productivity one can expect from the tool. Yet, few people really understand all the principles that underly the tools that they use each day. How many men have within their experience all the knowledge that is necessary to build an automobile

from raw materials? Yet, with a few hours of instruction, an individual can be licensed and drive coast to coast. Similarly, one can buy a package of tomato seeds, plant them, and harvest tomatoes worth at least ten times the cost of the seeds. Does one need to be a farmer to do this? No, just follow the directions on the seed package. The single greatest contribution of the home or hobby computerist will undoubtedly be to hasten the onset of the "Chevrolet Syndrome" as applied to the computer. Yet, I am amazed by the number of people who are still befuddled by, or fearful of, using anything that has the word "computer" attached to it.

Another aspect of the "Chevrolet Syndrome" is applying a tool to a new job — using it in a new way. Closely related to this is the innovation that is required to form a new tool that is based on an old tool. An example would be combining the concept of a stone blade with the process of working metal to make a blade. The new blade could not be as sharp, but it wasn't as brittle. Thus, it would have a longer life than the stone blade. It would represent an increase in productivity because a single blade might last a lifetime. The time spent making new blades could now be spent making some other tool or process.

### Mental Measure

I've spent a lot of words leveling out the current end of our time scale. What about the other end of the 200000-year sample? How does a continuous process of development, of little steps, reflect on innovation? A lot of our progress is a series of little steps that modify or add to a previous tool. There are, however, identifiable points of innovation along the sample. How are they identified? The introduction of a new tool, process, or method that did not previously exist, is an adequate identification for an innovative tool. The examples should come readily to mind.

But what of the quality of mind that created them? Shouldn't the mind that first looked into a stone, saw the yet unformed stone tool, picked up another stone and broke it free, be considered on the same level

as the mind that invented the transistor? What of the mind that first formed clay into a bowl or plate? What about the mind that first formed a bow from a shaft and some fiber? Aren't we short-changing our ancestors by looking at their tools as being primitive just because they were simpler, or less powerful, than our tools? What examples did they have from which to work?

I believe that speculations such as those of Erich von Daniken in *Chariots of the Gods* have done our ancestors and ourselves an even greater injustice. His premise is that ancient man was jolted into creativity by the intercession of an outside force, visits by extraterrestrials. While I would like to believe that beings from other worlds exist and might even visit Earth once in a while, I don't believe his premise or his evidence. In any event, this is not the forum for such as argument. What is important is some of the evidence of ancient man's intelligence that has been found as a result of the controversy caused by von Daniken's publications.

One of the most noted mysteries was that of Stonehenge. Mr. von Daniken suggested that it could not have been erected without extraterrestrial help — that the stones were too massive to be moved by such a primitive people. The stone used for some, if not all, of Stonehenge is unique. The closest source is many miles away. Unfortunately, an English boys' school moved a stone the size of one of those used to build Stonehenge the whole distance in about two weeks. They used nothing more than logs for rollers, ropes for pulling and some flatboats for crossing water.

A boys' school could do it, but why would our ancestors want to expend that much effort? Researchers found that it was a calendar. One of the things that it indicates by alignment of stones and the sun are the two equinoxes — those times of the year when the days are made of equal light and dark periods. These two points in the solar year are the times to safely plant, and later, finish the harvest. Stonehenge may have had all sorts of religious and ceremonial uses, but it was first

# THE COMPUTING TEACHER

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The International Council for  
Computers in Education

Vol. 10 No. 2	THE COMPUTING TEACHER	Oct. 1982	
<b>Features</b>			
4	Big Things Come in Small Packages <i>Camille A. Allen and Robert T. Rude</i>		
5	Success <i>Dale Thurston</i>		
9	University of Oklahoma Hosts Programming Contests "Messing About": Six Easy Steps for Getting Started with Computers <i>Ann White Lewis</i>		
14	Trick Play: Picking NFL Winners at Random <i>Ron Dirkse</i>		
18	Jefferson High School's Computer Program: A Curriculum Development Model for the Future <i>Mary Bathwell</i>		
20	How Does a Speak & Spell Talk? <i>Barbara Thompson</i>		
26	Substrings <i>Craig Moore</i>		
27	An Argument for Including String Variables in Early Programming Activities <i>M. J. Winter</i>		
30	Index for the PET <i>Raymond E. Merritt</i>		
31	Preparing Slide Presentations on Computers <i>John K. Elberfeld</i>		
34	The First and Perhaps Last Annual TCT Official Contest The Holistic Approach to Introducing Computer Systems <i>Harold W. Lawson, Jr.</i>		
38	Microcomputer Remedial Instruction <i>Rita Gerzanich, Charles Lanoza, Richard D. Nolan</i>		
43	Minnesota Statewide Computing Contests for Students & Teachers <i>Tom Bae</i>		
50	Reactions of a High School Teacher to "Computer Power" <i>William E. Baird</i>		
54	59		
<b>Departments</b>			
3	Editor's Message	41	Computing Problems
4	Letters to the Editor	64	Book Reviews
6	What's New	70	ICCE Organization Members
7	Computer Literacy Film Reviews	71	Classified Ads
11	Computers in Science Education	72	Organization Membership in ICCE
28	Computers in the Teaching of English: Bits n Pieces	72	Index to Advertisers

*The Computing Teacher* is a journal for educators who are making instructional use of computers or who are concerned with how computers are affecting the content and process of education. Each issue contains information of use to the beginner and to the experienced user of computers. Topics covered include teaching using computers, teaching about computers at all grade levels, use of computers as an aid to problem solving in all disciplines and teacher education.

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a tool. Armed with this knowledge about our more recent ancestors, researchers are evaluating numerous structures and finding evidence that several have astronomical significance, mostly as calendars.

Another example of our ancestors' intelligence can be found in the tools that he made from stone. While we might assume that heat-treating tools is a modern process developed for working metal tools, there is evidence that our ancestors heat-treated stone tools. (There is no evidence of this at Calico.) The silicon minerals that man used are not regular crystals like diamond (carbon based) or quartz (silicon based). They are amorphous. A regular crystal would be like building a wall with bricks mortared together in a regular pattern. An amorphous crystal is like building a wall by clumping the bricks together with mortar in random patterns. The random order of the bricks and mortar leaves many imperfections in the wall, allowing water to get into the wall, reducing its strength. The amorphous nature of the silicon-based minerals, like flint or chalcedony, also let in water molecules which reduces the crystal's strength and the chance of breaking off flakes with usable shapes or sharp edges. While our ancestors probably discovered heat treating by accident and didn't know why it worked, they did experiment and develop the use of fire to drive off the water before shaping the stones into tools.

Again, the question, "How should we view the quality of the minds of our ancient ancestors?" The more that researchers look at ancestral artifacts and constructions, the more they find that our ancestors were smarter, and smarter sooner, than they had previously thought. And why shouldn't they find them smarter? A single moment of insight, of innovation, is a brief look, not at what is, but at what might be. It is a distinctly human trait that creates something in the mind that doesn't exist in the tangible world — something that begs for a reality. For each individual, it is a unique moment in time that may lead to something that is timeless. Each

innovator is isolated from time at the moment of insight. It should make no difference how potent the idea is. The idea may prove materialistically to be unproductive, or impossible to implement at the time. But this is irrelevant at the moment of insight. An insight is a goal, not a thing or a result. Shouldn't the stone innovator be considered at the same insight level as the men who brought us Electric Pencil or VisiCalc?

We like to believe that the scientific method is a fairly recent advance. Is it? To be sure, ritualization and institutionalization are fairly recent in man's history. But, the practice has to be as old as the first man. Adam and Eve may have been evicted from the garden of Eden, but God did not send them out unarmed.

The Calico site is a work site — a place that early man came to make his tools. If he didn't live there, why would we find his tools if he used them elsewhere? First, not all of them were successful. This one does not have the right shape. That one is too dull. The third looks right and the edges show microscopic wear patterns. Why did he leave it behind?

Perhaps we judge our ancient ancestors by their discards, not their successes. The used tool may have been the model for a replacement tool or the new Mark 38 hide scraper. Early man must have had an idea, tried it, evaluated the results, modified the idea and tried again. At Calico, I've seen many examples of what I believe is hypothesis, experiment, analysis, and revised hypothesis — what we call the scientific method. Early man may not have had a name for it, but I believe he practiced it.

### Conclusions

I remember the first tool that I unearthed at Calico. I had been digging for about three days, finding nothing but rocks, dirt and a few tiny chalcedony chips. Kneeling down for hours at a time, digging a layer one inch deep with nothing larger than a dentist's probe is not very exciting. Finally, a wedge-shaped stone was free. I thought, "What a curious shape for a stone." It was about an inch and a half long

and about a half inch wide. As I handed it to the dig supervisor, I had unconsciously held the blunt edge against my index finger, between my thumb and middle finger. I had been holding a finger blade exactly as its maker had intended. At that instant, the 200,000-year gap from maker to finder closed with a bang, not a whimper.

In his book, *Future Shock*, Alvin Toffler invites us to look about our world. He claims that just about everything that we see has been made within our lifetime. He's right. Modern man is the most powerful force in modern nature. His tools are so powerful that many of them could end the world (man is the only creature that has wars) or subject large numbers of his own kind to fear and deprivation by the misapplication of his tools. But I can't fault the tools. To quote Roger Rosenblatt, "When a computer can smile at an enemy, cheat at cards and pray in church all in the same day, then, perhaps, man will know his like." (*Time*, Vol. 119, No. 18, May 3, 1982, "The Mind in the Machine," page 59.)

Whether I'm chipping at the soil to free an ancestral artifact, or debugging a computer program, I can't help but feel a sense of oneness with my ancestors and my contemporaries — a common thread that binds both ends of our 200,000-year sample. In spite of the risks, man's history is one of innovation for productivity. It is a record of cooperation — a rational intelligence for survival. ■

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*Author note: The Calico Early Man Site is just off Interstate 15 (Mineola Rd. off-ramp), near Yermo, California. The site is managed by Ruth D. Simpson, County Archaeologist and Staff Member of the San Bernardino County Museum. The site curator, Fred Budinger, gives a one-hour tour that is free. It is one of the best tours in California, and will take the public into an active archaeological dig. If you are ever on the road between Los Angeles and Las Vegas, Wednesday through Sunday, from 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., stop in for the tour. Tours start each hour on the half hour. The last tour is at 3:30 p.m. There is no 12:30 p.m. tour.*

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# LDOS

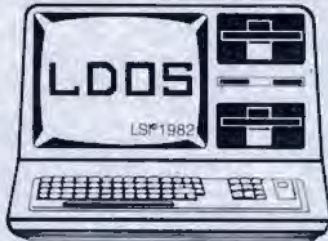
## MICRO REVIEW

Volume 1 No. 1

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★★★

January 1, 1983



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TRS-80 is a trademark of Tandy Corporation. LDOS is available for the TRS-80 Model I and Model III. Prices and specifications subject to change without notice. LDOS and The BASIC ANSWER are products of Logical Systems, Inc.

```
ORLPI=2TOHA|PRINT@32,"primes found
FHA|LP|=INT(HA|LP|)THENGOTO48"CH
EXTLP|=IFVAL(FAS)=LO!THENFAS="* Pr
RI(COX)=LO! on this scan"USING##,
RS(COX)=FAS LEN(FAS)-1)FORLO!-ST!T
OX=COX+PSX+IELSEFAS=LEFTS(FAS,
ORLPI=@TO|PRINT@,"factoring "US
RINT@64*LP|+192,PR|(LOX),PRS(LOX);
OX=LOX+INPUT"ORIGIN OF SCAN";INS@
FLOX=-1IFVAL(INS)@2THENING###,##
EXTLP| ST|=INT(VAL(INS))##;PSX;R
OX=COX+INPUT" END OF SCAN";INS@
FCOX=11EN=INT(VAL(INS))IMPR|(1@).
FHA|LP|=INT(HA|LP|)THENGOTO48"CH
EXTLP|=IFVAL(FAS)=LO!THENFAS="* Pr
RI(COX)=LO! on this scan"USING##,
RS(COX)=FAS LEN(FAS)-1)FORLO!-ST!T
OX=COX+PSX+IELSEFAS=LEFTS(FAS,
ORLPI=@TO|PRINT@,"factoring "US
RINT@64*LP|+192,PR|(LOX),PRS(LOX);
OX=LOX+INPUT"ORIGIN OF SCAN";INS@
FLOX=-1IFVAL(INS)@2THENING###,##
EXTLP| ST|=INT(VAL(INS))##;PSX;R
OX=COX+INPUT" END OF SCAN";INS@
ORLPI=2TOHA|PRINT@32,"primes found
FHA|LP|=INT(HA|LP|)THENGOTO48"CH
```

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```
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0 THEN GOSUB
@PRINT.DUN"
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"IFAO#>0THEN
GOSUB52130"
```

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# The computing family

## A humorous profile

Gary Shade, Arlington Heights, IL

With great anticipation, you pull up outside of your house. If you've gotten prior approval, your wife and kids are watching from the window. You try to appear casual as you remove the oversized container from your car and bring it into the house. In your head, the theme from the movie 2001 plays over and over again . . . da-da-da-daaa.

Your fingers tremble as you open the container. The "banker" and the rest of the family are anxiously standing by. Then, suddenly, you can see it — the top of your new Model III computer. All the months of saving, dreaming about it and justifying the need for it, are over. It's home. It's yours, but your wife is still asking, "Well, what can it do?"

She asks this question, even though you've cut out hundreds of articles showing what the heck it *can* do. Hasn't she read any of them? How can she ask such a question? So, you ignore her. She begins to tap her foot.

You plug the computer in and ready yourself to turn it on. Then, panic strikes! Where's the on/off switch? The salesman didn't show you how to turn it on, did he? A quick call to the salesman solves the problem, however. As you put down the phone and manage a sheepish grin, you notice your wife is tapping her foot a little louder.

You turn the computer on and the disk drive springs to life. The motor whirs and the light on the front of the drive glows red. Then, almost as suddenly, the drive is quiet — nothingness fills the room. You panic again. Your kids are yawning, your wife is shaking her head, and now the dog has decided to claim the shipping carton as her own.

Quickly, you grab the DOS manual that came with the system. You frantically search for a clue

### USER PROFILE

**Name:** You

**Age:** Doesn't matter

**Background:** Who cares

**Hobbies:** CB turned computerist, or electronic gadget man

**Reasons for buying a computer (in order of importance):**

1) Familiarity

You use one at work to check on part prices. You also think you know BASIC. You further know that computers will never replace man. After all, you still have a job, right?

2) Automate the household (with a computer, there's nothing you can't do)

a) Automate your wife's recipes

b) Your bank account reconciliation

c) Control the lights and appliances (the salesman sold you on that)

d) A burglar alarm

e) Maybe have it figure out how to cheat better than you did last year on the taxes

3) To teach the kids something

4) To win your wife over and have her start computing

5) Start your own business

You're not sure what, yet, but you are sure that by having a computer, you are on the leading edge of technology.

**Name:** Your wife

**Age:** She won't even tell you

**Background:** Not a career woman, but worked before having children

**Reasons for resisting the computer:**

1) She thinks it's just an expensive toy

2) She can't see one good reason for owning one

3) She has no intention of putting her recipes on the computer

4) She knows better than to have the computer reconcile the household checking account. She's argued with the bank enough to know what computers like to do once they start working with someone else's money.

near the beginning of the manual. Perspiration begins to bead on your brow as you notice your kids are now asleep, and your wife is gazing at the ceiling. You try to figure out where all the confetti came from, and you remember the dog and the carton.

Ah ha! You found it. "Insert the diskette in drive zero and press reset." Which is drive zero? And, where's reset? The answers must be on another page. Alas, however, you've run out of time, your wife's run out of patience, and the kids have run out of energy. Even the dog's asleep . . . some best friend.

Your enthusiasm has worn off, and you feel discouraged. Then, as if to add insult to injury, your wife asks, "Where do you intend to keep that thing, dear?" You never gave the "computer room" much thought, but there's nothing wrong with where it's at now. "What's wrong with right here?" you ask your wife. "I think it looks just fine next to the toaster. After all, you let me keep the CB on the kitchen table for nearly two years." ■

5) As for controlling lights, her answer has always been, "Get up off your lazy butt and turn the thing off yourself!"

6) She laughs sarcastically when you say "burglar alarm." "A \$3000 burglar alarm? Great idea!"

7) As for her getting into computing, she has better things to do than sit in front of a tube all night. Besides, she just might miss Dallas.

**Name:** The kids

**Ages:** Both under 15

**Background:** Like all kids under 15 years old

**Reasons for being interested in the computer:**

- 1) Games
- 2) Games
- 3) Games

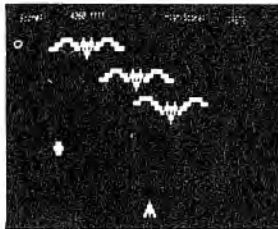
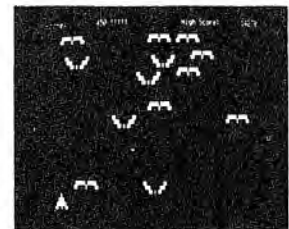
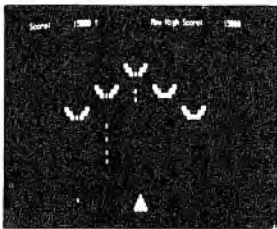
**Name:** The dog

**Age:** 50 human years

**Background:** The backyard

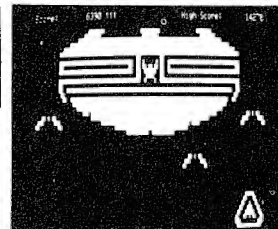
**Reasons for being interested in the computer:**

- 1) She likes big cardboard boxes computers are shipped in. Besides, she understands they're the "in thing."
- 2) Other than that, she agrees with your wife.



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# Microstrokes for microfolks

## Fast graphics and multiple images

Model III, PMC-80, LNW80

Bill Grout, Gary Grout, San Rafael, CA

Ever wished you could plot a graphic image for the computer screen in a few swift strokes rather than fool with a lot of X and Y coordinates?

Microstrokes is for you!

Microstrokes is a BASIC program which you can adapt to your need for graphics. It contains an assembly language routine which will draw a picture in the time it takes to crack a pretzel, and erase it just as fast.

But the real benefit of the routine is that it eliminates the painstaking part of plotting an image. Using microstrokes you choose a point on the screen where you want your image to appear and then use eight basic microstrokes to create it. You don't consider a single X or Y. You merely type a data statement containing a string of microstrokes that tells the computer what to draw. Each piece of data in the data statement instructs the computer to execute one of the eight strokes, and the computer then draws a pixel horizontally, vertically or diagonally as directed. With a little familiarity with the eight strokes, you can draw graphics images freehand without resorting to paper at all. Even the novice who has never created a computer graphic will find the microstrokes program surprisingly easy to master.

### BASIC Microstrokes

Microstrokes, a BASIC program, demonstrates an assembly language routine which plots graphics. The advantage of this routine over other methods of graphic display is that only the origin and size of the figure must be specified to plot it. The figure is drawn independently of the X and Y coordinates of the screen after you have chosen the origin (starting point) of the design.

Several advantages are gained this way. First, the initial plotting of the image is simplified greatly. Secondly, the images can be manipulated easily to change their position and size on the screen. Once you have interfaced the assembly language routine to your BASIC program you can call up images by using `USR` statements. There are no limits as to the complexity of the image drawn other than those of memory size and your computer's normal graphics capabilities.

You will find that the BASIC program will display nine different images on the screen. These images are controlled by the keyboard numbers one through nine. By pressing one of the digit keys the corresponding

image will appear and the previous image will be erased. Pressing the arrow keys will move the image on the screen. If you wish to change the rate of movement, you can use the `F` key to make the image move faster, or the `S` key to slow it down. Is the image too small? You can increase the scale of the image by pressing the `U` key. The size doubles in one jump! To decrease the size of the image you press `D`. Down it goes just like Alice in Wonderland! Holding down any of the keys causes that instruction to be repeated continually.

### Plotting an image

But how is the image drawn? If you examine lines 640 to 730 in the BASIC program (we'll get to the assembly language routine later), you'll see the data statements which compose the image. These are made up of a string of numbers, and each number we have called a "microstroke." Each microstroke tells the computer to move and set a pixel in a certain direction. Basically there are eight directions to move in. Here is a list of what the microstroke numbers mean: 1 — up, 2 — down, 4 — left, 5 — up and left, 6 — down and left, 8 — right, 9 up and right, 10 — down and right.

If you want a line that goes straight up, you type a data statement using a number of microstroke 1's separated by commas. Line 640 is an example of a straight line drawn to the left, each "4" setting a pixel one move left. Notice the minus one at the end of the data statement. This tells the computer when the end of the image has been reached. By repeating and alternating the numbers of the different microstrokes, you control what will be drawn on the screen. For example, a data statement like line 730 creates a small box on the screen. (See Figure 1.)

By now you're probably starting to "get the picture." The size and complexity of your drawing is not limited by the length of your data statement. You can use multiple lines to build your image and the computer will keep building until it finds the minus one.

You can also move in any direction and not set a pixel. You do this by adding 128 to the number of the microstroke. A data statement that reads: `DATA 1,1,1,129,1,-1` will look like a dotted I. (See Figure 2.)

Here are some sample images you might like to try:

**Rocket**

Data1,1,1,1,1,1,9,9,10,10,2,2,2,2,2,10,10,10,4,4,5,  
5,4,4,4,6,6,4,4,9,9,8,2,8,8,1,2,2,2,-1

**Castle**

Data1,1,1,8,2,8,8,1,8,2,2,2,2,10,10,10,9,9,1,1,1,8,2,8,2,  
8,4,4,4,4,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,1,2,6,6,6,9,9,  
8, 8,-1

**Submarine**

Data8,8,8,8,8,8,9,10,8,8,8,9,10,8,8,8,9,10,8,8,8,9,10,8,  
8,8,9,10,8,8,8,9,10,8,8,8,130,132,132,132,132,132,132,132,  
132,132,132,132,132,132,1,1,1,1,8,4,2,2,2,2,2,2,2,6,8,8,8,  
2,2,2,8,2,8,8,8,8,8,2,8,8,2,2,4,2,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,  
4,4,4,4,

Data4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,5,4,4,4,2,4,1,1,1,1,8,8,2,  
8,8,8,8,1,8,8,8,8,8,1,8,8,8,8,8,8,1,1,1,1,8,8,8,-1

**Shark**

Data9,9,9,9,2,2,2,2,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,10,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,10,  
8,8,8,8,10,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,1,9,9,9,2,6,6,2,6,2,10,10,  
4,1,1,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,6,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,6,4,  
4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4

Data5,4,4,4,4,5,10,2,2,4,5,5,5,2,4,4,4,4,4,9,9,4,4,4,4,4,  
4,5,4,5,4,5,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,130,2,129,1,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,  
8,8,8,8,8,8,8,8,-1

**The BASIC Program**

Let's look a little closer at the BASIC program.

When the program is run, it loads the assembly language routine and the nine images into memory. It also creates a table which keeps track of the starting address of each image. Line 20 assigns the starting address of the plot routine. The program then branches to lines 420 to 460. These lines poke the routine into high memory starting at &HF000 and continuing until a minus one is read in a data statement. The program then returns to lines 40 to 130. These lines set up the addresses of the parameters needed to plot an image. These parameters are:

- IM — The number of the image.
- X — The X coordinate of the start of the image.
- Y — The Y coordinate of the start of the image.
- SC — The scale of the image.
- SW — A variable which determines if the image is to be plotted or erased.

Line 140 pokes the starting address of the first image into an image table beginning at location &HF200. Following this, lines 160 through 240 poke each image's data string into memory and add its starting address to the image table. Next, the first image is set for display in lines 250 to 290, and lines 300 to 390 actually plot the image on the screen.

The machine language routine is called in line 300 with the statement A=USR1(0). The subsequent line, 310, strobes the keyboard using the INKEY\$ function searching for an instruction. The program allows the automatic repeating of instructions by holding down a key as a result of lines 320 to 330 which clear the

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# 17

# Microstrokes

INKEY\$ buffer.

To achieve the effect of movement on the screen, an image must be drawn and erased in quick sequence. This toggling of the image takes place in lines 340 to 370. The variable SW controls the setting and resetting of the image. By poking a zero into the SW location the image is set; poking a one in then resets it. At line 350 the program branches briefly to line 410 where the logical NOT function is used to change quickly from zero to one or vice versa. The value of TG in line 410 is then poked into SW effectively switching the image on and off.

From line 380 the program jumps to a subroutine in lines 740 to 870. These lines interpret information input through the keyboard. If the arrow keys are pressed the origin coordinates of the image are altered. If the U or D keys are pressed the scale of the image is changed. Similarly the S and F keys change the rate of movement of the figure. The INKEY\$ buffer is then cleared keeping this section of the program continuously awaiting information from the keyboard.

The number of images allowed in this BASIC program is determined by the IN variable in line 150. Here it has been limited to nine, but you may alter the number of images to suit your programming needs.

When you run this BASIC program, the computer pokes all the information for the plot routine and for your images into memory at the initialization of the program. If you have a lot of images or your images are long and complicated, there may be a little delay as the routine pokes them in. But after this is done you can draw any image almost instantly with the statement A=USR1(0).

We hope this method of plotting graphics will be useful to you. Microstrokes is actually the "paint by number" version of graphics plotting, yet the results can be as sophisticated as your imagination will allow. With a little practice, you can even develop a facility for creating images without first using paper. All you have to do is keep in mind the direction of the next point you want to plot, then type in the microstroke. We can see some immediate applications for dressing up BASIC game programs, as well as for programming graphic presentations for business applications. We hope microstrokes will bring the microartist out in you!

				8	8	=>			
		1							
		1				2			
						2			
		<=>	4	4	ORIGIN				

Figure 1

Line 740 Data 4,4,1,1,8,8,2,2,-1

					1				
					<=>	129			
					1				
					1				
					1				
					<=>	ORIGIN			

Figure 2

Data 1,1,1,129,-1

Listing 1

```

1 CLS: PRINT " MICROSTROKES GRAPHICS PROGRAM"
2 PRINT " This program demonstrates an assembly
language routine which simplifies encoding graphic
images. "
5 REM KEY FUNCTIONS U----> UP SCALE D---->DOWN
SCALE ARROW KEYS MOVE IMAGE F---->FASTER
S---->SLOWER
10 CLEAR 100
20 X=&HF000
30 GOSUB 420 : 'POKE USR CALL INTO MEMORY
40 CLS
45 PRINT "The images are now being poked into
memory."
46 PRINT "This is done once at the beginning of the
program."
47 PRINT "When the images have been loaded, you
may call them by pressing any of the digit keys."
50 DEFUSR1=&HF00C
60 'POKE 16526,12 AND POKE 16527,240 FOR LEVEL 11
USR ROUTINE
70 IM=&HF005: '-4091 DECIMAL
80 X=&HF000: '-4096 DECIMAL
90 Y=&HF001: '-4095 DECIMAL
100 SW=&HF002
110 TS=&HF0F8: '-3850 DECIMAL THIS ADDRESS IS THE
START OF WHICH CONTAINS TWO ENTRY ADDRESSES FOR
EACH IMAGE
120 SC=&HF007: '-4089 DECIMAL POKE SCALE SIZE HERE
130 CC=&HF200: '-3584 DECIMAL START OF IMAGE
BYTES
140 POKE TS,00: POKETS+1,242: 'PUT START OF FIRST
IMAGE INTO THE TABLE THE NEXT START OF IMAGE
ADDRESS USED WOULD BE TS+2 AND TS+3 IF TWO
IMAGES WERE TO BE USED
150 IN=9:CO=0:F=1
160 READ BB
170 IF BB=-1 POKE CC,0: CC=CC+1: CO=CO+1:
GOTO 210
180 POKE CC,BB: ' MOVE IMAGE BYTE INTO MEMORY
190 CC=CC+1: ' INCREMENT MEMORY ADDRESS
200 GOTO 160 : ' REPEAT UNTIL DONE

```

Continued on page 112



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# Recipes for making pi

## Five ways to generate 3.14159 . . .

Models I/II/III, PMC-80, LNW80

Alan Mandell, Portsmouth, VA

Pi, and the identification of its complete value, has intrigued mathematicians from the time of its discovery in early Greece to the present day. The school-taught value of 3.1415... represents the beginning of an infinite series of non-repeating digits.

Large computers have spent countless hours crunching numbers to develop longer lists of the decimal digits pi contains. In the 1960s, an ENIAC computed pi to 2035 decimal places. Since then, even longer lists have been produced. Pi is defined in terms of the circle. It is the ratio of the circumference of a circle to its diameter:  $PI = C/D$ .

The programs provided in Listings 1-4 are based on different infinite series that were discovered in the history of mathematics research. In theory, all of them will, if continued far enough, produce the value of pi. Because pi is infinite in length, the effort will eventually fail. On the small microcomputer, the effort fails sooner either through lack of memory space or exceeding the capacity of the machine's number-handling capacity. It is interesting, however, to run these programs and watch the successive approximations as the computer examines large sample sizes.

Listing 5 lets the computer replicate Buffon's "needle approximation" of pi. Georges L. L. Buffon (1707-1778), a French biologist, reported the peculiarity that dropping a needle randomly on a ruled plank, and keeping track of the number of times the needle landed on a ruled line, produced an approximation of the value for pi. He later went on to develop a mathematical description (proof) for the oddity. The proof is discussed below. The program permits the computer to randomly drop a needle, display it, and compute the resultant value for pi. The number of trials that you run is limited only by the amount of time you want to spend.

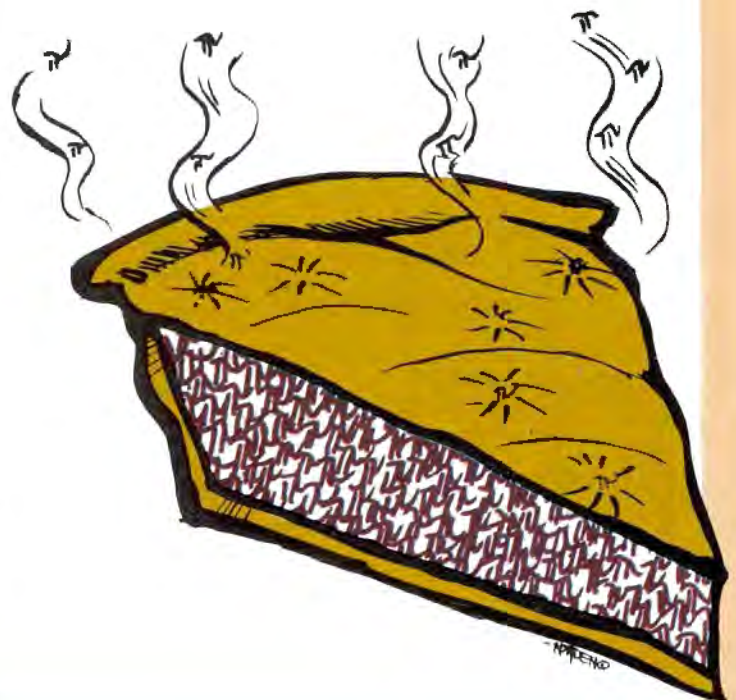
Historically, several famous mathematical operations were identified which, if carried out indefinitely, would produce closer and closer approximations of the value of pi.

Around 240 B.C., Archimedes used a method involving the perimeters of regular polygons inscribed within, and circumscribed outside, a circle of known diameter to determine successive approximations of pi. Consider, for example, a circle of diameter 1 (no specific dimensional units). The circumference (perimeter) of

the circle will be equal to pi times the diameter ( $C = PI \cdot D$ ). If we inscribe a regular hexagon inside the circle, its perimeter (the distance around the figure) will be equal to the number of sides (6) times the length of a side (all sides are equal in length in a *regular* polygon), of  $P_i = 6s$ .

Because one side of a regular hexagon inscribed in a circle is equal to the radius (R) of the circle,  $P_i = 6R$ . If we circumscribe a regular hexagon outside of the circle, its perimeter can be found in the same way.  $P_o = 6s$ . Using simple trigonometry, side s is determined to be  $(2/3)R \cdot \text{SQR}(3)$  in length. The perimeter of the circle (its circumference) lies somewhere between the perimeters of the two polygons which enclose it.

If we successively increase the number of sides in the two polygons, their perimeters will get closer and closer to the circle, and we can find more accurate approximations of pi. I wrote a program to test this, but





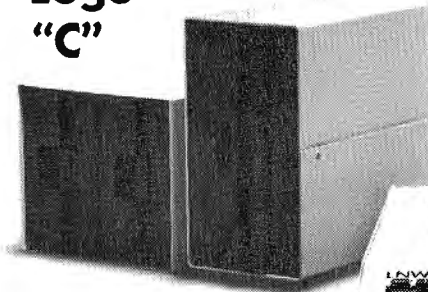
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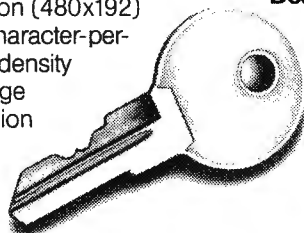
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1 Performance is based on bench mark test in the JAN 1982 issue of BYTE magazine, pg 54, with LNW80 II as the comparison.

2 IBM PC is a trademark of IBM CORP

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## Recipes

because the allowable range for integers is +32767, an "overflow" error occurs after the fourteenth iteration and the displayed value of pi is still in the 3.14... level of accuracy.

In the sixteenth century, several series of converging fractions were found and used to compute values of pi. Francisco Vieta developed the following formula and, by hand, found nine decimal places for pi!

$$\frac{2}{\text{PI}} = \frac{\text{SQR}(2)}{2} + \frac{\text{SQR}(2 + \text{SQR}(2))}{2} + \frac{\text{SQR}(2 + \text{SQR}(2 + \text{SQR}(2)))}{2} + \dots$$

Around 1610, Ludolph van Ceulen of Germany computed pi to 35 places by the classical method of using polygons up to  $2^{62}$  sides. He spent a large portion of his life on the task.

In 1650, the English mathematician, John Wallis, developed the series:

$$\frac{\text{PI}}{2} = \frac{2 \cdot 2 \cdot 4 \cdot 4 \cdot 6 \cdot 6 \cdot 8 \cdot \dots}{1 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 5 \cdot 7 \cdot 7 \cdot \dots} \quad (\text{See Listing 1})$$

Lord Brouncker, the first president of the Royal Society, converted Wallis's series to the curious fraction:

$$\frac{4}{\text{PI}} = \frac{1 + \frac{1^2}{2 + \frac{3^2}{2 + \frac{5^2}{2 + \frac{7^2}{\dots}}}}}{\dots}$$

Gregory developed the series:  $\arctan x = x - x^3/3 + x^5/5 - x^7/7 + \dots$  where x is equal to (or greater than) -1, and equal to (or less than) +1. Gottfried Leibniz noted that for  $x=1$  the series becomes:

$$\frac{\text{PI}}{4} = 1 - \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} - \frac{1}{7} + \dots \quad (\text{See Listing 2})$$

Two other interesting recipes I uncovered are:

$$\frac{\text{PI}}{6} = \frac{\text{SQR}(1/3) \cdot (1 - 1/3 \cdot 3 + 1/3 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 - 1/3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 7 + 1/3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 3 \cdot 9 - \dots)}{6} \quad (\text{See Listing 3})$$

$$\text{and: } (\text{PI} - 3)/4 = 1/(2 \cdot 3 \cdot 4) - 1/(4 \cdot 5 \cdot 6) + 1/(6 \cdot 7 \cdot 8) - \dots \quad (\text{See Listing 4})$$

In 1959, an IBM 704 computed pi to 16,167 decimal places; in 1961, an IBM 7090 computed pi to 100,265 decimal places; and in 1966, a STRETCH computer computed its value to 250,000 places.

There have been several famous mnemonics developed to help remember the values of the digits in extended values of pi. A. C. Orr published a 7-line poem in the 1906 *Literary Digest* which permitted recital of 30 places. A more mundane (and shorter) one is: "May I

have a large container of coffee?" My contribution (for TRS owners) is: "TRS, I wish I could calculate in prompt BASIC and BYTES. Decimals decidedly deliver delayment."

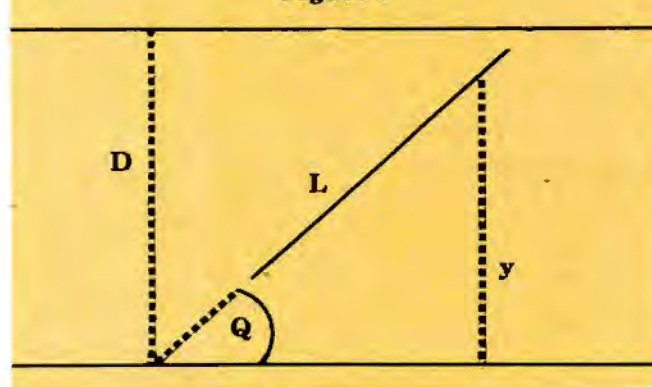
### Buffon's Approximation

Buffon reported that he had dropped a needle which was slightly shorter than the distance between the ruled lines on a plank. The needle was dropped by hand. The total number of drops, and the number of times the needle touched a line, were recorded. He found that the total number of trials, divided by the number of touches, was equal to a fraction representing twice the length of the needle, divided by the circumference of a circle whose edges were marked by the ruled lines. Remember that the circumference of a circle equals pi times the diameter ( $C = \text{PI} \cdot D$ , or  $\text{PI} = C/D$ ).

If we let T = the total number of trials; H = the total number of hits; L = the length of the needle; and D = the diameter of the circle defined by the lines on the plank, he found that the probability of a hit was  $P = 2L/\text{PI} \cdot D$ . If a given event can happen in H ways and not happen in F ways, in an assumption of each event being equally likely to occur, the mathematical probability (P) of the event happening is  $P = H/(H+F)$ . Therefore, he found that  $H/T = 2L/\text{PI} \cdot D$ . If the length of the needle is equal to the diameter of the circle ( $L=D$ ) it can be seen that the probability of a hit is equal to  $2/\text{PI}$ , or that  $\text{PI} = 2T/H$ .

The mathematical proof involves an understanding of probability theory and trigonometric functions. However, in simplified form, Figure 1 shows that whether the needle hits a line or not is a function of the distance y and the sine of the angle Q. The sine of an angle is the ratio of the side opposite the angle to the hypotenuse. The distance from the center of the needle to the ruled lines is "y", and the needle itself is the hypotenuse. The needle will touch a line if the distance from its center (y) is less than one-half L ( $\text{Sin } Q$ ). "Y" can range from zero to  $D/2$ , and the angle Q from zero to PI. Therefore, the joint probability for both events producing a hit, on an assumption of random drops, is expressed as  $P = 2L/\text{PI} \cdot D$ .

Figure 1



These mathematical ideas are built into the program in lines 25 to 30. X is randomized to use the entire horizontal field; Y is randomized to cover the vertical field between the drawn lines, and A is randomized to

## Recipes

introduce the effect of the  $\sin Q$  contribution. Because  $\sin 0$  to 90 degrees equals 1 to 0 (zero), line 30 changes the length of Y according to the value of  $\sin Q$ . The random value of Y establishes the starting point of the needle, and D establishes the length of the needle. All of the needles are dropped perpendicular to the drawn lines even though various angle values for Q have been introduced into the computation.

A hit, or miss, is identified in lines 40 and 45. If a piece of the needle (a value of Y(I)) coincides with a printed line, POINT (X, Y(I)) will be equal to -1 and a hit will be tallied. If no value of Y(I) coincides with a printed line, POINT (X, Y(I)) will return a 0 (zero) and a miss will be tallied. The needle is then SET and RESET in order to see it drop on the "plank." Lines 65 and 70 compute the value of pi and print both the current value and the cumulative value of pi over several sets of 100 trials. It takes about 40 seconds for 100 trials to be run and results computed.

The mathematical explanation in the 300-series lines may be omitted. However, they do present a synopsis of the mathematical reasoning involved in the program. This program is different from the other listings in this article. The others were trying to derive closer and closer approximations of the value of pi. Buffon's experiment provides a random opportunity for the correct value of pi to occur. I have seen close approximations after 30 drops and wide deviations from the true value after 300 drops. As you see the successive values of pi printed during the 100-trial sets, you will notice that they fluctuate around 3.14159...

### Comments

I wrote and tested these programs on a Model I, Level II TRS-80. I tested Listing 1 on a Model III Level II (at my friendly Radio Shack store), and the value given in Table 1 for 1000 trials was produced on it. I also tested Listing 1 (appropriately modified) on an Apple II Plus. The double-precision number capability made a difference of .000000078600599 when a sample size of 500 was used in both machines. The use of double-precision numbers uses up more memory space, but the accuracy of the results is increased.

### Summary

Pi, like some of the other odd numbers of mathematics, is an interesting enigma. These programs let your computer do the number crunching for you, and let you examine the effect of increasing the size of the sample run on the accuracy of the results.

While it is challenging to try to develop new infinite series to provide longer lists of pi's decimals, no more than 10 decimal places are needed for even the most precise practical applications. It has been stated that 10 decimal places would describe the circumference of the planet earth with an accuracy within a fraction of an inch.

Since van Ceulen devoted most of his life to pi, here are the first 20 fruits of his endeavor:  $PI = 3.14159 26535 89793 23846 \dots$

### Bibliography

Eves, Howard, *An Introduction to the History of*

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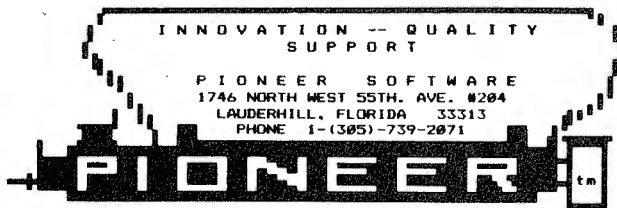
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## Recipes

*Mathematics*, 4th Edition, N.Y., Holt, Rinehart and Winston, 1976.

Kasner, E., and J. R. Newman, *Mathematics and the Imagination*, N.Y., Simon and Schuster, 1956.

Newman, J. R. (Ed.), *The World of Mathematics*, Vol. 4, N.Y., Simon and Schuster, 1956.

### Listing 1 Program Based on Wallis's Convergent Multiples

```

1 ' LISTING 1 PROGRAM BASED ON WALLIS'S
CONVERGENT MULTIPLES
5 ' BASED ON A SERIES OF FRACTIONS OF THE FORM:
PI/2= 2/1 * 2/3 * 4/3 * 4/5 * 6/5 * 6/7 * ...
10 CLS: CLEAR 1000:DEFDBL A,B,J,K,P
15 INPUT "ENTER SIZE OF SAMPLE TO BE RUN";T
20 DIM A(T)
25 J=1: K=2: B=2
30 FOR I=1 TO T: A(I)=(K/J)*(K/(J+2)): K=K+2: J=J+2:
NEXT I
35 FOR I=1 TO T: B=B*A(I)
40 PI=B
41 ' IF YOU WANT TO SEE ALL THE VALUES OF PI AS THEY
ARE GENERATED USE LINE 44, IF YOU JUST WANT TO SEE
THE FINAL VALUE OF PI USE LINE 45
44 PRINT PI: NEXT I
45 NEXT I: PRINT PI
50 END

```

As you can see from Table 1, this series is slow in generating an approximation. Using line 44, it took 27 seconds for 100 fractions and 54 seconds for 200 fractions. Using line 45, it took 105 seconds for 500 trials and I had 4287 bits of memory left.

**Table 1**  
**Sample Data from Program 1**

T	PI	
50	3.126078900215411	
100	3.133787490528163	
200	3.137677900950937	
500	3.140023818600599	
500	3.14002374	(Apple II Plus)
1000	3.140807746030398	(TRS-80)

### Listing 2 An Infinite Series of Converging Fractions

```

1 ' LISTING 2 AN INFINITE SERIES OF CONVERGING
FRACTIONS
5 ' BASED ON A SERIES OF FRACTIONS IN THE FORM: PI/4
= 1 - 1/3 + 1/5 - 1/7 + 1/9 - ...
10 CLS: CLEAR 1000: DEFDBL A-C,J,K,P
15 INPUT "ENTER SIZE OF SAMPLE TO BE RUN";T
20 DIM A(T),B(T)
25 J=3: FOR I=1 TO T:A(I)=1/J: J=J+4: NEXT I

```

```

30 K=5: FOR I=1 TO T: B(I)=1/K: K=K+4: NEXT I
35 C=1: FOR I=1 TO T: C=C-A(I)+B(I): NEXT I
40 PI=C*4
45 PRINT @ 325,I,PI
50 END
    
```

If you want to see the fractions as they are generated, insert print statements within the loops (25, 30, 35).

**Table 2**  
Sample Data from Program 2

T	PI
20	3.165979272843216
100	3.146576774718296
200	3.142586415298768

**Listing 3**  
An Infinite Series of Converging Fractions

```

1 ' LISTING 3 ANOTHER SERIES OF CONVERGING
  FRACTIONS
5 ' BASED ON A SERIES OF FRACTIONS IN THE FORM: PI/6
  = SQR(1/3)* (1-1/3*3 + 1/3*3*5 - 1/3*3*3*7 +
  1/3*3*3*3*9 - ...
10 CLS: CLEAR 1000: DEFDBL A-D,J,K,P
15 INPUT "ENTER SIZE OF SAMPLE TO BE RUN";T
20 DIM A(T),B(T)
25 K=3: X=1
30 J=3: FOR I=1 TO T: A(I) = 1/(J*I*X*K)
35 X=X+2: K=K+4: NEXT I
40 X=2: K=5: FOR I=1 TO T: B(I)=1/(J*I*X*K): X=X+2:
  K=K+4: NEXT I
45 CC=1: FOR I=1 TO T: CC=CC-A(I)+B(I): NEXT
  I
50 C=SQR(1/3)
55 D=C*CC: PI=D*6
60 PRINT @ 325,I,PI
65 END
    
```

As Table 3 shows, this program gets to a close approximation after 10 trials and doesn't change after 14 iterations. Beyond 30 iterations, an "overflow" error is produced. The successive fractions must be so small that the computer rounds them off to zero after 13 iterations.

**Table 3**  
Sample Data from Program 3

T	PI
10	3.14159296636464
15	3.14159296635879
20	3.14159296635879

**Listing 4**  
An Infinite Series of Reducing Fractions

```

1 ' LISTING 4 AN INFINITE SERIES OF REDUCING
  FRACTIONS
    
```

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## COPY-NOT

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```

5 ' BASED ON A SERIES OF FRACTIONS IN THE FORM:
(PI-3)/4 = 1/(2*3*4) - 1/(4*5*6) + 1/(6*7*8) -
1/(8*9*10) + ...
10 CLS: CLEAR 1000: DEFDBL A,B,C,J,P
15 INPUT "ENTER THE SIZE OF THE SAMPLE TO BE RUN";T
20 DIM A(T),P(T),B(T),C(T)
25 J=4: FOR I=1 TO T: A(I)=1/(J*(J+1)*(J+2)): J=J+4:
NEXT I
30 B(1)=1/24
35 J=6: FOR I=2 TO T: B(I)=1/(J*(J+1)*(J+2)): J=J+4:
NEXT I
40 FOR I=1 TO T: C(I)=B(I)-A(I): CC=CC+C(I): NEXT I
45 PI=(4*CC)+3: PRINT @325,T,PI
50 END

```

An array of fractions to be subtracted is produced in A(I), and an array of fractions to be added is produced in B(I) after B(1) has been defined. This series may be the most accurate approximation that you produce.

**Table 4**  
**Sample Data from Program 4**

T	PI
100	3.141592627771901
150	3.141592649389693
184	3.141592653581116 (accurate to 11 places)

**Listing 5**  
**Program for Buffon's Approximation of Pi**

```

1 ' LISTING 5. BUFFON'S NEEDLE DROPPING
APPROXIMATION OF PI
5 CLS: CLEAR 1000: G$= STRING$(63,131)
10 DEFDBL C,M,P,R,S,T: DEFINT D,V-Y: GOTO 100: Z=1:
CLS
11 END
15 FOR I=1 TO 7: READ L(I): NEXT I
20 DATA 128, 256, 384, 512, 640, 768, 896
25 RANDOM: CLS: FOR I=1 TO 7: PRINT @L(I),G$: NEXT I:
N=0: T=1: M=0
30 X=RND(127): Y=RND(31)+6: A=RND(0): IF A=>.65
THEN D=5: ELSE D=4
35 FOR I=1 TO D: Y(I)=Y: Y=Y+1: NEXT I
40 FOR I=1 TO D: IF POINT (X,Y(I))=-1 THEN T=T+1:
M=M: GOTO 47 ELSE NEXT I
45 M=M+1
47 N=N+1: PRINT @ 2, "TRIAL # ";N,: PRINT @ 17, "SET #
";W+1
50 FOR I=1 TO D: SET (X,Y(I)): NEXT I
52 REM YOU CAN SET A TIME DELAY HERE IF YOU WISH
BUT TRY THE PROGRAM WITHOUT ONE FIRST
54 PI=2*(T+M)/T: PRINT @30, "PI = "; PI
55 FOR I=1 TO D: RESET (X,Y(I)): NEXT I
60 IFN=100 GOTO 65 ELSE 30
65 Z=Z+1: PI=2*(T+M)/T: R=R+PI: CR=R/Z
70 PRINT @ 960, "T = "; T,"M = "; M,"PI = "; PI, "CR = ";
CR
75 FOR D=1 TO 1000: NEXT D
38 80-U.S. Journal

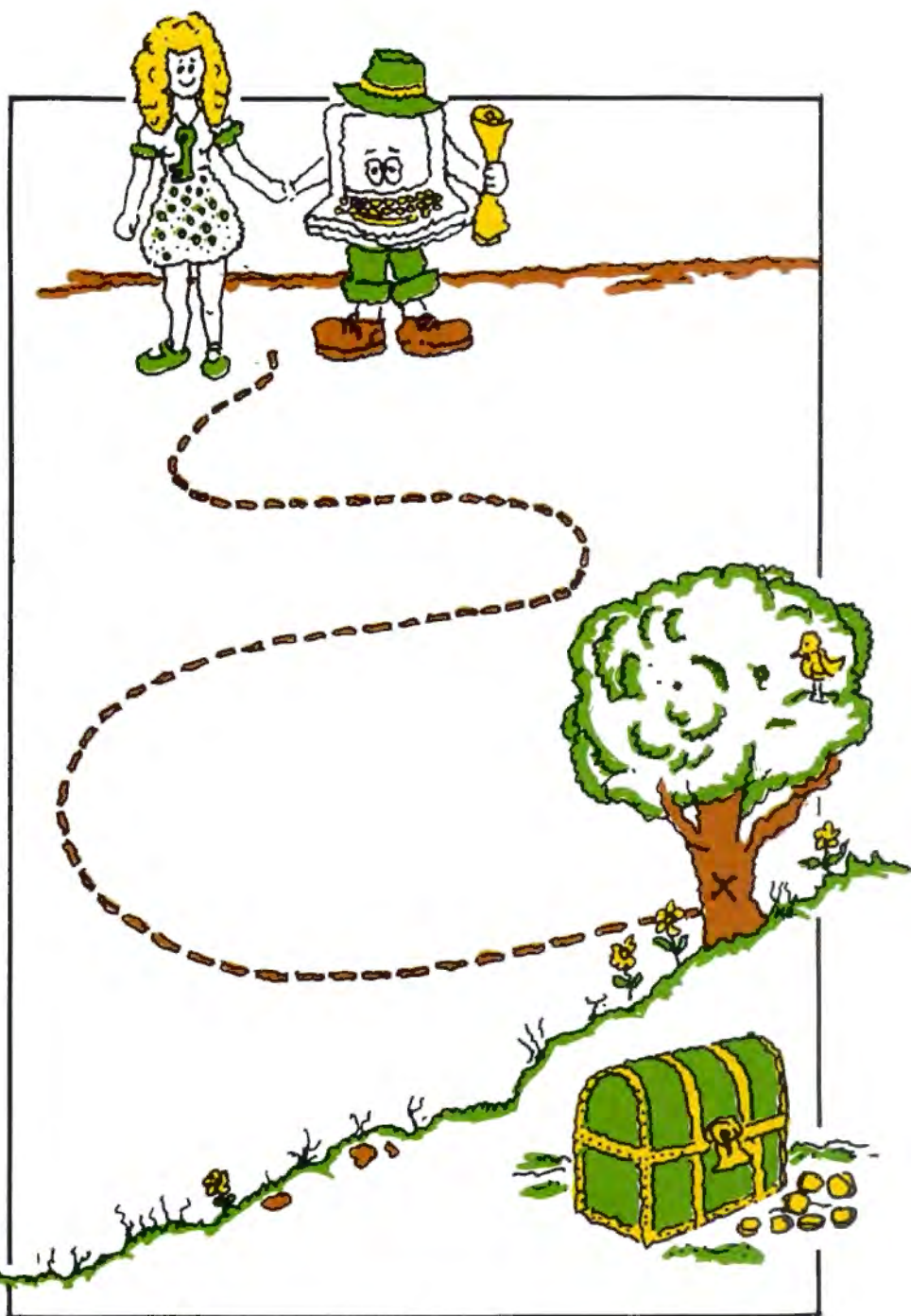
```

```

80 INPUT "ENTER 1 TO RUN ANOTHER 100 TRIALS
ENTER 2 TO SEE A MATHEMATICAL EXPLANATION
ENTER 3 TO END THE PROGRAM";V
85 IF V=1 W=W+1: GOTO 25
90 IF V=2 GOTO 300
95 IF V=3 CLS: END
100 PRINT "THIS IS A REPLICATION OF BUFFON'S
EXPERIMENTAL DETERMINATION OF THE VALUE OF PI -
OBTAINED BY RANDOMLY DROPPING A NEEDLE MANY
TIMES ON A PLANK RULED WITH PARALLEL LINES"
105 PRINT: PRINT "IN THIS PROGRAM THE LINES ARE 6
SPACES APART AND THE NEEDLE IS LESS THAN 6 SPACES
LONG. THE PROGRAM DISPLAYS THE NEEDLE RANDOMLY
LANDING ON THE SCREEN AND COMPUTES THE TOUCHES
'T', THE";
110 PRINT" MISSES 'M', AND THE RATIO 'R' OF TOTAL
TOSSES TO TOUCHES"
115 PRINT: PRINT "THE PROGRAM TOSSES 100 RANDOM
NEEDLES AND THEN PRINTS OUT THE RESULTS. YOU CAN
RUN AS MANY SETS OF 100 TRIALS AS YOU WISH. THE
CUMULATIVE RATIO 'CR' WILL SHOW THE RATIO
DEVELOPED BY ALL THE SETS."
120 PRINT "WHEN YOU ARE READY TO GO ON PRESS ANY
KEY"
125 KY$=INKEY$: IF KY$="" GOTO 125 ELSE 130
130 CLS: GOTO 15
200 CLS: GOTO 300
205 PRINT @ 576, "FIGURE 1 SHOWS THE NEEDLE OF
LENGTH 'L', THE DIAMETER OF THE CIRCLE 'D', THE ANGLE
'Q', AND THE DISTANCE 'Y' FROM THE MIDDLE OF THE
NEEDLE."
210 PRINT: PRINT "THE PROBABILITY OF THE NEEDLE
LANDING ON A LINE IS A FUNCTION OF BOTH THE
DISTANCE 'Y' AND THE ANGLE 'Q'."
215 PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE WITH THE
EXPLANATION"
220 A$=INKEY$: IF A$="" GOTO 220 ELSE 225
225 E=512: EE=1
230 PRINT @ E, STRING$(63,128): E=E+64: EE=EE+1
235 IF EE>7 GOTO 240 ELSE 230
240 PRINT @ 576, "THE NEEDLE WILL TOUCH THE LINE IF
THE CENTER 'Y' IS LESS THAN 1/2L(SINQ).Y CAN RANGE
FROM 0 TO D/2 AND ANGLE Q CAN RANGE FROM 0 TO
PI."
245 PRINT "THEREFORE THE PROBABILITY 'P', ON AN
ASSUMPTION OF RANDOM DROPS, COULD BE EXPRESSED
AS P = 2L/PI D."
250 PRINT: PRINT "PRESS ANY KEY TO RUN MORE TRIALS.";
255 KY$= INKEY$: IF KY$="" GOTO 255 ELSE 260
260 GOTO 25
300 CLS: PRINT @ 220, "FIGURE 1": PRINT @ 250,"d":
PRINT @ 303,"L": PRINT @ 368,"Q": PRINT @ 371,"Y": PRINT
@ 491,"O"
305 FOR J=78 TO 121: SET(J,4): SET(J,19): NEXT J
310 FOR K=2 TO 23: SET(90,K): SET(91,K): NEXT K
320 K=6
325 FOR J=104 TO 91 STEP-1: SET(J,K): K=K+1: NEXT J
330 FOR K=10 TO 14 STEP2: SET(102,K): NEXT K:
SET(102,18)
335 SET(116,5): SET(116,7): FOR K=13 TO 17 STEP2:
SET(116,K): NEXT K
340 GOTO 205 ■

```

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# You don't have to be a mathematician

## A literary approach to structured programming

Tasha K. Taylor, Seattle, WA

I am neither a mathematician by education nor avocation. However, in the last year I have literally become a "computer addict." I am unable to function normally without access to a computer.

This all started 18 months ago, when I embarked on writing a novel, and began taking creative writing classes. As a result, I started pestering my husband for a new typewriter. Instead of investing in a high-class typewriter, we decided to upgrade our bare-bones TRS-80 Model I, and purchase a printer and SCRIPSIT.

In January 1981, my husband and I took the Radio Shack BASIC Programming courses. Slowly, I found myself emerging from a software "user" to a software "creator." Prior to those classes, I associated programming with staying up all night at a computer center, as I did for a class I took in college.

By the middle of last summer, I decided to pursue programming seriously. Consequently, I took more courses. In the process of doing so, I was presented with my own flow-chart template. As a dutiful student, I tried desperately to use it. I encountered two problems. First, I could never remember what all the boxes were for. I only used the three I could remember. Out of frustration, I resorted to drawing squares and labeling them with the functions they were to perform.

The second problem was the *size* of the squares. A "wordy" person, like me, could never fit everything into a box that small! As an alternative to flow-charting, I

independently started applying the same techniques I used in my writing to my programming. I would begin by writing an outline, and pushing myself to be specific and succinct in describing the actions I wanted the program to perform. Then I would write the actual code for the program.

Subsequently, I have read a great deal about structured programming and top-down design. I am finding that my social science and humanities background has provided me with a level of expertise that I can draw on as a programmer.

### Structured Programming versus Structured Writing

Organization is the key to performing any task in a successful manner. Structured programming is the term used to define the current state of the art in software engineering. To make the concept of structured programming more palpable to the layman, let's compare this strategy to a task that everyone is exposed to at one point

in his/her education, that of writing a report.

The first step in writing a report is to identify the topic, not always an easy task. In writing a program, the first step is to specify the problem the program will solve. Don't let the word "problem" conjure up pictures of massive mathematical formulas. Let's use the following "problem" as an example: Prepare a program that would produce a simple mailing list.

The second step in writing a report is the research and development stage. Once the topic has been researched, the report needs to be designed. This can be done by an outline that maps out the structure of the report. Now, compare this process to the programming concept of top-down design.

Top-down design is the preferred approach to software design today. In top-down design, we attempt to define all of the requirements of the program before we attempt to implement it. Once the requirements are known, we can devise a

Figure 1  
Top-Down Design

Design Level	Structured Writing	Structured Programming
Top Level	Topic Statement	General Program Description
2nd Level	Supporting Statements	Program Procedures
3rd Level	Specific Examples	Procedure's routines
4th Level	Conclusions	Subroutines or modules



program structure that is made up of the main procedure and skeletal subordinate procedures (sometimes called stubs). Then, each of the subordinate procedures is treated in turn.

From this point forward, use the chart in Figure 1 as a reference guide. A comparison is made between design strategies for a report and a program.

Before writing (or coding) a program, we should also design the structure that the program will follow.

**Top Design Level** — The top design level in a report is the topic statement — the subject (thesis) the report will attempt to prove. In a program, the top level is the general program description. In the example of a mailing list, the top design level will be referred to as the Main Menu, which will delineate the program strategy. The program will cover the following areas:

**MAILING LIST**

1. ADD/EDIT/DELETE NAMES
2. SAVE/LOAD DATA
3. PRINT LABELS

**Second Design Level** — The second design level in a report is providing support statements to validate the topic. In a program, one must establish the structure of the program procedures. The ADD/EDIT/DELETE NAMES procedure will have three routines: one that will ADD names to the program, one that will EDIT names in the program, and one that will DELETE names from the program.

**Third Design Level** — This is the nitty-gritty level of a report. At this stage, it is necessary to provide specific examples to demonstrate whether or not the topic is correct. In programming, specific subroutines are designed at this level to perform the functions of each of the routines in the procedures. For example, one should plan the subroutines that will comprise the SAVE DATA routine in the SAVE/LOAD DATA procedure.

**Fourth Design Level** — The final step in writing a report is the conclusion, whereby all previous statements are drawn together and

summarized. In a program, the fourth level is the solution to the problem the program was to solve. In most cases, this is done at the finest subroutine or module level. It is the finest subroutine that performs the function of alphabetizing the mailing list. It will be at the finest subroutine level that labels will be formatted and printed.

**Language Skills** — After the structure of a report is designed, the report must then be written. The actual process of writing a program is referred to as "coding" the program. In the process of learning to write any language, one learns the definitions of new words, and how those words are used. With constant use, these words become a part of your vocabulary.

The same type of procedure occurs in the acquisition of a programming language. Programming languages usually have limited lists of words, or terms, to learn. Having once developed successful subroutines (or modules), a programmer adds these routines to his "vocabulary" in that particular language. These modules

can be used in other programs where similar functions are needed. Having once written a successful sort subroutine to alphabetize a mailing list, one could then utilize that same module in another program where a sort routine is needed.

**Testing and Debugging** — The final procedure a writer should perform is to edit the report to correct any errors in syntax, grammar or language. In order to edit (or debug) a program, it must be tested with data to determine whether or not it performs properly. Sometimes testing is a lengthy process; however, so can the process of rewriting a report.

Many educators today are starting to recognize that Computer Science does not belong exclusively in their science or math departments. Instead, it should be established as a separate entity, accessible by all students. Don't let stereotypes keep you from learning to program. Computers are a permanent part of our society. I find it much more enjoyable to be their master, rather than their slave. ■

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# All about input

## How to structure, filter, blink and massage your INKEY\$

Models I/II/III, PMC-80, LNW80

Richard Metzler, Albuquerque, NM

Level II BASIC has a lot of fine features but, unfortunately, the INPUT routine is not one of them. Even if the operator's input is of the correct form, there is no way to avoid the carriage return which follows the ENTER and wipes out the next line on the screen. And, if there is operator error, Level II gives that perplexing REDO? message. In this article, we'll see how to use the INKEY\$ command to produce error-trapped, bomb-proofed, screen-preserving, and even encrypted input routines.

Our technique will be to build up our complicated routines from simple building blocks. The foundation of all the routines is this simple variant of the usual "press any key to continue" input routine: FOR J=0 TO 0: J=(INKEY\$=" ") : NEXT. It looks like the FOR loop would only execute once, but the inner command returns a -1 as long as no key is pressed, and the NEXT increments J to zero and sends it back to the FOR. When a keypress occurs, the inner command sets J=0 and we exit the loop. The advantage this routine has over the usual: 10 IF INKEY\$=" " THEN 10, is that it will go in the middle of a multi-statement line, allowing you to pack your program more effectively. Also, it helps to "structure" your program — you minimize the dreaded BASIC GOTOs. As a structured command, we might refer to it as REPEAT WHILE (INKEY\$ = " ").

If you need to know what key caused the exit, we can make the following change: FOR J=0 TO 0: IN\$ = INKEY\$: J=(IN\$ = " ") : NEXT. Then the keypress is stored in IN\$ on exit.

Now, suppose that you wish to have "timed input" for a game command. Consider the following: FOR J=1 TO TIME: IN\$= INKEY\$: J=J-TIME\*(IN\$> " ") : NEXT. Now, if there is no input, the "J=" command sets J equal to J-0, so J is unchanged and after TIME cycles, the exit will occur with IN\$=" " and J= TIME+1. However, if a key is pressed, J becomes J-TIME\*(-1) and we exit with a J value of J+TIME+1. We need only subtract TIME+1 to find the number of cycles it took the operator to press a key.

It is often helpful to signal the operator that the machine is waiting on input by blinking the cursor. We can manage that as follows: FOR J=0 TO 0 :

```
IN$=INKEY$: J=(IN$= " ")
:JJ=(JJ+1)AND7: PRINT CHR$(14AND(JJ=1)OR15
AND(JJ =5));
:NEXT
```

The first "JJ" command increments JJ from zero to one, one to two, etc., until it increments from seven to eight when the "AND7" sends it back to zero. The next command PRINTs CHR\$(0) (which does nothing) unless JJ=1 or JJ=5. If JJ=1, it turns on the cursor with PRINT CHR\$(14) and if JJ=5, it turns it off with PRINT CHR\$(15).

Suppose we wish to "bombproof" the routine: we will only accept certain keypresses. In the simplest case, we assume that the acceptable inputs form an interval in the ASCII list. We will only accept IN\$ if MIN\$<= IN\$ <+ MAX\$. The following does the job: FOR J=0 TO 0: IN\$=INKEY\$: J=((IN\$<MIN\$)OR (MAX\$<IN\$)) : NEXT

This would allow us to accept only octal digits. For example, if MIN\$="0" and MAX\$="7". If we wanted to filter out all but the hex digits, we could set L1\$="0", U1\$="9", L2\$="A", U2\$="F" and use: FOR J=0 TO 0: IN\$=INKEY\$: J=(IN\$<L1\$)OR(U2\$<IN\$)OR((U1\$<IN\$)AND(IN\$<L2\$)) : NEXT

If we were restricting input to "Y" for yes and "N" for no, this would do it: FOR J=0 TO 0: IN\$=INKEY\$: J=((IN\$<>"Y")AND (IN\$< >"N")) : NEXT

If we had a longer list of acceptable inputs, the above method would quickly become tedious. Suppose we wish to allow only the inputs "C" for copy, "N" for new, "K" for kill, and ENTER for "none of the above." The INSTR function of disk BASIC allows the following compact routine to be used when FL\$="XCNK"+CHR\$(13): FOR J=2 TO 2: J=INSTR(FL\$, INKEY\$) : NEXT: IN\$=CHR\$(J-1).

The reason for the change from zero to two in the FOR statement, is due to a peculiarity of the INSTR function. When INKEY\$=" ", the null string, the INSTR function (which ordinarily returns the number of the first

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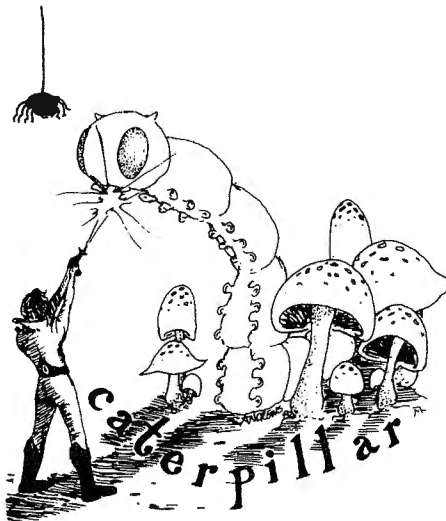
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character in FL\$ matching the INKEY\$ character, or a zero if there is no match) will return a one! This would cause an undesired exit if the FOR loop ran from zero to zero. That's why we need to run J from two to two. This means that we must fill the first spot in our "filter" FL\$ with a dummy character (in our case, an "X") since a "find" in the first position would return a one, which would not cause an exit.

The next step is to fashion an input routine which will accept and store more than one keypress. We will set up a subroutine which allows LN keypresses, chosen from a string, FL\$, of acceptable ones:

```
FOR I=1 TO LN:
:FOR J=2 TO 2: IN$=INKEY$: J=INSTR(FL$,IN$):
NEXT
:PRINT IN$: : MID$(OT$,I,1)=IN$
:FOR K=16438 TO 16444 : POKE K,0 :NEXT
:NEXT : OT$=LEFT$(OT$,LN)
```

The output is stored in the string OT\$, which must be initialized to have length at least LN. The reason for the use of the MID\$ technique is to avoid the generation of "garbage" strings which are associated with string concatenation. The loop on K is a little extra feature. It causes the INKEY\$ buffer to be reset so that holding down a key will cause it to repeat. If you're troubled by keybounce, you might want to put in a delay loop.

As an interesting application of the above techniques, let's examine a short routine to change the usual TRS-80

keyboard into the super-efficient Dvorak keyboard. In Listing 1, we have a one-line program which "encrypts" the keyboard so that the display is the improved alternate to the usual "QWERTY" keyboard designed by Dvorak in the 1930s.

After clearing sufficient string space, we set up the translation string D\$ of 122 characters. Then we insert the two control characters we will recognize: CHR\$(8) for backspace, and CHR\$(13) for ENTER. Then, we turn on the cursor with PRINT CHR\$(14);. The loop is on J as it goes from zero to one, with a step of zero. The step of zero means that NEXT never increments J, and the only way we can exit from the loop is via the BREAK key. The command in the loop just prints CHR\$(0) (the first character in D\$) if there is no keypress. In this case, it is a do-nothing command. If there is a keypress, we pick out the character in D\$ corresponding to the ASCII value of the keypress. This translates to the Dvorak keyboard.

The reason for the use of INKEY\$+CHR\$(1) is due to a peculiarity of the ASC function. The function gives an error when its argument is the null string. Since " " + CHR\$(1) is just the same as CHR\$(1), the ASC function on the concatenation just returns one, which prints CHR\$(0), since the first character in D\$ is CHR\$(0). Because the ASC function returns the ASCII value of the first character of its string argument, no harm is done by tacking on the CHR\$(0) when INKEY\$ is not null.

Let's try to exploit the "filter" idea further. We will filter the keyboard so that only selected keypresses are recognized. These will be filtered (as in the Dvorak example above) before being printed on the screen. (This might be useful for a situation where the operator types in a password and the filter changes the screen display for security.) We will also provide for a filter on the characters delivered to the output string in case they need to be encrypted or changed for RS-232 or printer output. Assume that we have predefined filter strings FKBD\$, FSCR\$, CODE\$, and FOTPT\$.

```
Consider the following routine:
FOR I=1 TO LN
:FOR J=1 TO 1
:J=ASC(MID$(FKBD$,ASC(INKEY$+CHR$(1)),1))
:NEXT
:PRINT MID$(FSCR$,J-1,1);
:MID$(FOTPT$,I,1)=MID$(CODE$,J-1,1);
:NEXT
:FOTPT$=LEFT$(FOTPT$,LN)
```

As in the Dvorak example, we adjust FKBD\$ so that the element in the Jth position is nonzero only if J=ASCII (INKEY\$) where INKEY\$ results from an acceptable keypress. A nonzero value of J causes an exit from the loop and we print the corresponding (possibly coded) value of FSCR\$, then store the value (possibly coded with a different code) in FOTPT\$.

Let's put the above ideas to work in a multipurpose input program. In Listing 2, we have a routine which will define an "input area" on the screen, with graphics blocks, and will accept only certain characters depending on the value of the flag string SS\$. Clear 500 bytes for string input, then initialize the length of the

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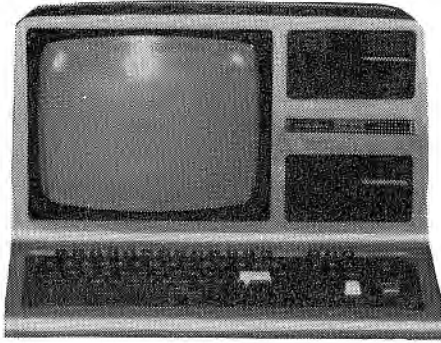
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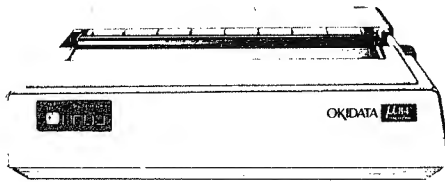
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Error Handling	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

# 25

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input string to be eight. Initialize FF\$ to contain three control characters, three spaces for later insertion of special characters, all the possible keyboard entries, and five characters on the end which we can use (together with ARW\$ in the next line) to print arrows and underlines on the screen. This last is accomplished by holding down the shift key and downarrow key with one hand while pressing one of the keys from B to F with the other hand.

Line 50 is our executive program to demonstrate the input subroutine. We call the subroutine with all possible values of SS\$ and some different values of LN, to illustrate its operation. Lines 70 through 110 are the actual routine. In line 70, we chop LN down to sixty-three or less (if necessary), call a subroutine which prints LN graphics blocks, and set up our output storage string. In line 80, we set up our filters for integers, real numbers, or hexadecimal numbers. We choose only that part of FF\$ which is needed and put the "special treatment" characters in positions four and five in FL\$. Line 90 assigns the filter FL\$ when we are expecting a disk filespec and puts "/" in special character position number six.

All the action is in line 100. We stay in that line until LN characters have been entered or until ENTER has been pressed. We first blink the cursor as usual, then obtain the keypress in IN\$ and check to see if it appears in FL\$. The "AND (IN\$>"")" which is tacked on is there

to correct for the fact that INSTR(FL\$, " ")=1.

The next four lines are a series of ON GOSUBs. I prefer these to IF statements in the present situation, because there is no need to split into separate lines. If there is no line number corresponding to the expression following the ON, we go to the next statement, not to the next numbered line, as with an IF statement.

The first ON GOSUB will branch only if I=1, and we are expecting a disk filespec. Subroutine 220 rejects anything but letters for the first character of a disk filespec. The next branch provides for backspace, ENTER, line-clearing with shift left-arrow, and special treatment for "-", ".", and "/" (depending on the value of SS\$).

In the next line, we allow for the possibility of printing the arrows and the underline character. The final ON GOSUB provides for printing the character on the screen, storing it in an output string, and incrementing I by 1. The last line decrements I to compensate for the automatic increment done by the NEXT. We exit the loop when LN characters have been typed, or when ENTER is pressed and we set bit number six with I=(I OR 64).

In line 100, we decrement I after the increment by NEXT and zero bit number six with an "AND 63" command. The effect of this is to give us the correct character count even if ENTER caused an early exit. We chop the output string to the correct length, erase any

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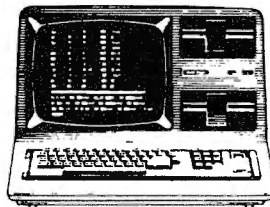
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# 26

remaining graphics blocks, reset SS\$ and LN to default values, and return. The subroutines called by the ON GOSUB lines are found in lines 120 to 270.

Well, that's the end of our guided tour through the land of structured, filtered, timed, blinked, and otherwise massaged INKEY\$ input. I hope you find it useful in your next program.

### Program Listing 1 — Input

```
5 **** ONE-LINE DVORAK KEYBOARD 3/8/82 ***
  *** BY RICHARD C. METZLER ***

10
: CLEAR 300: D$ = STRING$(31,0)+
" "+CHR$(34)+"#%&'()!$w-vz6: 753190248sW =
VZAXJE.UIDCHTNMBRL?POYGK,QF; @axje>
uidchtrnmbrl/povgk< qf +"
: MID$(D$,8,6) = CHR$(8) + " " + CHR$(13): PRINT
CHR$(14);
: FOR J=0 TO 1 STEP 0
: PRINT MID$(D$,ASC(INKEY$+ CHR$(1)),1);
: NEXT
```

### Program Listing 2 — Input

```
5 **** INFILTER 3/7/82 ****
  **** BY RICHARD C. METZLER ***

10 **** INITIALIZATION ROUTINE ***
20 :
: CLEAR 500: LN=8
30 :
: FF$ = CHR$(8) + CHR$(13) + CHR$(24) +
STRING$(3,128) +
"0123456789ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ I"+
CHR$(34) + "#%&'(): *-<◇? + : @,./(/"+ CHR$(2) +
CHR$(3) + CHR$(4) + CHR$(5) + CHR$(6)
: ARW$ = CHR$(91) + CHR$(92) + CHR$(93) + CHR$(94)
+ CHR$(95)

40 **** EXECUTIVE PROGRAM TO EXERCISE INPUT
SUBROUTINE ***
50 :
: LN=99: GOSUB 70: PRINT OT$
: SS$="INT": LN=4: GOSUB 70: PRINT OT$
: SS$="DEC": LN=23: GOSUB 70: PRINT OT$
: SS$="HEX": LN=4: GOSUB 70: PRINT OT$
: SS$="FILESPEC": LN=12: GOSUB 70: PRINT OT$
: STOP

60 **** INPUT SUBROUTINE ***
70 :
: LN=((LN AND (LN<63)) OR (63 AND (LN>=63)))
: I=1: GOSUB 170
: OT$ = STRING$(64,0)
80 :
: IF SS$="INT" THEN FL$ = LEFT$(FF$,16): MID$(FL$,4,1)="-"
ELSE IF SS$="DEC" THEN FL$ = LEFT$(FF$,16):
MID$(FL$,4,1)="-"
: MID$(FL$,5,1)=". " ELSE IF SS$="HEX" THEN
```

```
FL$ = LEFT$(FF$,22) ELSE FL$ = FF$
90 :
: IF SS$ = "FILESPEC" THEN FL$ = LEFT$(FF$,42):
MID$(FL$,6,1) = "/"
100 :
: FOR I=1 TO LN
: J=(J+1) AND 7: PRINT CHR$(14 AND (J=1) OR 15 AND
(J=5));
: IN$ = INKEY$: K=(INSTR(FL$,IN$) AND (IN$>""))
: ON I AND (SS$ = "FILESPEC") GOSUB 230
: ON K GOSUB 130,150,170,190,210,210
: ON -(K>66) GOSUB 260
: ON -(K>3) GOSUB 250
: I=I-1
: NEXT
110 :
: I = ((I-1) AND 63)
: OT$ = LEFT$(OT$,I)
: PRINT STRING$(LN-I,32)
: SS$="": LN=8
: RETURN
```

```
120 ***** BACKSPACE SUBROUTINE ***
130 :
: PRINT CHR$(136) CHR$(24);
: IF I>1 THEN I=I-1: PRINT CHR$(24) CHR$(136)
CHR$(24):: RETURN
ELSE RETURN
```

```
140 **** "ENTER" SUBROUTINE ***
150 :
: I=(I OR 64): RETURN
```

```
160 **** CLEAR-LINE SUBROUTINE ***
170 :
: PRINT STRING$(I-1,24) STRING$(LN,136) STRING$(LN,24)::
I=1: RETURN
```

```
180 **** "MINUS ONLY IN FIRST POSITION" SUBROUTINE
***
190 :
: IF I>1 THEN K=0: RETURN ELSE RETURN
```

```
200 **** "ONLY ONE OCCURRENCE ALLOWED"
SUBROUTINE ***
210 :
: IF (I>1) AND (INSTR LEFT$(OT$,I-1), IN$)>0) THEN K=0:
RETURN ELSE RETURN
```

```
220 **** "ONLY LETTERS IN FIRST POSITION" SUBROUTINE
***
230 :
: IF INSTR(17,FL$,IN$)=0 THEN K=0: RETURN ELSE RETURN
```

```
240 **** "PRINT AND STORE CHARACTER" SUBROUTINE ***
250 :
: PRINT IN$: MID$(OT$,I,1)=IN$: I=I+1: RETURN
```

```
260 **** CHANGE SHIFT-DOWN-ARROW B-F TO
ARROWS & UNDERLINE ***
270 :
: IN$ = MID$(ARW$,K-66,1): RETURN ■
```

# 80-U.S. Journal interviews

## Bob Snapp

80-U.S. Staff

*Bob Snapp has earned the respect of many in the industry for his "enhancements" to TRSDOS. He has provided many of us with utilities and application packages that are truly first class and well documented. During a recent conference in Wisconsin, 80-U.S. had the opportunity to sit down with Bob and discuss a little about where we have been and where we are going. —Ed*

**Q.** How about a little personal history?

**A.** It was about four years ago that the company I was working for was in the process of being sold to a larger company. I enjoyed being a big fish in a small pond, running the data processing department and the man I reported to was "The Boss," I enjoyed that. I didn't really want to be reporting to some guy working in another city who is reporting to someone else six layers down in management.

Bob Snapp



So, a friend of mine invited me to set-up a consulting business and we agreed on a contract that would guarantee enough revenue to get started.

I set up my own software consulting business at that time. This was also the time that the TRS-80 was being introduced and, of course, I had one. In one sense it was a toy, but in another, I could see the possibilities. I had been accustomed to dealing and selling packages for mainframes. I saw this as missing, there wasn't anything like it for the micros. I was just filling in something that should have been there in the first place.

That's really how we got started. I wrote for my own use and sold to a few businesses. Of course, they were delirious with it and then I thought, "Hmmm, maybe there is something here we can sell." It was a long road. Credibility makes a successful software business. We were building credibility to get some real revenue. We finally did that and built up an expanding product line.

I think that if I made any real mistakes in getting started in the TRS-80 software business, it was that I cut off my old business too soon. My advice is to hold on to your other source of revenue until you're really, really sure. Revenue that can really support you and your family.

**Q.** It appears that you feel someone can still jump into this business, start from scratch and do quite well.

**A.** I think so. There are still a lot of needs to be met and that's the secret to being successful. There will be opportunities for many years to come.

**Q.** Can you tell us a little about Snappware's current products or projects?

**A.** The primary thrust of our

current product line is tools to assist in developing custom applications, to do it more quickly and more cost effectively. This is an expansion of a philosophy I developed while I was working with mainframes. We were not really using our people effectively and we were spending all our time trying to develop applications to save the end-user's time. It was getting to the point that the machine became more expensive. Something had to be done or eventually we wouldn't be able to get any application code out on the market. People would be buying machines for \$50 and paying \$5000 to develop software for it.

**Q.** What market are you aiming for? You have produced a number of good items for the Model II. Is there work on any others?

**A.** Well, we're into the Model I and III and LDOS. We support TRSDOS on the Model III, although we're not delirious about it. We are adapting significant portions of the product line to the new IBM personal computer, not because we particularly like that machine but because we know we will sell a bundle of them.

**Q.** Is Snappware your main occupation?

**A.** It's my only occupation, other than playing the stock market.

**Q.** How do you see the future of the TRS-80 market and its peripheral support groups?

**A.** I see it as a continuously expanding market. I sincerely hope that Tandy maintains the larger share or increases it. I have my worries, but the microcomputer market, generally, is going up and up and up. I like Tandy's computer products. It's good machinery, reasonably priced and there is a lot of good, off-the-shelf software for it. It sits very well in the marketplace. I



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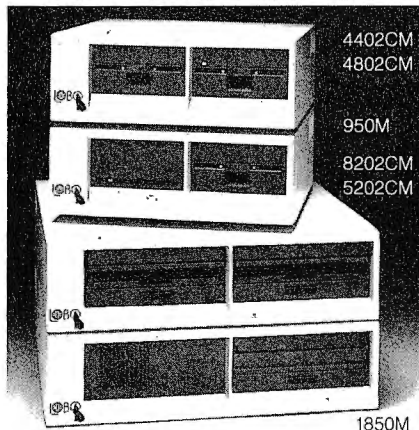
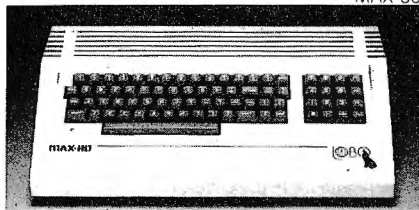
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don't think that Tandy is doing as well as they could in marketing, but I do like the package.

Q. What things do you see coming in the microcomputer field that personally excite you?

A. The Model 16. I'm really excited about the Motorola MC68000. It's the most fascinating thing to come about in years. I cut my teeth on the IBM 370s and when you read the technical specifications on the 68000 it looks just like a 370. It's incredible.

Q. Do you think that the Radio Shack implementation of the 68000 is well done?

A. I have not studied the hardware. I've heard some tales that it may not be as good as it could.

Q. Is Snappware going to be working on the Model 16?

A. Absolutely.

Q. Operating systems?

A. No.

Q. Languages?

A. We might offer a BASIC

interpreter for the Model 16 with the facilities and features that people have become accustomed to with our current product lines. We have not yet made a decision of whether we are going to aftermarket a Tandy offering or one of our own. But there will definitely be some offerings.

Q. The micro industry is pretty young and it's done some very good things and some questionable things as it grows. Do you have any pet peeves? Are there specific problems that you feel need to be addressed?

A. There are a lot of rip-offs in this industry and it grieves me because most of the aftermarket merchandise is sold by mail order. It puts a big black eye on the entire industry and once burnt, twice shy. It hurts all of us.

Q. Do you have any suggestions to the user about how he can protect himself?

A. Use credit cards. Back out of

credit transactions if you've been cheated. I don't really know what else to suggest, even COD doesn't guarantee that you are going to get something of value. It just guarantees you're going to get a package.

Q. It seems like every month you can read a story either about machine compatibility or software protection and piracy. Do you have any views on either topic?

A. I'll start with the second one. As a software vendor, I'm deeply concerned about protection and piracy. I don't know what the answer is and I know that there is a lot of piracy that goes on. I'd like to see it stopped.

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#137

I personally object to getting software that can't be backed up. That really bothers me as a software purchaser. You can't make any other disk out of it, you can't do anything with it. Then it crashes and your business is tied around it. That's unacceptable.

On ours, you make multiple working copies and if the master gets crashed, you can use the working copies while the master is being replaced.

I think that part of the answer is going to be to get some highly publicized court cases before the eyes of the public. Many pirates don't even consider what they are doing to be wrong.

**Q.** They call themselves collectors.

Yea, the collectors. I hate to say it, but what I think would help is to find some poor turkey and put him in jail for 30 days or 3 days or something. Get it splattered all over the media. That would go a long way

and maybe people would think a little more about it.

**Q.** What about compatibility?

**A.** That's been a problem since the first Univac. I don't think we're ever going to be able to escape it. People who are writing systems programs are always going to have to deal with the fact that every machine is different. Higher level languages are the key to reducing the problem. One of the big mistakes that I can see is trying to standardize things way too early.

I understand that there is an ANSI standard BASIC being composed. In my opinion, standard usually becomes the least common denominator with minimal requirements. Nobody wants to take a Model II and use it like a Model I. To me, that just doesn't cut it. Assume you were trying to design a language or operating system that would allow total transportability from the Model I, II, III, MX80, even the Apple. What you do is find the

weakest subset that will run all those machines. In every case, you'll be losing a significant portion of the power of that machine.

**Q.** What about all the newcomers to the industry?

**A.** Frankly, I feel sorry for people who are buying all these new machines. Most companies are not going to make it. People are going to wind up with something that nobody is going to support, and that is sad.

**Q.** So your word to the buyer is to check the software, and check the support first?

**A.** My word to the buyer, the ultimate end-user, is to buy a machine that is very popular. You're going to have a lot more, good, off-the-shelf software and you'll have continuing support. The company won't go out of business tomorrow. Even if another machine is half the price, looks like it has a 500-megahertz CPU, stay away from it. You're just going to be sorry. ■

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# LSNAPP

## An evaluation of Snapp-Ware's enhancements to LDOS

Models I/III, PMC-80, LNW80

Okay, you LBASIC users! Tired of seeing the DOSPLUS, NEWDOS/80 and MULTIDOS users doing all those neat things from BASIC that LBASIC doesn't provide? One might view LDOS LBASIC as a little lean in BASIC features and BASIC utilities compared to these other DOSs. LBASIC does have quite a few really nice features that are missing from standard TRS-80 Microsoft BASIC and some features that no other DOS BASIC has, but I do miss having some of the more advanced programmer utilities from within LBASIC. Well, Snapp-Ware has just released something LDOS BASIC users will definitely appreciate.

I had been reading about Snapp Extensions for the Model II for quite a while. Snapp has now released their extension packages for Model III TRSDOS 1.3 and Model I/III LDOS. There has also been added a new extension called "reverse compression" since the first TRSDOS 1.3 release. This review will deal with the new LDOS Snapp package, but it does relate to the TRSDOS version, except for price differences.

There are six packages advertised, consisting of:

Extended BASIC .....	\$39.50
Built-in Functions .....	\$34.50
Screen Mapping Support...	\$34.50
File Mapping Support.....	29.50
College Educated	
Garbage Collector.....	\$34.50
Reverse Compression .....	\$19.50

There is also an LDOS trial demo disk for \$10. It allows you to make one working Snapp LDOS disk to use and see which, if any, of the extensions you want to buy. This is a great option. The buyer can see

exactly what these packages offer. These packages are not cheap, and if you bought all six, they would cost close to \$200.

Upon receiving my LSNAPP (LDOS Snapp Extensions) package, I found it included a seventy-six-page manual and one floppy disk. The manual is well written, with a table of contents pointing you to the features of Snapp extensions. Each extension has its own section in the manual with clear instructions and examples. In the back of the manual are a few real-world programs. Like all other computer program manuals, it could use more examples.

Before you can use the new package, you have to install it on an LDOS system disk. After Snapp extensions are installed, you can put any programs or files you want on the disk. The installation procedure is quick and easy. I was a little surprised, because I thought it would be more involved. There is a PATCH file that you use to patch LBASIC, which takes all of about ten seconds.

The next part of the installation creates a file named SNAPPINC on the LDOS disk. This file consists of the Snapp library commands and takes four cylinders of disk space. This is the only part of the installation procedure that takes pre-planning. You must preplan the starting cylinder that the file SNAPPINC will start on.

This is easily done with the LDOS FREE map command. You simply find four empty cylinders, starting as close to the directory cylinder as possible. These four cylinders should also be in a contiguous, unbroken format. Placing the SNAPPINC file as close to the directory as possible is done for

Pete Carr, Port Orange, FL

efficiency. Some Snapp routines are pulled into LBASIC, as they are needed, similar to the way the DOS system uses overlays. This saves valuable computer memory by loading just the code that is needed for a certain function. If the routines (SNAPPINC file) are located too far from the directory and broken up into extents, this will slow the speed of LBASIC considerably because of inefficient disk read-head movement.

After I purged my unwanted files from my LDOS disk, the FREE:0 command showed plenty of room starting at cylinder 27. All we do now is enter the starting cylinder and press ENTER. You can make backups from Snapp LDOS, but you will have to initialize the backup with the Snapp distribution master before it will run correctly. The master distribution disk cannot be copied, so it would be a good idea to make a few run-time LSNAPP disks. This way, if the master distribution disk is damaged, you will still have some LSNAPP disks to use while you send back the distribution master for replacement.

### Extended Built-in Functions

I loaded LBASIC and started trying the extended built-in functions package. This thing was more powerful than I had first thought. It had some great POKE and PEEK extensions. With normal BASIC, you can POKE or PEEK into RAM only one byte at a time. Now, I had commands like PEKW, that would read two bytes (word) from memory, and PEK\$, that would extract any number of bytes from RAM, up to a length of 255.

I looked in the manual for the POKE command. You could POKE a string of characters up to 255 bytes

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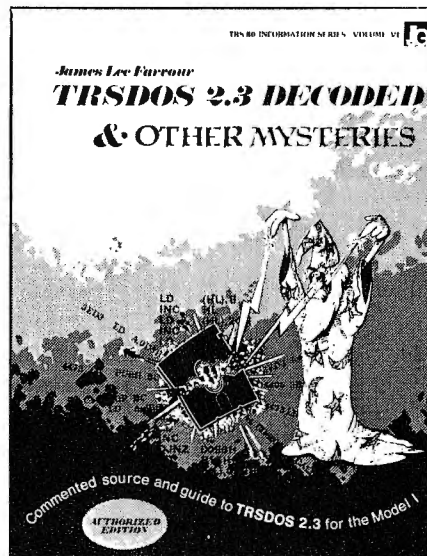
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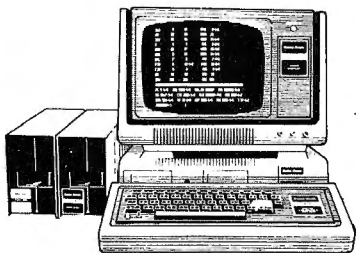
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in length! It actually gives you the power of doing BLOCK moves of memory in a very simple, straightforward fashion. All of this from within BASIC, not machine language. I was starting to get really excited about Snapp-Ware.

The next thing that I tried was a new command called SYSTEM CLEAR. With the CLEAR command, you can change memory size more than once in your program. It lets the program allocate its own files and protects a block of high memory for machine code without the user having to bother with remembering how many files and what memory size the program uses! I have always thought it would be great to set number of files and memory size from within a BASIC program and I guess Snapp did, too!

All right, what other surprises do we have here? LBASIC comes with a CMD"O" command, like TRSDOS 1.3, which will sort a single variable array. As it stands, the CMD"O" sort works just fine, but a big problem with this type of sort is that you almost always need to sort more than one variable.

The Snapp sort takes care of this problem. It allows you to sort up to thirty-two arrays at the same time, with tagalong options, etc. It's superfast, powerful, and it doesn't have to be loaded into high memory to use it.

Another function I like is ETIM\$. It calculates the difference between two times. A new command called SYSTEM"ERASE" removes any or all arrays from the array table, freeing space or allowing them to be redimensioned. The only other Model I/III TRS-80 BASIC I know of that has this feature is NEWDOS/80 version 2.0.

Functions MAX and MIN return the largest or smallest value from a user-supplied list. These functions can save a lot of IF...THEN...ELSE, <=<>=>, program statements.

The function FMT\$ arranges data into a string variable. It's kind of like a super PRINT USING command. Snapp says this is really a powerful addition that, if experimented with, will add versatility to string handling in your programs. The manual supplies a good

example of its use that prints zip codes in the new 12345-1234 format.

The FN HEX\$ is nice, too. It converts a decimal into a hex string. I, personally, really like this one, because I can't convert number bases in my head that fast, and I get tired of looking at a paper chart. It works great inside your BASIC program, also. (Note: Logical Systems, Inc. now offers a filter package for LDOS which contains a super utility called CALC. It allows you to convert and do math with hex, dec, and bin number bases. It's fantastic.)

I am sure you have read advertisements about the new operating system NEWDOS/80 version 2.0 from Apparat, which has commands that allow you to SWAP variables, DELETE lines from a program and keep running, MERGE a new program block and keep running, etc. The Snapp built-in function package gives LDOS most of these features. It adds SYSTEM DELETE, SYSTEM"SWAP", which works like the NEWDOS/80 commands. The only thing I really miss from Snapp extended built-in functions is a dynamic MERGE command. With SYSTEM DELETE already present, the system really could use a SYSTEM MERGE command.

A new feature, that falls a little short to me, is the FN PK\$/UPK\$. It packs a string into a compressed form which saves computer memory and disk space, then allows you to decompress the string for printing, but it only works with upper case chr\$. Not being able to work with lowercase greatly reduces FN PK\$/UPK\$ usefulness.

There are other functions like FN PW (password encoding), FN ID\$ (gives the disk name), FN FILES (tells how many and what kind of files you have open). There is a SYSTEM RESTORE command that allows you to pick which line of data you want the restore to start at. This is super for TRSDOS BASIC, but LBASIC already has a restore line number feature. I don't really see the reason to duplicate it again. (I talked to Snapp about this duplication and it was left in for TRSDOS compatibility.) Overall, built-in functions is my favorite package, and I

recommend it as one of the most useful Snapp extension packages.

### Extended BASIC

Another package, called Extended BASIC, adds commands that give the user a more versatile RENUM function. It allows you to move multiple or single lines from one place to another in your program. Of course, it allows other options (block moves, etc.) in renumbering your program, also.

Both NEWDOS/80 and DOSPLUS have a function called DI-DU, that will move single lines. Snapp adds this useful feature to LDOS with its RENUM RI command. Moving a single line is not as easy with Snapp's renum, but it gives you the option.

Extended BASIC also adds abbreviations for a whole list of commands like A-AUTO, C-CLS, K-KILL, M-MERGE, N-NEW, P-LLIST, L"-LOAD"prog", etc. These shorthand features will spoil you.

Now, I love this next one! If you accidentally NEW a program, you just enter U, and you've got it back. The U command, or one like it, should be in every BASIC. The only other TRS-80 DOS I know of that has a program renew feature is NEWDOS/80 version 2.0. It might save your sanity some morning at 3:00, when in a daze, you enter NEW mistakenly!

The Snapp cross reference function is also very versatile. By entering X with a period (to video), or comma (to printer), you will get a listing of where all of your program variables and/or line numbers are used. It can also give you single variable/line references of your choice.

The Z command is somewhat like X, but it gives you your variables *along with* their current values. This is fantastic when writing and debugging a program. It is a great help when you are trying to figure out what's happening in someone else's program too!

The FIND function is a string/keyword facility. It allows you to find strings like "ENTER NAME" and keywords like GOTO. It also allows you to find and replace all occurrences of a keyword, and replace it with another of your

choice.

This is a very welcome feature, but I find the find and replace function not quite as useful as the DOSPLUS search and replace option. DOSPLUS allows you to search and replace just about anything in a BASIC program, including strings, keywords, even control codes. I miss this capability in the Snapp FIND function, but overall, the FIND feature gives you most things you need for everyday use.

XCOMPRESS allows you to compress spaces, remarks, etc., from your program. It also makes multiple statement lines from smaller lines, if you want. It's one of the best program compressors I've used, and like all of Snapp's features, it runs *fast*.

### Reverse Compression

This is a good time to mention the Snapp Reverse Compression package, even though it is a separate package from the Extended BASIC package. The Snapp Reverse Com-

pression package really complements the COMPRESS feature. It will decompress a compressed program into multiple lines, where possible, making easy-to-read statements with spaces added for clarity. It also adds indents to FOR... NEXT loops, etc.

There is another side effect to the reverse compression feature that might not be obvious. When program lines are packed to the limit, and you save the program to disk using the ,A option, you will get a "direct statement in file" error when you try to load the ASCII-saved file back into memory. The reverse compression option will save you from this problem (and it is a common problem), by unpacking your program lines into smaller lines that pose no problem to ASCII loading. Compiler users, who save the BASIC source program in ASCII, can now be saved a lot of headaches!

There are DOSs that already contain some of these features, or

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variations, and \$39.50 (not including the reverse compression package), to get them enhanced for LDOS, might be a little expensive for some people. It is a fine package, though, and might be exactly what you want and need to enhance your LDOS.

**Extended File Mapping**

The file mapping support automates a lot of tedious programming that we now have to go through to write random file programs. It's unbelievable. It gets rid of the FIELD, LSET statements, and the CVI,MKI-type functions. It also allows you to directly PUT and GET your program variables, doing away with having to use two variables for each data field. By defining your variables and their lengths in a string, you can PUT more than one data element to a file at one time.

The system does all of this automatically. The more field elements your program has, the more the Snapp File Mapping feature will show its usefulness. With a large file, you can do more in three statements using Snapp file mapping than it would take you in twenty or thirty statements, the old way.

The SYSTEM GET function works the same way, but as an extra bonus, it removes any unnecessary trailing blanks from a string. This

really can give you a big savings in memory when filling arrays from a disk file.

As Snapp says in the manual, "Leave the driving to us." If you write a lot of LBASIC data file programs, I guarantee you will love it.

**Extended BASIC Screen Mapping**

The screen mapping function is really nice. It allows you to predefine a screen format for data entry, like the way Profile lets you draw and define your program's data entry form right on the video screen. With Snapp's Screen Mapping, you are furnished a program that allows you to define where on the video your entry fields will go, what they say, what type of variables, and their field lengths. Using commands like SYSTEM INIT, SYSTEM RECEIVE, SYSTEM SEND, you have an automated screen data-fetching program. It can take much less memory than if you wrote a routine in BASIC to handle your data entries the way that Snapp Screen Mapping does. You do have to protect a small portion of high memory with this function. You can also have as many different video forms saved on disk as you wish and call them in and out of your program when you wish.

I think that more user-defined options would be useful in this

package. I didn't particularly like the \* character for unused field slots (example: NAME \*\*\*\*\*), and wished that I had the option of changing it to an underline character (5FH), which, on my Model III, is a thin solid underline.

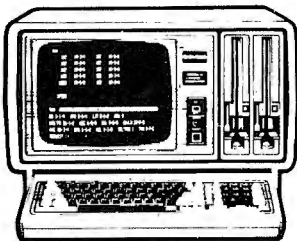
DOSPLUS 3.4 has a command called INPUT@, which gives a programmer some of the capabilities of Snapp's Screen Mapping, but it does use the underline instead of the \* character. The DOSPLUS INPUT@ feature is easier to use, but it doesn't give you as much power and automation as Snapp's Screen Mapping. At the same time, INPUT@ doesn't take any high memory away, either.

It depends on how much automation you need in programming video forms to decide how useful this package would be to you. I find that DOSPLUS' INPUT@, in smaller programs, does a real good job. For big programming jobs, Snapp Screen Mapping is a joy to use. It makes it easy to have very professional-looking video input forms from within your BASIC program and, at the same time, automates your input statements. You don't usually see things like this on a TRS-80 Model III!

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# Model II supervisor calls

## Part I: A function grapher

Model II

T. R. Dettmann, Associate editor

A question I have frequently been asked by people who are trying to use their Model II is, "How do I get at the SVC's?" The second most frequent is, "What the #\$/@ are the SVC's?"

The owner's manual describes SVC's in this way (page 4/9 of the TRSDOS section): "Supervisor Calls (SVCs) are Operating System routines available to any user program. The routines alter certain System functions and conditions; provide file access; perform I/O to the keyboard, Video Display, and Printer; and perform various computations." Starting from this point in the manual and working through from there, most people very quickly get discouraged.

First, the SVCs are described in terms familiar to machine language programmers and there is no indication that there may be a way to get at them from BASIC. Second, all the examples are for machine language implementations.

Because of this, most people have ignored them. But that isn't necessary. There are a lot of useful routines among the SVCs. If we just have a way to get at them from BASIC, we could do things like turn off the BREAK key, read disk ID's, display system error codes and messages, get special printer information, examine the directory of a disk, do specialized input and output, set scroll protect for the screen, or copy RAM to the screen (or screen to RAM). There's more that can be done, but most of the other system calls can be done as easily using BASIC commands.

This article shows you a few things that can be done with SVCs directly from BASIC without you having to be a machine language programmer. We'll demonstrate accessing the SVCs and give some direction on using them.

The demonstration illustrates the scroll protect function by displaying a graph of  $\sin(x)$  vs  $x$  on the screen, while continuously maintaining a heading on the top four lines. Unfortunately, the editor has told me that the typesetter doesn't have a scroll-protected font, so I can't demonstrate it for you in the magazine. In a second article, I will explain more about SVC access and lead you through building SVC calls to routines that will flip screens and access the Model II disk directory. In the process, we'll cover a little about machine language, but

only enough to help the more advanced user get more from the SVC calls. Even without a knowledge of machine language techniques, anyone will be able to use the most important SVC calls without problems.

To start with, let's look into the SVCs themselves and see how we go about accessing them.

### How Do We Get At SVCs?

In some respect, the fears most people have about getting to the SVCs are right. The only way to invoke SVC is to go to machine language. What isn't clear is that it is really very simple and you don't even have to know about machine language to do it.

The SVC calls that most people would like to use are all very simple because they don't require much from the user. The best example is the scroll SVC which allows you to protect a number of lines at the top of the screen from scrolling as you print on the screen.

Scroll protecting is such a useful feature that it's surprising that you find very few people using it. Oh, I've seen some programs that load machine language routines and include scroll protect in them, but very few that make it part of the BASIC program without the need for assembling machine language routines.

To see how it works, let's look at the instructions in the owner's manual (TRSDOS, page 4/44) and the first demonstration program.

The manual tells us that you can protect from zero to twenty-two lines at the top of the display from scrolling if you will just put the number of lines in the B register, put a 27 (the SVC code) in the A register, and execute a RST8. Simple, huh?

To a machine language programmer, this is a piece of cake, but if everyone is going to do this, we've got to make it easier than that. As it turns out, the steps are really very simple. In fact, they're exactly as stated above.

If you look at line 130 of the demonstration program, you will see a list of six numbers. This is the machine language code to execute the scroll SVC. In simple terms, the code can be interpreted this way:

```
Load the B register with 0 ..... 6 0
Load the A register with 27 ..... 62 27
Do a RST 8 ..... 207
```

Return to the BASIC program ..... 201

Congratulations, you're now a machine language programmer! Well, maybe not quite, but you have enough here to make use of something that can only be done from machine language.

To do a scroll protect, we need to take these numbers, each of which is supposed to go in one byte of memory (one memory address), place them so they fit together correctly, and then tell BASIC where to get them. That's the function of subroutine 1000.

In subroutine 1000, we take the numbers which exist in memory as integers and compact them so that they are stored as one byte per number. To accomplish the trick, a function we might not ordinarily think of comes to the rescue — CVI. CVI is explained in the section of the BASIC manual on random access files as a function that allows us to bring an integer back from a random access file.

When coming off random access files, an integer looks like a two-byte string. When we put it there, we encoded it with MKI\$, which made it look that way (See Files and foibles if you want to know more about random access files). The important thing is that if we give CVI a two-byte string, it will make that string look like an integer.

In line 1010, we take the machine language numbers (stored in array CD) and combine them into two-byte strings which we store in the integer array SV. (It's an integer because of the DEFINT at the beginning of the program, but you could have used a % to make it clearer.) This puts all six bytes of the machine language program together for us in the correct way so that it forms a legal program. Now we have to let BASIC know where it is.

Line 1020 points BASIC to our program and then executes it. First, though, it has to set the variable Y equal to zero to make sure BASIC has created it. We'll get back to why this happens in a moment.

After Y is created, we use the DEFUSR command to tell BASIC that the machine language program we want is located starting at the zero position of the array CV. This works because integer arrays are always stored going from low to high memory, two bytes for each integer in array sequence from zero through the dimensioned index.

Once BASIC knows where to find it, we execute the USR command to scroll protect the screen. If we hadn't created the variable Y at the beginning of the line, it would have been created just before the USR call executed. This would have caused BASIC to move the array with the service routine after we had pointed to it! Our USR call would have been sent somewhere else. Oops!

As we've created the routine, though, we have zero loaded into the B register, so we are asking for zero lines to be scroll protected. That's not very useful. To get more lines protected, we simply set CD(2) equal to the number of lines we want protected from zero to twenty-two (see line 260 in the program) and then GOSUB1600 to execute the scroll protect.

Now that it has been explained, it really is simple, isn't it? Even if it isn't, if you copy the routines carefully and study the example, you should be able to easily add

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# 33

scroll protect to your own programs. Try the scroll protect example in your own computer. It really works.

Program Listing for SVCs

```

10 REM*****
20 REM
30 REM SCROLL PROTECT DEMO
40 REM (C) 1982 BY TERRY R. DETTMANN
50 REM
60 REM VERSION 0.009/82
70 REM FILENAME: SCROLL/BAS
80 REM
90 REM*****
95 REM DEFINE C TO BE AN INTEGER FOR THE CD ARRAY
AND S FOR SV
100 CLEAR 1000: DEFINTC,S
105 REM SV WILL HOLD THE ACTUAL SVC CALL CODE
106 REM CD WILL HOLD THE BYTE BY BYTE VALUES OF THE
CODE
110 DIM SV(2),CD(6)
115 REM WE READ THE BYTE BY BYTE MACHINE LANGUAGE
CODE IN HERE
120 FOR I=1 TO 6: READ CD(I): NEXT I
130 DATA 6, 0, 62, 27, 207, 201
135 REM A USEFUL HEADING FUNCTION, THE CHR$(2)
TURNS OFF THE CURSOR

```

```

140 DEFFNHDR$(X$)= STRING$((78-LEN(X$))/2,150)+"
"+X$+" "+ STRING$((77-LEN(X$))/2,150)+ CHR$(2)
200 REM ----- MAIN LOOP -----
-----
205 REM THE LINES THROUGH 250 WILL BE THE HEADING
FOR THE
206 REM SAMPLE PLOT (SIN(X) VS. X)
210 CLS: PRINT FNHDR$("SCROLL PROTECT DEMO")
220 PRINT TAB(38)"SIN(X)"
230 PRINTTAB(13)"-1.0 0.0 +1.0"
240 PRINT"X (DEG)";
250 PRINT TAB(15)"|-----|-----|-----|-----|
+-----|-----|-----|-----|
255 REM SET THE NUMBER OF LINES TO PROTECT TO 4
AND THEN CALL
256 REM THE PROTECTION SUBROUTINE
260 CD(2)=4: GOSUB 1000
265 REM NOW LET'S GENERATE A GRAPH OF SIN(X) VS X
270 FOR I=0 TO 500
275 REM FIGURE X IN RADIANS (180 DEGREES = PI
RADIANS)
280 X=3.14159*I/20
285 REM COMPUTE Y AND SCALE TO A RANGE OF 0 TO
50
290 Y = 25 + 25*SIN(X)
295 REM ROUND OFF Y AND ADD 1 TO GET RANGE 1-51
300 Y = INT(Y+.5)+1
305 REM COMPUTE THE DEGREES CORRESPONDING TO
X
310 DG = X*180/3.14159: IF DG>=360 THEN DG=DG-
INT(DG/360)*360
315 REM EVERY 5 LINES (45 DEGREES), PRINT THE X VALUE
320 IF IMOD5=0 THEN PRINTUSING"###.##";DG;
325 REM EVERY 5 LINES, PUT A LINE ACROSS THE GRAPH,
OTHERWISE BLANKS
330 IF IMOD5=0 THEN GR$= STRING$(51,"-") ELSE GR$=
STRING$(51," ")
335 REM PLACE VERTICAL LINES IN THE GRAPH
340 MID$(GR$,1,1)="|": MID$(GR$,51,1)="|":
MID$(GR$,26,1)="|"
345 REM PLACE THE SIN(X) VALUE IN THE GRAPH
350 MID$(GR$,Y,1)="*"
355 REM PRINT THE GRAPH LINE
360 PRINT TAB(15)GR$
370 NEXT I
375 REM THE CLS IS TO END SCROLL PROTECT
380 CLS: END
1000 REM ----- SCROLL PROTECT -----
-----
1005 REM FIRST WE MUST SET UP THE SVC FOR CALL BY
COMBINING
1006 REM THE BYTES INTO A MACHINE LANGUAGE
PROGRAM
1010 J=0: FOR I=1 TO 6 STEP2: CV(J) =
CVI(CHR$(CD(I)) + CHR$(CD(I+1))); J=J+1: NEXT I
1015 REM NOW WE SET UP THE USR CALL, THIS LINE MUST
REMAIN
1016 REM AS IS, CHANGING ANY PART OF IT WILL SEND
THE USR CALL
1017 REM TO AN UNDETERMINED PLACE
1020 Y=0: DEFUSR3 = VARPTR(CV(0)): Y = USR3(0)
1030 RETURN ■

```



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# File copy utility

## A COPY command on a single drive system

Model I/III, 32K+ with disk drive

Charles Edwards, Jacksonville, FL

TRSDOS 2.3 users with only one disk drive quickly discover one of the limitations of their system: the lack of a single-drive copy utility. TRSDOS does have a COPY command, but at least two drives are required in order to use it. Radio Shack's two utilities, GETTAPE/BAS and GETDISK/BAS, are not much help. For one thing, it is a nuisance to have to dump a file to tape before you can load it to a different disk. Additionally, these programs do not preserve the end of file pointer, which can be disastrous for data files.

Well, do not fear, DIP is here. No, DIP is not that kid in ninth grade who sat in the back of the room studying the zipper on his pencil case. DIP stands for Disk Interchange Program. It is a BASIC program which will copy *any* file from one diskette to another and what's more, it preserves the end of file pointer. In order to learn how DIP accomplishes this, let's examine how BASIC allocates memory for its files.

After you respond to the "HOW MANY FILES?" prompt, BASIC sets aside 288 bytes of RAM for each file. The first 32 bytes form the Device Control Block (DCB) and the next 256 comprise the file buffer. The layout of the DCB is shown below.

### Device Control Block Layout

Bytes	Purpose
0-2	Reserved
3-4	Address of file buffer
5	Location of record delimiter in current record
6	Disk drive number
7	Reserved
8	EOF — last valid byte in the last record
9	Logical record length — usually 256
10-11	Next record number to read or write
12-13	ERN — last valid record in the file
14-31	Reserved

For the purpose of this discussion, the only fields we are concerned about are ERN and EOF. ERN (Ending Record Number — bytes 12 and 13) is a two-byte field

which contains the last record number in the file. EOF (End Of File — byte 8) is a one-byte field which contains the number of the last valid byte in the record pointed to by the ERN. In order to preserve the end of file pointer, all that is necessary is to insure that these three bytes are the same in the new file as they are in the old one.

But, "How do we find the DCB?" you ask. It couldn't be simpler. Listing 1 is the complete source for DIP. At line 120, we FIELD the variable A\$ to point to the first 128 bytes of the buffer. Like any string variable, A\$ is composed of three bytes: a one-byte length field and a two-byte address. In this case the two-byte address points to the beginning of the buffer. So, we just take this address, subtract 32 (the size of the DCB) from it, and voila, we have the DCB address.

That's enough of the technical details. In order to run DIP: enter BASIC, respond to the "HOW MANY FILES?" question with 1, and enter RUN "DIP/BAS." DIP will ask for the names of the source and destination files and will prompt you when to exchange diskettes. DIP was written for a 48K system, so make the changes shown below for 32K.

```
40 CLEAR 16384: DIMA$(50), B$(50): DEFINT A-Z
60 LW=0: J=0: FOR I=1 TO L: J=J+1: IF J=51 THEN
GOSUB 100
```

There is one interesting thing to note about this program. At line 40 I CLEAR 32767 bytes of string space. I had first tried CLEARing 37000 bytes but got a run-time error. So I thought that perhaps numbers greater than 32767 have to be represented in negative form, as in USR calls. But I tried CLEARing -31464 bytes (37000-65536) to no avail. Apparently 32767 is the upper limit. I have never seen this fact documented anywhere, so perhaps I am the first person dumb enough to ever try CLEARing that much string space.

DIP has been extremely useful to me as a single drive owner and I hope you find it as valuable as I do.

## Copy utility

### Program Listing for Disk Interchange Program

```

40 CLEAR 32767: DIM A$(100), B$(100): DEFINT A-Z
45 CLS
50 LINEINPUT "Enter source file name: ";F1$: LINEINPUT
"Enter destination file name: ";F2$: L=1: I=0: GOSUB 110:
EF=PEEK (DC+8): E1=PEEK (DC+12): E2=PEEK (DC+13):
L=LOF(1): IF L=0 THEN CLOSE 1: PRINT "File does not
exist or is empty": KILL F1$: GOTO 50
55 GOSUB 60: GOTO 45
60 LW=0: J=0: FOR I=1 TO L: J=J+1: IF J=101 THEN
GOSUB 100
70 GET 1, I: A$(J)=A$: B$(J)=B$: NEXT
100 CLOSE 1: LINEINPUT "Insert destination disk and
<ENTER>";A$: OPEN "R",1,F2$: GOSUB 120: FOR J=LW+1
TO I-1: LSETA$=A$(J-LW): LSETB$=B$(J-LW): PUT 1,J: GET
1,J: IF B$(J-LW) OR A$(J-LW) THEN PRINT
"Error in record #";J: STOP ELSE NEXT: LW=J-1: CLOSE 1:
J=1
110 IF I>L THEN OPEN "R",1,F2$: GOSUB 120: POKE
DC+8,EF: POKE DC+12,E1: POKE DC+13,E2: CLOSE 1:
LINEINPUT "Copy complete, hit <ENTER> to continue"
:A$: RETURN ELSE LINEINPUT "Insert source disk and
<ENTER>";A$: OPEN "R",1,F1$: GOSUB 120: RETURN
120 FIELD 1,128ASA$, 128ASB$: DC=PEEK (VARPTR(A$)+1)
+256* PEEK (VARPTR(A$)+2) -32: RETURN ■
    
```



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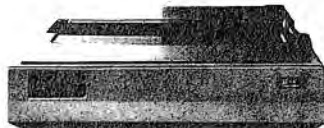
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# Short cut

## PERT analyze your way to work

For all models

Arnold Maddox, St. Louis, MO

If you are like me, you want to stay in bed in the morning until the last second and still try to make it to work on time. There are several things I can do. I can skip breakfast and save fifteen minutes, shave and put on my tie in the car, park in someone's reserved space, or I can plan my trip to work better. The latter seems to be the best alternative.

Like most people, I can take several routes to work. For several weeks, I timed the various segments of these routes. The object is to put the right combination of segments together to minimize the total travel time. The program in Listing 1 does the job nicely. It is an adaption of the PERT (*Program Evaluation and Review Technique — Ed.*) management technique.

The data is read as follows. First read the number of intersections on the various routes (line 120). Next, number these intersections and read the segments in three parts as follows: Intersection FROM, Intersection TO, Travel time. See lines 170 to 230.

The program counts these segments. You will have to put three "dummy" paths at the end of the data to stop the path reading. The program does the rest very well thank you.

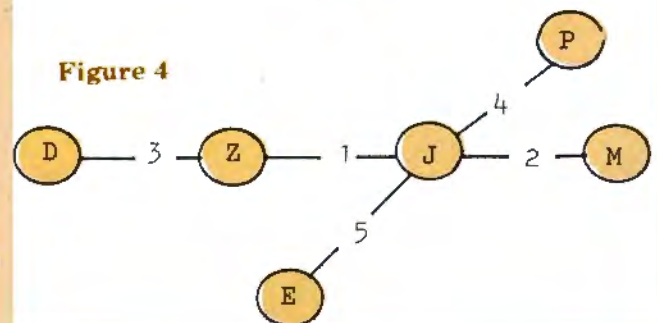
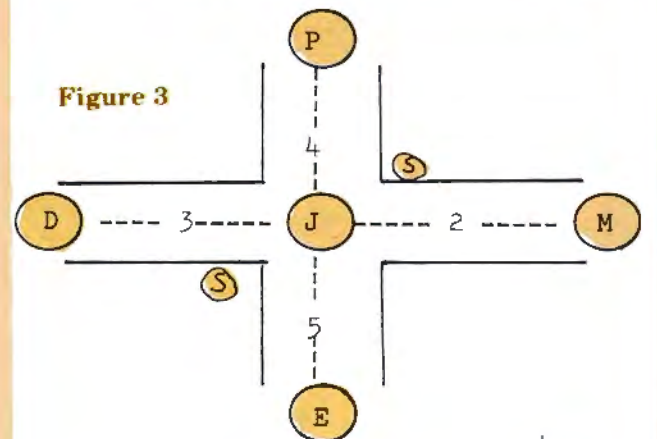
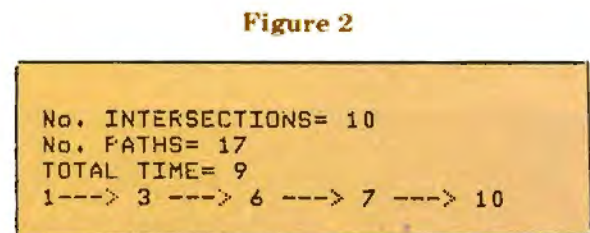
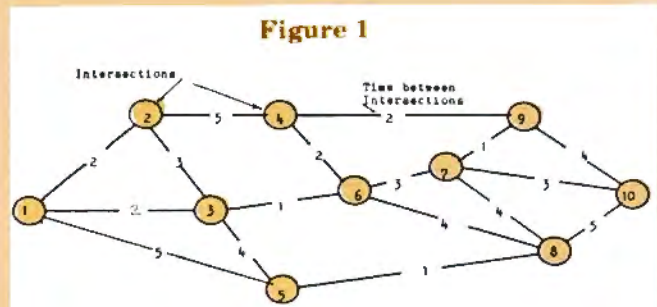
The map in Figure 1 is represented by the data on lines 490 to 530. The results are shown in Figure 2. However, there is a caution. The various paths must be sorted by FROM intersection first and then, within each of these, sorted by TO intersections.

In collecting your data, you may note that some intersections have stop lights or signs in one or both directions. A left turn may be present which might slow down your trip. We can account for these by introducing extra dummy intersections. In Figure 3 there is a stop sign on the path from D - J - M and not one on the path through E - J - P.

We can introduce a new intersection called Z and make its time to intersection J equal to the estimated time the stop sign delays us. The resulting map will be as seen in Figure 4.

You can easily enhance this program by reading in intersection names like "Main and 12th" along with your times and have the program make an actual intersection list for you.

One final note. You may have to take your time measurements over several different days of the week. For some unknown reason, I've found that Tuesday is a "light" day for traffic.





**Program Listing for  
Short Cut**

```

5 REM .....
10 REM TO RUN THIS PROGRAM ON A COLOR
20 REM COMPUTER CHANGE THE LPRINT TO
30 REM PRINT#-2, IN LINES 130, 240,
40 REM 330, 430, 460
50 REM IF YOU DON'T HAVE A PRINTER
60 REM THEN CHANGE THE LPRINTS TO
70 REM PRINT STATEMENTS.
80 REM .....
100 ***** SHORT *****
110 CLS
120 READ NI 'NUMBER OF INTERSECTIONS
130 LPRINT"NO. INTERSECTIONS = ";NI
140 DIM TE(NI),TL(NI),SK(NI) 'EARLY, LATE, AND SLACK
TIME
150 SP=5*NI 'SPACE FOR PATHS
160 DIM I1(SP),I2(SP),CT(SP) 'INTERSECTIONS
FROM-TO-TIME
170 READ F,T,C 'FROM, TO, TIME
180 IF F>NI THEN 240 'ARE WE THROUGH READING?
190 NP=NP+1 'NUMBER OF PATHS
200 I1(NP)=F 'FROM F
210 I2(NP)=T ' TO T
220 CT(NP)=C 'IN TIME C
230 GOTO 170 'READ SOME MORE
240 LPRINT"NO. PATHS = ";NP
250 FOR I=2 TO NI 'SET INITIAL
260 TE(I)=9999 'EARLY
270 NEXT I ' TIMES
280 FOR J=1 TO NP 'FIND
290 TS=TE(I1(J))+CT(J) 'SHORTEST
300 IF TS>TE(I2(J)) THEN 320
310 TE(I2(J))=TS 'THROUGH
320 NEXT J 'NETWORK
330 LPRINT "TOTAL TIME = ";TE(NI)
340 TL(NI)=TE(NI)
350 FOR J=NP TO 1 STEP -1 'DO
360 TS=TL(I2(J))-CT(J) 'THE
370 IF TS<TL(I1(J)) THEN 390 'REVERSE
380 TL(I1(J))=TS 'PATHS
390 NEXT J
400 FOR I=1 TO NI 'COMPUTE
410 SK(I)=TE(I)-TL(I) 'THE
420 NEXT I 'DIFFERENCES
430 LPRINT"1";
440 FOR I=2 TO NI 'PRINT
450 IF SK(I)<>0 THEN 470 'FINAL
460 LPRINT "——>";I; 'ROUTE
470 NEXT I
480 END
490 DATA 10: 'NUMBER OF INTERSECTIONS
500 DATA 1, 2, 2, 1, 3, 2, 1, 4, 5, 2, 3, 3, 2, 4, 5, 3, 5, 4, 3, 6,
1
510 DATA 4, 6, 2, 4, 9, 2, 5, 8, 1, 6, 7, 3, 6, 8, 4, 7, 8, 4, 7, 9,
1
520 DATA 7, 10, 3, 8, 10, 5, 9, 10, 4
530 DATA 99, 99, 99: 'END OF DATA ■

```

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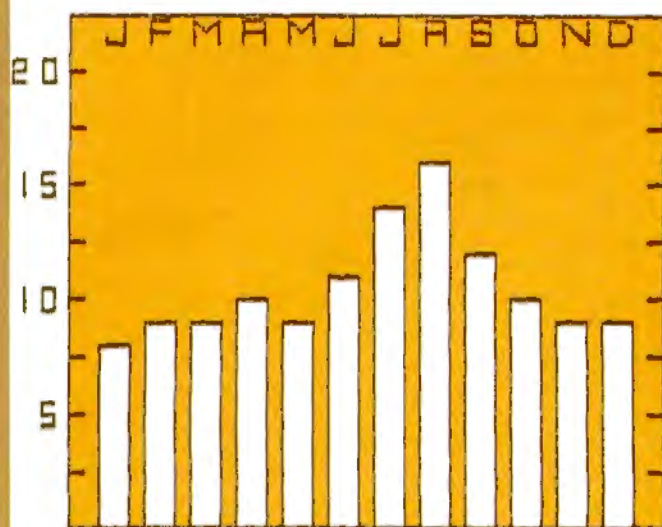


# Bar graphs

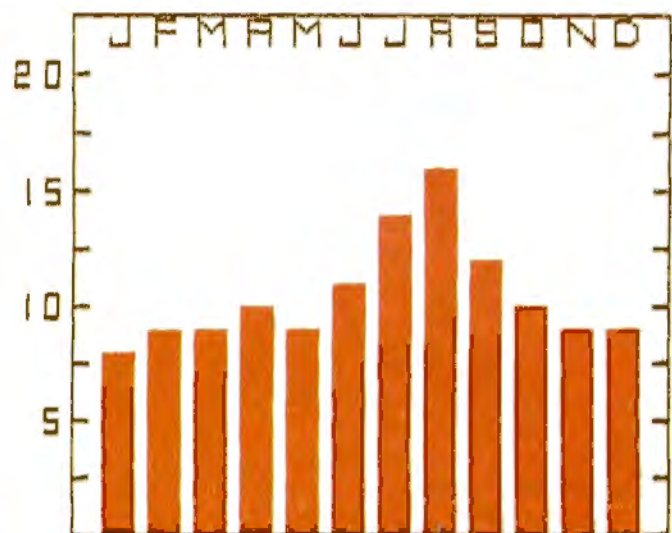
## Creating them on your Color Computer

Color Computer

Richard Scales, Wabash, IN



1981 Water Bills (\$)  
Figure 1



1981 Water Bills (\$)  
Figure 2

The Color Computer's graphic capabilities are well documented in this and other publications. Unfortunately, most of the articles deal with graphics for games. Can it be that I am the only one using the CC in a business environment? You should have seen the eyebrows go up when I purchased the CC and Line Printer VII for my office!

Computers provide our firm with copious amounts of statistical data. So much, in fact, that a lot is wasted due to the volume of information available. I was looking for a way to condense and display summaries in a manner that shows trends and variations from the norm. The bar graph is a popular way to accomplish this.

The illustration on the cover of *80-U.S. Journal* (September 1982) showed exactly what I wanted. You can imagine how my enthusiasm waned when I found that the "Multi-Pen Plotter" cost about \$2000. Unable to find a program that produces Bar Graphs and permits a printed output, I decided to write my own. The program listing that follows will produce up to 12 "bars," each one representing one month of data. Extended BASIC is required and you must use a "Screen Print" program/routine to get a hard copy.

Figure 1 shows the program's output, in this case Water Bills. Note that the bars are not "filled-in." This permits coloring of the printed copy using a straight-edge and marking pens.

The bars are simply long skinny boxes of variable height. Consider program line 560, which draws the "February Box":

```
560 LINE(50,D)-(60,180),PSET,B
```

The figures inside the brackets specify screen coordinates (across,down) of opposite corners of the box. The B at the end of the line causes a box to be drawn instead of a line. The variable D is assigned a value in line 230. If you want solid bars, change the B to BF and the computer will fill-in the boxes with the foreground color. The printout will have solid black bars. See Figure 2.

PMODE 4 (Line 190) causes High Resolution Graphics to be produced. Changing PMODE 3 will give less attractive letters and numbers, but will permit multi-colored bars on the screen display. Use B, not BF, when drawing the boxes. Now you can add a series of

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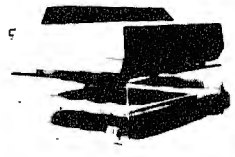
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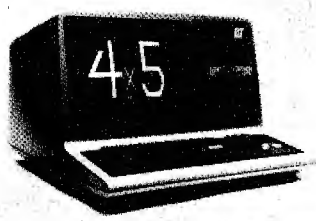
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**Bar graphs**

PAINT statements for an attractive display. You will have to add several lines as follows:

- 535 PAINT(40,179),1,1
- 565 PAINT(55,179),1,1
- 595 PAINT(70,179),1,1
- 625 PAINT(85,179),1,1
- 655 PAINT(100,179),1,1
- 685 PAINT(115,179),1,1
- 715 PAINT(130,179),1,1
- 745 PAINT(145,179),1,1
- 775 PAINT(160,179),1,1
- 805 PAINT(175,179),1,1
- 835 PAINT(190,179),1,1
- 865 PAINT(205,179),1,1

The PAINT statements instruct the computer to begin "painting" at screen locations (across,down) and to paint with color #1 (green) and to stop painting at border color #1. Experiment with the "1,1" combinations until you get just what you want. Note that the painting begins at (down 179). This is just above the baseline (180) and could cause a problem if you enter a very small number during data entry (program lines 220-430). Try entering .001 or smaller to see what happens.

No provisions were included to label the printer output. Normally, I print the graph and then boot-up Color Scripsit so a short description can be added. Scripsit will center your label automatically and avoid having to decide how far to tab when using PRINT#2 statements.

Several remarks have been included in the program to help you find your way around the listing. Hopefully, you will find lots of things to tinker around with and improvements to make. Perhaps this program will inspire you to create (and share) more "business graphics" programs. One improvement that comes to mind would be to permit changing the X-Y labels through input statements. The alphabet (and numbers) could be put into strings and then add a labeling routine to the program. Most of my Bar Graph needs are met by the program as it is.

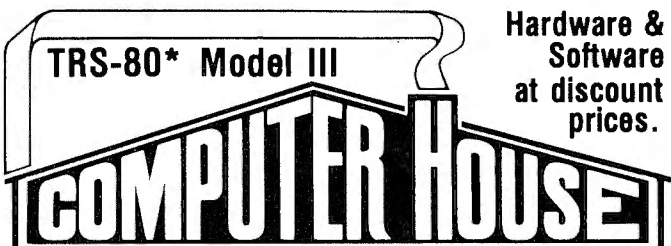
**Program Listing for BAR GRAPH**

- 10 CLS
- 20 PRINT @203,"BAR GRAPH"
- 30 FOR Z=1 TO 1000: NEXT Z: CLS
- 40 PRINT:PRINT
- 50 PRINT" YOU WILL BE PROMPTED TO ENTER"
- 60 PRINT" VALUES FOR EACH MONTH OF THE"

```

70 PRINT" YEAR. YOU MUST ENTER A NUMBER"
80 PRINT" BETWEEN 0 AND 20.IF YOU DON'T"
90 PRINT" HAVE A FULL YEAR OF DATA,THEN"
100 PRINT" ENTER A ZERO FOR THE FIRST"
110 PRINT" MONTH WITH NO DATA. IF YOU"
120 PRINT" WISH TO SKIP A MONTH,ENTER-1"
130 PRINT" FOR THE MONTH TO SKIP.REMEMBER"
140 PRINT" DATA MUST BE BETWEEN 0 AND 20"
150 PRINT: PRINT
160 PRINT" <PRESS ANY KEY TO CONTINUE>"
170 Z$=INKEY$: IF Z$="" THEN 170
180 CLS
190 PMODE 4,1
200 PCLS
210 PRINT: PRINT:" DATA INPUT
220 INPUT "ENTER JAN VALUE";A: B=180-8*A
230 INPUT "ENTER FEB VALUE";C: D=180-8*C
240 IF C=0 THEN GOTO 440
250 INPUT "ENTER MAR VALUE";E: F=180-8*E
260 IF E=0 THEN GOTO 440
270 INPUT "ENTER APR VALUE";G: H=180-8*G
280 IF G=0 THEN GOTO 440
290 INPUT "ENTER MAY VALUE";I: J=180-8*I
300 IF I=0 THEN GOTO 440
310 INPUT "ENTER JUN VALUE";K: L=180-8*K
320 IF K=0 THEN GOTO 440
330 INPUT "ENTER JUL VALUE";M: N=180-8*M
340 IF M=0 THEN GOTO 440
350 INPUT "ENTER AUG VALUE";O: P=180-8*O
360 IF O=0 THEN GOTO 440
370 INPUT "ENTER SEP VALUE";Q: R=180-8*Q
380 IF Q=0 THEN GOTO 440
390 INPUT "ENTER OCT VALUE";S: T=180-8*S
400 IF S=0 THEN GOTO 440
410 INPUT "ENTER NOV VALUE";U: V=180-8*U
420 IF U=0 THEN GOTO 440
430 INPUT "ENTER DEC VALUE";W: X=180-8*W
440 SCREEN 1,1
450 ' DRAW FRAME
460 LINE(25,0)-(220,180),PSET,B
470 GOSUB 880' LEFT CALIBRATION
480 GOSUB 1190'Y-Axis VALUES
490 GOSUB 1060'LTRS ACROSS TOP
500 GOSUB 970'RT CALIBRATION
510 'DRAW THE BARS
520 IF A<0 OR A>20 THEN 540
530 LINE(35,B)-(45,180),PSET,B
540 IF C<0 OR C>20 THEN 570
550 IF C=0 THEN GOTO 870
560 LINE(50,D)-(60,180),PSET,B
570 IF E<0 OR E>20 THEN 600
580 IF E=0 THEN GOTO 870
590 LINE(65,F)-(75,180),PSET,B
600 IF G<0 OR G>20 THEN 630
610 IF G=0 THEN GOTO 870
620 LINE(80,H)-(90,180),PSET,B
630 IF I<0 OR I>20 THEN 660
640 IF I=0 THEN GOTO 870
650 LINE(95,J)-(105,180),PSET,B
660 IF K<0 OR K>20 THEN 690
670 IF K=0 THEN GOTO 870
680 LINE(110,L)-(120,180),PSET,B
    
```

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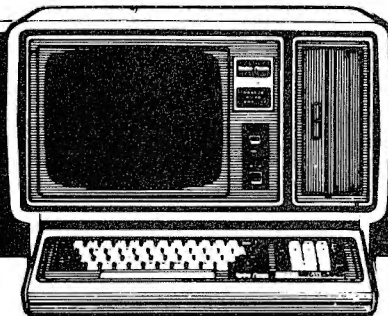
# 39

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## Bar graphs

690 IF M<0 OR M>20 THEN 720  
 700 IF M=0 THEN GOTO 870  
 710 LINE(125,N)-(135,180),PSET,B  
 720 IF O<0 OR O>20 THEN 750  
 730 IF O=0 THEN GOTO 870  
 740 LINE(140,P)-(150,180),PSET,B  
 750 IF Q<0 OR Q>20 THEN 780  
 760 IF Q=0 THEN GOTO 870  
 770 LINE(155,R)-(165,180),PSET,B  
 780 IF S<0 OR S>20 THEN 810  
 790 IF S=0 THEN GOTO 870  
 800 LINE(170,T)-(180,180),PSET,B  
 810 IF U<0 OR U>20 THEN 840  
 820 IF U=0 THEN GOTO 870  
 830 LINE(185,V)-(195,180),PSET,B  
 840 IF W<0 OR W>20 THEN 870  
 850 IF W=0 THEN GOTO 870  
 860 LINE(200,X)-(210,180),PSET,B  
 870 GOTO 870  
 880 LINE(25,20)-(30,20),PSET  
 890 LINE(25,40)-(30,40),PSET  
 900 LINE(25,60)-(30,60),PSET  
 910 LINE(25,80)-(30,80),PSET  
 920 LINE(25,100)-(30,100),PSET  
 930 LINE(25,120)-(30,120),PSET  
 940 LINE(25,140)-(30,140),PSET  
 950 LINE(25,160)-(30,160),PSET  
 960 RETURN  
 970 LINE(215,20)-(220,20),PSET

980 LINE(215,40)-(220,40),PSET  
 990 LINE(215,60)-(220,60),PSET  
 1000 LINE(215,80)-(220,80),PSET  
 1010 LINE(215,100)-(220,100),PSET  
 1020 LINE(215,120)-(220,120),PSET  
 1030 LINE(215,140)-(220,140),PSET  
 1040 LINE(215,160)-(220,160),PSET  
 1050 RETURN  
 1060 DRAW"BM43,2;D8L6U2":J  
 1070 DRAW"BM58,2;L6D4R6L6D4":F  
 1080 DRAW"BM66,10;U8F4E4D8":M  
 1090 DRAW"BM82,10;U8R7D8U4L7":A  
 1100 DRAW"BM97,10;U8F4E4D8":M  
 1110 DRAW"BM118,2;D8L6U2":J  
 1120 DRAW"BM133,2;D8L6U2":J  
 1130 DRAW"BM142,10;U8R6D8U4L6":A  
 1140 DRAW"BM163,4;U2L6D4R6D4L6U2":S  
 1150 DRAW"BM178,2;D8L6U8R6":O  
 1160 DRAW"BM187,10;U8F8U8":N  
 1170 DRAW"BM202,2;R5F2D4G2L5U7":D  
 1180 RETURN  
 1190 DRAW"BM20,136;L4D4R4D4L4":5  
 1200 DRAW"BM10,96;D8":1  
 1210 DRAW"BM20,96;L4D8R4U8":0  
 1220 DRAW"BM10,56;D8":1  
 1230 DRAW"BM20,56;L4D4R4D4L4":5  
 1240 DRAW"BM6,18;U2R4D4L4D4R4":2  
 1250 DRAW"BM20,16;L4D8R4U8":0  
 1260 RETURN ■



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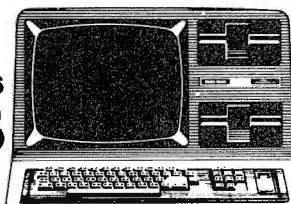
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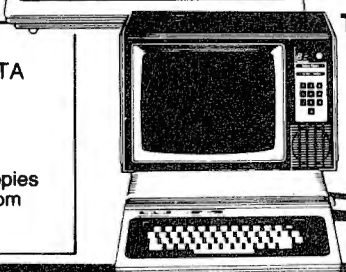
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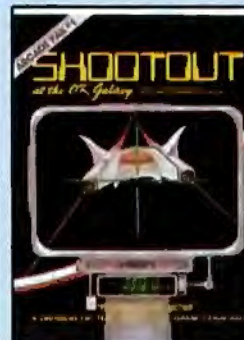
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10 CPI STANDARD !"#%&'()\*+,-./0

12 CPI ELITE !"#%&'()\*+,-./0123456789

10 CPI CORRESPONDENCE !"#%&'()\*+

PS MODE ABCDEFGHI abcdefghi vwxyz{!}~

**DMP-400.** Full 132-column output for under \$1200. Prints 140 cps—51 lpm at 132 columns. Compact, low-profile styling with noise-reducing cover. Line feed in 1/63, 1/8, 1/72 and 1/216 increments. Adjustable tractor is also removable. Friction platen.

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**DWP-410**  
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ABCDEFGH abcdef 01234 :;<=>?

ABCDEFGH abcdefg 01234 :;<=>?

ABCDEFGH abcdefg 01234 ::<=>?

ABCDEFGH abcdefg 01234 ::<=>?

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Our letter-quality printers give your correspondence and reports that crisp, clean "electric typewriter" look. Interchangeable 124-character print wheels let you select the typeface you want (shown above). "External Program Mode" lets you use print wheels with different pitch or special characters. Switch selectable print density for fixed 10 or 12 cpi or proportional spacing (to give justified right margins). All standard word processing features are included: forward and reverse paper feed, 1/2-line feed, underline and backspace. Use friction-feed platen or an optional tractor-feed. Parallel interface. Each printer includes Courier 10 print wheel and a carbon ribbon cartridge.

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# Printer hangups

## Avoiding the printer-not-ready problem

Model I only

Jerry Latham, Midwest City, OK

We all know of the consequences of attempting to send data from the TRS-80 to a nonexistent or temporarily out of service printer. You end up hanging the system and losing your program and data. The culprit in this situation is the routine in ROM that handles printer output. This ROM routine only checks to see if the printer is ready for data and if it is not, it sits patiently waiting. If the printer doesn't exist, or mysteriously went out to lunch, then the system hangs up and it is "bye bye" to in-memory data.

Obviously, what we need is some type of routine that can check the printer before trying to send data to it. The routine would also make sure that all is right, and if not, let us know so that we can take better action than just pressing RESET and retyping all of our data.

The Model I/III is a memory mapped computer, as are many on the market today. Memory mapping only means that rather than sending data to a port (a la serial interface), data for a particular device is sent through a memory location in RAM. For the video, these are locations 15360 to 16383, and for the parallel line printer, the location is 14312 decimal. That's 37E8H for you hex nuts out there.

Like PEEKing and POKEing into video memory, we can PEEK at location 14312 and see what the status of our line printer is. We can do this because when you aren't sending data to the printer to be printed, the printer is sending data to the computer to tell it whether or not it is ready to handle data.

Now that we know where to look to check the condition of our printer, the question remains, how do we use this information to prevent printer hangups? First, we need to know just exactly what a particular printer's READY status value is. With so many printers on the market, it is a fair guess that there is more than one READY signal being sent.

Listing 1 is a complete and formal test procedure for determining several possible status values for various printer conditions. Listing 1 is self prompting and will allow you to determine values for the following conditions: printer ready, printer in off-line mode, printer power switch off, printer power line unplugged, printer initiating, printer busy/buffer full, printer

initiating without paper, printer out of paper and no printer attached.

Depending on the sophistication of the printer, there are several other conditions that could be tested. These might be conditions like: no ribbon installed, paper hanging, print head overheat, etc.

So that we can carry the same thoughts and values from program to program, see Table 1 for a list of variable names and their uses that I derived for the Epson MX-80 printer. If you want to hurry and run the tests to find out all of your printer's status values by using Listing 1, please do so. A word of caution—test for "no printer attached". It is necessary to disconnect the cable from the printer to the computer expansion interface. This should be done with the power OFF to prevent possible damage to the printer, the computer or both. The program in Listing 1 waits until the end to do that test.

If you do not have a TRS-80 Model I, it will be necessary to do a little research and find where the printer is memory mapped. In all listings, the variable PP% is used to hold this value and it is set up in line 10 of each program. Change this value as required for your particular computer. Once this change is made, you may proceed with the tests.

Another possible area of conflict with other systems is in line 690 of Listing 1. Here, we get a string 255 characters long. The purpose of the section in Listing 1, lines 640-760, is to fill the printer's buffer and force it to print and send busy signals to the computer. I was using an MX-80 for these tests, and its buffer is 80 characters long. Sending 510 characters in a row was more than enough to do the job.

Once you have a list of the status codes your particular printer sends to your computer, you can start planning how to use them in your programs. Listing 2 shows how to do your printer checks and how to set up a subroutine that will diagnose your printer's status and control further processing based on that diagnosis. It is a fully commented version.

The important thing to notice in this example program is that checks on the printer are done *before* trying to send any data to it. If this is not done, then you

# Printer hangups

risk the possibility of system lockup.

Listing 2 was designed using the Epson MX-80 values for printer status checks. Substitute the values you got with Listing 1 for the constants in line 10. Of course, don't forget to substitute your system's printer memory mapped location for the constant PP% in line 10. No other changes should be necessary.

Since Listing 2 is so well REMarked, I won't duplicate the effort with a line-by-line account of the program's operation. I will, however, make note of a couple of things that are not readily apparent in the program. First, no explicit check is done to see if the printer is just initiating (ST%). Instead, a check is done in line 120 to see if it is initiating without paper. If the printer is found to not be ready (and yet no specific error is found), then line 140 sends the program back for another loop. This will cause a wait-until-ready condition while the printer is powering up normally. Line 100 informs us that the printer is off or unplugged. It doesn't mention the fact that you may have a blown fuse. This could possibly cause this status value to be sent to the computer also.

One suggestion I offer if you elect to use this routine is to locate the subroutine (lines 80-200) close to the front of your program to speed execution time. Use a GOTO statement to skip the routine when first starting the program run. Another suggestion is to put a check for PRINTER READY as one of the first executed statements in your program so you can catch any errors before you start typing in data.

Table 1

Constant	Use/Status Indication
OK%	Printer ready
OFF%	Printer power switch off
PO%	Printer unplugged from AC supply
IP%	Initiating without paper
NP%	Out of paper
OL%	Printer in off-line mode
ST%	Printer initiating normally
BZ%	Printer busy/buffer full
UP%	Printer not attached to computer

Listing 1

```
5 REM PRINTER STATUS TEST PROGRAM
  WRITTEN BY JERRY L. LATHAM
  1409 EVERGREEN CIRCLE
  MIDWEST CITY, OK 73110
```

```
10 CLEAR 2000: PP%=14312: REM MEMORY LOCATION
  THAT PASSES INFORMATION FROM THE PRINTER TO THE
  COMPUTER AND FROM THE COMPUTER TO THE PRINTER.
  20 CLS:PRINT"THIS PROGRAM WAS DESIGNED AT THE
  REQUEST OF THE EDITORS OF"
  30 PRINT"80—U.S. JOURNAL TO DETERMINE THE STATUS
  SIGNALS PASSED FROM A"
  40 PRINT"PARALLEL PRINTER TO THE TRS—80 MODEL I
  COMPUTER TO ASSIST IN THE"
  50 PRINT"PREVENTION OF SYSTEM HANGUP DUE TO
  PRINTER ERRORS."
  60 PRINT"TO START, CHECK THAT YOUR PRINTER IS
  PROPERLY ATTACHED TO THE"
  70 PRINT"COMPUTER:"
  80 PRINT"CABLE HOOKED UP FROM THE PRINTER TO
  EXPANSION INTERFACE."
  90 FOR X=0 TO 200: NEXT
  100 PRINT"PRINTER PLUGGED IN."
  110 FOR X=0 TO 200: NEXT
  120 PRINT "PRINTER HAS PAPER IN IT."
  130 FOR X=0 TO 200: NEXT
  140 PRINT "PRINTER TURNED ON."
  150 FOR X=0 TO 200: NEXT
  160 PRINT "PRINTER IN THE ON—LINE MODE."
  170 FOR X=0 TO 200: NEXT
  180 PRINT "OK, WE ARE READY FOR THE FIRST TEST."
  190 FOR X=0 TO 500: NEXT
  200 CLS: PRINT "FIRST WE WILL DETERMINE WHAT VALUE
  THE PRINTER SENDS TO THE"
  210 PRINT "COMPUTER TO TELL IT THAT IT IS OK TO SEND
  DATA TO THE PRINTER."
  220 PRINT "WE WILL CALL THIS VALUE OK% FOR FUTURE
  REFERENCE."
  230 PRINT
  240 INPUT "WHEN THE PRINTER IS READY, PRESS <ENTER>
  TO BEGIN";AS
  250 FOR X%=0 TO 63: PRINT PEEK(PP%);: NEXT X%
  260 PRINT: PRINT "WRITE THIS VALUE DOWN AND ASSIGN
  IT THE NAME OK%."
  270 PRINT "THIS IS YOUR <PRINTER READY> SIGNAL TO
  THE COMPUTER."
  280 PRINT: INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN READY TO
```

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CONTINUE";A\$

290 CLS: PRINT "NOW FOR THE NEXT TEST. IF YOUR  
PRINTER HAS AN ON-LINE/OFF-LINE"

300 PRINT "SELECT SWITCH, SET IT TO THE OFF-LINE  
MODE. IF IT DOES NOT HAVE"

310 PRINT "THIS SWITCH, THEN IGNORE THIS TEST."

320 INPUT "PRESS THE <ENTER> KEY TO DETERMINE THE  
OFF-LINE STATUS SIGNAL";A\$

330 FOR X%=0 TO 63: PRINT PEEK (PP%);: NEXT X%: PRINT

340 PRINT "WRITE THE DISPLAYED VALUE DOWN AND  
ASSIGN IT THE NAME OL%"

350 PRINT "THIS IS YOUR OFF-LINE SIGNAL TO THE  
COMPUTER"

360 PRINT: INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN READY TO  
CONTINUE TESTING";A\$

370 CLS: PRINT "NEXT WE WILL TEST THE ON/OFF SWITCH  
SIGNAL FROM THE PRINTER."

380 PRINT "TURN OFF YOUR PRINTER WITH THE ON/OFF  
SWITCH."

390 INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN THE PRINTER IS OFF";A\$

400 FOR X%= 0 TO 63: PRINT PEEK (PP%);: NEXT X%: PRINT

410 PRINT "WRITE THIS VALUE DOWN AND CALL IT OFF%  
FOR FUTURE USE."

420 INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN READY TO CONTINUE  
TESTING";A\$

430 CLS: PRINT "NOW TO SEE IF YOU GET A DIFFERENT  
SIGNAL WHEN THE AC LINE IS"

440 PRINT "UNPLUGGED FROM THE WALL SOCKET THAN  
THE ONE YOU GOT WHEN THE"

450 PRINT "SWITCH WAS TURNED OFF. WITH THE SWITCH  
STILL IN THE OFF"

460 PRINT "POSITION, UNPLUG THE PRINTER FROM THE  
SOCKET."

470 INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN READY TO RUN THE  
TEST";A\$

480 FOR X%= 0 TO 63: PRINT PEEK (PP%);: NEXT X%: PRINT

490 PRINT "WRITE THIS VALUE DOWN AND CALL IT PO%  
(POWER OFF) FOR LATER USE"

500 INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN READY TO GO TO THE  
NEXT STEP";A\$

510 CLS: PRINT "PLUG THE PRINTER BACK INTO THE  
SOCKET BUT \*DO NOT\* TURN IT ON"

520 PRINT "JUST YET. WE ARE NOW GOING TO DETERMINE  
THE INITIATION STATUS"

530 PRINT "VALUE RETURNED TO THE COMPUTER."

540 PRINT: PRINT "THE TRICK TO THIS TEST IS TO FIRST  
PRESS THE ENTER KEY AND THEN"

550 PRINT "IMMEDIATELY! REACH OVER AND TURN THE  
PRINTER ON."

560 PRINT "IF YOU MISS, HIT THE BREAK KEY AND TYPE  
GOTO 510 TO RESTART THIS";

570 PRINT "PART OF THE TEST."

580 INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN YOU AND THE PRINTER  
ARE READY";A\$

590 FOR X%=0 TO 100:PRINT PEEK(PP%);: NEXT X%: PRINT

600 PRINT "YOU SHOULD SEE THE OFF% CODE FOLLOWED  
BY SOME SERIES OF NUMBERS"

610 PRINT "FOLLOWED BY THE <PRINTER READY> (OK%)

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## Printer hangups

```
CODE. THAT GROUP OF
620 PRINT "OF NUMBERS IS THE INITIATING STATUS CODE
(ST% FOR LATER USE)"
630 PRINT "WRITE IT DOWN AS USUAL."
640 INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN READY FOR THE NEXT
PART OF THE TEST";A$
650 CLS: PRINT "NOW WE ARE GOING TO TRY TO
DETERMINE THE PRINTER BUSY SIGNAL."
660 PRINT "YOU MUST FILL THE PRINTER BUFFER SOMEHOW
TO DETERMINE THIS VALUE";
670 PRINT "ADJUST LINE 690 SO THAT YOU ARE ASSURED
OF SENDING AT LEAST"
680 PRINT "ENOUGH CHARACTERS TO DO THIS"
690 B$=STRING$(255,"T")
700 INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN YOUR PRINTER IS
READY TO PRINT";A$
710 LPRINT B$;B$
720 FOR X%=0 TO 64: PRINT PEEK(PP%);: NEXT X%: PRINT
730 PRINT "HOPEFULLY THIS STRING OF 510 CHARACTERS
KEPT YOUR PRINTER BUSY."
740 PRINT "YOU SHOULD HAVE A SERIES OF NUMBERS
YOU HAVEN'T SEEN BEFORE."
750 PRINT "THIS IS THE PRINTER BUSY/BUFFER FULL SIGNAL.
CALL IT BZ% FOR USE";
760 PRINT "LATER ON. WRITE IT DOWN ALSO."
770 INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN READY FOR THE NEXT
TEST";A$
780 CLS: PRINT "THIS IS THE NEXT TO LAST TEST. TURN THE
PRINTER OFF AGAIN."
790 PRINT "NOW REMOVE THE PAPER FROM THE PRINTER.
YES, WE'RE GOING TO MAKE"
800 PRINT "A LITTLE NOISE (IF YOU HAVE AN OUT OF
PAPER BELL/BUZZER)."
810 PRINT "YOU MAY NOW SEE TWO VALUES WE HAVEN'T
SEEN BEFORE,THE FIRST WILL";
820 PRINT "BE THE INITIATING WITHOUT PAPER SIGNAL,
AND THE LAST GROUP WILL"
830 PRINT "BE THE OUT OF PAPER SIGNAL THE PRINTER
SENDS TO THE COMPUTER."
840 PRINT "TO KEEP THE NOISE LEVEL TO A MINIMUM WE
WILL RUN THIS LIKE THE"
850 PRINT "TEST FOR ST% (INITIATION), THAT IS PRESS
<ENTER> AND RAPIDLY"
860 PRINT "TURN THE PRINTER ON."
870 INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN READY TO START THIS
TEST";A$
880 FOR X%=1 TO 100: PRINT PEEK (PP%);:NEXT X%: PRINT
890 PRINT "IF YOU HAVE TWO SETS OF NUMBERS AND THE
FIRST IS NOT THE SAME AS";
900 PRINT "THE INITIATION (ST%) VALUE, THEN IT IS AN
INITIATION WITHOUT"
910 PRINT "PAPER SIGNAL IP%. THE LAST GROUP IS THE
ACTUAL OUT OF PAPER"
920 PRINT "SIGNAL, NP%. WRITE IT DOWN WITH ALL THOSE
OTHERS."
930 INPUT "PRESS <ENTER> WHEN READY FOR THE LAST
TEST ";A$
940 CLS: PRINT "FOR THIS LAST TEST WE SHOULD SHUT
DOWN BOTH THE PRINTER AND THE"
950 PRINT "COMPUTER. BUT FIRST SAVE THIS PROGRAM
SO YOU CAN RE-ENTER HERE"
960 PRINT "LATER. TO DO SO LOAD THE PROGRAM, TYPE
RUN, HIT THE <BREAK> KEY";
78 80-U.S. Journal
```

```
970 PRINT "AT THE FIRST PROMPT AND THEN TYPE GOTO
940. THIS WILL GET YOU"
980 PRINT "BACK TO THIS POINT IN THE PROGRAM."
990 PRINT "WHILE THE SYSTEM IS SHUT DOWN,
DISCONNECT THE CABLE FROM THE"
1000 PRINT "PRINTER TO THE TRS-80 AT EITHER THE
INTERFACE CARD EDGE OR THE"
1010 PRINT "PRINTER ITSELF, WHICHEVER IS EASIER."
1020 INPUT "PRESS <BREAK> TO SET UP FOR THIS TEST, OR
<ENTER> TO RUN THE TEST";A$
1030 CLS: PRINT "THIS IS A TEST OF THE PRINTER NOT
THERE SIGNAL. IT SHOULD BE 255";
1040 FOR X%= 0 TO 48: PRINT PEEK (PP%);: NEXT X%:
PRINT
1050 PRINT "THIS IS THE <NO PRINTER ATTACHED>
SIGNAL AND IS ORDINARILY 255."
1060 PRINT "YOUR RAM MAY SET UP DIFFERENTLY, HENCE
THE NECESSITY FOR THIS"
1070 PRINT "TEST. WRITE THE VALUE DOWN WITH THE REST
AND CALL IT UP%"
1080 PRINT "THAT IS, UNPLUGGED PRINTER."
1090 PRINT: PRINT "AND THAT IS ALL THERE IS TO IT. NOW
YOU HAVE A SET OF NUMBERS"
1100 PRINT "THAT YOU MAY USE TO SET UP ROUTINES IN
YOUR PROGRAMS TO PREVENT"
1110 PRINT "PRINTER MALFUNCTIONS FROM CAUSING
YOU TO LOSE DATA OR TIME."
```

### Listing 2

```
5 REM PRINTER HANG-UP PREVENTION PROGRAM FOR
THE TRS-80 MODEL I
WRITTEN BY JERRY L. LATHAM
1409 EVERGREEN CIRCLE
MIDWEST CITY, OK 73110

10 CLEAR 2000: PP%=14312: OFF%=15: PO%=15:
OK%=63: OL%=143: ST%=159: BZ%=191: NP%=207:
IP%=233: UP%=255
15 REM LINE 10 SETS UP VARIABLES TO CHECK PRINTER
STATUS. EXAMPLE IS FOR THE EPSON MX-80 WITH
TRACTOR FEED, ATTACHED TO A 48K TRS-80 MODEL I VIA
THE EXPANSION INTERFACE CARD EDGE.

20 IF PEEK(PP%) <> OK% THEN GOSUB 80
25 REM LINE 20 CHECKS PRINTER STATUS BEFORE
BEGINNING A LINE OF PRINT. THIS WILL PREVENT SYSTEM
LOCKUP IF THE PRINTER IS NOT ATTACHED OR READY.

30 LPRINT "THIS IS A TEST OF THE MX-80 ERROR CODES"
35 REM LINE 30 SHOULD CAUSE NO REAL PROBLEMS AS IT
WILL NOT FILL THE 80 CHARACTER BUFFER ON THE MX-80.

40 IF PEEK(PP%) <> OK% THEN GOSUB 80
45 REM IN LINE 40 WE AGAIN CHECK THE STATUS OF THE
PRINTER BEFORE SENDING DATA TO IT.

50 LPRINT STRING$(255,"T")
55 REM LINE 50 SENDS 255 T'S TO THE PRINTER. THIS WILL
OVER-LOAD THE MX-80'S BUFFER AND FORCE US TO GO
LOOKING TO SEE IF ANYTHING SERIOUS IS WRONG WITH
THE PRINTER.
```

60 GOTO 20  
65 REM LINE 60 SETS US IN AN INFINITE LOOP SO WE CAN WATCH THE PRETTY LINES ON THE SCREEN AND EAT LOTS OF PAPER WITH OUR PRINTER TESTS.

70 END  
75 REM LINE 70 IS JUST A SAFETY VALVE TO KEEP US OUT OF SUB-ROUTINE COUNTRY.

80 IF PEEK(PP%)=OK% THEN RETURN ELSE  
PRINT"\*\*\*\*\*CHECKING @ 80\*\*\*\*\*"  
85 REM LINE 80 CHECKS IF THE STATUS OF THE PRINTER HAS CHANGED BACK TO READY WHILE WE WERE GETTING HERE. THE LINE TO BE PUT OUT TO THE SCREEN WAS MADE LONG SO THAT WE WILL NOTICE IT AS IT FLASHES BY ON THE SCREEN.

90 IF PEEK(PP%)=BZ% THEN GOTO 150  
95 REM LINE 90 CHECKS FOR THE BUFFER FULL/PRINTER BUSY SIGNAL AND SENDS US TO A WAIT LOOP DOWN AT LINE 150 IF THIS IS THE CASE IN POINT.

100 IF PEEK(PP%) = OFF% THEN PRINT"PRINTER SWITCH OFF OR PRINTER IS UNPLUGGED.":GOTO 180  
105 REM LINE 100 CHECKS TO SEE THAT POWER IS APPLIED TO OUR PRINTER. IF IT ISN'T THEN WE GO TO A WAIT LOOP AT 190.

110 IF PEEK(PP%)=OL% THEN PRINT "PRINTER IS IN OFF LINE MODE.":GOTO 180  
115 REM LINE 110 CHECKS TO SEE IF THE ON-LINE SWITCH IS IN THE OFF-LINE POSITION AND NOTIFIES US IF IT IS. THIS IS PROBABLY THE SINGLE MOST OFTEN ENCOUNTERED ERROR (FOR ME ANYHOW).

120 IF PEEK(PP%)=NP% OR PEEK(PP%)=IP% THEN PRINT "PRINTER IS OUT OF PAPER.": GOTO 180  
125 REM LINE 120 CHECKS FOR AN OUT OF PAPER STATUS, AND GOES TO A WAIT. LOOP IF THIS CONDITION IS FOUND.

130 IF PEEK(PP%)=UP% THEN PRINT "PRINTER CABLE IS UNPLUGGED AT EITHER THE PRINTER OR TRS-80 E.I. TURN OFF POWER!! CORRECT PROBLEM AND RESTART PROGRAM.": END  
135 REM LINE 130 SEARCHES FOR A REAL PROBLEM: THE CABLE FROM THE INTERFACE TO THE PRINTER HAS BECOME LOOSE OR DISCONNECTED. SINCE THIS MAY CAUSE PROBLEMS IF CORRECTED WITH POWER ON THE PROGRAM ENDS INSTEAD OF WAITING.

140 GOTO 80  
145 REM LINE 140 SETS THE WHOLE THING UP AGAIN. THE ONE TEST THAT WASN'T MADE WAS TO SEE IF THE PRINTER WAS INITIALIZING (159 IN LOCATION 14312). THIS WILL CATCH THAT AND WAIT UNTIL READY.

150 IF PEEK(PP%)=BZ% THEN PRINT "WAITING @ 150":  
GOTO 150  
155 REM LINE 150 DOES A SIMPLE WAIT UNTIL PRINTER IS NOT BUSY LOOP IF THE PRINTER IS BUSY, THAT IS. THE

PROGRAM GOT HERE BY FINDING THE PRINTER BUSY, SO IT SHOULD STILL BE, BUT MAY RUN OUT OF PAPER WHILE WE AREN'T LOOKING.

160 IF PEEK(PP%) <> OK% THEN 80  
165 REM IF THE PRINTER ISN'T BUSY, AND IT ISN'T READY THEN GO BACK AND FIND OUT WHAT THE MATTER IS.

170 RETURN  
175 REM LINE 170 RETURNS US TO THE MAIN PROGRAM FLOW ONCE THE PRINTER IS AGAIN IN THE READY (NOT BUSY) CONDITION.

180 PRINT"CORRECT PROBLEM THEN PRESS ENTER TO CONTINUE";  
185 REM LINE 180 TELLS THE OPERATOR THAT THE SYSTEM IS WAITING FOR THE PROBLEM TO BE CORRECTED BEFORE GOING ON. THIS PREVENTS SYSTEM LOCKUP WITHOUT LOSING DATA.

190 A\$=INKEY\$: IF A\$<>CHR\$(13) THEN 190  
195 REM LINE 190 JUST SITS THERE UNTIL THE ENTER KEY IS PRESSED.

200 RETURN  
205 REM AND AT LAST, LINE 200 RETURNS TO THE MAIN PROGRAM FLOW WHEN THE OPERATOR SIGNALS THAT THE PROBLEM HAS BEEN FIXED. ■

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# 47

# Captain 80

## The adventures of a software secret agent

Bob Liddil

I was working quietly in the attic lab of Professor Megabyte's old Victorian house when I got a call from the chief on my two-way wrist modem and pocket computer. An anonymous tipster had revealed a clue to the whereabouts of the missing academician and hardware inventor, for whom I had been searching lo, these many months.

On my desk, I had found three new program disks. Two of the three are published by Computer Shack, the third by Trend Software. They were entitled Jovian, Cyborg, and Demon Seed. According to the chief, somewhere on these disks I would be able to find the long-lost professor.

I didn't really know what to expect when I booted up Demon Seed. Max wasn't around to brief me on the details. He's been wandering the phone lines more and more. Then it hit me — that sinking feeling I get whenever I am downloaded into the world of a computer program.

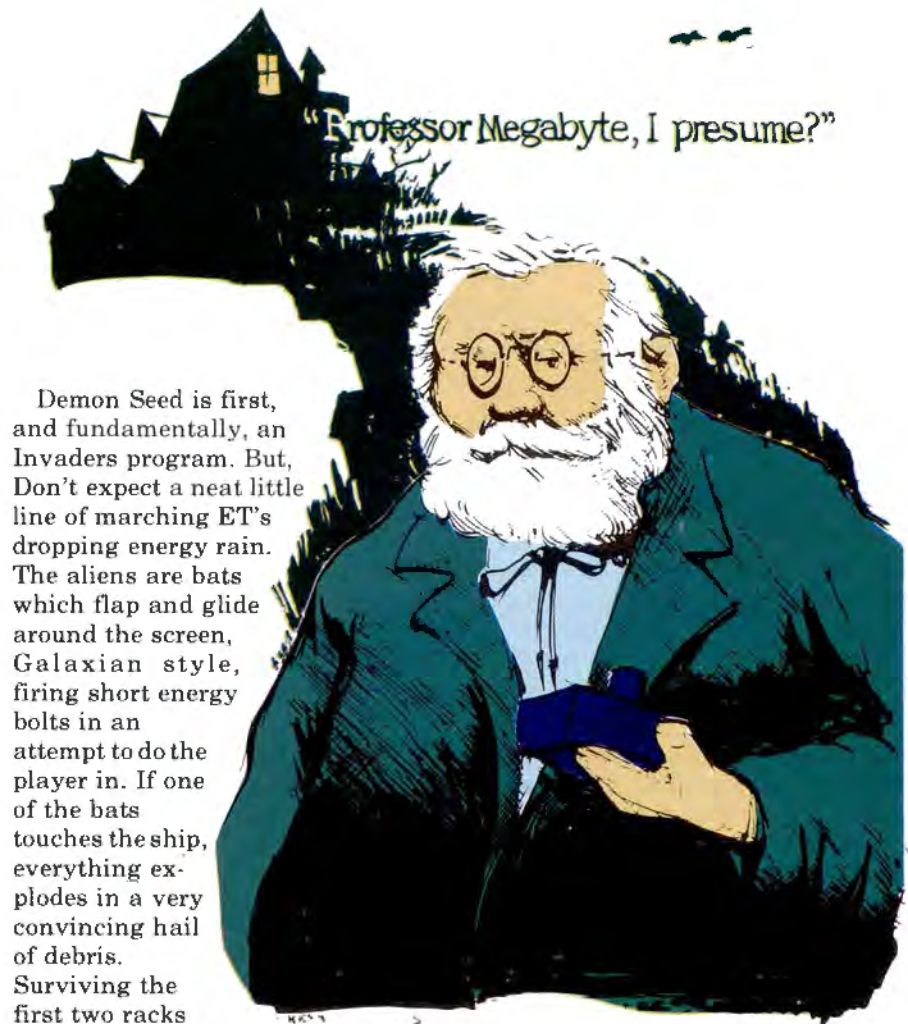
"Max! What are you doing?" I shouted in vain as I de-rezzed in real time. There was no answer. I just knew I was in for a hard time.

I re-rezzed in the padded seat of a Class VII Laserfighter, inside Demon Seed. I was all set for the fight of the year when I heard a voice over the radio. It was Max.

"Captain, don't transmit, just listen. I've been kidnapped! I've downloaded you into the first program booted and provided sideslip codes to access my prison. Help me, Captain, you are my only hope."

I didn't have time to absorb the reality of the situation. Somebody pressed <ENTER> and the game was on.

80 80-U.S. Journal



Demon Seed is first, and fundamentally, an Invaders program. But, Don't expect a neat little line of marching ET's dropping energy rain.

The aliens are bats which flap and glide around the screen, Galaxian style, firing short energy bolts in an attempt to do the player in. If one of the bats touches the ship, everything explodes in a very convincing hail of debris.

Surviving the first two racks makes one wish, wistfully, that he hadn't.

Round three features a wave of large, bewinged demons which are also equipped with energy bolts and destructo bodies. Unlike their smaller precedessors, however, if you shoot a wing or two off these guys, they keep flying, gliding and shooting. Hitting them dead center

is the only way to get them.

The final variant consists of an awesome mother ship which looms down from screen top. The laser-fighter must shoot through the vulnerable bottom of the battlestar and crack the reactor before the guardian birds can swoop from the



sides to get him, or before the onboard defenses of the station itself blow him away. The laserfighter has a defense screen which comes in very handy in this sequence.

Demon Seed is a well done, animation quality, professional arcade game, which will provide endless hours of fun to those who own it. It is action-packed, user-friendly and full of challenge. Watch out Big Five, these from Trend (distributed by Computer Shack) are on your trail!

Dodging electric bats and laser bolts is not my idea of a pleasant Sunday jaunt. I do have some experience at this kind of shoot-em-up and with some effort, I was able to work my way through several waves of alien nasties. I was about to dispatch Momma ship, herself, when the first sideslip code engaged.

The scene around me de-rezzed, whereas I was quite intact. It was my first sideslip and I didn't know what to expect. When the world fuzzed back into focus, I found myself still in space, now at the controls of a Cybership Model L50. My sideslip had taken me into the second Computer Shack program, Jovian.

Jovian is a strange mixture of Star Castle and the myriad hybrid Galaxian-Invader-Phoenix genres. It features a continuous movement ship controlled by keyboard numbers. The object seems to be to blow up the cluster stations which multiply like tribbles as the game accelerates, and fend off smaller attack fighters, all laser-equipped.

Though not as exciting, or as diverse as other twitches, Jovian is still a well-crafted offering. With direction controlled by arrow keys and firing executed by space bar, this program escapes the "cramped finger, search all over the board for the controls" syndrome that plagued early arcade look-alikes.

Jovian is not destined to be a classic by any stretch of the imagination. But, it is largely original in content and will be a solid dollar value for anyone who decides to add it to their collection of arcade variants.

Making right-angle turns and fighting aliens will surely be the death of me, I think. I had blasted a

fair number of cluster stations and dispatched a large number of aliens to bug-eyed monster heaven when I felt a jolt. The second sideslip code had just booted.

Clever fiends, these kidnapers! Wherever they had Max hidden, he was hidden well. It was going to take several programs to get there . . . if I survived.

I found myself among robots. This was obviously the other Computer Shack disk, Cyborg. I decided to see how fast I could get out of here, if I could. I never got along with robots very well, except for Andy from Android Nim — the kindly old geezer I met recently at the old programs' home. These cybernauts looked positively grim. Seeing my chance, I stole an anti-gravity sled. I hoped it was not a mistake.

Lovers of Pac-man will be positively consumed by Cyborg. Picture, if you will, ten or twelve screens of a maze grid. No dots or distracting ghosts, just signal modules to connect and mines to explode, and the screens are interesting and varied. There are all manner of barriers to dodge, shapes to remember, and robots to ram. One gets the feeling he could play for a month and not become bored.

Cyborg shares movement commands with Jovian, but with an added buffer in the form of alpha key-controlled up and down shifting. The spacebar and activates shields (which are the only weaponry here). To knock something off, you have to ram it, shields on. ENTER puts the sled in neutral — a welcome stasis after charging about all over the place.

All in all, Cyborg has the overwhelming feeling of bigness, the same bonus that you got when you saw how far you had to go to get to the end of Sea Dragon. It is dynamic action, well animated and as sophisticated as any advanced user would demand. It is different from any currently-running twitch, and is sure to satisfy its user.

It didn't take long for me to get the hang of operating the anti-grav sled. Soon, I was happily zipping and zooming about, wiping out all kinds of robots and mines and things. I kicked it into high gear and charged all up and down the complex combat

grid, doing elated battle with everything in sight. But, then the sled sputtered and stopped. There were robots everywhere and they were converging on me. One touch from any of them and I'd be just so many scattered electrons. I was backed against the seat of the sled trying desperately to think of what to do when everything froze.

From amidst the tangle of motionless robots, I saw a human approaching. He was short, white bearded, pot bellied and bespectacled. Holding a small metal box with a large red button, he was muttering to himself.

"Better hurry boy, not much time before the freeze wears off."

I didn't move for a second until I found my voice. Then, I offered a handshake to my rescuer, which he accepted with unusual strength for what appeared to be an elderly man. It dawned on me who he was.

"Ahem," I said in the best of my newfound voice. "Professor Megabyte, I presume?" The old man smiled. ■

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

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# Tandy topics

Ed Juge, Director,

Computer Merchandising

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This month's column is being prepared a bit early. During the time it should be written, I'll be in New York for our yearly New Products Show. No, that doesn't mean we're going to introduce a new generation of hardware. Once a year, we host a meeting for the trade press and financial community, where we display the products which are new in the latest RadioShack catalogs. The show lasts two days, and is a great opportunity to visit with our press and financial friends in a more leisurely fashion than is possible at trade shows. Of course, they get to ask extensive questions of some of the primary players in our new products game.

I thought you might find it interesting to know some of the behind-the-scenes things we do from time to time. Speaking of such things, the real aim of this column is not to hype products and bring you three-month overdue information on bugs and fixes. I'd really like to give you a flavor of things that happen here in Fort Worth — how we think, and why we do some of the things we do. If there are subjects you'd like to see me discuss, please let me know. I admit that free time here is approximately minus three hours each day, and the pace is very quick, but I still do lots of head scratching each month when I sit down to write "Topics". It's not easy to guess what you'd find interesting, so please don't be shy!

## Getting Started In Computing

Cam Brown told me several

months ago that this issue would be heavily targeted toward this subject. So, for once, I'll discuss the monthly theme. I think I'm somewhat of an expert in getting started . . . the hard way!

About ten years ago, I was in business for myself, and decided to computerize my inventory. I chose an early microcomputer from Hewlett-Packard, which was about 50% slower than Model I, had 3803 bytes of user memory, two computer-controlled cassette tape drives, and with a thermal printer it cost almost \$15,000. Now, my familiarity with computers had been limited to one trip through Tarleton State College's computer room with a co-worker, seven or so years earlier, where I observed a room full of vacuum tubes and a programmer programming by plugging wires into a big black board. Had the state of the art not allowed keyboard programming by the time I was ready to get "computerized", I wouldn't have.

At any rate, the folks at H-P had written a great manual which allowed me and a co-worker to get the idea of BASIC programming fairly easily. It wasn't a "course" in any sense, but when we decided what needed doing, we had to search the book for some function which would allow us to do it. Tedious, but effective. After nine months of seven-day weeks, programming (and learning) before and after hours, and from 6:00 a.m. to midnight on Sundays, we became fairly competent, self-taught, hack

programmers. And we had a very effective inventory system. Armed with a slightly fuzzy recollection of college accounting courses, and a mother-in-law who was an accountant, we put together a general ledger system, too.

Am I recommending this as a way to start? Absolutely not! My marriage survived, luckily. Yours might not. I'm relating my experience to show you how far we've come. There's no comparison in what's available today to help you get started.

There are some specific points I would recommend to anyone starting out, as I did, from absolute "scratch". First, let's define two classifications of "starters".

First, there are those (usually business users) who only want a specific job done, and a computer is the means to an end. Easy job! Buy a turnkey system from someone you have confidence can help you if you have trouble, and is competent to repair a broken computer when necessary... and who will be around to do it! Buy, if possible, from your friendly local outlet, where you plan to turn for service. Unless you're competent to handle your own problems and repairs, do give this last bit of advice some *serious* consideration.

With the same "unless", you should be aware of one other potential "gotcha". It is a definite maybe — not common, but it can happen. If you own a TRS-80 computer, printer, cables and software, you can return it all to us and say, "I don't care what's wrong, make it work." The same is true for Apple, IBM, or any single-brand system. While there are lots of outstanding third-party add-ons available for every major brand of CPU, you've got to choose your dealer carefully. He's the only guy who will guarantee (maybe) that it all works together. And there can be cases where the computer works to specs, ditto the printer and ditto again the software, yet your system doesn't work. You'll be totally dependent on your dealer, if you're a beginner, so choose him carefully.

The second category of beginner is the complete, or semi-hobbyist, who

wants to learn something about computers, or wants to get into the absolutely fascinating world of programming. I won't tell you it's addictive, but there's no known cure for a computer hobbyist. Some spouses have achieved a partial cure with a baseball bat, but not without certain side effects. My warning is that you will need to learn. Learning to program is like learning to type or receive Morse code. A serious effort will pay off in about the same length of time — a month, maybe two.

A very disappointed writer in the *Wall Street Journal* a couple of years ago considered the whole "personal computer thing" hype when he couldn't write a complex program the first night. As I recall, he typed, "My name is John" and, "Hello," and all he got was "syntax error". Hrumph! Who needs it? (I wonder how he'd review a piano?)

So, just be aware that there is a learning period — not long, but it's there. Professional programmers, obviously, spend much more time and effort and get formal intensive training in design, coding, and many areas the hobbyist won't usually explore in depth.

Excellent books are available today (some even come with the computers) which will teach you all you need to know to enjoy learning, and to do some programming you'll find fun and useful. Our Color Computer Learning Lab is one of the best courses we've seen. It goes beyond just teaching you how to use each command, and gets into the "now that I know the commands, how do I use them" area. We'll be doing more courses like it. Check your local computer club, too.

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Each manufacturer has his own philosophy, and there is something

to fit everyone. We think service is of extreme importance, and it's available through any Radio Shack Store, and our chain or more than 200 Tandy-owned service centers nationwide, that fix TRS-80s. When you need software, add-ons, or just some advice, we have over 6000 stores in the U.S.A. to help.

We happen to think there's never been a better time to get started in computing, no matter what your reason. It's a whole new business tool, bringing advantages to the small businessman that he wouldn't have dreamed of ten years ago. It's a tool of the mind for efficiency. It's productivity for the busy manager or professional. And for the hobby types, it's stimulating, fascinating, and educational. The art of programming teaches youngsters to solve problems with a structured, organized approach. Above all, it's fun.

End of commercial and column. Good luck, and good computing. ■

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# Files and foibles

## Multi-disk handling techniques

Models I/II/III, PMC-80, LNW80

T. R. Dettmann, Associate editor

Over the past two years, I have been trying to lay out simple techniques for advanced programming on the TRS-80, concentrating on, but not limiting myself to, random access files. In that time, I've received many questions about various techniques. A common one has been, "What do I do when I run out of disk space?" My answer is, "Why run out of disk space?"

When dealing with files that are expected to be very large, it makes sense to provide for the possibility of exceeding the disk space available to a single file. You might take the approach that Profile uses in making segments of each record occupy different disks. But what if you simply have short records which don't easily break up into segments?

There's another answer. Why not use the multi-disk capability you have on your system, and place files on each disk which look to the user as if they were a single file? Does that sound too hard? Well, it's not. Galactic Software did a beautiful job with that in their Model II mass mail program.

What we're going to do here is present some simple techniques for achieving the goal of making several files look like one. The demonstration program creates three files and allows you to add, edit, delete, and print records as if they were a single file. It's not as sophisticated as Galactic's program, but it amply demonstrates that even *you* can do it.

### How Is It Done?

To make three files look like one, we have to organize our access technique so that it knows about three files in a way that the user never sees. To do this, we create an index.

We've used indexing techniques over and over again since the beginning of Files and foibles. Each time, though, we've indexed a single file. In a single file index, we need two pieces of information: the key we're going to look for, and the disk record number in the file where we're going to find the data the key is for. To make a multiple file index, we have to add information about which file the entry refers to.

An index also needs a structure. We could store the index as a binary tree, a linked list, a hash table, or any other form that will allow us to find things when we want them. The example uses a linked list structure to maintain the index in sorted order at all times. This isn't the most efficient, but it is sufficient for the demonstration.

Once we have a structure for our index file, we can store information in any file by locating free space in the

files, putting the information there, then adding it to the index.

It sounds simple enough when we say it, but a practical example will make it more concrete. The sample program creates three files which will have names of seven characters plus a number 2, 3, or 4. These are the data files which will hold our information. In the sample program, they have a ten-character identifier (the key) and a 100-character data field in each record. No attempt has been made to limit the record size or use sub-records.

Two other files are also created with the same name as the other files, but different extensions. One file (/IDX) is the linked list index file. The other (/STK) is a push-down stack that will be used to remember where deleted records are.

The five files can appear anywhere on your disks. For example, on a four-disk system, the index and stack files could be kept on drive zero and the two, three and four data files could be on drives one, two, and three, respectively.

### The Program

Let's look at the program one section at a time to see how it operates. The lines through 170 initialize the program by establishing arrays for the data fields, useful functions, as well as some strings. The string LT\$ will be used to check for allowed characters in filenames and PC\$ is the list of possible commands for the program.

### The Main Control Loop

The main program is contained in lines 200-250. It follows this pattern:

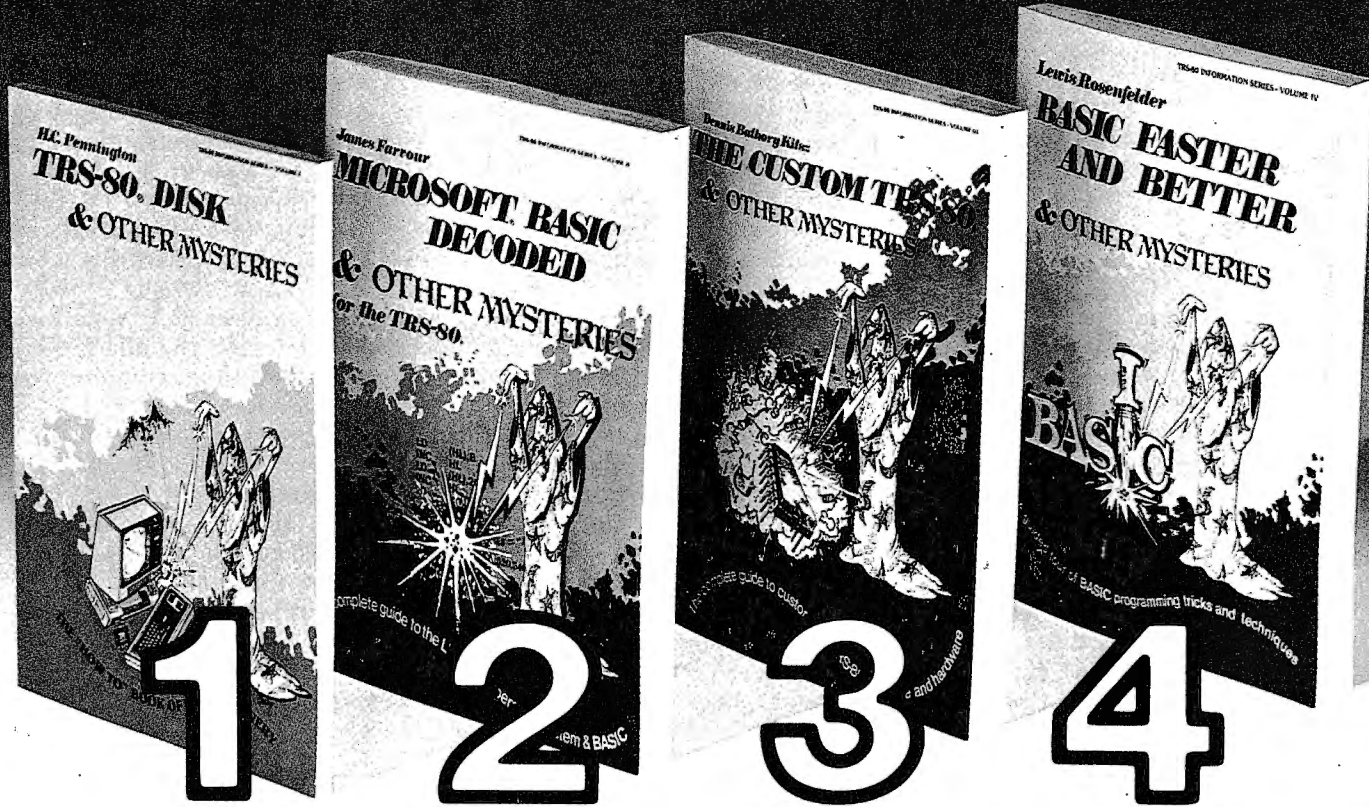
1. Get a command line.
2. Interpret it and check for errors.
3. Execute the command.
4. Repeat the process from step 1.

This is a very common pattern for programs and can be implemented in many ways. In this case, command lines will consist of a keyword (one of those in string PC\$) and a modifier which may, or may not, be needed.

The subroutine in lines 300-380 decodes the command line into two strings, C1\$ and C2\$. C1\$ is the keyword command and C2\$ is the modifier. Subroutine 400 is used by 300 to remove leading and trailing blanks before processing.

The major subroutines in the program are at lines 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000, 5000, and 6000. Subroutine 5000 is a simple HELP routine that displays the allowed commands for someone using the program.

# As Easy As...



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### The FILE Command, Open Files

Normally, the first subroutine called is 6000. This subroutine makes a file ready for use by the program. C2\$ is first checked to see if it will be an allowable filename (<=7 characters, all allowed). If the tests are passed, F\$ is set to C2\$, any files that are open are closed, and a GOSUB500 is done to open the new set of files.

Subroutine 500-590 is called from the major subroutine 6000 to open a set of files, field them for use, and initialize them if necessary. F\$ is a filename passed to it which serves as a root name for all the files (much like Profile). The parameter FO is set to one, to indicate that this routine has been executed. It serves as part of the error check in line 220 to prevent executing file commands without having a file open for use.

### The ADD Command: Adding Data

Once the files are open, we can add items to the files. Subroutine 1000 controls the process of adding items to the file, but it is very simple. C2\$ is the key when adding to a file. Then, subroutine 1000 gets the data (DA\$) and passes control to subroutine 600 to actually add the data.

If we follow the process of adding a new item, it will lead us through a tangle of requirements, each met by a single subroutine. Starting at subroutine 600, we first look in the index to see if the item is already there (subroutine 700). If it is, EF will be returned as one. In

that case, we simply replace the data record with the new data.

If we don't find the item (EF=0), LG will be the location of the last linked index location before where the new item is to go. We next need to find storage for the new item (subroutine 800).

Subroutine 800 first looks at the stack file (file number five) to see if there are any deleted records waiting to be used. If there are, it takes the first available one and returns it as the location of the new record. If there is no deleted record, the program looks at each of the three data files to see if it is less than its maximum allowed length. (LF, the maximum length, is arbitrarily set to ten for demonstration purposes. It could be set differently for each file, based on disk tests or whatever.) If a file is less than its allowed length, that file, and the next record number in the file, are returned as the place to put the new record.

If a location is found to put the new record, the EF is again set to zero. However, if no space is available, EF is set to one, and an error message is printed.

Once subroutine 800 is done, if it found a record to put the new data in, subroutine 900 will be executed to add the item into the linked list in the index.

Subroutine 900 calls subroutine 960 to find an empty index record to put the new index record in. It simply searches through the file to find an empty record and if it doesn't find one, it adds it to the end of the file. Once a

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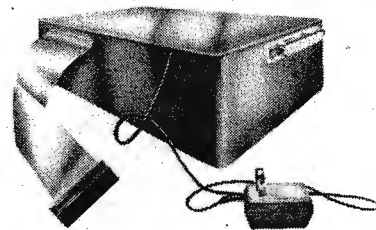


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- Nulls after Carriage Return
- 7 or 8 Data Bits per word
- 1 or 2 Stop Bits per word
- Parity or no parity
- ODD or EVEN parity

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record is found, the record before it, in linked order, is called into memory. The link is updated and the new index record is written to disk.

**The EDIT Command: Editing Existing Data**

Subroutine 2000 is provided to edit an existing record. First, we use subroutine 700 to look for the item we want (C2\$). If it isn't found, an error message is printed and we return to the command loop. Otherwise, we get it, display it, and give the user a chance to change the data (but not the key). Just pressing <ENTER> will cause no changes, but anything typed will replace the existing data.

**The DELETE Command: Deleting A Record**

To delete something, we use subroutine 700 to locate it. If it's found, we display it and make sure it is really to be deleted. If it is, the data record is blanked (line 3050), the record number is saved in the stack file (subroutine 650), and then it's removed from the index and the index record is set to zero to mark it for future use.

**The PRINT Command: Printing the File**

To print the file, we print a heading and then follow the linked list through the file to print everything in alphabetical order. To follow a linked list, we follow the steps:

1. Start with the header record (1).

2. Get the current record's link field.
3. If the link is zero, we're done.
4. If the link isn't zero, get the record with that link number.
5. Get the data record pointed to by the current index record.
6. Print the data.
7. Repeat, starting at step 2.

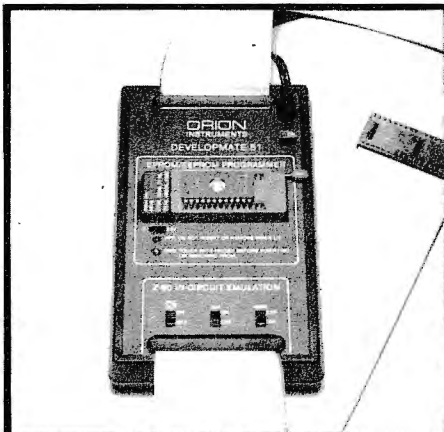
We've covered a very simple method for making multiple files look like a single file. This is particularly useful if you are dealing with files that have the potential to grow larger than your disk capacity. This program could be extended to create disk size files for more drives than you have available. It could know what files are on-line, and ask for disks to be mounted as needed.

To make practical use of the program, you would certainly want to improve the add routine to store the information you want, and possibly change the indexing technique to the one most suited to your problem. No matter what use you finally make of the technique, have fun with it.

**Program Listing for Files and Foibles**

- 10 REM.....
- 20 REM
- 30 REM LARGE FILE DEMO

**CONVERT YOUR TRS-80 MODEL-I OR III INTO A DEVELOPMENT SYSTEM**



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# 53

# 54

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## Files and foibles

```

40 REM (C) 1982 BY TERRY R. DETTMANN
50 REM
60 REM VERSION 0.010/82
70 REM FILENAME: BIG/BAS
80 REM
90 REM .....
100 CLEAR 10000: DEFINTA-Z
105 REM SET UP NUMBER OF LINES (NL) AND COLUMNS (NC) ON VIDEO
106 REM LF WILL BE AN ARBITRARY LIMIT ON THE NUMBER OF RECORDS
107 REM PER FILE, SET TO 10 FOR DEMONSTRATION
108 REM FO IS ZERO IF NO FILE IS OPEN
110 NC=80: NL=24: LF=10: FO=0
115 REM DATA ARRAYS FOR FIELDING
120 DIM I$(4),D$(4)
125 REM SOME USEFUL FUNCTIONS FOR HEADINGS
130 DEFFNHDR$(X$)= STRING$( (NC- LEN(X$)-2)/2, "=") + " "+X$+" "+STRING$( (NC- LEN(X$)-3)/2, "=")
140 DEFFNCTR$(X$)= STRING$( (NC- LEN(X$))/2, " ") + X$
145 REM ALLOWED LETTERS FOR FILENAMES
150 LT$="ABCDEFGHIJKLMNPOQRSTUVWXYZ0123456789"
155 REMPC$ IS THE LIST OF POSSIBLE COMMANDS
160 PC$="ADD EDIT DELETE PRINT HELP FILE END CLS "
165 REM WELCOME TO THE PROGRAM!
170 CLS: PRINT FNHDR$("LARGE FILE DEMO"): PRINT FNCTR$("NO FILE OPEN"): PRINT
200 REM ----- MAIN PROGRAM -----
-----
205 REM GET A COMMAND
210 LINEINPUT "COMMAND ==> ";CD$
215 REM DECODE IT AND ERROR TRAP
216 REM IF NO FILE IS OPEN, THEN ONLY FILE & HELP COMMANDS ARE
217 REM ALLOWED
220 GOSUB 300: IF CD=0 OR (FO=0 AND (CD<>6 AND CD<>5)) THEN PRINT "COMMAND ERROR, TRY HELP": GOTO 210
225 REM 7 IS THE CODE FOR END OF PROGRAM, 8 IS A CLEAR SCREEN
230 IF CD=7 THEN CLOSE: CLS: END ELSE IF CD=8 THEN CLS: GOTO 200
235 REM EXECUTE THE COMMMAND
240 ON CD GOSUB 1000, 2000, 3000, 4000, 5000, 6000
245 REM GO BACK FOR MORE
250 GOTO200
300 REM ----- FIGURE OUT WHICH COMMAND IT IS -----
305 REM STANDARD - GET RID OFF ALL LEADING & TRAILING BLANKS
310 GOSUB 400
315 REM IS THERE A BLANK LEFT? IF SO THEN THERE ARE 2 WORDS
316 REM IF THERE IS NO BLANK, THEN SET THE SECOND WORD TO NOTHING
320 L=INSTR(CD$," "): IF L=0 THEN C1$=CD$: C2$="": GOTO 360
325 REM SEPARATE OUT THE 2 WORDS, C1$ IS THE COMMAND,
326 REM C2$ IS A MODIFIER (A KEY FOR STORAGE)
330 C1$= MID$(CD$,1,L-1): CD$= MID$(CD$,L+1): GOSUB 400

```



## Files and foibles

```

340 C2$=CD$
345 REM SINCE WE'VE ONLY ALLOWED A 10 CHARACTER
KEY IN THE INDEX
346 REM FILE, CHECK FOR IT
350 IF LEN(C2$)>10 THEN PRINT "NAME TOO LONG":
CD=0: RETURN
360 CD= INSTR(PC$,C1$): IF CD=0 THEN RETURN
370 CD=INT(CD/6)+1
380 RETURN
400 REM ----- REMOVE LEADING &
TRAILING BLANKS -----
410 IF LEN(CD$)=0 THEN RETURN
420 IF MID$(CD$,1,1)="" THEN CD$= MID$(CD$,2):
GOTO 410
430 IF LEN(CD$)=0 THEN RETURN
440 IF MID$(CD$,LEN(CD$),1)="" THEN CD$=
MID$(CD$,1, LEN(CD$)-1): GOTO 430
450 RETURN
500 REM ----- OPEN FILES -----
-----
510 OPEN "R",1,F$+"/IDX",16: OPEN "R",5,F$+"/STK",4:
FO=1
520 OPEN "R",2,F$+"/2/DAT": OPEN "R",3,F$+"/3/DAT":
OPEN "R",4,F$+"/4/DAT"
525 REM INDEX FILE
530 FIELD 1,10 AS ID$,2 AS DK$,2 AS RN$,2 AS LK$
535 REM DATA FILES
540 FIELD 2,10 AS I$(2),100 AS D$(2):FIELD3,10 AS
I$(3),100 AS D$(3)
550 FIELD 4,10 AS I$(4),100 AS D$(4)
555 REM STACK FILE FOR DELETED RECORDS
560 FIELD5,2 AS D$(5),2 AS R$(5)
565 REM INITIALIZE FILES IF NEEDED
570 IF LOF(1)=0 THEN LSETID$="": LSETDK$=MKI$(0):
LSETRN$=MKI$(0): LSETLK$=MKI$(0): PUT1,1
580 IF LOF(5)<1 THEN LSETD$(5)=MKI$(1): PUT5,1
590 RETURN
600 REM ----- ADD OR REPLACE DATA
-----
605 REM LOOK FOR THE ITEM
606 REM IF NOT THERE, THEN GET SPACE FOR IT & LINK IN
607 REM IF NO SPACE LEFT THEN CAN'T GO ANY FURTHER
610 GOSUB 700: IF EF=0 THEN GOSUB 800: IF EF=0 THEN
GOSUB 900 ELSE RETURN
615 REM STORE THE DATA
620 LSET I$(DK)=C2$: LSETD$(DK)=DA$: PUTDK,RN
630 RETURN
650 REM ----- PUSH STORAGE ON
STACK -----
655 REM FOR DELETED RECORDS
660 GET5,1: SP=CVI(D$(5))+1: LSETD$(5)=MKI$(SP): PUT5,1
670 LSETD$(5)=MKI$(DK): LSETR$(5)=MKI$(RN): PUT5,SP
680 RETURN
700 REM ----- FIND AN ITEM -----
-----
705 REM START AT THE HEAD (RECORD 1)
710 GET1,1:LK=1
715 REM FOLLOW THE LINKS TO EACH NEW RECORD TO
THE END (LK=0)
720 LG=LK: LK=CVI(LK$): IF LK=0 THEN EF=0:RETURN
725 REM GET THE RECORD
730 GET1,LK

```



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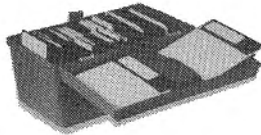
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**Files and foibles**

```

735 REM IF IT'S WHAT WE WANT, THEN WE'RE DONE
740 IF INSTR(ID$,C2$)<>0 THEN EF=1: DK=CVI(DK$):
RN=CVI(RN$): RETURN
745 REM IF WE'VE PASSED IT, THEN IT ISN'T THERE
750 IF C2$<ID$ THEN EF=0:RETURN
760 GOTO 720
800 REM ----- FIND STORAGE -----
-----
810 EF=0
815 REM FIRST, ARE THERE DELETED RECORDS ON THE
STACK?
820 GET5,1: IF CVI(DS$)<=1 THEN 850
825 REM IF YES, THEN RETURN THAT RECORD NUMBER
830 DS=CVI(DS$)-1:LSETDS$=MKI$(DS):PUT5,1
840 GET5,DS+1: DK=CVI(DS$): RN=CVI(RS$): RETURN
845 REM NOTHING ON STACK, SO FIND FIRST FILE WITH
SPACE FOR IT
850 FOR DK=2 TO 4: IF LOF(DK)<LF THEN
RN=LOF(DK)+1: RETURN
860 NEXTDK
865 REM NO SPACE IN ANY FILE
870 EF=1: PRINT "ERROR - SYSTEM FULL":RETURN
900 REM ----- LINK RECORD INTO LIST -----
-----
905 REM GET SPACE FOR THE INDEX RECORD
910 GOSUB 960
915 REM LINK THE NEW INDEX RECORD TO THE LAST ONE
920 GET1,LG: LK=CVI(LK$): LSETLK$=MKI$(IR): PUT1,LG
925 REM NOW PUT IN THE NEW RECORD
930 LSETID$=C2$: LSETDK$=MKI$(DK):
LSETRN$=MKI$(RN)
940 LSETLK$=MKI$(LK): PUT1,IR
950 RETURN
960 REM ----- FIND AN EMPTY
INDEX RECORD -----
965 REM FOR THE DEMO, WE'LL JUST DO A LINEAR
SEARCH FOR AN OPEN RECORD
970 IF LOF(1)<2 THEN IR=2: RETURN
980 FOR IR=2 TO LOF(1): GET1,IR: IF CVI(DK$)=0 THEN
RETURN
990 NEXT IR: RETURN
1000 REM ----- ADD DATA -----
-----
1005 REM GET SOME DATA THEN SIMPLY STORE IT
1010 LINEINPUT "DATA ==> ";D$
1020 GOSUB 600: RETURN
2000 REM ----- EDIT DATA -----
-----
2005 REM EDITING IS MORE COMPLEX, FIRST LOOK FOR
THE
2006 REM KEY, IF IT ISN'T THERE THEN ERROR
2010 GOSUB 700: IF EF=0 THEN PRINT"NOT IN THE FILE":
RETURN
2015 REM GET THE DATA AND DISPLAY IT
2020 GET DK,RN: PRINT D$(DK)
2025 REM ASK FOR CHANGES
2030 LINEINPUT "CHANGES ==> ";IN$
2035 REM NO CHANGES MADE IF JUST HIT ENTER
2040 IF IN$="" THEN PRINT "NO CHANGES MADE":
RETURN
2045 REM MAKE THE CHANGES
2050 LSETD$(DK)=IN$: PUTDK,RN: RETURN
    
```

## Files and foibles

```

3000 REM ----- DELETE DATA -----
-----
3005 REM LOOK FOR THE ITEM
3010 GOSUB 700: IF EF=0 THEN PRINT"NOT IN FILE":
RETURN
3015 REM GET AND DISPLAY IT
3020 GET DK,RN: PRINT I$(DK): PRINT D$(DK)
3025 REM DOUBLE CHECK TO BE SURE IT'S THE RIGHT
ONE
3030 INPUT "ARE YOU SURE (Y/N)"; YN$
3040 IF YN$="N" THEN PRINT "NO CHANGES": RETURN
ELSE IF YN$<>"Y" THEN 3030
3045 REM BLANK OUT THE DATA
3050 LSETI$(DK)="": LSETD$(DK)="": PUT DK,RN
3055 REM REMEMBER WHERE THE DATA RECORD WAS
3060 GOSUB 650: LP=LK
3065 REM BLANK OUT THE INDEX RECORD (REMEMBER
THE LINK THOUGH)
3070 LSETID$="": LSETDK$=MKI$(0): LSETRN$=MKI$(0):
LK=CVI(LK$): LSETLK$=MKI$(0)
3080 PUT 1,LP: GET 1,LG
3085 REM LINK AROUND THE DELETED INDEX RECORD
3090 LSETLK$=MKI$(LK): PUT 1,LG: RETURN
4000 REM ----- PRINT DATA -----
-----
4010 PRINT "DSK REC INDEX KEY KEY DATA"
4020 GET 1,1
4030 LK=CVI(LK$): IF LK=0 THEN RETURN
4040 GET 1,LK
4050 DK=CVI(DK$): RN=CVI(RN$)
4060 GET DK,RN
4070 PRINTUSING"### # ## ";DK,RN,ID$,I$(DK),D$(DK)
4080 GOTO 4030
5000 REM ----- HELP COMMAND -----
-----
5010 PRINT: PRINT
5020 PRINT TAB(10) "ALLOWABLE COMMANDS ARE:"
5030 PRINT TAB(15) "ADD <NAME> WHERE <NAME> IS
10 CHARACTERS OR LESS"
5040 PRINT TAB(15) "EDIT <NAME>"
5050 PRINT TAB(15) "DELETE <NAME>": PRINT
TAB(15)"FILE <FILENAME>"
5060 PRINT TAB(15)"PRINT "
5070 PRINT: PRINT
5080 RETURN
6000 REM ----- OPEN A FILE -----
-----
6005 REM FILENAME CAN ONLY BE 8 CHARACTERS
6006 REM AND SOME FILES WILL HAVE A CHARACTER
ADDED
6010 IF LEN(C2$)>7 THEN PRINT "FILE NAME ERROR -
TOO LONG": RETURN
6015 REM CHECK FOR ILLEGAL CHARACTERS
6020 FOR I=1 TO LEN(C2$): C$=MID$(C2$,I,1)
6030 L=INSTR(LT$,C$): IF L=0 THEN PRINT "FILENAME
CHARACTER ERROR": RETURN
6040 NEXT I
6045 REM F$ IS WHAT WE'LL OPEN
6050 F$=C2$: PRINT "OPENING FILE SERIES "+F$
6055 REM CLOSE ANY OPEN FILES, THEN OPEN THE FILES
NEEDED
6060 CLOSE: GOSUB 500: RETURN ■

```

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# Scriptit your programs

## An easy way to edit on your Model II

Model II, two drives

Waldo T. Boyd, Geyserville, CA

There is a remarkably easy way to check the variables in a BASIC program written on the TRS-80 Model II, and to replace them with others as desired. This method has not been noted either in the TRSDOS Owner's Manual or in the Scriptit reference manual, and therefore, may well escape the attention of many users of this business-level computer.

Scriptit 2.0 provides an efficient "global search and replace" function, to be found beginning on Page 22 of the reference manual. With this function, strings may be found sequentially, observed, passed, deleted or replaced. The choice of search string runs from a single letter through the numerals and "shift" characters in any combination, to words and phrases. Thus, variables such as A, A\$, AA\$, A1\$, I% and hundreds of others in a BASIC program may be examined, changed throughout the program, or deleted without risk of missing one or more. Keeping variables in order is a particularly irksome problem when writing a long program, even when care is used in selecting them.

Another helpful use for this feature of Scriptit is in exchanging the PRINT statements that are generally employed while writing and debugging a program for LPRINT statements that will print out program copy. While there are short utility programs available for this purpose, the "global" function of Scriptit is right at hand.

A further use for Scriptit while

writing programs involves the format line. TRSDOS format provides a full-screen line with wrap-around. Publication in some magazines, for instance, requires the line to be thirty-nine characters in length, with second and subsequent lines indented two spaces. Writing to format order can be a chore; with change of format made easy through Scriptit's "Block Format" capability (Reference Manual, Page 15) the program can be written without regard for format, and then formatted exactly to publishing requirements with ease. Formatting can be done while picking up the program for the Global Search and Exchange function to save the Block Format step, if the requirement is known in advance.

### How to do it

The BASIC program is usually filed as written, on the Drive 0 disk, but this is not a requirement. SAVE the program to disk in ASCII, as described in the BASIC section of the TRSDOS manual, using a "filespec" (file name) that is easily remembered, such as: SAVE "MOONGLOW/TXT:1", A. The "A" files your program in ASCII.

Place the disk containing the file in one of the Expansion Unit drives. Insert the Scriptit 2.0 disk in Drive 0 (the CPU drive slot), and RESET. Answer the opening prompts until the directory appears.

Open a new document, preferably using the "filespec" name selected

for the BASIC program, as a memory aid. Open this document in the same manner as with any new Scriptit document.

At this point the format line may be changed to fit publication requirements, using the Format Line Editing function of Scriptit, Page 40. To fit publishing manuscript requirements the "o" will be placed two spaces outside of and to the left of the left bracket. The "cursor:" counter below the format line will count the spaces. Place a right bracket 48 spaces to the right of the "o" marker, then <ENTER>. Be sure the mode indicator at right below the format line shows "Mode:O" (<CTRL> o will toggle this function).

Keyboard the following:

<CTRL> U C

The "Convert Document" prompts will appear on screen. The first prompt is answered with a Capital A. The second is answered with the exact name of the SAVE'd file (the "filespec"). Do *not* use quotation marks around this entry of the name. The above filespec name would be entered in this manner:

MOONGLOW/TXT:1 <ENTER>.

If the TRSDOS disk is in another drive than 1, use that drive number following the colon.

The BASIC program will now be

copied to the Scriptit disk, with the original line format changing to fit the page format selected. The program appears on screen, page by page.

When the program is all in the Scriptit document, open the Scriptit reference manual to Page 22, Global Replace, and follow the instructions.

It is best to run through each search string once, just looking. There may be uses for the string selected which were not anticipated when the program was in writing. Also, some strings show up as portions of words having nothing to do with variables. A better definition of the string may be in order, such as providing a space before, after or both before and after the string. Experimentation is the best teacher at this point.

After a satisfactory "find only" run-thru is made, the "F" global search prompt may be exchanged for an "R" if substitution is desired, and the string will be automatically

exchanged wherever it appears with the next run-thru.

Any wording additions, alterations or deletions (corresponding to TRSDOS BASIC line editing) may be done while working on the document in Scriptit, and will be functional as a command line when returned to the BASIC file, provided all programming rules are followed.

Note that a count is made of each string as it ends its search through the program. This can be quite useful. Also, there are times when extra variables are unnecessarily used; they will begin to show up when seen in context with strings during search. For instance, "FOR S=1 to 10" may have been written when other "FOR...NEXT" loops have used "Xs," anticipating some kind of conflict that does not pan out. The global search provides means for replacing the "S" with an "X" and checking to see that any following use of "X" is initialized to its required value.

When all work is completed, the document is returned to TRSDOS. If the identical filespec (file name) is used, the "file already exists" prompt will appear, so use a variation on the name, as for instance follows:

<CTRL>U C

The "Convert Document" prompts reappear. Answer:

GLOWMOON/TXT:1<ENTER>

The revised document will now be filed to the TRSDOS disk, but in the original TRSDOS format. It may be RUN after booting the TRSDOS disk and calling up BASIC appropriately. The Scriptit document remains intact, and the PRINT commands of Scriptit may be used as with any plain-language document to print the program in hard copy conforming to the new format. ■

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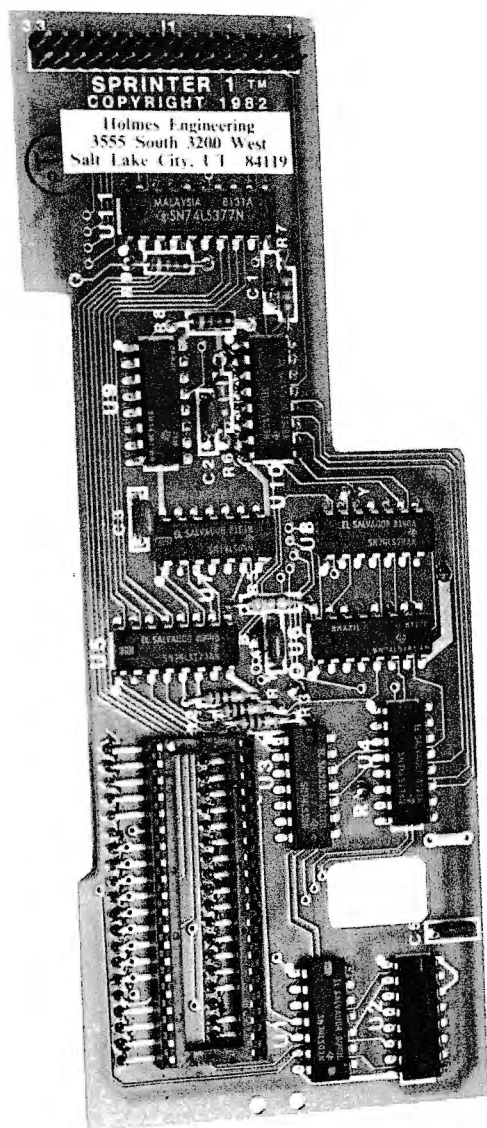
# 61

# Sprinter II

## Triple your CPU speed with this board from Holmes Engineering

Models I/III, PMC-80, LNW80

Jim Klaproth,  
Associate editor



It seems that nowadays the owners of TRS-80 microcomputers have an unlimited selection of add-on hardware to enhance their tiny machines. Any day now, I expect to be able to upgrade my Model I to a Model III just by plugging in a board. My Model I is already so crammed full of hardware modifications that it is becoming difficult to even get all the guts back in the case. However, I had never taken the plunge and installed a speed-up modification. When I saw the ad for a new speed modification that simply plugged in, already had the faster Z-80B chip on it, and allowed operation at 5.3 Mhz, with an unconditional thirty-day money back guarantee, I simply had to try one out.

### A slow clock

One of the limiting factors of the Models I and III is the slow clock speed of the the CPU. The Z-80 microprocessor is rated for 4.0 megahertz (Mhz) operation, but Radio Shack chose to run it at 1.77 Mhz on the Model I and 2.03 Mhz on the Model III. By simply allowing the Z-80 to run at its full rated speed, we can see a two-fold improvement in actual computing time. Taking it one step further, if we triple the clock speed we should get a three-fold improvement. The only way to accomplish this is to replace the Z-80 chip with a Z-80B, which is rated for 6.0Mhz. Enter the Holmes Engineering Sprinter II. What this board does is to take the original clock signal, which is at 10.6445 Mhz (Model I) and send it through a programmable divide-by counter. This counter then divides the 10.6445 Mhz pulses by 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9 to arrive at 5.32, 3.55, 2.66, 2.13, 1.77, 1.52, 1.33 and 1.19 Mhz respectively. These clock pulses are then routed to the Z-80B mounted on

the Sprinter II, which replaces the original Z-80 in the TRS-80.

### A software gear shift

The actual clock frequency is determined by a simple software command that can be given in BASIC or machine language. The BASIC command is simply: OUT 254,(X), where X is an integer from 0 to 15. That means there are actually sixteen separate combinations available to the user. There are eight different clock speeds, each with the option of running with or without wait states. Running with wait states means that a small delay will be added to every memory access, slowing down the actual speed by about 10%. Holmes guarantees that any computer will run at 3.55 Mhz with wait states. Anything above that speed, it is hit or miss.

### Hardware limitations

Every machine is different and if even one component is marginal, it may interfere with high-speed operation. The maximum speed that an unmodified TRS-80 will run is 5.32 with wait states. When I called Holmes to get the information on the device, they asked what my configuration was. I told them I had a suffix G keyboard with 3 chip ROM set, expansion interface with buffered cable and DIN plug, with a mix of Motorola and NEC RAM chips. The technician told me that my machine would probably have to be modified in order to run at 5.32 Mhz, but to try it out unmodified first. I did, and was pleasantly surprised to discover that it worked perfectly!

### Installation

Installation was a snap. The Sprinter II simply plugs into the socket after removing the Z-80 from the computer. Then there are four wires to attach to the computer

circuit board. This is accomplished with solderless clips that simply push on. If you are skillful with an iron, you can cut off the clips and solder if you wish. Several photos are supplied with the documentation to aid you in locating the proper points to fasten the wires. It took me about twenty minutes to do the job. There is one modification to the board that is recommended for all machines that involves simply cutting a trace on the circuit board. There are other modifications in the documentation, but none of them applied to my machine. If you have trouble getting it to work properly, Holmes will recommend solutions or they will modify your interface for only \$25.

Testing the machine at various speeds involves simply issuing the command OUT 254,(X) and then running a program to see if it crashes. My machine ran at every speed except at 5.32 Mhz without wait states. I have tested out every one of my programs using 5.32 Mhz with wait states and none of them

have crashed. I am also happy to report that Holmes has provided an option of hardware switch to disable or enable the slowdown of the clock during disk accesses. Since NEWDOS/80 will run successfully with no slowdown, I decided to order this option with the unit. By setting SYSTEM option BJ=3 and disabling slowdown, I can now run at three times normal speed all the time. It seems to speed up disk I/O considerably and is required to run eight-inch disk drives in double density.

Holmes also has an option of an on-board parallel printer port. This is for those who do not have an expansion interface. It is the same as the Centronics port on the expansion interface; however, the edge connector is different. It uses the same connector as the Model II does, so a Model II cable will work. Holmes will supply a cable for only \$19.50 versus \$39.95 for the Model II cable. It uses the same commands, LIST and LLIST, as the standard printer port and no initialization

commands are necessary as in the speed-up modification. Holmes also makes a 48K memory expansion board that plugs right into your keyboard.

After running all of my programs without a single glitch at triple speed, I can say without reservation that I highly recommend this product. The improvement in computing speed is fantastic! Graphics games in BASIC are greatly enhanced but sometimes delay loops will be needed to slow them down. All in all, I was very impressed with the quality of the hardware, the helpfulness of the staff, and (best of all) the performance of the product. Now, Holmes, how about that Model III converter board? ■

*Ed. note — The Sprinter II is available from Holmes Engineering, 3555 South 3200 West, Salt Lake City, UT 84119. The price is \$99.95. The optional Parallel Printer Port is \$24.50.*

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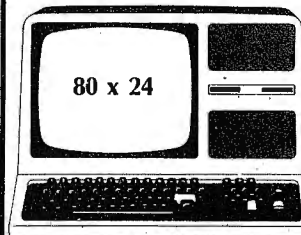
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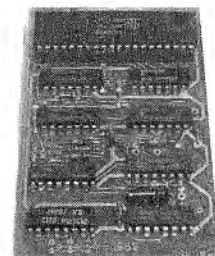
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# BASIC bits

## String packing rules and printer/video routing

Models I/III, PMC-80, LNW80

Thomas L. Quindry, Burke, VA

For the last two months, I have been explaining string packing techniques. Before we leave string packing you should be aware of the following key points:

1. String packing is not confined to graphics. You can pack machine language code to perform functions from within your BASIC program. Some uses include sound generation through the cassette port and small utilities. Use the VARPTR function to find the location of your string and use it to define the starting address for the USR function. For Level II BASIC, POKE 16526, PEEK (VARPTR (?) + 1); POKE 16527, PEEK (VARPTR (?) + 2). For disk BASIC, calculate the address = PEEK (VARPTR (?) + 1) + PEEK (VARPTR (?) + 2) \* 256 as we have done in previous columns. Then use the form, DEFUSR = nnnn where ? is the string variable name and nnnn is the computed address, respectively.

2. When using graphic characters which travel across the screen, you will need a null graphic character. That is, a graphic character the same size and shape as the one to be displayed but containing all spaces or ASCII character 128 (80H). When you want your character to move, you must make it disappear from its previous location by printing the null character in its current position. In the jumping men example given last month, this was not needed. A null character for the man would be thirty-one characters with all the graphic codes (the three-digit codes) replaced with 128. The other numbers, 26s and 24s would remain the same.

3. You cannot use an ASCII 0 (0H) or an ASCII 34 (22H) within the string function. The BASIC interpreter sees the 0 as the end of a BASIC statement and the 34 computes to the quote mark. If you need a register defined to zero use the assembly language command XOR A to set the A register to zero and then define the proper register, say C, to zero by a command LD C,A. The 34 is a little harder. Its main use is in the command LD (nnnn), HL. Instead do a PUSH HL, POP BC, LD (nnnn), BC. The hardest thing to keep away from is defining the address nnnn which may contain 0H or 22H in part of its code.

4. Never edit a line that has been string packed. Due to BASIC's way of displaying tokenized words with their ASCII equivalent in the input buffer, some of your packed code will be changed to ASCII characters when

you get out of the EDIT function. They will no longer be what you expect.

Another technique somewhat akin to string packing is to pack a remark statement. This makes it a little more difficult to locate the code for USR functions since the VARPTR function can't be used. And, of course, it can't be used for graphics in the sense that string functions can. One advantage is that the ASCII code 34 can be used within the packed code although the code 0 cannot.

The best way to use the remark statement to pack machine code is to define the first line of your program as a remark using the apostrophe (') form of remark statement. Again you must reserve space for your machine code to be packed using a form similar to that used for strings:

```
10 '123456789 1234567890
```

To locate your code use the start of BASIC pointer and add seven to it. The number seven derives from the way BASIC statement lines are represented in memory. The first two bytes at the start of BASIC gives the location of the next BASIC statement. This is followed by two bytes giving the current BASIC statement line number. Three more bytes are taken up by the coding for the (') type of remark statement signifier. Thus, in line 10 above, the digit 1 is at the start of BASIC + 7 bytes.

The start of BASIC pointer is located at address 16548 and 16549. As an example look at Listing 1. This program, which I call ZAP, sets up a machine language routine which whites out the screen. When alternately calling the defined USR function and CLS, the screen will flash on and off. This can be used in games to represent crashes or zaps when a wrong answer or move is entered by a game player.

Again, as in our example last month, the BASIC program statements needed to set up the packed code (lines 30 thru 80) are no longer needed and can be deleted from the program after the packed remark statement is set up by the first running of the program.

Listing 2 gives the assembly code used to white out the screen. One reason for listing this is to show how I avoided a potential problem with packing the code in my remark statement. If you recall rule three above, an



ASCII code 0 cannot be included within the packed code. The video screen starts at address 3C00H and ends at address 3FFFH. If you were putting this program in high memory rather than in a BASIC program statement, you would use the code:

```
LD HL,3C00H
```

```
LD DE,3C01H
```

instead of that given in lines 120 to 150. In defining HL, the ASCII equivalent is 21H, 00H, 3CH. As you can see, this would put an ASCII code 0 in our packed line of code. I got around this by using LD HL,3C01H, defining DE the same as HL by the PUSH and POP commands, then decrementing HL by one to make it equal to 3C00H. It accomplishes the same thing but avoids the deadly zero.

**Question:** I don't have a printer but want to use a program that has a large number of LPRINT statements in it. How can I keep the program from hanging up every time an LPRINT is reached without changing the program?

**Answer:** It's easy! If you want to disable the LPRINT statement do a POKE 16422,67: POKE 16423,0. On both the Model I and Model III computers, the address pointed to (0043H or 67 in decimal) contains the machine language code for RETURN. You just skip the LPRINT routine. As an alternative, do a POKE 16422, PEEK (16414): POKE 16423, PEEK (16415). This will route your LPRINTs to the video instead. A word of caution. The video location pointer is upset so it may not appear on the screen where you want it. Another way to route the lineprinter to the video would be to replace all of the values in the Device Control Block (DCB) for the LPRINT with the DCB for the video. That would be to POKE values from the consecutive addresses starting at 16421 through 16428 with the values in 16413 through 16420 respectively. This is not easy to restore to original values unless you memorize them.

Another trick is to route your PRINT statements to a lineprinter. This would be done by a POKE 16414, PEEK(16422): POKE 16415, PEEK(16423). Don't try this after routing the printer to the video as the proper value won't be at the memory address.

To restore to the proper vector values (for the LPRINT to go to the lineprinter again), POKE 16422,141: POKE 16423,5 for the Model I or POKE 16422,194: POKE 16423,3 for the Model III. The PRINT function is restored to the video by POKE 16414,88: POKE 16415,4 for the Model I and POKE 16414,115: POKE 16415,4 for the Model III.

Remember to send your questions and tips to me, in care of 80-U.S. Journal, 3838 South Warner Street, Tacoma, WA 98409. Send a self-addressed, stamped envelope and I'll try to give you a personal handwritten reply as long as the answer is not too long and involved.

Listing 1

```
10 '123456789 1234567
20 M= PEEK (16548) + PEEK (16549)*256+
```

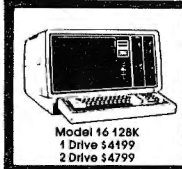
```
30 FOR N=0 TO 16
40 READ A
50 POKE M+N,A
60 NEXT
70 DATA 205, 127, 10, 125, 33, 1, 60, 229, 209, 43
80 DATA 119, 1, 255, 3, 237, 176, 201
90 POKE 16526, M- INT(M/256)*256: POKE 16527,
INT(M/256) 'DEFUSR=M FOR DISK BASIC
100 FOR N=1 TO 10
110 X=USR(191)
120 CLS
130 NEXT
```

Listing 2  
Assembly Code for White Out


```
100 CALL 0A7FH
110 LD A,L
120 LD HL,3C01H
130 PUSH HL
140 POP DE
150 DEC HL
160 LD (HL),A
170 LD BC,03FFH
180 LDIR
190 RET ■
```

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# @ News

## First and last — an informative farewell

### ESF Owners

Spencer Hall, Associate editor

Here is the first issue of *80-U.S. Journal* for 1983 and . . . yes . . . the last issue of @ News. Dry your tears, friends, and I'll tell you why. The wise old men in the executive suite at *80-U.S.* (who may edit this all out anyway) have decided that, based on a statistical analysis of the incoming mail, two pages every month is just too much space to devote to a minority. This is partly a gut feeling, because nobody really knows how many active ESF users there are . . . or how many disk, tape or Models I, II and III owners there are either.

Rest assured that by no means will *80-U.S.* turn its back on ESF owners. The editors are committed to affirmative action! They promise to treat all minorities fairly. From time to time there will be articles concerning ESF. There is one in the works right now which contains a badly needed utility. Watch for it soon.

New Year's Day is a good time to confess sins and resolve to right wrongs. My sin has been the shabby way I have treated all the people who have written me letters of appreciation for my modest and often faulted efforts. Your patience has been long and this week it will be rewarded, I promise.

I'll devote most of this column to some candid and possibly valuable observations about Exatron Corporation. First I'll respond to the most common complaint in letters. "Why don't they get their act together?" Well folks, it just isn't an act. They're like that down there. I've seen several packets of info for new owners. Every one was

different. All were crammed with valuable information, not the least of which is their toll-free hot line (1-800-538-8559). These packets are collated, apparently with the use of a random number generator, so as to make reference to them very difficult if you haven't sorted the stuff into categories. Many queries have come to me which could have been answered from this packet. More could have been cleared up by a free call to Sunnyvale.

Be advised: Hardware question? Ask for Jim Howell or "a technical person" on whatever equipment is bugging you. Software questions? Ask for Bill Burnham who knows nearly everything. If you manage to stump him, which isn't easy, he'll know whom to contact for the answer.

Actually, Exatron wears two faces these days. There is the old Exatron, an extension of Bob Howell, Sr.'s personality. It loves computers and programming and those who share this love. It supports the Owners Association, occasionally forgets to answer mail, always answers the Hot Line with generous assistance, and likes nothing better than to offer new and sophisticated utilities to run on its products.

The other face is a tough-minded business management which is trying, with remarkable success, to get ESF into other computers as OEM (that's jargon for "part of the package you buy") equipment. Financially, they've done wonders for what was frankly, until they arrived, one of the largest "cottage" operations in the personal computer field. This group is cool to the whole ESFOA concept and has forced

some tough policy changes on the old guard. Give them credit, however, for upgrading the ESF and lowering its price . . . also for the recent improvement in wafer quality.

Incidentally, the most negative letter I ever received was from Robert H. Rheinlander of Clinton, PA. It was only a copy. The original went directly to Exatron. He blames me for "suckering" him into buying a drive 1 at \$199.50 just weeks before the price was dropped to \$99.50!

That hurt me, too. However, rest assured that neither I nor, I suspect, anyone at Exatron knew that price break was coming until hours before the decision was reached. The economies of scale resulting from OEM contracts made it possible. And that's what we have to expect in the squashy electronics business! I'm printing this article on my "bargain" Okidata Microline-80, without lowercase descenders yet, which cost me only \$659. Have you checked the ads lately?

Like Mr. Rheinlander, I find that files @SAVED on the old style drive often won't @LOAD on the newer one. This happens even though speeds of the two are within 2% of each other. Then again, they occasionally will load. I've marked most of my wafers with the drive they were made on. It's not too bad a deal.

As for the speed-up kit that was taken off the market, I mourn it too. It was a peach! Several of my friends have tried to get one but no soap! I suspect that the gung ho side of Exatron management wants to push the 64K in-keyboard upgrade

with its built in speed-up. Unfortunately, not only is this piece of equipment expensive (\$199.95), but to use it effectively in the absence of available software requires a degree of knowledge that most of us don't have. How about a write-in campaign folks?

I'll conclude this farewell column by calling your attention to a number of Exatron programs that are worth buying an ESF just to have available. They are all available from Exatron Corporation.

**ESF MONITOR:** One of the best monitors around for the money. With it you can copy machine language programs from tape to wafer, or from wafer to tape. You can print screen panels or hard copy panels of machine language programs in hexadecimal, write programs in hexadecimal, debug them with break points, etc.

**WHAT'S ON IT:** Displays all files on a wafer, stating whether they are BASIC, machine language or data

files, showing the byte count of each and the ASCII values of the first few bytes.

**COPY CAT:** Copies an entire wafer (programs only) automatically with one command.

**LOWERCASE DRIVER:** Occupies 345 bytes of high memory vs. Tandy's 1024 but does the same thing.

**@FREEZE:** Allows you to "can" a program when you need sleep and go back to the exact spot where you knocked off yesterday. Program, pointers, stack, CPU registers and variables are all just where they were.

**EASY DOES IT:** The best string packer around. Make picture strings for use in your programs, using either pixels, graphics blocks or keyboard characters in any combination. Save screen panels (for instructions, etc.) as though they were programs, work in normal or large character modes, create boxes and circles automatically, etc.

**PATCHWORD** for tape Scripsit:

Store and load files to wafer (tape was never like this!).

**EDTASM patch:** Store source and object code to wafer or tape and get a lowercase driver built in.

**ESOS (ESF Operating System):** Builds directories, loads and stores programs by filename, and contains several utilities commonly available in the various DOSs.

Next month I'll begin a new series, tentatively titled "In the Chips." 80-U.S. wants someone who can talk to beginners at their own level about operating systems, machine code, high and low bits, DE and BC registers without scaring the HL out of them or putting them to sleep. They figured I was just simple enough to pull it off. Some compliment! ■

*We have recently been told that Exatron has been most generous in helping Mr. Rheinlander solve the problems noted. —Ed.*

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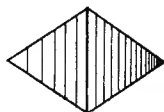
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# Exploring VisiCalc

## Three dimensional modeling with VIZ.A.CON

Models I/II/III, PMC-80, LNW80

Timothy K. Bowman, Spokane, WA

Have you ever thought of how you might use VisiCalc<sup>1</sup> in three-dimensional modeling? Let's consider several examples. You want to prepare sales projections for three departments and then combine the results into a company total. Or payroll information is reported weekly and then summarized into monthly reports and then into yearly reports. Or you are analyzing the potential effects of a merger on four companies each of which has different tax impacts of the proposed merger. Each of these situations, and more, are easily completed using your VisiCalc program and a recently introduced product called VIZ.A.CON to produce these three-dimensional results.

### How it works

In order to explain how the VIZ.A.CON program works, let's consider combining three departments' sales projections into one total company projection. Using VisiCalc, perform the following three steps. First, create and save an original model with all column and row headings but without any data entries or formulas. Second, using a copy of the original model, create the company level model again without any formulas or data entries. Save this model in both the Data Interchange Format DIF<sup>2</sup> and the standard VisiCalc (VC) format. Third, using the original model, create each of the departmental models with the appropriate data and formulas. Again, each of these should be saved using the DIF and VC formats.

Load VIZ.A.CON and answer the prompts. VIZ.A.CON will automatically use the previously created DIF files in the consolidation

process. You can then print out the consolidated results with either VIZ.A.CON or VisiCalc (much faster). If you don't like the consolidated results change one or more of the department models and rerun the consolidation process. It's literally that easy.

### VIZ.A.CON features

Several of the key VIZ.A.CON features are worth special note. It allows the user to save the consolidation process so that it is not necessary to reenter those steps. This feature is especially important if the consolidation process includes many sub-consolidations. Also, these consolidation processes can be saved and combined later to build a higher level consolidation. You can have up to fifty files consolidated in one process! The order of consolidation is not dependent on the order in which files were created in VisiCalc. VisiCalc precision is maintained throughout the processing and output and you can recall a saved consolidation process to provide updated results. In the example we used above, you might save the consolidation process for combining the three departments and use it to run monthly, quarterly or annual updates. Also, you can save the consolidation results in ASCII format so that they can be loaded into a word-processing program and be further edited or combined with other text material.

VIZ.A.CON comes on a diskette (that can be backed up) along with a forty-three-page notebook. My evaluation version was printed on a LPVI, but current versions are being printed using a daisywheel printer. The documentation is straight forward, easy to understand, and includes three sample sessions. I

would recommend that the first-time user simply browse through the manual and then run the program using the sample sessions. The consolidation process is actually easier to understand once you have run it, as compared to just reading about it in the manual.

The program handles filename syntax and input/output errors and the error messages are adequately explained in the manual. There is also an appendix in the manual which gives several helpful hints that allow the program to run faster or obtain better disk utilization.

For the serious user of VisiCalc, this is an important product. It makes good use of DIF, runs fast, and opens many new possibilities for the use of VisiCalc. The program requires 48K and one disk drive. Two drives make it easier to use and allow for a greater number of files to be stored. I recommend it and believe that it will make decision-making easier. After all, isn't that our objective?

For further information, contact Abacus Associates, 6565 West Loop South, Suite 240, Bellaire, Texas 77401, phone number (713) 666-8146. The Model I and III versions (specify which DOS) sell for \$89.95 and the Model II/16 version sells for \$119.95. Add \$3.95 shipping for any version.

Has anyone been able to adapt the enhanced version of VisiCalc for the Model III to run on the Model I? If you have been able to adapt it or have any other question, write me in care of *80-U.S. Journal*, 3838 South Warner Street, Tacoma, WA 98409. Please include a SASE.

<sup>1</sup> *VisiCalc* is a registered trademark of *VisiCorp*.

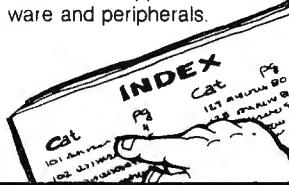
<sup>2</sup> *DIF* is a registered trademark of *Software Arts, Inc.* ■

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# Basically BASIC

## Using string functions

James A. Conrad, Seattle, WA

Last month we discussed the TRS-80 string functions. Now we will play with some of them to analyze and manipulate strings.

### Concatenation

Concatenation (pronounced kon-kat-e-NAY-shon) is a fancy word which means a combination, joining, linking or chaining. We concatenate (link) strings. To do this we use the concatenation operator, the "+" sign. When it works on strings it joins them; it doesn't perform numeric addition.

We can concatenate strings from string variables or characters enclosed in quotes, for example:

```
10 FI$ = "DIANA"  
20 LA$ = "JONES"  
30 NA$ = FI$ + ", " + LA$  
40 PRINT NA$
```

Line 30 of this little program concatenates "JONES" in variable FI\$, a string in quotes consisting of a comma and a space, and "DIANA" in variable LA\$. It assigns the manufactured string to variable NA\$. Line 40 prints it as JONES, DIANA.

### What's in a name?

Let's assume we have a name stored in variable NA\$; in a mailing list, for example. (In an actual program we would probably have a series of names stored in an array, e.g. NA\$(1), NA\$(2), etc.) We want to separate the first and last names into the variables FI\$ (first name) and LA\$ (last name).

Here's a routine to get the first name:

```
10 NA$ = "JOHN FITZGERALD COSGROVE"  
100 REM Routine to get FI$  
110 FOR X=1 TO LEN(NA$)  
120 IF MID$(NA$,X,1) = "  
    THEN FI$ = LEFT$(NA$,X-1)
```

```
    : X = LEN(NA$)
```

```
130 NEXT X
```

```
140 PRINT FI$
```

How does it work? Lines 110 and 130 set up a FOR...NEXT loop which will sequentially examine each character of NA\$. Line 120 is the "do" portion of the loop. It uses the MID\$ function to test each character one at a time (the last "1" in the argument) for a space (" ") in NA\$. When the space is found we have the first name.

Let's step through the loop and see what happens. On the first pass the index variable (counter), X, equals 1. The IF portion of line 120 looks at the first character, MID\$(NA\$,1,1), which is a "J." It's not a space so X is set to 2 for the second pass, and the second character, "O," is tested. On the fifth pass X=5, and the MID\$ function finds the space it's looking for. Because the 5th (Xth) character is the space, we know that the first name is X-1 characters long. The THEN portion executes and assigns the left X-1 (4) characters of NA\$ ("JOHN") to variable FI\$.

The next part of the THEN portion, X = LEN(NA\$), advances the counter to its final value (the number of characters in NA\$) to end the loop. (Simply jumping out of the loop e.g., GOTO 140, is a bad programming practice.)

Now let's find the last name. We'll use a different technique:

```
200 REM Routine to get LA$  
210 FOR X=1 TO LEN(NA$)  
220 X$ = RIGHT$(NA$,X)  
230 IF LEFT$(X$,1) = "  
    THEN LA$ = RIGHT$(NA$,X-1)  
    : X = LEN(NA$)  
240 NEXT X  
250 PRINT LA$
```

Here line 220 sets up variable X\$ as a test string,

sequentially assigning it the right-side characters of NA\$. Line 230 tests the left character of X\$ for a space. When it finds it, the THEN portion executes and assigns LA\$ the right X-1 characters of NA\$. (We could just as well have used RIGHT\$(X\$,X-1), the right X-1 characters of X\$.) Again we end the loop by setting our counter, X, to the length of NA\$ — its final value in the loop.

### Chopping and padding

Suppose we have a field sixteen characters wide for a name. We want to change the string so it has exactly sixteen characters. How do we do it? Let's try it first with a long name, then with a short one:

```
10 NA$ = "KORZENIOWSKI, STANISLOV" (twenty-three chrs.)
```

```
10 NA$ = "DOE, JANE" (nine chrs.)
```

We'll assign the result to variable X\$. The long name is easy — just use the LEFT\$ function to chop it down to sixteen characters:

```
100 REM Routine to make sixteen character string
```

```
110 X$ = LEFT$(NA$, 16)
```

And we'll print the string from line 130 and print its length from line 140:

```
130 PRINT X$
```

```
140 PRINT "LENGTH OF X$ IS "; LEN(X$)
```

Fine for Stan. We've chopped him down to size. Now what about Jane? When we run her name through the routine we find that it is still nine characters long. So we have to pad X\$ with spaces to get the sixteen characters we want in the string. Insert line 120 to do this:

```
120 X$ = X$ + STRING$(16 - LEN(X$), " ")
```

Now the program works for any size name. Line 120 does several things:

1. Assigns a new value into variable X\$ (the X\$ on the left of the equal sign) consisting of:

2. The old value of X\$ (which has a maximum length of sixteen characters — longer names having been chopped by line 110).

3. Plus (concatenated by the "+" concatenation operator):

4. A string of spaces whose length is sixteen characters minus the length of old X\$ — built with the STRING\$ function:

- a. The first part of its argument is the number of characters it creates. We make this 16 - LEN(X\$). Jane's name has nine characters — it adds seven. Stan's has already been chopped to sixteen, so it doesn't add any.

- b. The second part of the STRING\$ argument is the character we want to use — in this case a space (" ").

We've created a string of spaces and concatenated it to the old X\$ to make our new X\$ exactly sixteen characters long.

### Experiment

Here's one to try on your own. Give Jane and Stan middle names. Put their first names first in NA\$ (e.g. "JANE CAROL DOE"). Now write a routine that puts into a twenty-character field: last name, comma, first initial, period, middle initial, period. The result for Jane's name should be: "DOE, J.C." followed by ten spaces.

### Programming tips

1. The STRING\$ function provides a handy way to make output attractive with lines of the same character, such as "\*", "-", or "=" You can even make lines of graphics blocks by including the graphics code of the character you want as the second part of the STRING\$ argument. For example, STRING\$(20, 191) produces a twenty-character solid line.

2. If you're going to be printing a STRING\$ line more than once, assign it to a variable early in your program. You can print it whenever you want just by printing the variable.

3. Use the LEFT\$ function in input checking routines to allow yes/no inputs of either the first letter or the entire word, e.g.:

```
120 INPUT "ANSWER 'YES' OR 'NO' "; R$
```

```
130 IF LEFT$(R$,1) = "Y" THEN ...
```

4. The CHR\$ function is handy for printing graphics blocks (codes 128 - 191). Here's a little program that shows all of them:

```
10 REM Print graphics blocks
```

```
20 PRINT "CODE", "CHARACTER"
```

```
30 FOR X=128 TO 191
```

```
40 PRINT X, CHR$(X)
```

```
50 NEXT X
```

This program could also print ASCII characters by using X=32 TO 127 in line 30.

5. You can't normally print a quotation mark by using a PRINT statement (the statement reads it as a string enclosure mark). But if you have a burning desire to print them, try: PRINT CHR\$(34).

5. Your manual contains a lot of information on many of the fine points of string functions. Study it when you wonder if a function can do something or why it does it differently than you thought it would.

String functions are especially useful in writing input checking and output formatting routines — areas where many programs are weak. A few hours invested in studying string functions will pay dividends in creating user-friendly programs. That's BASIC. ■

# Proctor products

## A case history

T. R. Dettmann, Associate editor

We are going to look at one typical business, a metal fabricating operation, which has been using the TRS-80 almost since its introduction. We'll take a look at how the system has been used and how it evolved from a few small programs to a major system involving job costing, accounting and even engineering functions.

The company we're going to look at is Proctor Products of Kirkland, Washington. The history of this company's TRS-80 is typical of many.

Our story begins with the owner, Maury Proctor. While looking into computers for his business, Maury came across the TRS-80 Model I when it was still new on the market. He had seen some larger systems and was duly impressed, but the TRS-80 seemed to provide power at a price he could afford.

Recognizing the system as more than a toy, he got a full system with two disk drives, 48K of memory, and a Line Printer I. After putting it in his shop, he started looking for software. Among the first packages he bought was an inventory program.

The next major package he wanted was a job costing system. At that time, there really weren't any to run on the TRS-80, so he began looking for a programmer. There weren't many programmers around either so he eventually wound up with a programmer who didn't own a TRS-80. He was assured that it didn't make any difference and so he was off.

There's no need to guess what happened. As the months went by, Maury became more and more upset because his system wasn't doing job costing. Oh, there was a program alright, but the programmer could never quite get it to work. After nearly nine months of effort, Maury paid off the programmer and started looking again.

This time, Maury asked for recommendations from the man who sold him the computer. A short time later he got in touch with another programmer, the program was finished and Proctor Products was happy once again.

It was also another learning period for him. In searching for packages to meet his needs, he often looked at software and found it seriously lacking. One program couldn't print reports he needed. None of the programs would talk to the others. Some were poorly documented and none were really satisfactory.

During the time we're talking about, Radio Shack discovered that the Model I had disk problems unless they modified the expansion interface and put in a special cable from keyboard to interface. Sure, you guessed it, Maury had the problems. Programs wouldn't run, disks would get ruined; it was enough to upset a saint.

One modification wasn't enough, there was a second modification to augment the first. Maury had that done and still had problems. He installed a dedicated power

line for the computer, a SOLA transformer for regulated power, and a power strip to further regulate it. Even with all this, he had problems.

Proctor Products emerged as a testing ground without peer for the TRS-80. They started replacing components in an effort to fix the system. It would work for a while, then break down. Frustrated is a mild word for how Maury felt. Eventually, he wound up with a completely new system before it worked again without problems.

Just at the time Maury felt pressed by the capability of the system, Radio Shack introduced the Model II computer. With a lot of soul searching, Maury thought about whether he should upgrade. With the software he had acquired he knew that he could put together a good system to sell, so he decided to become a dealer for the Tandy II computer (that's a Model II of a different name and color).

After over a year of development and testing, Maury now put together a viable job costing system for his plant. During a year of daily use, he has pushed for refinements, better displays, more friendly prompting, and greater integration.

Problems solved? Not really. As with the Model I, the Model II had software problems. After trying two payables systems, he finally found one he could accept. But only after extensive modification. After looking at general ledgers, he settled on one only to find it wasn't compatible with TRSDOS 2.0 when he upgraded the operating system.

Maury has had his hardware problems too. A disk unit went bad and required a new part. When it went, it took a disk with it. This didn't show up until that bad disk was backed up over and over again and all the data disks were bad.

Still, through it all, Maury hasn't complained. He's convinced that his system has saved him time and money in spite of the effort and frustration. He continues to look for new software to expand his capability.

New ideas for additions to the job costing system continue to come out of his fertile mind and extensive experience in metal fabricating and construction.

Maury has completed an estimating program on VisiCalc that will price construction jobs with only a few entries. His estimators are overjoyed.

I'm sure that Proctor Products will go on. Despite all the problems and frustrations, Maury has realized that he has come a long way down the road and that it has been well worth it. ■

---

*In the past few years, things have been going smoothly and some of the software for job costing, accounting and other functions are now for sale. Contact Mr. Maury Proctor, Proctor Products, Box F, Kirkland, WA 98033 for more details. —Ed.*



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# Speller

Have your Color  
Computer talk  
to non-readers

Color Computer

Charles Hohn, Lowry AFB, CO



I originally bought my Color Computer with one purpose in mind, to educate my six-year-old son. Unfortunately, his reading and spelling abilities are limited. So, the first goal became a program to improve my son's reading and spelling skills.

SPELLER was developed to satisfy this goal. This is a simple program that will "tell" you what to do, and waits for you to do it. It even gives you a second chance! And since it is written in Color BASIC, it will run on any TRS-80 Color Computer.

This program is designed to "talk" to non-readers. But with a little imagination, it could be used to quiz anyone on definitions, terms, or equations. With the CLOAD command at the end of the program you can link a group of programs on one tape. This will allow you to load the program into the computer, leave the play button down on the cassette player, and let a child run the program.

Type the program in and insure there are no bugs before saving it on tape and making the audio recordings. Once debugged, you're ready to CSAVE. I suggest you use a sixty-minute tape to allow the linking of a number of programs.

After CSAVEing, leave the play and record buttons on. At this point, disconnect the EAR and AUX jacks from the tape recorder. This will leave only the MIC (remote) jack plugged in (it's the small gray one). The audio recordings will be made using the built-in microphone of the recorder. However, I found a much higher quality recording can be made by using another microphone. Radio Shack's Tie Clip Mike (Cat. 33-1058) works great.

RUN the program. When the cassette motor comes on, give the instruction (spell 'house'). The motor will stop and the computer waits for input. Press ENTER, and the motor will come on again. This is the second chance. Repeat the same instruction, or add to it (try again, spell 'house'). The motor will stop and the computer waits for input. Press ENTER and the correct spelling and score are displayed. After a few seconds, the routine starts over with the next word. Repeat this procedure until all words in the DATA lines (lines 50 and 60) have been recorded on tape.

At the end of the program, the computer asks if you would like to play again. If you enter "Y" the computer will CLOAD, but there is nothing to CLOAD. So instead, enter "N" and change the words in the DATA lines. If more than ten words are used, change the value of X in line 70. If you like, you can increase the count in lines 120, 230 and 290. This will give you more time for your instructions. *Note:* The count in line 230 *must* match the count in line 290. This allows the computer to skip over the second-chance audio recording when the first answer is correct.

Once all changes have been made, CSAVE, RUN, and make the audio recordings as before.

Whether you're trying to study a foreign language, learn equations, or teach your children, I believe you'll find this program very useful.

For Extended BASIC users, here are possible enhancements. Between lines 110 and 120, DRAW and box a PAINT it. In the instruction, ask the shape or color. You could also use the CIRCLE command. This could make the program usable by very young children.

**Program Listing for  
SPELLER**

```

10 'SPELLER
20 'WRITTEN BY C. HOHN
30 'LOT D-71 LMHP
40 'LOWRY AFB, CO. 80230
50 DATA HOUSE, JUMP, PHONE, SCHOOL, BOOKS
60 DATA COMPUTER, LIST, ENTER, EXIT, CRAWL
70 X=10
80 CLS: PRINT @ 44,"SPELLER"
90 IF P=X THEN 430
100 READ A$
110 MOTOR ON: AUDIO ON
120 FOR Z=1 TO 4000: NEXT
130 MOTOR OFF: AUDIO OFF
140 P=P+1
150 INPUT "SPELL ";B$
160 IF B$=A$ THEN GOTO 170 ELSE GOTO 270
170 IF B$=A$ THEN C=C+1
180 PRINT "THAT IS "C" OUT OF "P" CORRECT"
190 IF C=X THEN GOTO 370
    
```

```

200 'CORRECT ANSWER
210 SOUND 200,5
220 MOTOR ON
230 FOR Z=1 TO 5000:NEXT
240 MOTOR OFF
250 IF P=X THEN GOTO 420
260 GOTO 80
270 '2ND CHANCE
280 MOTOR ON: AUDIO ON
290 FOR Z=1 TO 5000:NEXT
300 MOTOR OFF: AUDIO OFF
310 INPUT "SPELL ";B$
320 IF B$=A$ THEN SOUND 200,4 ELSE SOUND 2,5
330 IF B$=A$ THEN GOTO 350
340 PRINT "THE CORRECT SPELLING IS.."A$
350 IF B$=A$ THEN C=C+1
360 PRINT: PRINT "THAT IS "C" OUT OF "P" CORRECT"
370 IF C=X THEN 380 ELSE 400
380 FOR D=1 TO 200 STEP 5
390 SOUND D,2: NEXT D
400 FOR Z=1 TO 3000: NEXT
410 IF P=X THEN GOTO 430
420 GOTO 80
430 PRINT: PRINT: INPUT "DO YOU WANT TO PLAY AGAIN
(Y/N)";Y$
440 IF Y$="N" THEN END
450 CLS: PRINT @ 430,"TYPE 'RUN'"
460 CLOAD ■
    
```

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# Baudot with your computer

## An evaluation of Richcraft Engineering Ltd.'s teletype program

Models I/III, PMC-80, LNW80

Dr. Richard D. Jameison, Washington, D.C.

*Advanced Baudot Radio Teletype for the TRS-80 Model I and III, Volume 5 — Disassembled Handbook for TRS-80* is a fascinating book. It is aimed at both the newcomer and experienced assembly-language programmer who wish to utilize their TRS-80 in the fascinating field of amateur radio Baudot teletype.

What is this newcomer and experienced programmer nonsense? Why quite simply, chapters one to five are for the TRS-80 user who need only know where the on-off switch is located and who is able to answer a BASIC loader-program's questions. Questions such as, call sign, name and address, what type of transmitter and receiver they are using, type of antenna, ARRL section, and two user's-choice optional messages.

The BASIC loader-program POKES this data in memory and then prompts the user to return to DOS where the program is permanently stashed away, one time only, as a /CMD disk file. The loading routine does not have to be repeated unless you wish to change the contents of one, or more, of the permanent messages. There are 26 prepared messages the user may select.

Chapters six to ten are for the experienced assembly-language programmer and cover the entire 11000-byte object-code program, the source code (with comments),

expanded program commentary, and the Morse code identification subroutine's object and source code. It also includes a unique way of concatenating those programs whose length is too great for EDTASM to assemble together in the 48K available. Actually, the longest source-code program that EDTASM is capable of assembling at one time is equal to an object-code program of approximately 9000 bytes.

Advanced features of the program include:

- Type-ahead during *both* transmit and receive at speeds of 60, 66, 75 and 100 words per minute.
- Full editing of type-ahead if desired.
- Automatic storage in high memory of the incoming message.
- Editing of this message.
- Retransmission of the message if desired.
- No RS-232 interface is required. Parallel to serial and vice-versa data conversion is possible.
- Optional input of three messages from the keyboard.

This book is Volume 5 of Richcraft's series, *The Disassembled Handbook for TRS-80*. It is also available in German, French and Japanese. This is a big book in spite of its 258 pages. It is printed on heavy standard size paper and bound so that it lies flat when opened. This is a decided convenience.

Personalizing the program takes only about ten minutes *if* you have ordered the disk along with the book. The disk includes both the BASIC loader program and the 11000-byte BAUDOT/CMD object code program.

### Operation

It is as straightforward and simple as first-class, top-down programming can afford. From DOS, the user types in BAUDOT and he is then off and running. The video display is cleared and reads: TRANSMIT MODE — 60 SPEED, HI-MEM BYTES REMAINING = 25535. The clear key is the transmit-receive switch. Downarrow puts the transmit program in the type-ahead mode and displays an \*. At 60 speed, type-ahead is a most useful feature as even relatively slow typists can go faster than that. It never misses a character.

The program is *always* in the type-ahead mode during receive mode. You can type-ahead in transmit mode while the type-ahead input from the receive mode is being transmitted.

Pressing shift and the uparrow displays the following menu:

```
CQ = A
CLEAR/EDIT TYPE-AHEAD
=CLR/C
QRZ =E
OPERATOR CHOICE =G
```

QRX = I  
 CQ I.D. FOLLOWS > K  
 QSY UP = M  
 SECTION = O  
 PROGRAM HERE = Q  
 RYRYRY = S  
 HANDLE = U  
 INPUT MESSAGE = X & Y  
 CLEAR/EDIT HI-MEM = 3 & 4/5  
 QTH = B  
 XMIT TYPE-AHEAD = D  
 73 = F  
 OPERATOR CHOICE = H  
 QRM = J  
 QSY = L  
 QSY DOWN = N  
 TRS-80 = P  
 RIG HERE = R  
 QUICK BROWN = T  
 CALL LETTERS? = V & W  
 INPUT MESSAGE = 1 & 2  
 XMIT HI-MEM MESG = 6  
 ENTER PREPARED MESSAGE  
 DESIRED?

Most of the prepared messages are obvious to amateur radio operators. The operator's choice, (G or H), are whatever was input by the user with the BASIC loader program. The three input message options (V/W, X/Y and 1/2) allow the user to input a message with the first letter (V, X or 1) and to transmit by pressing W, Y or 2. Normally V is used to input the call letters and handle of the station being worked, and W to transmit this message. Pressing K automatically sends the I.D.

message, plus DE your call letters in fifteen-word per minute Morse code. This satisfies the FCC requirement that each teletype station identify itself once every ten minutes in Morse.

The CLEAR/EDIT HI-MEM function allows the operator to edit the received message, or to input and edit a HI-MEM message. Edit commands are just like those in Electric Pencil. Pressing 3 clears HI-MEM, 4 gives edit instructions, and 5 goes directly to the edit mode. The HI-MEM message is transmitted by pressing the numeral 6. Upon returning to the transmit mode (and each time from RECEIVE MODE), the program automatically advises the number of HI-MEM bytes remaining on the video display.

#### Model I and Model III Compatibility

This program includes its own object code keyboard decoding routines. As such, program operation is identical for both the Model I and Model III TRS-80. The only major difference between the Model I and Model III are the ROM CALLs. CALLs to 28A7H in the Model I are now CALL 021BH in the Model III with 03 delimiter.

Richcraft has intentionally *not* used memory locations 20936 through 28999 to allow for future growth. Options currently planned for this area in memory include

automatic, unattended MSO (message storage operation) and remote tuning and/or control of the ICOM series of transceivers, including the models 730 (HF bands), 551 (6 meter band), 251A (2 meter band), and 451 (3/4 meter band).

You must have a Model I or Model III with 48K memory, a port zero encoder/decoder such as the Telesis VAR/80, and a teletype terminal such as the Flesher TU-170. Obviously, an amateur receiver and transmitter is also required. If 425 and/or 850 cycle frequency shift keying is desired, HAL Communications terminal units are recommended.

This is an excellent book and program. For the time being it is not available in 16K, though Richcraft is considering a version for release next year. This cassette version, if it comes to pass, will be produced by Richcraft's West German licensee, 'The Ingenieurburo fur Datentechnik' in Leverkusen, F.R.G., who now translate and publish the German language editions of Volumes one through five of *The Disassembled Handbook for TRS-80*. ■

*Ed. note: The handbook is available from Richcraft Engineering, Ltd., Drawer 1065, Chataugua, NY 14722, for \$20 or \$49 with disk postpaid.*

## TRS-80 Models I & III

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# Microcomputers in church

## How the TRS-80 has proven useful

Dr. Edward Simpson, Columbia, MD

A free computer? Most folks would jump at the chance to have free use of a microcomputer, but when one of my church members needed a place to set up his TRS-80 Model I, Level II complete with printer and two drives — I wasn't so sure. More than one business has drowned in a sea of gadgets, and churches are not immune to such asphyxiation. Computers were fine for big churches but small churches (i.e., 150 members) like ours would waste more time with the machine than it would save. A year and six boxes of minidisks later I wonder how I ever managed to get along without it.

Initially we began converting our stencil mailing system to the TRS-80. Updates with the old system required at least five minutes for a secretary to find the old stencil plate, type a corrected stencil, ink the new

stencil and refile it. Radio Shack's Business Mailing List allows us to easily manage the 1200 names in our files with changes taking a minute or less once the data is on line.

We use both the compressed (900 names) and expanded (660 names) formats, compressed for people only on the mailing list and expanded for folks we keep additional information on. The expanded format allows us to set up eight different categorical groups along with giving us space for remarks. Our categories breakdown our data by member, college student, bus rider, nursery worker, mailing list, Missionary, Phoster Club and Sunday School worker. These categories allow us to send out mailings or get listings of any one or group of categories in our files. Recently a third disk drive was added to our system enabling us to have 1800 names in the compressed files and 1320 in the expanded.

Our mailing ministry has also made use of Tandy's Profile program. Typing 12000 to 15000 addresses into the computer for a resident mailing list for our city seemed insurmountable. The member who made the system available to the church, and later donated it to us, wrote a program to interact with Profile allowing us to put the entire city's resident mailing data on two disks along with simplifying the input of the information. The street name is input once followed by the house numbers, and apartment numbers. A mailing label addressed "Resident" will be produced for each house or apartment building number and for each individual apartment. Mailing labels can be produced for a single street, for all apartments, for all streets, or for the entire list.

The mailing program has also seen use in producing attendance record sheets for our Sunday School classes. A minor modification has the program printing the listing of class members with "blocks" to be checked indicating attendance. An in-house program has developed allowing each class's attendance to be kept in the computer. This program would also give hard copy of the absentees by the number of weeks missed.

Profile has also been modified to help us keep track of the home visits we make and of the return calls on prospective members. Our church's Bible Institute keeps its records on Profile, allowing a student's transcript to be produced in a minute.

Two other of Radio Shack's programs have proven useful in the work of our church. General Ledger I

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### Editor / Assembler CO-RES9

CO-RES9 is a Co-resident Editor/Assembler that will allow you to create, edit and assemble machine language programs for the color computer. It will quickly and efficiently convert assembly language programs into machine code files. It will output machine object code to either cassette tape in a CLOADM compatible format or directly to memory for direct execution.

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We will eventually be getting a faster letter-quality printer along with adding lowercase to our keyboard. Those additions will see the system's utility increasing greatly in the word processing areas. Remote terminals may be added later allowing the church's Treasurer and Financial Secretary to input data from their homes over the telephone lines rather than having to come to the church office.

Thousands of dollars can be invested by churches in separate typewriters, VariTypers, addressing machines and other office equipment. It makes good sense to buy one computer system that will fulfill all of these requirements with greater flexibility as well as providing additional applications and expandibility.



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# Microstrokes

Continued from page 30

```
210 TS=TS+2
220 TP=65536: K=(TP+CC)/256: MS=INT(K):
LS=(TP+CC)-MS*256
230 POKE TS,LS: POKE TS+1,MS
240 IF IN<>CO GOTO 160
241 CLS
250 POKE IM,1: POKE SC,0: POKE SW,0: ' SET UP IMAGE 1
WITH SCALE SIZE 0 AND SW SET TO DISPLAY
260 POKE Y,20
270 X1=65:Y1=20
280 POKE X,65
290 '
300 A=USR1(0)
310 A$=INKEY$:IF A$="" GOTO 310
320 POKE 16444,0: POKE 16440,0: POKE 16438,0
330 POKE 16442,0: POKE 16443,0
340 TG=0
350 GOSUB 410: 'TOGGLE $W TO ACHEIVE SET RESET
EFFECT OF IMAGE
360 POKE X,X1: A=USR1(0)
370 TG=0: POKE SW,TG
380 GOSUB 740
390 GOTO 290
400 END
410 TG=(NOT TG): TG=TG*-1: POKE SW,TG: RETURN:
'TOGGLE SW ON AND OFF
420 READ BB
430 IF BB=-1 RETURN
440 POKE X,BB
450 X=X+1
460 GOTO 420
470 DATA 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 41, 33, 0, 240
480 DATA 126, 50, 3, 240, 35, 126, 50, 4, 240, 42, 5, 240,
41, 229, 193
490 DATA 33, 246, 240, 183, 237, 74, 94, 35, 86, 213, 225,
26, 183, 202, 220
500 DATA 240, 229, 205, 103, 240, 225, 229, 205, 61, 240,
195, 74, 240, 195, 41
510 DATA 240, 237, 91, 3, 240, 126, 203, 7, 210, 162, 240,
195, 192, 240, 229
520 DATA 237, 91, 7, 240, 42, 9, 240, 223, 40, 9, 33, 9, 240,
52, 225
530 DATA 43, 195, 41, 240, 33, 9, 240, 54, 0, 225, 195, 41,
240, 230, 15
540 DATA 203, 71, 194, 126, 240, 203, 79, 194, 135, 240,
203, 87, 194, 144, 240
550 DATA 203, 95, 194, 153, 240, 201, 33, 4, 240, 53, 203,
135, 195, 103, 240
560 DATA 33, 4, 240, 52, 203, 143, 195, 103, 240, 33, 3,
240, 53, 203, 151
570 DATA 195, 103, 240, 33, 3, 240, 52, 203, 159, 195,
103, 240, 58, 2, 240
580 DATA 183, 194, 192, 240, 205, 223, 240, 33, 215, 240,
229, 62, 128, 245, 58
590 DATA 3, 240, 245, 58, 4, 240, 33, 11, 240, 195, 80, 1,
205, 223, 240
600 DATA 33, 215, 240, 229, 62, 1, 245, 58, 3, 240, 245, 58,
4, 240, 33
610 DATA 11, 240, 195, 80, 1, 209, 225, 35, 213, 201, 195,
154, 10, 33, 3
112 80-U.S. Journal
```

```
620 DATA 240, 126, 254, 128, 210, 240, 240, 35, 126, 254,
64, 210, 240, 240, 201
625 REM THESE ARE THE IMAGE STRINGS TO BUILT YOUR
OWN CREATE A DATA STATEMENT ENDING WITH -1
630 DATA 225, 33, 215, 240, 229, 201,-1
640 DATA 4, 4, 4, 4,-1: 'LINE GOING FOUR PIXELS LEFT
650 DATA 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,-1: 'LINE GOING DOWN
660 DATA 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 136, 136, 136, 136, 136,
136, 136, 8, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6,-1: ' AN 'X'
670 DATA 4, 4, 4, 5, 4, 1, 1, 5, 4, 2, 2, 2, 10, 4, 4, 5, 8, 1, 5,
4, 6, 6, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 1, 1, 10, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 1, 1, 9,
9, 1, 1, 9, 9, 1, 9, 1, 8, 8, 1, 8, 8, 10, 8, 8, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 8,
8, 8, 130, 2, 129, 1, 8, 8, 8, 2, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2,
8, 8, 8, 8, 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 2, 8, 8, 10, 132, 132, 132, 4,
1, 2, 2, 8, 8
671 DATA 2, 132, 4, 6, 6, 6, 6, 4, 4, 6, 10, 10, 4,-1:
'DINOSAUR
680 DATA 6, 6, 6, 4, 6, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4,
2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4,
2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 4, 2, 1, 4, 5,
5, 5, 5, 1, 8, 1, 8, 1, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8
681 DATA 1, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 1, 4, 1, 8, 1, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 1, 8, 8,
8, 8, 8, 8, 2, 8, 8, 2, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,
8, 1, 8, 8, 8, 2, 2, 2, 4, 4, 4, 1, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,
4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, 2, 4, 2, 2, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 9, 6,
4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4
682 DATA 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 2, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,
8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,
8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 6, 6, -1: ' TANK
690 DATA 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 9, 9, 9, 9, 10, 10, 10, 5, 5, 5, 8, 8,
8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 10, 10, 10, 10, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 1, 1,
1, 1, 1, -1: 'a SMALL HOUSE
700 DATA 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,
8, 130, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,
130, 2, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8, 8,
130, 2, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4,
-1: ' FOUR HORIZONTAL LINES
710 DATA 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 136, 8, 6, 6,
6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 136, 8, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 9,
9, 9, 9, 9, 9, 136, 8, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, 6, -1:
'DIAGONAL PATTERN
730 DATA 04, 04, 1, 1, 8, 8, 2, 2, -1: ' A SMALL BOX
740 A$=INKEY$
750 IF A$="F" THEN F=F+1
760 IF A$="S" THEN F=F-1
770 B=VAL(A$): IF B>0 AND B<10 POKE IM,B
780 IF A$=CHR$(8) THEN X1=X1-F: IF X1>0 POKE X,X1
ELSE X1=X1+F
790 IF A$=CHR$(9) THEN X1=X1+F: IF X1<127 POKE X,X1
ELSE X1=X1-F
800 IF A$=CHR$(10) THEN Y1=Y1+F: IF Y1<47 POKE Y,Y1
ELSE Y1=Y1-F
810 IF A$=CHR$(91) THEN Y1=Y1-F: IF Y1>0 POKE Y,Y1
ELSE Y1=Y1+F
820 IF A$="U" S1=S1+1
830 IF A$="D" S1=S1-1:IF S1<0 THEN S1=0
840 POKE SC,S1
850 POKE 16444,0: POKE 16440,0: POKE 16438,0
860 POKE 16442,0: POKE 16443,0
870 RETURN ■
```



# Reviews

## Radio Shack Computer Classes Part I \$29.95 Parts II, III \$49.95

Getting started and learning new ideas go hand in hand. Recently we had the opportunity to talk to some people who took a class from a local Radio Shack Computer Center. Their observations help confirm what all computer owners already know, it's fun to work with a TRS-80.

We decided to jump into the middle of the course and take a look at Part II. In this ten-hour class, you are assumed to have a very rudimentary knowledge of the TRS-80. If you know what to do when the computer asks "How many files?" (press ENTER, of course), you are ready. The four sessions are devoted to an introduction of the commands and demonstrating what the machine can do. You will learn how to perform calculations, go over the BASIC commands such as GOTO, FOR...NEXT, IF...THEN...ELSE, AND, OR, and some others. There is also an excellent tutorial on how to take advantage of the editing and AUTO features in Level II BASIC. The class also looks at variables, numeric and string, but does not go into detail on the string functions. POKE is introduced but not worked in detail. The Part III class did more work in string manipulation and poking, but no work with graphics was included.

Before going any further, note this: it is NOT a sales gimmick. There is no pushing of Radio Shack products or software. It is assumed that you have or are using a TRS-80, but even that is not required to take the class.

For many students there is a Tandy Grant available that will

make the class tuition free. If, you are a teacher and as a job requirement you have to use a TRS-80, Parts I and II can be underwritten by the Tandy Corporation. In some cases the store manager may extend discounts for other reasons. At the center we investigated, there was one case where a whole family (father, mother and three children) took the class and was given a lowered tuition.

The classes were small, only eleven students in one and six in the other. All students had their own computer to use. In the Part III class the computers were networked together. The workbook that you use is oriented to hands-on experience and you get a lot of it. Our students were adults, but the class had quite a mix. There were three kids, some teachers, a secretary using a TRS-80 in her job, a fireman taking up the computer hobby and a few business people. Instruction was on a Model III (for I/III owners), but there are also classes for Model II users as well as classes on various programs.

The material is well designed and carefully selected for the student. It is for the anxious and uncomfortable. In these classes, the teacher was outstanding, he knew his machine and understood his students. He was a Radio Shack employee, but his concern for his students was obvious and genuine.

One student said: "It gave me the confidence to go on and teach myself. It couldn't have gone better."

If you have heard horror stories about computer classes, especially those that were taught in college, don't despair. These classes are successfully fighting computer



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January, 1983 113

### Silly Syntax

A sensational and educational version of a popular party game for the TRS-80\* Color Computer. For 1 to ten players. Silly Syntax requires 16K Extended Basic (32K for disk version). For \$19.95, you get a user guide and a tape containing the Silly Syntax game and 2 stories. You can create your own stories or order additional story tapes. Disk is \$24.95 for Silly Syntax and 2 stories or \$49.95 for Silly Syntax and all 62 stories.

### Auto Run

Auto Run is a utility program for the TRS-80\* Extended Basic Color Computer. Auto Run creates a tape which consists of a machine language loader followed by your Basic or machine language program. With this tape, a simple CLOADM command will load and start the loader and then load and start your program. With the graphics editor, you may design a title screen which will display as your program loads. Basic programs can be set to load anywhere in memory above \$600 (PCLEARO). Auto Run is \$14.95 and includes complete documentation and an assembly source listing.

### Tape Information Management System

A user-oriented, easy to use personal database management system featuring:

- \*variable record and field lengths
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Add \$1.00 per tape or disk for postage and handling. Ohioans add 5.5% sales tax. COD orders and dealer inquiries invited. # 73

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(614) 861-0565

\*TRS-80 is a trademark of Tandy Corp.

## Reviews

anxiety. You can even obtain graduate level college credit for taking Parts I and II of the introductory three-part program. Completing Parts I, II and an extra project will earn three-quarter hours of credit, but be ready to pay the additional tuition that is charged by the university involved. It may even be possible to get credits for taking Part III.

Part I costs \$29.95, Parts II and III are \$49.95 each and they all involve ten hours of instruction. Courses for Model II owners, or users of Scripsit, Profile, or VisiCalc range from \$40 to \$150 depending on the number of hours. The centers are not making a profit. The classes are viewed as a benefit and aid to sales, but they are definitely a "loss leader."

Even if you already know it all, tell your friends to take it. They won't learn as much as you, but they will at least begin to understand you. All participants get a certificate (what a way to impress friends!), a workbook, and most of all, CONFIDENCE.

Cameron C. Brown

trying to teach about programming. In fact, I've made this a required book for my courses.

So what's so good about it? To put it in a nutshell, the book deals with applying the techniques we all use for solving everyday problems in programming. Would you be surprised if I told you that includes Modular, Structured Programming? You just don't give yourself enough credit.

Modular programming is really nothing more than breaking down a problem into smaller chunks and solving those first.

The book uses a very nice method for presenting the techniques. Each method is discussed in detail under a heading that suggests what it's about. These headings are called the problem solving "Prescriptions."

For example, Prescription 1 in chapter two (BASIC Problem Solving Prescriptions) is "Make sure there's a method to your madness." Be organized. Lay out your plan. Think before you program. Most prescriptions are illustrated with examples taken from programming (with example programs) and examples from non-computer situations. There are nine prescriptions, thirteen advanced prescriptions, and sixteen debugging prescriptions.

Careful reading of this book will make you a more careful programmer, as well as a more successful one. Versions of the book are also available specifically for PASCAL, FORTRAN and for general languages.

T.R. Dettmann

### New Software Tools for Your TRS-80 Make Your Micro Even More Useful!

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  - >>Time series programs also available for S&P 500, Japan, West Germany, France, United Kingdom, Italy, and Canada <<
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### DATA ASSOCIATES

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### Problem Solving Principles for BASIC Programmers Applied Logic, Psychology and Grit

Author: William E. Lewis  
Hayden Book Co., Inc.

50 Essex Street

Rochelle Park, NJ 07662

(800) 631-0856

\$10.95 (cat. #5200)

There is no lack of books that tell you how to program. Structured Coding, HIPO charts, modular programming, etc., etc., etc., are appearing in books and articles all over the place. Unfortunately, many of these are poorly written as aids for people trying to learn to use any of these techniques.

Problem Solving isn't a book on any of these topics. Rather, it deals with programming from a standpoint I have been using for several years in classes I teach. That is, programming is really nothing more than a form of problem solving!

I guess I just can't say many bad things about someone whose book agrees so well with what I've been

**MAXPRINT**  
Model I or III  
32K w/disk  
MX-80 Printer  
Peggytronics

381 First Street, Ste. 5147

Los Altos, CA 94022

(408) 737-2253

\$27.95

The MX-80 is a very popular printer because of its many capabilities, exceptional print quality, and low price. Sadly, most word processors don't support all of its features. MAXPRINT is a printer driver (a machine language

program that tells the printer what to do) for the MX-80 printer and TRS-80 Models I and III with 32 to 48K and at least one disk drive, which supports all the MX-80 features — including some it isn't supposed to have!! The GRAFTRAX option is not necessary, although MAX-PRINT works just as well when it is installed.

MAXPRINT supports all MX-80 print styles (normal, condensed, expanded, enhanced and double strike in any combination) on a character-by-character basis, underlining, superscripts and subscripts, line spacing adjustment in 1/72 inch increments, setting left and right margins, and line widths, centering text on the line, and proportional right margin justification.

MAXPRINT can perform its magic from its own menu, or from two keystroke commands embedded in the text. It can work as a stand-alone program accessed from DOS or BASIC, or may be used with a word processor like Scripsit or Electric Pencil. Although not documented in the menu, pressing "B" will exit from MAXPRINT to BASIC, leaving a BASIC program intact. SYSTEM /61951 will return to the MAXPRINT menu, so MAXPRINT can format text printed by LPRINT.

MAXPRINT has many useful features, some of them not available any other way, but its most unique feature is its ability to provide proportional right justification with the MX-80. Most word processors justify the right margin by adding spaces between the words of each line until all the lines are the same length and the right margin is even. This process often leaves long, unsightly gaps between words. With proportional justification, extra spacing is added between letters giving a professional, typeset look.

Since the MX-80 does not have a proportional print mode, a trick is used to get the appearance of proportional spacing. Normal enhanced printing prints ten characters per inch (cpi), while condensed, expanded printing provides 8.25 cpi. The difference between the two widths is barely apparent to the eye. For right justification, MAXPRINT begins

printing each line at ten cpi, then switches to the wider 8.25 cpi at just the right letter to make all the lines the same length, and all the right margins line up. The result is right justification without any long gaps between words. However, there are two disadvantages. The first is that no other feature (underlining, super or subscript, or change of print style) can be mixed with justification. The second is that lines of widely varying length cannot be justified. The most that MAXPRINT can do is print the entire line at 8.25 cpi. If the line is still too short, MAXPRINT will print it, but it won't be justified. This means that some rough right justification using hyphenation must be done before MAXPRINT is used for the final printing.

MAXPRINT patches itself into the printer Device Control Block (DCB) at 4026 Hex and replaces the address of the Radio Shack ROM printer driver (058D Hex) there with the starting address of MAXPRINT. This means that any CALL to the ROM driver — BASIC's LPRINT and many word processors, for example — will automatically use MAXPRINT. Word processors that use their own custom printer drivers (except for Scripsit) are patched by the GENMOD utility that comes with MAXPRINT. The printer is "memory mapped" to address 37E8 Hex, which means that any character loaded into that address is sent to the printer. GENMOD searches the word processor for the D (37E8H), A instruction, and replaces it with a CALL to MAXPRINT. Scripsit is patched by a special SCRMOD program included with MAXPRINT.

MAXPRINT comes with a comprehensive thirty-seven-page manual prepared entirely using MAXPRINT in its right justification mode and an MX-80. It is a beautiful example of what MAXPRINT can do. The manual is well written and very clear. It first explains how to make disk copies of customized versions of MAXPRINT, then how to modify the MX-80 for use with the program. It goes over each of the MAXPRINT features and commands in detail. There are examples of lines of text with embedded commands, and what those lines look like when printed. Finally,

### SUPER UTILITY PLUS S/E SPECIAL EDITION

This Special Limited Edition Package will be in high demand as only 500 copies will be made. They will be numbered 1-500 and will be personally signed by the author, Kim Watt. YOUR name will be embedded in the program as the serial number. The following is included with this SPECIAL LIMITED PACKAGE:

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- 2) TWO attractive SU+/SE binders.
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  - Binder #2 will include THE SOURCE CODE for SUPER UTILITY PLUS

Yes...the SOURCE CODE to this MAJOR program will be available to 500 programmers. This is FULLY commented by the author, Kim Watt, and is a machine language programmer's dream come true! After reading this, your machine language programming skill should increase tremendously. All of Kim's knowledge in ONE book! All at your disposal and for YOUR use.\*

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- 6) This is a very important step that we are taking, and only a select group can appreciate the value in a package like this. This is NOT for the general mass market. It is a college education in machine language written by a recognized expert. It IS SU+ in /CMD file form. It is a license to use Kim Watt's sub-routines. It is an opportunity to vastly improve your product. It is a collector's item, also. Limited. Indeed. Last, but not least, it is expensive. On the surface only, however, as this product will make you an expert programmer if that is what you want. You can literally write a DOS from studying the code! It will also make you a member of an elite group that has access to Kim's knowledge and can USE that knowledge to YOUR benefit.

Source Code is FULLY Commented.

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\*Credit to Kim Watt and Breeze/QSD must be given in the program and in the documentation for sub-routines used. There is NO royalty fee to pay however. # 75

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there is a listing of the source code of the SCRMOD program and a partial listing of the source code of MAXPRINT itself (the I/O and printer driver patching sections).

MAXPRINT comes on a disk with a minimal operating system. Included are 32K and 48K versions of MAXPRINT, SCRMOD32 and SCRMOD48 to patch Scripsit, and GENMOD32 and GENMOD48 to patch other word processors and programs. SCRPMOD/SRC, the source code to SCRMOD48 in a form that can be read by the NEWDOS enhanced version of the Editor Assembler package, is also provided. Having the source code makes it much easier for machine language programmers to use MAXPRINT with other programs. I modified SCRMOD48 so I am able to use MAXPRINT with SCRIPT/CMD (Scripsit modified by SuperScript).

One small hardware modification to the MX-80 will be necessary to have it work with MAXPRINT. In order to change print styles within a

line, MAXPRINT has to clear the MX-80 print buffer by sending a carriage return (CR) character, and this might be necessary several times during the course of printing one line. Unfortunately, the Radio Shack MX-80 cable provides a signal on pin 14 which causes the printer to generate a linefeed (LF) after each CR. This makes the printer advance the page one line every time MAXPRINT clears the buffer. The only way to defeat it is to cut that line. I opened the printer, cut the connection to pin 14 of the cable connector, and wired in a microminiature SPST toggle switch (R.S. cat. no. 275-624), so I can run the MX-80 in "normal mode" (LF after CR) or "MAXPRINT mode" (no LF after CR) at the flip of the switch. The added switch is not necessary, however. If the pin 14 connection is cut, MAXPRINT can be used, and all that is necessary to return to "normal" is to set the two MX-80 internal switches to their "LF after CR" positions, although that involves opening the printer's case each time the printer is to be used without MAXPRINT.

It may seem like a lot of trouble to make a hardware modification to the printer to use MAXPRINT, but the modification is a small one and it is well worth the effort. I use my TRS-80 and MX-80 mostly for word processing and correspondence. MAXPRINT allows me to easily access all of the MX-80 print styles, and do underlining, superscripts and subscripts from within Scripsit. Most important, it provides a very professional looking proportional right-justification mode which is not available any other way. The author of MAXPRINT, C.E. Krehbiel, strongly supports his product. I had a problem while trying to patch my word processor so I sent him a letter asking for help. A few days later I received a disk containing a custom version of MAXPRINT, modified to work with my program. A few days after that, I got a telephone call from Mr. Krehbiel to ask how it was working! MAXPRINT is a moderately priced, very useful addition to my system, and I don't think any MX-80 owner should be without it.

John T. Phillip, M.D.

**LNW 5/8 Doubler  
Model I**  
**LNW Research Corporation**  
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**\$219.95 (includes DOS+  
operating system)**

It had long been my dream to add 8" disk drives to my Model I. Along came LNW with a 5/8 Doubler that promised double density, boot from either 5" or 8" drives, and a low cost. It was too much temptation for me to resist.


I quickly procured and installed the 5/8 Doubler, which converted my two ancient Vista 5 1/4" drives to double density. Up to this point, I had been having a lot of trouble formatting track thirty-nine on drive one. After the doubler, no problems.

The external data separator is excellent. What an improvement in reliability! The doubler is worth the price even if you are not going to add the big drives to your system. It also doubles your present storage capacity. Installation is so simple that I think my Aunt Martha could do it, and she is certainly no mechanic. Simply remove the old floppy disk controller chip, plug it into the empty socket on the doubler, and plug the doubler board into the empty socket on the expansion interface board. That's it!

The next step was to order the remaining hardware for the 8" drives. The LNW advertisement says that you need a special cable for 8" operation. What you really need is a fifty-pin cable (LNW part 1099, \$39.95) and a thirty-four- to fifty-pin cable adapter (LNW part 1096, \$24.95). The latter part adapts the standard thirty-four-pin cable to the larger fifty-pin cable. That is all that you need from LNW.

Now comes the expensive part. The 8" disk drives that I am using are Shugart model 800/801. These drives can be purchased for as little as \$350 each from the discounters. Add about \$70 for a power supply and you are in business. The cost to add two 8" drives is about \$1050. One last item — a speed-up mod — is required to run the 8" drives in double density mode. That brings the total to about \$1100.

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Models I & III



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How does it all work out? Very well. I am running the Holmes Engineering Sprinter II speed-up board at 5.32 Megahertz (the double density 8" drives require the CPU to run at least at 3.55 MHz). My disk operating system is NEWDOS/80 version 2, with system parameter BJ=3 (for triple CPU speed) and with pdrive parameters TI=EH, TD=F, TC=77, SPT=30, TSR=3, GPL=4, DD5L=17 and DDGA=6 for the 8" drives. This setup requires the speed-up board to run all the time, even during disk accesses. I have had absolutely no problems with either the DOS or the hardware.

There are a few small prices to pay for such a great increase in performance and capacity. One is occasional keybounce, due to the higher clock speed. The second is increased noise from the large drives that are constantly turning. The third is having to make sure that the speed-up is turned on and that the DOS is configured correctly. These minor details are greatly offset by the benefits of tremendous capacity, faster processing, and less disk I/O access times. I highly recommend it.

**Jim Klapproth**

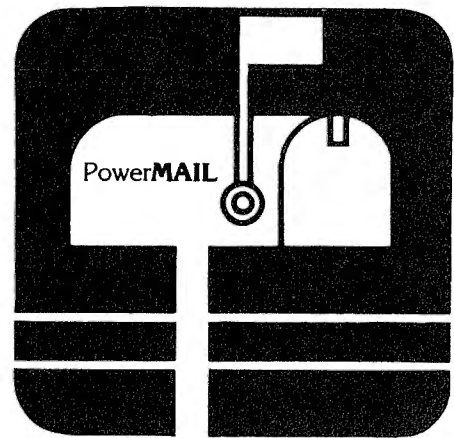
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The newest TRS-80 "mysteries" publication from IJG is hardware oriented and is aimed at only the Model I owner. Having enjoyed reading Harv Pennington's volume on disk organization and being a minor league "hardware hacker" of sorts (limited to installation of memory chips, LNW expansion box construction and doing an uppercase modification), I ordered the book. My first surprise came when my local computer store told me that the book wasn't available and had been back-ordered some sixty days. After I placed the order, I received what proved to be a very readable book, written in the best of Dennis Kitsz' style.

While the bulk of the writing in "Custom TRS-80" comes from articles and columns previously published, this book is far more than a collection of short stories. The organization isn't immediately apparent but might be nicknamed, "learning with Dennis." This is a gentle approach to a tutorial on the TRS-80 architecture, physical construction strengths and weaknesses. It is prefaced with a short review (in just eighteen pages) on how to read circuit diagrams, what the various electronics parts and logic chips do and how to select hand tools. Along the way through the book, and after sufficient background content has been established, hardware and/or software projects are introduced.

If the reader follows this path, the Level II, 16K TRS-80 gets extra memory, high resolution graphics, lowercase video and a real-time clock. Analog I/O interfacing and a musical composing/editing capability round out the big additions to the machine. Several of the changes improve operating convenience and long term



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reliability of the Model I. Some "stand-alone" projects include a printer port, a paper tape reader and a novel mass storage device made out of an 8-track tape deck. The reader receives an outstanding microcomputer education.

There are plenty of good crisp photographs to build self-confidence in project execution and Kitsz provides good advice on how to handle accidents or failures. Troubleshooting approaches are clear and there is an excellent annotated bibliography to guide further reading. This book supplements and enhances the information provided in the TRS-80 Technical Reference Manual and many of the discussions in that manual which may have seemed dry and boring (like video chain and address multiplexing for dynamic memories) are made almost enjoyable by Dennis Kitsz. If you aren't interested in the technical end of the TRS-80 and if the current performance you receive from Scripsit and Sargon meet all your needs, this book isn't for you — save your thirty dollars. On the other hand, owners of early and balky expansion interfaces will be repaid in full by the content of Chapter five. The section titled "111 cures for the common crash" has something for everyone. I personally checked off a dozen things to be done for my own Model I.

On the minus side, the editing and proofreading jobs aren't quite complete in the second printing. However, the reader can easily work around these minor typographical oversights. Many of the customizing projects are interdependent rather than stand-alone and the prospective customizer should spend some time mapping out memory before cutting traces! I personally objected to once more purchasing data sheet copies from Zilog, Western Digital and National Semiconductor. The excerpts weren't complete enough to stand on their own merit.

If you would like to know which 'speed-up' schemes will work on certain production versions of the keyboard (and how to identify these versions) this is your book. If you want to develop a finer understanding of the Model I before you jump

into major video modifications or before buying a CP/M conversion, this book will help you along the way.

Capt. Paul Hine

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It was 9:45 p.m. I'd just come in my office after a long stakeout in front of the computer game store. I took off my hat and hung it on the nail behind the door. Throwing my trench over the back of my old wooden office chair, I sat down. I was about to prop my tired feet up on my messy desk when, suddenly, my office door flew open with a crash. There in the doorway stood two of the biggest, meanest-looking bouncers I've ever had the misfortune of meeting. They paused in the doorway for a moment, huge and gruesome against the faint 60-watt light of the hallway.

I reached for my rod. It was gone! I jumped to my feet and made a mad dash for the fire escape. Too late. I didn't even get to the window when the two Neanderthals were on top of me, pinning both my arms behind my back, causing considerable pain. Then the lights went out.

When I came to, I was sitting in an airplane seat with the same two goons on either side of me. Might as well try a little conversation.

"Nice weather we're having," I said in a thin, weak voice.

The one on my right reached slowly inside his blood-stained overcoat. I thought I was a goner. He pulled out an envelope and handed it to me. Whew! I opened it, unfolding the parchment-like paper slowly. It read: "C.W. Flatts — Others are trying to discover the secrets of the Shaman. They have tried to steal the gold and treasures within. Many have disappeared, or were killed. You must come. Signed, Professor Phungame."

"That's it? That's all the clues you're gonna give me? Well, it's not enough. Not for C.W. Flatts," I said,

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## Reviews

folding my arms across my chest.

The mammoth on my left reached into his coat.

"All right, all right," I said quickly. "I'll do a little checking, okay?" He pulled his hand out of his coat and rested it on the arm of the seat. "That was close," I thought.

"What's a Shaman, anyway?" I asked.

Looking at both of them, I could tell from their twin stone-faced expressions they had nothing more to say to me. I'd have to play their game. Come to think of it, they hadn't said a word to me. Probably only grunt anyway.

After several hours, we landed on a dirt airfield in the middle of a tropical jungle. The two anthropoids dumped me head first into a World War II jeep with a driver who only rambled in some foreign jibberish. We took off like a rocket sled, moving pell-mell through the jungle on a bumpy dirt road. Every pothole seemed to have our name on it. The insects attacked us, kamikaze style. I didn't have my rod, or my hat (I always think better with my hat), or my trench . . . not even my Cutters. This was some adventure.

"I must warn you," I said, "I know karate, and judo — I'm a black belt in each. My hands are lethal weapons." My confidence was waning. Sure, I'm lethal. I know exactly six other Japanese words I learned from reading food labels.

Finally, the driver jerked the jeep to a stop, shoved me out on my head, then left me alone in the tropical jungle at the steps of the Temple of the Sun. I had nothing. Not even an American Express card.

The hot, South American sun shown high at mid-day. The smell of the lush, green foliage filled the air. Suddenly, a bolt of pure terror ripped through my body as I heard the crack of a branch breaking behind me. I turned quickly, expecting to find some deadly exotic animal circling me. To my relief, there stood a dark-haired man, in his early thirties, wearing khaki shirt and pants, with deep brown eyes and a thin black mustache. His eyes bothered me. They conveyed death.

After exchanging some friendly greetings neither of us understood, we entered the temple. The awesomeness of the different rooms

filled me with visions of finding golden masks, precious gems, sacred items, charred wood that had been used for blood sacrifices, altars of stone, ceremonial robes, golden crowns — the possibilities seemed endless.

I had to get a grip on myself. This was an investigation, not some night on the town with a few of my drinking buddies. What started out as a routine missing persons gig turned suddenly into a full-fledged historical find of considerable greatness. I was beginning to feel a little out of my league. I was now Stanley, looking for Livingston. I was expecting Indiana Jones to come running through at any moment.

While visiting the rooms of the temple, I was picking up lots of clues, but none of them pointed toward my client, Professor Phungame. My brain was starting to respond to my questions, but what did the answers mean? Only Professor Phungame could supply the answers.

The rooms were all different. Some had golden walls, others had fountains, waterfalls, and bottomless pools. Several had altars of stone and charred wood. There were rooms filled with fine apparel. I found a feathered robe that I put on to take home.


"Boy, will this get rave reviews from the guys at the bowling alley," I thought.

In all of the excitement, I had lost my guide. I kept looking for Professor Phungame. It was hard concentrating on my assignment. Finding gold and ivory statues was a distraction not easily overcome. Needless to say, I grabbed whatever I found that seemed to be of some value. After all, I had expenses to meet.

When I finally came to the end of my search, I had so much stuff, and was wearing so many crazy things, I wished my guide were still with me. If he were only there with a One-Step, I would have him take a picture for my Aunt Emma.

I still hadn't found Professor Phungame. But, I had to admit, through all the tense moments, especially with the snakes and the jaguars, I was having fun — a real adventure. After all, what's life without a little excitement and



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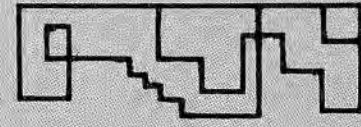
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
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# 89



adventure, huh?

On my way out of the temple I found my guide, dead as a doornail, crushed between two walls only three centimeters apart. This kind of adventure made life interesting (and deadly for some). I was lucky.

The temple was full of rooms I hadn't visited yet. Some of them were deadly, others full of mystery and treasures just waiting to be discovered. There were plenty of moments that made this adventure interesting and fun.

I was about to leave the steps of the temple when something strange happened. A voice spoke to me, saying, "Oh, great and wise Shaman, the earth and its elements are at your command." I didn't want the earth, or its elements — I wanted a Snickers.

Looking down from the temple steps, I saw my jeep and driver waiting.

"Where have you been," I demanded. I forgot that he didn't speak English. Good thing. Some of the things I said to him couldn't be repeated to a Marine.

I jumped into the jeep and we drove back to the airfield.

"I'm still looking for Professor Phungame, and I'll find him, sooner or later. He sure missed out on one exciting adventure. Man, Shaman's tombs, gold, shrinking rooms — you have to be there to experience it."

The driver just nodded and smiled in agreement. I could tell he knew what I'd experienced. Some languages are universal . . . like the thrill of adventure.

I hopped on the plane in my wild outfit and flew home. Finally, in my tiny office, I sat down at my computer and entered the case. This was one adventure I wanted to remember. Though I didn't meet Professor Phungame, I had a feeling we'd meet, somewhere down the road of life's adventures.

I looked at the messages my secretary left on my desk. Good thing she only comes on Tuesdays, or the whole place would be ruined with organization. I looked over the past-due bills for lights and telephone. Then I noticed another parchment-type envelope and opened it.

There was a check for my services, \$200 per day plus expenses, and a

short note: "I'll be in touch about another adventure." It was signed 'Professor Phungame.'

I felt a grin come across my unshaven face. I grabbed my trench off the back of my chair, sat down, leaned back and pulled my trench over me. Right now, I needed a little shuteye. I propped my feet on the desk top and closed my eyes. Tomorrow, another case, another adventure.

Grey Smith and C. W. Flatts,  
Computer Eye

**Bounceoids**  
Model I/III tape or disk  
The Cornsoft Group  
6008 North Keystone Ave.  
Indianapolis, IN 46220  
(317) 257-3227  
\$15.95 tape  
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Plus \$1.50 s/h

"What's that?" "It looks like a snake from outer space!" "Uh oh . . . duck, here comes something else!" "They got me." "Yeah look, they're laughing at you too!"

Bounceoids is a fascinating new arcade game from The Cornsoft Group. The only thing more challenging than playing Bounceoids, with its super-fast action graphics, is trying to describe it! What appears to be a combination of several popular arcade games turns out to be like none of them. Just when you think you have the game figured out, another mysterious monster comes out of the woodwork to the attack.

Bounceoids starts out innocently enough. At skill level 0 a giant asteroid appears and bounces randomly across the screen as you attempt to blow it to pieces. In the meantime, a combination of tiny bouncing monsters and stationary guns commence attacking and before you know it, all heck breaks loose!

"Challenge stage, what's that?" "I don't know but you better get ready, something is bound to hap . . . LOOK AT THOSE BIRDS!!!"

If you manage to survive the initial onslaught and reach 20000 points, you will quickly find out what the challenge stage is. A stream of birds come soaring out of the corner of the screen for you to use

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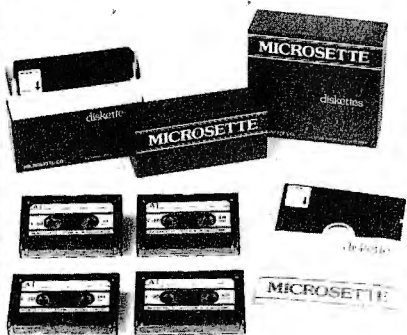
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## Reviews

as target practice. If you shoot them all down, bonus points will accumulate and you will then be faced with a similar stream of flying saucers. The normal (could this be called normal!?) game continues after you complete the challenge stage.

The Cornsoft Group has come up with a very unique game in Bounceoids. The action is non-stop and sure to leave you with tired fingers. The graphics are very high quality and super-fast!!! This is a very professionally designed game.

"Huh oh, here he comes, hide it!!!" Another thing more challenging than Bounceoids is hiding it when the boss comes into the office!

Bob Perez

Space Castle  
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The Cornsoft Group  
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Indianapolis, IN 46220  
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Plus \$1.50 s/h

#### Joystick Compatible, Sound

As your Jeteye fighter breaks out of hyperspace you find yourself facing a floating space fortress surrounded by three levels of pulsating force fields. It is the Space Castle of Yugdab, the evil warlord who all thought had been destroyed in the Freedom Wars. You try to contact the rest of the fleet, but either they are too far or Yugdab has found a way to suppress sub-space communications. It is up to you to try to destroy the castle. So you do what any peace loving Jeteye knight would do, you attack without warning!

Space Castle is one of the newest programs to come from The Cornsoft Group. The game plan is simple. Keep firing at the force fields until you finally get a shot at the castle in the center. But, to keep things interesting you will soon find out that the castle sends out intelligent mines which work their way through the force fields to eventually get to you. You can't destroy these mines while they are within the bounds of the shields, but they can be destroyed once they get outside of them. Then you find that

there is another catch to the game. If you spend too much time trying to destroy the mines the force fields are rebuilt. Well, nobody said it was going to be easy.

You are awarded ten points for hitting the outer shield, twenty points for a hit on the middle shield, and thirty points for the inner shield. Destroying an intelligent mine will get you another fifty points. If you get through the shields and actually score a hit on the castle then you get five hundred points and another ship. You can never actually destroy the castle. As the instructions say, Yugdab "can immediately resurrect himself to continue the battle." So, if you are good enough, one game could last forever, just like Yugdab. Oh, I almost forgot . . . Yugdab has a special surprise if you manage to knock a hole through all three shields and if they line up to give you a shot at him!

Your controls are simply rotate left or right with the left and right arrow keys or joystick, thrust with the @ key, uparrow or by pushing the joystick forward, and fire with the spacebar or joystick fire button. You will probably find, as I did, that there is some disorientation when you rotate your ship for any reason. Because of the Model I's low resolution graphics, your ship really gets distorted when it is rotated to one of its forty-five degree axes. Also because of the low resolution, it is possible for one of the intelligent mines to come in at an angle that you cannot fire at. The sound effects are not what you would call spectacular, but they do fit the action and do not cause any slowdown of the game.

I ordered the Model I disk version and promptly received my copy. The disk turns out to be one of those self-booting, auto-starting disks with its own peculiar operating system built in. This may cause some users problems if they want a backup copy of the disk. It cannot be backed up by normal means.

Would I recommend this game to my friends? Yes. If you enjoy arcade games then this is one you wouldn't want to leave out of your library. Just be prepared to own only one copy.

Jerry Latham

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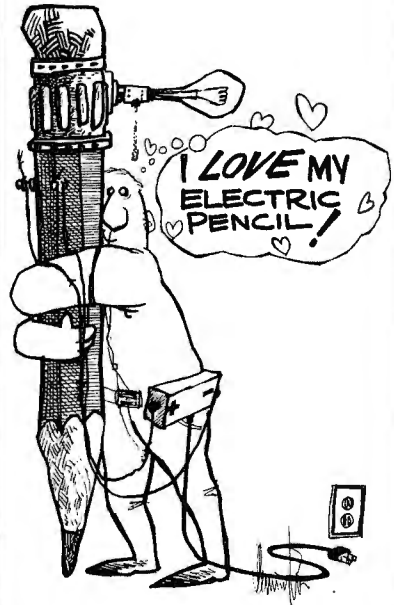
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# 99

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# 106

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E. J. Neiburger, D.D.S., Editor  
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# 113

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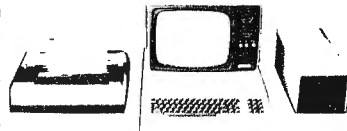
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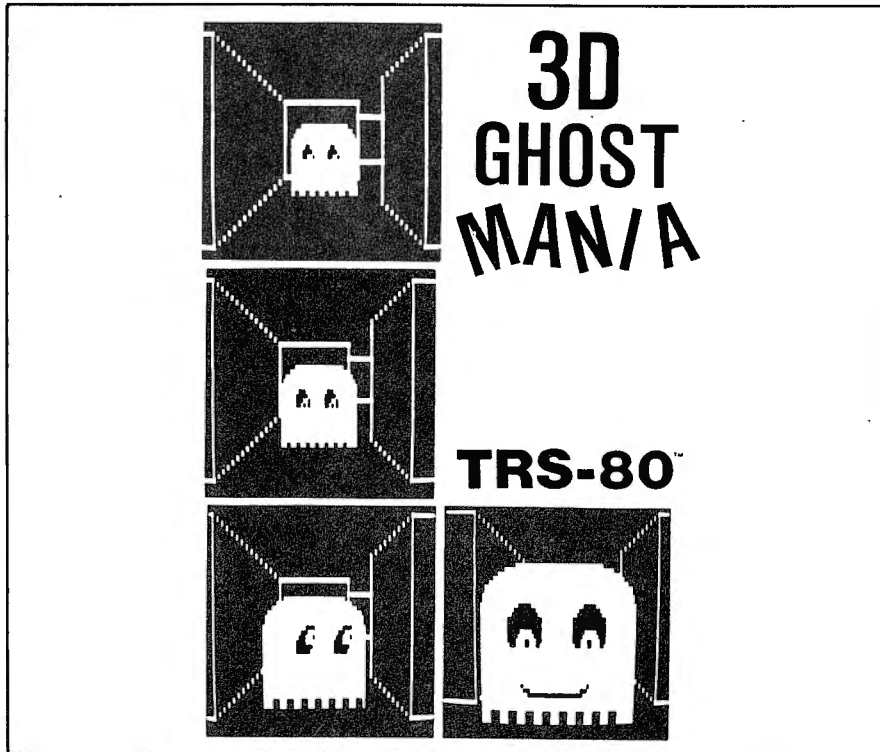
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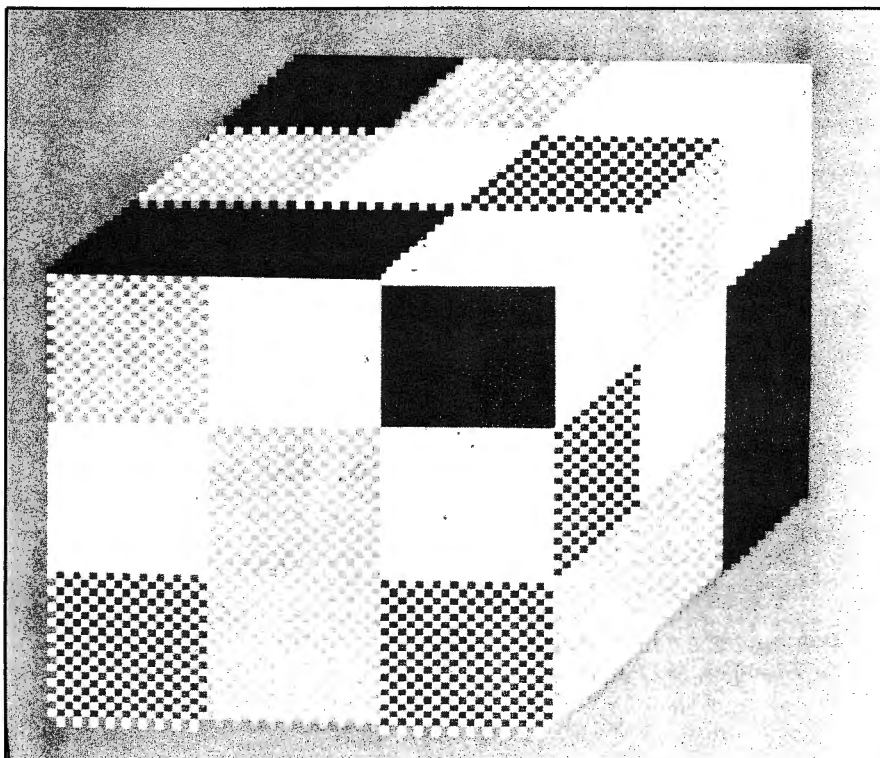
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# 127

# New products



3-D Ghosts



Color Cubes

## Business Management VI

This is a complete system for analyzing the financial statements of a company. It aids in planning for future activities, investments and alternatives. Balance sheet and income statements from up to seven financial periods can be used for input. The system then provides percent analysis, ratios pertaining to liquidity, efficiency, profitability, computes compounded growth rates, linear regression, and gives graphical representation of key financial data.

Dividends, earnings per share, average market price, net sales and income, and per share analysis of key data are just some of the calculations performed.

It is available on diskette for the Model II, 64K in either TRSDOS 2.0a or a CP/M version. This user-oriented system has a price of \$185. For further information and free brochures about this and other business software, contact Century Software Systems, 1875 Century Park East, Suite 1730, Los Angeles, CA 90067 or phone (213) 879-5911, or Telex 18-1380.

# 200

## Three-dimensional ghosts

3D-Ghost mania is a three-dimensional game for the Models I and III. It gives you the experience of running through an endless maze of hallways while trying to match wits with pursuing ghosts. The company claims that the game has been known to produce nightmares when played in excess. Retail price is \$29.95 for cassette (16K) or disk (32K, Model III only). Contact Computer Price Index, 5350 South 3600 West, Salt Lake City, UT 84118, (801) 968-2252.

# 201

## Color Cubes game

Radio Shack announces a computer game version of the cube puzzle. Color Cubes (#26-3075) is available for all versions of the Color Computer for \$29.95. It offers a colorful video representation of a scrambled 3-dimensional cube, itself made up of twenty-seven smaller "cubies" in six different colors. The



# DOES STRING COMPRESSION HAVE YOU TIED UP IN KNOTS?

## LET TRASHMAN CLEAN UP THE MESS!

TRASHMAN is a machine language utility for the TRS-80 Models I and III. It was written by Glenn Tesler, the author of FASTER, and can reduce BASIC's string compression time by 95% (see table below).



### WHAT'S STRING COMPRESSION?

When a BASIC program changes a string (words, names, descriptions), it moves it to a new place in memory, and leaves a hole in the old place. Eventually, all available memory gets used up and BASIC has to push the strings together to free up some space. This takes time. Lots of time. The computer stops running for seconds or minutes, and you may even think it's "crashed". The keyboard won't work, and until all the strings have been collected, you just have to sit and wait. Then things run for a while, until string compression is needed again. And again.

If you're using your computer for business, that wastes your money. If you're using it personally, it wastes your time.

### WHAT'S THE SOLUTION?

As soon as you start using TRASHMAN, those delays almost disappear. It uses less than 600 bytes of memory, plus 2 bytes for each active string. It works with other machine language programs and with all major operating systems. It's easy to use, comes with complete instructions, and can be copied to your own disks.

### WHAT'S THE CATCH?

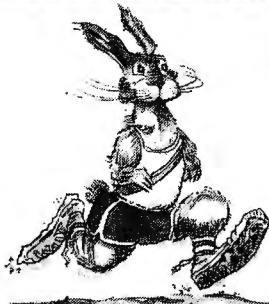
If a BASIC program uses only a few strings, very little time is wasted in string compression, and TRASHMAN won't be helpful. But, if hundreds of strings, including large string arrays, are used, TRASHMAN is just what you need.

# STRINGS	SECONDS NORMAL	DELAY TRASHMAN	PERCENT IMPROVEMENT
250	11.8	0.7	94
500	45.8	1.6	96.5
1000	179.6	3.5	98
2000	713.2	7.8	98.9

**TRASHMAN is available on disk for just \$39.95.**

(All timings done on TRS-80 Model I. Model III 15% faster, but pct. improvements identical. Listing of timing program available on request.)

## SAVE TIME WITH FASTER



"FASTER" speeds up most TRS-80 BASIC programs by 20-50%. It's helped hundreds of satisfied people and it can help you. Detailed instructions make it easy to use. FASTER analyses your BASIC programs while they run, then displays a simple change, usually one line, that sequences program variables so the ROM will find them faster.

You can use FASTER to speed up programs you've bought, as well as programs of your own. Since it isn't a compiler, your BASIC programs can be read and changed afterwards. FASTER works on business programs, models, and games. The more complex your program, the better the results.

Does FASTER really work? Yes! Just check the reviews in *Personal Computing*, May, 1981, p. 116: "FASTER is effective and easy to use"; *80 U.S. Journal*, April, 1982, p. 106: "I recommend FASTER to everyone"; and *80 MICRO* (April, 1982, p. 40): "If you...would like a significant increase in the run-time speed, then buy FASTER."

FASTER runs on the TRS-80 Models I and III, 16-48K tape or disk, and all major operating systems. **\$29.95**

"QUICK COMPRESS" takes only 276 bytes of memory, and removes the blanks and remarks from even the largest BASIC program in less than 3 seconds. It produces smaller, faster programs without altering their logic. **\$19.95**

**SPECIAL: FASTER and QUICK COMPRESS: \$39.95**

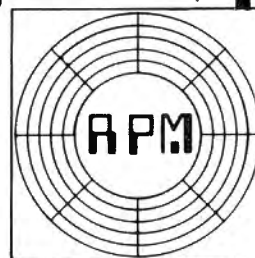
## ERRATIC DISK DRIVES?

You can avoid unnecessary disk errors and repair bills by using RPM. This easy-to-use program measures the rotational speed and fluctuations of your disk drives, and warns you if they are running too fast, too slow, or unevenly.

Incorrect or erratic speed is a common cause of unexplained disk errors and loss of data. RPM's documentation explains how to detect and correct these problems quickly and easily. As *80 MICRO* (April, 1982, page 41) said: "If your drives have problems I recommend RPM before paying to get it repaired."

RPM is supplied on diskette for the TRS-80 Models I and III. We suggest you order a copy before you need it.

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## New products

goal is to unscramble the array by rotating any slice or layer until each face of the larger cube is a solid color.

Unlike the plastic cubes, the computer game will record a player's last 255 moves and allows a player to undo or redo them. Positions can be saved to tape, two players can compete against the clock, and there is a variety of different color combinations possible. Use different colors to flag different break points in solving the cube.

# 202

### 80-Grafix board

Now have high resolution graphics on your Model I or III. The 80-Grafix board gives any Model I computer an effective resolution of 384 by 192 pixels through the use of 128 programmable characters. Each character is made up of a 6 x 12 matrix of individually controlled dots. The Model III board has a 512 by 192 resolution, also made through the use of 128 characters, each of which is composed of an 8 x 12 dot matrix.

Once programmed, in BASIC or machine language, the characters can be displayed by PRINT or POKE statements. High resolution is enabled through the OUT command and is disabled whenever reset is pressed. The device will not interfere with existing software. Included with the board are over twenty programs and files for instructing and entertaining. The board also includes a hardware lowercase modification and requires no soldering for installation.

Available for tape or disk systems (please specify configuration and model) for \$169.95 from Micro-Labs Inc., 902 Pinecrest, Richardson, TX 75080, (214) 235-0915. Texas residents add 5% sales tax.

# 203

### Spectrum Stick

The Spectrum Stick is a new joystick for the Color Computer. A hair-trigger fire button makes long sessions at the computer easy and it uses swivel-ball components for a smooth and true feel. Extra long cable and brushed aluminum knob for comfort and control. Its sturdy construction eliminates the worry about broken parts and a red LED indicator tells you whenever the

computer is left on. It is available from Spectrum Projects, 93-15 — 86 Drive, Woodhaven, NY 11421, (212) 441-2807 for \$39.95 plus \$2.00 shipping and handling.

# 204

### Number Cruncher

Is a complete statistical package for the Models I and III and will soon be available on the Model II. Data is entered directly into a disk file through a data file manager. Over twenty-five transformations can be used for processing the data. The manager allows for editing, adding, or merging of the data.

Entered data can be analyzed by numerous procedures, including multiple regression, stepwise regression, correlation analysis, t-tests, scatter plots, components analysis, and a host of ANOVA programs. These statistician written programs are available on two single-sided disks. They will run on 32K, but 48K is recommended. The system is priced at \$99.95 plus \$3.00 shipping and handling. For more information contact Dr. Jerry L. Hintze, 865 East 400 North, Kaysville, UT 84037, (801) 546-0445.

# 205

### COPY-NOT

COPY-NOT is an external security program for BASIC software authors. It significantly modifies TRSDOS 2.3 and stores all "/BAS" compressed files in an encrypted form. COPY-NOT modifies DOS READY but still allows library execution and up to nine DOS sequence commands through use of its DO/JCL file. It does not affect available memory during execution, but does render BASIC \* inoperative. It allows the software author to title each diskette and has an auto serial number feature for use when creating application disks. Stops piracy of software and gives software authors sole ownership of their work. For use with Model I disk systems. Available from HPB Vector Co., 130 Center St., East Stroudsburg, PA 18301, for \$275.00.

# 206

### Handicapping Program

The KEL-CO Thoroughbred Handicapping System RS-5 was

developed and introduced in the 1960's after an analysis of over 10000 races. It has evolved into a system that has both quantitative and qualitative aspects. You supply such facts as date, name of horse, number of starts, earnings, type of track, win place and show records, age, purse, date of workout and last race, and judgment calls regarding type of win the horse has had. The system notes prime and longshot bets as well as allowing for Daily Doubles, Exactas and Quinellas, and on or off track betting. There is also a version, RS-6, for harness racing and handicapping. Available in USA from Canella Sales Corp., 420 E. Genesee St., Suite 208, Syracuse, NY 13202, (800) 448-5713, for \$200. NY residents add sales tax. In Canada, contact Equine Management & Innovations, P.O. Box 2214, Station D, Ottawa, Ontario K1P 5W4. Canadian price is \$225 Cdn.

# 207

### Model 16 Spreadsheet System

FINANSWER+ is written in RM/COBOL and runs in 16-bit mode on the Model 16's 68000 CPU. The package includes menu-based processing, English language input, automatic saving and restoring of spreadsheets, password protection, sorting and graphics. It supports twelve spreadsheets per data file and up to 1200 figures per sheet. Consolidate spreadsheets for a total of up to 14400 figures. Use of the 16-bit processor gives high speed operation and rapid disk input. For \$395. Maintenance after 90 days is \$60 per year. Contact DATAMATE Co. Inc., 4135 South 100th East Avenue, Suite 101, Tulsa, OK 74145, (918) 664-7276.

# 208

### Expansion Interface for the Color Computer

This new expansion interface provides a Centronics compatible I/O port, 64K memory access circuit and expansion capability for up to seven additional peripheral cards. It requires no modification to the Color Computer and is compatible with the Radio Shack Disk System. It does not interfere with existing ROM or output ports. Access to a complete 64K is possible for 32K Rev-E Color Computer owners. Optional

aluminum chassis is available. The CX-2001A expander card is \$139.95, the chassis (CX-3001A) is \$39.95, and the ribbon cable (CX-2401A) is \$29.95. Introductory package price is \$189.95. Contact General Automation, 9600 Roosevelt Blvd., Suite 100-LL, Philadelphia, PA 19115, (215) 934-3758.

# 209

#### ASG-III hard disk

The ASG-III hard disk plugs directly into the TRS-80 Model III expansion port and includes Winchester drive technology. It includes drivers for Model III LDOS (LDOS is not included) and is available in five or ten-megabyte capacity. Five-megabyte drive is \$1795, ten-megabyte drive is \$1995, and the DOSPLUS 4.0n hard disk operating system is \$149. For further information, contact All Systems Go, 638 S. Dillard St., Winter Garden, FL 32787, (800) 327-6590. In Florida call (305) 877-2830.

# 210

#### Macro Assembler and Editor on Disk for the Radio Shack Color Computer

MACRO-80c is a macro assembler, screen oriented editor and machine language monitor for the Radio Shack Color Computer disk system.

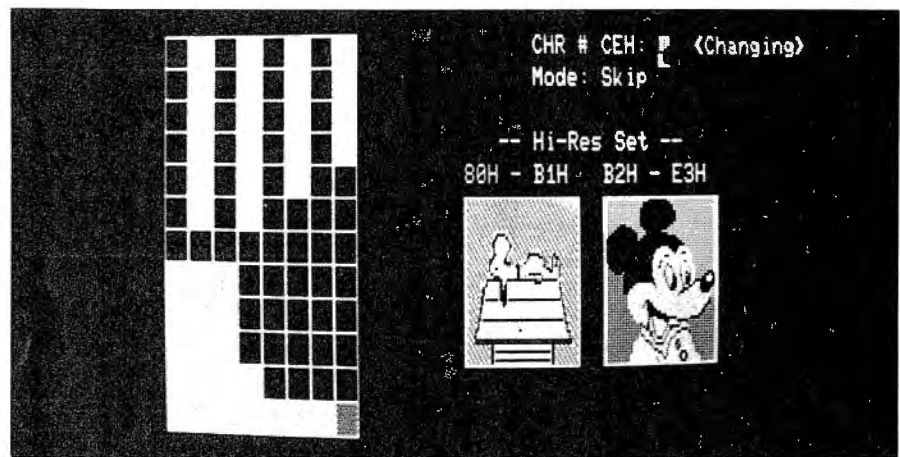
The Assembler features local labels, conditional assembly, page headers and symbol table cross-reference listings. The full standard 6809 instruction set is supported, along with many additional pseudo-ops. Input from multiple input files.

The text editor may be used on any type of text file, but has been designed specifically for quick and easy editing of assembly language source files.

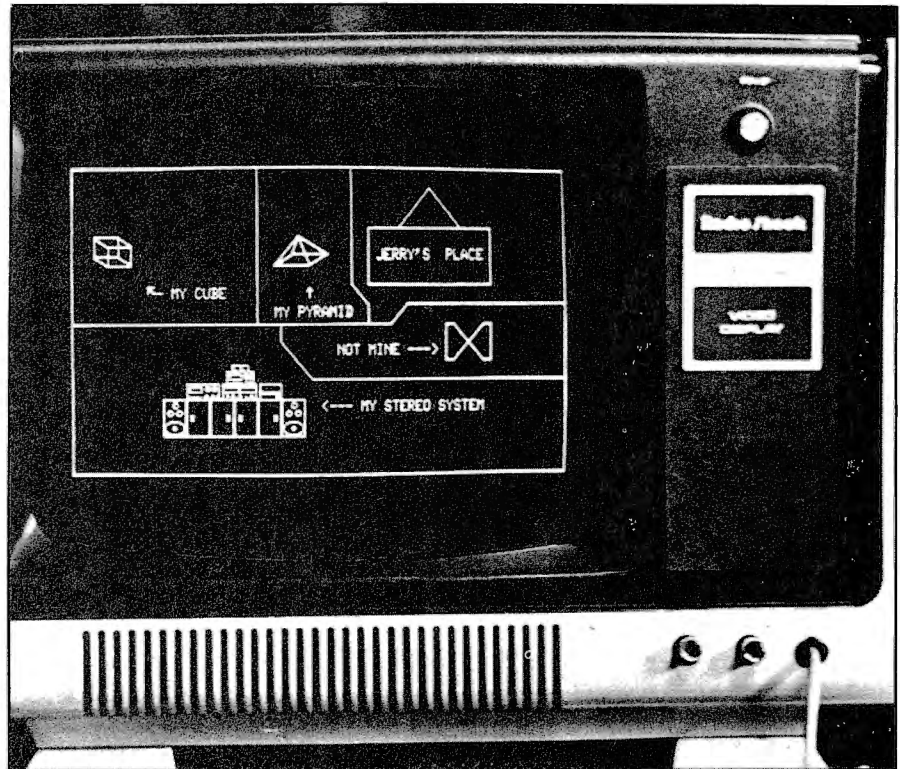
A machine language monitor is included, and memory may be dumped to a printer or a text file. Breakpoints may be set, blocks of memory set or moved.

MACRO-80c runs on a 16K or 32K computer, one Radio Shack disk drive is required, and multiple drives are supported. \$99.95 from The Micro Works, P.O. Box 1110 Del Mar, CA 92014, (714) 942-2400.

# 211




80-Grafix Board — Model I



80-Grafix Board — Model III



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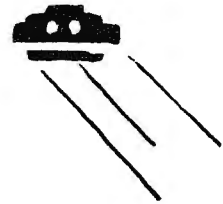
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# 80-U.S. Journal

## Annual index for 1982

17K of RAM, R. Shane Causer .....	Jul/94	Joel Makower .....	Jan/22
6809 Assembly language programming, review, T.R. Dettmann .....	Dec/100	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	Jan/54
@ Love, Stephen W. Cox .....	Apr/81	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	Feb/80
@ News, Jim Perry .....	Feb/100	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	Mar/46
@ News, Jim Perry .....	Mar/98	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	Apr/74
@ News, Jim Perry .....	Apr/96	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	May/88
@ News, Spencer Hall .....	Jun/78	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	Jun/95
@ News, Spencer Hall .....	Jul/96	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	Jul/90
@ News, Spencer Hall .....	Aug/93	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	Aug/64
@ News, Spencer Hall .....	Sep/90	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	Sep/88
@ News, Spencer Hall .....	Oct/98	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	Oct/114
@ News, Spencer Hall .....	Nov/106	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	Nov/98
@ News, Spencer Hall .....	Dec/84	Captain 80, Bob Liddil .....	Dec/94
A small computer in a small law office, John A. Records .....	Jul/26	Cave Hunter, review, Bob Perez .....	Jun/101
A twelve-column ledger, Fred Blechman .....	Jan/13	CBUG, review, Robert P. Bussell .....	Mar/110
Accel 3, evaluation, Cpt. Paul M. Hine .....	Oct/110	CG-16, review, Brian Wood .....	Feb/95
Add disk and memory to Model III, Sal Navarro .....	May/30	Checkbook, (Part I), J.L. Latham .....	Jun/68
Alien Defense, review, Mark E. Renne .....	Nov/115	(Part II) .....	Jul/65
Almost a joystick, John T. Phillip, M.D. ....	Jun/39	(Part III) .....	Aug/72
Argus Chronicle, The, review, Henry Aldridge .....	Apr/104	Christmas card, Tim Knight .....	Dec/45
Armored Patrol, review, Mark E. Renne .....	Aug/103	Clean those disk heads!, William H. Scott, Jr. ....	Mar/82
Automatic program dating, Timothy K. Bowman .....	Oct/36	Cognivox, review, Richard G. Hale .....	Feb/105
Automatic tape SAVE program, Jon Presley .....	Feb/35	Color Computer as a planetarium, The, T.R. Dettmann .....	May/24
B-1 Bomber, review, Mark E. Renne .....	Apr/102	Color Computer assembler/disassembler, Richard Tangeman .....	Sep/38
Base conversions with the Pocket Computer, Peter G. Savard .....	May/62	Color Computer communication — COLORCOM/E ver. 2.0, evaluation, Darrel Wright .....	Nov/58
BASIC Aid, review, Darrel Wright .....	Oct/100	Color Computer gradebook, Lynn H. Davis .....	Aug/22
BASIC bits, Thomas L. Quindry .....	Dec/73	Color Computer grows up, The, Don Scarberry .....	May/83
— Packing strings .....	Oct/78	Color Computer power pack, review, T.R. Dettmann .....	Feb/106
— Solving problems in BASIC .....	Nov/80	Color Computer sorting, Mark E. Goodwin .....	Dec/63
— String handling techniques .....	Jan/33	Color cornucopia, T.R. Dettmann .....	Apr/84
BASIC compilers, 80-U.S. staff .....	Jan/33	Color disk directory, Bob Waterhouse .....	Aug/99
BASIC Faster and Better and Other Mysteries, review, Clay Caldwell .....	Jan/120	Color Meteoroids, review, Richard Rehaume .....	Feb/104
BASIC Handbook, review, T.R. Dettmann .....	Sep/100	Communicating by computer, Al Mashburn .....	Nov/22
BASIC Scientific Subroutines, review, Cameron C. Brown .....	Feb/107	Computer based math lab, review, Cameron C. Brown .....	Aug/102
Basically BASIC, T.R. Dettmann .....	Feb/62	Computer carrel, Leo B. Christopherson .....	Jun/24
— Arrays .....	May/64	Computer revolution in public schools, Hal Broenkow .....	Aug/14
— GOSUB...RETURN .....	Aug/66	Computer revolution, The, anonymous .....	Jul/99
— Input screen controls .....	Jun/75	Computerize your individual educational programs, Larry Krengel .....	Aug/16
— Menus .....	Jul/76	Cincinnati, review, Tim Knight .....	Apr/110
— Screen control with PRINT @ .....	Oct/107	Corrections, 80-U.S. staff .....	Jul/12
Basically BASIC, James A. Conrad .....	Nov/101	— @ Love (Apr 82) .....	Apr/14
— Forms of INPUT, LINEINPUT .....	Dec/68	— @ News (Feb 82) .....	Aug/12
— IF...THEN...ELSE statements .....	Sep/92	— @ News (Jun 82) .....	Apr/14
— String functions .....	Jan/122	— Automatic tape SAVE (Feb 82) .....	Jun/12
— Variables and assignment statements .....	Apr/47	— Berserk, review (Apr 82) .....	Aug/12
BasicPro, review, Cameron C. Brown .....	Apr/101	— Checkbook, Part I (Apr 82) .....	Oct/12
Bequest, Shane Causer .....	Dec/99	— Checkbook, Parts I & III (Jun, Aug 82) .....	May/8
Berserk, review, Roy Seney .....	Dec/102	— Clean those disk heads (Mar 82) .....	Dec/14
Beta-80, review, Mark Shimelman .....	Jul/112	— High resolution graphics (Sep 82) .....	Jun/12
Black Sanctum, review, Roy Seney .....	Jan/91	— JKL Patch (Mar 82) .....	Mar/13
Bug+, review, Tim Knight .....	Jan/91	— Keyword (Sep, Oct 81) .....	
Build it yourself in BASIC, Dan Connors .....			
Business computers: A planning guide,			

# Annual index

- Laying it on the line (Mar 82) ..... May/8
- Microcomputers in medicine (Mar 81) ..... Apr/14
- Notes (Jun 82) ..... Aug/12
- Nov/Dec 81 reviews ..... Jan/6
- Payback (Apr 82) ..... May/8
- PRINT to LPRINT (Oct 82) ..... Dec/14
- Restore your data pointer (Oct 82) ..... Dec/14
- Togetherness (Jul 82) ..... Sep/10
- Un-number (Apr 82) ..... Aug/12
- Vidsave/ASM (Jul 82) ..... Sep/10
- Vitamin BB (Apr 82) ..... Jun/12
- Z-subsub revisited (Jan 82) ..... Mar/13
- Corvus hard disk system, The, evaluation,  
T.R. Dettmann ..... Jan/107
- Cosmic Fighter, review, Mark E. Renne ..... Jul/118
- Cost to operate and appliance, Stephen Fournier .... Apr/42
- Crayon, review, Tim Knight ..... Dec/97
- Criss-cross, John Sinclair ..... Feb/57
- Cross reference utility, Yvon Kolya ..... Mar/77
- Crunch, Crumble and Chomp, review, Tim Knight .May/101
- Daisywheel printer for under \$900, evaluation,  
Mike Schmidt ..... Aug/34
- Data Ace, review, T.R. Dettmann ..... Dec/87
- DataPro directory, review, Tom Huber ..... Feb/108
- Dazzle, David Leupp ..... Jun/30
- Decimal to fraction conversions, Jim Klaproth ..... Aug/96
- DECIPOKE: Taming the wild USSR(0), Spencer Hall . Oct/82
- Defense Command, review, Matt Friedenberg ..... Sep/101
- Discat, review, John & Nikki Newman ..... May/92
- Dogfight, Stephen Fournier ..... Mar/43
- Don't throw your Model I away (doublers), evaluation,  
John Strader ..... Jul/104
- DOSPLUS 3.3 Users Manual, review,  
Cpt. Paul M. Hine ..... Aug/101
- DOSPLUS 3.4 and 3.4D, evaluation,  
Cpt. Paul M. Hine ..... Dec/57
- Double precision function routines, James F. King ... Feb/87
- Downloader, Robert Fink ..... Nov/32
- Drafting on the TRS-80, Darrel L. Bartelheimer ..... Sep/22
- Driver education, Bob Bowker ..... Dec/50
- DT-1, evaluation, Harry Avant ..... Aug/54
- DUMP command, The, Joe W. Rocke ..... Aug/57
- Dunzhin, review, Mark E. Renne ..... Dec/104
- Dynamic device drivers, review, Jim Klaproth ..... Mar/100
- E-Z Sounds, review, Tim Knight ..... Apr/104
- EASYLINK, review, Cameron C. Brown ..... Dec/37
- EDIT, review, Mark E. Renne ..... Sep/102
- Editor/Assembler 1.2 for three, Kent G. Rothrock ... May/86
- EDTASM+, review, J.L. Latham ..... Nov/109
- Electric Pencil 2.0z, evaluation, T.G. Melatis ..... Oct/48
- Electric Webster, review, Jim Klaproth ..... Dec/102
- Eliminator, review, Jim Klaproth ..... Jun/100
- Encrypt-decrypt, Arthur A. Gleckler ..... Oct/32
- Escape from Traam, review, Bob Krotts ..... Jul/121
- Exatron's floppy disk controller, 80-U.S. staff ..... Jan/46
- Expand your Color Computer memory,  
R. Wayne Day ..... Jan/38
- Exploring the Color Computer, T.R. Dettmann ..... Jun/62
- Exploring VisiCalc, Timothy K. Bowman,  
— Convergence ..... Nov/76  
— Processing text and forms ..... Dec/92  
— Techniques ..... Oct/75
- Extra RAM, Truman Krumholz ..... Mar/22
- FASTBACK, review, T.R. Dettmann ..... Sep/103
- Faster, review, Richard C. McGarvey ..... Apr/106
- Figuring irregular surfaces, Robert Hood ..... Apr/78
- Files and foibles, T.R. Dettmann,  
— Arrays (Part II) ..... Mar/66  
— Arrays (Part III) ..... Apr/38  
— Beginning principles ..... Oct/91  
— Binary trees ..... Jun/91  
— Binary tree file handling ..... Sep/62  
— Hash codes simplified ..... Feb/75  
— Linked lists ..... May/57  
— Recursive programming ..... Aug/86  
— Sorting large sequential files ..... Dec/76
- Space problems in random files ..... Apr/66
- Stacks ..... Jul/106
- Two-level sorting ..... Nov/72
- Finish line, Steve Tallman ..... Apr/86
- Floppy disk tachometer, Darrell A. Bymoan ..... Jul/38
- Gamester, The, Bob Krotts ..... Jun/16
- Gasmizer, Charles P. Knight ..... Nov/52
- Geosynchronous satellite pointing,  
Dana Waldman, et. al. .... May/19
- Gobbler, review, Tim Knight ..... Aug/100
- Goldplug-80, evaluation, Jim Klaproth ..... Jan/65
- Grab TRSDOS by the horns,  
Michael D. Andreas, et. al. .... Dec/28
- Graphic Trek 2000, review, Mark E. Renne ..... Jul/120
- GRBASIC, review, Pete Carr ..... Jul/114
- Growth rate, W.R. Wayman ..... Apr/27
- Hand me that memory . . . , William Barden, Jr. .... Feb/72
- Happiness is a printer, Larry Krengel ..... Jan/64
- Hard disk for the Model III (MTI system), evaluation,  
Harry Avant ..... Dec/40
- Hard disk operating systems, T.R. Dettmann ..... Feb/67
- Hayes Stack Smartmodem, evaluation,  
George Kwascha ..... Nov/48
- Heart of a chess program, The, William Fink ..... Oct/54
- Hellfire Warrior, review, Joel Mapes ..... Apr/110
- Help for a dead language, L.I. Charters ..... Feb/23
- High-res graphics for the Color Computer,  
Richard Tangeman ..... May/104
- High resolution graphics, Kenneth R. Smith ..... Sep/14
- Hog Jowl Mansion, Jon J. Waples ..... Jan/66
- How to find execution points, Glenn W. Collura .... Jan/88
- I've got it!: An overview of the Model 16,  
Mike Schmidt ..... Aug/39
- INKEY\$ bug, The, Ralph Vickers ..... Nov/94
- Inside the FOR...NEXT loop, R.C. Bahn ..... Jan/110
- Integrated accounting, evaluation, 80-U.S. staff,  
— (Part I) General ledger ..... Sep/60  
— (Part II) ..... Oct/59  
— (Part III) Payroll and Easytrak ..... Nov/78
- Interest calculations, Charles R. Jones ..... May/48
- Internal Memory, review, Jack Decker ..... Mar/109
- Invasion Orion, review, Dan Cataldo ..... May/95
- Investment management, Michael M.T. Henderson . Apr/22
- Invitation to Forth, review, T.R. Dettmann ..... Feb/96
- JKL Patch, John T. Phillipp, M.D. .... Mar/86
- Jumping jacks, John Sinclair ..... Mar/54
- Laying it on the line, Don Scarberry ..... Mar/48
- Lazy Writer, evaluation, Jim Klaproth ..... Mar/68
- LDOS, Don Scarberry ..... Dec/18
- LDOS for beginners, (Part I), T.A. Daneluik ..... Jun/43  
— (Part II) ..... Jul/52
- Let's have a party, Alan Mandell ..... Dec/108
- Linked list subroutines, Richard M. Straw ..... Jan/58
- Lunar Lander, review, Jim Klaproth ..... Apr/100
- Making ends meat, Ted Byrne ..... Apr/17
- Map those disks!, William H. Scott, Jr. .... Jul/44
- MDX-2, evaluation, Mel Patrick ..... Jul/102
- Meet the supermonitors, evaluation, Paul F. Secord . Aug/47
- Menu 80, Alan Simon ..... Mar/36
- Meteor Mission II, review, Kevin Shutz ..... Apr/98
- Microcomputer Primer, review, Cameron C. Brown . Nov/115
- Microcomputers for a California school,  
Dan Robinson ..... Aug/71
- Microcomputers in medicine,  
Barry Shaw, M.D., Ph.D. .... Mar/16
- MiniGraf, Jim Peyton ..... Feb/93
- MMSFORTH version 2.0, review,  
Anthony F. Pepin ..... Jul/112
- Modem 80, review, Mark E. Renne ..... Nov/108
- Modems, review, John Sharp ..... Nov/91
- Modified "Host" for the Model II,  
David R. Canning ..... Mar/74
- More tape, less tears, Spencer Hall ..... Mar/38
- Mr. Computerhead, Kenneth Gibbs ..... Nov/40
- MULTIDOS, evaluation, Terry Kepner ..... Dec/46
- MX-80 and a little ingenuity, Larry Krengel ..... Oct/34

- MX-80 mods for Model I, Robert L. Green ..... May/90  
 Nanos Systems, review, Don Scarberry ..... Apr/99  
 Newscript word processor, review, Jim Klaproth ..... Feb/31  
 Okay, I'm sold!, Don Scarberry ..... Nov/37  
 Olympic Decathlon, review, Jim Klaproth ..... May/100  
 One Arm Charlie, Charles P. Knight ..... Mar/70  
 Open ended geography, Robert K. Fink ..... Aug/83  
 Outhouse, review, Matt Friedenberg ..... Dec/101  
 Paper Tractor, review, Thomas Dowd ..... Apr/102  
 Parimutuel horse race, Alan Goozner, et. al. .... Jun/32  
 Payback, Jim Peyton ..... Apr/30  
 PDRIVE, Sal Navarro ..... Sep/52  
 Photographs, Ray Bennett ..... Oct/30  
 Pie charts, Jose Babilonia ..... Sep/78  
 Pinball baseball, U.F. Racine ..... Mar/92  
 Planetoids, review, Jim Klaproth ..... May/94  
 Play ball, Larry Krengel ..... Jun/46  
 Pocket adventure, Robert D. Miller ..... Dec/54  
 Polaris, review, Pete Carr ..... Jun/99  
 Posters, Charles P. Knight ..... Feb/50  
 Power Draw, review, Jim Klaproth ..... Sep/104  
 PRINT to LPRINT, Roy B. Harrill ..... Oct/38  
 PRINTCC version 1.4, review, J.L. Latham ..... Nov/111  
 Printer primer, evaluation, Don Scarberry ..... Apr/57  
 Programming efficiency with the Pocket Computer,  
 R. Maeso ..... Feb/38  
 Programs for beginners on the TRS-80, review,  
 Tony Gitt ..... Sep/98  
 Prowrite, Leonard Zucker ..... Jul/78  
 Quality control in the medical lab,  
 Joseph M. Fettig ..... Mar/19  
 Quick Quiz, review, Cameron C. Brown ..... Jun/100  
 Quirks and fixes, Rupert N. Evans ..... Feb/90  
 Quirks, fixes, tips and tricks, R. Shane Causer ..... Jun/65  
 Radio Shack hard disk system, review,  
 T.R. Dettmann ..... Dec/24  
 Reader survey, Mike Schmidt ..... Aug/80  
 Real estate — Radio Shack volumes 1-5, evaluation,  
 Jim Klaproth ..... Apr/76  
 Recover dead programs, Ron Goodman ..... Oct/27  
 Reign of the Red Dragon, review, David Tinis ..... Oct/104  
 REMDISK-1, review, Frank D. Gunseor, Jr. .... Jul/116  
 RENUM IV your III, Jerry W. O'Dell ..... Sep/94  
 Restore your data pointer, Thomas L. Quindry ..... Oct/22  
 Robot Attack, review, Tim Knight ..... Mar/108  
 Robot math, Jeffrey C. Ruble ..... Jun/50  
 Sargon II vs. Sfinks 3.0, evaluation, Don Scarberry . Jun/19  
 Scarfman, review, Tim Knight ..... Mar/106  
 Screen dump utility, Alfred L. Brophy, III ..... Dec/106  
 Screen printing with MX-80, Ron Goodman ..... May/54  
 Scripsit spelling dictionary, review, Tom Huber .... Feb/102  
 Serial printer interfacing, Dale H. Fawcett ..... Oct/95  
 Shift for uppercase, William R. Bell ..... Jan/43  
 Short leaders for data tapes, Kenneth R. Smith .... Apr/54  
 Simple Joe, Ron Goodman ..... Sep/54  
 Small business invoice program, Fred Blechman .... May/42  
 Solitaire, Robert D. Miller ..... Jun/57  
 Solving simultaneous linear equations,  
 J.C. Adams, Jr., Ph.D ..... May/34  
 Space Intruders, review, Tim Knight ..... Jul/119  
 Space photography at J.P.L., Harry Avant ..... May/16  
 Space War, review, Pat Perez ..... Jan/120  
 Space War, review, Richard Rehaume ..... Aug/104  
 Spacer, Lou Pa ..... Jan/94  
 Spaceship Orbitor, Delmar D. Hinrichs ..... May/66  
 Speak, review, Tim Knight ..... Dec/96  
 Standard & Poor's Stockpak, evaluation,  
 Paul R. Prescott, M.D. .... Apr/64  
 Star Scout, review, Jim Klaproth ..... Feb/103  
 Starfighter, review, Matt Friedenberg ..... Apr/99  
 Starting Forth, review, T.R. Dettmann ..... Mar/105  
 Stellar Escort, review, Jerry Latham ..... Oct/102  
 Storage and retrieval of data, Terry Hazelett ..... Jul/72  
 Stringy what?, Spencer Hall ..... Mar/62  
 Sunrise-sunset, David Carman ..... Oct/42  
 Super Terminal, review, Terry Kepner ..... Oct/103  
 Super Utility Plus, review, Jim Klaproth ..... Oct/101  
 Sweet talker, evaluation, Edward M. Roberts ..... Sep/57  
 System guide to FIG Forth, review, T.R. Dettman ... Feb/96  
 System to BASIC, Anthony Raines ..... Mar/57  
 System/Command, James F. Williams ..... Jan/103  
 System/Command, James F. Williams ..... Feb/82  
 Tandy topics, Ed Juge ..... Jan/10  
 Tandy topics, Ed Juge ..... Feb/148  
 Tandy topics, Ed Juge ..... Mar/14  
 Tandy topics, Ed Juge ..... Apr/10  
 Tandy topics, Ed Juge ..... May/103  
 Tandy topics, Ed Juge ..... Jun/97  
 Tandy topics, Ed Juge ..... Jul/92  
 Tandy topics, Ed Juge ..... Sep/77  
 Tandy topics, Ed Juge ..... Oct/88  
 Tandy topics, Ed Juge ..... Nov/104  
 Tandy topics, Ed Juge ..... Dec/70  
 Telecommunications, Donald Stoner ..... Nov/18  
 Telewriter, review, Darrel Wright ..... Jun/102  
 Terminal and modem packages, Jim Klaproth, et. al. Nov/24  
 Testmaker, Larry Krengel ..... Aug/42  
 Threaded Interpretive Languages, review,  
 T.R. Dettmann ..... Feb/105  
 Three by Fantastic Software, review, Tim Knight .. Nov/113  
 Three CAI programs, review, Cameron C. Brown .. Aug/105  
 Three Color Computer video tips, Lynn Davis ..... Sep/96  
 Three utilities from Krumholz, Truman Krumholz ... Apr/93  
 Tic Tac Toe, Ralph G. White ..... Feb/40  
 Timer/BAS, Mike Andreas, et. al. .... Apr/89  
 Tiny typer, Woody Pope ..... Mar/90  
 To capitalize or not to capitalize, Larry Krengel .... Jan/50  
 To fix a wafer, Larry Krengel ..... Oct/24  
 Togetherness, R.N. Roberts ..... Jul/88  
 TPI-1 tape interface, evaluation, 80-U.S. staff ..... Apr/88  
 Trakcess, review, Jim Klaproth ..... Mar/102  
 TRS-80 Assembly Language, review,  
 Bruce P. Douglass ..... May/93  
 TRS-80 for retired persons, Fred Guth ..... Apr/44  
 TRS-80 goes to the hospital, Joseph M. Fettig ..... Mar/27  
 TRS-80 Graphics for the Model I/III, review,  
 John Edwards ..... Sep/100  
 TRS-80 Model I work-alike: the LNW-80, evaluation,  
 Frank Fischer, et. al. .... May/28  
 TRS-80 Model III Programming and Applications,  
 review, T.R. Dettmann ..... Nov/109  
 Tuesday morning quarterback, review,  
 Jim Klaproth ..... Jan/118  
 Two graphs for Model II/16, Mike Schmidt ..... Sep/30  
 Two tips and a treat, Spencer Hall ..... Nov/84  
 Typing Tutor, review, Dan Cataldo ..... Jan/122  
 Un-number, Shane Causer ..... Apr/32  
 Universal Elixir & Other Computer Projects Which Failed,  
 review, T.R. Dettmann ..... Jul/119  
 UPI-3 Serial Interface, The, review,  
 William Ramsey ..... Aug/101  
 Using the Radio Shack network, Madeline Fish .... Mar/60  
 USRful patch, Charles C. Edwards ..... Dec/48  
 Variable listing, Joseph P. Laronda ..... Nov/65  
 Vaults of Cymarron, review, Dustin Andrew ..... Nov/114  
 VIDSAVE/ASM, T.A. Daneliuk ..... Jul/32  
 VisiSort, Jeffrey C. Ruble ..... Mar/50  
 Vitamin BB, Negley Monet ..... Apr/34  
 Voyage of the Valkyrie, review, Jerry L. Latham .... May/97  
 Westlaw, William M. Amundson ..... Jul/22  
 What should be done about software protection?,  
 Richard H. Stern ..... Jul/16  
 Whiz quiz, Jim Peyton ..... Sep/46  
 Word processing, review, 80-U.S. staff ..... Feb/16  
 Word processing on your Color Computer,  
 Steve Den Beste ..... Oct/65  
 Write your own communications program,  
 Patrick Morgan ..... Nov/44  
 X-Label, Spencer Hall ..... Jul/56  
 XBASIC, review, T.R. Dettmann ..... Oct/100  
 Z-Subs, revisited, Spencer Hall ..... Jan/79  
 ZBASIC 2.0 Compiler, evaluation, Jim Klaproth ... Jun/104

## Advertiser index

RSN	Advertiser	Page	RSN	Advertiser	Page
97	A-K Software	124	29	IJG	53
48	ALPS	81	50	IJG	85
49	ALPS	119	127	Ilume Design	127
103	AR Systems	125	137	Interpro Corporation	50
23	Aardvark-80	43	65	J&M Systems, Ltd.	99
123	Abacus Associates	127	6	J. F. Consulting	11
133	Access Unlimited	140, 141	57	Jessup Company, The	90
34	Ace Computer Rentals	60	31	Jimscot, Inc.	56
18	Adventure International	31	45	KWIK Software	77
43	Adventure International	74	105	Kutten, L. J., attorney	125
70	Algorix	61	19	LNW Research Corporation	33
125	American Computer	127	47	Langley-St. Clair Systems, Inc.	79
35	American Small Business Computers	63	80	Lawyer's Microcomputer, The	118
55	Anitek Software Products	89	136	Leading Edge, The	144
25	Apparat, Inc.	45	46	Lemons Tech Services	77
81	Arctic Computer Systems	120	4	Lindbergh Systems	8
115	Armadillo International Software	126	27	Lobo Drives International	49
89	Aspen Ribbons, Inc.	120	1	Logical Systems, Inc.	2
★	Astro Star Enterprises	119	15	Logical Systems, Inc.	25
41	Avalon Hill Microcomputer Games	71	106	MDFS, Inc.	125
38	B. T. Enterprises	68	32	MISOSYS	57
96	BAP\$ Software	124	26	Marymac Industries, Inc.	46
111	Barclay Whyte Associates	125	60	Micro Architect, Inc.	91
51	Binary Devices	86	124	Micro Grip, Ltd.	127
110	Bock, Eugene & Associates	125	20	Micro Management Systems, Inc.	35
132	Business Division, The (A Division of Scott Adams, Inc.)	139	121	Micro Moonlighter Newsletter	127
83	CDC	120	104	Micro Technology	125
99	CDC	124	13	Micro-Systems Software, Inc.	21
11	CLOAD Magazine, Inc.	17	130	Micro-Systems Software, Inc.	137
101	CRB Microtools	124	8	Micro-Labs, Inc.	14
76	Cer Comp	111	92	Microsette Company	122
10	Chromasette Magazine	16	★	Nepenthe Programs	127
112	Clough, Eric	126	100	New Classic Software	124
117	Comnet Software Associates	126	61	Nocona Electronics	93
67	CompuKids Magazine	105	62	Oasis West	95
39	Computer House	69	69	One Stop Software	109
122	Computer Label Company	127	52	Orion Instruments	87
64	Computer Plus	97	93	PMC Software	123
131	Computer Shack	138	94	PMC Software	123
66	Computer Shopper	101	40	Perry Oil & Gas, Inc.	70
56	Computer Trader	89	21	Pioneer Software	36
14	Computing Teacher, The	23	24	Powersoft	44
95	Convert-A-Disk	124	72	Powersoft	113
37	Cosmopolitan Electronics Corp.	67	75	Powersoft	115
★	D&M Software	83	78	Powersoft	117
74	Data Associates	114	129	Programmer's Guild, The	132
119	Data Mania, Inc.	126	3	Prosoft	7
113	Dental Computer Newsletter	126	128	Prosoft	129
126	Disk 'n Data	127	★	Publisher's Exchange	127
114	EAP Company	126	84	Quatrk Computer Systems, Inc.	120
86	East Texas Color Computer Club	120	82	REM Industries, Inc.	120
44	Eigen Systems	76	68	REMarkable Software	107
★	80-NW Books	39, 54	42	Radio Shack	72, 73
★	80-U.S. Journal	124, 125	135	Radio Shack	143
53	Electronic Specialists, Inc.	88	58	Rainbow, The	90
7	Epson America, Inc.	12, 13	98	Realty Software Company	124
116	Excellonix	126	77	Rimes Computer Products	116
2	Fantastic Software	3	120	Scientific Engineering Laboratories	126
87	Fielding, Don	120	102	Skeberdis, Pete	124
54	Fink, William	88	134	Soft Sector Marketing, Inc.	142
118	Glenn/Cliff Associates	126	88	Softlex Games	120
★	Gooth Software	41	36	Software Options, Inc.	65
22	HPB Vector Company	37	28	Specialized Software, Inc.	51
71	Hacks	111	9	Standard and Poor's Corp.	15
5	Hexagon Systems	9	73	Sugar Software	114
85	Holman D-P Service	120	91	TOPS Programming Enterprises	121
107	Holman D-P Service	125	30	Think Software, Inc.	55
63	Holmes Engineering, Inc.	95	59	3G Company, Inc.	91
33	Howe Software	59	109	Toucan Software	125
12	IJG	19	16	Trend Software	27
17	IJG	29	90	Triple D	121
			79	Western Operations	118
			★	Contact these advertisers directly	

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These notices are free of charge and will be printed one time only on a space available basis. Notices will be accepted from individuals or bona fide computer user clubs only. All announcements must be typed, contain 75 words or less and include complete name and address.

**CLEARANCE SALE:** 1977 TRS-80 Model I 16K with good keyboard, 1982 Microtek MT-32C Expansion Interface with 32K for a total of 48K, 1981 Exatron Stringy Floppy with starter kit and extra wafers, 1981 Epson MX-70 with cable. Enough software to overwhelm the average human. Includes dust covers, system desk, and manuals. Best haggle. A true classic. Jon Waples, 70 Ives Road, E. Greenwich, RI 02818. (401) 885-1763.

**OCTUG:** The Orange County California TRS-80 User Group meets the third Sunday of the month from 1:00 to 4:00 p.m. in Hashinger Hall of Chapman College. Call (714) 638-7889 for voice information or (714) 530-8226 for computer bulletin board. Write P.O. Box 5278-95, Santa Ana, CA 92704 & 0728 for more information.

**METRO TRS-80 User's Group** meets second Wednesday of the month after working hours. Contact G. Mueden, 310 West 106 Street, New York, NY 10025 or phone (212) 222-8751 for further information.

**HELP Needed:** 1) An inexpensive way to get lowercase on a PMC-80 computer (PMC-80 wants \$75). 2) A patch to allow Exatron's "Type Right Secretary" to work with an Okidata M-80 printer. 3) A Stringy Floppy patch for the latest cassette version of Microsoft's EDTASM+. Does anyone have or know where I can get my answers? Contact Wayne King, 36 Sickles St. #2D, New York, NY 10040, phone (212) 567-3395.

**For Sale:** CP/M for Model III combined with 80 by 24 screen. Hurricane Compactor 1 and Compactor 4. Misc. CP/M programs included. \$300, call Larry (408) 475-2733 or write to 2853 Park Ave., Soquel, CA 95073.

**WANTED:** Software house to represent me and sell my programs. Also, agent to handle book on BASIC programming — and two other subjects. Have spreadsheet forecasting and Dungeons and Dragons DM programs to market. Willing to sell to individuals for \$24.50 each, ppd. Larry Lipton, Harrington, Maine 04643-0134.

**ANYBODY** know how to, or which ROM to change in an NEC-8023-A printer to be able to print Radio Shack graphics? Please contact Leslie F. Rudolph, 3370 S.E. Bielmeier Rd., Box 41, Port Orchard, WA 98366.

**Highest Bidder Gets 'Em:** 80-U.S. Journal from July '79 thru Aug '82, missing Mar/Apr '80. Radio Shack's Microcomputer News from May '79 thru Aug. '82 (missing July '79, June '80, Feb. '81 and June '82). Will notify highest bidder. R. Mueller, 1608 Edgemont Ave., Bristol, TN 37620.

**TRS-80 Users Group** of Eastern Massachusetts meets in Weston on the second Wednesday of the month. Contact Matthew W. Slate, 42 Oak Hill Road, Sudbury, MA 01776 or phone (617) 443-3327 for more information.



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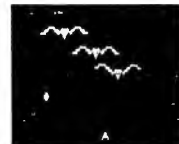
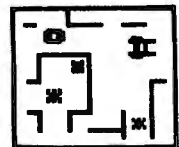
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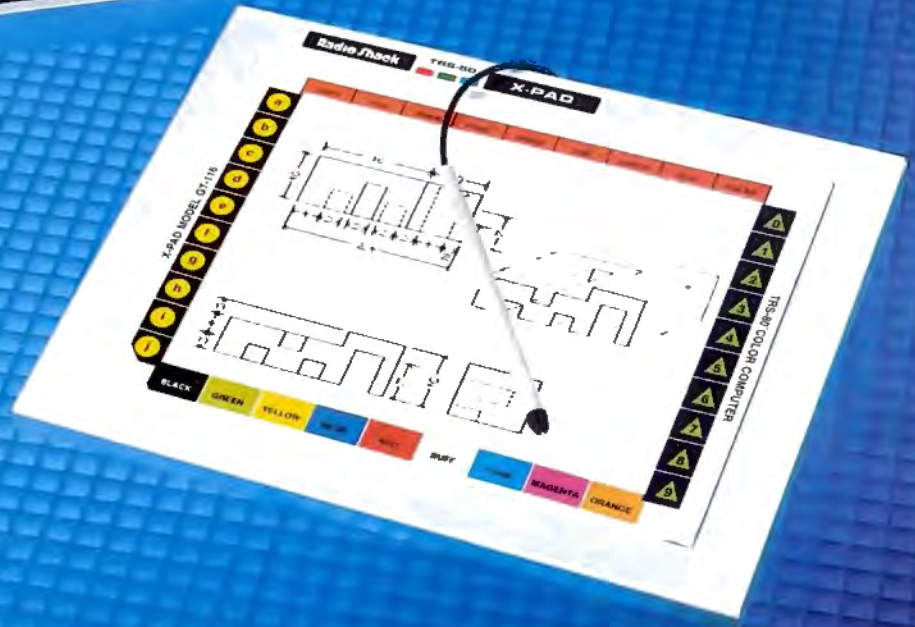
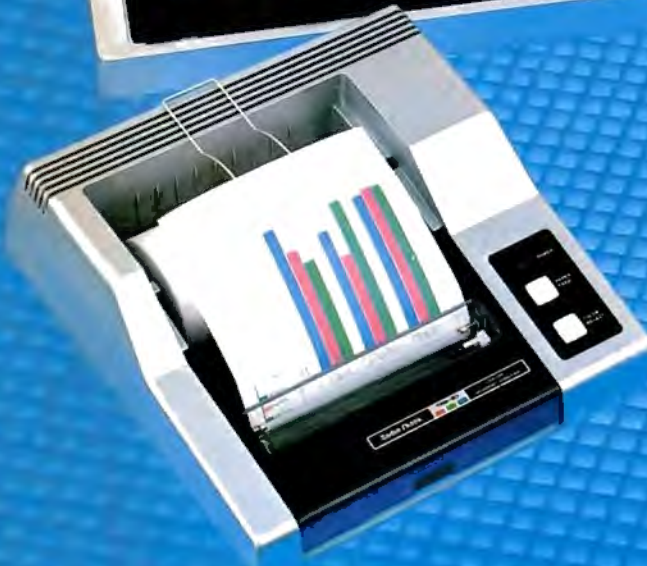
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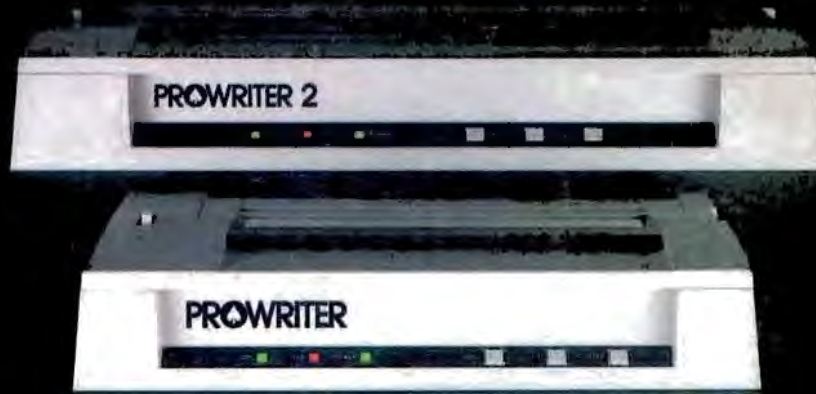
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